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# (54) TECHNIQUES FOR USE WITH A CALENDAR AND MESSAGING COMPONENT

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G06F 3/0484 (2013.01) G06F 3/0482 (2013.01) G06F 3/0488 (2013.01) G06Q 10/10 (2012.01)

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#### (58) Field of Classification Search

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| See application file for complete search | n history.   |

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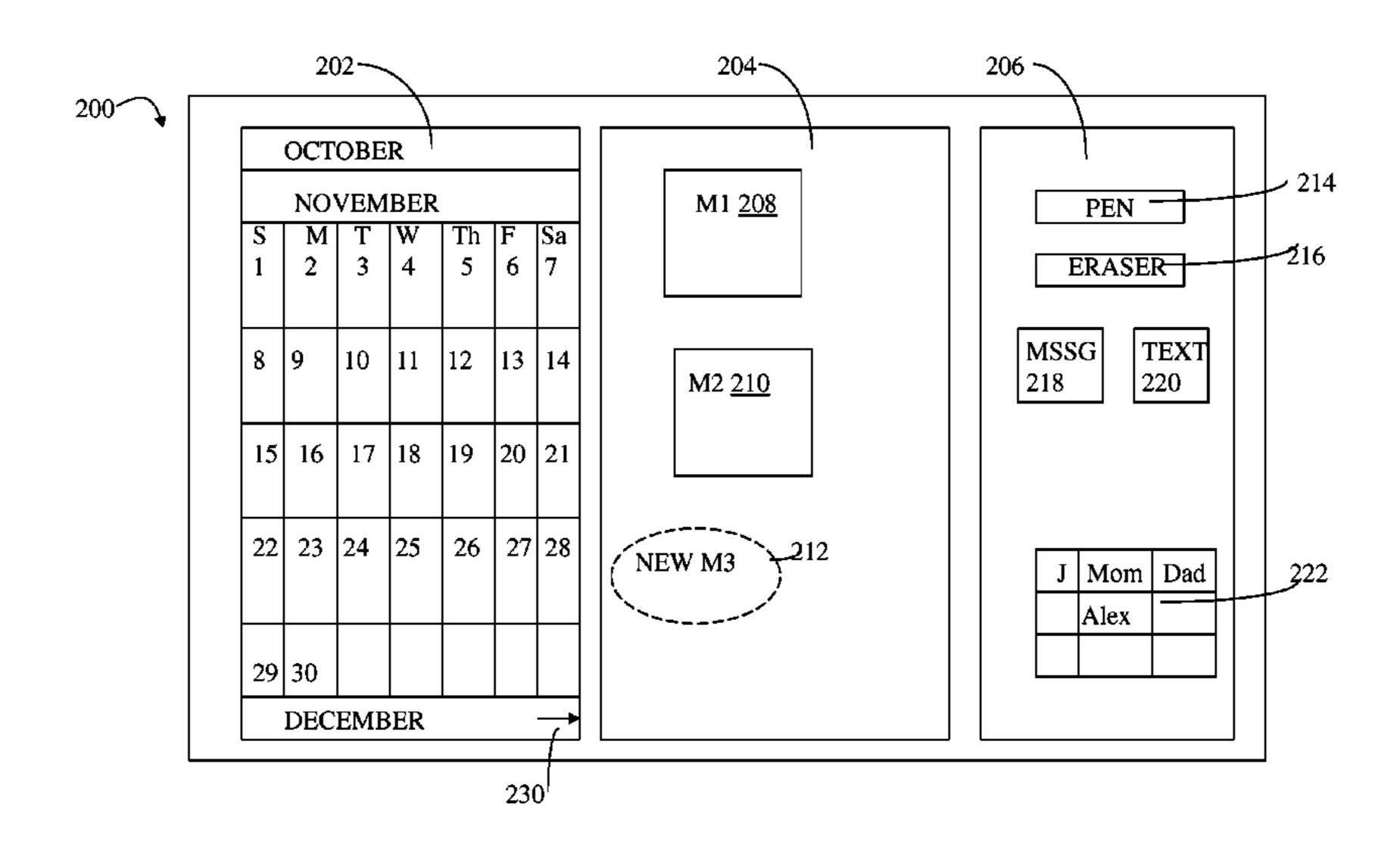
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# (57) ABSTRACT

Techniques are provided for displaying electronic calendar information. A calendar entry corresponding to a date is selected. In response to selecting the calendar entry, the calendar entry is expanded by increasing a portion of a display area associated with the calendar entry. Other calendar entries are compressed by decreasing a portion of the display area associated with the other calendar entries.

#### 20 Claims, 15 Drawing Sheets



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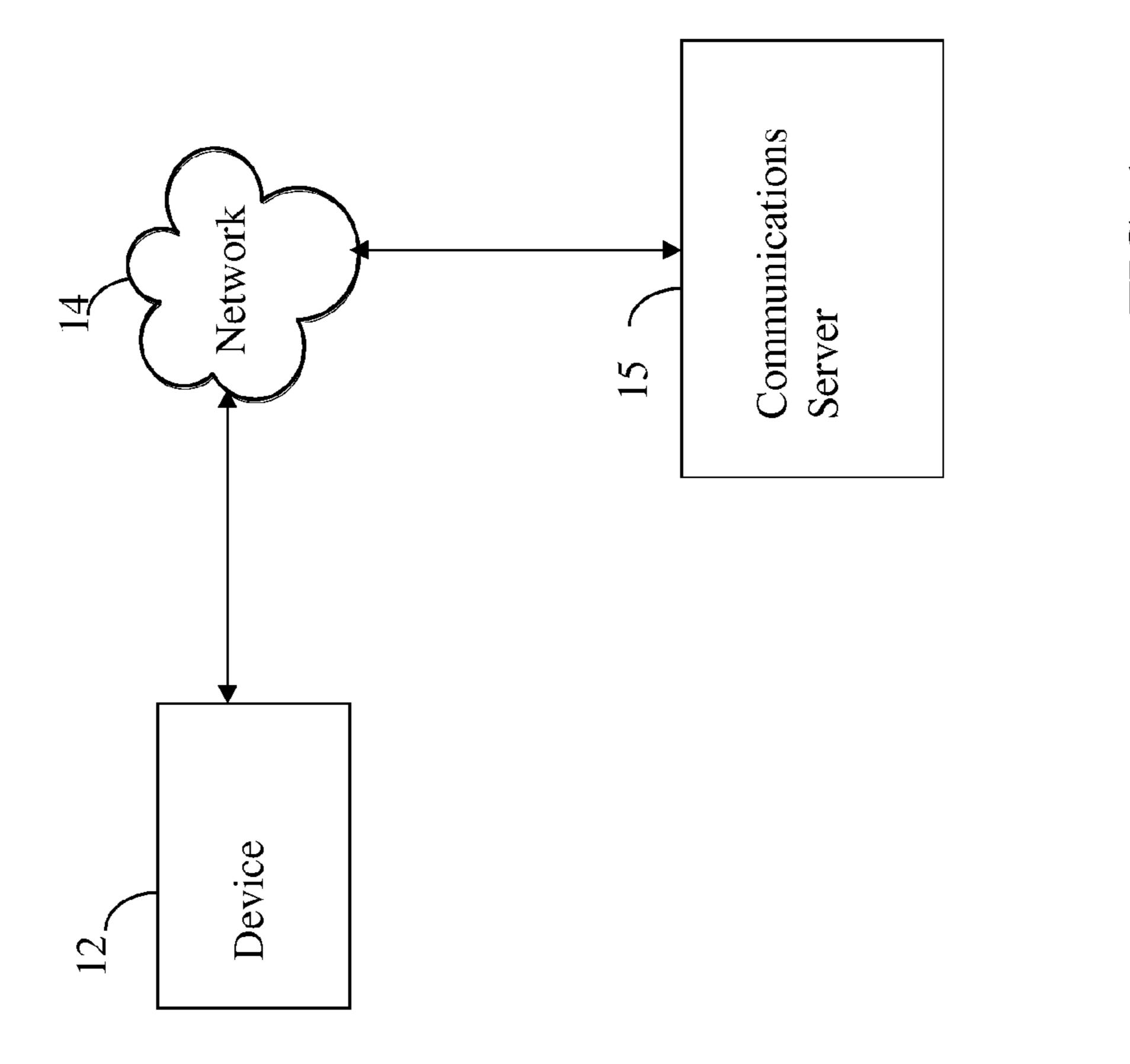
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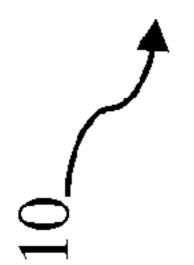
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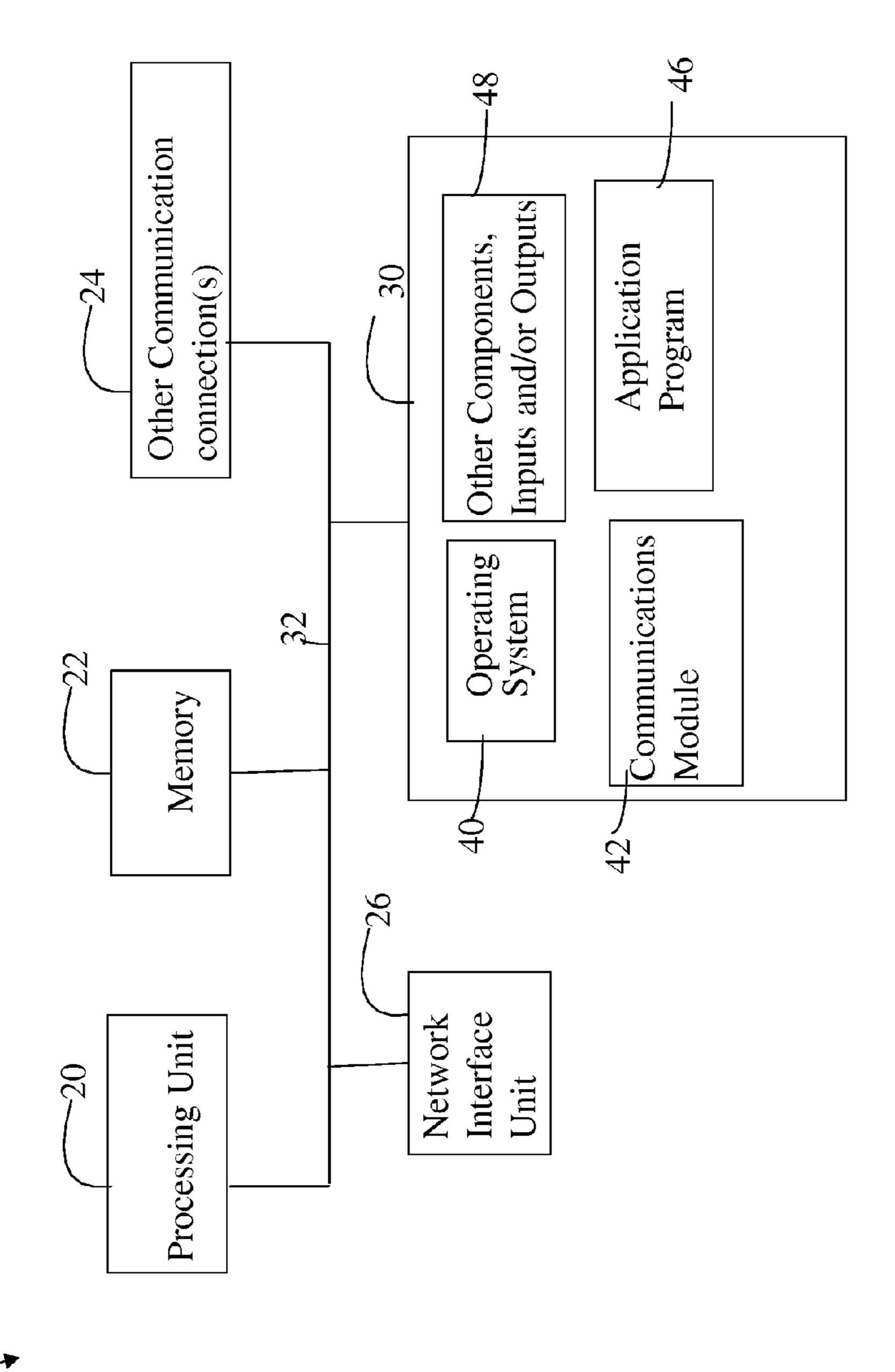


