



US00D345508S

United States Patent [19]

[11] Patent Number: **Des. 345,508**

Takashima

[45] Date of Patent: **** Mar. 29, 1994**

[54] **CLOCK**

[75] Inventor: **Asao Takashima**, Tokyo, Japan

[73] Assignee: **Seikosha Co., Ltd.**, Japan

[**] Term: **14 Years**

[21] Appl. No.: **857,594**

[22] Filed: **Mar. 25, 1992**

[52] U.S. Cl. **D10/24**

[58] Field of Search **368/276-277, 368/285; D10/140, 40, 122-132**

[56] **References Cited**

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

- D. 68,179 9/1925 Weidman D10/27
- D. 85,739 12/1931 Dinstman D10/26
- D. 102,918 1/1937 Rainbault D10/25
- D. 102,919 1/1937 Rainbault D10/25
- D. 103,554 3/1937 Sessions D10/24
- D. 107,004 11/1937 Bars D10/24

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

- 664573 1/1952 Switzerland D10/ 24 X

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Hong Kong Enterprise Jan. 1986 see circled clock, p. 31, #2031.

European Jeweler Sep. 1985, p. 102, see clock upper right.

Primary Examiner—Nelson C. Holtje

Assistant Examiner—Martie Thompson

Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Bruce L. Adams; Van C. Wilks

[57] **CLAIM**

The ornamental design for a clock, as shown and described.

DESCRIPTION

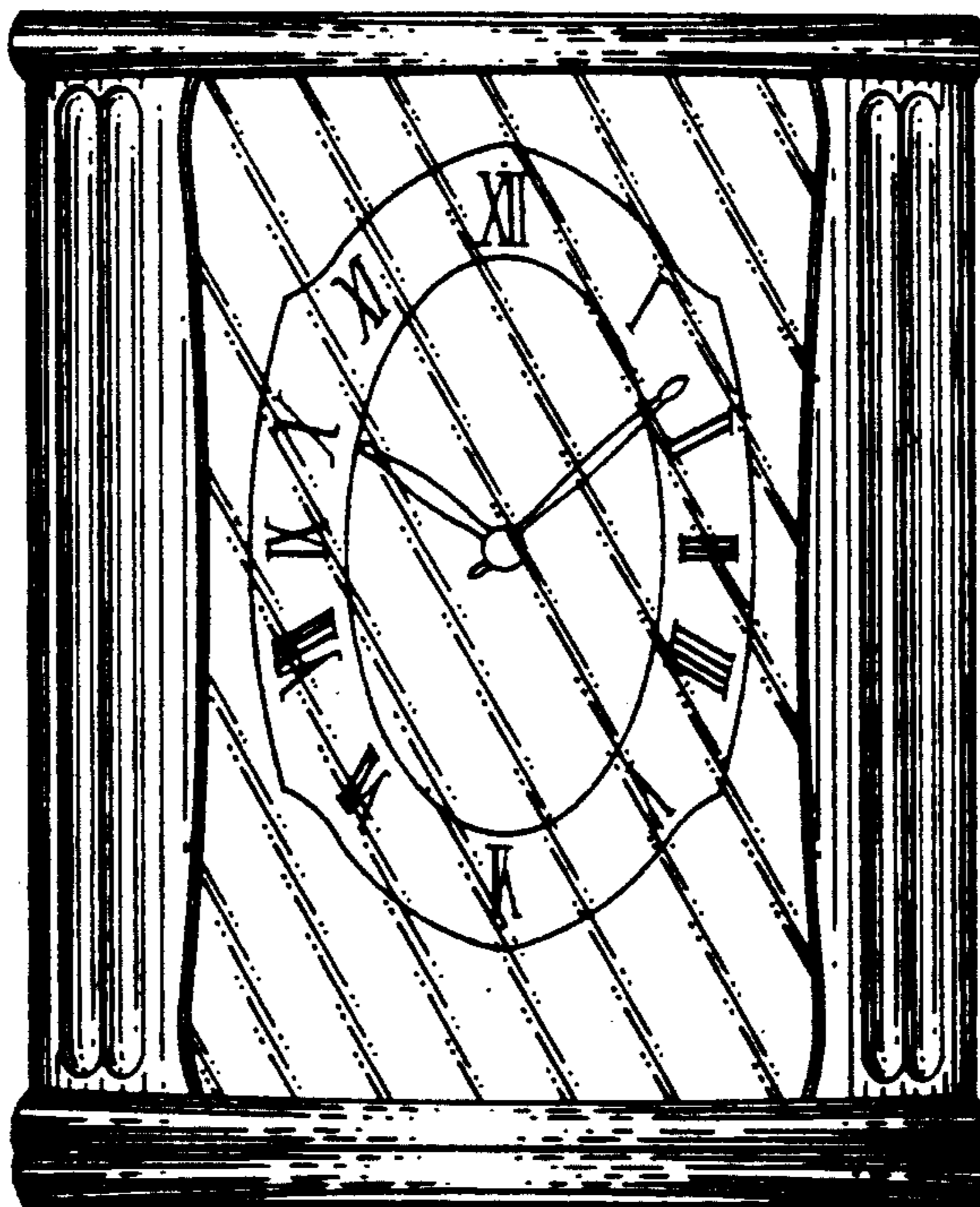
FIG. 1 is a front elevational view of a clock showing my new design;

