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(54) GERANIUM PLANT NAMED 'DUEALEGRIA'

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(57) ABSTRACT

A new and distinct cultivar of Ivy Geranium plant named 'Duealegria', characterized by its upright and outwardly spreading plant habit; freely basal branching habit; freely and early flowering habit; and purple-colored double flowers.

1 Drawing Sheet

1

BOTANICAL CLASSIFICATION/CULTIVAR DENOMINATION

Pelargonium peltatum cultivar 'Duealegria'.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of Ivy Geranium plant, botanically known as *Pelargonium* peltatum, and hereinafter referred to by the name 'Duealegria'.

The new Ivy Geranium is a product of a planned breeding program conducted by the Inventor in Rheinberg, Germany. The objective of the breeding program was to develop new Ivy Geraniums with attractive flower and foliage colors.

The new Ivy Geranium originated from a cross made by the Inventor in June, 1997 of a proprietary selection of *Pelargonium peltatum* identified as code number E-13-15, not patented, as the female, or seed, parent with a proprietary selection of *Pelargonium peltatum* identified as code number F-09-18, not patented, as the male, or pollen, parent. The cultivar Duealegria was discovered and selected by the Inventor as a flowering plant within the progeny from this cross in a controlled environment in Rheinberg, Germany in June, 2000.

Asexual reproduction of the new cultivar by terminal vegetative cuttings taken at Rheinberg, Germany since June, 2000 has shown that the unique features of this new Ivy Geranium are stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations of asexual reproduction.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Duealegria'. These characteristics in combination distinguish 'Duealegria' as a new cultivar and distinguish it from other known Ivy Geranium cultivars:

- 1. Upright and outwardly spreading plant habit.
- 2. Freely basal branching habit.
- 3. Freely and early flowering habit.
- 4. Purple-colored double flowers.

Compared to plants of the female parent, the selection E-13-15, plants of the new Ivy Geranium flower earlier and

1

have a more intense purple flower color. Compared to plants of the male parent, the selection F-09-18, plants of the new Ivy Geranium have larger flowers and differ in flower color.

The new Ivy Geranium can be compared to plants of the cultivar 'Amethyst', not patented. In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Rheinberg, Germany, plants of the new Ivy Geranium differed from plants of the cultivar Amethyst in the following characteristics:

- 1. Leaves of plants of the new Ivy Geranium had a more pronounced zonation pattern than leaves of plants of the cultivar Amethyst.
- 2. Plants of the new Ivy Geranium had smaller leaves than plants of the cultivar Amethyst.
- 3. Plants of the new Ivy Geranium had larger flower umbels and slightly larger flowers than plants of the cultivar Amethyst.
- 4. Flower colors of plants of the new Ivy Geranium was more intense purple than flower color of plants of the cultivar Amethyst.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH

The accompanying colored photograph illustrates the overall appearance of the new cultivar, showing the colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type. Flower and foliage colors in the photograph may differ slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical description which accurately describe the colors of the new Ivy Geranium. The photograph comprises a side perspective view of typical flowering plants of 'Duealegria' grown in a container.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The cultivar Duealegria has not been observed under all possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may vary somewhat with variations in environment, such as temperature and light intensity, without, however, any variance in genotype.

The aforementioned photograph, following observations and measurements describe plants grown in Rheinberg, Germany during the summer under commercial practice in a glass-covered greenhouse with day and night temperatures about 18° C. and light levels about 4,500 foot-candles.

3

Plants were grown with three plants per 10.5-cm container. Plants were about eight weeks from unrooted cuttings when the photographs and the detailed botanical description were taken.

In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 1995 edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: Pelargonium peltatum cultivar Duealegria.

Parentage:

Female parent.—Proprietary selection of Pelargonium peltatum identified as code number E-13-15, not patented.

Male parent.—Proprietary selection of Pelargonium peltatum identified as code number F-09-18, not patented.

Propagation:

Type cutting.—Terminal vegetative cuttings.

Time to initiate roots.—Summer: About 5 days at 20° C. Winter: About 7 days at 20° C.

Time to develop roots.—Summer: About 21 days at 20° C. Winter: About 28 days at 20° C.

