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(54) **MODIFYING IMAGE PARAMETERS USING WEARABLE DEVICE INPUT**

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G06F 1/16 (2006.01)
H04N 5/235 (2006.01)
G06F 3/00 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC **H04N 5/23206** (2013.01); **G06F 1/163** (2013.01); **G06F 3/005** (2013.01); **H04N 5/2353** (2013.01); **H04N 5/23212** (2013.01); **H04N 5/23245** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
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USPC 348/207.1
See application file for complete search history.

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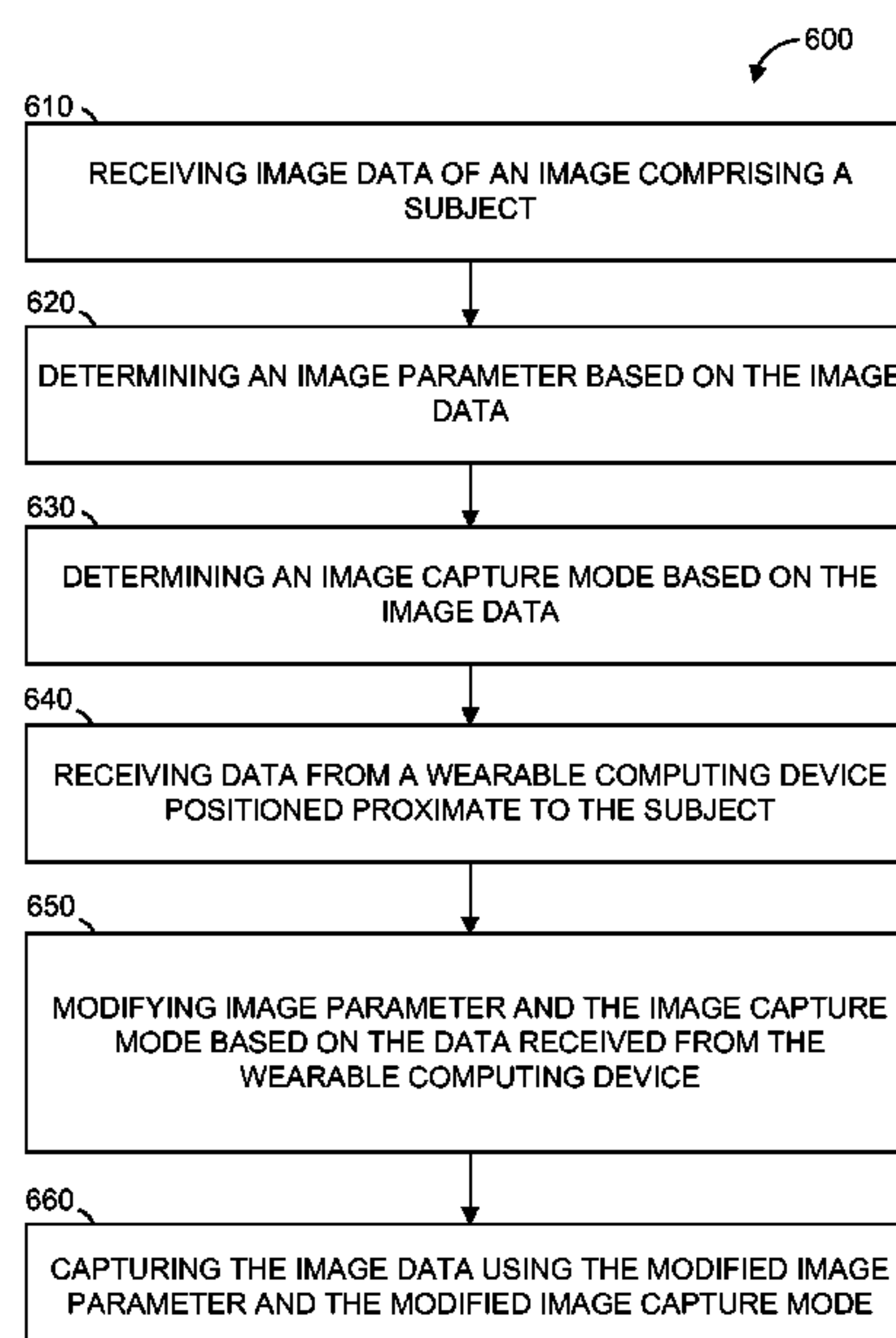
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

Systems and methods are presented for modifying image parameters of an image to be captured by an image capturing device based on input from a wearable computing device. In some embodiments, the system receives image data, determines an image parameter based on the image data, and receives data from a wearable computing device positioned proximate to a subject of the image. The system modifies the image parameter based on the data received from the wearable computing device and captures the image data using the modified image parameter.

