



US00D956778S

(12) **United States Design Patent**
Robbins et al.

(10) **Patent No.:** **US D956,778 S**
(45) **Date of Patent:** **** Jul. 5, 2022**

(54) **DISPLAY SCREEN OR PORTION THEREOF WITH AN ANIMATED GRAPHICAL USER INTERFACE**

D881,902 S * 4/2020 Wood D14/485
D884,027 S 5/2020 Day et al.
10,778,534 B2 * 9/2020 Chitalia H04L 41/22
(Continued)

(71) Applicant: **Specter Ops. Inc.**, Alexandria, VA (US)

(72) Inventors: **Andrew Robbins**, Alexandria, VA (US);
Rohan Vazarkar, Alexandria, VA (US)

(73) Assignee: **SPECTER OPS, INC.**, Alexandria, VA (US)

(**) Term: **15 Years**

(21) Appl. No.: **29/746,055**

(22) Filed: **Aug. 11, 2020**

(51) **LOC (13) Cl.** **14-04**

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
USPC **D14/485**

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
USPC D14/485-495; D20/10, 11, 22-33, 39, D20/40
CPC G06F 3/048-04897; G06F 3/013; G06F 3/017; G06F 3/165; G06F 3/167; H04M 1/6075; H04M 3/567; H04M 1/2477; H04M 1/26; H04M 1/274582; H04L 12/581; H04L 12/813; H04L 12/1813; G06Q 10/10; H04N 7/16
See application file for complete search history.

(56) **References Cited**

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

6,574,737	B1	6/2003	Kingsford et al.	
D693,837	S *	11/2013	Bouchier	D14/486
9,116,975	B2 *	8/2015	Shankar	G06F 16/9024
D750,098	S	2/2016	Song	
D773,509	S *	12/2016	Bistoni	D14/491
D797,129	S *	9/2017	Danielyan	D14/486
D801,370	S *	10/2017	Chawla	D14/486
9,947,019	B2 *	4/2018	Fort	G06Q 30/0241
D826,956	S	8/2018	Pillalamarri et al.	

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

The Optimality of Naïve Bayes, by Zhang, semanticscholar.org [online], published 2004, [retrieved on Mar. 21, 2022], retrieved from the Internet <URL: <https://www.semanticscholar.org/paper/The-Optimality-of-Naive-Bayes-Zhang/0bf71f7b1fa5f95b50d27e3583c81ffe7178e58c#extracted>> (Year: 2004).*

(Continued)

Primary Examiner — Ian F Whitmore

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — DLA Piper LLP (US)

(57) **CLAIM**

We claim the ornamental design for a display screen or portion thereof with an animated graphical user interface, as shown and described.

DESCRIPTION

FIG. 1 is the first image in a sequence for a display screen or portion thereof with an animated graphical user interface showing the new design.

FIG. 2 is the second image thereof.

