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(12) **United States Plant Patent**
Burrows

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(54) **HELICHRYSUM PLANT NAMED ‘PROSIL’**
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patent is extended or adjusted under 35
U.S.C. 154(b) by 25 days.
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(57) **ABSTRACT**
A new cultivar of *Helichrysum* named ‘Prosil’ that is char-
acterized by a compact plant habit, fine tightly dense foliage
that is vivid silver/pearl in color and insignificant flowers
that may only rarely bloom. In combination these traits
distinguish ‘Prosil’ from all other existing varieties.

3 Drawing Sheets

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BOTANICAL CLASSIFICATION

Helichrysum xambiguum.

Variety Denomination

‘Prosil’.

CROSS-REFERENCES TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is related to another application entitled
Helichrysum Plant Named ‘Prospi’, Ser. No. 09/654,532,
filed Sep. 1, 2000.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar
of *Helichrysum xambiguum* named ‘Prosil’. The new plant
was bred and selected in 1995 by the inventor in Sawston,
Cambridge, Great Britain from seed that originated from
unintroduced *Helichrysum* hybrids. Seedlings were grown
out during the spring of 1995 and were selected for vegeta-
tive propagation based on a more compact plant habit and
finer, denser, more vivid-colored foliage than other known
cultivars of this type. The inventors breeding program is
designed to enhance the foliage color of *Helichrysum* from
the normal gray or dull green to brighter silver and pearl
colors.
‘Prosil’ is distinguished by a compact plant habit and
dense, fine foliage of a vivid silver/pearl color. These
combined characteristics distinguish ‘Prosil’ from all others
that exist. In comparison, the only similar plant is *Helichrysum*
‘Prospi’, which exhibits a more open in habit and
has green and silver foliage rather than silver/pearl foliage.
Standard non-patented varieties of *Helichrysum angustifo-*
lium have untidy foliage, dull and greener foliage, broader
foliage and regular, significant flowering. Compared to these
‘Prosil’ has tidy foliage, finer and brighter foliage of a
silver/pearl color and insignificant yellow flowers. Although
‘Prosil’ has reportedly flowered rarely in the UK, the plant
has flowered profusely in California during the second year
in a 7-gallon container. However, the foliage and habit
remain its distinguishing features, as the folowers are insign-
ificant when compared to traditional existing varieties, and
subsequent flowering has not been observed. *Helichrysum*

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angustifolium cultivar ‘Dartington’ (not patented) is more
compact but has darker foliage that is not fine-leaved.
The new cultivar was first asexually propagated in 1996
by the inventor in Rivenhall, Essex, Great Britain. Since that
time, the new variety has been repeatedly asexually repro-
duced by means of cuttings and has been found to remain
firmly fixed in subsequent generations as herein disclosed.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and
represent the characteristics of the new cultivar. These
attributes in combination distinguish the new invention from
other varieties. Although ‘Prosil’ is similar in form and habit
to ‘Prospi’, ‘Prosil’ exhibits a denser form with silver/pearl
foliage. Compared to standard non-patented varieties such
as *Helichrysum angustifolium*, the new individual ‘Prosil’ is
more compact, tidier with finer foliage of a silver/pearl
color, and insignificant flowers that may only rarely flower.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The accompanying color photographs illustrate the over-
all appearance of the new cultivar.
Sheet 1 has two photos showing the entire plant and habit,
with blooms, from a front perspective.
Sheet 2 shows the entire plant and habit, without flowers.
Sheet 3 compares the foliage color and habit of ‘Prosil’ on
the left with ‘Prospi’ on the right. All photographs are taken
of plants grown in seven-gallon containers. The prints are
made using conventional photographic techniques and
although foliage colors may appear different from actual
colors due to light reflectance, they are as accurate as
possible by conventional photography.

BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PLANT

The following is a detailed botanical description of the
new *Helichrysum* cultivar ‘Prosil’. Observations,
measurements, values, and comparisons were collected in
Encinitas, Calif. from 2 year old plants grown outdoors
under prevailing conditions in seven-gallon containers. The
new *Helichrysum* plant has not been observed under all
possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may vary
with variations in environment such as temperature and light
level, without, however, any variance in genotype. Color

references are made to The 1995 Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used. The growing requirements are similar to the species and no growing problems have been observed.

Botanical classification: *Helichrysum* 'Prosil'.

Common name: Licorice plant.

Parentage: A hybrid of *Helichrysum xambiguum*.

Propagation: Vegetative cuttings.

Rooting habit and time to develop: 3 weeks to root from cutting; 12 to 16 weeks to reach one-gallon size.

Plant form and growth habit: Compact, mounding.

Type: Biennial/perennial for mixed borders or specimens.

Vigor: Vigorous.

Growth rate: Vigorous growth outdoors with excellent branching. Grows to 20.0 cm height in 20 weeks.

Branching habit: Tightly dense, compact.

Hardiness: Zero degrees Centigrade.

Mature height and spread: 40 cm by 90 cm.

Stem color: 189D and 190D.

Stem shape: Cylindrical.

Stem length: 27 cm.

Stem diameter: 0.25 cm.

Internode length: 1 cm to 1.25 cm.

Stem surface: Sericeous, silky with long appressed hairs.

Foliage:

Leaf arrangement.—Alternate.

Quantity.—Abundant.

Shape.—Linear; narrowly acute.

Leaf length.—4 cm.

Leaf width.—3 mm to 4 mm.

Margin type.—Entire.

Leaf base.—Sheathing, cobwebby surface at inside juncture.

Leaf tip.—Acute.

Leaf division.—Simple.

Leaf venation.—Main vein prominent on underside of leaf and depressed on upper surface.

Vein surface.—Main vein tomentose.

Texture.—Silky.

Surface.—Tomentose.

Upper leaf color (mature).—191B.

Lower leaf color (mature).—191D.

Upper leaf color (young).—191B.

Lower leaf color (young).—191C.

Petiole.—None, semi-amplexicaul.

Foliar fragrance.—Sweet, powder-like anise scent.

Flower:

Inflorescent type.—Head, flat umbel, 30 to 40 flowers per umbel.

Umbel dimensions.—3.50 cm in diameter, 1.50 cm in height.

Flowering season.—Spring and summer.

Flower color.—9D opening, 13A open.

Flower size.—50 cm in diameter; 0.50 cm in height.

Flower shape.—Circular.

Fragrance.—Licorice scent.

Aspect.—Erect, facing upward.

Petals.—Numerous, shape ovate, apex obtuse.

Involucral bracts.—Hairy, dry, color: yellow-white.

Inner bracts.—5.0 mm in length.

Outer bracts.—1.25 mm in length.

Fruit.—Angled, slightly compressed, hairless capsule.

Seed.—Dark brown with white glands.

I claim:

1. A new and distinct cultivar of *Helichrysum xambiguum* plant named 'Prosil' as described and illustrated.

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