

US009344679B2

(12) **United States Patent**
Uchiyama

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 9,344,679 B2**
(45) **Date of Patent:** **May 17, 2016**

(54) **TRANSMISSION SYSTEM, TRANSMISSION
TERMINAL AND METHOD OF
TRANSMITTING PROGRAM**

(71) Applicant: **Hiroaki Uchiyama**, Kanagawa (JP)

(72) Inventor: **Hiroaki Uchiyama**, Kanagawa (JP)

(73) Assignee: **Ricoh Company, Ltd.**, Tokyo (JP)

(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 9 days.

(21) Appl. No.: **14/301,832**

(22) Filed: **Jun. 11, 2014**

(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2014/0375753 A1 Dec. 25, 2014

(30) **Foreign Application Priority Data**

Jun. 20, 2013 (JP) 2013-129852

(51) **Int. Cl.**

H04N 7/14 (2006.01)
H04M 1/24 (2006.01)
H04N 7/15 (2006.01)
G06F 21/34 (2013.01)
H04M 3/56 (2006.01)
G06F 21/12 (2013.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**

CPC **H04N 7/15** (2013.01); **G06F 21/12** (2013.01); **G06F 21/34** (2013.01); **H04M 3/56** (2013.01); **G06F 2221/2101** (2013.01); **G06F 2221/2151** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

CPC H04N 7/15; H04N 17/004; H04N 17/045; H04N 1/0097
USPC 348/14.01, 14.08, 14.12; 379/1.01, 379/9.02, 15.03, 26.01, 27.01

See application file for complete search history.

(56) **References Cited**

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

7,020,249	B1 *	3/2006	Haines	H04M 3/30 379/1.01
2004/0187038	A1	9/2004	Yachida	
2005/0177726	A1 *	8/2005	Alasia et al.	713/176
2010/0211945	A1 *	8/2010	Doui	G06F 21/121 717/176
2011/0267636	A1	11/2011	Kamasuka	
2012/0026274	A1 *	2/2012	Baker et al.	348/14.01
2012/0268240	A1 *	10/2012	Frerking	G05B 19/049 340/5.51

(Continued)