FIG. 2

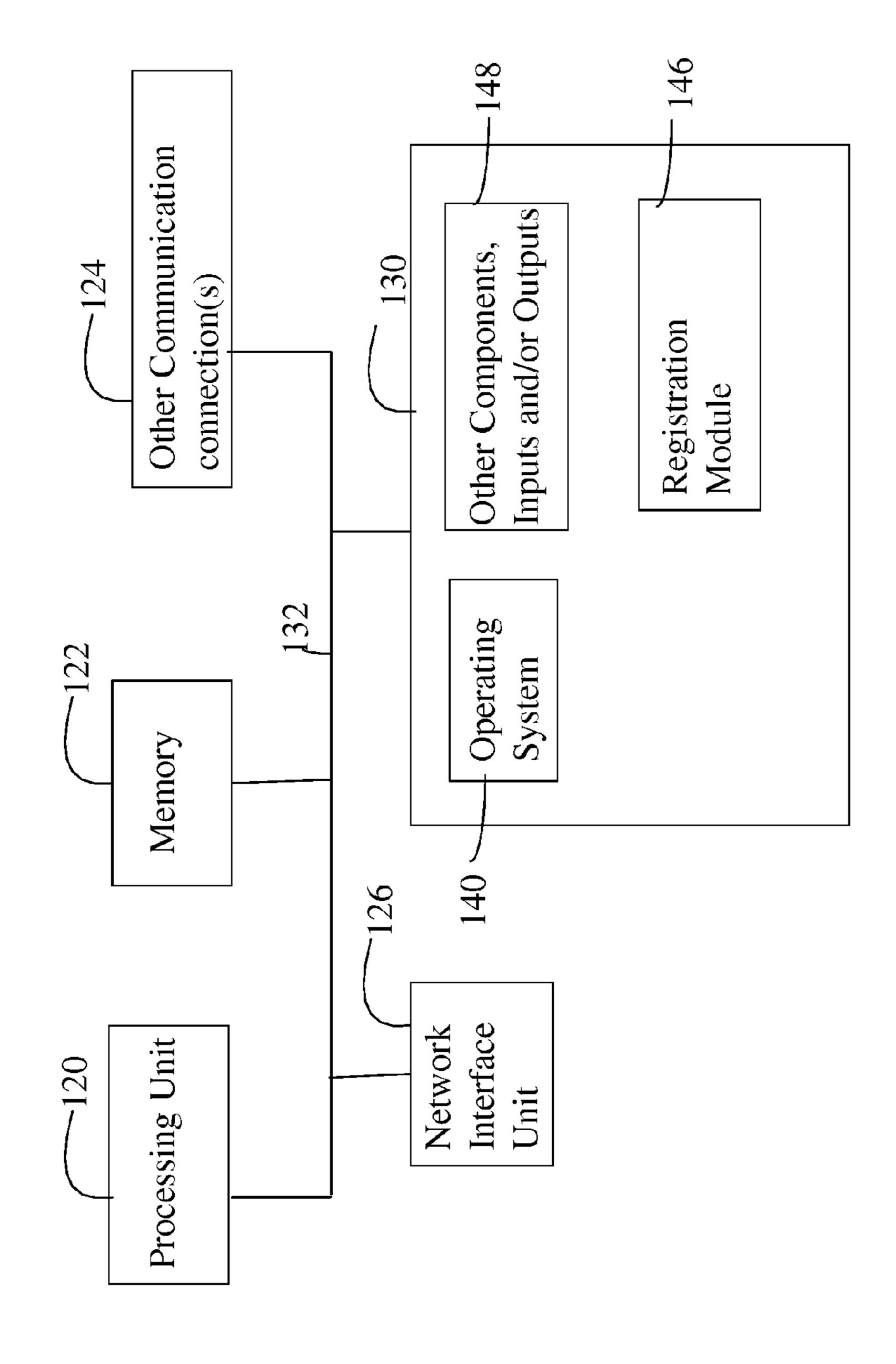
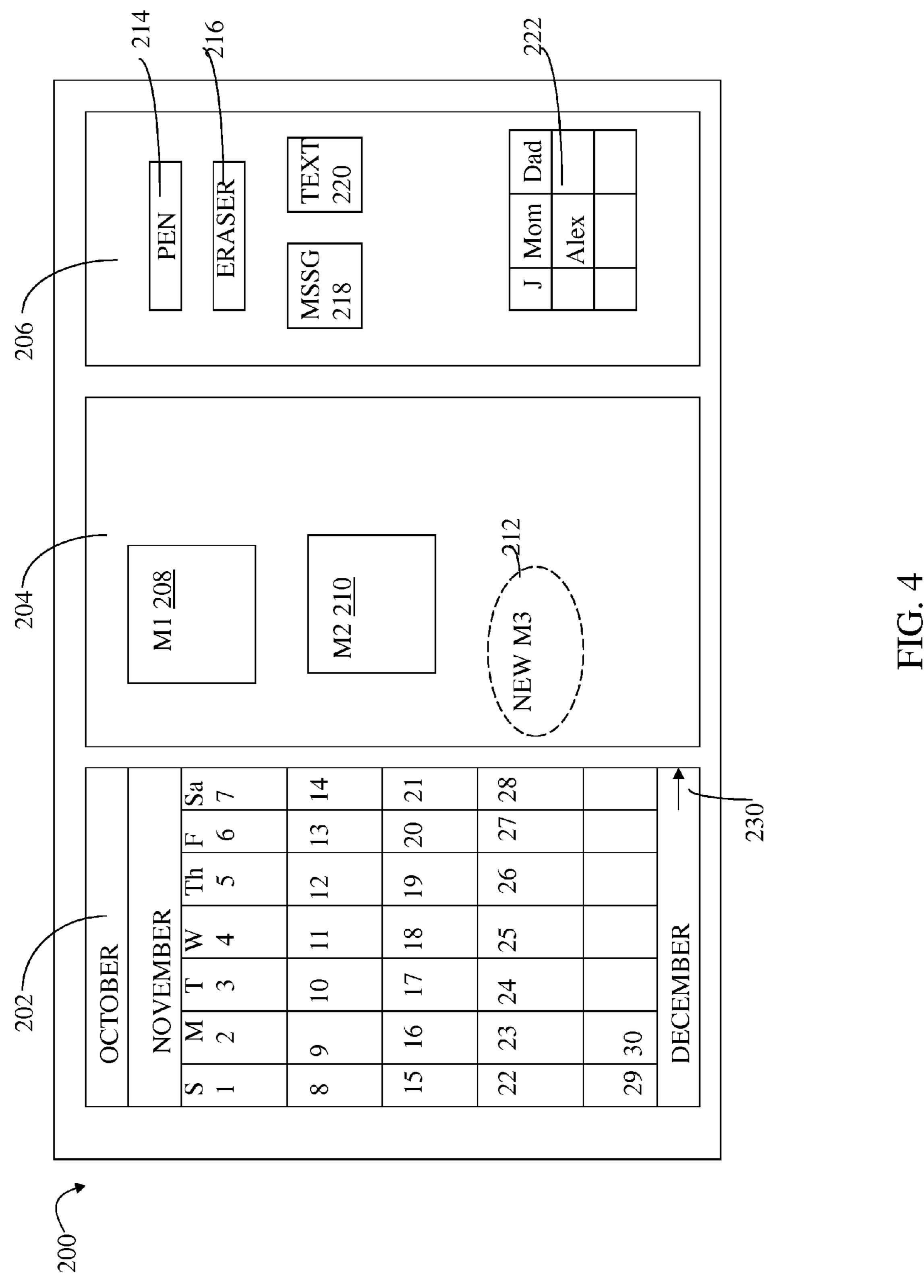
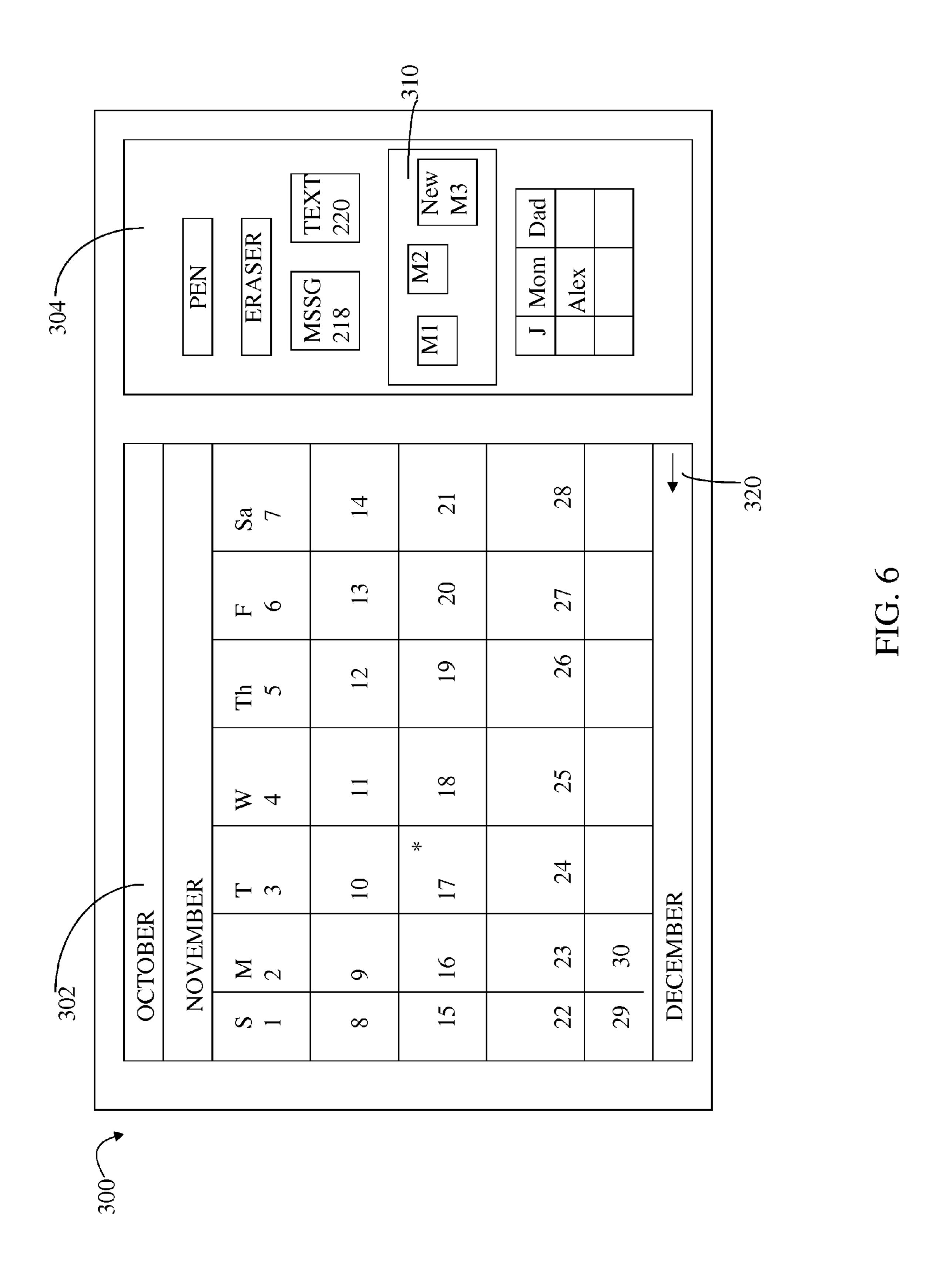