18 Claims, 7 Drawing Sheets



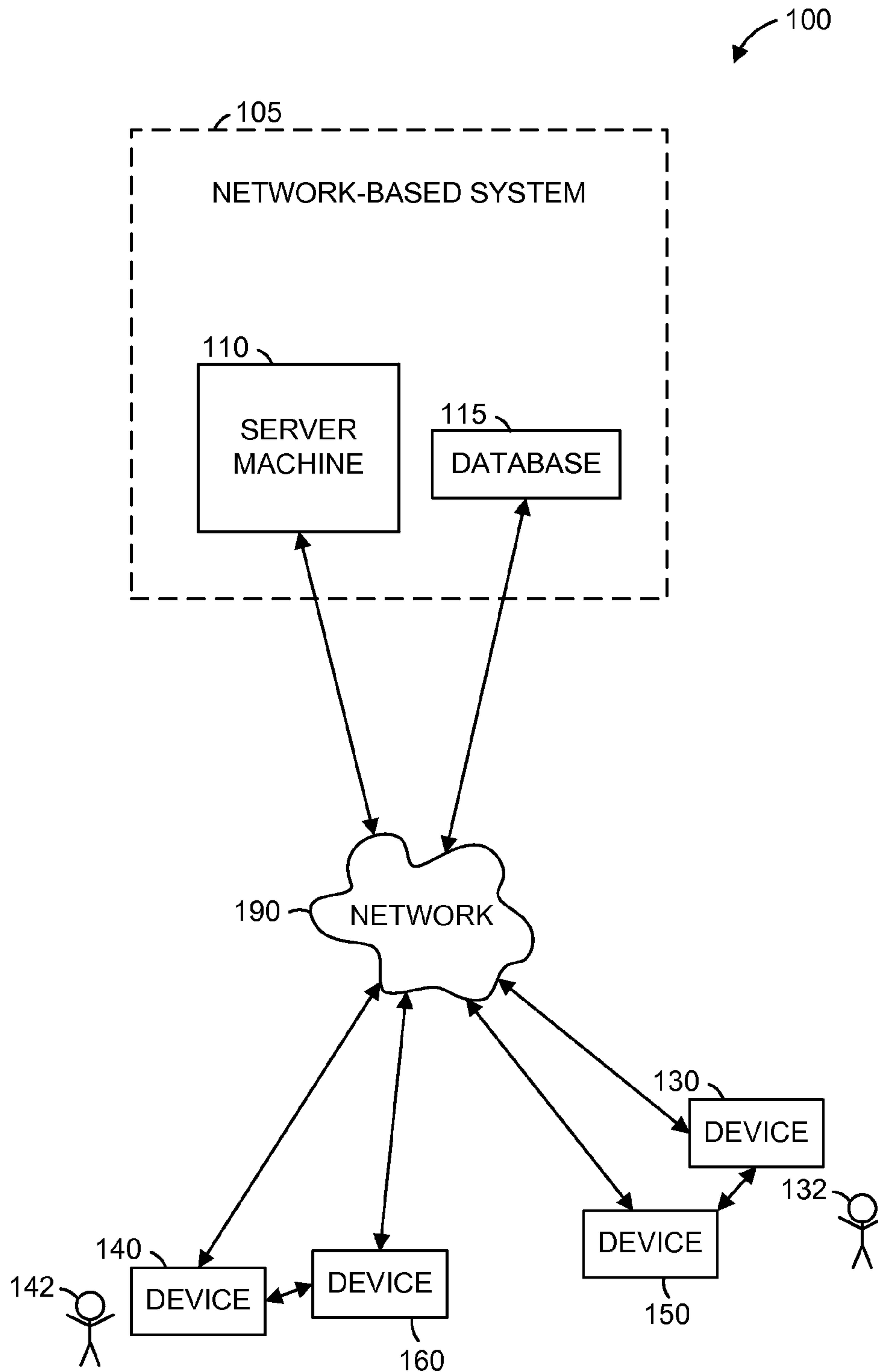


FIG. 1

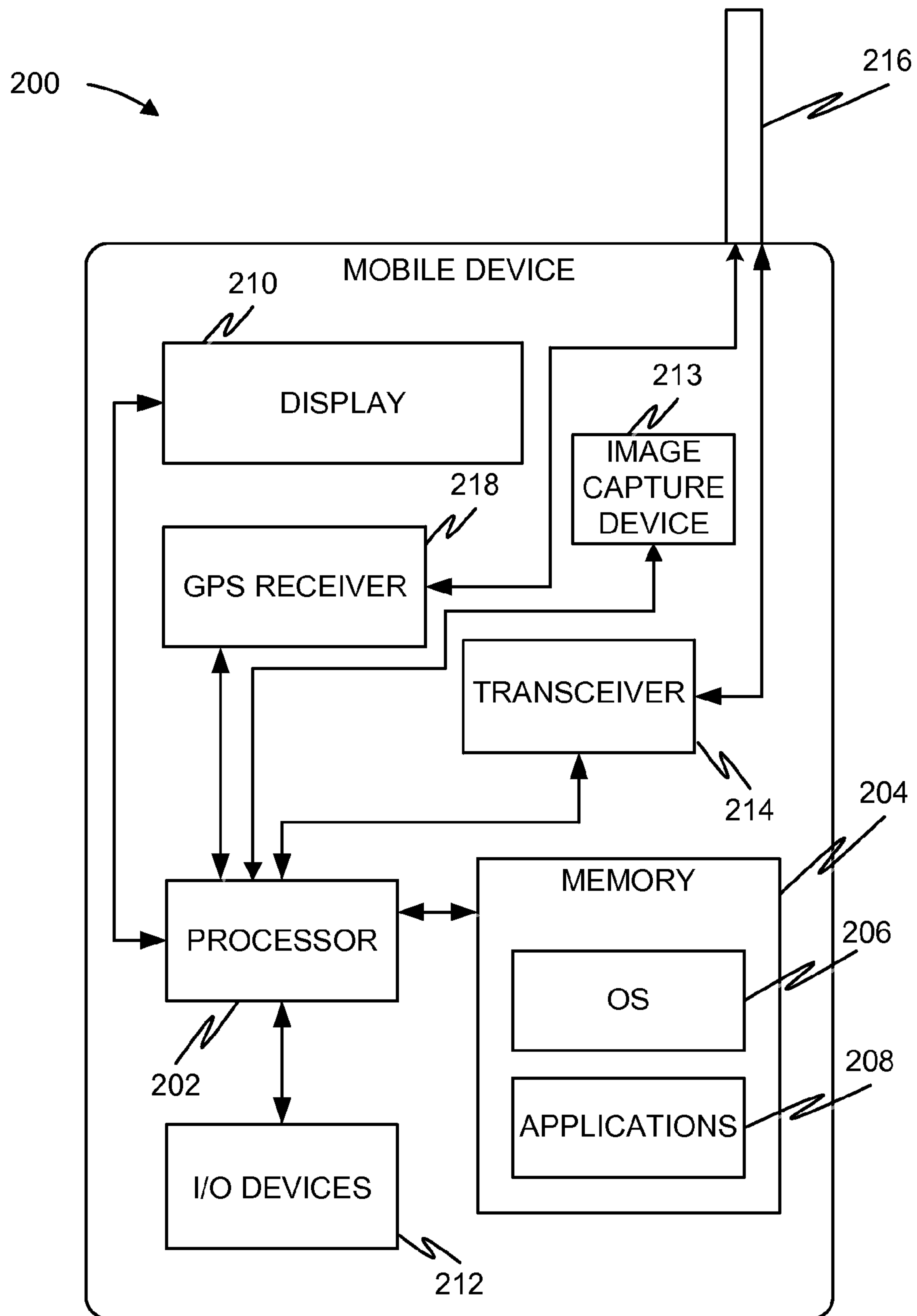


FIG. 2

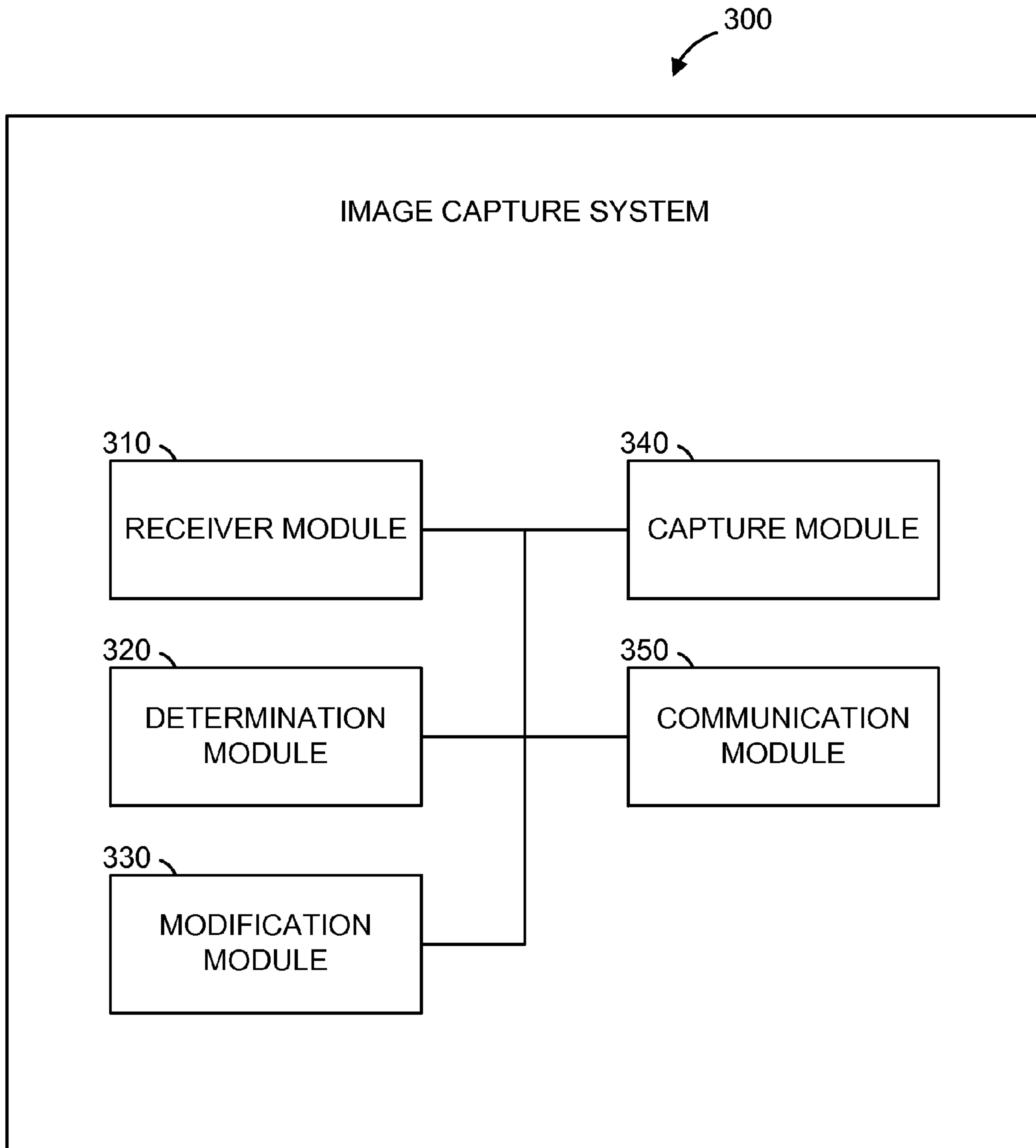
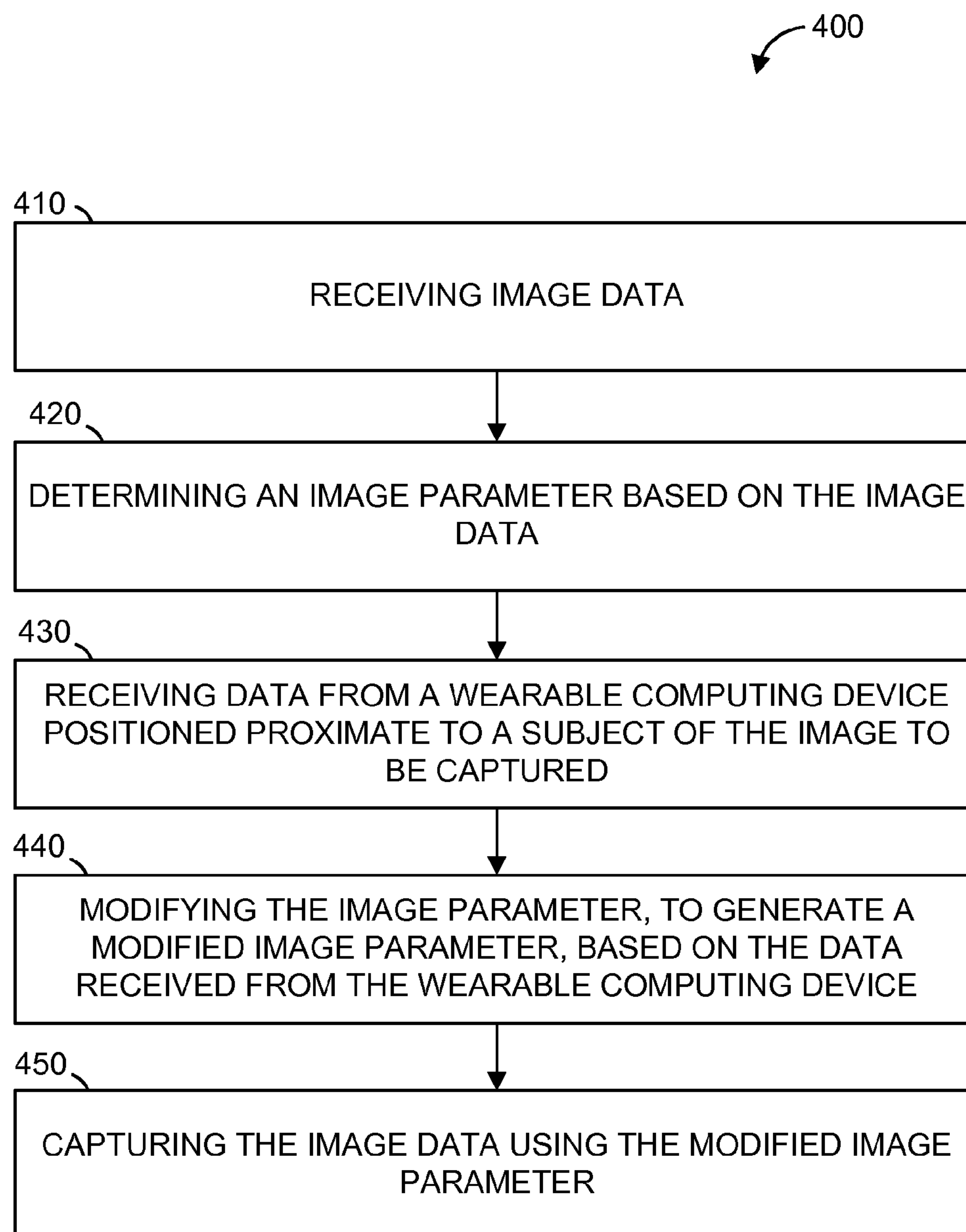


