## N. GRILLO

HYBRID TEA ROSE
Filed April 28, 1932



Inventor Micholas Grillo By Orville M. Kile Plant Patent Agent

## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

## NICHOLAS GRILLO, OF MILLDALE, CONNECTI

## HYBRID TEA ROSE

Application filed April 28, 1932. Serial No. 608,091.

My new variety of rose is of a beautiful white color, at times slightly suffused with tapering. pink, has a desirable (pointed) form and size, Buds—When opening are  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inches long,

and superior growing qualities.

tings a considerable number of plants which and non-foliaceous. been offered for sale.

leaves and stems.

<sup>20</sup> this rose, but it must be understood that there in such a way as to assume triangular forms <sup>70</sup> specimens.

medium height, vigorous of growth, having While the shape of this new rose is somewhat

a profuse bloomer.

thorns, most stems having but one or two and growing habits. flower (the peduncle) which is straight or slightly curved. The stem carries an unusual number of leaf branches, set only 1½ to 2 inches apart.

Leaves are large and heavy, usually measuring 2½ to 3 inches in length and proportionately broad, arranged five to a leaf 40 branch, except in the case of the immature leaf branches immediately below the peduncle. The petioles are notably pinkish on upper surfaces. An occasional leaf branch bears a single small spine about midway of 45 the central stem. Leaves are of rich green color, not glossy, and the serrations on the edges of the leaves are small. The crinkled form of the edges of the leaves is notable.

Stipules are medium wide, ordinarily one-

<sup>50</sup> half to three-quarters inch long.

Hips.—Medium width and moderately

excluding hips.

I first discovered this new variety in the Sepals.—5 in number, notably short and 55 spring of 1928. It originated as a sport of wide at base with decided tendency to curl the rose Grillodale, which in turn is a sport back tightly as soon as the bud has opened. of Madam Butterfly. Following the discov- The sepals on an average flower are 1 inch ery of this sport, I carefully observed and long, have a sharply tapered point and a 10 tested it and have since reproduced from cut-width of ½ inch for the basal half, heavy 60

are in all important respects identical with Flowers are borne singly and are 3½ to 4½ the parent plant, but the variety has not yet inches across when well opened. The newly opened bud with sepals turned tightly back The accompanying illustrations show in around the hips, is pointed or conical in shape 65 full color two partly opened flowers and two and this same shape is retained in the central tightly rolled immature buds, as well as portion of the flower until it has fully opened and passed its prime. The outer five or six The following is a detailed description of petals each roll or curl back along two edges may be some variation as between particular with the apex of each triangle at the topmost point, thus forming a beautiful setting for A bush or upright Hybrid Tea Rose of the central conical portion of the flower. much foliage, resistant to disease, and being similar to that of the well known Kaiserin 75 Auguste Viktoria, it differs materially from Stems.—Medium stout to stout, with few the latter in size, color tints, foliage, stems

medium-sized pink thorns pointing down- Petallage.—The flower in March has but ward. Stem is zig-zag rather than straight 20 to 30 petals, but these are all large petals 80 except for the first 3 to 3½ inches below the and the peculiar raised structure of the basal portion of the center of the flower, combined with the fact that the central petals remain rolled together at the top, gives the effect of a rose having a much larger number of petals. 80 This exceptionally high basal structure referred to is caused by the extraordinary number of pistils and stamens with accompanying fibrous material. The pistils are white with pinkish tops and the stamens are mounted by 90 large yellow anthers. To all outward appearances the flower might be expected to have ten or a dozen more petals than are shown by actual count.

Color.—The petals have a slight lemon 95 tint around the base but none is visible to the casual observer anywhere in the flower until the outer petals begin to turn back and show their inner bases. While the artist may see a slight suffusion of lemon at points, the effect to the casual observer is pure white except on those specimens which show the characteristic slight pink suffusion on the edges of a few petals and at the center. This slight pink color is not found on all roses of this variety, sometimes only on a part of the blossoms growing on a given bush. In most cases the tint is considerably less pronounced than in the specimens shown in the illustrations.

\*Reproduction.—A further valuable qual-

Reproduction.—A further valuable quality is found in the fact that this variety reproduces readily, producing practically no

"blind" wood.

What I claim as new is:

The hybrid tea rose herein shown and described, characterized particularly by its large white flowers having conical or pointed centers, often slightly suffused with pink.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature.
NICHOLAS GRILLO.

**25** 

30

35

40

45

50

55

60