FIG. 2 is a rear elevational view thereof;

FIG. 3 is a right side elevational view thereof, the left side being the same in appearance as the right side;

FIG. 4 is a top plan view thereof; and,

FIG. 5 is a bottom plan view thereof.



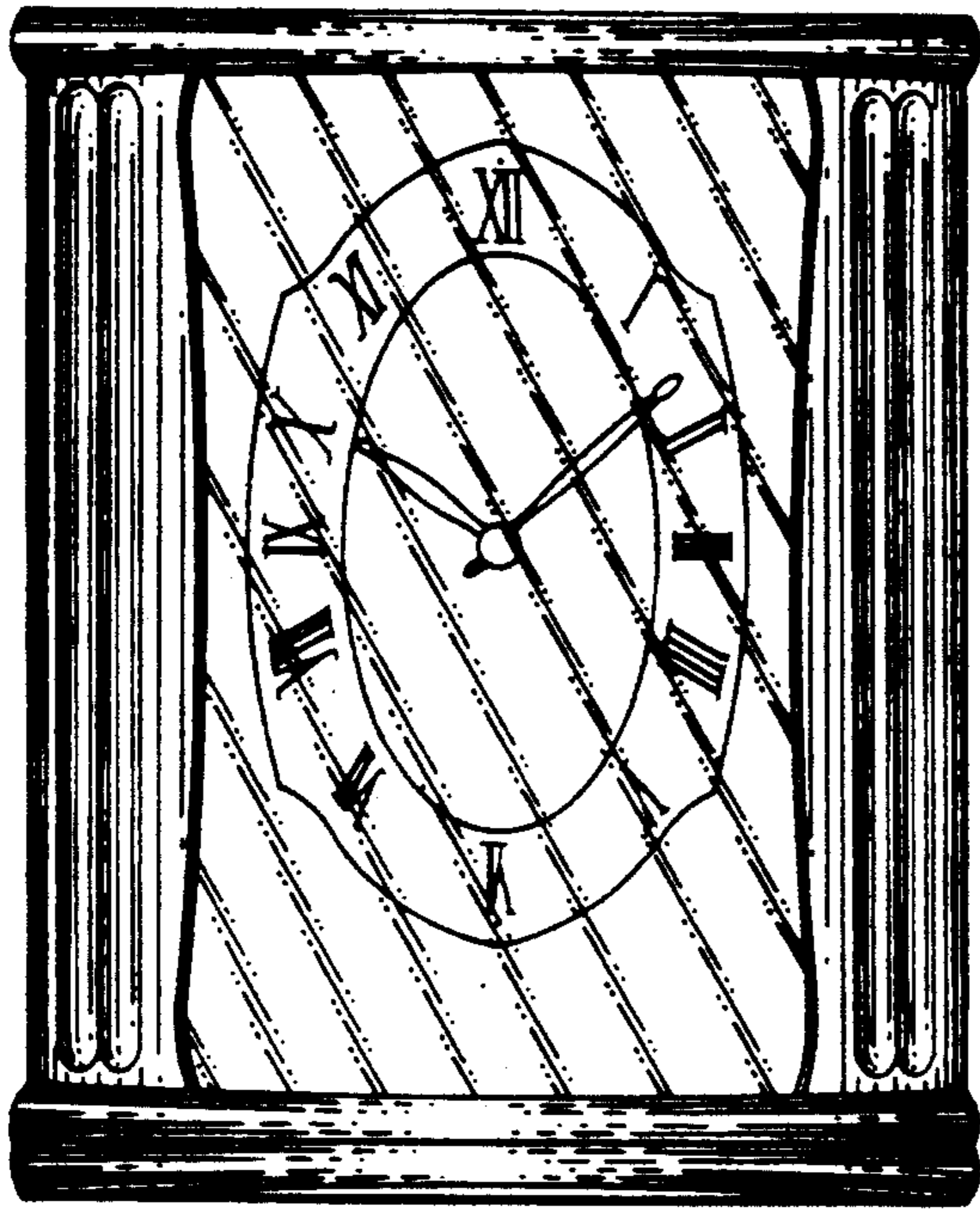


FIG. 1