FIG. 3

*FIG. 4*

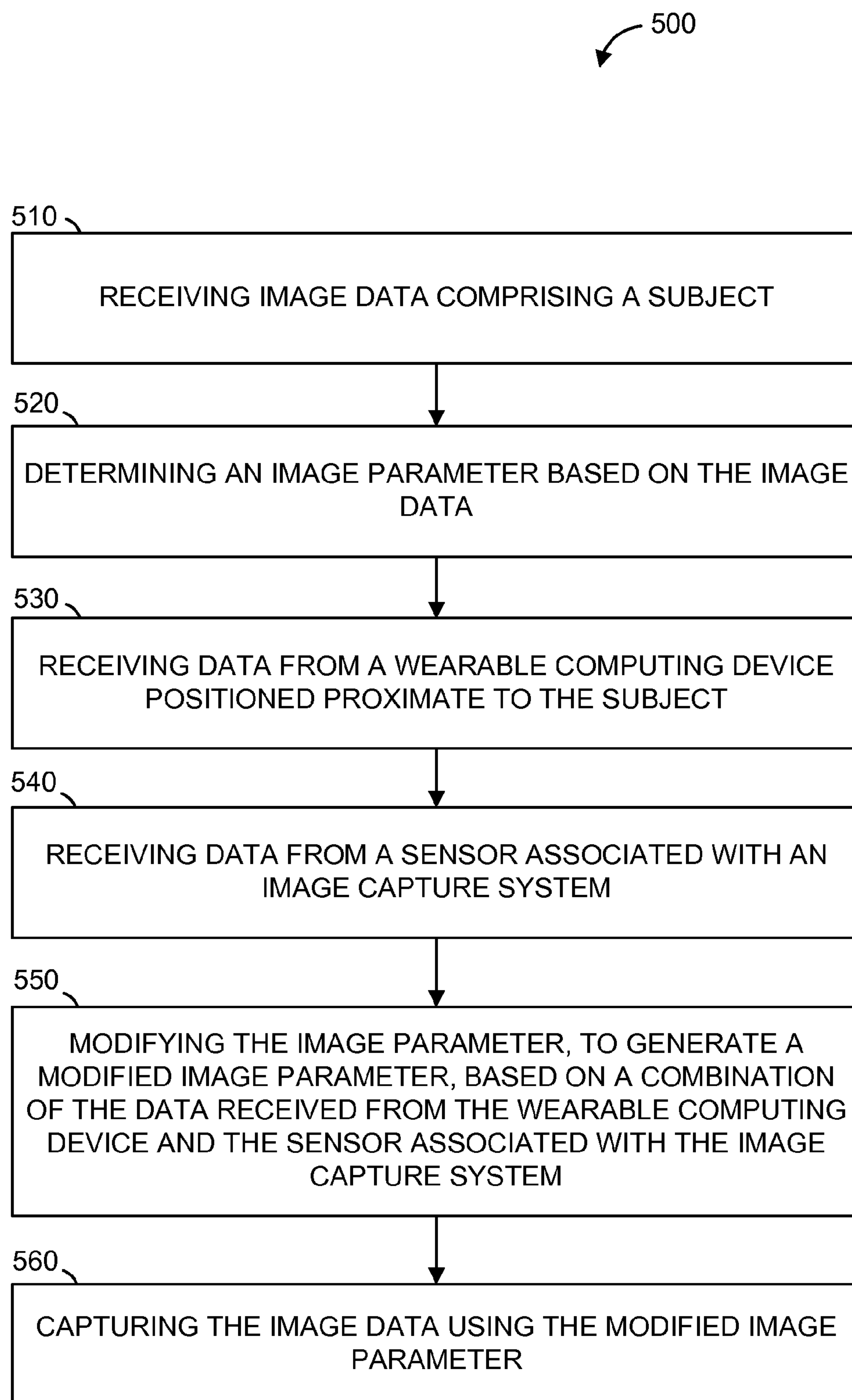


FIG. 5

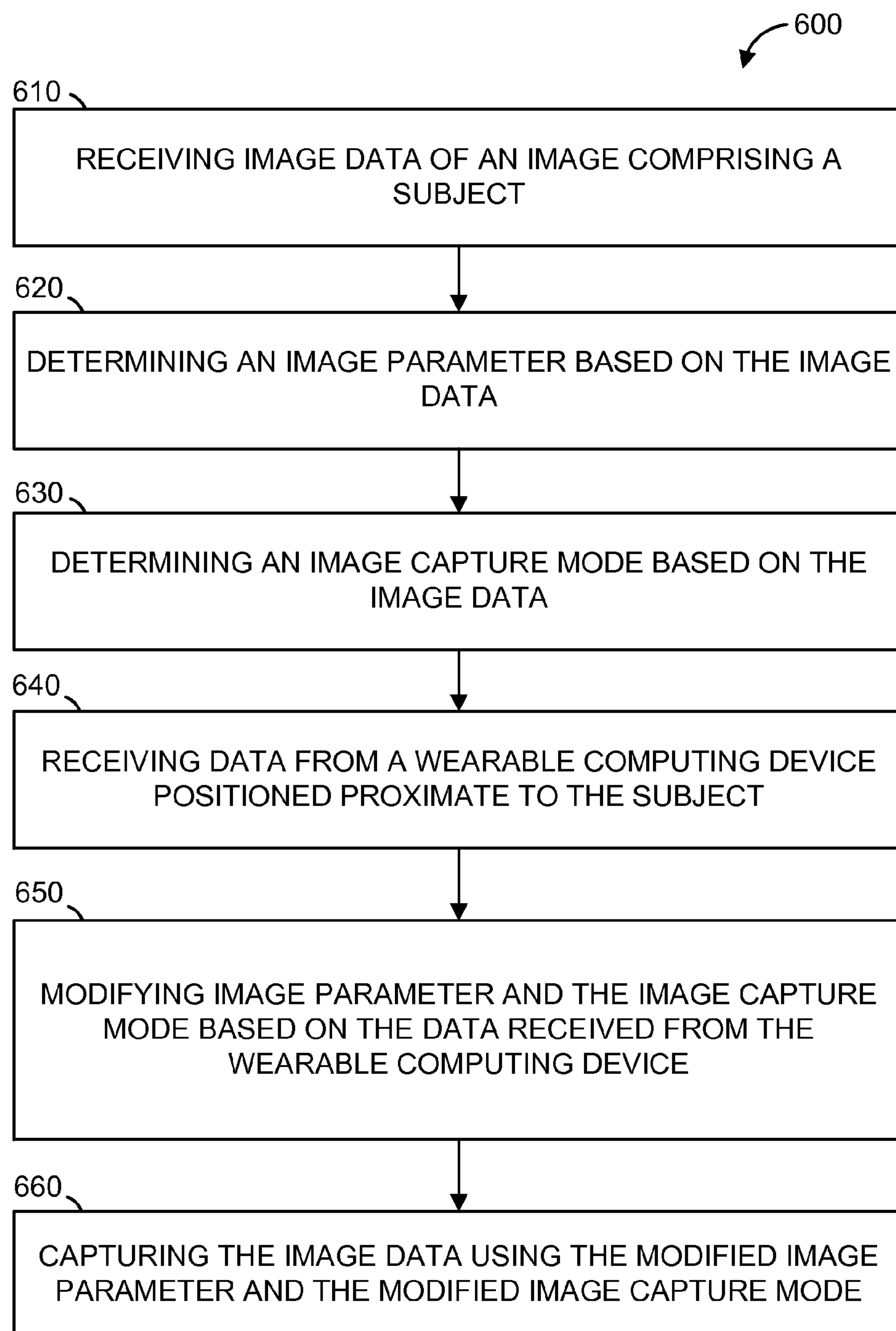


FIG. 6

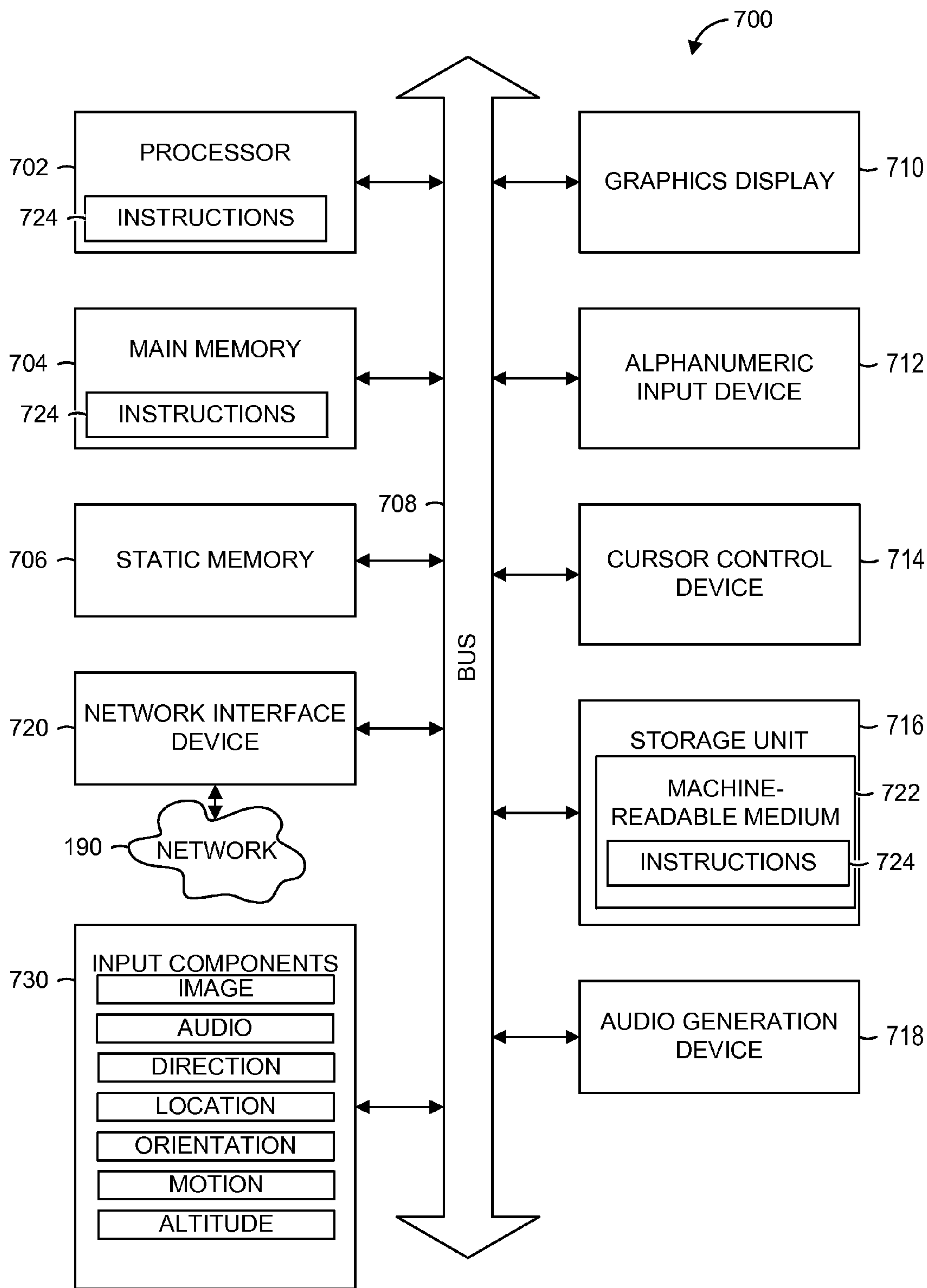


FIG. 7

MODIFYING IMAGE PARAMETERS USING WEARABLE DEVICE INPUT

TECHNICAL FIELD

The subject matter disclosed herein generally relates to photography. Specifically, the present disclosure addresses systems and methods for modifying image parameters in a camera device using data received from a wearable computing device.