FIG. 3



|                 | MESSAGE<br>RECIPIENT 258 |
|-----------------|--------------------------|
| TEXT <u>252</u> | AUDIO button 256         |
| MESSAGE         | DATE/TIME  254           |

FIG. 5



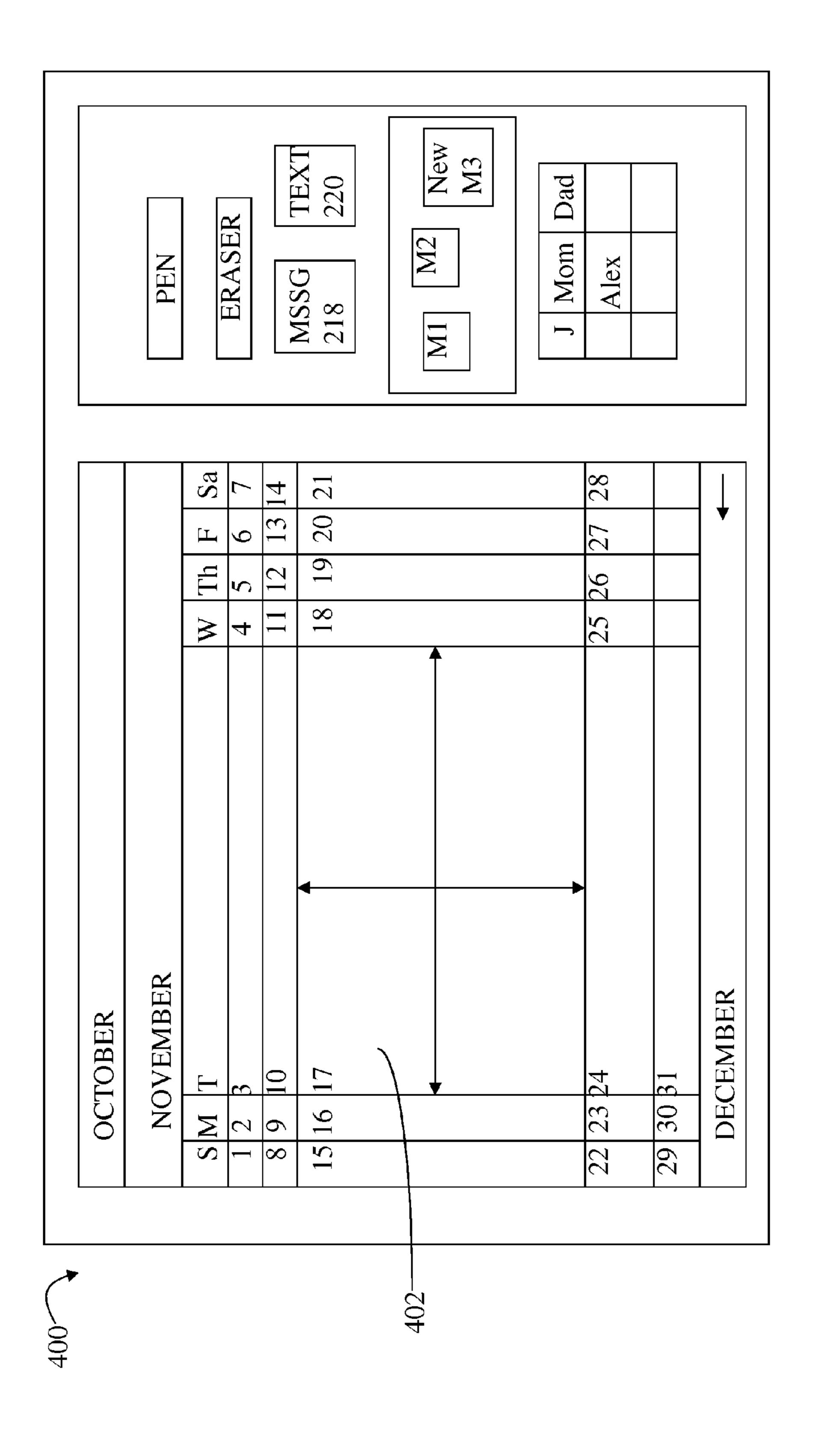


FIG. 7

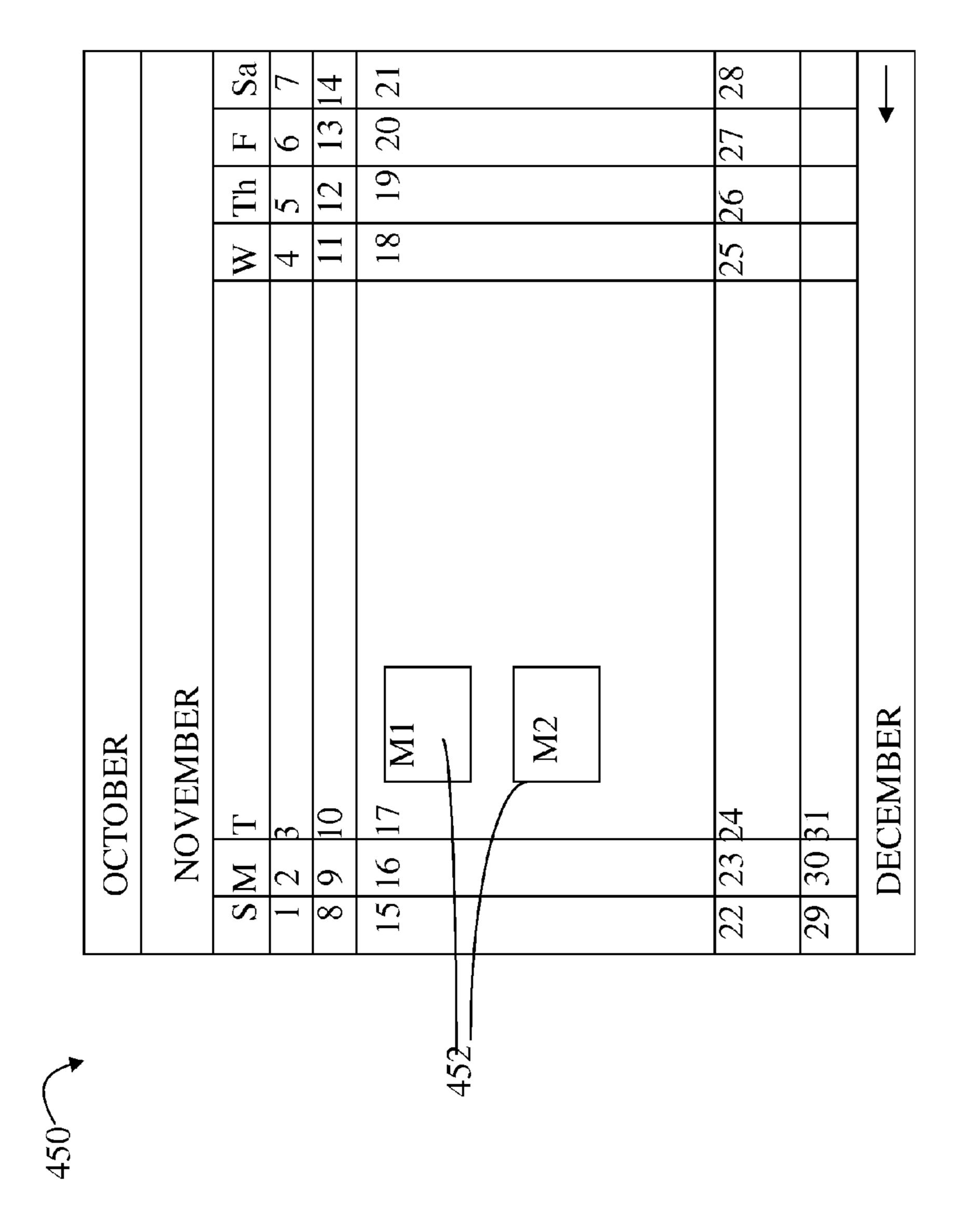


FIG. 8

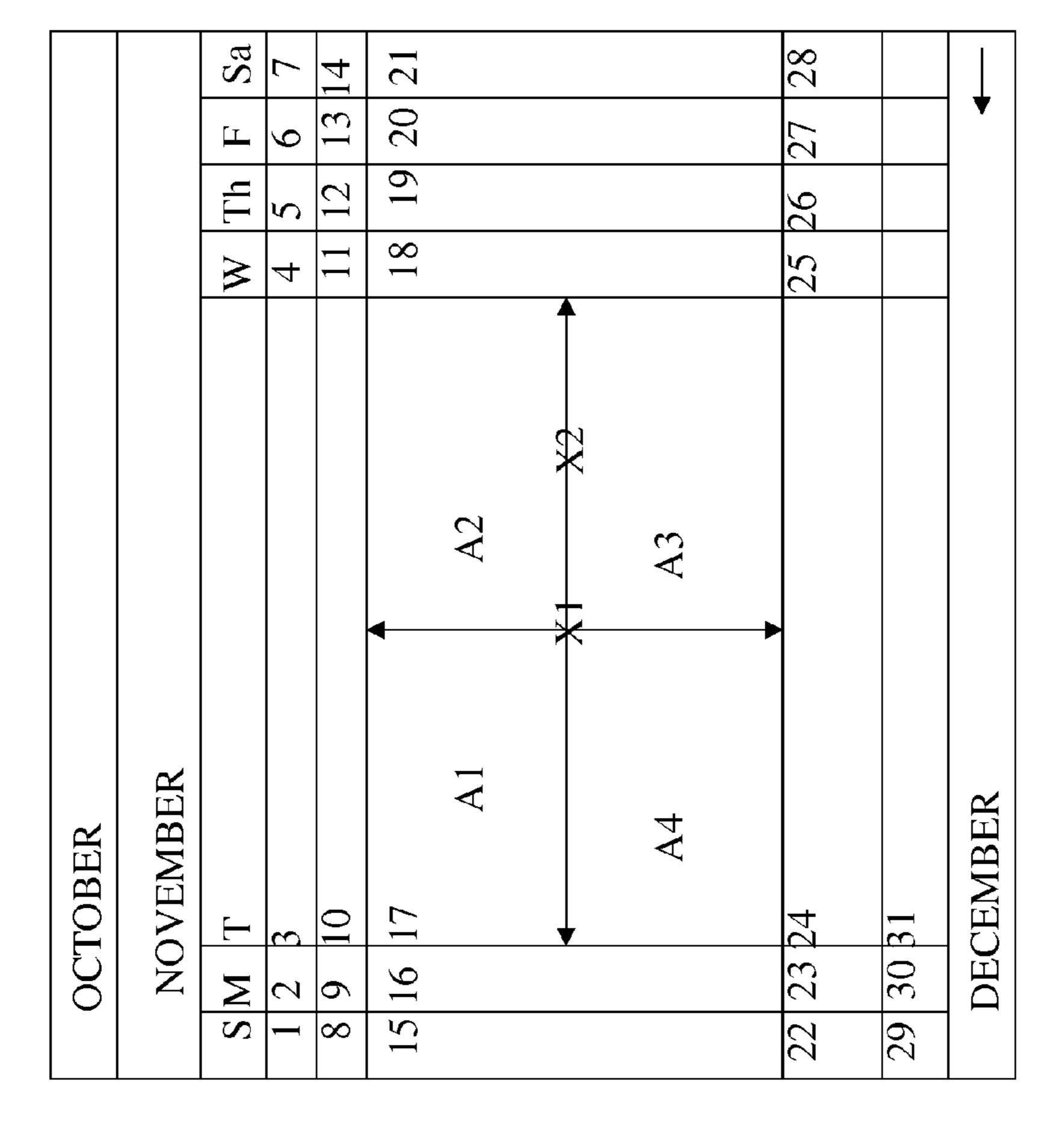


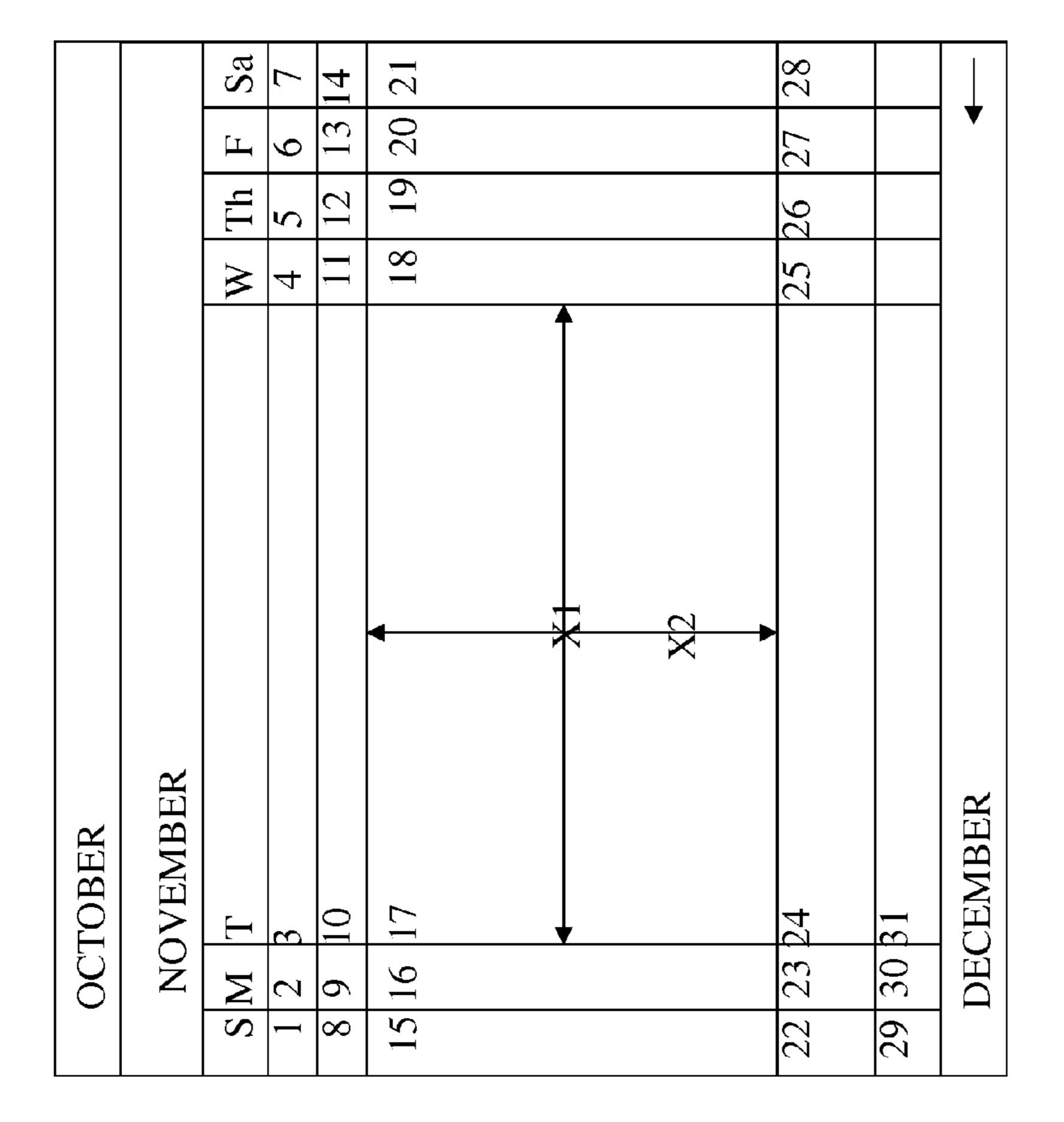
FIG. 9A



|         |          | <b>e</b> S | 7     | 14         | 21       |     |   |  | 28       |          |          |
|---------|----------|------------|-------|------------|----------|-----|---|--|----------|----------|----------|
|         |          | Ы          | 9     | 13         | 20       |     |   |  | 27       |          |          |
|         |          | Th         | 5     | 12         | 19       |     |   |  | 26       |          |          |
|         |          | W          | 4     | 11         | 18       |     |   |  | 25       |          |          |
| OCTOBER | NOVEMBER | L          | 1 2 3 | 8   9   10 | 15 16 17 | 554 | X |  | 22 23 24 | 29 30 31 | DECEMBER |

FIG. 9B

| V    |
|------|
| LIG. |



Sep. 20, 2016

|                     | Sa<br>7 | 14<br>21           |                   | 28    |          |          |
|---------------------|---------|--------------------|-------------------|-------|----------|----------|
|                     | F 6     | 13                 |                   | 27    |          | •        |
|                     | Th 5    | 12                 |                   | 26    |          |          |
|                     | W<br>4  | 118                |                   | 25    |          |          |
| OCTOBER<br>NOVEMBER |         | 8 9 10<br>15 16 17 | 654<br>652<br>652 | 22 23 | 29 30 31 | DECEMBER |

