

[54] TEAT IMPLANT

[75] Inventor: Francis W. Child, Cody, Wyo.

[73] Assignee: Child Laboratories Inc., Cody, Wyo.

[**] Term: 14 Years

[21] Appl. No.: 437,267

[22] Filed: Oct. 28, 1982

[52] U.S. Cl. D24/23

[58] Field of Search 128/341, 343;
119/14.21, 14.19, 14.2; D24/23, 99

[56] References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

D. 232,780	9/1974	Zackheim	.....	D24/23
D. 266,871	11/1982	Child	.....	D24/23
1,268,576	6/1918	Jensen	.....	128/341
1,899,492	2/1933	Beebe	.....	128/341
2,368,576	1/1945	Smith	.....	128/341
2,450,217	9/1948	Alcorn	.....	128/350
2,664,894	1/1954	Gariepy	.....	128/341 X
2,832,343	4/1958	Mose	.....	128/341 X
3,703,898	11/1972	Zackheim	.....	128/261
3,821,956	7/1974	Gordhamer	.....	128/343
3,938,517	2/1976	Anderson	.....	128/341 X
4,281,658	8/1981	Child	.....	128/341
4,308,859	1/1982	Child	.....	128/1 R

Primary Examiner—Catherine E. Kemper
Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Burd, Bartz & Gutenkauf

[57] CLAIM

The ornamental design for teat implant, as shown and described.

DESCRIPTION

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of a teat implant, showing my new design;

FIG. 2 is a top view of FIG. 1, the bottom view being identical thereto;

FIG. 3 is a front elevational view of FIG. 1, the rear elevational view being identical thereto;

FIG. 4 is a right side view of FIG. 1, the left side view being identical thereto;

FIG. 5 is a perspective view of a second embodiment of the teat implant;

FIG. 6 is a top view of FIG. 5, the bottom view being a mirror image thereof;

FIG. 7 is a front elevational view of FIG. 5, the rear elevational view being identical thereto;

FIG. 8 is a side elevational view of the right side of FIG. 5, the left side being identical thereto;

FIG. 9 is a perspective view of a third embodiment of the teat implant;

FIG. 10 is a top view of FIG. 9, the bottom view being a mirror image thereof;

FIG. 11 is a front elevational view of FIG. 9, the rear elevational view being identical thereto; and

FIG. 12 is a side elevational view of the right side of FIG. 9, the left side being identical thereto.

The teat implant is a plastic member having vanes attached to a central core. The vanes are coated with a first metal, such as silver. The core is coated with a second metal, such as gold. The first and second metals are separated from each other.