BACKGROUND

Cameras, and devices containing cameras, such as smartphones, are used to capture images of individuals and groups. Groups take candid and posed photographs, some of which employ a time delay function of the camera or device or a remote control device connected to the camera to trigger the capture of an image. Wearable computing devices, such as smart watches and glasses, having one or more sensors have recently become popular. Wearable computing devices can be used to chart activities, such as exercise and rest, using the one or more sensors embedded within the wearable computing device. Although some cameras can employ remote controls, controllers for cameras are often limited to enabling a user to remotely trigger a shutter of the camera or manually adjust camera settings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Some embodiments are illustrated by way of example and not limitation in the figures of the accompanying drawings.

FIG. 1 is a network diagram illustrating a network environment suitable for modifying image parameters of an image to be captured by an image capturing device based on input from a wearable computing device, according to some example embodiments.

FIG. 2 is a block diagram illustrating components of a device capable of capturing image data, according to some example embodiments.

FIG. 3 is a block diagram illustrating components of an image capture system capable of capturing image data with an image parameter.

FIG. 4 is a flowchart illustrating operations of an image capture system in performing a method of determining an image parameter of an image to be captured and modifying the image parameter based on data received from a wearable computing device, according to some example embodiments.

FIG. 5 is a flowchart illustrating operations of an image capture system in performing a method of determining an image parameter of an image to be captured and modifying the image parameter based on sensor data received from a wearable computing device and sensor data received from a sensor associated with the image capture system, according to some example embodiments.

FIG. 6 is a flowchart illustrating operations of an image capture system in performing a method of determining an image parameter and a capture mode of an image to be captured and modifying the image parameter and the capture mode based on data received from a wearable computing device, according to some example embodiments.

FIG. 7 is a block diagram illustrating components of a machine, according to some example embodiments, able to read instructions from a machine-readable medium and perform any one or more of the methodologies discussed herein.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Example methods and systems are directed to modifying image parameters of an image to be captured by an image capturing device based on input from a wearable computing device. For example, users with wearable computing devices about to get their picture taken can be in communication with the image capturing device through the wearable computing device. The image capturing device can adjust automatically to get the best picture by modifying settings such as zoom, lighting, picture mode, resolution, and other image and camera parameters. The image capturing device can also automatically focus on subjects within the image to be captured based on proximity of the wearable computing device to the user or subject of the image. Further, example methods and systems are directed to modifying parameters, functions, and modes of an image capture device based on input from a wearable computing device. Examples merely typify possible variations. Unless explicitly stated otherwise, components and functions are optional and may be combined or subdivided, and operations may vary in sequence or be combined or subdivided. In the following description, for purposes of explanation, numerous specific details are set forth to provide a thorough understanding of example embodiments. It will be evident to one skilled in the art, however, that the present subject matter may be practiced without these specific details.

FIG. 1 is a network diagram illustrating a network environment 100 suitable for modifying image parameters of an image to be captured by an image capturing device based on input from a wearable computing device, according to some example embodiments. The network environment 100 includes a server machine 110, a database 115, user devices 130 and 140, and wearable computing devices 150 and 160, all communicatively coupled to each other via a network 190. The server machine 110 may form all or part of a network-based system 105 (e.g., a cloud-based server system configured to provide one or more services to the user devices 130 and 140). The server machine 110 and the user devices 130 and 140 may each be implemented in a computer system, in whole or in part, as described below with respect to FIG. 2 or 7.

In some embodiments, the server machine 110 can be a server, web server, database, or other machine capable of receiving and processing information, such as image data. The server machine 110 can be a portion of a social media system, website, or database. In some embodiments, the server machine 110 can include software and hardware capable of performing facial recognition analysis of image data. Further, in some embodiments, the server machine 110 can include non-transitory machine readable media containing information indicative of a user and subjects associated with the user. For example, the data indicative of the subjects can include facial profiles for the subjects and the user, one or more characteristics used for facial recognition analysis, identification data, and other suitable identifying data. In some embodiments, at least a portion of the identification data can be wearable device identification data associated with the subjects and the user.

Also shown in FIG. 1 are users 132 and 142. One or both of the users 132 and 142 may be a human user (e.g., a human being), a machine user (e.g., a computer configured by a software program to interact with the user device 130), or any suitable combination thereof (e.g., a human assisted by a machine or a machine supervised by a human). The user 132 is not part of the network environment 100, but is associated with the user device 130 and may be a user of the

user device **130**. For example, the user device **130** may be a desktop computer, a vehicle computer, a tablet computer, a navigational device, a portable media device, a smartphone, or a wearable device (e.g., a smart watch or smart glasses) belonging to the user **132**. Likewise, the user **142** is not part of the network environment **100**, but is associated with the user device **140**. As an example, the user device **140** may be a tablet computer, a portable media device, a smartphone, a wearable device (e.g., a smart watch or smart glasses), or other suitable devices belonging to the user **142**.

The wearable computing devices **150** and **160** can be mobile devices configured to be worn by the user **132** or **142**. For example, wearable computing devices can be configured as a watch, glasses, a ring, or any other suitable wearable article. The wearable computing devices **150** and **160** can include one or more processor, one or more memory, one or more display device, one or more input/output device, one or more communication device, and one or more sensor. The one or more processor, one or more memory, one or more display device, one or more input/output device, and one or more communication device can be implemented similarly to the components described in relation to FIGS. **2** and **7** below. The one or more sensor of the wearable computing device **150** or **160** can be chosen from a group consisting of a light sensor, a position sensor (e.g., GPS, altimeter, or elevation sensor), a clock, an accelerometer, a gyroscope, a microphone (e.g., where the user device **130** is configured to capture the image data as a set of images comprising a video), or other sensors or input devices of the wearable computing device **150** and **160**.

Any of the machines, databases, or devices shown in FIG. **1** may be implemented in a general-purpose computer modified (e.g., configured or programmed) by software to be a special-purpose computer to perform one or more of the functions described herein for that machine, database, or device. For example, a computer system able to implement any one or more of the methodologies described herein is discussed below with respect to FIG. **7**. As used herein, a “database” is a data storage resource and may store data structured as a text file, a table, a spreadsheet, a relational database (e.g., an object-relational database), a triple store, a hierarchical data store, or any suitable combination thereof. Moreover, any two or more of the machines, databases, or devices illustrated in FIG. **1** may be combined into a single machine, and the functions described herein for any single machine, database, or device may be subdivided among multiple machines, databases, or devices.

The network **190** may be any network that enables communication between or among machines, databases, and devices such as the server machine **110**, the user device **130**, and a wearable device. Accordingly, the network **190** may be a wired network, a wireless network (e.g., a mobile or cellular network), or any suitable combination thereof. The network **190** may include one or more portions that constitute a private network, a public network (e.g., the Internet), or any suitable combination thereof. Accordingly, the network **190** may include one or more portions that incorporate a local area network (LAN), a wide area network (WAN), the Internet, a mobile telephone network (e.g., a cellular network), a wired telephone network (e.g., a plain old telephone system (POTS) network), a wireless data network (e.g., WiFi network or WiMax network), or any suitable combination thereof. The network **190** may be formed in whole or in part as an ad hoc network at the time of or proximate to the time of communication between the user device **130** and the wearable device. Any one or more portions of the network **190** may communicate information

via a transmission medium. As used herein, “transmission medium” refers to any intangible (e.g., transitory) medium that is capable of communicating (e.g., transmitting) instructions for execution by a machine (e.g., by one or more processors of such a machine), and includes digital or analog communication signals or other intangible media to facilitate communication of such software.

FIG. **2** is a block diagram illustrating a mobile device **200** capable of capturing image data, according to some example embodiments. For example, the mobile device **200** may be an implementation of the user device **130**. The mobile device **200** is configured to perform any one or more of the methodologies discussed herein with respect to the user device **130**. For example, the mobile device **200** can receive image data, determine image parameters, communicate with the wearable device to receive data (e.g., sensor data) from the wearable device prior to capturing an image, and modify image parameters based on data received from the wearable device. Further, the mobile device **200** can include for an image capture system discussed below with regard to FIG. **3**.

The mobile device **200** can include a processor **202**. In some embodiments, the processor **202** may be implemented as one or more processor **202**. The processor **202** can be any of a variety of different types of commercially available processors suitable for mobile devices **200** (for example, an XScale architecture microprocessor, a Microprocessor without Interlocked Pipeline Stages (MIPS) architecture processor, or another type of processor). A memory **204**, such as a random access memory (RAM), a Flash memory, or other type of memory, is typically accessible to the processor **202**. The memory **204** can be adapted to store an operating system (OS) **206**, as well as application programs **208**, such as a mobile location enabled application that can provide location-based services to a user. The processor **202** can be coupled, either directly or via appropriate intermediary hardware, to a display **210** and to one or more input/output (I/O) devices **212**, such as a keypad, a touch panel sensor, a microphone, an image capture device **213**, and the like. The image capture device **213** can form a portion of an image capture system **300**, described with respect to FIG. **3**. The image capture system **300** can receive image data, from the image capture device **213**; receive data from the wearable device; and modify image parameters based on the data received from the wearable device.

In some example embodiments, the processor **202** can be coupled to a transceiver **214** that interfaces with an antenna **216**. The transceiver **214** can be configured to both transmit and receive cellular network signals, wireless data signals, or other types of signals via the antenna **216**, depending on the nature of the mobile device **200**. Further, in some configurations, a GPS receiver **218** can also make use of the antenna **216** to receive GPS signals.

It should be noted that, in some embodiments, the mobile device **200** can include additional components or operate with fewer components than described above. Further, in some embodiments, the mobile device **200** may be implemented as a camera with some or all of the components described above with respect to FIG. **2**. For example, the mobile device **200** can be a point and shoot digital camera, a digital single-lens reflex camera (DSLR), a film single-lens reflex camera (SLR), or any other suitable camera capable of performing at least a portion of the methodologies described in the present disclosure.

The mobile device **200** can be configured to perform any one or more of the methodologies discussed herein. For example, the memory **204** of the mobile device **200** may

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include instructions comprising one or more modules for performing the methodologies discussed herein. The modules can configure the processor **202** of the mobile device **200**, or at least one processor where the mobile device **200** has a plurality of processors, to perform one or more of the operations outlined below with respect to each module. In some embodiments, the mobile device **200** and the server machine **110** can each store at least a portion of the modules discussed above and cooperate to perform the methods of the present disclosure, as will be explained in more detail below.

FIG. **3** is a block diagram illustrating modules of an image capture system **300** capable of capturing image data with an image parameter, according to some example embodiments. The image capture system **300**, as discussed above can be included in the mobile device **200** and incorporate the image capture device **213**. In some embodiments, in addition to the image capture device **213**, the image capture system **300** can include, temporarily or permanently, a processor (e.g., an image processor in communication with the image capture device **213**), a memory (e.g., the memory **204**), and communications components (e.g., transceiver **214**, antenna **216**, and GPS receiver **218**) in the form of one or more modules performing the methodologies described below.