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

JP	2004-303215	10/2004
JP	2011-233031	11/2011
JP	2014-057233	3/2014

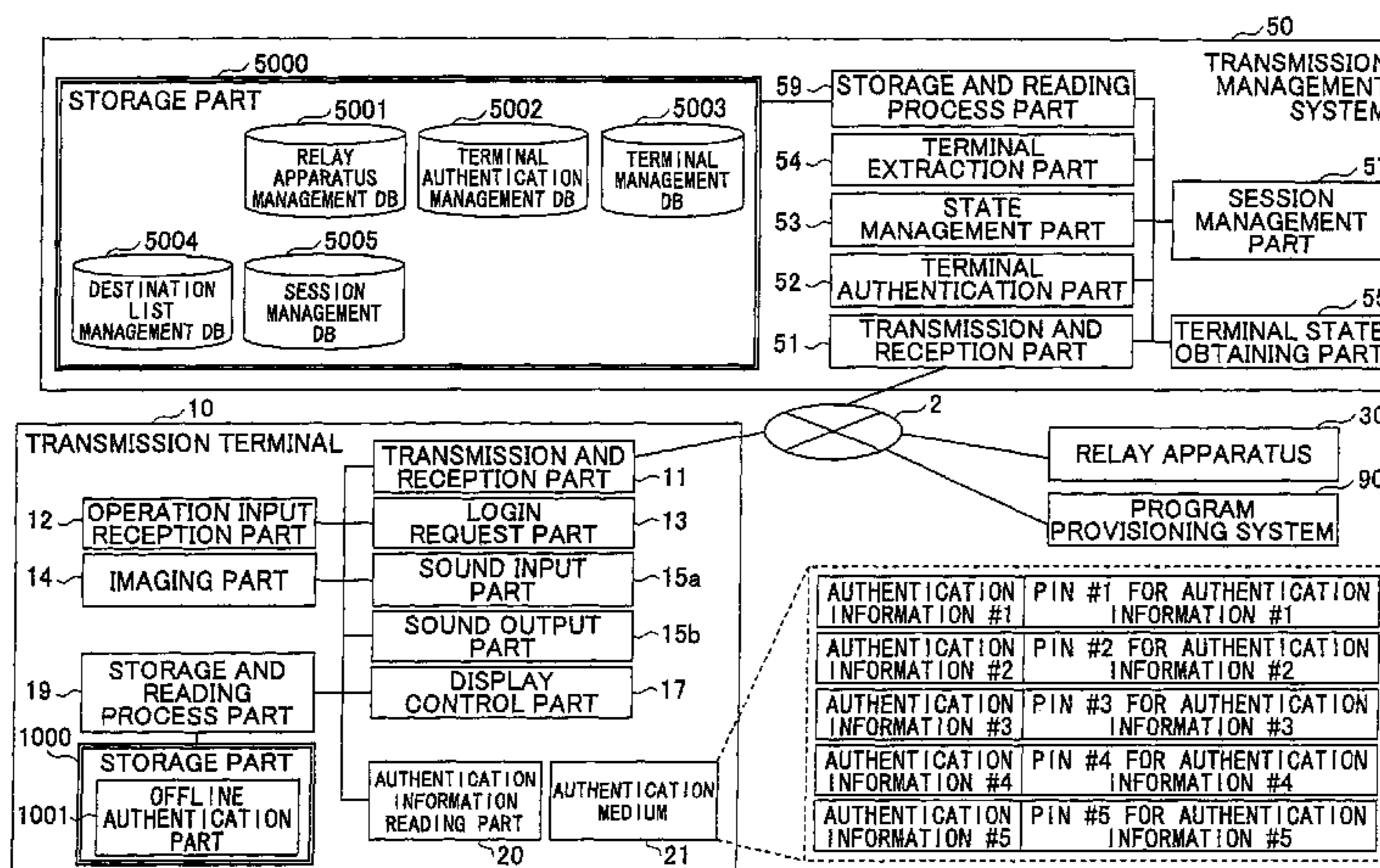
Primary Examiner — Quoc D Tran

(74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Oblon, McClelland, Maier & Neustadt, L.L.P.

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A transmission terminal transmits content data to another transmission terminal via a network. A transmission management system processes a session among a plurality of the transmission terminals or for the single transmission terminal. The transmission terminal requests a user to input execution authentication information when an authentication medium is connected thereto. The authentication medium associates program identification information with the execution authentication information and stores them. The transmission terminal determines whether the execution information from the user is coincident with the stored one and transmits the associated program identification information to the transmission management system at a time of coincidence. The transmission management system then transmits a transmission instruction to the program providing apparatus to transmit the corresponding program to the transmission terminal.

10 Claims, 14 Drawing Sheets



(56)

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

2013/0031365 A1 * 1/2013 Park et al. 713/164
2013/0321556 A1 12/2013 Uchiyama

2014/0071225 A1 3/2014 Uchiyama et al.
2014/0074932 A1 3/2014 Mihara et al.
2014/0077937 A1 3/2014 Kato et al.
2014/0101721 A1 4/2014 Nagase et al.

