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Cain

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(54) **GRAPE PLANT NAMED ‘SUGRAEIGHTEEN’**

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patent is extended or adjusted under 35
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(56)

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

P.P. 5,151	12/1983	Hahn et al.	Plt./207
P.P. 7,377	11/1990	Antclif	Plt./205
P.P. 9,039	1/1995	Larson	Plt./205
P.P. 9,040	1/1995	Larson	Plt./205

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ABSTRACT

A new and distinct grapevine variety that possesses large,
white, seedless berries having a desirable, distinctive, mus-
cat flavor; crisp, juicy flesh; and tender skin.

1 Drawing Sheet

1

**BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY OF THE
INVENTION**

This invention relates to the discovery and asexual propa-
gation of a new variety of grapevine, *Vitis vinifera* cv. ‘Sugraeigh-
teen.’ The new variety was first hybridized by David W. Cain in Wasco,
Kern County, Calif., the variety being originated by controlled hybridization and subsequent
ovule culture from normally abortive seeds. The new variety
is characterized by its large, white, seedless berries having a desirable, distinctive, muscat flavor; crisp, juicy flesh; and
tender skin.

The seed parent is the ‘Redglobe’ variety (U.S. Plant Pat.
No. 4,787) and the pollen parent is an unnamed seedling 069-172, which arose from a cross between the ‘Muscat
Alexandria’ variety (unpatented) and the ‘Sugraone’ variety (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 3,106). The parent varieties were first
crossed in May, 1990, with the date of first flowering of the
new variety being May, 1992. The new ‘Sugraeighteen’
variety was first asexually propagated by David W. Cain in Dec., 1992, in Wasco, Kern County, Calif., using cuttings.

The new grapevine variety cv. ‘Sugraeighteen’ most
nearly resembles the ‘Italia’ grapevine variety. It differs from
the ‘Italia’ variety (unpatented) by having more nearly round
berries and by possessing rudimentary seeds that are not
noticeable when eaten as opposed to normal, full size,
lignified seeds of the ‘Italia.’

‘Sugraeighteen’ differs from the ‘Sugraone’, ‘Perlette’
(unpatented), and ‘Thompson Seedless’ (unpatented) vari-
eties and other commonly grown white seedless grapevine
varieties by possessing a distinct and moderately strong
muscat flavor somewhat similar to that of the ‘Italia’ grape-
vine variety. It also differs from the above listed varieties by
having much more nearly round berries than ‘Sugraone’ or
‘Thompson Seedless’ and by having much larger natural
berry size than either the ‘Perlette’ or ‘Thompson Seedless’
varieties and by being more responsive to exogenous giber-
berellic acid applications than either ‘Sugraone’ or ‘Perlette.’
The new variety retains very high productivity when spur
pruned.

The new ‘Sugraeighteen’ variety has been shown to
maintain its distinguishing characteristics through succes-

2

sive asexual propagations by, for example, cuttings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURE

The accompanying drawing in FIG. 1 illustrates in full
color a typical cluster of berries, a young shoot, and a mature
leaf blade of the new grapevine.

**DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION OF
THE INVENTION**

Throughout this specification, color names beginning
with a small letter signify that the name of that color, as used
in common speech, is aptly descriptive. Color names begin-
ning with a capital letter designate values based upon The
R.H.S. Colour Chart, published by The Royal Horticultural
Society, London, England.

Many of the description values in this specification are
based on and conform to those set forth by the International
Board for Plant Genetic Resources Institute Grape Descrip-
tors (*Vitis* spp.) of 1983 and/or 1997 which was developed
in collaboration with the Office International de la Vigne et
du Vin (OIV) and the International Union for the Protection
of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV).

The descriptive matter which follows pertains to ‘Sug-
raeighteen’ plants grown in the vicinity of Wasco, Kern
County, Calif., during 1998, and is believed to apply to
plants of the variety grown under similar conditions of soil
and climate elsewhere:

VINE

General:

Size.—Large.

Vigor.—Vigorous.