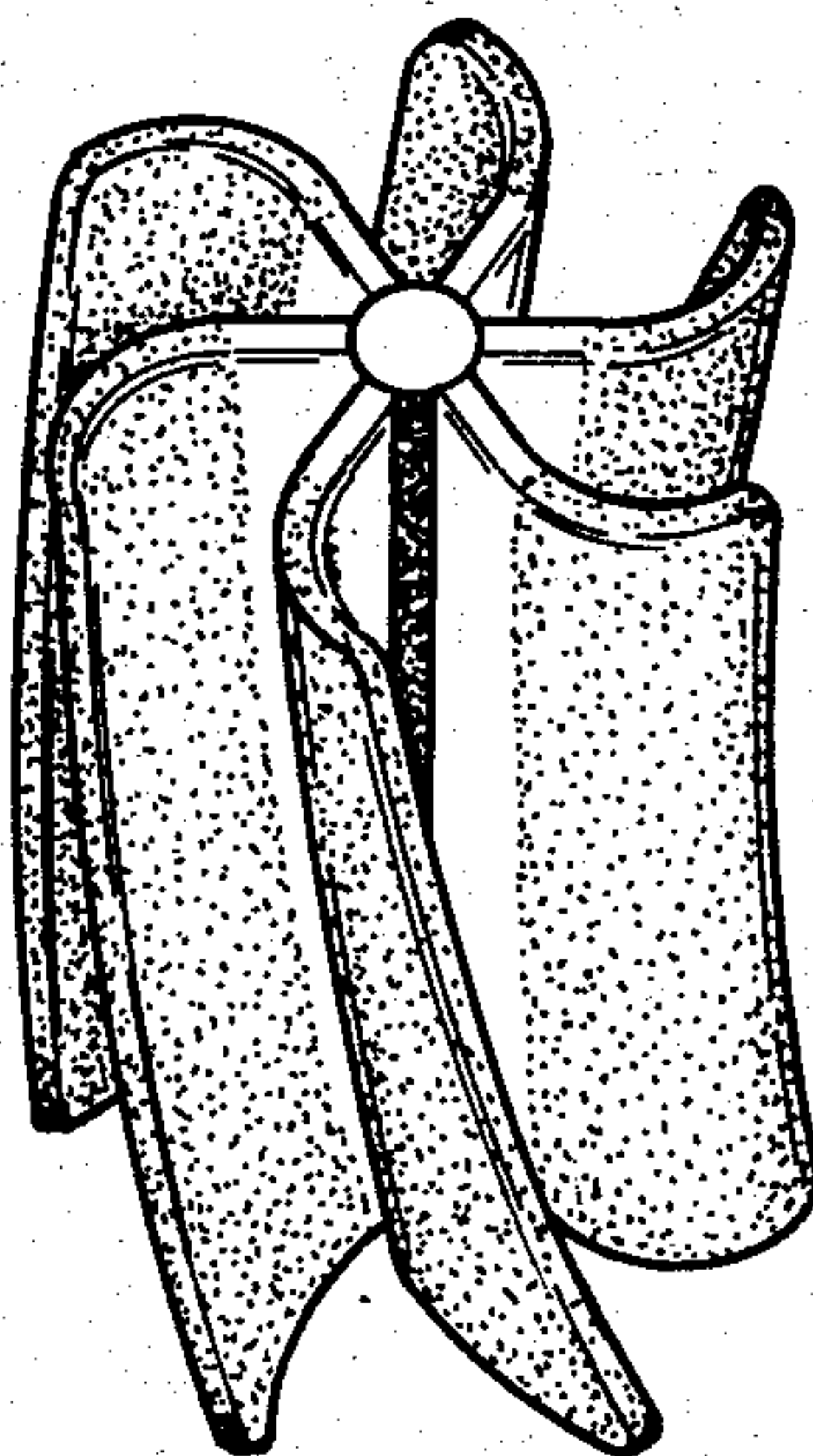


Fig. 1

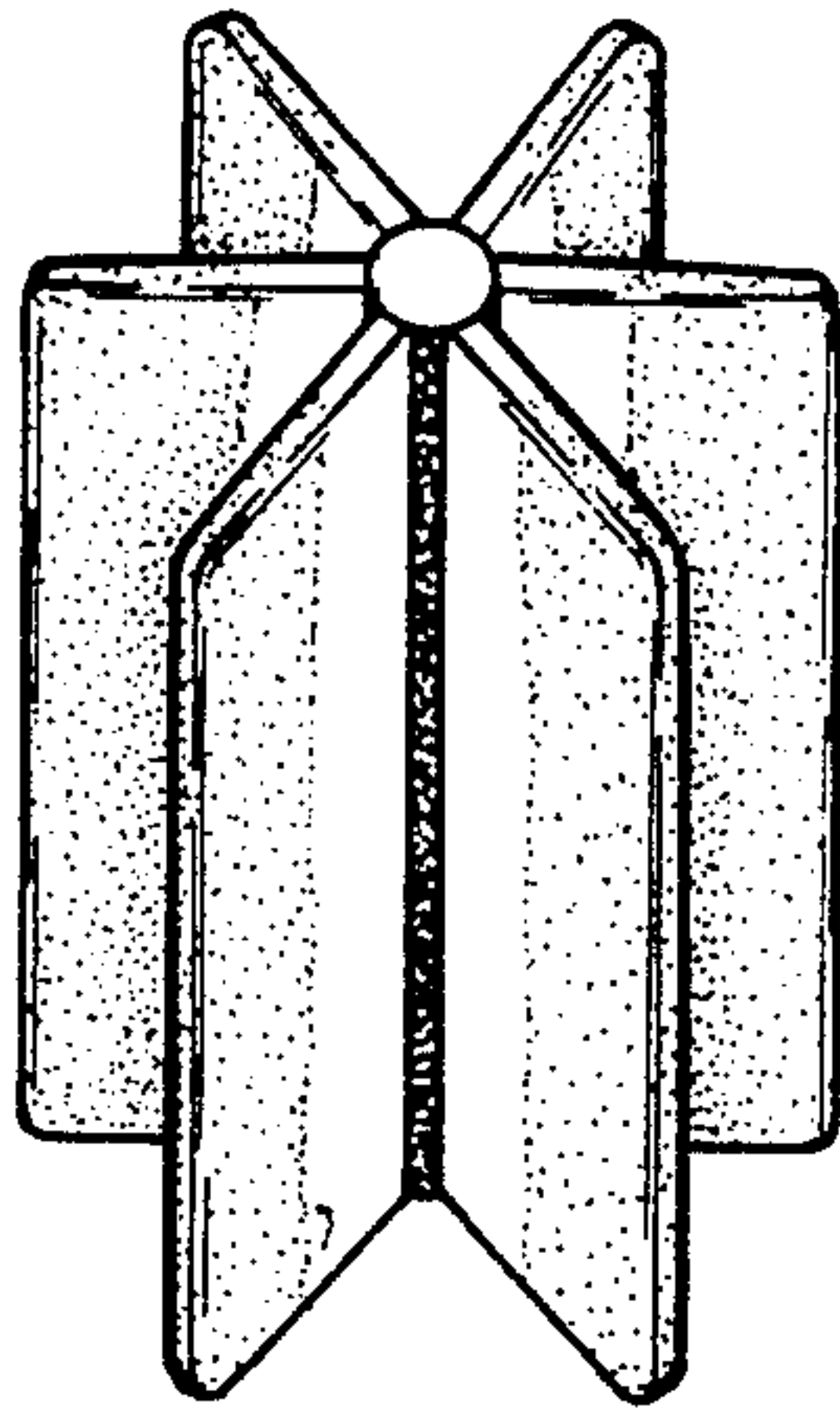