FIG. 9I

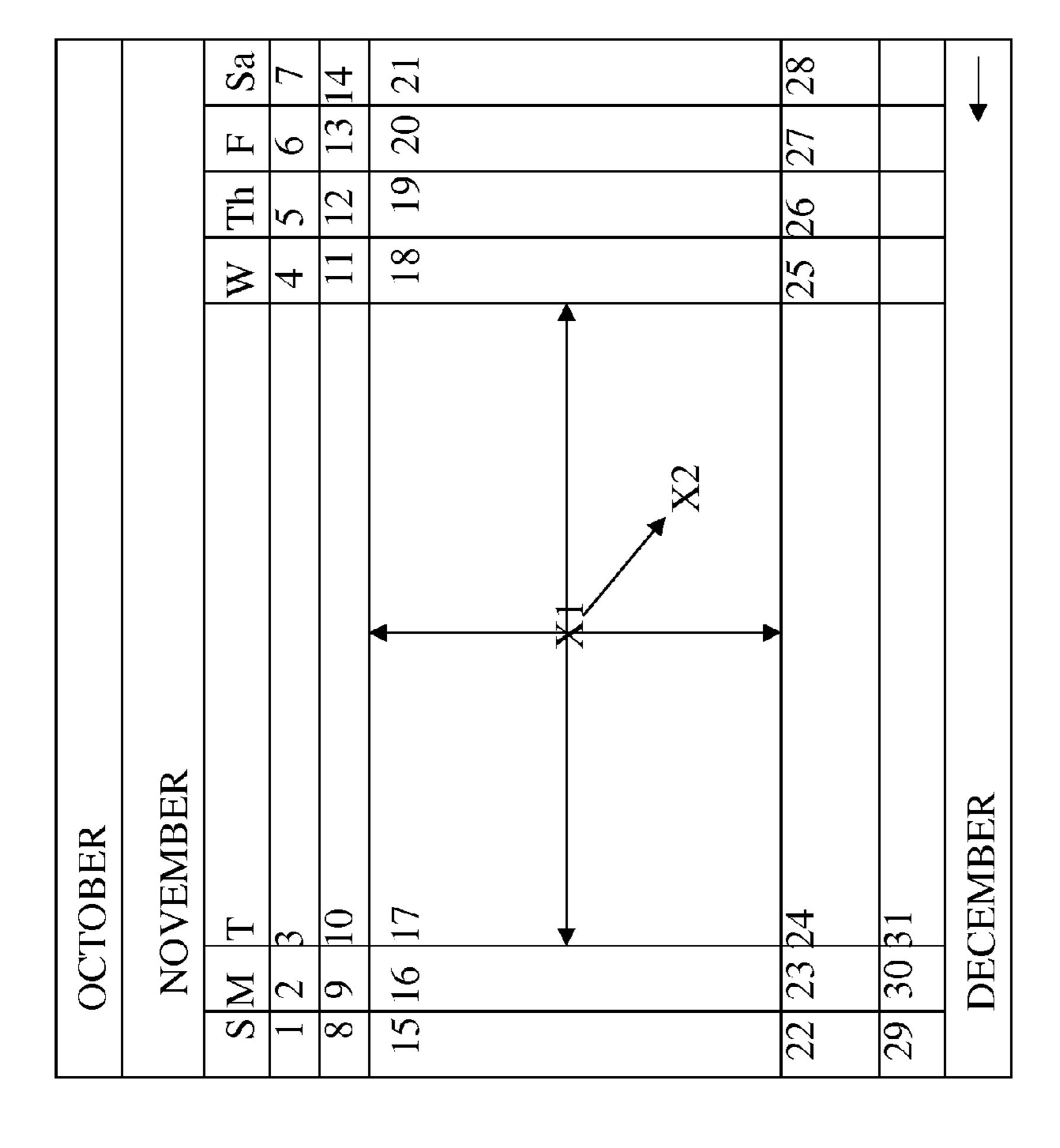
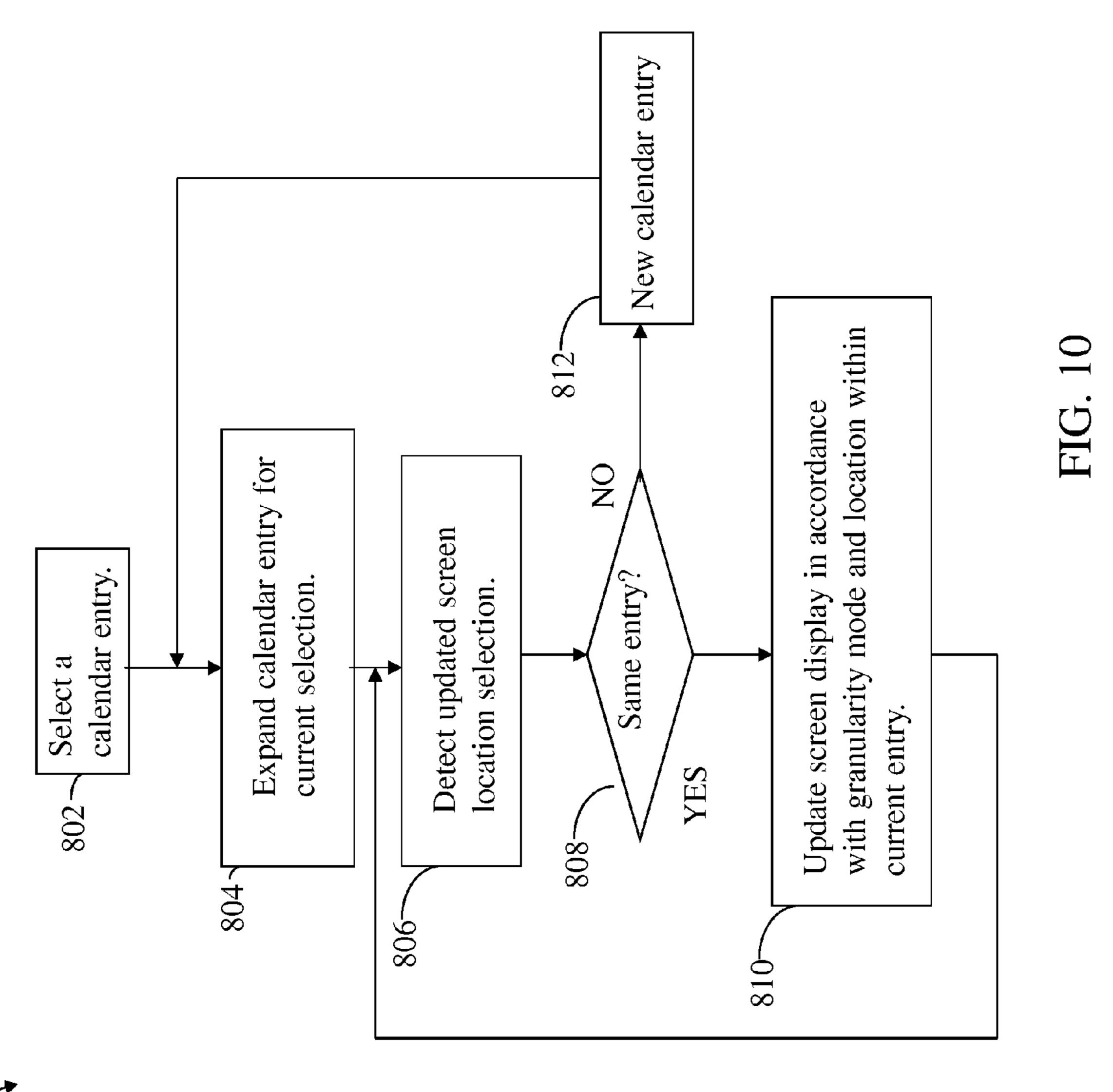


FIG. 9E

|         |          | Sa                  | 7     | 14          | 21       |   |      |  |      | 28         |          |          |
|---------|----------|---------------------|-------|-------------|----------|---|------|--|------|------------|----------|----------|
|         |          | Ы                   | 9     | 13          | 20       |   |      |  |      | <i>L</i> 7 |          |          |
|         |          | $\operatorname{Lh}$ | 5     | 12          | 19       |   |      |  |      | 26         |          |          |
|         |          | W                   | 4     | 11          | 18       |   |      |  |      | 25         |          |          |
| OCTOBER | NOVEMBER | T M S               | 1 2 3 | 8 9 10 754c | 15 16 17 | - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 | 7526 |  | 752a | 22 23 24   | 29 30 31 | DECEMBER |

FIG. 9F



# TECHNIQUES FOR USE WITH A CALENDAR AND MESSAGING COMPONENT

#### RELATED APPLICATION

This application is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 11/640,597, filed on Dec. 18, 2006, entitled "TECH-NIQUES FOR USE WITH A CALENDAR AND MES-SAGING COMPONENT", at least some of which may be incorporated herein.

#### BACKGROUND

Existing programs which perform electronic messaging and maintaining an electronic calendar for appointments include a separate messaging mode and a separate calendar mode. One drawback with such existing programs is that the another. Thus, a user may not be able to simultaneously view his/her calendar while also being able to perform electronic messaging functionality. The user also changes between the two modes in order to use the different functionality associated with each mode. Additionally, such existing programs 25 having the foregoing two modes do not provide a user interface with integrated information regarding electronic messages and a user's calendar.

#### **SUMMARY**

This summary is provided to introduce a selection of concepts in a simplified form that are further described below in the Detailed Description. This Summary is not intended to identify key features or essential features of the 35 claimed subject matter, nor is it intended to be used as an aid in determining the scope of the claimed subject matter.

Techniques are provided for displaying electronic calendar information. A selected calendar entry is expanded by increasing a portion of a display area associated with the 40 calendar entry while other calendar entries are compressed. The electronic calendar information may be included in an display integrated with a message area for using messages with an electronic calendar.

### DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Features and advantages of the present invention will become more apparent from the following detailed description of exemplary embodiments thereof taken in conjunction 50 with the accompanying drawings in which:

- FIG. 1 is an example of an embodiment illustrating an environment that may be utilized in connection with the techniques described herein;
- FIG. 2 is an example of components that may be included 55 in an embodiment of a device for use in connection with performing the techniques described herein;
- FIG. 3 is an example of components that may be included in an embodiment of a communications server for use in connection with performing the techniques described herein; 60
- FIGS. 4-7 are examples illustrating different screen displays using the techniques herein;
- FIGS. 8, and 9A-9F are examples illustrating calendar displays using the techniques herein; and
- FIG. 10 is a flowchart of processing steps that may be 65 performed in an embodiment in connection with the techniques described herein.

# DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Referring now to FIG. 1, illustrated is an example of a suitable computing environment in which embodiments utilizing the techniques described herein may be implemented. The computing environment illustrated in FIG. 1 is only one example of a suitable computing environment and is not intended to suggest any limitation as to the scope of use or functionality of the techniques described herein in connection with an electronic calendar and messaging component and various user interface examples included herein. Those skilled in the art will appreciate that the techniques described herein may be suitable for use with other general purpose and specialized purpose computing environments 15 and configurations. Examples of well known computing systems, environments, and/or configurations include, but are not limited to, personal computers, server computers, hand-held or laptop devices, multiprocessor systems, microprocessor-based systems, programmable consumer electronforegoing two modes may operate mutually exclusive of one 20 ics, network PCs, minicomputers, mainframe computers, distributed computing environments that include any of the above systems or devices, and the like.

> The techniques set forth herein may be described in the general context of computer-executable instructions, such as program modules, executed by one or more computers or other devices. Generally, program modules include routines, programs, objects, components, data structures, and the like, that perform particular tasks or implement particular abstract data types. Typically the functionality of the program mod-30 ules may be combined or distributed as desired in various embodiments.

> Included in FIG. 1 are a device 12, a network 14, and a communications server 15. The device 12 may be, for example, a computer having a display or output device such as a personal or desk top computer. The device **12** included in FIG. 1 is exemplary for purposes of illustrating the techniques described herein in connection with an electronic calendar and messaging component. Any device that has connectivity to the server 15 and having the functionality described herein may be included in an embodiment. The device 12 may include a processor used to execute code included in one or more program modules. Described in more detail elsewhere herein are program modules that may be executed by the device 12 in connection with the tech-45 niques described herein. The device 12 may operate in a networked environment and communicate with the communications server 15 and other computers not shown in FIG. 1. As described herein, the device 12 may be a personal computer. In other embodiments, the functionality of device 12, or the device 12 itself, may be included in another component in accordance with a particular environment in which the device 12 is utilized. For example, one environment in which the device 12 may be used is in a household environment. The device 12 may be included, for example, in a home appliance such as a refrigerator having a display area as an output for the various interfaces described herein. It should also be noted that the techniques and functionality described herein associated with device 12 may be integrated into the household appliance or other component for use in a particular environment.

The communications server 15 may be used in connection with processing and routing communications to devices such as the device 12 connected to the network 14. In one embodiment, information regarding communications may be stored at the communications server and retrieved for use by the device 12, and possibly other devices, having connectivity to the server 15.

It will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that although the device 12 is shown in the example as communicating in a networked environment, the device 12 may communicate with other components utilizing different communication mediums. For example, the device 12 may 5 communicate with one or more components utilizing a network connection, and/or other type of link known in the art including, but not limited to, the Internet, an intranet, or other wireless and/or hardwired connection(s).

It should also be noted that although the device 12 is 10 illustrated as having connectivity to a communications server 15, the techniques described herein may be used in connection with a device 12 operating standalone without external connection to a server. For example, the device 12 may be included in a household appliance such as refrigerator with an output display area on the door of the refrigerator. The appliance may not operate as part of network with a communications server.

Referring now to FIG. 2, shown is an example of components that may be included in the device 12 as may be 20 used in connection with performing the various embodiments of the techniques described herein. The device 12 may include one or more processing units 20, memory 22, a network interface unit 26, storage 30, one or more other communication connections 24, and a system bus 32 used to 25 facilitate communications between the components of the device 12.

