

[54] NECTARINE TREE (SPARKLING JUNE)

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[ \* ] Notice: The portion of the term of this patent subsequent to Nov. 15, 2003 has been disclaimed.

[21] Appl. No.: 702,911

[22] Filed: Feb. 19, 1985

[51] Int. Cl.<sup>4</sup> ..... A01H 5/00

[52] U.S. Cl. .... Plt./41

[58] Field of Search ..... Plt. 41

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Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Worrel & Worrel

[57] ABSTRACT

A new and distinct variety of Nectarine Tree which is somewhat similar to the Early Sun Grand Nectarine Tree, U.S. Plant Pat. No. 1,420, and the Red Diamond Nectarine Tree, U.S. Plant Pat. No. 3,165, but which is distinguished therefrom and characterized as to novelty by producing fruit which is ripe for commercial harvesting 18 days earlier than the Red Diamond Nectarine Tree and 14 days earlier than the Early Sun Grand Nectarine Tree, and which has excellent handling and storage characteristics.

1 Drawing Sheet

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BACKGROUND OF THE NEW VARIETY

The present invention relates to a new and distinct variety of freestone nectarine tree denominated vari-  
etally as "Sparkling June", and more particularly to a  
new and distinct variety broadly characterized by a  
medium sized hardy, productive and regular bearing  
tree, the fruit of which ripens around fourteen days  
earlier than the Early Sun Grand Nectarine Tree (U.S.  
Plant Pat. No. 1,420) with which it is closely related,  
but from which it is distinguished as to novelty by bear-  
ing fruit which has a fuller red color at picking time as  
compared to other known early varieties, is of excellent  
firmness, and has excellent shelf life and shipping quali-  
ties. Also, the fruit has a noteworthy taste and is less  
deeply sutured resulting in a more pleasing shape.

For years the applicant has endeavored to produce  
new and distinct varieties of fruit trees in an effort to  
upgrade the quality of his fruit tree products. In these  
labors to produce these new and distinct varieties, the  
applicant has, as a regular practice, selected parent trees  
having desirable characteristics, cross-pollinated the  
subject parents, and thereafter studied the progeny pro-  
duced to ascertain whether any new and distinct vari-  
eties are present. The instant variety of Nectarine Tree,  
"Sparkling June" is a product of the aforementioned  
procedure.

ORIGIN AND ASEXUAL REPRODUCTION OF  
THE NEW VARIETY

The seedling of the present variety was the offspring  
of an open-pollination of a second generation seedling  
from a Red Diamond Nectarine tree seed parent (U.S.  
Plant Pat. No. 3,165), cross-pollinated with an Early  
Sun Grand Nectarine Tree pollen parent (U.S. Plant  
Pat. No. 1,420). This procedure was first carried out in  
1977 by the applicant at his ranch, which is located at  
9766 E. Mariposa Way, LeGrand, Calif.; in the County  
of Merced. The unique qualities of the subject variety  
were first recognized in 1981, and the applicant thereaf-  
ter asexually reproduced the subject variety by budding  
and grafting. It has been subsequently determined that  
the progeny produced from these asexual reproductions  
are identical to those of the original seedling.

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SUMMARY OF THE NEW VARIETY

The "Sparkling June" Nectarine Tree is character-  
ized by many of the desired features of the "Red  
Diamond" Nectarine tree, (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 3,165)  
and the "Early Sun Grand" Nectarine Tree, (U.S. Plant  
Pat. No. 1,420). The new variety resembles the Red  
Diamond Nectarine Tree in producing fruit which re-  
sembles closely the color and fruit size produced by the  
Red Diamond Nectarine tree. The subject variety also  
produces fruit which resembles in size, and stone char-  
acteristic the fruit produced by the Early Sun Grand  
Nectarine Tree. The new variety is, clearly distinguish-  
able, however, from the fruit produced by the Red  
Diamond Nectarine Tree and the Early Grand Nectar-  
ine Tree inasmuch as it ripens for harvesting 18 days  
earlier than the Red Diamond Nectarine Tree, and 14  
days earlier than the Early Sun Grand Nectarine Tree  
and has a much richer red color.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

The accompanying drawing is a color photograph of  
four mature nectarines showing their external color-  
ation sufficiently mature for harvesting and shipment,  
two mature nectarines halved transversely of the suture  
plane to illustrate the flesh coloration, several charac-  
teristic leaves showing their dorsal surface coloration,  
and two stones, all of the subject variety.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Referring now more specifically to the pomological  
characteristics of this new and distinct variety of nectar-  
ine tree, the following has been observed under the  
ecological conditions prevailing near Le Grand, Mer-  
ced County (San Joaquin Valley), Calif. All color plate  
identifications are by reference to the Inter-Society  
Color Council—National Bureau of Standards. Com-  
mon Color names are also used occasionally.

TREE

General: Medium in size, hardy, vigorous and dense,  
spreading and vase formed depending upon pruning  
practices. Productive and regular bearing.  
Trunk: Of medium diameter, surface texture — medium  
shaggy. Numerous tan lenticles are present. Size —



Lenticels — average size approximately 3/16" in length [4.762 mm.]