* cited by examiner

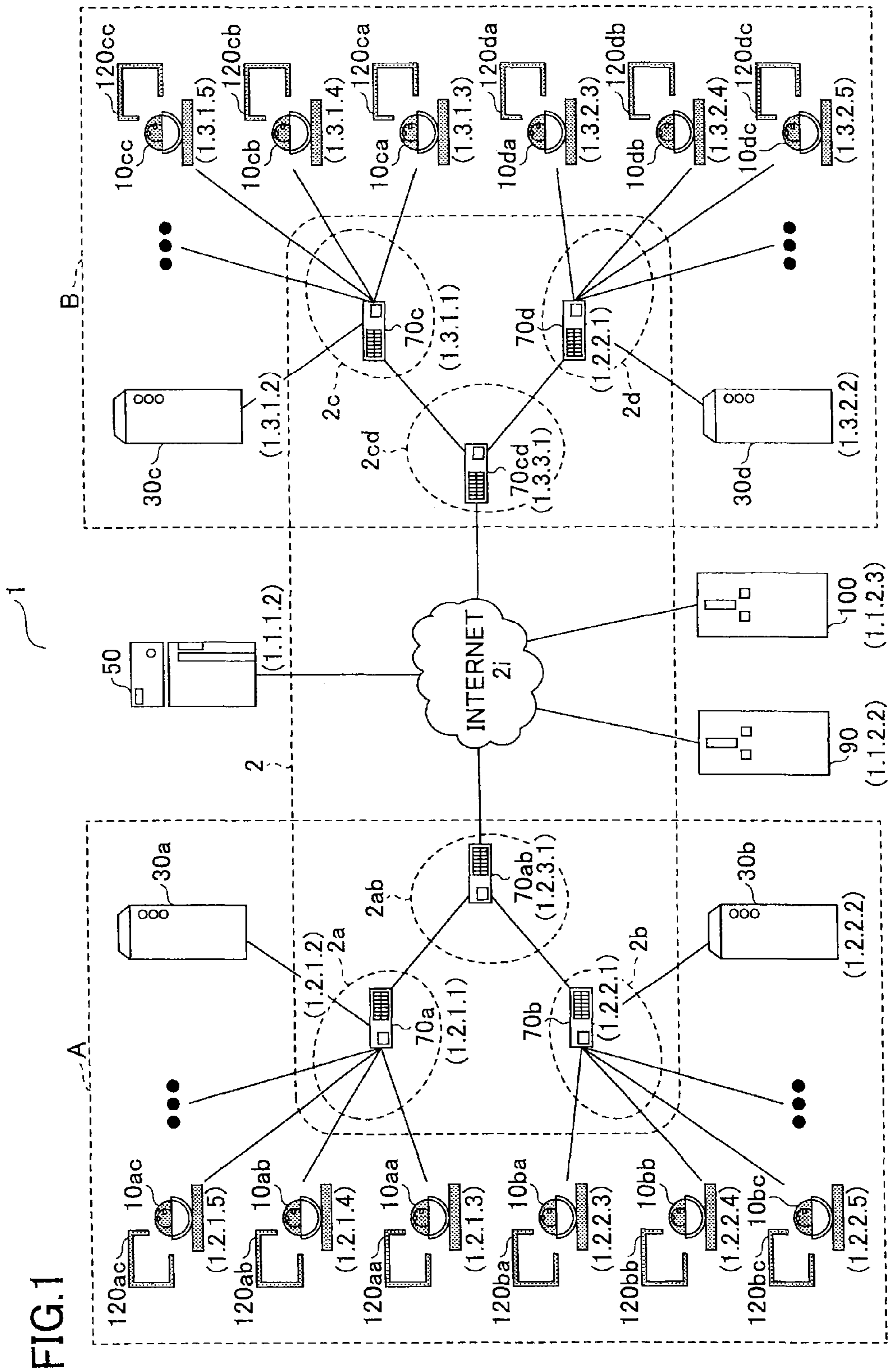