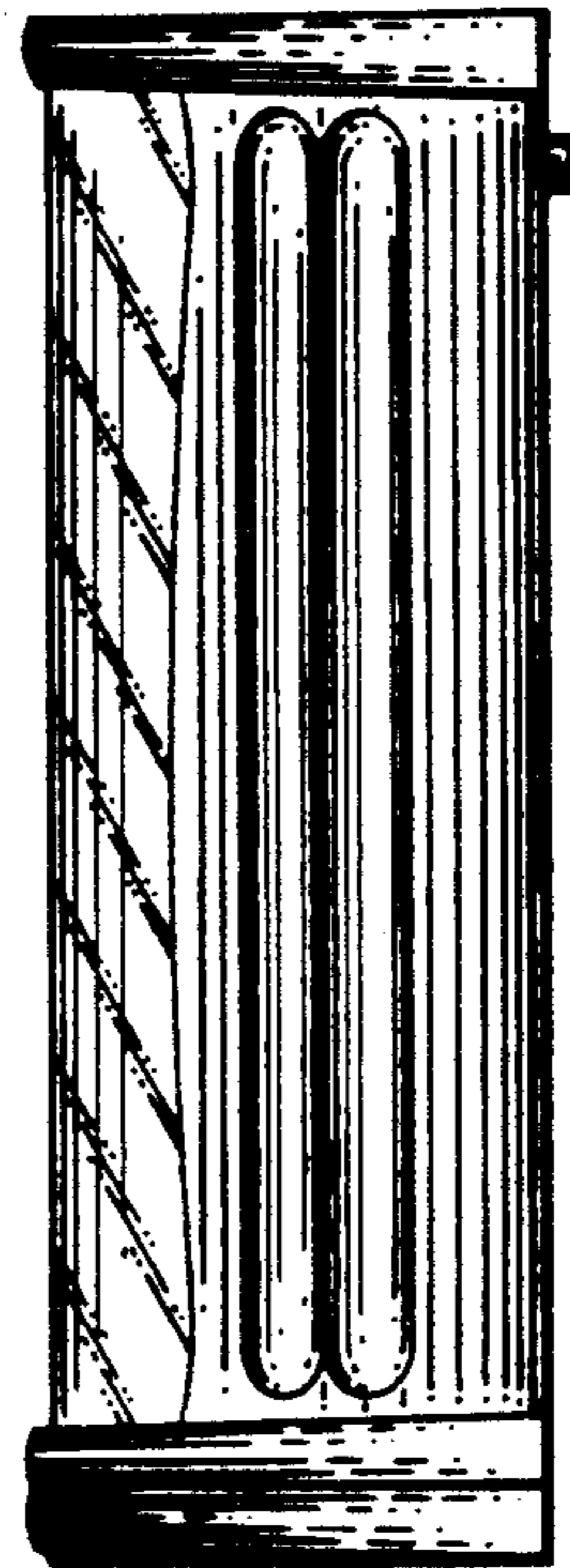


FIG. 3

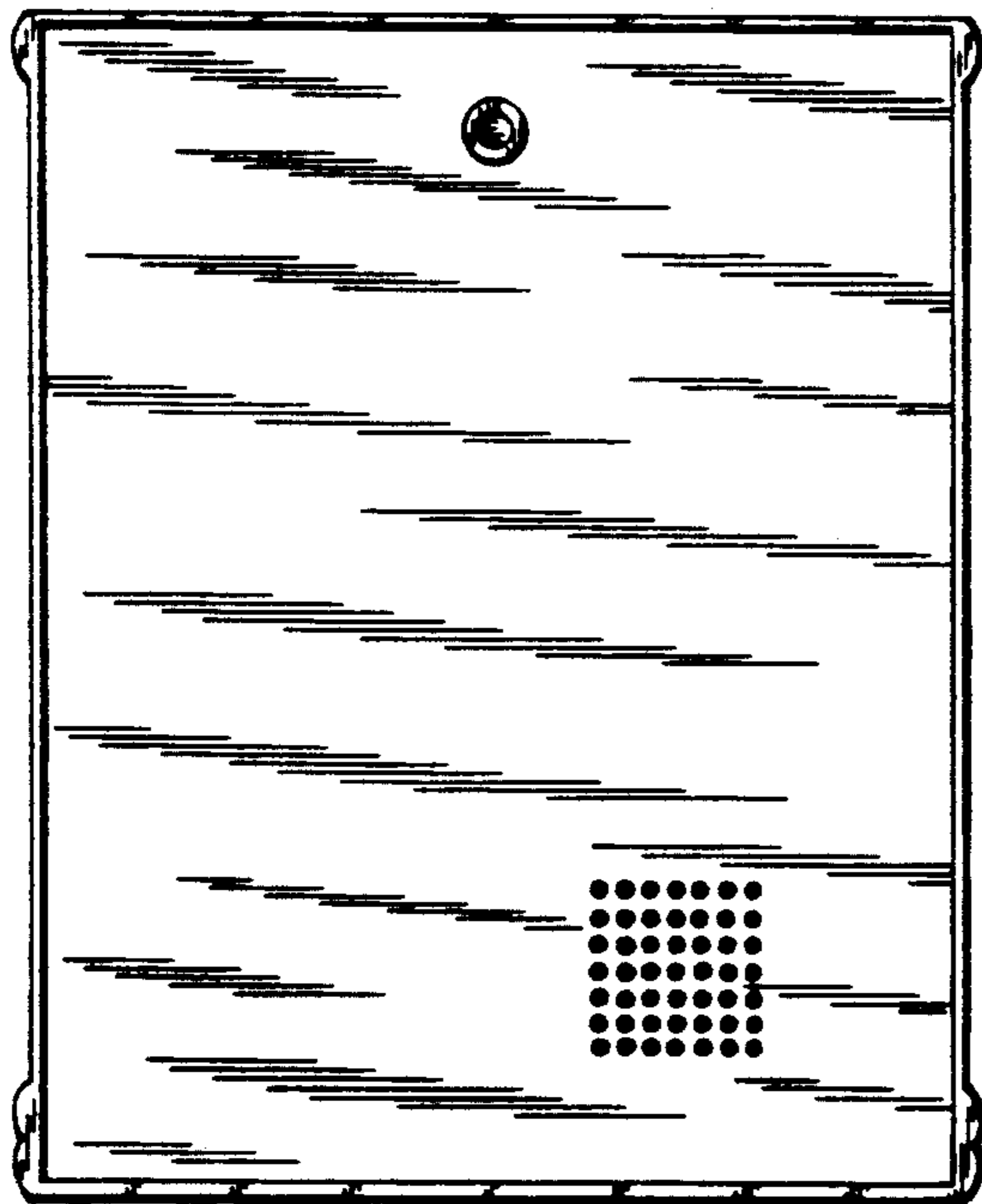


FIG. 2

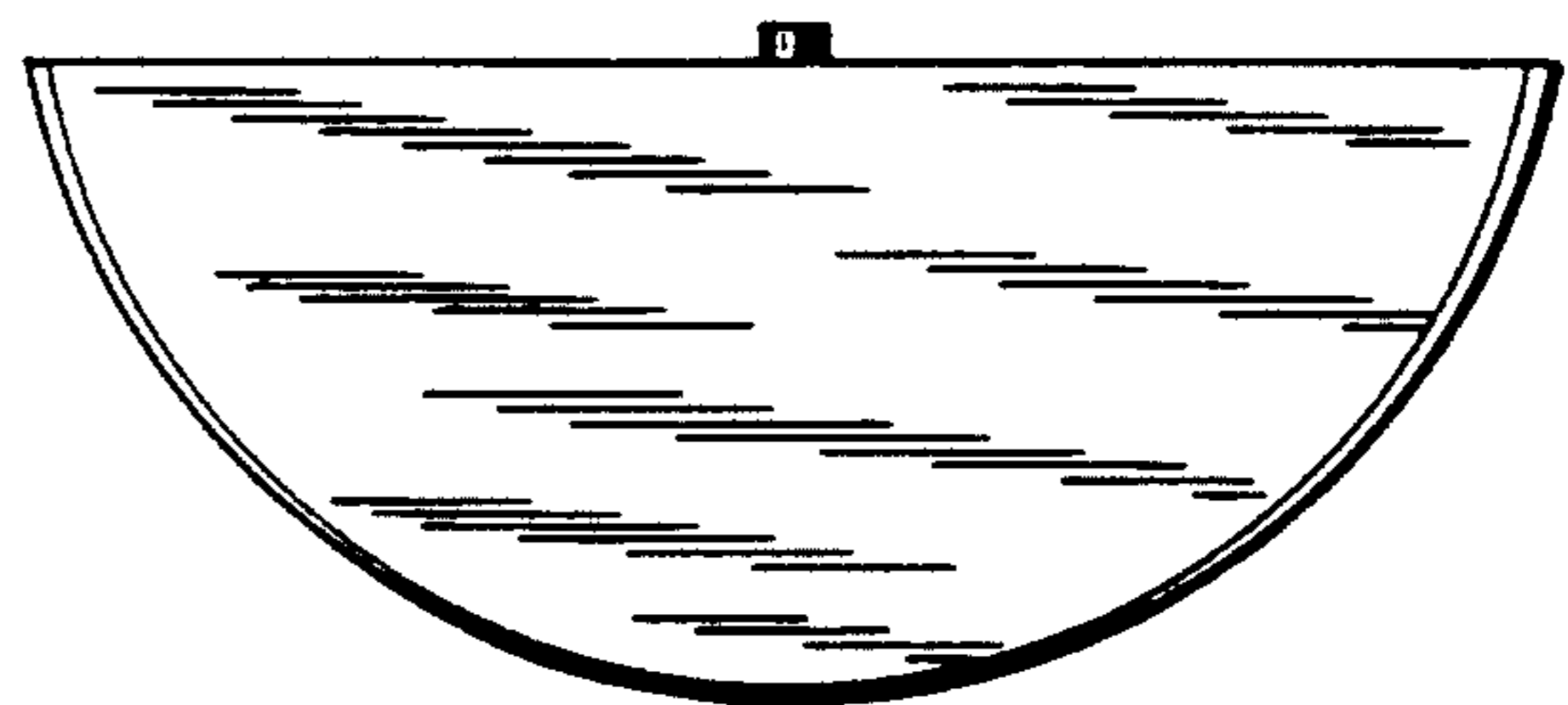


FIG. 4

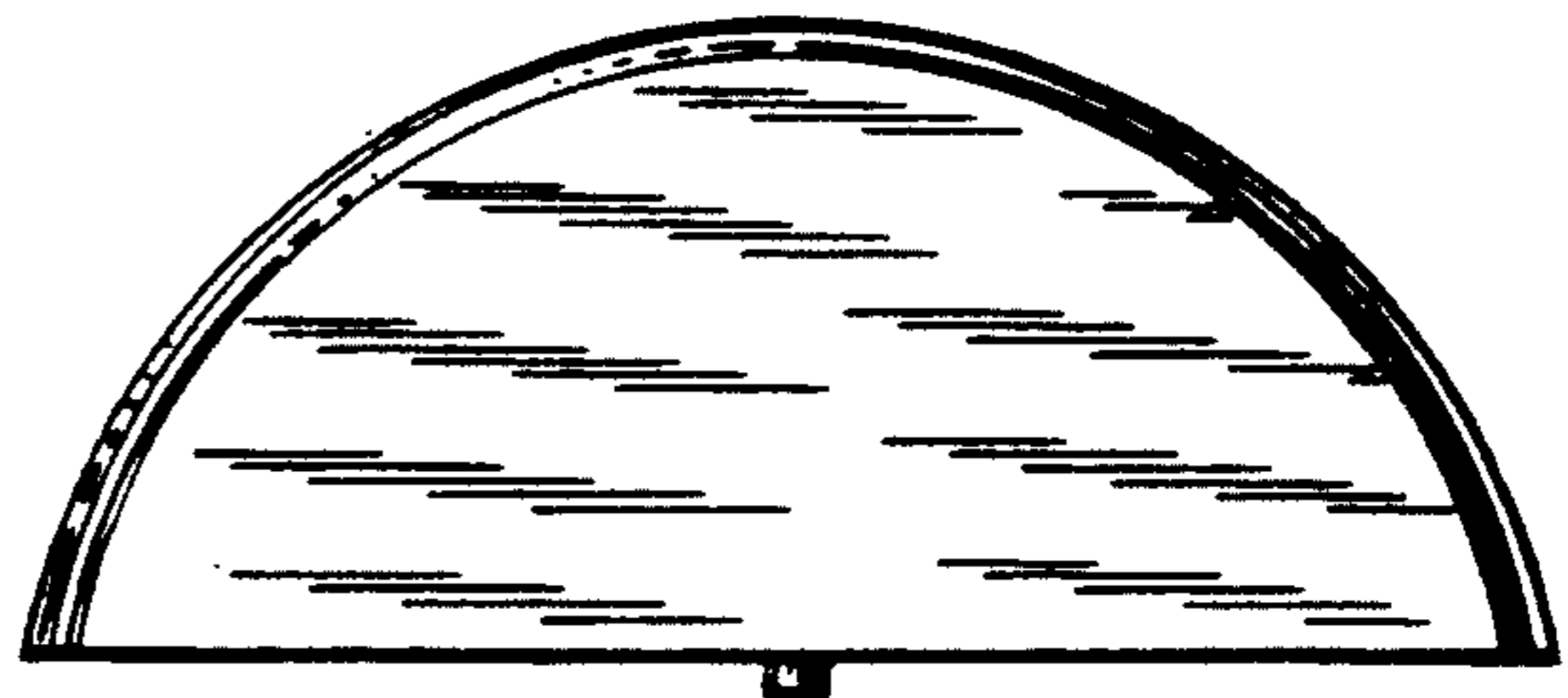


FIG. 5