Depending on the configuration and type of user device 12, memory 22 may be volatile (such as RAM), non-volatile (such as ROM, flash memory, etc.) or some combination of 30 the two. Additionally, the device 12 may also have additional features/functionality. For example, the device 12 may also include additional storage (removable and/or non-removable) including, but not limited to, USB devices, magnetic or optical disks, or tape. Such additional storage is 35 illustrated in FIG. 2 by storage 30. The storage 30 of FIG. 2 may include one or more removable and non-removable storage devices having associated computer-readable media that may be utilized by the device 12. The storage 30 in one embodiment may be a mass-storage device with associated 40 computer-readable media providing non-volatile storage for the device 12. Although the description of computer-readable media as illustrated in this example may refer to a mass storage device, such as a hard disk or CD-ROM drive, it will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that the computer- 45 readable media can be any available media that can be accessed by the device 12.

By way of example, and not limitation, computer readable media may comprise computer storage media and communication media. Memory 22, as well as storage 30, are 50 examples of computer storage media. Computer storage media includes volatile and nonvolatile, removable and non-removable media implemented in any method or technology for storage of information such as computer readable instructions, data structures, program modules or other data. Computer storage media includes, but is not limited to, RAM, ROM, EEPROM, flash memory or other memory technology, CD-ROM, (DVD) or other optical storage, magnetic cassettes, magnetic tape, magnetic disk storage or other magnetic storage devices, or any other medium which 60 can be used to store the desired information and which can accessed by device 12. Communication media typically embodies computer readable instructions, data structures, program modules or other data in a modulated data signal such as a carrier wave or other transport mechanism and 65 includes any information delivery media. The term "modulated data signal" means a signal that has one or more of its

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characteristics set or changed in such a manner as to encode information in the signal. By way of example, and not limitation, communication media includes wired media such as a wired network or direct-wired connection, and wireless media such as acoustic, RF, infrared and other wireless media. Combinations of the any of the above should also be included within the scope of computer readable media.

The device 12 may also contain communications connection(s) 24 that allow the computer to communicate with other devices and components such as, by way of example, input devices and output devices. Input devices may include, for example, a keyboard, mouse, pen, voice input device, touch input device, etc. Output device(s) may include, for example, a display, speakers, printer, and the like. These and other devices are well known in the art and need not be discussed at length here. The one or more communications connection(s) 24 are an example of communication media. In one embodiment, the device 12 may be connected to a touchscreen display as a user interface. As known in the art, a user selection may be made using a touchscreen device by touching a location on the screen or display surface. The foregoing may be used, for example, as an alternative to obtaining user input with another input device such as a mouse, keyboard, and the like. The techniques herein may be used in an embodiment which utilizes a touchscreen as well as other input devices.

In one embodiment, the device 12 may operate in a networked environment as illustrated in FIG. 1 using logical connections to remote computers through a network. The device 12 may connect to the network 14 of FIG. 1 through a network interface unit 26 connected to bus 32. The network interface unit 26 may also be utilized in connection with other types of networks and/or remote systems and components.

One or more program modules and/or data files may be included in storage 30. During operation of the device 12, one or more of these elements included in the storage 30 may also reside in a portion of memory 22, such as, for example, RAM for controlling the operation of the user computer 12. The example of FIG. 2 illustrates various components including an operating system 40, a communications module 42, one or more application programs 46, and other components, inputs, and/or outputs 48. In one embodiment, the application program 46 may be an electronic calendar and messaging component. As will be described herein, the electronic calendar and messaging component may include functionality for maintaining an electronic appointment calendar for users as well as messaging functionality providing for electronic message exchanges between users. In one embodiment the electronic calendar and messaging component included in the device 12 may utilize a touchsceen. The device 12 may be included in a household appliance, such as a refrigerator, for use in facilitating communications between household members and others outside of the household.

The operating system 40 may be any one of a variety of commercially available or proprietary operating systems. The operating system 40, for example, may be loaded into memory in connection with controlling operation of the user computer. One or more application programs 46 may execute in the device 12 in connection with performing user tasks and operations.

The communications module 42 may be used in connection with processing a user's inputs and selection as may be manually input through a component of the device 12, such as a using a touchscreen. The communications module 42 may also facilitate communications between components of

the device 12, such as from the electronic calendar and messaging component, and the communication server 15. For example, the communications module 42 may be used in connection with receiving information from the communications server 15 for display and use by the device 12.

It should be noted that any one of a variety of different techniques may be used to communicate the information to/from the communications server. For example, information input at the device 12 may be pushed from the device 12 to the communications server 15. It will be appreciated 10 by those skilled in the art that other techniques, such as pulling information from the device 12, polling, and the like, may also be used.

Referring now to FIG. 3, shown is an example of components that may be included in the communications server 15 15 and used in connection with performing the various embodiments of the techniques described herein. As illustrated in FIG. 3, an embodiment of the communications server 15 may include components similar to those described in connection with FIG. 2. Additionally, the communications server 15 may include a registration module **146** for registering one or more users of the communications server. In one embodiment, one or more users located within a household may be registered. In connection with techniques herein, each user may have an electronic email 25 account, a calendar, and the like. Information for each of the foregoing may be maintained at the communications server 15 and transferred to the device 12. Similarly, information input at device 12 may be transferred to the communications server 15 using the techniques herein. For example, the 30 device 12 may be executing code of the electronic messaging and calendar component. Incoming communications for a user may be routed via the communications server to the user and displayed, for example, on the output display of device 12. Outgoing communications, for example, from a 35 user of device 12 may be routed to the communications server to one or more other users.

The registration module **146** may be used in connection with registration of a user. As part of the registration process, the user may be assigned a user identifier, an associated 40 email account, and the like.

Referring now to FIG. 4, shown is an example of a screen display that may be included on an output area of device 12. The example 200 includes a calendar display area 202, a message display area 204 and another area 206 including 45 various menu options and controls. The area 202 includes a graphical display of a calendar having corresponding entries for days of the indicated month. In this example, the calendar in 202 may be characterized as being in a compressed view form. As will be explained in more detail in 50 following paragraphs and figures, the compressed view may be expanded into an expanded calendar view by selecting 230.

The area 204 includes one or more messages corresponding to message events. In one embodiment, the area 204 may 55 include messages for one or more users of the device 12. In one embodiment in which the device 12 may be used by members of a household, each household member may be registered user of the device. The various household members may be indicated in grid portion 222 by a separate grid 60 location. The messages included in 204 may be messages for a selected user indicated in 222. Selection of an element from 222 may cause portion 204 to be updated with additional messages in accordance with the selection. In this example, area 204 includes two messages 208 and 210. 65 Additionally, area 204 includes a text portion 212 which may not be included in a message. In one embodiment, a

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user may enter text on the screen by selecting the pen 214 from area 206. The user may also perform other operations such as erase text using 216. Elements 218 and 220 may correspond to buttons for performing different operations. Element 218 may be selected to create a new message. Button 220 may be selected to identify a portion of the display 200 having text which is included in a message. For example, button 220 may be selected and a user may mark a portion of the screen, such as indicated by the circular portion 212, including text which is copied into a newly created message.

The example 200 illustrates an interface in which a message may be created in two ways. A message may be created via selection of button 218 which causes display of a new message note interface as illustrated, for example, in FIG. 5. A message may also be created using text included on the screen, such as area 204, using the text selection button 220 to select text from the display and include the text in a new message which is then displayed in area 204.

A message from area 204 may be associated with a particular date on the calendar by selecting the message, dragging the selected message over an entry of the calendar in 202, and dropping the message in the entry of calendar. In response to dropping a message on a calendar entry, the calendar entry may be highlighted indicating the calendar entry as the currently selected or active entry. The message may appear as a small icon in the calendar entry. Additionally, the display may be updated to zoom in or expand the selected calendar entry into which the message is dropped. This zoom-in response feature is illustrated and described in more detail in connection with FIG. 7. It should be noted that a particular calendar entry may also be selected or made active using other techniques besides the foregoing message drag and drop technique. For example, a calendar entry in region 202 may be selected using an input device such as mouse, a touchscreen, and the like. In response to selection of a calendar entry either using the drag and drop technique or by direct selection using an input device, the selected calendar entry may be expanded as will be described in more detail in following paragraphs and figures.

The calendar of 202 may operate in a first mode and only include calendar information for selected users in accordance with which one or more buttons of 222 are selected. In another mode, the calendar may include calendar information for all users indicated by the buttons of 222. However, if one or more buttons of 222 are selected at a point in time, the calendar information for the users corresponding to the selected buttons may be visually indicated or differentiated from other calendar information. Such visual indication may be made, for example, by highlighting, bolding, and the like. In one embodiment, the calendar portion 202 may include calendar information, such as appointments, messages associated with dates, and the like.

Message area 204 may include messages for one or more selected users in accordance with which one or more buttons of 222 are selected. In an embodiment, the area 204 may alternatively include messages for all users indicated by the buttons of 222. However, if particular buttons from 222 are selected, messages for those users corresponding to the selected buttons may be highlighted or otherwise visually indicated in area 204.

In one embodiment, the example 200 may be displayed on a device utilizing a touchscreen. As such, a user may make a selection by touching the screen in a particular location. Such selection may be made as an alternative to using another input device, such as a mouse, pen, and the like.

Referring now to FIG. 5, shown is an example of a message in more detail. When a new message is created, a new element such as in the shape of the rectangle of 250, may be drawn in area 204 of a screen display. A message may include a text portion 252, date/time information 254, 5 audio information 256, and a message recipient portion 258. The new message of 250 may be displayed in area 204 of FIG. 4, for example, in response to selecting button 218 of FIG. 4. The message text 252 as well as other information of the new message may be entered. In one embodiment, 10 selection of button 220 of FIG. 4 may also result in the creation of a new message 250 in which the selected text is included in the message text portion 252. The audio information associated with 256 may be a voice or other sound recording associated with the message event represented by 15 250. An embodiment may include a device 12 having the components which are capable of making a sound recording. The sound recording may then be linked to the message 250 as represented by **256**.

A message may be an electronic communication corre- 20 sponding to any one of a variety of different events or element such as, for example, a list, a reminder, an invitation, and the like, in any one or more forms including text, audio, and/or image information.

It should be noted that an embodiment may include 25 different information for a message than as described herein. For example, a message may also include image information.

What will now be described are various behaviors that may be associated with the calendar portion 202 in connection with techniques herein while managing messages and a calendar.

Referring now to FIG. 6, shown is an example of a screen that may be displayed in response to selection of the button expanded. The example 300 includes an expanded calendar view 302 and an area 304 including various menu options and controls. In the example 300, it should be noted that the message area is included in a compressed view form 310. This is in contrast, for example, to the message display area 40 **204** of FIG. **4** which may be characterized as an expanded view of the message area. A user may select to view the calendar portion 302 in the compressed view by selecting button 320.

In connection with techniques described herein, when the 45 calendar portion is in an expanded view form as illustrated in FIG. 6, the message area may be in a compressed view form as in 310. When the calendar portion is in a compressed view form as previously illustrated in FIG. 4, the message area may be in an expanded view form.