Fig. 2

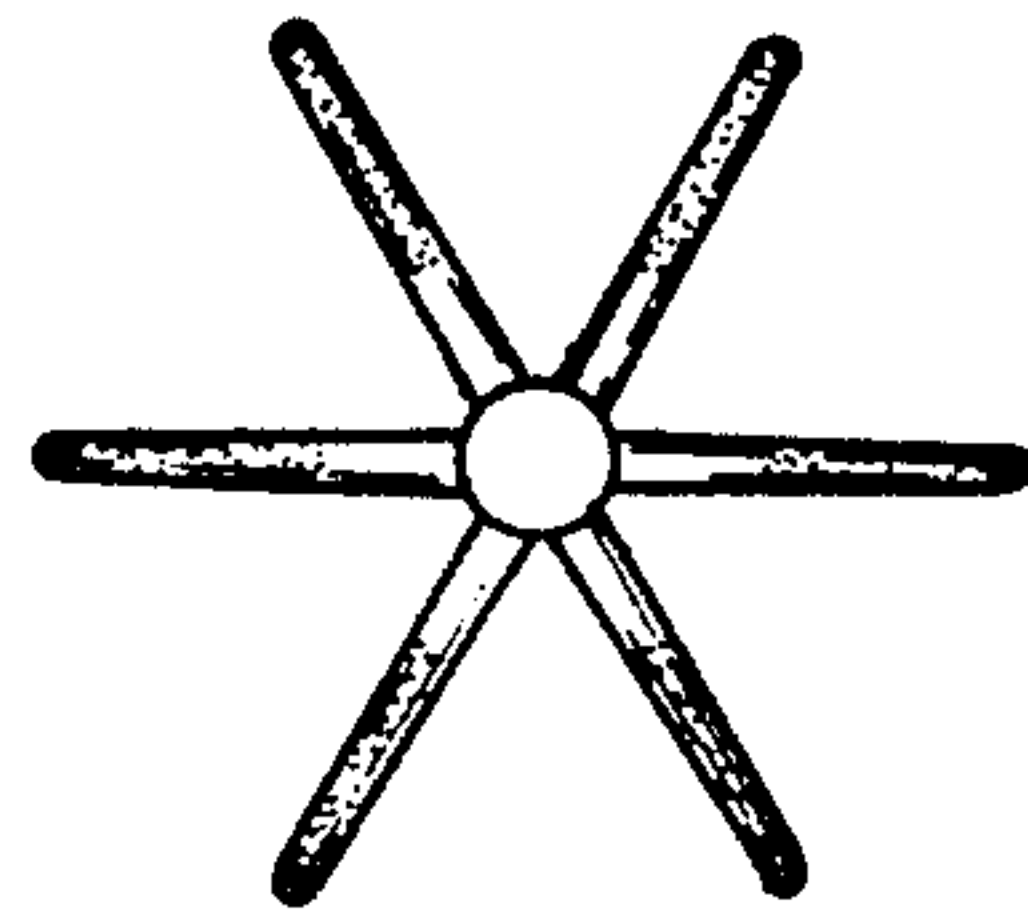


Fig. 3