The image capture system **300** includes a receiver module **310**, a determination module **320**, a modification module **330**, a capture module **340**, and a communication module **350**, all configured to communicate with each other (e.g., via a bus, shared memory, or a switch). Although described as part of the mobile device **200**, the image capture system **300** can be distributed across multiple devices, such that certain of the modules associated with the image capture system **300** can reside in the mobile device **200** and certain other modules can reside the wearable computing device **150** or **160**. The modules, whether on a single device or distributed across multiple systems or devices, can cooperate to perform any one or more of the methodologies described herein.

Any one or more of the modules described herein may be implemented using hardware (e.g., one or more processors of a machine) or a combination of hardware and software. For example, any module described herein may configure a processor (e.g., among one or more processors of a machine) to perform the operations described herein for that module. Moreover, any two or more of these modules may be combined into a single module, and the functions described herein for a single module may be subdivided among multiple modules. Furthermore, as described above and according to various example embodiments, modules described herein as being implemented within a single machine, database, or device may be distributed across multiple machines, databases, or devices. For example, as referenced above with respect to FIG. **1**, in some embodiments, the server machine **110** can cooperate with the user device **130** via the network **190** to perform the methods described below. In some embodiments, one or more of the modules or portions of the modules, discussed above, can be stored on the server machine **110** as well as on the mobile device **200**.

The receiver module **310** receives image data of a photo to be taken and data from the wearable computing device **150** or **160**. The image data can comprise a subject. The receiver module **310** can also receive data from the wearable computing device **150** or **160** positioned proximate to the subject. The receiver module **310** can receive the image data from the image capture device **213** of the user device **130**. For example, the image capture device **213** can comprise hardware components including an image sensor (e.g.,

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charge-coupled device (CCD) or complementary metal-oxide-semiconductor (CMOS)). The image sensor can detect the image data of the photograph to be taken, and the image capture device **213** can pass the image data to the receiver module **310**. In some embodiments, the receiver module **310** can comprise a portion of the image capture device **213**, or the image capture device **213** can comprise a portion of the receiver module **310**. Further, in some instances, the receiver module **310** can communicate with the image capture device **213** and the determination module **320** via the communication module **350**. The receiver module **310** can be a hardware-implemented module. An example embodiment of components of the receiver module **310** is described with respect to the module described below and referenced by FIG. **7**.

The data from the wearable computing device **150** or **160** received by the receiver module **310** can comprise one or more of sensor data, data indicative of user input, or other data capable of being generated or transmitted by the wearable computing device **150** or **160**. For example, where the data is sensor data, the data can be generated by a sensor such as a light sensor, a position sensor (e.g., GPS, altimeter, or elevation sensor), a clock, an accelerometer, a gyroscope, a microphone, or other sensors of the wearable computing device **150** or **160**. In some embodiments, the receiver module **310** can receive sensor data related to an image to be captured while sensor data of the wearable computing device **150** or **160** unrelated to image data is not transmitted to the receiver module **310**. Where the data is user input data, the data can be representative of one or more user interaction with user interface elements of a user interface on the wearable computing device **150** or **160**.

The image to be captured can be image data already captured by the image capture device **213**, where the methods described herein are relating to determining whether to modify the image data or to recapture the image data based on data received from the wearable computing device **150** or **160**. In some embodiments, the image capture device **213** can receive image data and pass the image data to the display **210** without storing the image data into the memory **204** of the mobile device **200**.

The determination module **320** determines an image parameter based on the image data. In some example embodiments, the determination module **320** determines an image capture mode based on the image data. The image capture mode can comprise a portion or all of the image parameters for the image data. The determination module **320** can receive the image data from the receiver module **310**. For instance, the receiver module **310** can pass the image data to the determination module **320** via the communication module **350**. The image capture mode can include a plurality of predetermined settings or values for camera parameters which can be applied to image data by the image capture device **213** at the time of capturing the image data. The determination module **320** can be a hardware implemented module as described in more detail below with and referenced by FIG. **7**.

The determination module **320** can determine the image parameter based on the image data received from the receiver module **310**. For example, the image capture device **213** can initially include one or more default settings for image parameters, such as a default image size, a zoom value, white balance, color balance, focus value, frame orientation, or other image parameters discussed in more detail below. One or more of the default settings for image parameters can be included in the image data received by the determination module **320**. In some example embodiments,

the determination module **320** can determine the image parameter based on a comparison between the image data and a set of predetermined default image parameters. In this example, the determination module **320** can determine the one or more image parameter where the value of an image parameter differs from that of the predetermined default image parameters. In some instances, the determination module **320** can determine the image parameter based on an analysis of the image data or metadata associated with the image data by identifying one or more image parameters, described in more detail below, and values associated with the one or more image parameters. Although a few examples of methods for determining image parameters have been described, it will be understood by one skilled in the art that the image parameters may be determined from the image data in any suitable manner.

The determination module **320** can determine the image capture mode similarly to the image parameter, by evaluation of the image data, evaluation of the metadata associated with the image data, a comparison to a predetermined image capture mode, or other methods. The image capture mode can be a first image capture mode of a plurality of image capture modes. In some instances, the determination module **320** can select or identify the image capture mode when the image capture mode has not already been specified by the image capture device **213** or the user **132**.

The modification module **330** modifies the image parameter based on the data received from the wearable computing device **150** or **160**. For example, the data received from the wearable computing device **150** or **160** can include data from sensors related to one or more image parameter, such as a light sensor (e.g., exposure related image parameters), an accelerometer (e.g., ISO speed and shutter speed image parameters), a position sensor (e.g., giving relative position of the wearable device to the image capture system **300**). In some instances, the data received from the wearable computing device **150** or **160** which can be correlated with other data to modify one or more image parameter. In embodiments where the determination module **320** determines the image capture mode for the image capture device **213** capturing the image data, the modification module **330** can receive data relating to one or more image parameters having values affected by the image capture mode. The modification module **330** can be a hardware implemented module as described in more detail below and referenced by FIG. 7.

The modification module **330** can modify the image parameter by changing one or more values corresponding to the image parameter within the image data or within metadata associated with the image data. For example, where the modification module **330** receives data indicative of a light reading from a light sensor, the modification module **330** can modify an image parameter by changing one or more values corresponding to a white balance, a shutter speed, an aperture size, or other image parameters affected by a light proximate to the subject of an image to be captured. The values corresponding to the image parameter can be stored in a data structure associated with the image data or comprising all or a portion of the image data. In some embodiments, where the image parameter is a camera parameter (e.g., lens parameters, aperture size, field of view, yaw, pitch, roll, a flash setting, and zoom parameters), the modification module **330** can, at least temporarily, modify the camera parameter by changing one or more value corresponding to the camera parameter in a data structure associated with the image capture device **213**.

The modification module **330** can modify the image capture mode, similarly to the image parameter, by changing one or more values corresponding to the image capture mode within the image data, within metadata associated with the image data, or within data associated with the image capture device **213**. The modification module **330** can modify the image capture mode such that images captured by the image capture device **213** are processed using the modified image capture mode, for example. In some instances, the modification module **330** can modify the image capture device **213**, selecting a second or different image capture mode, regardless or in spite of the first image capture mode being selected by the image capture device **213** or the user **132**. In some example embodiments, the modification module **330** can modify the image capture device **213** based on a determination by the determination module **320** that the first image capture mode will produce an image unsuitable to one or more of the image parameter or the subject of the photograph to be taken. In some embodiments, the modification module **330** can modify image parameters (e.g., metadata relating to the image capture device **213** or the image data) and then cause a recapturing of the image. In some embodiments, the modification module **330** can reprocess image data already captured by the image capture device **213** to conform to the modified image parameters or the image capture mode.

The capture module **340** captures the image data using the modified image parameter. In embodiments where the modification module **330** has modified the image capture mode, the capture module **340** captures the image data using the modified image capture mode. The capture module **340** can be a hardware-implemented module as described in more detail below with respect to the module of FIG. 7. In some instances the capture module **340** can comprise all or a portion of the image capture device **213** and computer-executable instructions associated with the image capture device **213**. In some example embodiments, the image capture device **213** can include all or a portion of the capture module **340**. The capture module **340** is in communication with the communication module **350**. For example, the modified image parameter, the modified image capture mode, or data indicative of the modified image parameter or the modified image capture mode can be transmitted from the determination module **320** or the modification module **330** to the capture module **340** by the communication module **350**.

In some embodiments, the capture module **340** can capture image data representative of the image to be captured (e.g., using an image sensor of the image capture device **213**), process the image data using the modified image parameter or the modified image capture mode, and store the processed image data on non-transitory machine-readable storage medium associated with one or more of the user device **130** and the wearable computing device **150** or **160**. For example, the image capture device **213** can capture image data for the image to be captured (e.g., capture the image data and store the image data in the memory **204** of the mobile device **200**). The image data can be in a raw state (e.g., raw image format) where the data has been minimally processed by the image sensor or other components of the image capture system **300** or the mobile device **200**. The capture module **340** can process the image by adjusting one or more of the exposure, contrast, color and detail, a filter, a gradient, or other aspects of the image data based on the modified image parameter. The capture module **340** can

store the processed image data on the non-transitory machine-readable storage medium via the communication module **350**.

The communication module **350** enables communication between the image capture system **300** and the wearable computing device **150** or **160**. In some example embodiments, the communication module **350** can enable communication among the receiver module **310**, the determination module **320**, the modification module **330**, and the capture module **340**. The communication module **350** can be a hardware-implemented module as described in more detail below and referenced by FIG. 7. For example, the communication module **350** can include communications mechanisms such as an antenna, a transmitter, one or more bus, and other suitable communications mechanisms capable of enabling communication between the modules, the user device **130**, and the wearable computing device **150** or **160**.

FIG. 4 is a flow chart illustrating operations of the image capture system **300** in performing a method **400** of determining an image parameter of an image to be captured and modifying the image parameter based on data received from a wearable computing device **150** or **160**. Operations in the method **400** may be performed by the image capture system **300**, in cooperation with one or more of the user device **130**, the image capture device **213**, and a wearable computing device **150** or **160**, using modules described above with respect to FIG. 2.