Density of foliage.—Very dense.

Productivity.—Very productive, up to 28 Kg/vine spur
fruitful.

Root stock.—Own root.

Trunk:

Shape.—Medium.

Straps.—Long, split.

Surface texture.—Shaggy.

Inner bark color.—About Greyed-Orange 177C.

SHOOTS

Young shoot:

- Form of tip.*—Half-open.
- Distribution of anthocyanin coloration of tip.*—Piping.
- Intensity of anthocyanin coloration of tip.*—Weak to medium.
- Density of prostrate hairs on tip.*—Medium to dense.
- Density of erect hairs on tip.*—Absent to very sparse.

Flowering shoot:

- Vigor during flowering.*—Strong.
- Attitude during flowering on shoots which are not tied.*—Horizontal.
- Color of dorsal side of internodes.*—About Yellow-Green 144A with Greyed-Purple 183B stripes.
- Color of ventral side of internodes.*—About Yellow-Green 144A.
- Color of dorsal side of nodes.*—About Yellow-Green 144A with Greyed-Purple 183B stripes.
- Color of ventral side of nodes.*—About Yellow-Green 144A.
- Density of erect hairs on nodes.*—None.
- Erect hairs on internode.*—Absent.
- Density of prostrate hairs on nodes.*—None.
- Density of prostrate hairs on internodes.*—Absent.
- Anthocyanin coloration of buds.*—Absent or very weak.

Tendrils:

- Distribution on the shoot at full flowering.*—Discontinuous.
- Thickness.*—Thin.
- Color.*—About Yellow-Green 144B.
- Form.*—Mainly trifurcated.
- Number of consecutive tendrils.*—Up to two.
- Length of tendril.*—Very long, about 34.1 cm.

LEAVES

Young leaves:

- Color of upper surface of first 4 distal unfolded leaves.*—About Yellow-Green 146A with bronze spots.
- Average intensity of anthocyanin coloration of six distal leaves prior to flowering.*—Weak.
- Density of prostrate hairs between veins at lower surface of 4th distal unfolded leaf.*—Absent or very sparse.
- Erect hairs between veins at lower surface of 4th distal unfolded leaf.*—Absent.
- Density of prostrate hairs on veins at lower surface of 4th distal unfolded leaf.*—Sparse.
- Density of erect hairs on veins at lower surface of 4th distal unfolded leaf.*—Medium.

Mature leaves:

- Average length.*—About 12.7 cm.
- Average width.*—About 15.8 cm.
- Size of blade.*—Medium.
- Shape of blade.*—Pentagonal.
- Number of lobes.*—3.
- Anthocyanin coloration of main veins on the upper side of the blade.*—Absent.
- Mature leaf profile.*—Flat.
- Blistering surface of blade upper surface.*—Weak.
- Leaf blade tip.*—In the plane of the leaf.
- Undulation of margin.*—Slight.
- Apex.*—Acuminate.
- Thickness.*—Medium.

Undulation of blade between main and lateral veins.—Absent.

Shape of teeth.—Both sides convex.

Length of teeth.—Medium.

Ratio length/width of teeth.—Small.

General shape of petiole sinus.—Half open.

Tooth at petiole sinus.—Absent.

Petiole sinus limited by veins.—Absent.

Shape of upper lateral sinus.—Closed.

Depth of upper lateral sinus.—Shallow.

Prostrate hairs between veins on lower surface of blade.—Absent.

Erect hairs between veins on lower surface of blade.—Absent.

Density of prostrate hairs on main veins on lower surface of blade.—Sparse.

Density of erect hairs on veins on lower surface of blade.—Sparse.

Prostrate hairs on main veins on upper surface of blade.—Absent.

Autumn coloration of leaves.—About Yellow-Orange 15C.

Upper surface:

Color.—About Green 139A.

Surface texture.—Smooth.

Surface appearance.—Semi-glossy.

Goffering of blade.—Present.

Lower surface:

Color.—About Green 139B.