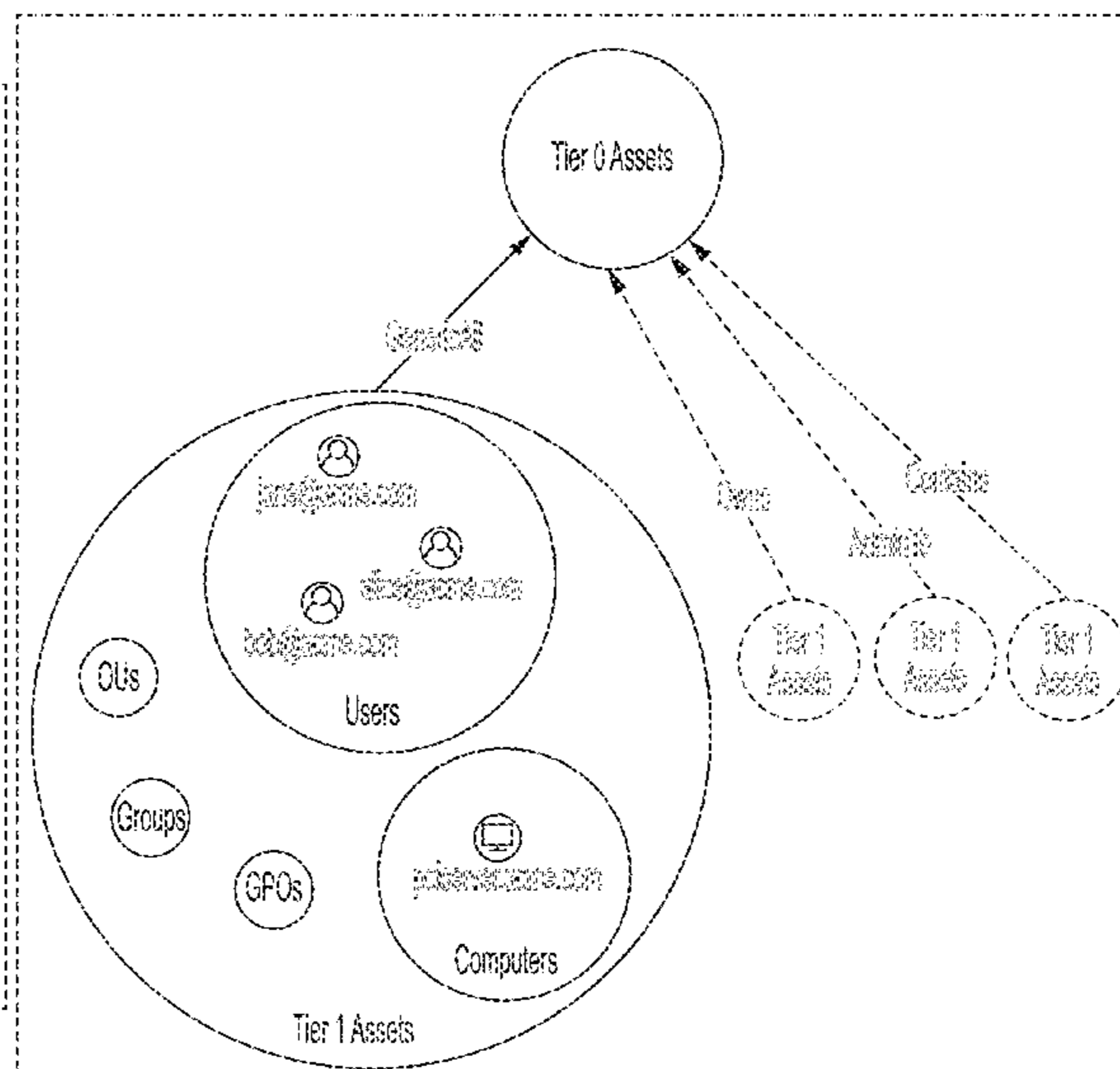
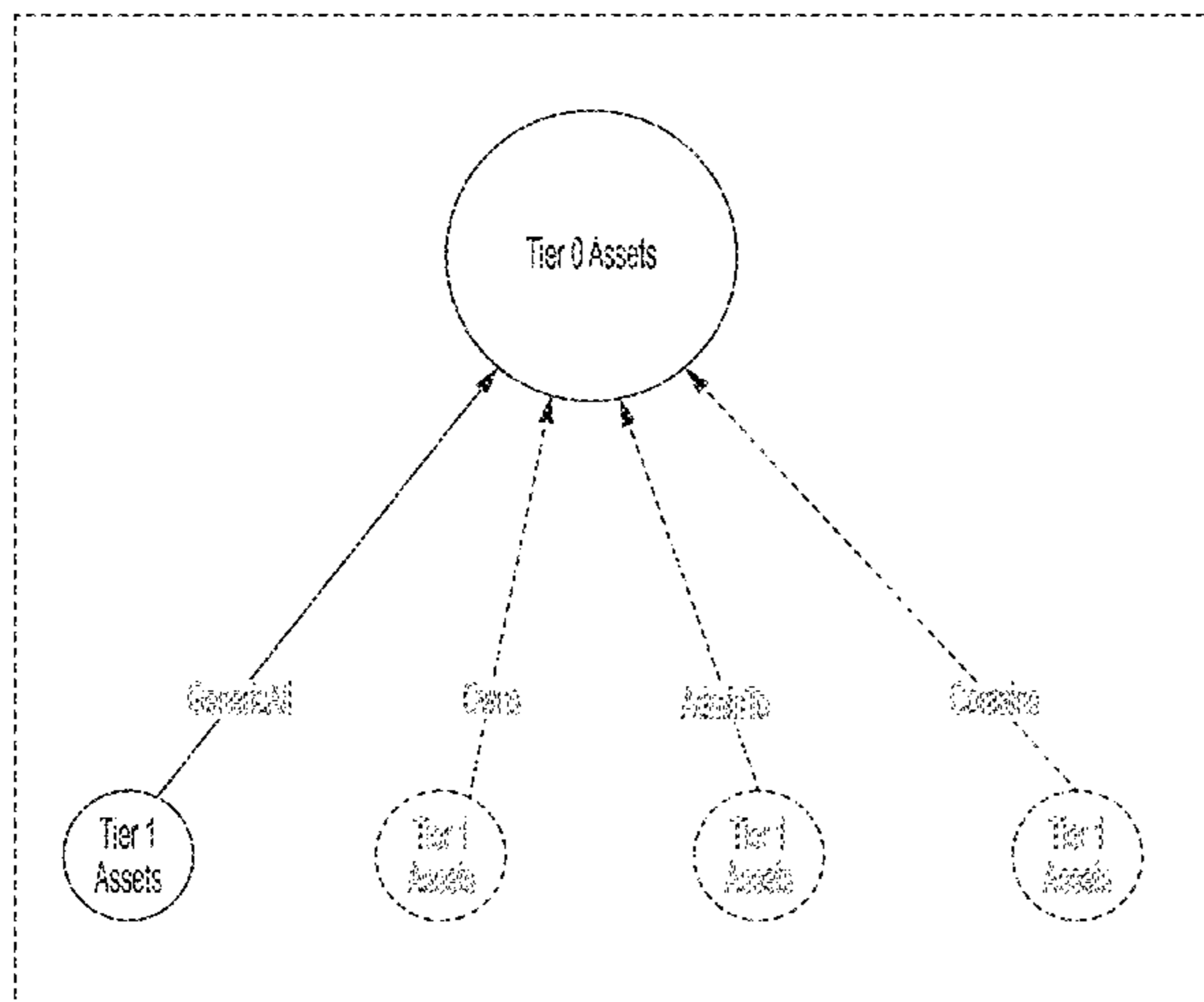
FIG. 3 is the third image thereof; and,