In operation **410**, the receiver module **310** receives image data of an image to be captured. The image capture system **300**, via the receiver module **310**, can receive the image data prior to capturing the image as a photograph. The image data can comprise at least one subject. In some instances, the receiver module **310** receives the image data from the image capture device **213** of the user device **130**. For example, the image capture device **213** can detect image data using an image sensor, or other suitable image sensor. Prior to capturing the image, the image sensor can transmit the image data to the image capture device **213**, which may then transmit the image data to the receiver module **310**. The image data can be transmitted between the image capture device **213** and the receiver module **310** via the communication module **350**, via a direct physical or logical connection between the image capture device **213** and the receiver module **310**, or by a portion of the image capture device **213** and the receiver module **310** being shared between the image capture device **213** and the receiver module **310**.

Although described in reference to a still image, the image data can be representative of a set of image data and audio data to be captured (e.g., a video recording). In these instances, the receiver module **310** can receive first image data representative of the set of image data and audio data to be received. During capture of the set of image data and audio data, the method **400** can be performed multiple times during the video recording to determine whether image parameters, image capture modes, or camera parameters should be modified based on changes in the set of image data and audio data received by the receiver module **310**. For example, the method **400** can be performed multiple times and modify aspects of the set of image data and audio data based on changes in light, movement, or sound associated with the subjects being captured in the video recording.

In operation **420**, the determination module **320** determines an image parameter based on the image data. For example, the image parameter can be one or more of an exposure time, an International Organization for Standardization (ISO) film speed, an exposure value, an exposure offset, a focus value (e.g., focus distance, continuous focus,

automatic focus, manual focus, macro, infinity, and fixed), and other suitable image parameters. The image parameter is not limited to parameters related to the image data but can also correspond to a camera parameter such as a set of lens parameters (e.g., focal length, maximum aperture, wide angle lens, long-focus lens, normal lens, telephoto lens, a number of lens elements and degree of asphericity, lens filters), aperture size, field of view, yaw, pitch, roll, a flash setting, a color balance, a white balance, contrast ratio, dynamic range (e.g., f-stops), flare, blend priority, view point offset, shift parameters, shear parameters, image sensor parameters (e.g., image sensor size, image sensor ratio, and image sensor pixel count) and image effects (e.g., sepia tones, black and white, negative, solarize, and red-eye reduction).

The camera parameter can be a parameter associated with the image capture device **213**, an image sensor (e.g., CCD or CMOS) of the image capture device **213**, a lens of the user device **130**, or other parameter associated with the user device **130** or with components associated with the image capture system **300**. Although, in some embodiments, the camera parameter cannot be directly changed, an effect of the camera parameter can be modified by a module described herein; software associated with the image capture device **213**; hardware or software of the user device **130**; a combination of hardware and software; or a combination of a module, hardware, and software. For example, the camera parameters corresponding to zoom capabilities of a lens of the image capture device **213** can be modified by digital zoom capabilities associated with modules, hardware, or software associated with the image capture device **213**.

The determination module **320** can determine the image parameter by receiving the image parameter as part of the image data. For example, the determination module **320** can receive the image parameter as a default setting for image parameters. In some instances the image parameter can be determined based on a comparison between the image data and a set of predetermined default image parameters. In comparing the image data and the predetermined default image parameters, the determination module **320** can determine the image parameter where the value of the image parameter differs from the default. The determination module **320** can also determine the image parameter using metadata associated with the image data, received by the receiver module **310** along with the image data and then transmitted to the determination module **320**.

In some example embodiments, the determination module **320** can determine the image parameter based on a combination of image parameters received by the receiver module **310** and known to the determination module **320**. For example, where three or more image parameters are associated and two of the three or more image parameters are known, the determination module **320** can calculate the remaining one or more image parameters based on one or more appropriate formula.

Where the image parameter is a focus value, for example, the focus value can be indicative of the focus on the subject, or another point within the image data. The focus value can be a value associated with the subject indicative of a point where light rays originating from the subject converge. In some instances, the focus value can be a value indicative of a principle focus or focal point at which the subject can be reproduced in the image data above a predetermined level of clarity or sharpness.

In operation **430**, the receiver module **310** receives data from a wearable computing device **150** or **160** positioned proximate to the subject. Receiving the data from the

wearable computing device **150** or **160** can comprise receiving sensor data generated by one or more sensor of the wearable computing device **150** or **160** and transmitted to the receiver module **310** by a combination of the wearable computing device **150** or **160** and the communication module **350**. The one or more sensor can be chosen from a group consisting of a light sensor, a position sensor (e.g., GPS, altimeter, or elevation sensor), a clock, an accelerometer, a gyroscope, a microphone (e.g., where the user device **130** is configured to capture the image data as a set of images comprising a video), or other sensors or input devices of the wearable computing device **150** or **160**.

In some example embodiments, a first portion of the data received from the wearable computing device **150** or **160** can be sensor data and a second portion of the data received from the wearable computing device **150** or **160** can be control data indicative of user input into the wearable computing device **150** or **160**. The control data can include manual selections of user interface options or preferences including image parameters and image capture modes. The control data can also include selections among image capture and video recording.

In some instances, the data received from the wearable computing device **150** or **160** can comprise determining a proximity of the wearable computing device **150** or **160** to the image capture device **213**. In these instances, the method **400** can include operations in which the user device **130** and the wearable computing device **150** or **160** can communicate to determine a distance extending between the wearable computing device **150** or **160** and the image capture device **213**. Determining the proximity of the wearable computing device **150** or **160** can be performed by comparison of GPS signals associated with the wearable computing device **150** or **160** and the image capture device **213**, determination based on communication technologies (e.g., Bluetooth® range estimation), triangulation, or any other suitable distance determination or estimation.

Although operation **430** is discussed with respect to receiving data from a single wearable computing device **150** or **160**, the receiver module **310** can receive data from a plurality of wearable computing devices. For example, where the image to be captured includes a plurality of subjects, some of whom are in proximity to a wearable computing device **150** or **160** capable of or configured to communicate with the receiver module **310**, the receiver module **310** can receive data from each of the wearable computing devices **150** and **160** proximate to the plurality of subjects.

In operation **440**, the modification module **330** modifies the image parameter. The modification of the image parameter can generate a modified image parameter based on the data received from the wearable computing device **150** or **160**. For example, the image data can comprise a first subject and a second subject with the wearable device positioned proximate to the first subject. Where a plurality of wearable computing devices are present, the modification module **330** can modify the image parameter based on the data received from the plurality of wearable computing devices. For instance, the modification module **330** can prioritize data from a single representative wearable computing device **150** or **160**, where the data received from the plurality of wearable computing devices is within a predetermined threshold. By way of another example, the modification module **330** can modify the image parameter based on the data from each of the plurality of wearable computing devices or based on representative data (e.g., an average value or a mean value) from the plurality of wearable

computing devices. In some embodiments, the modification module **330** can modify a plurality of image parameters, where certain or all of the plurality of image parameters are modified based on data from certain or all of the plurality of wearable computing devices.

The image parameter can be modified to prioritize the first subject proximate to the wearable computing device **150** or **160** based on the data received from the wearable computing device **150** or **160**. For instance the image parameter can be a focus value and modified to focus on the first subject instead of an original setting focusing on both the first and second subjects. Modifying the image parameter can comprise modifying the focus value based on the proximity of the wearable device. By way of another example, the image parameter can correspond to lighting to be modified to ensure proper lighting for the first subject over the second subject.

The image parameter can also be modified based on the control data of the user input, at least in part. Where the receiver module **310** receives both sensor data and control data from the wearable computing device **150** or **160**, the image parameter can be modified in part based on the sensor data received from the wearable computing device **150** or **160** and in part based on the control data received from the wearable computing device **150** or **160**. For example, the control data can cause the modification module **330** to change a first image parameter, a focus setting, from manual focus to automatic focus. The modification module **330** can change a second related image parameter, a focus value, to focus on a subject proximate to the wearable computing device **150** or **160** based on the sensor data. By way of further example, the control data can cause the modification module **330** to change a single image parameter (e.g., white balance) to within a predetermined range and the sensor data can cause the modification module **330** to further refine the predetermined range to a smaller range or a single value.

In operation **450**, the capture module **340** captures the image data (e.g., the image to be captured) using the modified image parameter. For instance, the capture module **340** can be a portion of the image capture device **213** and cause the image sensor of the image capture device **213** to capture the image data using the modified image parameter and store the captured image data on a non-transitory machine-readable storage medium associated with the image capture device **213**. Where the capture module **340** is not part of the image capture device **213**, the capture module **340** can communicate with the image capture device **213** via the communication module **350** to cause the image capture device **213** to capture the image data.

In some embodiments, the capture module **340** can generate a processor or user interface interrupt to cause the image capture device **213** to capture the image data. The capture module **340** can then receive the image data from the image capture device **213** and store the image data on the non-transitory machine-readable storage medium.

FIG. **5** is a flowchart illustrating operations of the image capture system **300** in performing a method **500** of determining an image parameter of an image to be captured and modifying the image parameter based on sensor data received from the wearable computing device **150** or **160** and sensor data received from a sensor associated with the image capture system **300**, the image capture device **213** or the user device **130**. Operations in the method **500** may be performed by the image capture system **300**, using modules described above with respect to FIG. **3**. As shown in FIG. **5**, the method **500** can include one or more of the operations of the method **400**.

In operation **510**, the receiver module **310** receives image data of an image to be captured. The image data comprises one or more subject. The operation **510** can be performed similarly to operation **410**. For instance, the operation **510** can be performed by the receiver module **310** receiving the image data from the image capture device **213** via the communication module **350** prior to the image being captured and stored in non-transitory machine-readable storage media associated with the image capture device **213**.

In operation **520**, the determination module **320** determines an image parameter based on the image data. In some embodiments, the operation can be performed similarly to the operation **420**. For example, the determination module **320** can determine the image parameter by receiving the image parameter within the image data, receiving the image parameter as part of metadata associated with the image data, or by comparing the image data with predetermined image parameter values.

In operation **530**, the receiver module **310** receives data from a wearable computing device **150** or **160** positioned proximate to the subject. The operation **530** can be performed similarly to the operation **430**. In some embodiments, the data from the wearable computing device **150** or **160** can comprise sensor data, control data, or combinations thereof. The data from the wearable computing device **150** or **160** can be received by the receiver module **310** via one or more signals received by the communication module **350**.

In operation **540**, the receiver module **310** receives data from a sensor associated with the image capture system **300**. In some example embodiments, the receiver module **310** can receive sensor data from one or more sensors internal to the user device **130** or one or more sensors external to the user device **130**. The receiver module **310** can receive the sensor data directly from the one or more sensor, or from the communication module **350** in communication with the one or more sensor. Where the receiver module **310** receives sensor data from a plurality of sensors associated with the user device **130**, a portion of the sensor data can be received from the one or more sensor external to the user device **130** and a portion of the sensor data can be received from the one or more sensor internal to the user device **130**. For instance, the one or more external sensor can be a periphery device associated with the image capture device **213**, such as a light meter, a GPS device, a microphone, an external lens, or any other suitable periphery device.