Anthocyanin coloration of main veins on lower leaf surface.—Absent.

Glossiness.—Medium.

Pubescence.—Absent.

Surface texture.—Smooth.

Surface appearance.—Semi-glossy.

Petiole:

Length of petiole.—Long, about 13.6 cm.

Length of petiole compared to middle vein.—Slightly longer.

Prostrate hairs on petiole.—None.

Erect hairs on petiole.—None.

Shape of base of petiole sinus.—V-shaped.

Woody shoot:

Shape.—Stocky.

Internode length.—Medium, about 11.7 cm.

Width at node.—About 20.6 mm.

Cross section.—Circular.

Surface.—Smooth.

Main color.—About Greyed-Orange 167C.

Lenticels.—Inconspicuous.

Erect hairs on nodes.—None.

Erect hairs on internodes.—None.

Growth of axillary shoots.—Very strong, about 74.6 cm.

Buds:

Shape.—Slightly pointed.

Size.—Medium, about 7.2×6.8 mm (length×width).

Position.—Slightly held out, about 35° angle.

Cane bud fruitfulness.—Basal most fruitful.

Time of bud burst.—Medium.

FLOWERS

General:

Flower sex.—Perfect.

Length of first inflorescence.—Medium to long, about 23.5 cm.

Position of first flowering node.—3rd.
Number of inflorescences per shoot.—1.1 to 2.
Date of full bloom.—May 23, 1998.
Duration of bloom period.—Average, about 10 days.
Time of bloom.—Medium, as compared with similar varieties in the growing area of Wasco, Kern County, Calif.
Size (diameter of fully open flower).—Medium.
Color.—About Yellow-Green, 145B.

FRUIT

General:
Ripening period.—Medium; about 10 days after the ‘Thompson Seedless’ variety.
Date of ripening.—Normally about August 10; varies from July 10 to as late as August 20, depending upon the year.
Use.—Fresh market.
Keeping quality.—Medium.
Resistance.—Insects: Good. Diseases: Good.
Shipping quality.—Medium.
Date of first harvest.—Aug. 20, 1998.
Solids-sugar.—Low (~15%) (taken Sep. 14, 1998).
Refractometer test.—About 15.0° brix.
Acid.—Very low; about 0.41 g/L tartaric acid.
Juice pH.—3.99.

Cluster:
Bunch size (peduncle excluded).—Medium to large.
Bunch length (peduncle excluded).—Long, about 23.5 cm.
Bunch width.—About 15.5 cm.
Bunch weight.—High, about 713.6 g (average).
Bunch density.—Medium.
Number of berries.—About 144.
Form.—Conical.

Peduncle:
Length of peduncle.—Medium, about 6.7 cm.

Lignification of peduncle.—Medium.
Color.—About Green 143C.

Berry:
Size.—Medium to large.
Uniformity of size.—Variable.
Berry weight.—Medium; natural weight averages about 5.4 g; can attain an average of about 11.5 g when plant is girdled and treated with gibberellic acid.
Shape.—Round.
Presence of seeds.—Rudimentary, about 2.9 mg/seed dry weight.
Cross section.—Circular.
Dimensions.—Longitudinal axis about 22.3 mm; horizontal axis about 20.4 mm.
Skin color (without bloom).—About Yellow-Green 145B.
Juiciness of flesh.—Very juicy.
Berry firmness.—Medium.
Particular flavor.—Mild to moderate musky muscat, similar to the ‘Italia’ variety.
Bloom (cuticular wax).—Medium.
Pedice l length.—Intermediate, about 6.6 mm.
Berry separation from pedicel.—Medium.
Visibility of hilum.—Slightly clear.
Torus.—Large, resembling the ‘Redglobe’ variety.

Skin:
Thickness.—Thin.
Texture.—Tender.
Reticulation.—Absent.
Roughness.—Absent.
Tenacity.—Tenacious to flesh.
Tendency to crack.—Tendency to crack at sty lar end in some years.

What is claimed is:
1. A new and distinct variety of grapevine cv. ‘Sugraeigh-teen’ as herein illustrated and described.

