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# United States Patent [19]

Germany

ANTIRHINUM PLANT NAMED LASALOR

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### ABSTRACT

A distinct cultivar of Snapdragon plant named Lasalor, characterized by its ability to be asexually propagated by terminal cuttings; hanging or pendulous plant form that is ideal for hanging basket culture; uniform and freely branching habit; numerous salmon pink flowers; early flowering; and excellent rooting.

## 3 Drawing Sheets

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The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of Snapdragon plant, botanically known as Antirrhinum majus, and hereinafter referred to by the cultivar name Lasalor.

The new Snapdragon is a product of a planned breeding program conducted by the inventor in Quedlinburg, Germany. The objective of the breeding program was to create new Snapdragon cultivars having a hanging growth habit, moderate vigor, desirable flower colors, numerous flowers, and strong rooting habit.

The new Snapdragon originated from a cross made by the inventor of the inventor's proprietary Snapdragon seedling selections. The cultivar Lasalor was discovered and selected by the inventor as a flowering plant within the progeny of this cross in a controlled environment in Quedlinburg, Germany.

Asexual reproduction of the new Snapdragon by terminal cuttings taken at Quedlinburg, Germany, has shown that the unique features of this new Snapdragon are stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations.

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are determined to be the unique characteristics of Lasalor. These characteristics in combination distinguish Lasalor as a new and distinct cultivar:

- 1. Can be asexually propagated by terminal cuttings. Most commercially available Snapdragon cultivars are generatively propagated by seeds.
- 2. Hanging or pendulous plant form that is ideal for hanging basket culture. Maintains uniform habit, does not require growth retardants.
  - 3. Freely branching habit.
  - 4. Numerous salmon pink flowers.
  - 5. Early flowering.
  - 6. Excellent rooting and easy to propagate.

The new Snapdragon has not been observed under all possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may vary somewhat with variations in environment such as temperature, daylength and light intensity, without, however, any variance in genotype.

Compared to the female parent, plants of the new Snapdragon have larger flowers and differ in flower color. Plants of the male parent are upright whereas plants of the new 40 Snapdragon are hanging or pendulous in growth habit.

The accompanying colored photographs illustrate the overall appearance of the new cultivar, showing the colors as true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored reproductions of this type.

The first photograph comprises a side perspective view of a typical flowering hanging basket plant of Lasalor with three plants in the container. 2

The second photograph comprises a top perspective view of immature (top) and mature (bottom) leaves. The upper (left) and under (right) sides of the leaves are shown. To the right of the leaves, a typical flower is shown.

The third photograph comprises a top perspective view of an intact flower (left) and a flower divided (right) to show the flower throat. The flower and foliage colors in these photographs appear different than the actual colors due to light reflectance.

In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used. The following observations and measurements describe plants grown in Quedlinburg, Germany, under commercial practice in a glass-covered greenhouse with average night temperatures of 12C and average day temperatures of 15C.

Botanical classification: Antirrhinum majus cultivar Lasalor. Commercial classification: Hanging basket Snapdragon.

Parentage:

Male, or pollen, parent.—Proprietary Snapdragon seedling selection.

Female, or seed, parent.—Proprietary Snapdragon seedling selection.

25 Propagation:

Type.—Terminal tip cuttings.

Time to rooting.—About 28 days with soil temperatures of 20C.

Rooting habit.—Strong rooting habit, cuttings propagate easily, roots fine and freely branching.

Plant description:

Appearance.—Herbaceous annual with pendulous habit, suitable for hanging basket containers. Bushy and rounded. Freely branching, plants do not require pinching. Moderate growth rate, maintains uniform habit, does not require growth retardants. From a rooted cutting, eight weeks are required to produce a flowering 9-cm container plant.

Plant diameter in a hanging basket container.—From top of plant plane to lower flowers, about 40 cm.

Stem description.—Internode length: 1 to 2 cm. Diameter: About 2 mm. Color: 137C. Texture: Slightly pubescent.

Foliage description.—Arrangement: Single. Size: Young foliage: Length: About 2.5 cm. Width: About 0.7 cm. Mature foliage: Length: About 4 cm. Width: About 1.5 cm. Shape: Elliptic. Leaf apex: Acute. Leaf base: Acute. Margin: Entire. Texture: Pubes-

cent. Color: Young foliage upper surface: 137A. Young foliage under surface: 138B. Fully expanded foliage upper surface: 137A. Fully expanded foliage under surface: 138B. Petiole: Length: Young foliage: About 2 mm. Fully expanded: About 5 mm. Color: 137A. Texture: Pubescent.

## Flowering description:

Appearance.—Bilabiate flowers arranged in leafy terminal racemes.

Flowering response.—Under natural conditions, plants flower continuous from May to November in the Northern Hemisphere. Flowers not persistent. Flowers last up to 10 days on the plants.

Flower bud.—Size: Length: About 2 cm. Diameter: 1 to 1.5 cm. Color: 50B.