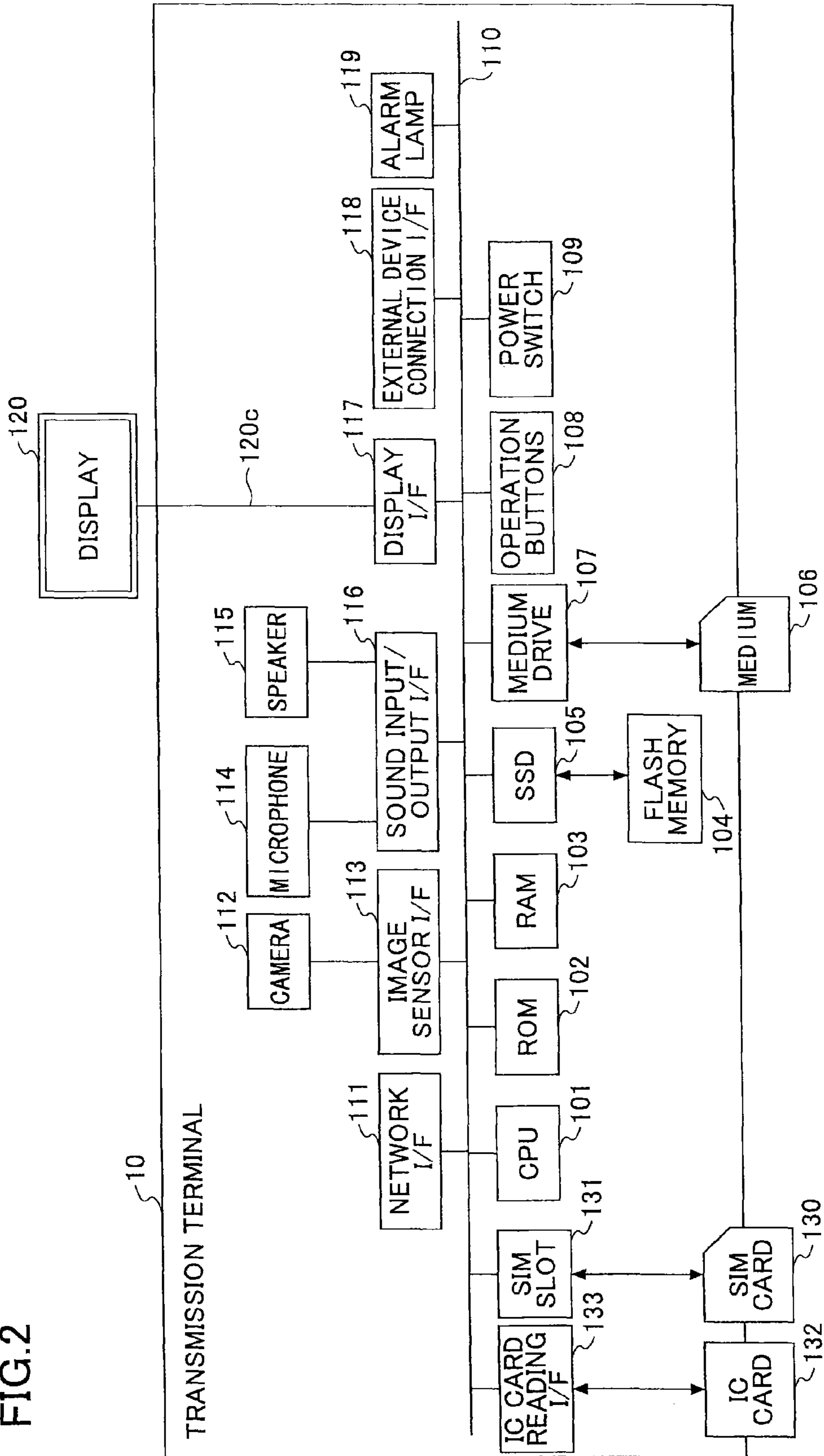