In operation **550**, the modification module **330** modifies the image parameter. The modification of the image parameter generates a modified image parameter based on a combination of the data received from the wearable computing device **150** or **160** and the data received from the sensor associated with the image capture system. In some example embodiments, the operation **550** can be performed similarly to the operation **440**. For instance, where the one or more sensor associated with the user device **130** is a light sensor, and the sensor data from the wearable computing device **150** or **160** is sensor data from a light sensor of the wearable computing device **150** or **160**, the modification module **330** can modify the image parameter (e.g., white balance, color balance, aperture size, or other parameter relating to light) to a value suitable to a combination of the sensor data from the sensor associated with the user device **130** and the sensor of the wearable computing device **150** or **160**.

In operation **560**, the capture module **340** captures the image data using the modified image parameter. In some embodiments, the operation **560** can be performed similarly to the operation **450**, by the capture module **340** generating

an interrupt causing the image capture device **213** to capture the image data. The capture module **340** can then store the captured image data in a non-transitory machine readable storage medium associated with the image capture device **213**.

FIG. **6** is a flowchart illustrating operations of the image capture system **300** in performing a method **600** of determining an image parameter and a capture mode of an image to be captured and modifying the image parameter and the capture mode based on data received from the wearable computing device **150** or **160**. Operations in the method **600** may be performed by the image capture system **300**, using modules described above with respect to FIG. **3**. As described herein, the method **600** can include one or more of the operations of the method **400** or the method **500**.

In operation **610**, the receiver module **310** receives image data of an image to be captured. The image data comprises at least one subject. The operation **610** can be performed similarly to the operation **410** and **510** with the receiver module **310** receiving image data from the image capture device **213** directly or via the communication module **350**.

In operation **620**, the determination module **320** determines an image parameter based on the image data. The operation **620** can be performed similarly to the operation **420** or the operation **520**. For example, the determination module **320** can determine the image parameter based on one or more of a parameter value included in the image data, a parameter value included in metadata associated with the image data, a comparison of a received image parameter and a set of predetermined image parameter values or settings. In some example embodiments, the determination module **320** can also determine the image parameter based on two or more known image parameters related to the image parameter to be determined.

In operation **630**, the determination module **320** determines an image capture mode of the image capture device **213** associated with the user device **130** based on the image data. For example, the image capture mode can be determined based on the image parameter to select a first image capture mode from a predetermined set of image capture modes. The image capture mode can also be determined based on the subject in the image data. The determination module **320** can determine the image capture mode based on an evaluation of the image data, evaluation of the metadata associated with the image data, a comparison to a predetermined image capture mode, or other suitable methods.

The image capture mode can include a plurality of predetermined settings or values for camera parameters (e.g., parameters of the image capture device **213**) which can be applied to captured image data by the image capture device **213** at the time of capturing the image data. For instance, the image capture mode can include a predetermined set of image parameters or values for image parameters. For example, the image capture mode can include one or more filters, an aspect ratio, a field of view, an exposure time, an ISO film speed setting, a flash setting, and a color balance. The image capture mode can cooperate with one or more additional image parameters to enable processing of captured image data for a desired effect.

In operation **640**, the receiver module **310** receives data from a wearable computing device **150** or **160** positioned proximate to the subject. The operation **640** can be performed similarly to the operation **430** or the operation **530**. As discussed above, the data from the wearable computing device **150** or **160** can comprise sensor data, control data, or combinations thereof. The data from the wearable comput-

ing device **150** or **160** can be received by the receiver module **310** via one or more signals received by the communication module **350**.

In operation **650**, the modification module **330** modifies the image capture mode. The modification of the image capture mode generates a modified image capture mode based (e.g., in response to) on the data received from the wearable computing device **150** or **160**. For example, where the image capture mode is the first image capture mode selected from the predetermined set of image capture modes, the first image capture mode can be modified by selecting a second image capture mode from the predetermined set of image capture modes based on the data received from the wearable computing device **150** or **160**.

In some example embodiments, the image capture mode can include a plurality of image capture settings (e.g., predetermined modifications to one or more image parameter). In these embodiments, the modification module **330** can modify the image capture mode by determining one or more image capture settings to be modified from the plurality of image capture settings. The determination of the one or more image capture settings to be modified can be based upon a difference between the data received from the wearable computing device **150** or **160** and data received from the image capture device **213**. Based on the determination, the modification module **330** can change a value associated with the one or more image capture settings to be modified. For example, the image capture device **213** can indicate a white balance value contraindicated for proper exposure of the image data by data received from the wearable computing device **150** or **160**. The white balance value can be changed based on the contraindication.

The modification module **330** can also modify the image capture mode and the image parameter, generating a modified image parameter, in response to the data received from the wearable computing device **150** or **160**. For example, the modification module **330** can modify the image capture mode, as described above, and modify the image parameter, which is related to the image capture mode but not affected by the modification to the image capture mode.

In operation **660**, the capture module **340** captures the image data using the modified image parameter and the modified image capture mode. The operation **660** can be performed similarly to the operation **450** or the operation **560**, with the inclusion of processing the captured image data using the modified image capture mode or capturing the image data using settings associated with the modified image capture mode.

According to various example embodiments, one or more of the methodologies described herein may facilitate capture of image data with image parameters based on data received from a wearable computing device or a combination of data from a device capturing the image data and data from the wearable computing device. Moreover, one or more of the methodologies described herein may facilitate capture of image data with image parameters and image capture modes based on data received from a wearable computing device or a combination of data received from the wearable computing device and data from the device capturing the image data. Hence, one or more of the methodologies described herein may facilitate capturing images with generally desirable image parameters and capture parameters to enable automated or semi-automated parameter adjustments appropriate for ambient conditions surrounding the subjects to be photographed.

When these effects are considered in aggregate, one or more of the methodologies described herein may obviate a

need for certain efforts or resources that otherwise would be involved in setting image parameters or image capture modes for capturing an image with desired image aspects (e.g., focus, color balance, aspect ratio, filters). Efforts expended by a user in determining image parameters or capture modes appropriate for ambient conditions in an environment surrounding a subject of an image to be captured may be reduced by one or more of the methodologies described herein. Computing resources used by one or more machines, databases, or devices (e.g., within the network environment **100**) may similarly be reduced. Examples of such computing resources include processor cycles, network traffic, memory usage, data storage capacity, power consumption, and cooling capacity.

FIG. **7** is a block diagram illustrating components of a machine **700**, according to some example embodiments, able to read processor executable instructions **724** from a machine-readable medium **722** (e.g., a non-transitory machine-readable medium, a machine-readable storage medium, a computer-readable storage medium, or any suitable combination thereof) and perform any one or more of the methodologies discussed herein, in whole or in part. Specifically, FIG. **7** shows the machine **700** in the example form of a computer system (e.g., a computer) within which the instructions **724** (e.g., software, a program, an application, an applet, an app, or other executable code) for causing the machine **700** to perform any one or more of the methodologies discussed herein may be executed, in whole or in part.

In alternative embodiments, the machine **700** operates as a standalone device or may be communicatively coupled (e.g., networked) to other machines. In a networked deployment, the machine **700** may operate in the capacity of a server machine or a client machine in a server-client network environment, or as a peer machine in a distributed (e.g., peer-to-peer) network environment. The machine **700** may be a server computer, a client computer, a personal computer (PC), a tablet computer, a laptop computer, a netbook, a cellular telephone, a smartphone, a set-top box (STB), a personal digital assistant (PDA), a web appliance, a network router, a network switch, a network bridge, or any machine capable of executing the instructions **724**, sequentially or otherwise, that specify actions to be taken by that machine. Further, while only a single machine is illustrated, the term “machine” shall also be taken to include any collection of machines that individually or jointly execute the instructions **724** to perform all or part of any one or more of the methodologies discussed herein.

The machine **700** includes a processor **702** (e.g., a central processing unit (CPU), a graphics processing unit (GPU), a digital signal processor (DSP), an application specific integrated circuit (ASIC), a radio-frequency integrated circuit (RFIC), or any suitable combination thereof), a main memory **704**, and a static memory **706**, which are configured to communicate with each other via a bus **708**. The processor **702** may contain microcircuits that are configurable, temporarily or permanently, by some or all of the instructions **724** such that the processor **702** is configurable to perform any one or more of the methodologies described herein, in whole or in part. For example, a set of one or more microcircuits of the processor **702** may be configurable to act as one or more modules described herein.

The machine **700** may further include a graphics display **710** (e.g., a plasma display panel (PDP), a light emitting diode (LED) display, a liquid crystal display (LCD), a projector, a cathode ray tube (CRT), or any other display capable of displaying graphics or video). The machine **700**

may also include an alphanumeric input device **712** (e.g., a keyboard or keypad), a cursor control device **714** (e.g., a mouse, a touchpad, a trackball, a joystick, a motion sensor, an eye tracking device, or other pointing instrument), a storage unit **716**, an audio generation device **718** (e.g., a sound card, an amplifier, a speaker, a headphone jack, or any suitable combination thereof), and a network interface device **720**.

The storage unit **716** includes the machine-readable medium **722** (e.g., a tangible and non-transitory machine-readable storage medium) on which are stored the instructions **724** embodying any one or more of the methodologies or functions described herein. The instructions **724** may also reside, completely or at least partially, within the main memory **704**, within the processor **702** (e.g., within the processor's cache memory), or both, before or during execution thereof by the machine **700**. Accordingly, the main memory **704** and the processor **702** may be considered machine-readable media (e.g., tangible and non-transitory machine-readable media). The instructions **724** may be transmitted or received over the network **190** via the network interface device **720**. For example, the network interface device **720** may communicate the instructions **724** using any one or more transfer protocols (e.g., hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP)).

In some example embodiments, the machine **700** may be a portable computing device, such as a smart phone or tablet computer, and have one or more additional input components **730** (e.g., sensors or gauges). Examples of such input components **730** include an image input component (e.g., one or more cameras), an audio input component (e.g., a microphone), a direction input component (e.g., a compass), a location input component (e.g., a global positioning system (GPS) receiver), an orientation component (e.g., a gyroscope), a motion detection component (e.g., one or more accelerometers), and an altitude detection component (e.g., an altimeter). Inputs harvested by any one or more of these input components **730** may be accessible and available for use by any of the modules described herein.

As used herein, the term "memory" refers to a machine-readable medium able to store data temporarily or permanently and may be taken to include, but not be limited to, random-access memory (RAM), read-only memory (ROM), buffer memory, flash memory, and cache memory. While the machine-readable medium **722** is shown in an example embodiment to be a single medium, the term "machine-readable medium" should be taken to include a single medium or multiple media (e.g., a centralized or distributed database, or associated caches and servers) able to store the instructions **724**. The term "machine-readable medium" shall also be taken to include any medium, or combination of multiple media, that is capable of storing the instructions **724** for execution by the machine **700**, such that the instructions **724**, when executed by one or more processors of the machine **700** (e.g., processor **702**), cause the machine **700** to perform any one or more of the methodologies described herein, in whole or in part. Accordingly, a "machine-readable medium" refers to a single storage apparatus or device, as well as cloud-based storage systems or storage networks that include multiple storage apparatus or devices. The term "machine-readable medium" shall accordingly be taken to include, but not be limited to, one or more tangible (e.g., non-transitory) data repositories in the form of a solid-state memory, an optical medium, a magnetic medium, or any suitable combination thereof.

Throughout this specification, plural instances may implement components, operations, or structures described as a

single instance. Although individual operations of one or more methods are illustrated and described as separate operations, one or more of the individual operations may be performed concurrently, and nothing requires that the operations be performed in the order illustrated. Structures and functionality presented as separate components in example configurations may be implemented as a combined structure or component. Similarly, structures and functionality presented as a single component may be implemented as separate components. These and other variations, modifications, additions, and improvements fall within the scope of the subject matter herein.

Certain embodiments are described herein as including logic or a number of components, modules, or mechanisms. Modules may be a module temporarily configured by software (e.g., code stored or otherwise embodied on a machine-readable medium or in a transmission medium), hardware modules, or any suitable combination thereof. A "hardware module" is a tangible (e.g., non-transitory) unit capable of performing certain operations and may be configured or arranged in a certain physical manner. In various example embodiments, one or more computer systems (e.g., a stand-alone computer system, a client computer system, or a server computer system) or one or more hardware modules of a computer system (e.g., a processor or a group of processors) may be configured by software (e.g., an application or application portion) as a hardware module that operates to perform certain operations as described herein.

In some embodiments, a hardware module may be implemented mechanically, electronically, or any suitable combination thereof. For example, a hardware module may include dedicated circuitry or logic that is permanently configured to perform certain operations. For example, a hardware module may be a special-purpose processor, such as a field programmable gate array (FPGA) or an ASIC. A hardware module may also include programmable logic or circuitry that is temporarily configured by software to perform certain operations. For example, a hardware module may include software encompassed within a general-purpose processor or other programmable processor. It will be appreciated that the decision to implement a hardware module mechanically, in dedicated and permanently configured circuitry, or in temporarily configured circuitry (e.g., configured by software) may be driven by cost and time considerations.

Accordingly, the phrase "hardware module" should be understood to encompass a tangible entity, and such a tangible entity may be physically constructed, permanently configured (e.g., hardwired), or temporarily configured (e.g., programmed) to operate in a certain manner or to perform certain operations described herein. As used herein, "hardware-implemented module" refers to a hardware module. Considering embodiments in which hardware modules are temporarily configured (e.g., programmed), each of the hardware modules need not be configured or instantiated at any one instance in time. For example, where a hardware module comprises a general-purpose processor configured by software to become a special-purpose processor, the general-purpose processor may be configured as respectively different special-purpose processors (e.g., comprising different hardware modules) at different times. Software may accordingly configure one or more processors, for example, to constitute a particular hardware module at one instance of time and to constitute a different hardware module at a different instance of time.

Hardware modules can provide information to, and receive information from, other hardware modules. Accord-

ingly, the described hardware modules may be regarded as being communicatively coupled. Where multiple hardware modules exist contemporaneously, communications may be achieved through signal transmission (e.g., over appropriate circuits and buses) between or among two or more of the hardware modules. In embodiments in which multiple hardware modules are configured or instantiated at different times, communications between such hardware modules may be achieved, for example, through the storage and retrieval of information in memory structures to which the multiple hardware modules have access. For example, one hardware module may perform an operation and store the output of that operation in a memory device to which it is communicatively coupled. A further hardware module may then, at a later time, access the memory device to retrieve and process the stored output. Hardware modules may also initiate communications with input or output devices, and can operate on a resource (e.g., a collection of information).

The various operations of example methods described herein may be performed, at least partially, by one or more processors that are temporarily configured (e.g., by software) or permanently configured to perform the relevant operations. Whether temporarily or permanently configured, such processors may constitute processor-implemented modules that operate to perform one or more operations or functions described herein. As used herein, “processor-implemented module” refers to a hardware module implemented using one or more processors.

Similarly, the methods described herein may be at least partially processor-implemented, a processor being an example of hardware. For example, at least some of the operations of a method may be performed by one or more processors or processor-implemented modules. As used herein, “processor-implemented module” refers to a hardware module in which the hardware includes one or more processors. Moreover, the one or more processors may also operate to support performance of the relevant operations in a “cloud computing” environment or as a “software as a service” (SaaS). For example, at least some of the operations may be performed by a group of computers (as examples of machines including processors), with these operations being accessible via a network (e.g., the Internet) and via one or more appropriate interfaces (e.g., an application program interface (API)).

The performance of certain operations may be distributed among the one or more processors, not only residing within a single machine, but deployed across a number of machines. In some example embodiments, the one or more processors or processor-implemented modules may be located in a single geographic location (e.g., within a home environment, an office environment, or a server farm). In other example embodiments, the one or more processors or processor-implemented modules may be distributed across a number of geographic locations.

Some portions of the subject matter discussed herein may be presented in terms of algorithms or symbolic representations of operations on data stored as bits or binary digital signals within a machine memory (e.g., a computer memory). Such algorithms or symbolic representations are examples of techniques used by those of ordinary skill in the data processing arts to convey the substance of their work to others skilled in the art. As used herein, an “algorithm” is a self-consistent sequence of operations or similar processing leading to a desired result. In this context, algorithms and operations involve physical manipulation of physical quantities. Typically, but not necessarily, such quantities may take the form of electrical, magnetic, or optical signals

capable of being stored, accessed, transferred, combined, compared, or otherwise manipulated by a machine. It is convenient at times, principally for reasons of common usage, to refer to such signals using words such as “data,” “content,” “bits,” “values,” “elements,” “symbols,” “characters,” “terms,” “numbers,” “numerals,” or the like. These words, however, are merely convenient labels and are to be associated with appropriate physical quantities.

Unless specifically stated otherwise, discussions herein using words such as “processing,” “computing,” “calculating,” “determining,” “presenting,” “displaying,” or the like may refer to actions or processes of a machine (e.g., a computer) that manipulates or transforms data represented as physical (e.g., electronic, magnetic, or optical) quantities within one or more memories (e.g., volatile memory, non-volatile memory, or any suitable combination thereof), registers, or other machine components that receive, store, transmit, or display information. Furthermore, unless specifically stated otherwise, the terms “a” or “an” are herein used, as is common in patent documents, to include one or more than one instance. Finally, as used herein, the conjunction “or” refers to a non-exclusive “or,” unless specifically stated otherwise.

What is claimed is:

1. A method, comprising:

receiving, by an image capture device, image data comprising a subject;
determining an image parameter based on the image data;
determining an image capture mode of the image capture device based on the image data;
receiving data from a wearable computing device positioned proximate to the subject;
modifying the image parameter, to form a modified image parameter, based on the data received from the wearable computing device;
modifying the image capture mode based on the data received from the wearable computing device; and
capturing the image data using the modified image parameter.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the image parameter is a focus value indicative of the focus on the subject and wherein receiving data from a wearable computing device comprises determining a proximity of the wearable computing device to the image capture device and wherein modifying the image parameter further comprises modifying the focus value based on the proximity of the wearable computing device.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein receiving data from the wearable computing device comprises receiving sensor data generated by one or more sensor of the wearable computing device.

4. The method of claim 3, wherein the one or more sensor is chosen from a group consisting of a light sensor, a position sensor, and a clock.

5. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

receiving data from a sensor of the image capture device, and wherein
modifying the image parameter is based on a combination of the data received from the wearable computing device and the data received from the sensor of the image capture device.

6. The method of claim 1, wherein the image capture mode is determined using the image parameter to select a first image capture mode from a predetermined set of image capture modes.

7. The method of claim 6, wherein the image capture mode is modified by selecting a second image capture mode

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from the predetermined set of image capture modes based on the data received from the wearable computing device.

8. The method of claim 1, wherein the image capture mode is modified by changing one or more parameters of the image capture mode based on the data received from the wearable computing device.

9. The method of claim 1, wherein a first portion of the data received from the wearable computing device is sensor data and a second portion of the data received from the wearable computing device is control data indicative of user input into the wearable computing device.

10. The method of claim 9, wherein the image parameter is modified based on the control data of the user input.

11. The method of claim 1, wherein the image parameter corresponds to a camera parameter.

12. The method of claim 1, wherein the image data comprises a first subject and a second subject, with the wearable computing device positioned proximate to the first subject, and wherein the image parameter is modified to prioritize the first subject proximate to the wearable computing device within the image data.

13. A system, comprising:

a receiver module configured to receive image data comprising a subject and receiving data from a wearable computing device positioned proximate to the subject;

a determination module configured to determine an image parameter and an image capture mode based on the image data;

a modification module configured to generate a modified image parameter and a modified image capture mode, by modifying the image parameter being based on the data received from the wearable computing device, and modifying the image capture mode based on the data received from the wearable computing device; and

a capture module configured to capture the image data using the modified image parameter.

14. The system of claim 13, wherein the image parameter is a focus value associated with the subject, and wherein the determination module is further configured to determine a

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proximity of the wearable computing device to an image capture device associated with the determination module, and the modification module is further configured to modify the focus value based on the proximity of the wearable computing device.

15. The system of claim 13, wherein the image capture mode is determined using the image parameter to select a first image capture mode from a predetermined set of image capture modes.

16. The system of claim 15, wherein the modification module modifies the first image capture mode by selecting a second image capture mode from the predetermined set of image capture modes based on the data received from the wearable computing device.

17. The system of claim 13, wherein the modification module is configured to modify the image capture mode by changing one or more parameters of the image capture mode based on the data received from the wearable computing device.

18. A non-transitory machine-readable storage medium comprising computer-executable instructions that, when executed by a processor of a machine, cause the machine to perform operations comprising:

receiving, by an image capture device, image data comprising a subject;

determining an image parameter based on the image data; determining an image capture mode of the image capture device based on the image data;

receiving data from a wearable computing device positioned proximate to the subject;

modifying the image parameter, to form a modified image parameter, based on the data received from the wearable computing device;

modifying the image capture mode based on the data received from the wearable computing device; and capturing the image data using the modified image parameter.

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