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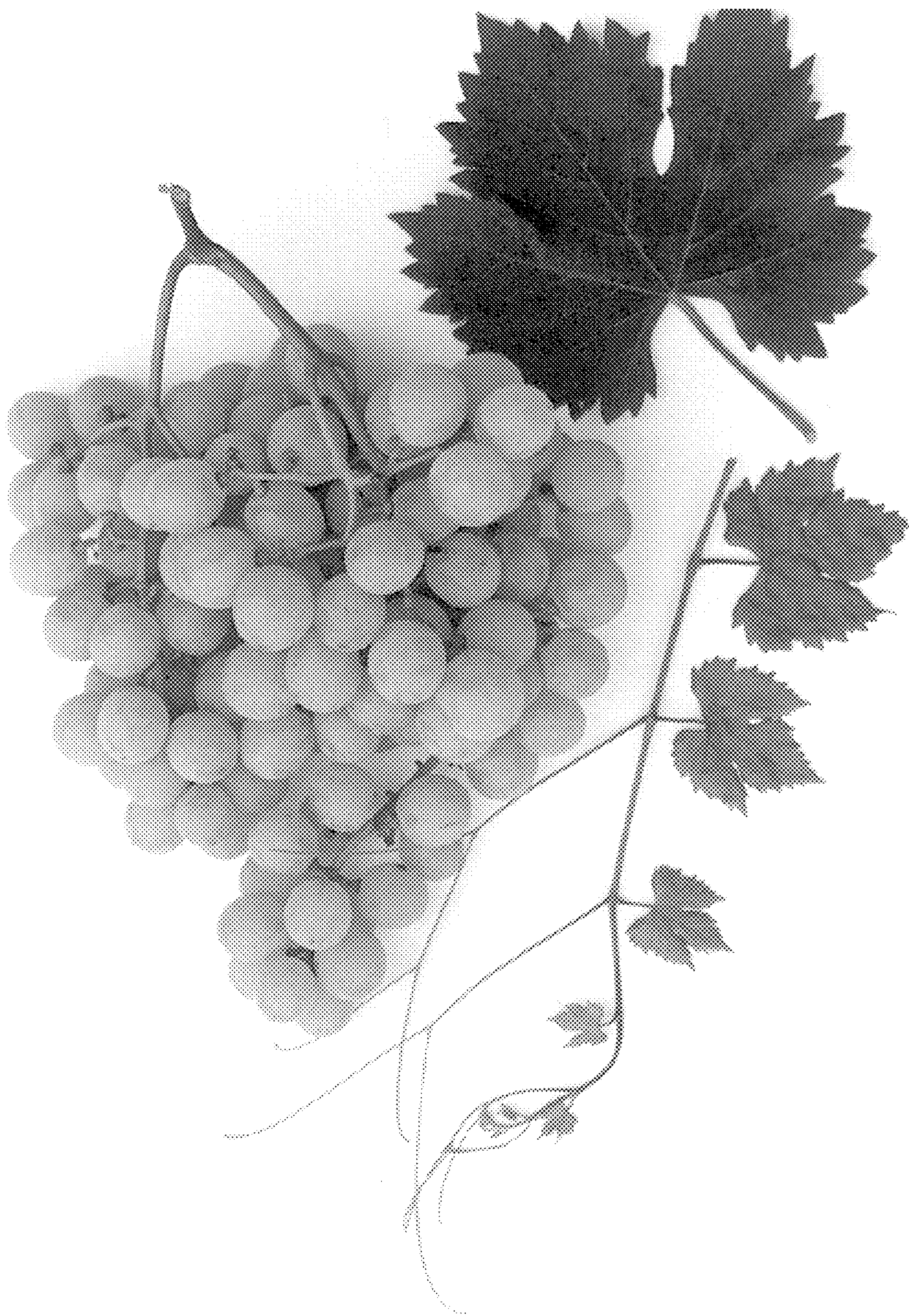


Fig. 1