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van Delft

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(54) **OXALIS PLANT NAMED ‘AMARANTHA’**
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patent is extended or adjusted under 35
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(52) **U.S. Cl.** **Plt./263**
(58) **Field of Search** **Plt./263**

(56) **References Cited**
PUBLICATIONS
“*Oxalis bowiei*” [Http://www.plantcare.com/catalog/tep-Plan...E+%27O%25%27+&TotalOffset=80&T0talNum=83](http://www.plantcare.com/catalog/tep-Plan...E+%27O%25%27+&TotalOffset=80&T0talNum=83).*

“Perennials M–O” <http://www.sugarcreekgardens.com/Perennials%20M–O.htm>.*
UPOV ROM GTITM Computer Database, GTI JOUVE
Retrieval Software 2002/02, citations for ‘Amarantha’.*
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(57) **ABSTRACT**
A distinct cultivar of *Oxalis* plant named ‘Amarantha’,
characterized by its outwardly spreading to procumbent
plant habit; large trifoliate leaves; freely flowering habit; and
large red purple-colored flowers.

1 Drawing Sheet

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**BOTANICAL CLASSIFICATION/CULTIVAR
DESIGNATION**

Oxalis bowiei cultivar Amarantha.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present Invention relates to a new and distinct culti-
var of *Oxalis* plant, botanically known as *Oxalis bowiei*, and
hereinafter referred to by the cultivar name Amarantha.
The new *Oxalis* originated from a chance cross-
pollination of two unidentified selections of *Oxalis bowiei*,
not patented. The new *Oxalis* was discovered by the Inven-
tor in 1998 in Noordwykerhout, The Netherlands. Plants of
the new *Oxalis* differed primarily from plants of the uni-
identified parental selections in flower size and flower color.
Asexual reproduction of the new cultivar by bulbs in
Noordwykerhout, The Netherlands since 1998, has shown
that the unique features of this new *Oxalis* are stable and
reproduced true to type in successive generations.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Plants of the cultivar Amarantha have not been observed
under all possible environmental and cultural conditions.
The phenotype may vary somewhat with variations in envi-
ronment such as temperature and light intensity without,
however, any variance in genotype.
The following traits have been repeatedly observed and
are determined to be the unique characteristics of ‘Amaran-
tha’. These characteristics in combination distinguish ‘Ama-
rantha’ as a new and distinct cultivar:
1. Outwardly spreading to procumbent plant habit.
2. Large trifoliate leaves.
3. Freely flowering habit.
4. Large red purple-colored flowers.

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Plants of the new *Oxalis* can be compared to plants of an
unidentified selection of *Oxalis bowiei*, not patented. In
side-by-side comparisons conducted in Noordwykerhout,
The Netherlands, plants of the new *Oxalis* differed from the
unidentified selection of *Oxalis bowiei* in the following
characteristics:
1. Plants of the new *Oxalis* were larger than plants of the
unidentified selection of *Oxalis bowiei*.
2. Plants of the new *Oxalis* had larger flowers plants of the
unidentified selection of *Oxalis bowiei*.
3. Plants of the new *Oxalis* had more intense red purple-
colored flowers than plants of the unidentified selection of
Oxalis bowiei.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPHS

The accompanying colored photographs illustrate the
overall appearance of the new *Oxalis*, showing the colors as
true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored repro-
ductions of this type. Colors in the photographs may differ
slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical
description which accurately describe the colors of the new
Oxalis.
The photograph at the top of the sheet comprises a side
perspective view of a typical flowering plant of ‘Amaran-
tha’.
The photograph at the bottom of the sheet comprises a
close-up view of typical flowers of ‘Amarantha’.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

In the following description, color references are made to
The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 2001 Edition,
except where general terms of ordinary dictionary signifi-
cance are used. Plants used for the following description

were about three months from planting and grown under outdoor field conditions which closely approximate commercial production conditions in Noordwykerhout, The Netherlands. The photograph and the description information were taken during the summer, 2001.

Botanical classification: *Oxalis bowiei* cultivar Amarantha.
Parentage: Cross-pollination of two unidentified selections of *Oxalis bowiei*, not patented.