Root description.—Fine, fibrous; white in color.

Rooting habit.—Freely branching.

Plant description:

General appearance.—Upright and outwardly spreading plant habit, rounded; densely foliated.

Growth and branching habit.—Moderately vigorous. Freely basal branching, about four lateral branches per plant.

Plant height.—About 19 cm.

Plant width.—About 12 cm.

Lateral branches.—Length: About 18 cm. Internode length: About 2.8 cm. Texture: Smooth. Color: 144A.

Foliage description.—Arrangement: Alternate, single. Quantity of leaves per lateral branch: About six. Length: About 6 cm. Width: About 6.4 cm. Shape: Reniform. Apex: Acute. Base: Peltate. Margin: Crenate. Venation pattern: Palmate. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth; glabrous. Color: Young foliage, upper surface: 137B. Young foliage, lower surface: 144A. Fully expanded foliage, upper surface: 137A. Fully expanded foliage, lower surface: 144A. Venation, upper and lower surfaces: 144A. Zonation pattern: Width: About 1 cm. Color: 147A. Petiole: Length: About 5.5 cm. Diameter: About 2 mm. Color, upper and lower surfaces: 144A.

Flower description:

Flower arrangement.—Purple-colored double flowers arranged in rounded hemispherical umbels arising from apical leaf axils. Umbels displayed above the foliage on upright peduncles. Flowers rounded in form. Umbels persistent, flowers not persistent. Flowers not fragrant.

Quantity of flowers.—Freely flowering; at full flower, plants have about six open and developing umbels with about eight to ten flowers per umbel.

4

Flowering season.—Flowering continuous spring through summer. Early flowering, plants begin flowering about eight weeks after planting.

Flower longevity.—Flowers last about five to seven days on the plant.

Umbel size.—Height: About 6 cm. Diameter: About 10 cm.

Flower size.—Diameter: About 5 cm. Depth (height): About 2 cm.

Flower buds.—Length: About 1.3 cm. Diameter: About 8 mm. Shape: Ovoid. Color: 144A.

Petals.—Quantity per flower: About six. Length: About 2.8 cm. Width: About 1.5 cm. Shape: Obovate. Apex: Rounded. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Entire, sinuate. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth; glabrous. Color: When opening and fully opened, upper surface: 78B; venation towards base, 59A. When opening and fully opened, lower surface: 78C.

Petaloids.—Quantity per flower: About seven. Length: About 1.4 cm. Width: About 3 mm. Shape: Obovate. Apex: Rounded. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Entire, sinuate. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth. Color: When opening and fully opened, upper surface: 78B; towards base, 59A. When opening and fully opened, lower surface: 78C.

Sepals.—Quantity per flower: About six, arranged in a single whorl. Length: About 1.3 cm. Width: About 3.5 mm. Shape: Elongated, tapering. Apex: Apiculate. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth; glabrous. Color, upper and lower surfaces: 144A.

Peduncle (umbel stem).—Length: About 10.1 cm. Diameter: Less than 1 cm. Angle: Erect. Strength: Moderately strong. Texture: Smooth; glabrous. Color: 144A.

Pedicel (individual flower stem).—Length: About 2.6 cm. Diameter: About 1 mm. Angle: Erect. Strength: Moderately strong. Texture: Pubescent. Color: 144A.

Reproductive organs.—Androecium: Anther quantity per flower: About six. Anther length: About 3 mm. Anther shape: Ovate. Anther color: 59A. Pollen amount: Moderate. Pollen color: 28A. Gynoecium: Pistil quantity per flower: One. Pistil length: About 1 cm. Stigma shape: Five-parted, star-shaped. Stigma color: 78A. Style length: About 3 mm. Style color: 2D. Ovary color: 144A.

Seed/fruit.—Development of seeds and fruit have not been observed.

Disease/pest resistance: Plants of the new Ivy Geranium have not been observed to be resistant to pathogens and pests common to Ivy Geraniums.

Temperature tolerance: Plants of the new Ivy Geraniums have been observed to be tolerant to temperatures ranging from 5 to 40° C.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct cultivar of Ivy Geranium plant named 'Duealegria', as herein illustrated and described.

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