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Wingerden

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[54] **SAINTPAULIA PLANT NAMED 'GALAXY'**
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[58] **Field of Search** **Plt./69.1, 69.2**
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[57] **ABSTRACT**

A distinctive cultivar of Saintpaulia plant named 'Galaxy', characterized by its compact plant habit; moderate growth rate; durable dark green foliage; pink and white bi-color flowers; and numerous long-lasting flowers.

1 Drawing Sheet

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The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of Saintpaulia or African Violet, botanically known as *Saintpaulia ionantha*, and hereinafter referred to by the cultivar name 'Galaxy'. It is anticipated that the plant of this application will be marketed under the Trademark "Ultra Violet". Accordingly, the plant of this application will hereinafter be referred to as "Ultra Violet" 'Galaxy' in an attempt to reduce confusion in reference to this plant in the descriptions and in the market place.

The new cultivar is a product of a planned breeding program conducted by the inventor in Oberlin, Ohio. The objective of the breeding program was to develop compact and durable Saintpaulia varieties with numerous, upright, long-lasting flowers and uniform flowering.

The new cultivar originated from a cross made by the inventor of two unnamed proprietary seedling selections. The female parent had blue flowers with a broad white edge and the male parent had pale blue flowers with a narrow white edge. The cultivar 'Galaxy' was discovered and selected by the inventor as a flowering plant within the progeny of the stated cross in a controlled environment in Oberlin, Ohio.

In side-by-side comparisons in Oberlin, Ohio, under commercial practice, plants of the new Saintpaulia differed in flower color and were more compact in growth habit than either parent seedling selection.

Asexual reproduction of the new cultivar by leaf cuttings taken at Oberlin, Ohio, has shown that the unique features of this new Saintpaulia plant are stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations of asexual reproduction.

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Galaxy'. These characteristics in combination distinguish the new Saintpaulia plant as a new and distinct cultivar:

1. Compact plant habit.
2. Moderate growth rate.
3. Durable dark green foliage.
4. Pink and white bi-color flowers.
5. Numerous long-lasting flowers.

The new Saintpaulia plant has not been observed under all possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may vary significantly with variations in environment such as temperature and light level, without, however, any variance in genotype.

The accompanying colored photograph illustrates the overall appearance of the new cultivar, showing the colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type. Flower and foliage colors in the photograph may appear different from the actual colors due to light reflectance. The photograph comprises a top perspective view of a typical potted plant of 'Galaxy'.

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The following observations, measurements, values, and comparisons describe plants grown in Oberlin, Ohio, under a double layer of polyethylene covering with average day and night temperatures of 21C. and an average light level of 1,500 foot-candles.

In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Classification:

Botanical.—*Saintpaulia ionantha* cultivar 'Galaxy'.
Commercial.—Saintpaulia or African Violet.

Parentage:

Female or seed parent.—Unnamed proprietary seedling selection with blue flowers with a broad white edge.
Male or pollen parent.—Unnamed proprietary seedling selection with pale blue flowers with a narrow white edge.

Plant description:

Plant form.—Leaves outwardly arching, flowers held upright and above the foliage.
Growth habit and rate.—Moderately vigorous, yet compact. Suitable for 10-cm containers. Time to produce a finished flowering plant in a 10-cm container from a rooted plantlet is generally 8 to 10 weeks depending on temperature, light level, and cultural practices.
Height, soil level to top of leaves.—About 2 cm.
Height, soil level to top of flowers.—About 7 cm.
Distance, top of leaves to top of flowers.—About 5 cm.

Foliage description:

Arrangement.—Rosette.
Leaf appearance.—"Plain" or "tailored" foliage.
Quantity of leaves.—About 20 per 4-inch pot.
Leaf size, largest leaves.—Length: About 6 cm. Width: About 5.5 cm.
Leaf shape.—Cordate.
Leaf tip.—Acute.
Leaf base.—Cordate.
Margin type.—Crenate.
Leaf surface.—Slightly undulating.
Texture.—Leathery, glossy, pubescent, durable.
Pubescence.—Moderate on both upper and under sides.
Venation pattern.—Pinnate.
Color.—Young foliage: Upper side: Darker than 147A. Under side: 187D. Venation upper side: Darker than 147A. Venation under side: 187A. Mature foliage: Upper side: Darker than 147A. Under side: 186A.

Venation upper side: Darker than 147A. Venation under side: 187A.

Petiole.—Length: About 5 cm. Diameter: About 5 mm. Shape: Tubular. Pubescence: Moderate. Aspect: Horizontal. Color: 187A.

Flower description:

Flower arrangement.—Branched particle, flowers held upright and above the foliage.

Flower appearance.—Single, fused corolla with five petals. Two upper petals usually smaller than the lower three petals. Pink and white bicolor, pink in center surrounded by 2 to 4 mm white outer margin.

Flower longevity.—Individual flowers last approximately 7 to 10 days. Inflorescences are generally in flower for approximately 3 to 4 weeks under greenhouse conditions. Flowers persistent.

Quantity of flowers per peduncle.—Generally 7 to 10 open flowers and flower buds at a time are present, usually 3 to 4 per panicle branch.

Flower diameter.—About 3.5 cm.

Flower depth, base of calyx to upper petal surface.—About 2.5 mm.

Petals.—Appearance: Velvety, satiny. Texture: Smooth. Arrangement: Five fused into a corolla, overlapping. Upper two petals smaller than lower three petals. Shape: Ovate, rounded. Margin: Entire. Surface: Slightly undulating. Tip: Rounded. Size: Largest petals, length: About 1.7 cm. Largest petals, width: About 1.6 cm. Smallest petals, length: About 1.3 cm. Smallest petals, width: About 1.6 cm. Color: When opening: Base and center: 77B. Outer edges: 155D. Upper side: Base: 77B. Center: 77C. Outer

edges: 155D. Under side: Base: 77C. Center: 77D. Outer edges: 155D.

Peduncle.—Length: About 5 cm. Diameter, at base: About 2.75 mm. Strength: Strong. Angle: Erect. Pubescence: Moderate. Color: Base: 183A. Apex: 187A.

Flower bud, just before opening.—Length: About 8 mm. Diameter: About 8 mm. Form or shape: Spherical. Rate of opening: Rapid. Color: 78A with green tinge.

Calyx/sepals.—Calyx shape: Star-shaped. Calyx size: Height: About 6 mm. Width: About 8 mm. Sepal shape: Linear. Sepal arrangement: Fused at base. Sepal size: Length: About 5 mm. Width: About 2 mm. Sepal texture: Pubescent. Sepal number: 5. Sepal margin: Entire. Sepal tip: Pointed. Sepal color: Upper side: 146A. Under side: 187A.

Stamens, mature flower.—Stamen number: 2. Anther size: Length: About 3 mm. Width: About 3 mm. Height: About 3 mm. Anther color: 7A. Filament length: About 4 mm. Filament color: White with pink tinge.

Pistils.—Pistil number: 1. Style color: 71A. Style length: About 6 mm. Receptacle height: About 3 mm. Receptacle width: About 2 mm.

Disease resistance: Under commercial conditions, resistance or susceptibility to pathogens of Saintpaulias has not been observed.

Seed production: Seed production is rarely observed.

It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct Saintpaulia plant named 'Galaxy', as illustrated and described.

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U.S. Patent

Oct. 28, 1997

Plant 10,089

