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Zary

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[54] HYBRID TEA ROSE PLANT NAMED
‘JACSASH’
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Oreg.
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[56] References Cited
U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS
P.P. 4,284 7/1978 Lindquist, Sr. Plt./138
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[57] ABSTRACT
Hybrid tea rose plant having large flowers, well filled with
petals of heavy substance and having a strong, sweet fra-
grance; strong, upright growth; large, glossy, dark green
foliage; and resistance to common fungal diseases.

1 Drawing Sheet

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The present invention relates to a new and distinct variety
of rose plant of the hybrid tea class which was originated by
me by crossing the variety ‘Fragrant Cloud,’ U.S. Plant Pat.
No. 2,574, with the variety ‘POULman,’ U.S. Plant Pat. No.
6,264.
The primary objective of this breeding was to produce a
new rose variety having the strong fragrance and upright
growth of the female parent combined with the dark green,
glossy foliage, disease resistance, large flowers, and heavy
petal substance of the male parent. The objective was
substantially achieved, along with other desirable improve-
ments, as evidenced by the following unique combination of
characteristics that are outstanding in the new variety and
that distinguish it from its parents, as well as from all other
varieties of which I am aware:
1. Strong, sweet fragrance;
2. Large flowers, well filled with petals of heavy sub-
stance;
3. Strong, upright growth;
4. Large, glossy, dark green foliage;
5. Resistance to common fungal diseases.
The large flowers open fully but do not show their
reproductive parts. The center of the flower remains filled
with petals giving it an “old rose” look.
Asexual reproduction of this new variety by budding, as
performed at Wasco, Calif. shows that the foregoing and all
other characteristics and distinctions come true to form and
are established and transmitted through succeeding propa-
gations.
The accompanying illustration shows typical specimens
of the vegetative growth and flowers of this new variety in
different stages of development, depicted in color as nearly
true as it is reasonably possible to make the same in a color
illustration of this character.
The following is a detailed description of my new rose
cultivar with color descriptions using terminology in accor-
dance with The Royal Horticultural Society (London)
Colour Chart, except where ordinary dictionary significance
of color is indicated.
Parentage:
Seed parent.—‘Fragrant Cloud’, U.S. Plant Pat. No.
2,574.
Pollen parent.—‘POULman’, U.S. Plant Pat. No.
6,264.
Classification:
Botanical.—*Rosa hybrida*.
Commercial.—Hybrid tea.

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Flower

Observations made from specimens grown in a garden
environment at Somis, Calif., from January 1996 to Decem-
ber 1997.
Blooming habit: Recurrent.
Bud:
Size.—2" long when the petals start to unfurl.
Form.—Long, pointed ovoid.
Color.—When sepals first divide, bud color is Red
Group 46B. When half blown, the upper sides of the
petals are Red Group 46D, the lower sides of the
petals are Red Group 46C.
Sepals.—Color: Green Group 138B. Surface texture:
Covered in fine hairs. There are three normally to
heavily appendaged sepals. There are two unappend-
aged sepals with hairy edges.
Receptacle.—Color: Yellow-Green Group 146B.
Shape: Funnel. Size: Medium (7/16"×5/16"). Surface:
Smooth.
Peduncle.—Length: Medium (3½"). Surface: Smooth.
Color: Medium green. Strength: Stiff, erect.
Bloom:
Size.—Large. Average open size is 5".
Borne.—Singly.
Stems.—Medium (16–18"), strong.
Form.—When first open: High centered. Permanence:
Retains its form to the end, outer petals curl back.
Petalage.—Number of petals under normal conditions:
40–45.
Color.—The upper sides of the petals are Red Group
46D. The reverse sides of the petals are Red Group
46C. The base of each petal has a small (3/16"×3/16")
whitish half moon at the point of attachment. The
major color on the upper sides is Red Group 46D.
Variegations.—Occasional whitish streak on the guard
petals.
Discoloration.—At the end of the first day: No change.
At the end of the third day: No change. In very old
flowers (seven to eight days old on the plant), there
is a general fading to near Red Group 54C on the
upper surface and to near Red Group 54B on the
lower surface of the petal.
Fragrance.—Strong.
Petals:
Texture.—Thick.

Shape.—Round on the outer petals, deltoid toward the center of the flower.

Form.—Tips slightly recurved, edges slightly quilled.

Arrangement.—Imbricated. Petaloids in the center: Few.

Persistence.—Petals drop off cleanly before drying.

Lastingness.—On the plant: Long (7–8 days). As a cut flower: Long (9–10 days).

Reproductive parts:

Anthers.—Size: Medium. Quantity: Many. Color: Yellow. Arrangement: Regular around styles mixed with occasional petaloids.

Filaments.—Color: Yellow.

Pollen.—Color: Gold yellow.

Styles.—Color: Red.

Stigmas.—Color: Greenish white.

Plant:

Form.—Bush.

Growth.—Vigorous; upright; branching. At maturity, height is five and one-half feet, width is four feet.

Foliage:

Number of leaflets on normal mid-stem leaves.—Five.

Size.—Large (6"×6½").

Quantity.—Abundant.

Color.—New foliage: Upper and lower sides: Greyed-Red Group 178A. Old foliage: Upper side: Green Group 135A. Lower side: Green Group 139C.

Leaflets:

Shape.—Pointed oval.

Texture.—Upper side: Leathery, glossy.

Edge.—Serrated.

Serration.—Single, small.

Petiole rachis.—Color: Yellow-Green Group 147C when mature, reddish when young but fully expanded.

Petiole underside.—Smooth.

Stipules.—Long (¾"), serrated.

Disease resistance.—Resistant to mildew and rust under normal growing conditions at Somis, Calif.

Wood:

New wood.—Color: Greyed-Red Group 178A. Bark: Smooth.

Old wood.—Color: Green Group 137D. Bark: Smooth.

Prickles:

Quantity.—On main canes from base: Ordinary. On laterals from main canes: Ordinary.

Form.—Medium, hooked downward.

Color when young.—Red Group 46A.

Small prickles:

Quantity.—On main stalks: None. On laterals: None.

I claim:

1. A new and distinct variety of rose plant of the hybrid tea class, as herein shown and described, characterized particularly by large flowers, well filled with petals of heavy substance and having a strong, sweet fragrance; strong, upright growth; large, glossy, dark green foliage; and resistance to common fungal diseases.

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