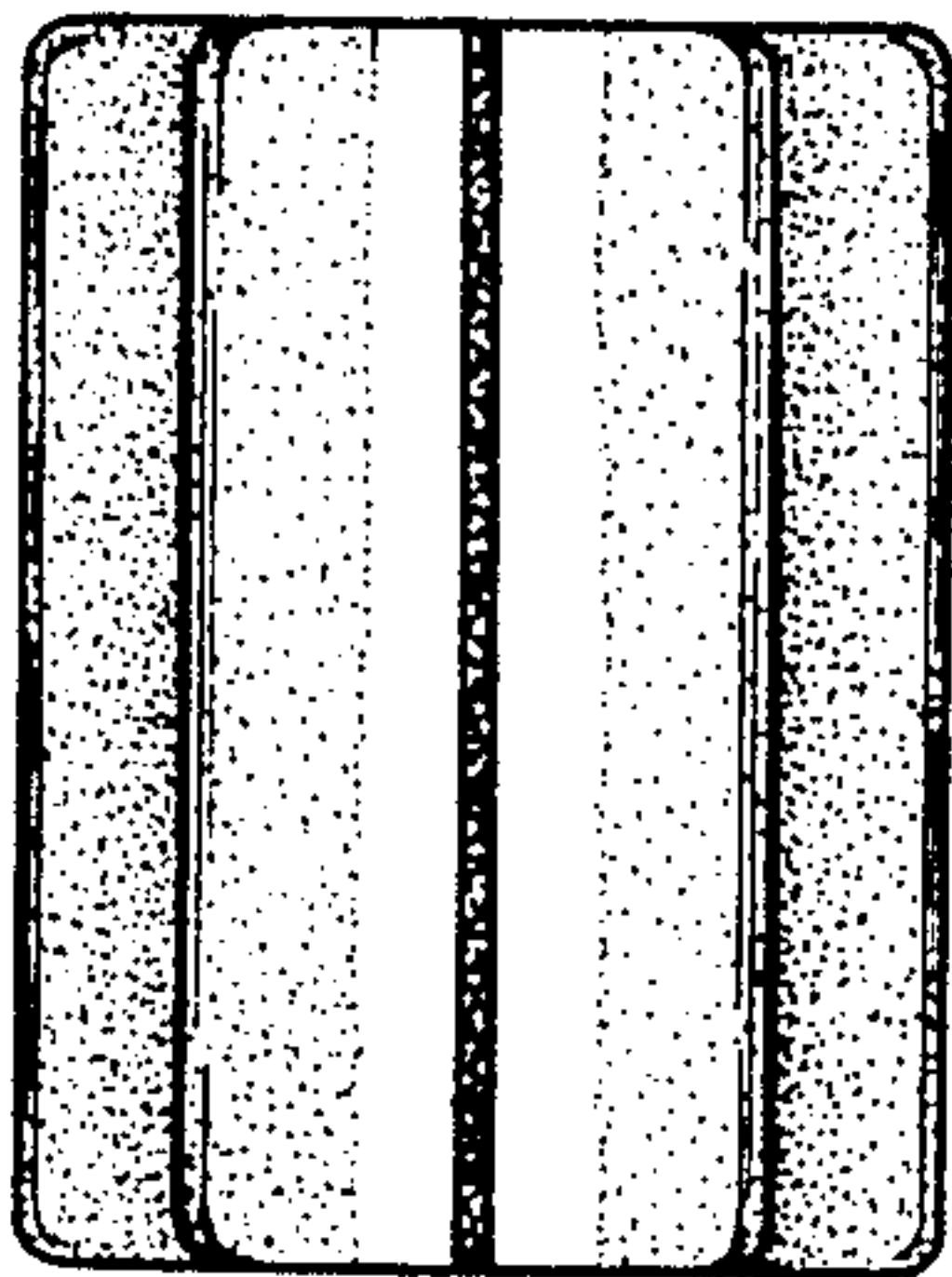


Fig. 4

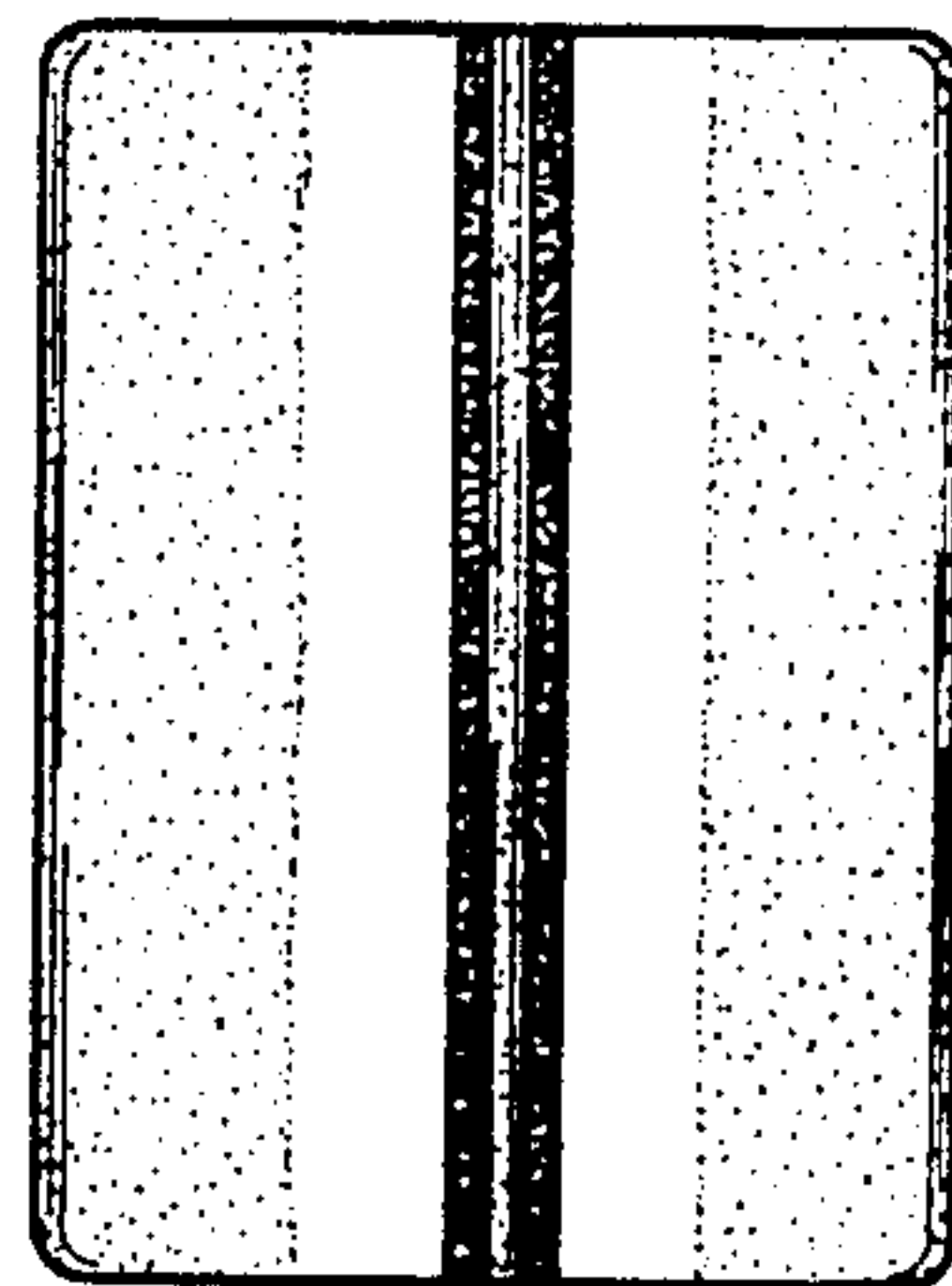