FIG.1

FIG. 2



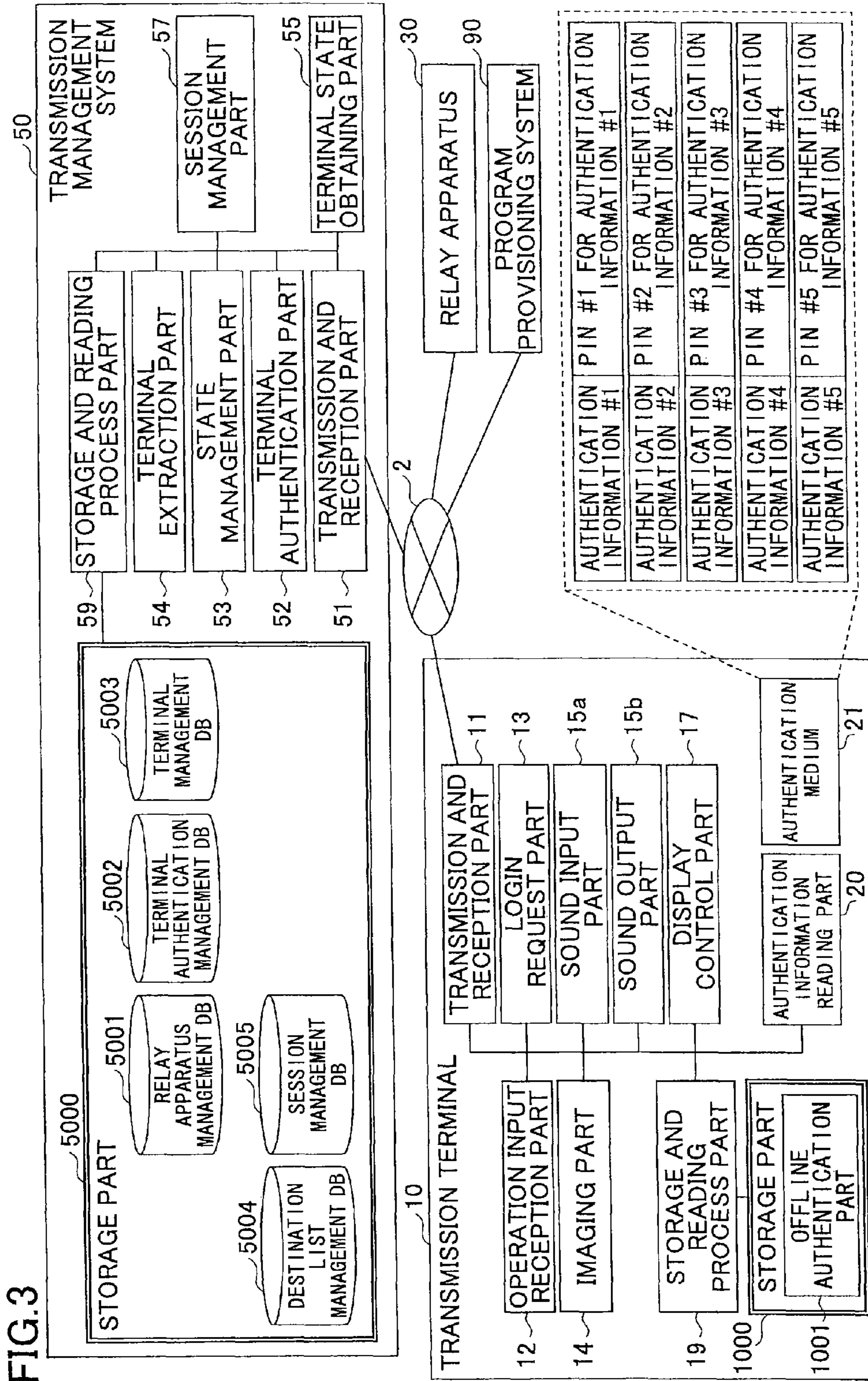


FIG.4

RELAY APPARATUS MANAGEMENT TABLE

RELAY APPARATUS	OPERATION STATE	RECEIVED DATE AND TIME	IP ADDRESS OF RELAY APPARATUS	HIGHEST DATA TRANSMISSION RATE (Mbps)
111a	ONLINE	2009.11.10.13:00	1.2.1.2	100
111b	ONLINE	2009.11.10.13:10	1.2.2.2	1000
111c	OFFLINE	2009.11.10.13:20	1.3.1.2	100
111d	ONLINE	2009.11.10.13:30	1.3.2.2	10

FIG.5

TERMINAL AUTHENTICATION MANAGEMENT TABLE

TERMINAL ID	PASSWORD
01aa	aaaa
01ab	abab
01ba	baba
...	...

FIG.6

TERMINAL MANAGEMENT TABLE

TERMINAL ID	OPERATION STATE	RECEIVED DATE AND TIME	IP ADDRESS OF TERMINAL
01aa	ONLINE	2009.11.10.13:40	1.2.1.3
01ab	OFFLINE	2009.11.09.12:00	1.2.1.4
01ba	ONLINE	2009.11.10.13:45	1.2.2.3
...
01db	ONLINE	2009.11.10.13:50	1.3.2.4

FIG.7

DESTINATION LIST MANAGEMENT TABLE

REQUEST SOURCE TERMINAL ID	DESTINATION TERMINAL ID
01aa	01ab,01ba,01db
01ab	01aa,01ba,01ca
01ba	01aa,01ab,01cb,01da
...	...
01db	01aa,01ab,01da

FIG.8

SESSION MANAGEMENT TABLE

SELECTION SESSION ID	RELAY APPARATUS ID	REQUEST SOURCE TERMINAL ID	DESTINATION TERMINAL ID	DELAY TIME (ms)	DELAY INFORMATION RECEIVED DATE AND TIME
se1	111a	01aa	01db	200	2009.11.10.14:00
se2	111b	01ba	01ca	50	2009.11.10.14:10
se3	111d	01bb	01da	400	2009.11.10.14:20
...