Flower size.—Diameter: 2 to 2.5 cm. Depth (height): 4 to 4.5 cm. Margin: Entire, undulating. Texture: Velvety and slightly pubescent. Color: Upper lip: 50B/50C. Lower lip: 50B/50C. Lower lip palate: 9B. Inside throat: White. Outside throat: 73B.

Peduncle.—Aspect: About 70° to the flowering stem. Length: 3 to 5 mm. Diameter: About 1 mm. Color: 137B.

Sepals.—Quantity: 5. Shape: Ovate. Tip: Acute. Margin: Entire. Color: 137B.

Reproductive organs.—Androecium: Stamen number: 4. Anther size: 1 to 2 mm. Anther color: 14C. Pollen: 15C. Gynoecium: Pistil number. 1. Style length: About 2 cm. Style color: 48B. Stigma color: 144B.

#### Disease resistance:

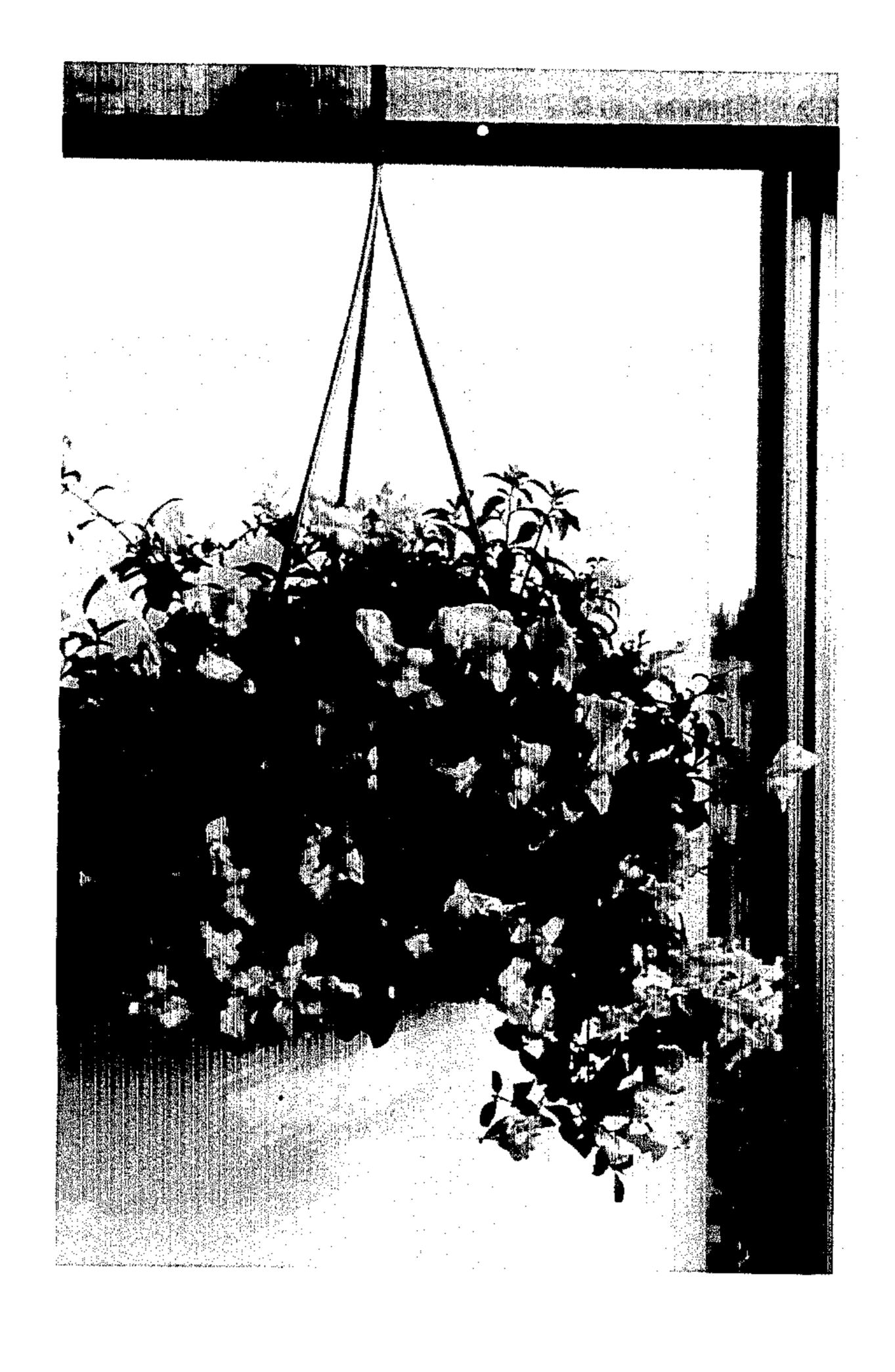
No known Snapdragon diseases observed to date on plants grown under commercial greenhouse conditions. Seed production:

Seed production has not been observed.

#### It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct cultivar of Snapdragon plant named Lasalor, as illustrated and described.

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U.S. Patent