Propagation:

Type.—By bulbs.

Root description.—Fine; light brown in color.

Plant description:

Form.—Perennial flowering plant; outwardly spreading to procumbent; freely basal branching with leaves and flowering scapes arising from the plant base; moderately vigorous to vigorous growth habit.

Plant height.—About 25 cm.

Plant diameter.—About 30 cm.

Foliage description.—Arrangement: Alternate, compound, tri-foliate. Leaflet: About 5 cm. Leaflet width: About 5.3 cm. Leaflet shape: Obcordate. Leaflet apex: Retuse. Leaflet base: Attenuate. Leaflet margin: Entire. Leaflet texture, upper surface: Smooth, glabrous. Leaflet texture, lower surface: Pubescent. Leaflet venation pattern: Pinnate. Petiole: Length: About 10 cm. Diameter: About 2.5 mm. Texture: Pubescent. Leaflet color: Young foliage, upper surface: 143B. Young foliage, lower surface: 143C. Fully expanded foliage, upper surface: 137A. Fully expanded foliage, lower surface: 138B. Venation, upper surface: 137A. Venation, lower surface: 138B to 138C. Petiole: 143A to 143B.

Flower description:

Appearance.—Single rotate flowers with five petals fused at the base. Flowers arranged on scapose umbellate cymes; typically about ten open flowers and flower buds per cyme. Flowers not persistent. Flowers face upright to outward.

Natural flowering season.—Plants flower continuously during the summer in Noordwykerhout, The Netherlands.

Fragrance.—None detected.

Flower longevity.—About five days.

Flower diameter.—About 3.8 cm.

Flower depth (height).—About 1.8 cm.

Flower bud.—Length: About 1.7 cm. Diameter: About 5 mm. Shape: Ovoid. Color: 67B.

Petals.—Quantity per flower: Five. Arrangement: Rotate; fused at base. Length: About 2.4 cm. Width: About 1.8 cm. Shape: Roughly spatulate. Apex: Broadly obtuse; slightly undulate. Base: Fused. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color: When opening, upper surface: 66B. When opening, lower surface: 67C to 68A. Fully opened, upper surface: 67B; color becoming closer to 70A with subsequent development. Fully opened, lower surface: 68A. Throat: Close to 9A.

Sepals.—Quantity per flower: Five. Arrangement: Rotate; campanulate. Calyx length: About 2.6 cm. Calyx diameter: About 2.7 cm. Shape: Lanceolate. Apex: Acute. Base: Fused. Margin: Entire. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Pubescent. Color, upper surface: 137B. Color, lower surface: 137C to 138A. *Scape*.—Number per plant: About five. Length: About 30 cm. Diameter: About 3.5 mm. Angle: About 60 to 90° from vertical. Strength: Moderately strong; flexible. Texture: Pubescent. Color: 144B.

Pedicels.—Length: About 2.4 cm. Diameter: About 1.2 mm. Angle: About 90 to 180° from vertical. Strength: Moderately strong. Color: 144B.

Bracts.—Arrangement: One bract at base of pedicel. Length: About 7 mm. Width: About 1 mm. Shape: Linear. Apex: Acute. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth. Color, upper and lower surfaces: 143A to 143B.

Reproductive organs.—Stamens: Quantity per flower: About ten. Anther shape: Oblong; dorsifixed. Anther length: About 1 mm. Anther color: 13A. Pollen amount: Scarce. Pollen color: Close to 13A. Pistils: Quantity per flower: About ten. Pistil length: About 4 to 7 mm. Style length: About 4 to 7 mm. Style color: 150A. Stigma shape: Terete. Stigma color: 150A. Ovary color: 142A.

Seed/fruit.—Seed and fruit production have not been observed.

Disease/pest resistance: Plants of the new *Oxalis* have not been noted to be resistant to pathogens or pests common to *Oxalis*.

Temperature tolerance: Plants of the new *Oxalis* are tolerant to temperatures from about 15 to 35° C.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct cultivar of *Oxalis* plant named 'Amarantha', as illustrated and described.

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