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United States Patent [19]

[11] Patent Number: **Des. 358,550**

Takashima

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[54] **CLOCK**

D. 249,873 10/1978 Zabransky D10/26

[75] Inventor: **Asao Takashima, Tokyo, Japan**

D. 255,876 7/1980 Lubs D10/26

[73] Assignee: **Seikosha Co., Ltd., Japan**

D. 347,180 5/1994 Mukoyama D10/26

[**] Term: **14 Years**

Primary Examiner—Nelson C. Holtje
Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Adams & Wilks

[21] Appl. No.: **13,595**

[57] CLAIM

[22] Filed: **Sep. 27, 1993**

The ornamental design for a clock, as shown and described.

[52] U.S. Cl. **D10/24; D10/29**

[58] Field of Search **D10/1-40, D10/122-132; 368/276-277, 285, 316-317**

DESCRIPTION

[56] References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

- D. 118,835 2/1940 Rainbault D10/25
- D. 124,831 1/1941 Bruce D10/25
- D. 137,739 4/1944 Drescher D10/25
- D. 171,478 2/1954 Babel D10/26
- D. 222,378 10/1971 Berkoff D10/26

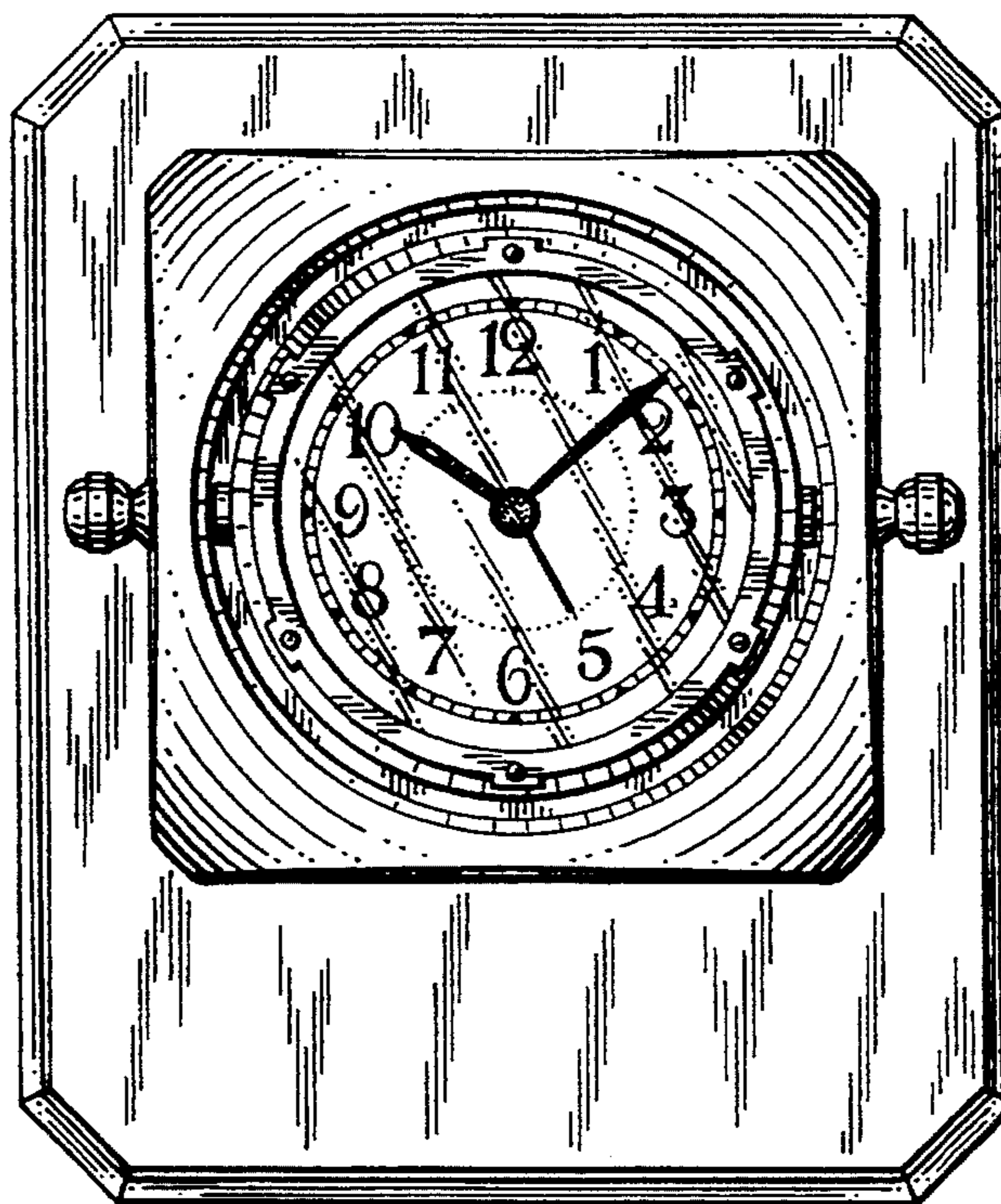
FIG. 1 is a front elevational view of a clock showing my new design with the clock body and dial in a vertical position;