Fig. 5

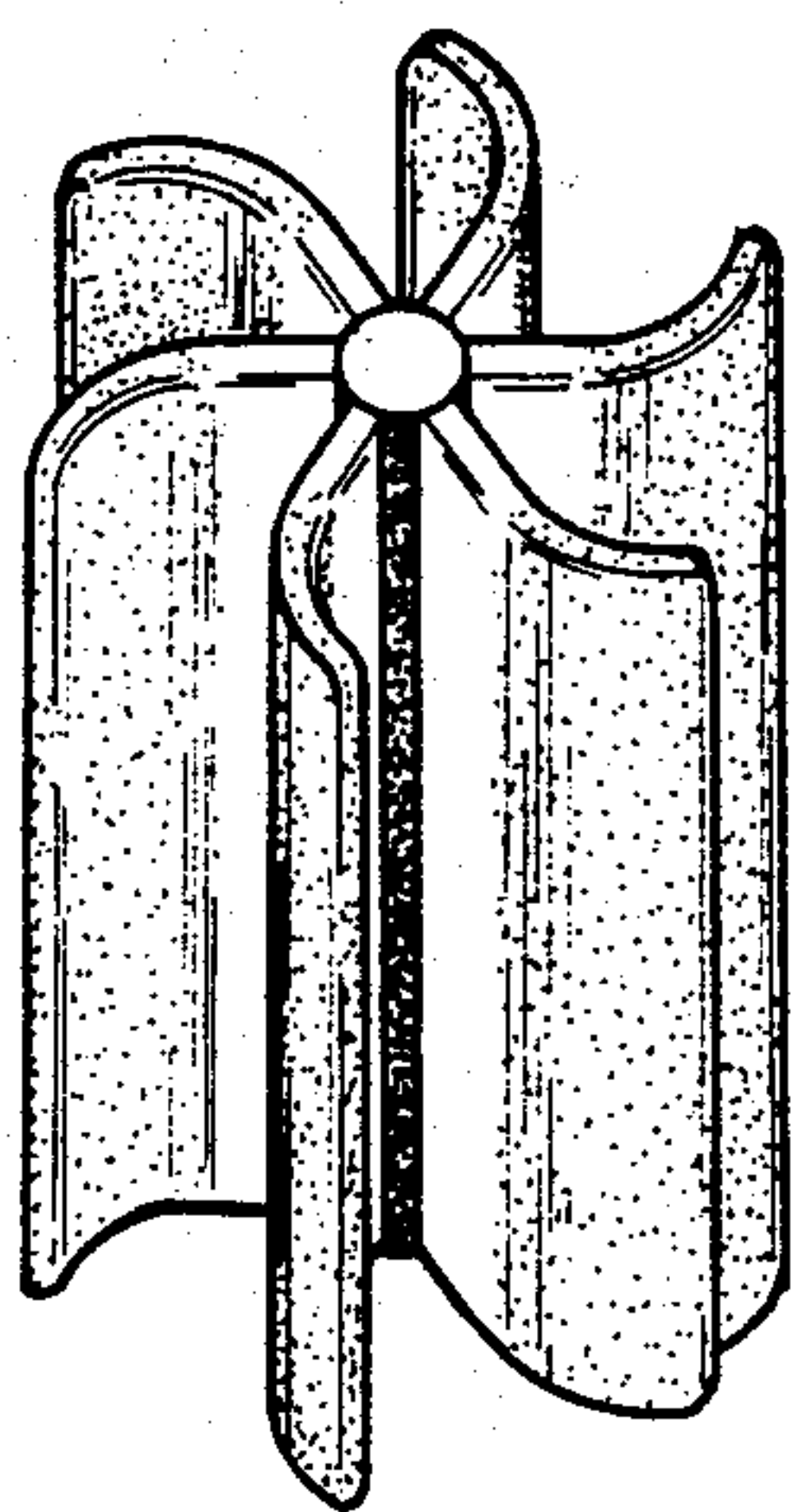


Fig. 6

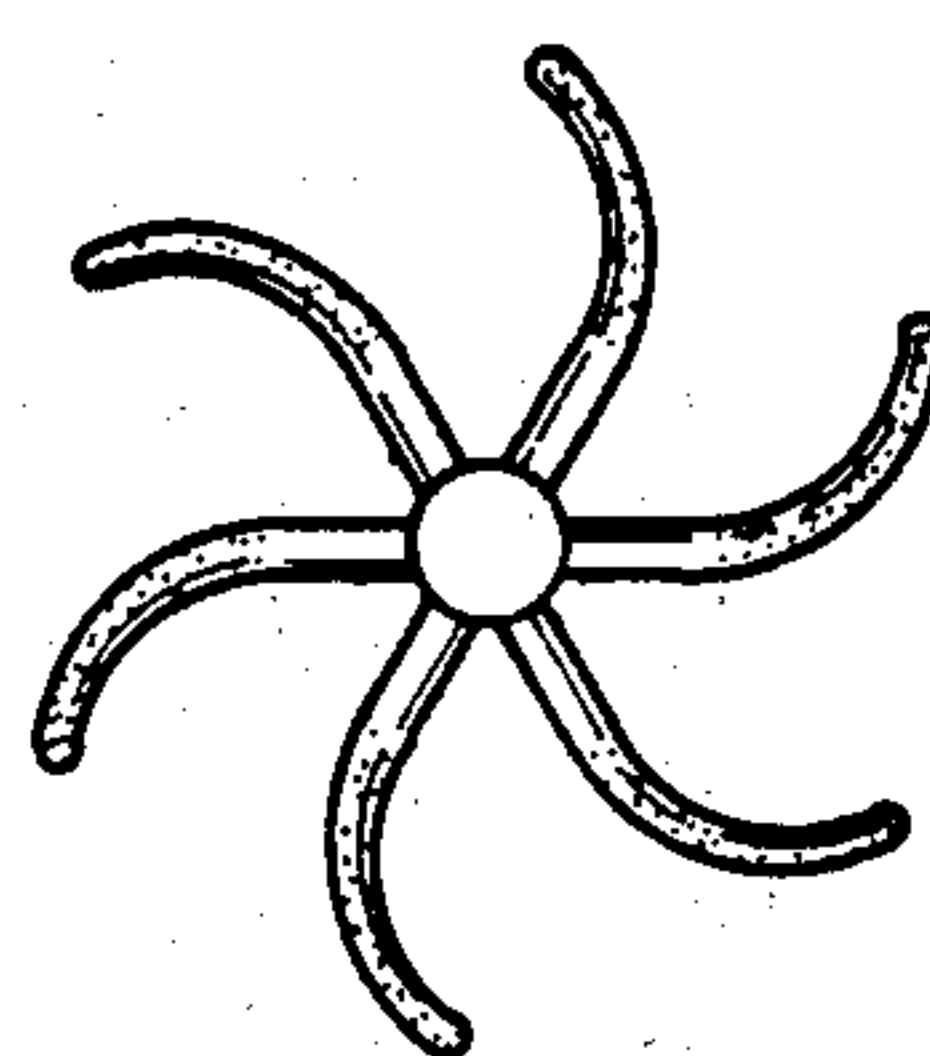