When the calendar portion 302 is in an expanded view form, an entry of the calendar of 302 may be selected in one of the two ways as previously described in connection with the compressed view form of the calendar. A calendar entry may be selected using a first drag and drop technique for 55 dragging and dropping a message from 310 onto a selected calendar entry. Using a second technique, a selection of the calendar entry may be made, for example, using a touchscreen or other input device to directly select the corresponding portion of a screen for the calendar entry. Using 60 either of the foregoing techniques from either the expanded calendar view form of FIG. 6 or the compressed calendar view form of FIG. 4, processing is performed to zoom-in or expand a view for the selected calendar entry as will be illustrated in FIG. 7.

Referring now to FIG. 7, shown is an example of a screen that may be displayed in connection with expanding a view

for the selected calendar entry. The example 400 may be displayed in response to selection of a particular calendar entry as described above. In this example, the calendar entry selected is November  $17^{th}$ . The calendar entry, for which expanded view processing is performed as illustrated in FIG. 7, may be selected either by dragging and dropping a message on the calendar entry, directly selecting the entry using an input device, as well as other techniques. The selection of a calendar entry may be performed when the calendar is in either the expanded of compressed view form.

In response to selecting a calendar entry, processing is performed to provide an expanded or zoom-in view of the calendar entry. In one embodiment, the selected calendar entry is expanded and the other remaining calendar entries for the month are compressed. An embodiment may perform compression of other calendar entries in the vertical and horizontal directions (e.g., above, below, to the left of, and to the right of) with respect to the selected calendar entry in any order. For example, an embodiment may first compress calendar entries above a selected entry and expand the selected entry by an amount in the upward direction. In a second processing step, calendar entries below the selected calendar entry may be compressed and the selected entry may be expanded by an amount in the downward direction. Similarly, calendar entries to the left and to the right of the selected calendar entry may be compressed, respectively, in a third processing step and a fourth processing step. The display may be updated as each processing step is performed. An embodiment may also perform the foregoing steps in a different sequential ordering. An embodiment may also perform two or more of the foregoing processing steps at a time, or otherwise update the display after performing two or more of the foregoing processing steps.

The compression of calendar entries in a particular direc-230 of FIG. 4 causing the calendar portion 202 to be 35 tion (e.g., above, below, to the left of, or to the right of) with respect to the selected calendar entry may be performed by compressing all rows or columns of the particular direction at once, processing each row or column sequentially, or otherwise compressing multiple rows or columns at a time. For example, with respect to the selected entry 402, November 17<sup>th</sup>, two rows of entries above are compressed, four columns to the right are compressed, two rows below are compressed, and two columns to the left are compressed. For each of the four directions, all rows or columns of entries of one direction may be compressed at the same time, one row or column at a time, or in some other grouping. For example, with respect to the four columns to the right of 402, all four columns of entries may be compressed at once and the display accordingly updated. In a variation of the fore-50 going, each of the four columns may be compressed one at a time beginning with the rightmost column.

> These and other processing variations will be appreciated by those skilled in the art in order to obtain the results illustrated in FIG. 7 providing an expanded view of a selected calendar entry.

As described in connection with the techniques herein, in response to selection of a calendar entry, an expanded view of the calendar entry is displayed. The expansion of the calendar entry for the selected date causes compression of other remaining calendar entries corresponding to other dates. In one embodiment, these remaining calendar entries may be compressed in the horizontal and/or vertical directions so that entries of a same row have a same height or resulting vertical spacing and entries of a same column have 65 a width or resulting horizontal spacing.

Referring now to FIG. 8, shown is an example of how messages may appear in the expanded calendar entry in one

embodiment. The example **450** includes two messages denoted by element **452**. These messages may have been previously associated with the selected calendar entry of November 17<sup>th</sup>, for example, by dragging and dropping the messages from the message area into the November 17<sup>th</sup> 5 entry. Each of the messages may have a corresponding icon included in the associated calendar entry as illustrated by **452**. It should be noted that FIGS. **8** and **9A-9F** include only the calendar portion of a display for purposes of illustration of the techniques herein.

In connection with a selected calendar entry, a display may be updated by expanding and compressing calendar entries in accordance with one of two modes of granularity—per calendar entry or within a calendar entry. In the first mode, per calendar entry, the display may be updated to 15 include the expanded view for a selected calendar entry when a new calendar entry is selected. In this first mode, screen selections or movement within a single currently selected calendar entry do not cause further expansion and/or compression of calendar entries. Subsequent expan- 20 sion and compression is performed only in response to a change in calendar entry. In contrast, in the second latter mode, screen selections or movement within a currently selected calendar entry result in expansion and/or compression of calendar entries. In this second mode, a finer granularity is used in connection with controlling the expansion and compression of displayed calendar entries. In response to screen position changes within a currently selected calendar entry when in the second granularity mode, the display may be updated to expand and/or compress one or more 30 neighboring calendar entries. As described in detail below, the effect on neighboring calendar entries may be determined in accordance with the relative change in position in the horizontal and/or vertical directions within a selected calendar entry.

Referring now to FIG. 9A, shown is an example of an expanded view for the calendar entry of November 17<sup>th</sup>. In the example 500, let X1 represent a current screen position. Subsequently, a user updates a current screen position, such as using a touchscreen display, by sliding along the hori- 40 zontal line to the point denoted by X2. In connection with the techniques herein when in the second mode of granularity for updating the display in response to movements within a selected calendar entry, as movement advances from X1 to X2, the calendar entry for November  $17^{th}$  is 45 compressed while the entry for November 18<sup>th</sup> accordingly expands. The amount of compression and expansion of the foregoing entries may be in accordance with the amount of positional change from X1 to X2. In one embodiment, the entry for November  $17^{th}$  may be maximally expanded when 50 in position X1. Movement within the entry for November 17<sup>th</sup> to any other position may result in compression of November 17<sup>th</sup> entry and expansion of one or more neighboring entries in accordance with the direction and amount of movement. Movement along a horizontal axis toward a 55 neighboring entry may result in expansion of the neighboring entry while accordingly compressing the currently selected entry of November 17<sup>th</sup>. Movement along a vertical axis toward a neighboring entry may also similarly result in expansion of the neighboring entry while the currently 60 selected entry is accordingly compressed. Movement in a position and direction within one of the four quadrants (A1-A4) rather than in a strictly horizontal or vertical direction along one of the axis illustrated in 500 may result in expansion of more than one neighboring calendar entry 65 touching the effected quadrant boundary. For example, in one embodiment, movement from X1 to a new position in

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the A2 quadrant may cause expansion of entries for November  $10^{th}$  and  $18^{th}$  in accordance with the new position.

Referring now to FIG. 9B, the example 550 illustrates an updated screen display in response to movement from X1 to X2 of FIG. 9A. Element 552 illustrates the boundaries associated with calendar entries when the current position within the November 17<sup>th</sup> entry is X1. As the current position advances from X1 to X2, the calendar entry for November 18<sup>th</sup> is expanded as illustrated by the arrow. In one embodiment, when in position X2, the calendar entry November 18<sup>th</sup> may be expanded as illustrated by 554.

In connection with FIG. **9**B, it should be noted that an embodiment may also choose to further extend line **554** to impact calendar entries bordering on the selected calendar entry of November 17. For example, as a variation to that illustrated in FIG. **9**B, an embodiment may extend line **554** to also apply to the entry above and below the November 17<sup>th</sup> entry causing a repartitioning of calendar entries for November 10<sup>th</sup> and 11<sup>th</sup>, and November 24<sup>th</sup> and 25<sup>th</sup> as well. In a further variation, an embodiment may extend line **554** so as to also apply to all calendar entries in the Tuesday/Wednesday columns (e.g., causing repartitioning of November 3<sup>rd</sup>/4<sup>th</sup>, 10<sup>th</sup>/11<sup>th</sup> 24<sup>th</sup>/25<sup>th</sup>, and 31<sup>st</sup>).

Referring now to FIG. 9C, shown is an example of an expanded view for the calendar entry of November 17<sup>th</sup>. In the example 600, let X1 represent a current screen position. Subsequently, a user updates a current screen position, such as using a touchscreen display, by sliding downward along the vertical line to the point denoted by X2. In connection with the techniques herein when in the second mode of granularity for updating the display in response to movements within a selected calendar entry, as movement advances from X1 to X2, the calendar entry for November 17<sup>th</sup> is compressed while the entry for November 24<sup>th</sup> accordingly expands. The amount of compression and expansion of the foregoing entries may be in accordance with the amount of positional change from X1 to X2.

Referring now to FIG. 9D, the example 650 illustrates an updated screen display in response to movement from X1 to X2 of FIG. 9C. Element 652 illustrates the boundaries associated with calendar entries when the current position within the November 17<sup>th</sup> entry is X1. As the current position advances from X1 to X2, the calendar entry for November 24<sup>th</sup> is expanded as illustrated by the arrow. In one embodiment, when in position X2, the calendar entry November 24<sup>th</sup> may be expanded as illustrated by 654.

In connection with FIG. 9D, it should be noted that an embodiment may also choose to further extend line **654** to impact calendar entries bordering on the selected calendar entry of November 17. For example, as a variation to that illustrated in FIG. 9D, an embodiment may extend line **654** to also apply to the entries to the left and right of the November 17<sup>th</sup> entry causing a repartitioning of calendar entries for November 16<sup>th</sup> and 23rd, and November 18<sup>th</sup> and 25<sup>th</sup> as well. In a further variation, an embodiment may extend line **654** so as to also apply to all calendar entries in the same row as November 17th (e.g., causing repartitioning of November 15<sup>th</sup>/22<sup>nd</sup> 16<sup>th</sup>/23<sup>rd</sup>, 18<sup>th</sup>/25<sup>th</sup>, 19<sup>th</sup>/26<sup>th</sup>, 20<sup>th</sup>/27<sup>th</sup>, and 21<sup>st</sup>/28<sup>th</sup>).

Referring now to FIG. 9E, shown is an example of an expanded view for the calendar entry of November 17<sup>th</sup>. In the example 700, let X1 represent a current screen position. Subsequently, a user updates a current screen position, such as using a touchscreen display, by sliding at an angle into the lower right quadrant toward the point denoted by X2. In connection with the techniques herein when in the second mode of granularity for updating the display in response to

movements within a selected calendar entry, as movement advances from X1 to X2, the calendar entry for November 17<sup>th</sup> is compressed in both the horizontal and vertical directions while the entries for November 18<sup>th</sup> and 24<sup>th</sup> accordingly expand. The amount of compression and expansion of 5 the foregoing entries for the 18<sup>th</sup> and 24<sup>th</sup> may be in accordance with the amount of positional change from X1 to X2.

Referring now to FIG. 9F, the example 750 illustrates an updated screen display in response to movement from X1 to X2 of FIG. 9E. Elements 752a and 754a illustrate the 10 boundaries associated with calendar entries when the current position within the November  $17^{th}$  entry is X1. As the current position advances from X1 to X2, the calendar entries for November  $18^{th}$  and  $24^{th}$  are expanded as the entry for November 17<sup>th</sup> is accordingly compressed. In one 15 detected. This selection may be made, for example, by a user embodiment, when in position X2, the calendar entries may be delineated as represented by lines 752b and 754b. As the current position is further moved from X2 to X3, the calendar entries may be delineated as represented by 754c and 752c causing further expansion of entries for November 20 18<sup>th</sup> and 24<sup>th</sup> and further compression of the entry for November 17<sup>th</sup>.