FIG. 2 is a rear elevational view thereof;

FIG. 3 is a top plan view thereof, the bottom being the same in appearance as the top;

FIG. 4 is a right side elevational view thereof, the left side being the same in appearance as the right side; and,

FIG. 5 is a front elevational view thereof with the clock body and dial in an inclined position.



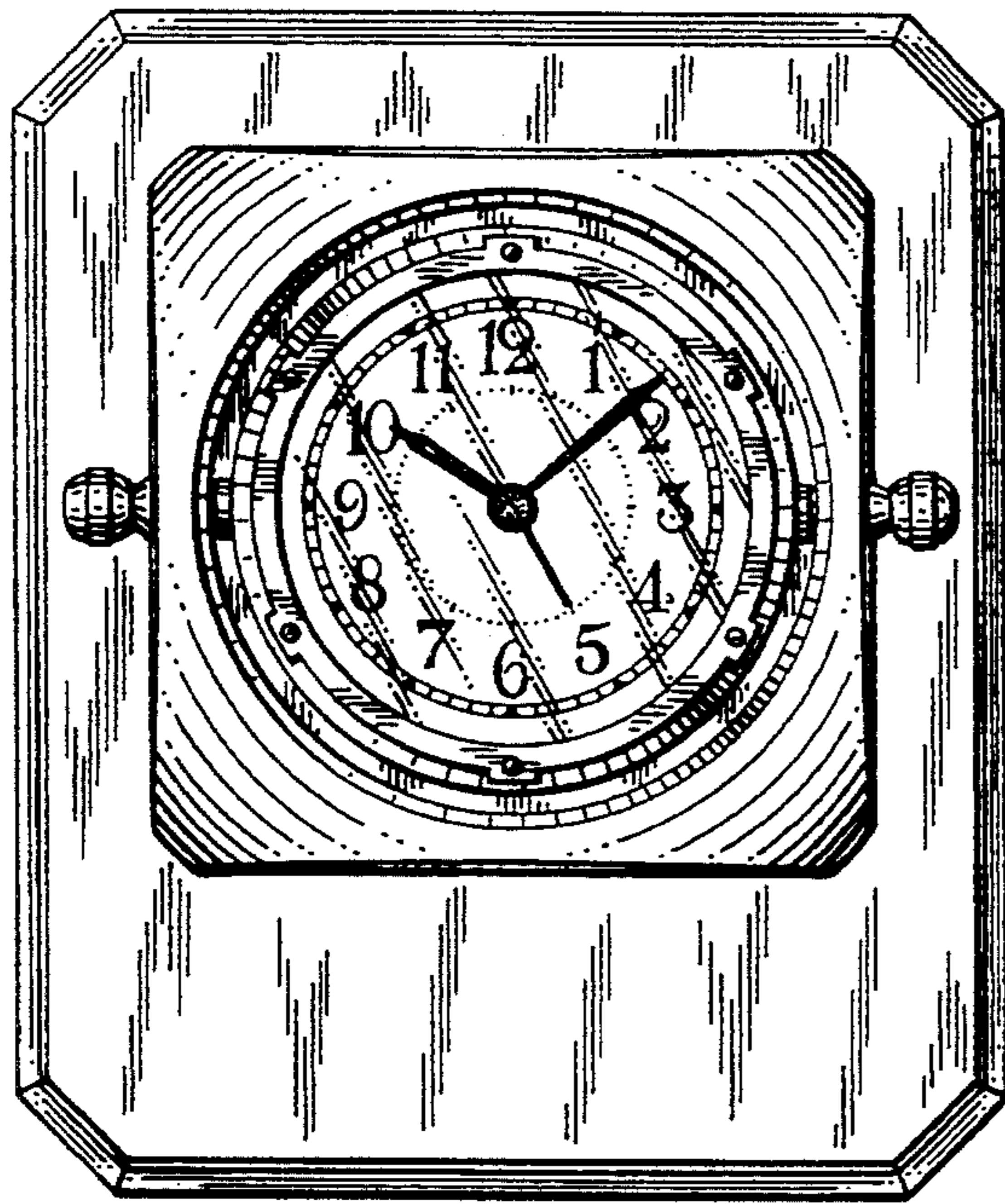


FIG. 1

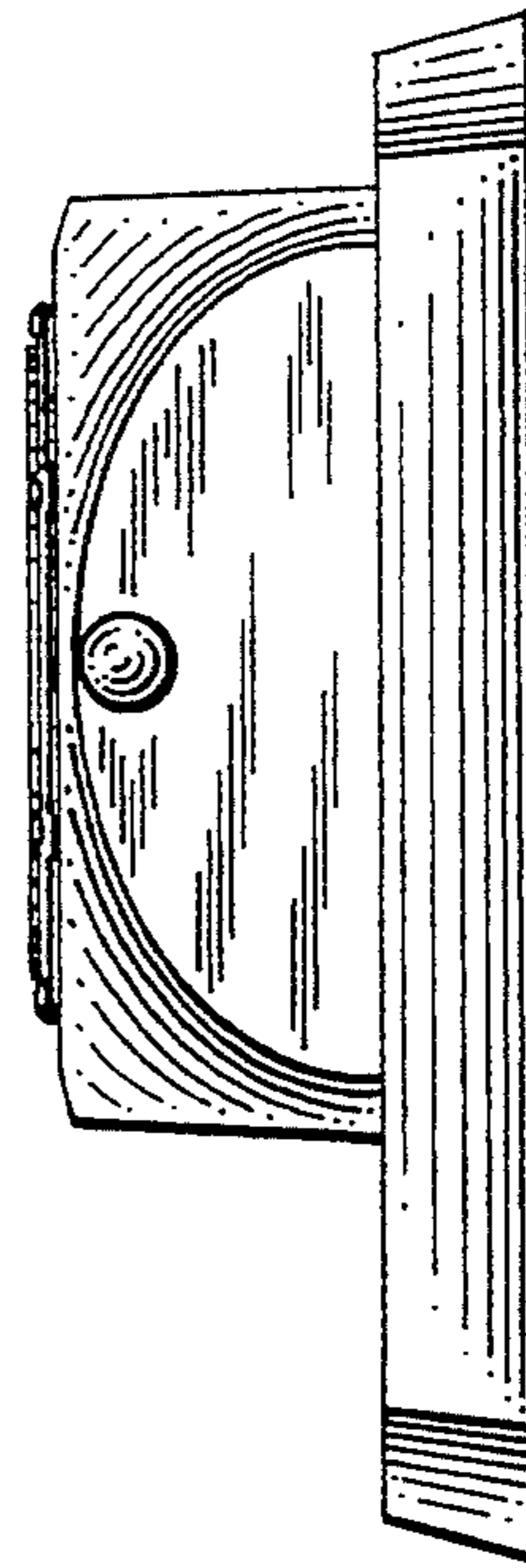


FIG. 4

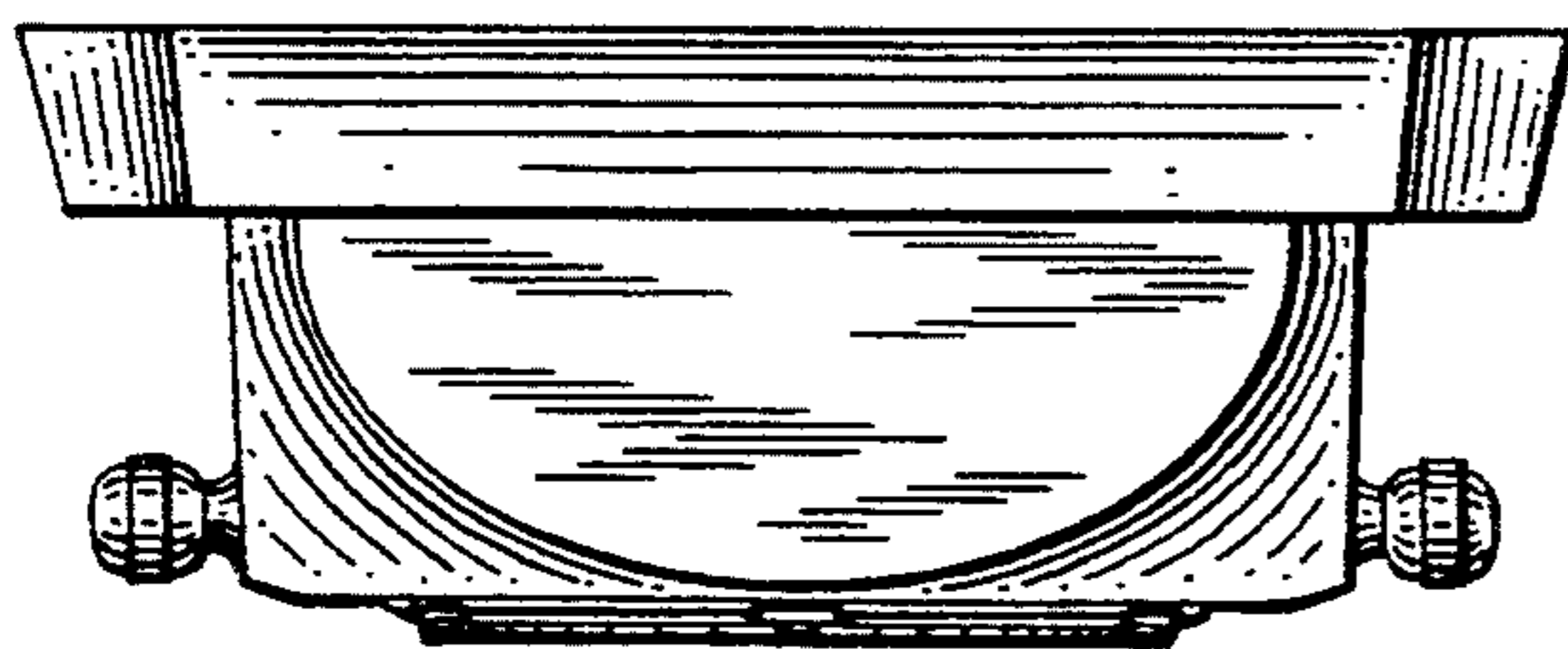


FIG. 3

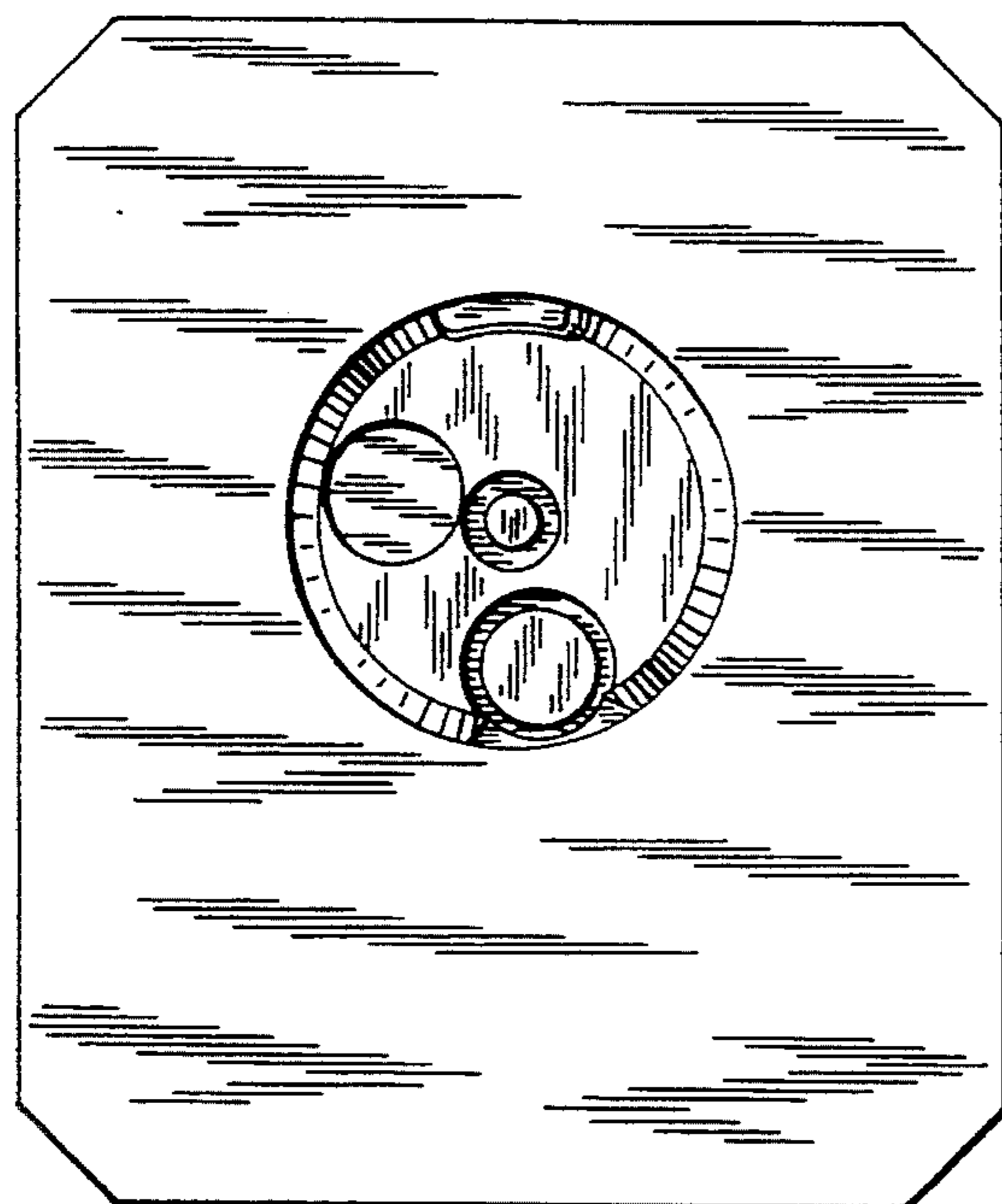


FIG. 2

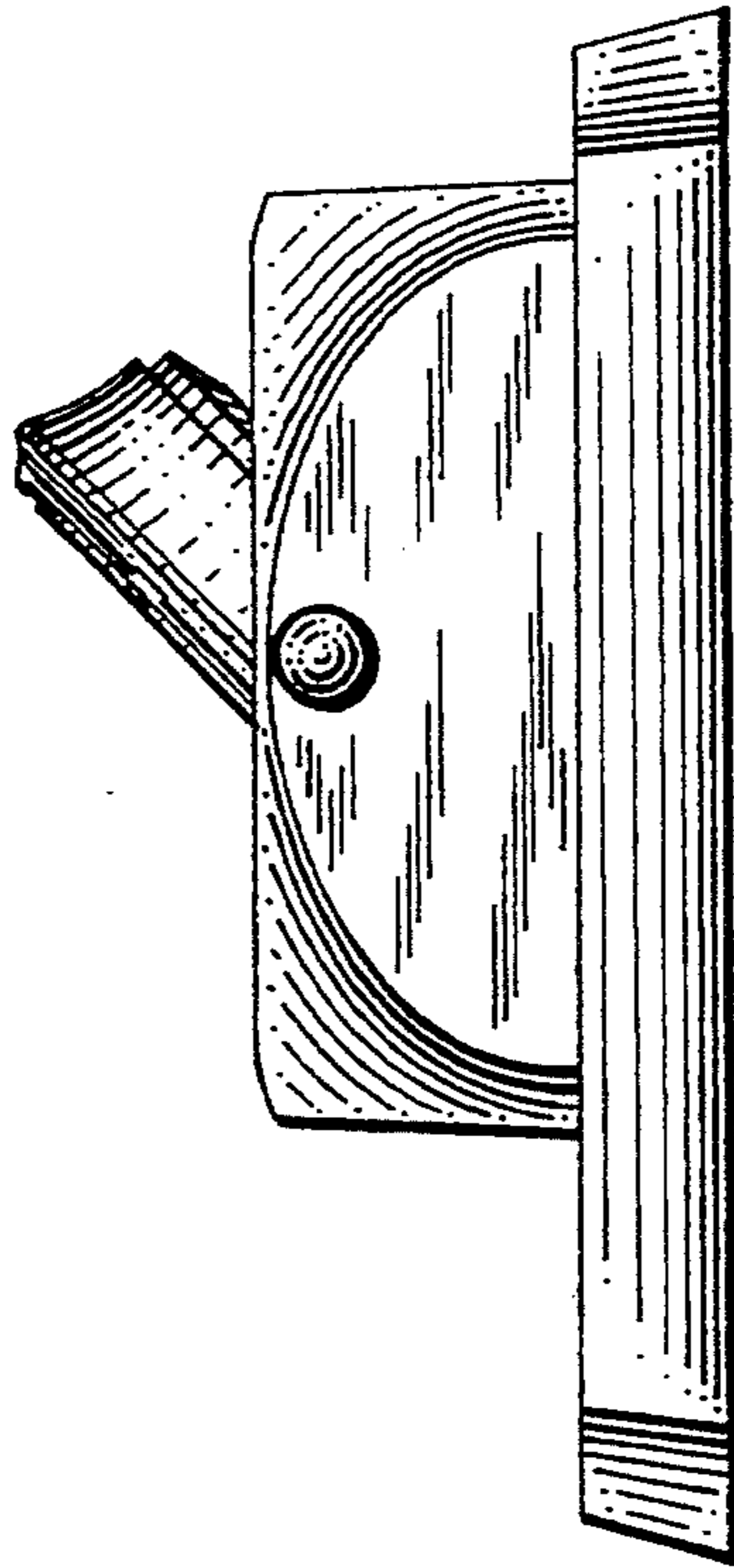


FIG. 5