*Branches.*—Medium in size and surface texture; second year and older growth is brown in color [58. m Br], newer growth appears red brown on dorsal side [43. m. r Br] and green [136. m. y G] on ventral side.

Leaves:

*Size.*—Average length 4½"; [114.3 mm]; average width 1½" [41.275 mm]

*Form.*—Elliptical.

*Base.*—Acute.

*Apex.*—Accuminate.

*Margin.*—Crenate.

*Veins.*—Pinnately, net veined.

*Petiole.*—Size — Medium — average length ½"; [12.7 mm]; medium thickness approximately 1/16 inch, [1.588 mm].

*Glands.*—Numbers — average two to four per leaf, mostly opposite. Reniform, green glands appear on the petiole at the base of the leaf. Color — Yellowish green [136. m. y G.]

*Stipules.*—Numbers — usually two per leaf, length — approximately ¼" in length [6.35 mm].

*Leaf buds.*—Form — pointed. Leaf Color — Dorsal Surface — Yellowish green [137. d. y G]; Leaf Color — Ventral Surface — Yellowish green [136. m. y G]; Petiole Color — Yellowish green [136 m. y. G].

Flowers:

*Buds.*—Hardy, medium in length and diameter, pointed, free, pubescent.

*Flowers.*—Generally — Large; Date of Bloom — medium bloom date as compared with other varieties. Pink in color. The color of the subject varieties flowers are not particularly distinctive.

FRUIT

Maturity when described: Fully ripe for commercial harvesting on June 28, 1984.

*Size:* Uniform, medium in size, axial diameter 2¼" [57.15 mm]. diameter transverse in the suture plane approximately 2¼ inches, [57.15 mm]

*Form:* Uniform, symmetrical; globose to slightly oblong.

*Suture:* Generally — inconspicuous line which extends from the base to beyond the apex. The suture appears as a slight depression beyond the pistil point.

*Ventral surface:* Slightly rounded, lipped toward the apex on both sides, lips are slightly unequal.

Cavity:

*Shape.*—Rounded with suture showing on one side depth — approximately ⅜ inch [9.525 mm];

Breadth — approximately ⅜ inch [9.525 mm];

Stem marking — are evident a few stem marks.

*Base:* Generally — symmetrically truncate, the fruit sits on the base in a very upright position.

*Apex:* Rounded, with some slightly depressed.

*Pistil point.*—Mostly apical but a few oblique may be found. Size — very small approximately 3½ inches, [88.9 mm].

*Stem:* Medium in size; Length — approximately 5/16 inches, [7.938 mm]; width — approximately ⅛ inch, [3.175 mm].

*Skin:* Generally — thin, tough. Tendency to crack is slight (none observed in 1983 and 1984). Tenacious to flesh.

*Skin color.*—Approximately 95% of the surface of the fruit is a deep red color, [13. deep red], however, some yellow coloration can be detected in the stem cavity [86.1 Y].

5 Flesh:

*Color.*—Generally — The flesh is yellowish in color throughout, [86.1. Y.], however a tinge of red appears next to the skin on the ripest fruit; surface of pit cavity — pale yellow [86.1. Y]. A few yellowish colored fibers are evident [86.1 Y.].

*Texture.*—Extremely firm, very crisp.

*Fibers.*—Few, fine, tender.

*Ripens.*—Evenly.

*Flavor.*—Acid to sub-acid.

*Juice.*—Moderate.

*Aroma.*—Very slight.

*Amygdalin.*—Scarce.

*Eating quality.*—Very good.

STONE

Generally: Freestones

Form: Oval.

Base: Straight.

Apex:

*Shape.*—Acute; Sides — generally equal; curved on right.

Surface:

*Generally.*—A few regular furrows appear near the apex pitted from the base to a position slightly above center throughout.

Ridges: Present; the ridges appear jagged toward the apex.

Color of stone: orangish brown, [78. d. y Br].

Thickness of pit wall: approximately ¼ inch, [6.35 mm].

Tendency to split is slight.

Kernel: Oval in form, sweet, viable, width — approximately 7/16 inches, [11.112 mm]; length — approximately ⅝ inch, [15.875 mm], yellow pellicle, scant amygdalin.

Resistance to Insects and Disease: No unusual susceptibilities noted.

Use: Local market, long distance shipping. Excellent keeping quality and excellent shipping quality.

Although the new variety of nectarine tree possesses the described characteristics as a result of the growing conditions prevailing in LeGrand, Calif., in the central part of the San Joaquin Valley, it is to be understood that variations of the usual magnitude and characteristics incident to changes in growing conditions, fertilization, pruning and pest control are to be expected.