In connection with FIG. 9F in a manner similar to as described above in connection with FIGS. 9B and 9D, it should be noted that an embodiment may also choose to 25 further extend repartitioning of calendar entries to impact calendar entries bordering on the selected calendar entry of November 17. For example, as a variation to that illustrated in FIG. 9F in connection with movement to position X2, an embodiment may extend lines 754b and 752b to also apply to the entries above, below, to the left and to the right of the November 17<sup>th</sup> entry causing a repartitioning of calendar entries, respectively, for November 10<sup>th</sup>/11<sup>th</sup>, November  $24^{th}/25^{th}$   $16^{th}/23^{rd}$ , and  $18^{th}/25^{th}$  as well. In a further variation, an embodiment may extend line 754b and 752b so as 35 to also apply to all calendar entries in the Tuesday/Wednesday columns (e.g., causing repartitioning of November  $3^{rd}/4^{th}$ ,  $10^{th}/11^{th}$ ,  $24^{th}/25^{th}$ , and  $31^{st}$ ), and in the same row as November 17th (e.g., causing repartitioning of November  $15^{th}/22^{nd}$   $16^{th}/23^{rd}$ ,  $18^{th}/25^{th}$ ,  $19^{th}/26^{th}$ ,  $20^{th}/27^{th}$ , and  $21^{st}/40^{th}$  $28^{th}$ )

The foregoing illustrates exemplary compression and expansion rates that may be used in one embodiment. It should be noted that other rates may be selected for use in an embodiment. The amount or rate of expansion and/or 45 compression of entries may be at a uniform rate throughout each calendar entry, or may be at varying rates dependent on location within a calendar entry. In an embodiment, each calendar entry may have a minimal size below which an entry is not compressed. It will be appreciated by those 50 skilled in the art that the rate of compression/expansion may be made determined in accordance with the change in location within a selected calendar entry. The change in location may be determined by tracking a current screen location in comparison to a previous screen location. The 55 corresponding calendar entry may be determined by tracking which screen portions correspond or map to which calendar entries.

If a user selects a new calendar entry, the processing described herein may be performed with respect to the new 60 calendar entry. In one embodiment, when a new calendar entry is initially selected, the expanded view as illustrated, for example, in FIG. 7 may result. The current position within the selected entry may be initially set at the point indicated by X1.

Referring now to FIG. 10, shown is an example of a flowchart of processing steps that may be performed in

connection with an embodiment utilizing the techniques herein. The processing steps of 800 summarize processing just described in connection with preceding figures. At step 802, a calendar entry is selected. As described herein, a calendar entry may be designated by directly selecting the date for the calendar entry when the calendar is in expanded or compressed view. Alternatively, a calendar entry may be selected by dragging and dropping a message on the calendar entry.

At step 804, in response to selecting the calendar entry of step 802, the screen is updated by expanding the calendar entry. The initial expansion of a selected calendar entry is illustrated, for example, in connection with FIG. 7.

At step 806, an updated screen location selection is making a selection of a screen location using touchscreen or other input device. The selection of a screen location, as well as other user selections, may be reported as an event to the calendar and messaging component described elsewhere herein. In response, processing may be performed to update the screen. At step 808, a determination may be made as to whether the updated screen location selection is within the same calendar entry. If not, control proceeds to step 812 for processing for a new calendar entry. Control proceeds to step 804 to expand the newly selected calendar entry. If step 808 evaluates to yes, then control proceeds to step 810 to update the screen display in accordance with the granularity mode and updated screen location. As described elsewhere herein, if the current granularity mode is per entry, then there is no processing performed with respect to expansion and/or compression of the current entry and one or more other neighboring entries. If the granularity mode is within a calendar entry, the display is updated in response to movements within a currently selected calendar entry causing expansion and/or compression of the current entry and any appropriate neighboring entries.

It should be noted that although the techniques for expansion of a selected calendar entry are illustrated herein as integrated with messaging, an embodiment may include the calendar information, such as scheduled appointments, without messaging. For example, an embodiment may include a component which includes only appointment scheduling functionality as may be associated with an electronic calendar program.

Although the subject matter has been described in language specific to structural features and/or methodological acts, it is to be understood that the subject matter defined in the appended claims is not necessarily limited to the specific features or acts described above. Rather, the specific features and acts described above are disclosed as example forms of implementing the claims.

What is claimed is:

- 1. A method for displaying electronic calendar information, comprising:
  - placing a message from a message board area into a selected calendar entry of an electronic calendar;
  - enlarging, responsive to the placing, an area of the selected calendar entry; and
  - adjusting, responsive to the placing, a size of an area of at least one other calendar entry in the electronic calendar, with the at least one other calendar entry being different from the selected calendar entry.
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the adjusting comprises:
  - adjusting, responsive to the placing, a size of a first calendar entry of the electronic calendar that is situated in a same row as the selected calendar entry such that

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a vertical height of the first calendar entry is substantially equal to a vertical height of the selected calendar entry; and

adjusting, responsive to the placing, a size of a second calendar entry of the electronic calendar that is situated in a same column as the selected calendar entry such that a horizontal width of the second calendar entry is substantially equal to a horizontal width of the selected calendar entry.

3. The method of claim 1, comprising:

receiving movement data corresponding to a positional change of a cursor in at least one of a horizontal direction or a vertical direction within the selected calendar entry towards a neighboring calendar entry of the electronic calendar; and

reducing, responsive to the receiving, the area of the selected calendar entry while concurrently increasing an area of the neighboring calendar entry.

4. The method of claim 1, comprising:

receiving movement data corresponding to a positional change of a cursor in a horizontal direction and a vertical direction within the selected calendar entry;

adjusting a horizontal width and a vertical height of the selected calendar entry in accordance with the move- 25 ment data; and

adjusting a horizontal width and a vertical height of a neighboring calendar entry of the electronic calendar in accordance with the movement data.

5. The method of claim 1, comprising:

receiving movement data corresponding to a positional change of a cursor in at least one of a horizontal direction or a vertical direction within the selected calendar entry towards a neighboring calendar entry of the electronic calendar;

increasing at least one of a horizontal width or a vertical height of the neighboring calendar entry in accordance with the movement data; and

reducing at least one of a horizontal width or a vertical height of the selected calendar entry in accordance with 40 the movement data.

6. The method of claim 1, comprising:

receiving movement data corresponding to a positional change of a cursor in a horizontal direction towards a neighboring calendar entry of the electronic calendar 45 and a vertical direction away from the neighboring calendar entry;

increasing a horizontal width of the neighboring calendar entry in accordance with the movement data; and

reducing a vertical height of the selected calendar entry in accordance with the movement data.

7. The method of claim 1, comprising:

receiving movement data corresponding to a positional change of a cursor in a vertical direction towards a neighboring calendar entry of the electronic calendar 55 and a horizontal direction away from the neighboring calendar entry;

increasing a vertical height of the neighboring calendar entry in accordance with the movement data; and

reducing a horizontal width of the neighboring calendar 60 entry in accordance with the movement data.

8. The method of claim 1, comprising:

receiving movement data corresponding to a positional change of a cursor in a vertical direction towards a neighboring calendar entry of the electronic calendar 65 while maintaining a horizontal distance between the cursor and the neighboring calendar entry; and

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increasing a vertical height of the neighboring calendar entry in accordance with the movement data while maintaining a horizontal width of the neighboring calendar entry.

9. The method of claim 1, comprising:

receiving movement data corresponding to a positional change of a cursor in a horizontal direction towards a neighboring calendar entry of the electronic calendar while maintaining a vertical distance between the cursor and the neighboring calendar entry; and

increasing a horizontal width of the neighboring calendar entry in accordance with the movement data while maintaining a vertical height of the neighboring calendar entry.

10. The method of claim 1, comprising:

receiving movement data corresponding to a positional change of a cursor in a horizontal direction and a vertical direction within the selected calendar entry towards a neighboring calendar entry of the electronic calendar;

increasing a horizontal width and a vertical height of the neighboring calendar entry in accordance with the movement data; and

reducing a horizontal width and a vertical height of the selected calendar entry in accordance with the movement data.

11. The method of claim 1, comprising:

displaying the message in the selected calendar entry when a user identification associated with the message is selected.

12. The method of claim 11, comprising:

not displaying the message in the selected calendar entry when the user identification associated with the message is not selected.

13. The method of claim 1, comprising

receiving movement data; and

adjusting a size of some, but not all, displayed calendar entries of the electronic calendar in accordance with the movement data.

14. A system, comprising:

one or more processing units; and

memory comprising instructions that when executed via at least one of the one or more processing units perform a method, comprising:

placing a message from a message board area into a selected calendar entry of an electronic calendar;

enlarging, responsive to the placing, an area of the selected calendar entry; and

adjusting, responsive to the placing, a size of an area of at least one other calendar entry in the electronic calendar, with the at least one other calendar entry being different from the selected calendar entry.

15. The system of claim 14, the method comprising:

receiving movement data corresponding to a positional change of a cursor in at least one of a horizontal direction or a vertical direction within the selected calendar entry towards a neighboring calendar entry of the electronic calendar; and

reducing, responsive to the receiving, the area of the selected calendar entry while concurrently increasing an area of the neighboring calendar entry.

16. The system of claim 14, the method comprising:

receiving movement data corresponding to a positional change of a cursor in at least one of a horizontal direction or a vertical direction within the selected calendar entry towards a neighboring calendar entry of the electronic calendar;

- increasing at least one of a horizontal width or a vertical height of the neighboring calendar entry in accordance with the movement data; and
- reducing at least one of a horizontal width or a vertical height of the selected calendar entry in accordance with 5 the movement data.
- 17. The system of claim 14, the method comprising: displaying the message in the selected calendar entry when a user identification associated with the message is selected; and
- not displaying the message in the selected calendar entry when the user identification associated with the message is not selected.
- 18. A computer readable device comprising instructions that when executed by a processing unit perform a method, comprising:

placing a message from a message board area into a selected calendar entry of an electronic calendar;

enlarging, responsive to the placing, an area of the selected calendar entry; and

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- adjusting, responsive to the placing, a size of an area of at least one other calendar entry in the electronic calendar, with the at least one other calendar entry being different from the selected calendar entry.
- 19. The computer readable device of claim 18, the method comprising:
  - receiving movement data corresponding to a positional change of a cursor in at least one of a horizontal direction or a vertical direction within the selected calendar entry towards a neighboring calendar entry of the electronic calendar; and
  - reducing, responsive to the receiving, the area of the selected calendar entry while concurrently increasing an area of the neighboring calendar entry in accordance with the movement data.
- 20. The computer readable device of claim 18, the method comprising:
  - displaying the message in the selected calendar entry when a user identification associated with the message is selected.

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