FIG. 4 is the fourth image thereof.

The appearance of the animated user interface sequentially transitions between the images shown in FIGS. 1-4. The process or period in which one image transitions to another forms no part of the claimed design.

The outer broken-line rectangle shows the perimeter of a portion of a display screen and forms no part of the claimed design. The remaining broken lines show features of the graphical user interface and form no part of the claimed design.

1 Claim, 4 Drawing Sheets



(56)

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

D908,137 S * 1/2021 Varghese D14/488
 D916,828 S * 4/2021 Daie D14/486
 11,029,806 B1 * 6/2021 Wijegunawardana
 G06Q 40/08
 11,032,298 B1 * 6/2021 Robbins H04L 63/1416
 D926,810 S 8/2021 Murphy et al.
 D928,193 S * 8/2021 Paul D14/488
 D930,015 S * 9/2021 Park D14/485
 D930,033 S 9/2021 Bowland
 D930,697 S 9/2021 Kim et al.
 D934,893 S * 11/2021 Pazmino D14/486
 2005/0188332 A1 * 8/2005 Koi G06F 3/0482
 715/822
 2006/0173957 A1 * 8/2006 Robinson H04L 51/32
 709/204
 2013/0347116 A1 12/2013 Flores et al.
 2014/0095436 A1 4/2014 Ryder
 2014/0143728 A1 5/2014 Coleman, Jr. et al.
 2015/0082243 A1 * 3/2015 Taylor G07F 9/002
 715/814
 2015/0172309 A1 6/2015 Zandani et al.
 2015/0205449 A1 * 7/2015 Sinha G06F 3/0482
 715/738
 2016/0088000 A1 3/2016 Siva Kumar et al.
 2016/0378642 A1 12/2016 Adams
 2017/0249519 A1 * 8/2017 Yang G06F 3/167
 2017/0302691 A1 10/2017 Singh et al.
 2018/0004822 A1 1/2018 Mulder et al.
 2019/0124104 A1 4/2019 Apostolopoulos
 2019/0334928 A1 10/2019 Sela et al.
 2020/0356229 A1 11/2020 Pelloin et al.
 2020/0356664 A1 11/2020 Maor
 2020/0358805 A1 11/2020 Segal et al.
 2021/0021629 A1 1/2021 Dani et al.
 2022/0019340 A1 * 1/2022 du G06F 3/04845

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Liu, Yue, et al. Local Causal Network Learning for Finding Pairs of Total and Direct Effects, *Journal of Machine Learning Research*, vol. 21 (Jun. 2020), pp. 1-37. (Year: 2020).*

A Directed Acyclic Graph, by O’Sullivan, researchgate.net [online], published on Jun. 2019, [retrieved on Mar. 21, 2022], retrieved from the Internet <URL: https://www.researchgate.net/figure/A-directed-acyclic-graph-DAG-of-the-Bayesian-hierarchical-model-fitted-to-the-spatial_fig5_333842434> (Year: 2019).*

Mapped: Boris Johnson’s Cabinet and the Tufton Street Lobbying Network, by Collett-White, desmog.com [online], published on Feb. 13, 2020, [retrieved on Mar. 12, 2022], retrieved from the Internet <URL: <https://www.desmog.com/2020/02/13/mapped-boris-johnson-s-government-and-tufton-street-lobbying-network/>> (Year: 2020).*

Microsoft Docs, Securing Privileged Access Reference Material, “Active Directory administrative tier model”, Feb. 14, 2019, 32 pages. <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows-server/identity/securing-privileged-access/securing-privileged-access-reference-material>.
github.com/BloodHoundAD/BloodHound, 2 pages. <https://github.com/BloodHoundAD/BloodHound>.

Carlin et al. “Case Study Comparing Bayesian and Frequentist Approaches for Multiple Treatment Comparisons,” *Network Graphs of UI Data for Each Outcome*, ncbi.nlm.nih.gov [online], published on 2013-03-00, [retrieved on Mar. 21, 2022], 1 page. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK132725/figure/introduction.f1/>.

Introducing KeyLines—Visualize Your Complex Connected Data, by Cambridge Intelligence, YouTube [online], published on Jun. 14, 2016, [retrieved on Mar. 21, 2022], 1 page. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YM3KAXz49L4>.

* cited by examiner

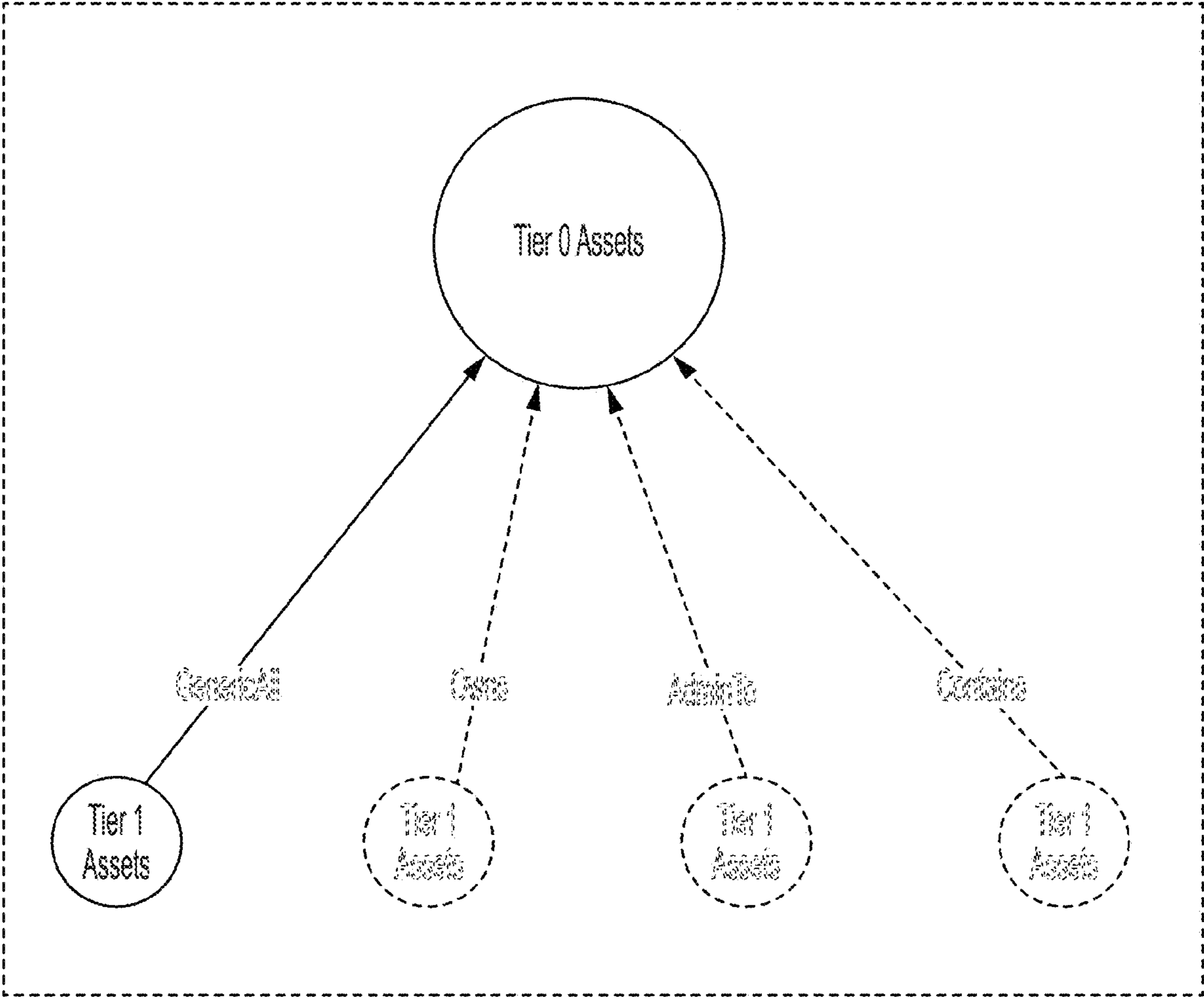


FIG. 1

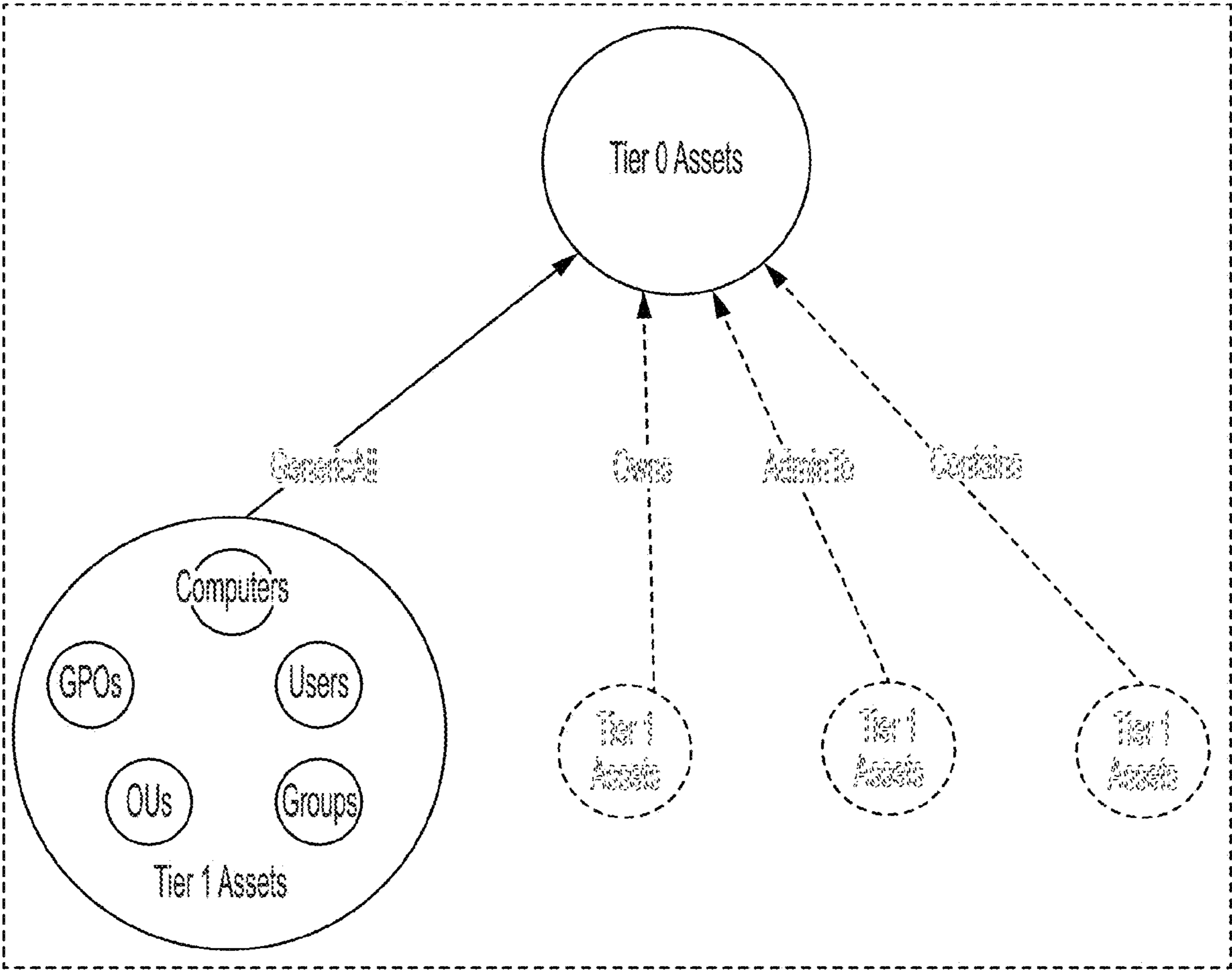


FIG. 2

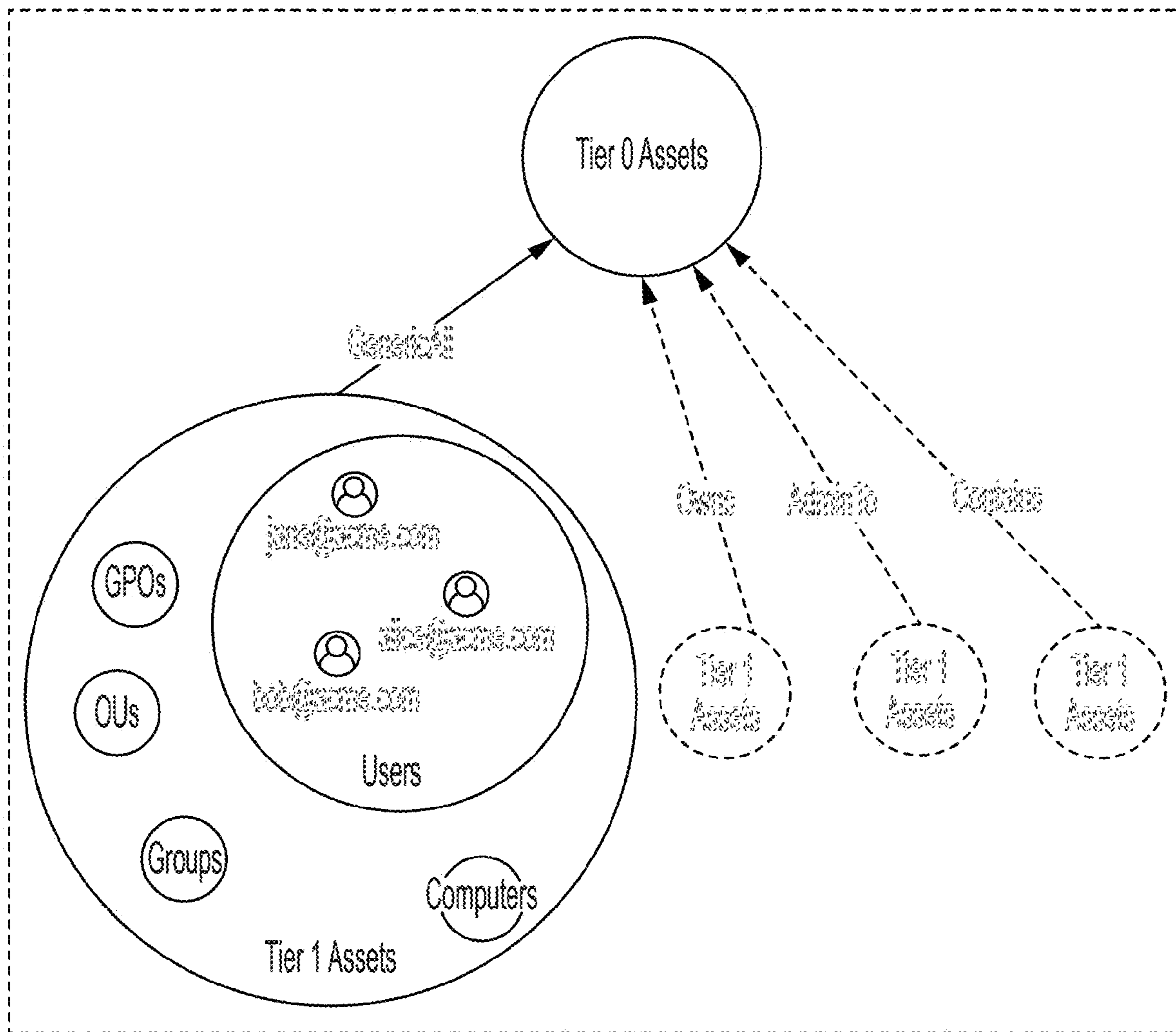


FIG. 3

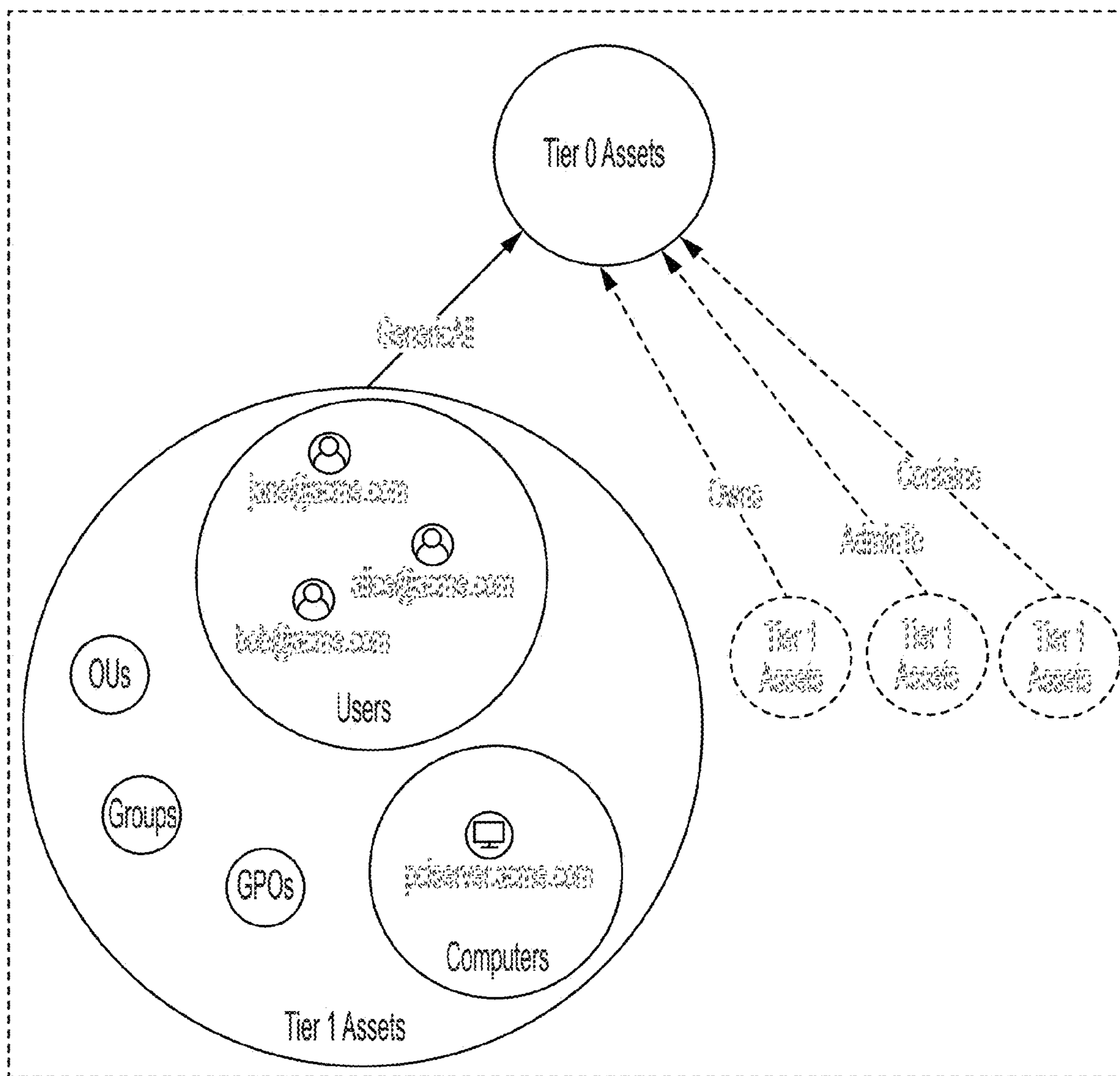


FIG. 4