Fig. 7

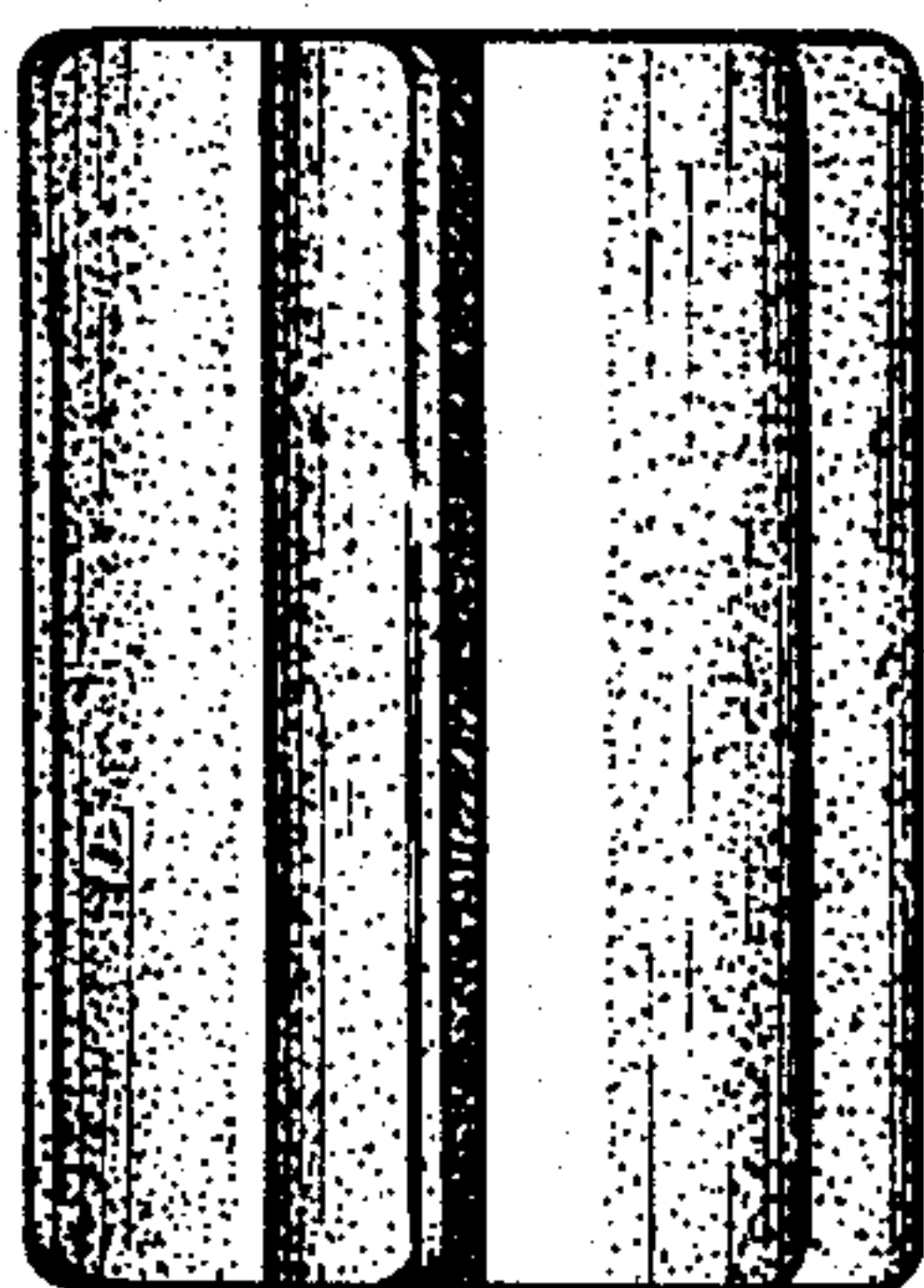


Fig. 8