Having thus described and illustrated my new variety of Nectarine Tree, what I claim as new and desire to secure by Plant Letters Patent is:

1. A new and distinct variety of freestone nectarine tree, substantially as illustrated and described, which is somewhat similar to the Early Sun Grand Nectarine Tree (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 1,420), and the Red Diamond Nectarine Tree (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 3,165) from which it was derived as a progeny, but is distinguished therefrom by producing fruit which is ripe for commercial harvesting fourteen days earlier than Early Sun Grand Nectarine Tree, and 18 days earlier than the Sun Diamond Nectarine Tree, the variety having a good flavor, a fuller red color, and a more desirable, less deeply sutured shape, and is further characterized by its excellent firmness, shipping quality, and shelf life.

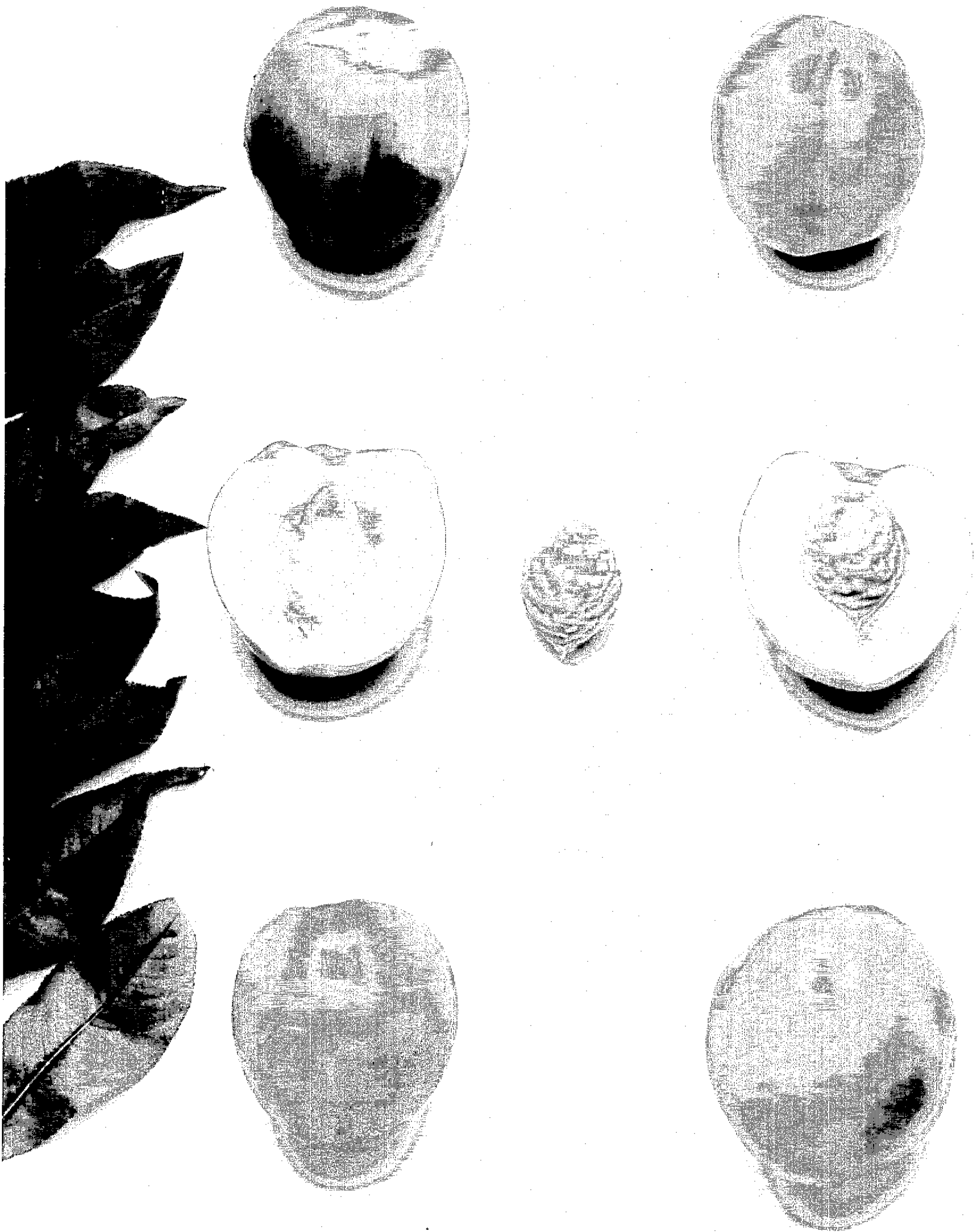
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U.S. Patent

Aug. 15, 1989

Plant 6,981



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE  
CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO. : PP6,981  
DATED : August 15, 1989  
INVENTOR(S) : Norman G. Bradford

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

On the title page:

In the title delete "NECTARINE TREE (SPARKLING JUNE)"

and insert --NECTARINE TREE "SPARKLING JUNE"--

Col. 3, line 43, delete "." and insert --,--

Col. 3, line 47 insert --an-- after the dash

Col. 3, line 56, delete "are evident a few stem marks." insert

--a few stem marks are evident.--

Signed and Sealed this  
Seventeenth Day of July, 1990

*Attest:*

*Attesting Officer*

HARRY F. MANBECK, JR.

*Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks*