



US00D723447S

(12) **United States Design Patent**
Lesemann et al.(10) **Patent No.:** US D723,447 S
(45) **Date of Patent:** ** Mar. 3, 2015(54) **FUSELAGE**(75) Inventors: **Jan Lesemann**, Hamburg (DE); **Michael Meyer**, Hamburg (DE); **Bernd Trahmer**, Hamburg (DE); **Ralph Sturm**, Schenefeld (DE)(73) Assignee: **Airbus Operations GmbH** (DE)(**) Term: **14 Years**(21) Appl. No.: **29/387,647**(22) Filed: **Mar. 16, 2011**(30) **Foreign Application Priority Data**

Sep. 16, 2010 (DE) 10 2010 045 588

(51) LOC (10) Cl. **12-07**

(52) U.S. Cl.

USPC **D12/319**(58) **Field of Classification Search**USPC D12/345, 319, 343; 244/55, 119, 118.5;
362/471

See application file for complete search history.

(56) **References Cited**

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

3,955,781 A	5/1976	Tupolev et al.
4,712,751 A	12/1987	Hirschel
5,806,797 A *	9/1998	Micale
6,834,833 B2	12/2004	Sankrithi
7,410,352 B2 *	8/2008	Sarh
7,721,992 B2 *	5/2010	Keeler et al.
7,735,779 B2 *	6/2010	Griess et al.

(Continued)

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

GB	560 580 A	4/1944
GB	2443542 A	5/2008
WO	2007/120201 A1	10/2007

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Drawings from the notice of invention with cross-section depictions of the fuselages of Airbus 320, Boeing 737 and Boeing 767 airplanes, 1 page.

(Continued)

Primary Examiner — Cathron Brooks*Assistant Examiner* — Katie Mroczka(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — Lerner, David, Littenberg, Krumholz & Mentlik, LLP(57) **CLAIM**

The ornamental design for a fuselage, as shown and described.

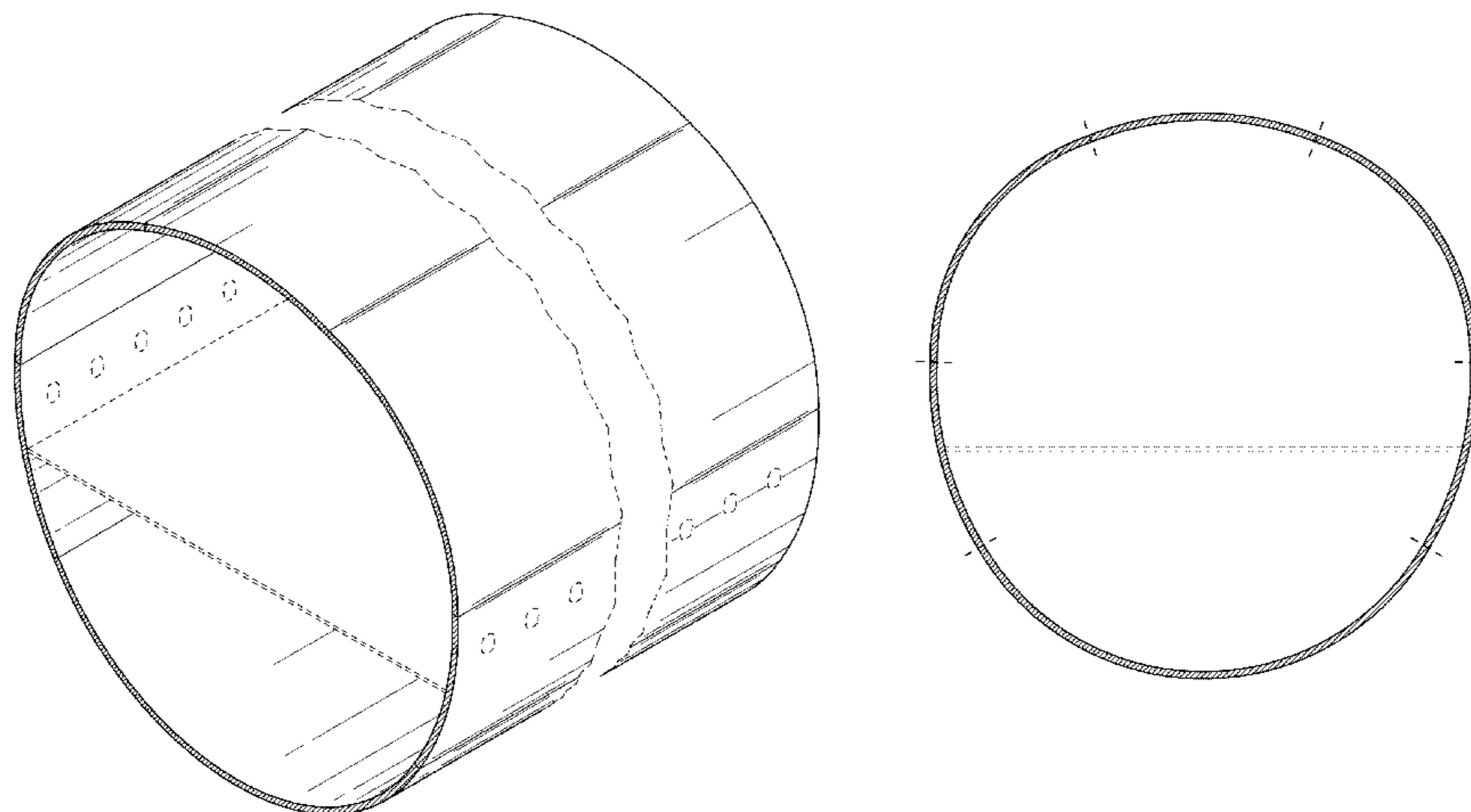
DESCRIPTION

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of the fuselage, in accordance with the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a top plan view of the fuselage shown in FIG. 1; FIG. 3 is a bottom plan view of the fuselage shown in FIG. 1; FIG. 4 is a right side elevation view of the fuselage shown in FIG. 1, the left side being a mirror image thereof; FIG. 5 is a front elevation view of the fuselage shown in FIG. 1; and,

FIG. 6 is a representational elevation view of FIG. 5, shown solely for the purpose of illustrating that the fuselage is composed of four degrees of radii in six segments. The angled partial broken lines indicate the point at which one radius meets another radius. These broken lines form no part of the claimed design. The broken line circle shown intersecting the fuselage is shown solely to emphasize the six radii segments, and forms no part of the claimed design.

The jagged circumferential lines wrapping around the middle portion of the fuselage in FIGS. 1-4 indicate that the appearance of any portion of the article between the break lines forms no part of the claimed design. The windows and floor of this embodiment are shown in broken line and as such form no part of the claimed invention.

1 Claim, 6 Drawing Sheets

(56)

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

7,787,979 B2 * 8/2010 Marsh et al. 700/119
7,861,970 B2 * 1/2011 Griess et al. 244/120
7,874,516 B2 1/2011 Cacciaguerra
7,896,291 B2 * 3/2011 Dehn et al. 244/129.5
7,967,250 B2 * 6/2011 Lobato et al. 244/119
8,146,860 B2 * 4/2012 Dehn et al. 244/119
8,215,582 B2 * 7/2012 Lynas 244/118.5
2004/0031881 A1 2/2004 Jamgarov

2008/0093503 A1 4/2008 Cacciaguerra
2008/0105785 A1 5/2008 Griess et al.
2008/0209712 A1 * 9/2008 Bisiach 29/592
2009/0152399 A1 * 6/2009 Laue 244/132
2010/0084510 A1 * 4/2010 Bock 244/118.1
2011/0001006 A1 * 1/2011 Delahaye et al. 244/118.5

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

U.S. Appl. No. 13/233,336, filed Sep. 15, 2011.

* cited by examiner

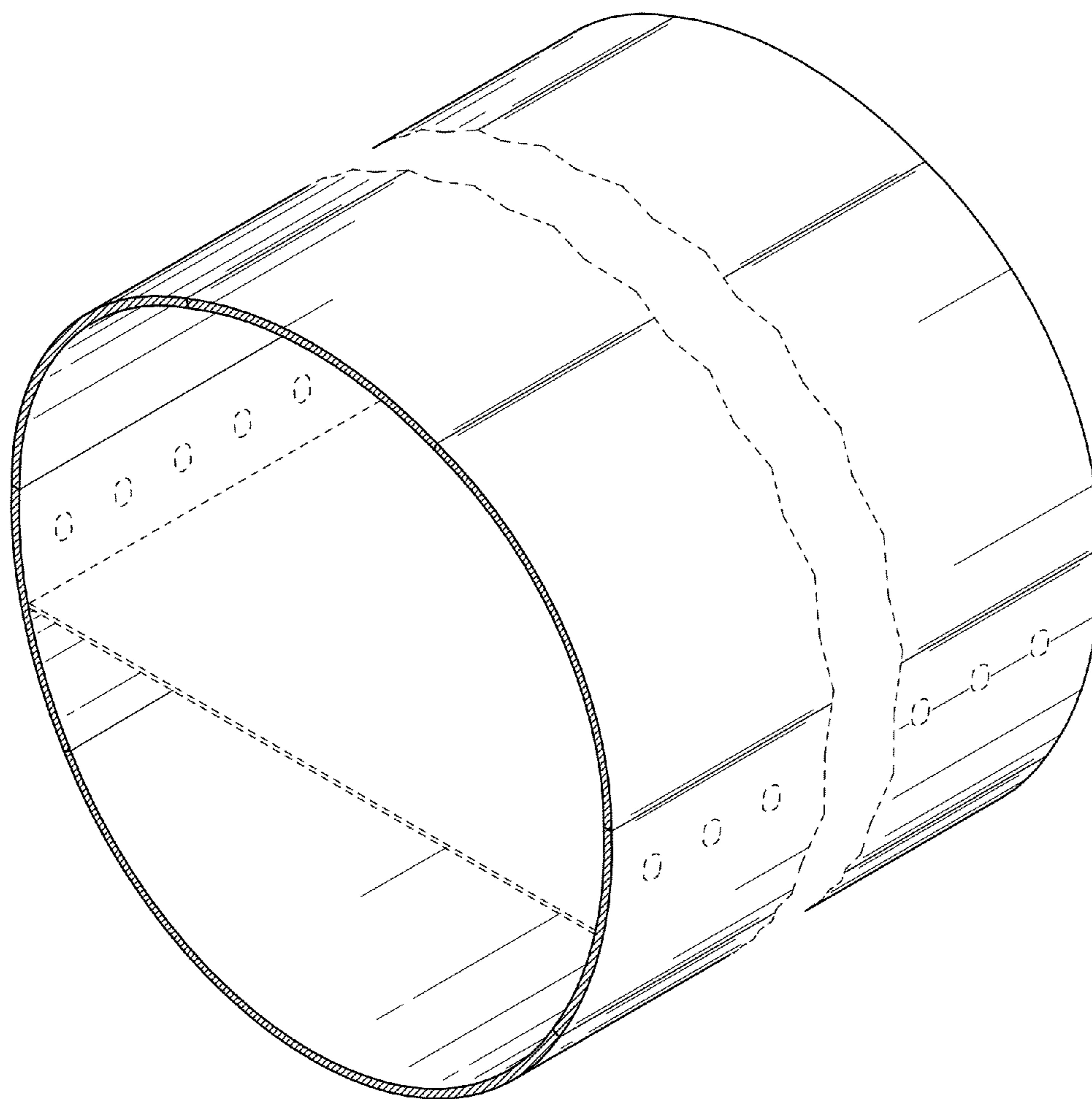
FIG. 1

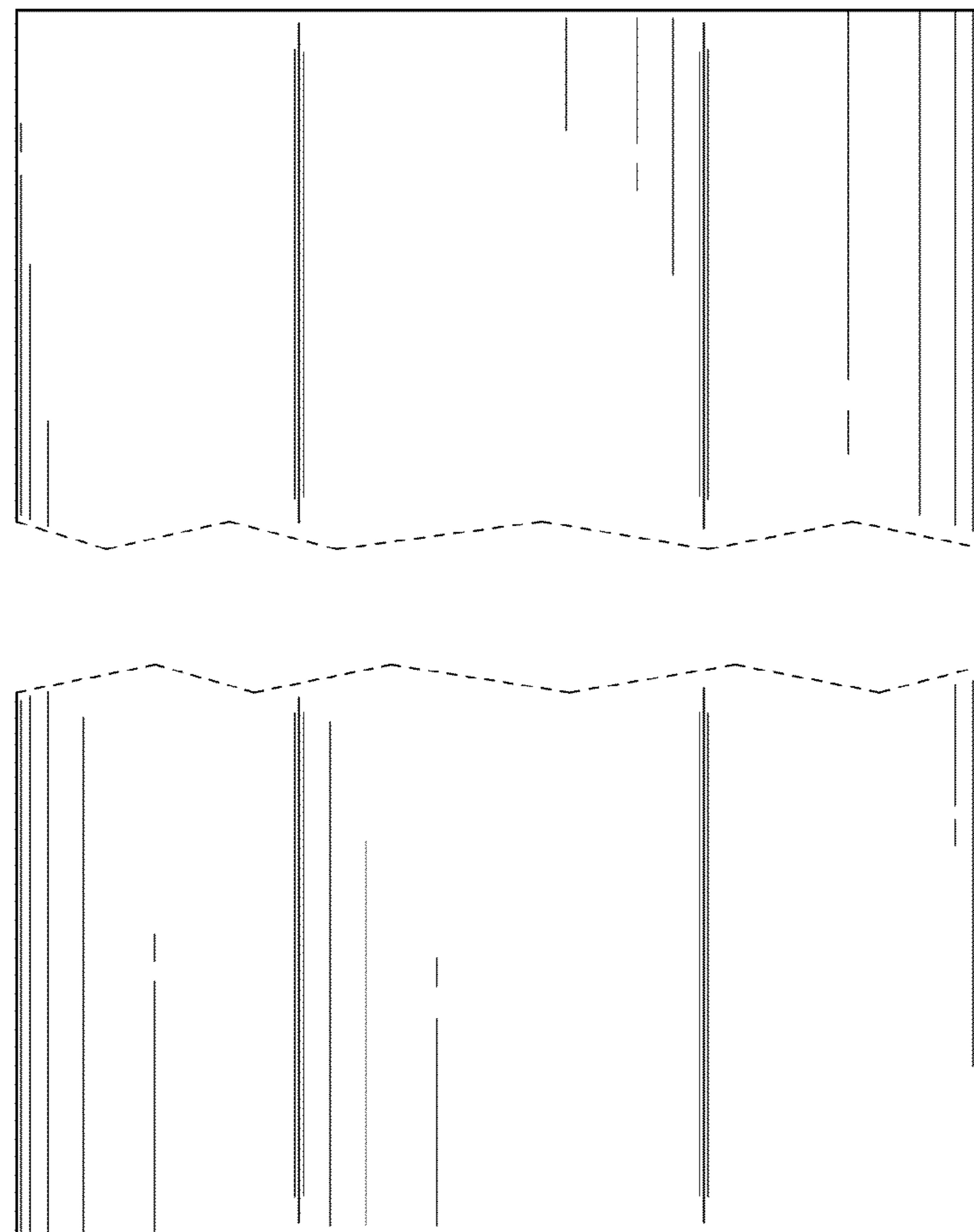
FIG. 2

FIG. 3

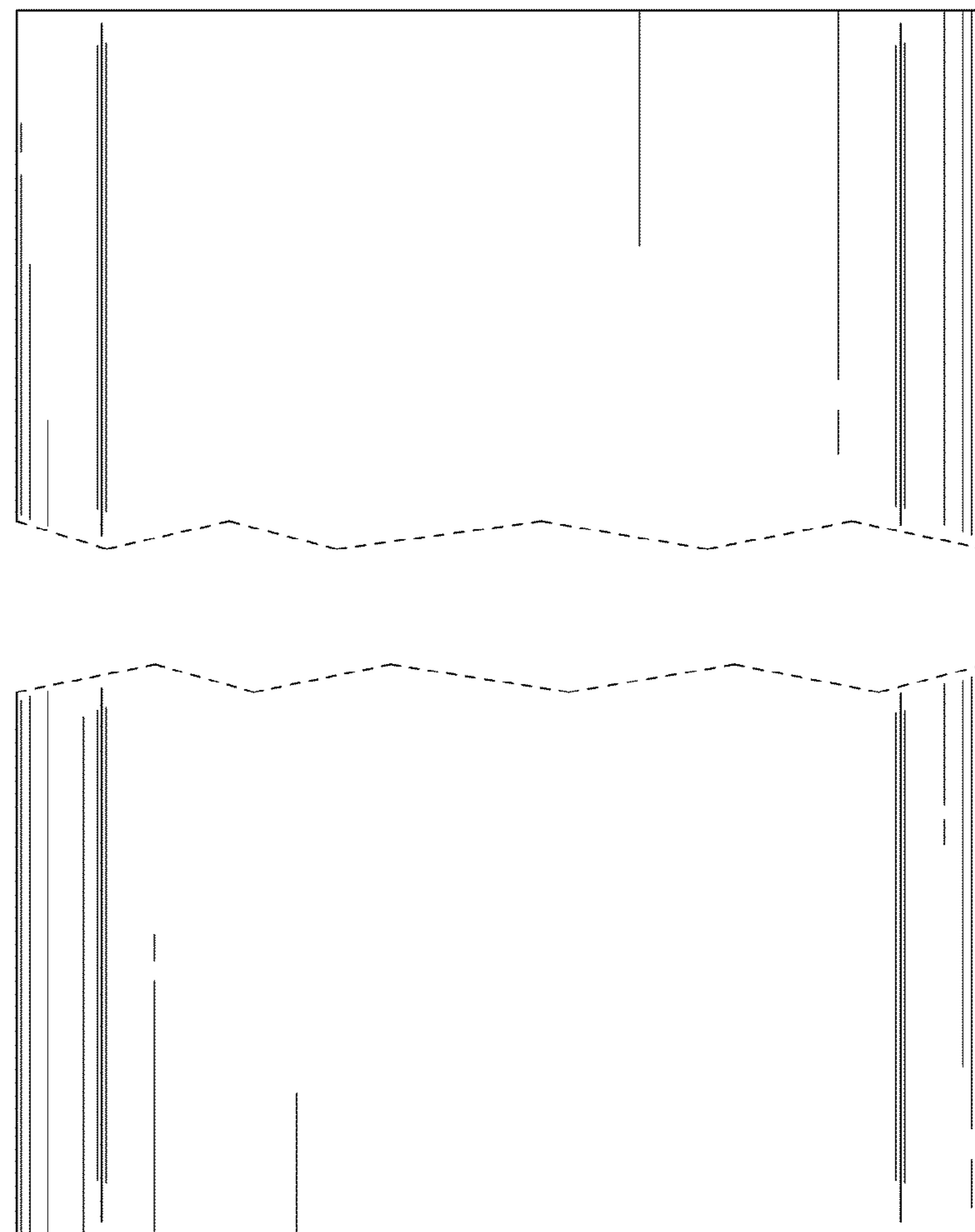


FIG. 4

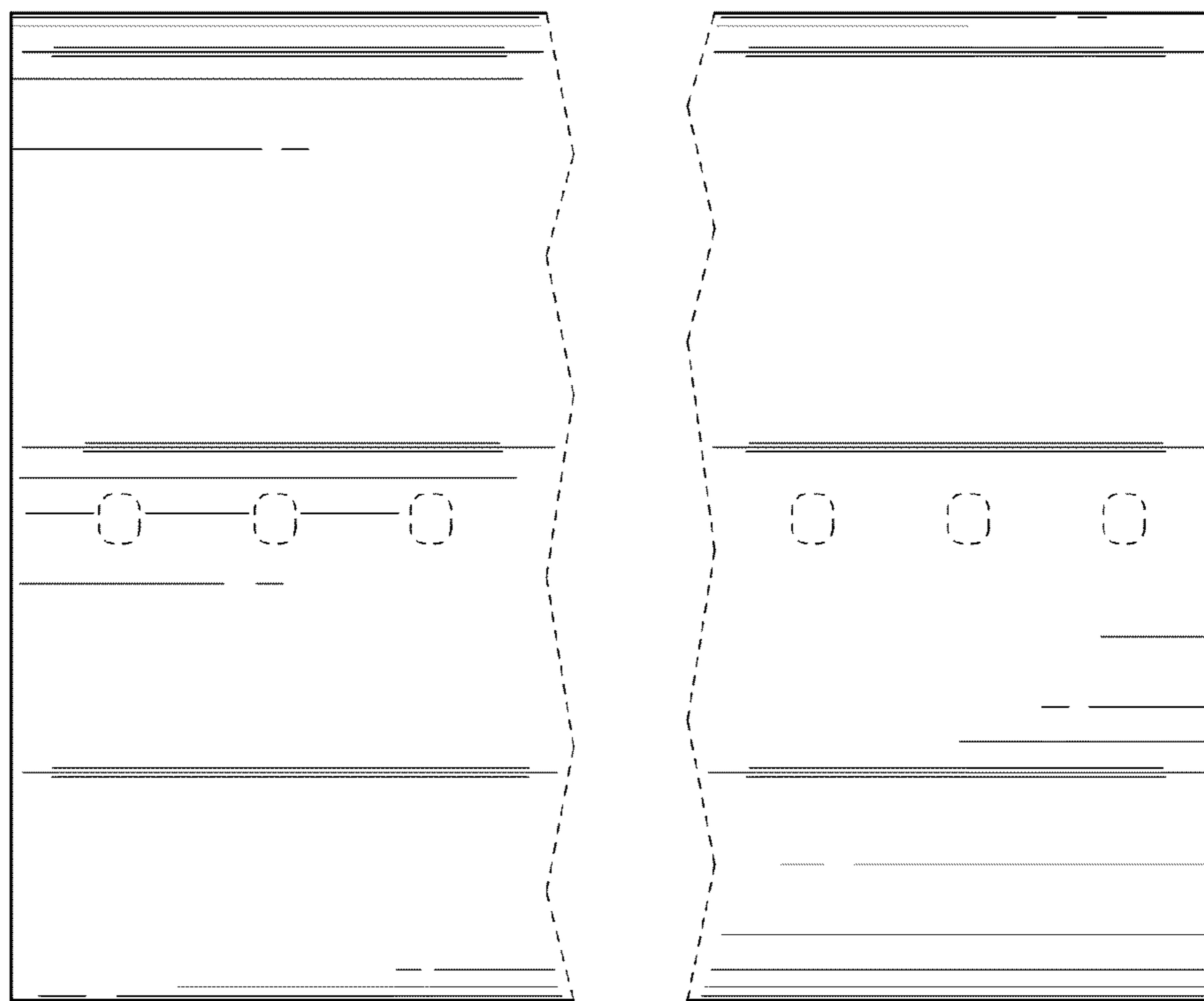


FIG. 5

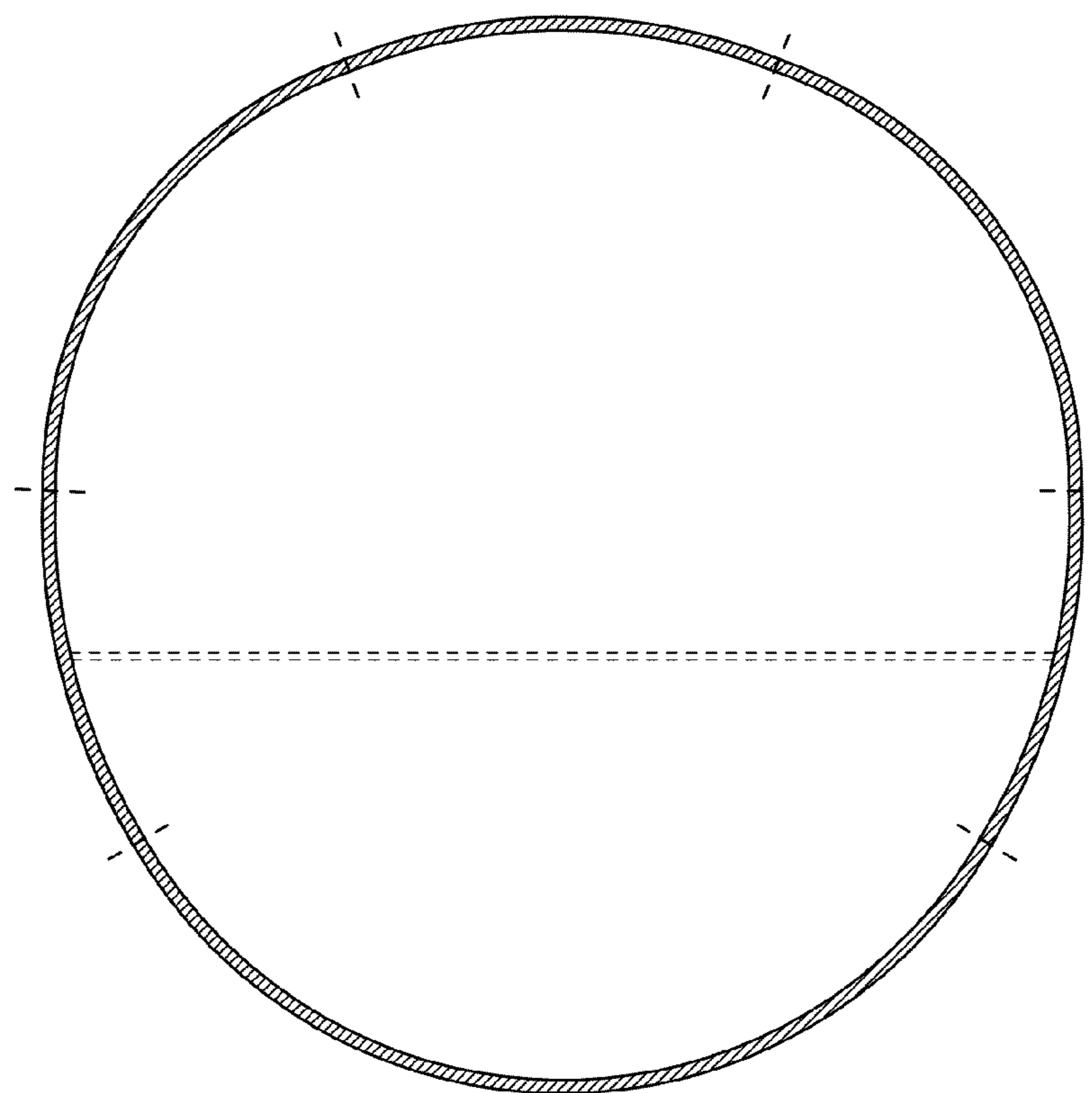


FIG. 6