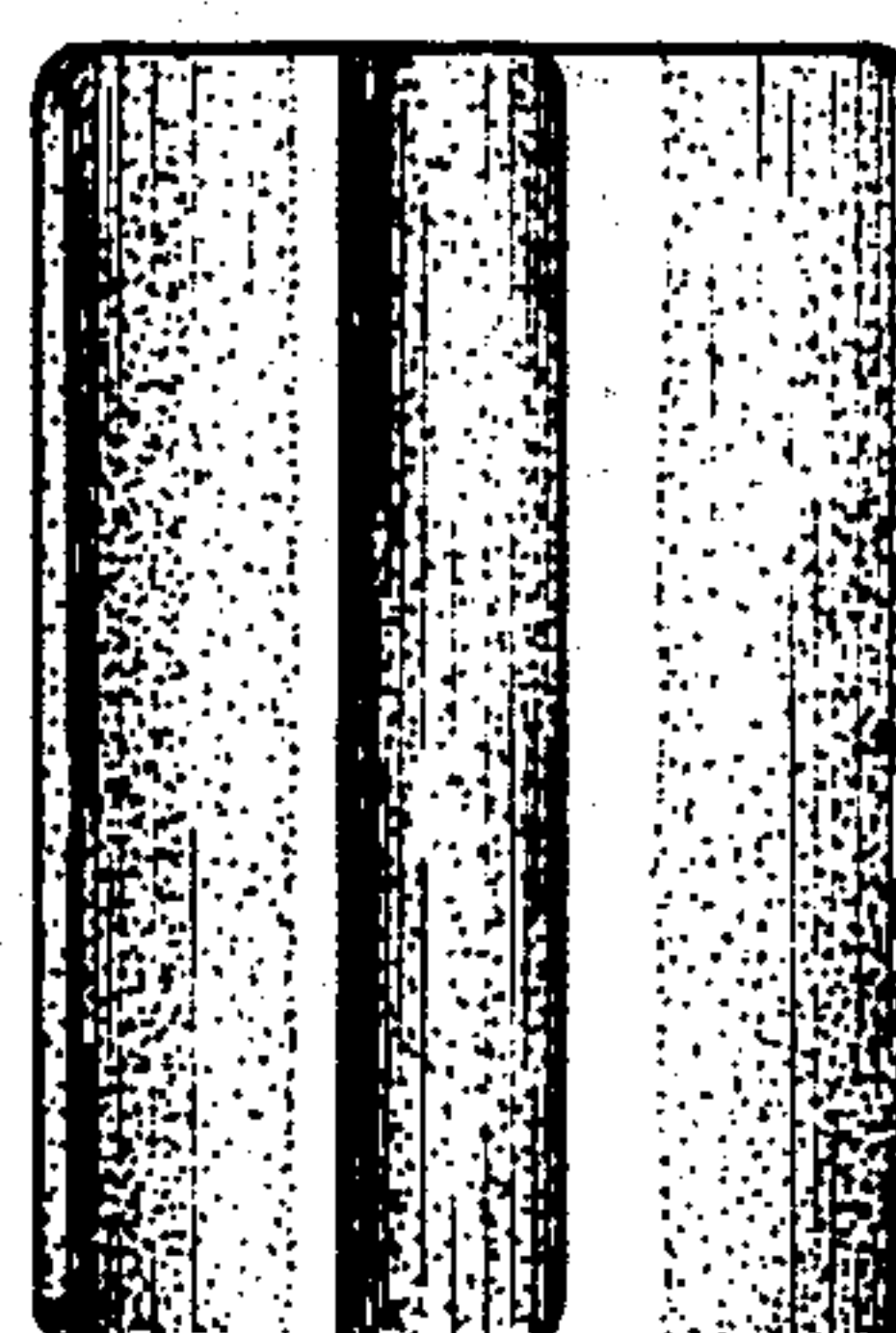


Fig. 9

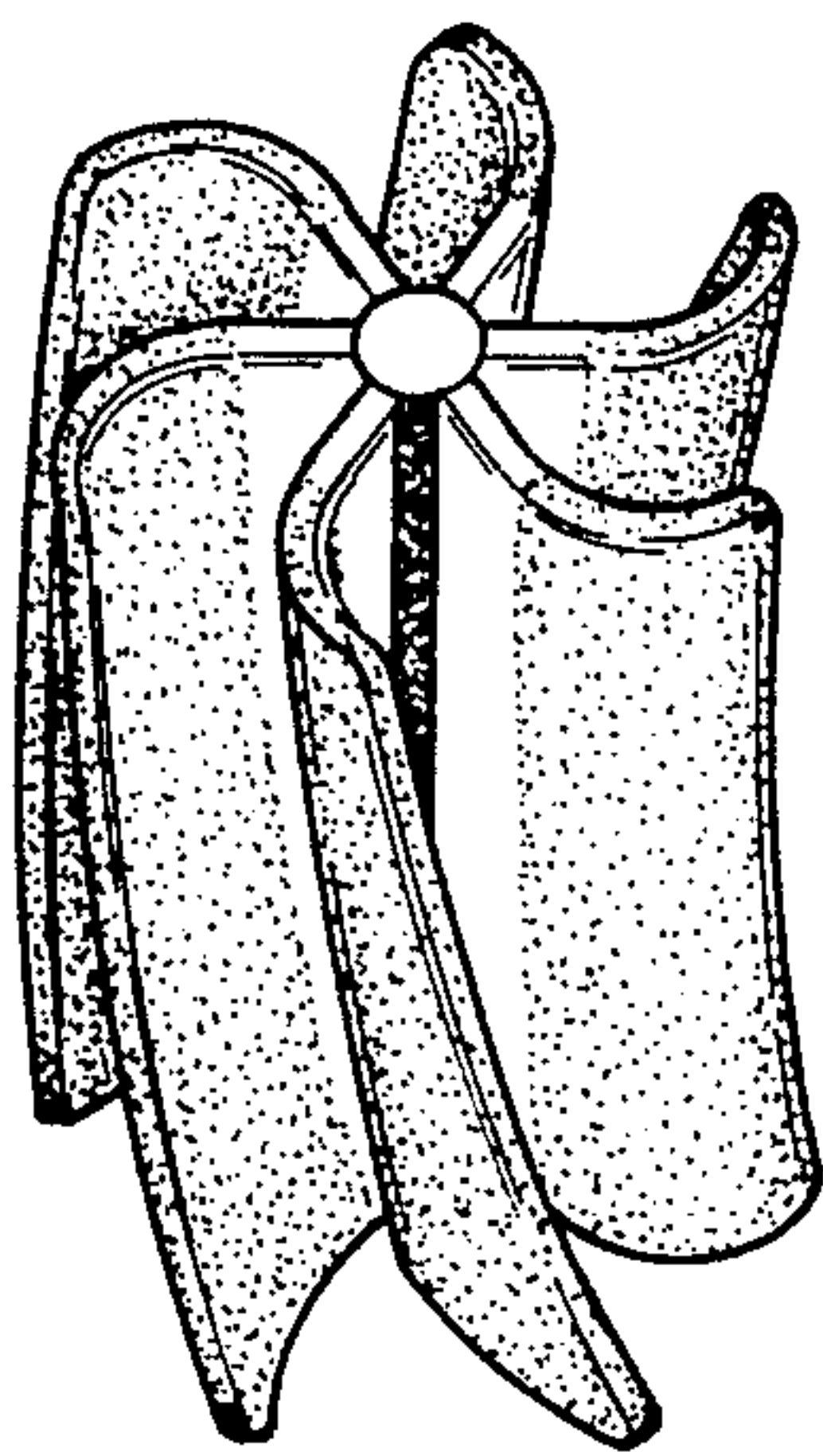


Fig. 10

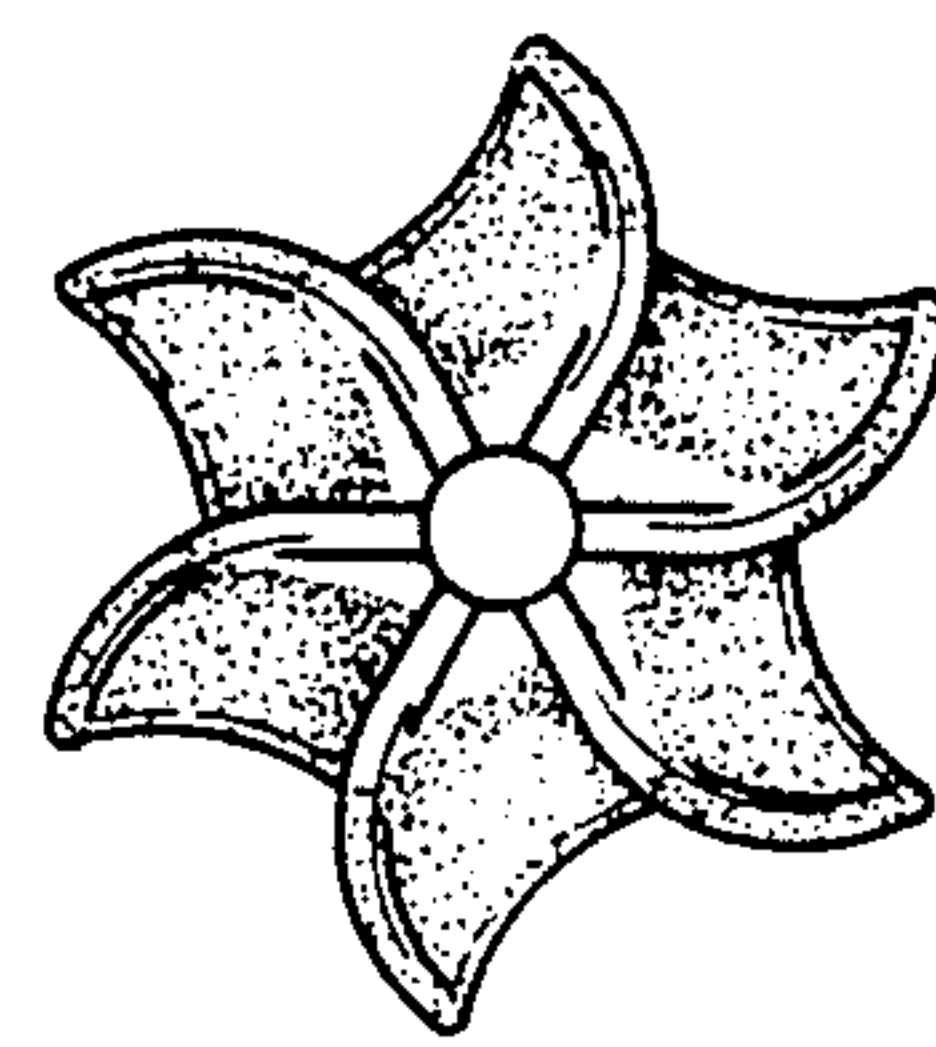


Fig. 11



Fig. 12