FIG.9

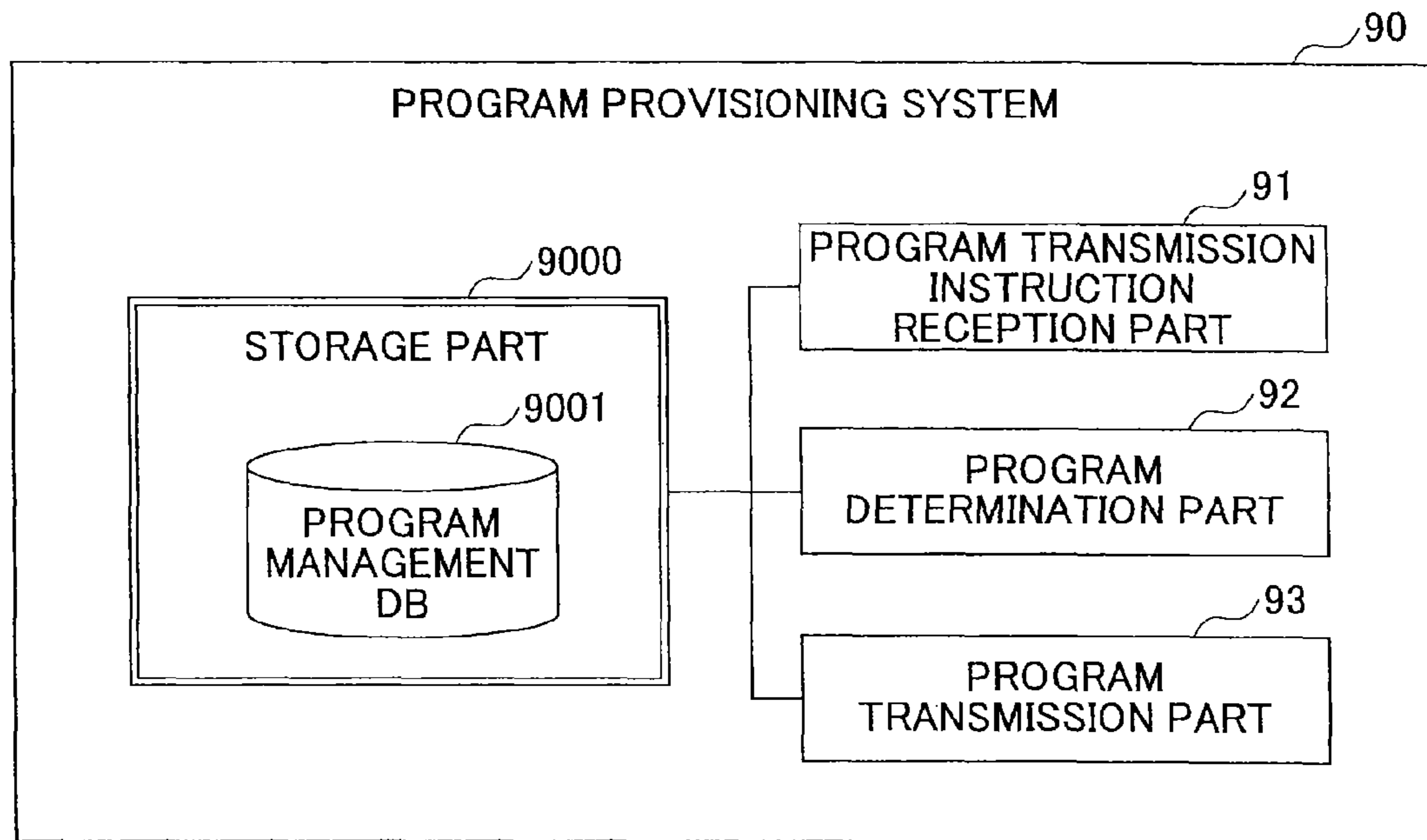


FIG.10

PROGRAM MANAGEMENT TABLE

PROGRAM IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION	ADDRESS INFORMATION OF PROGRAM
MAINTENANCE #1	C:\Program\Maintenance\#1
...	...

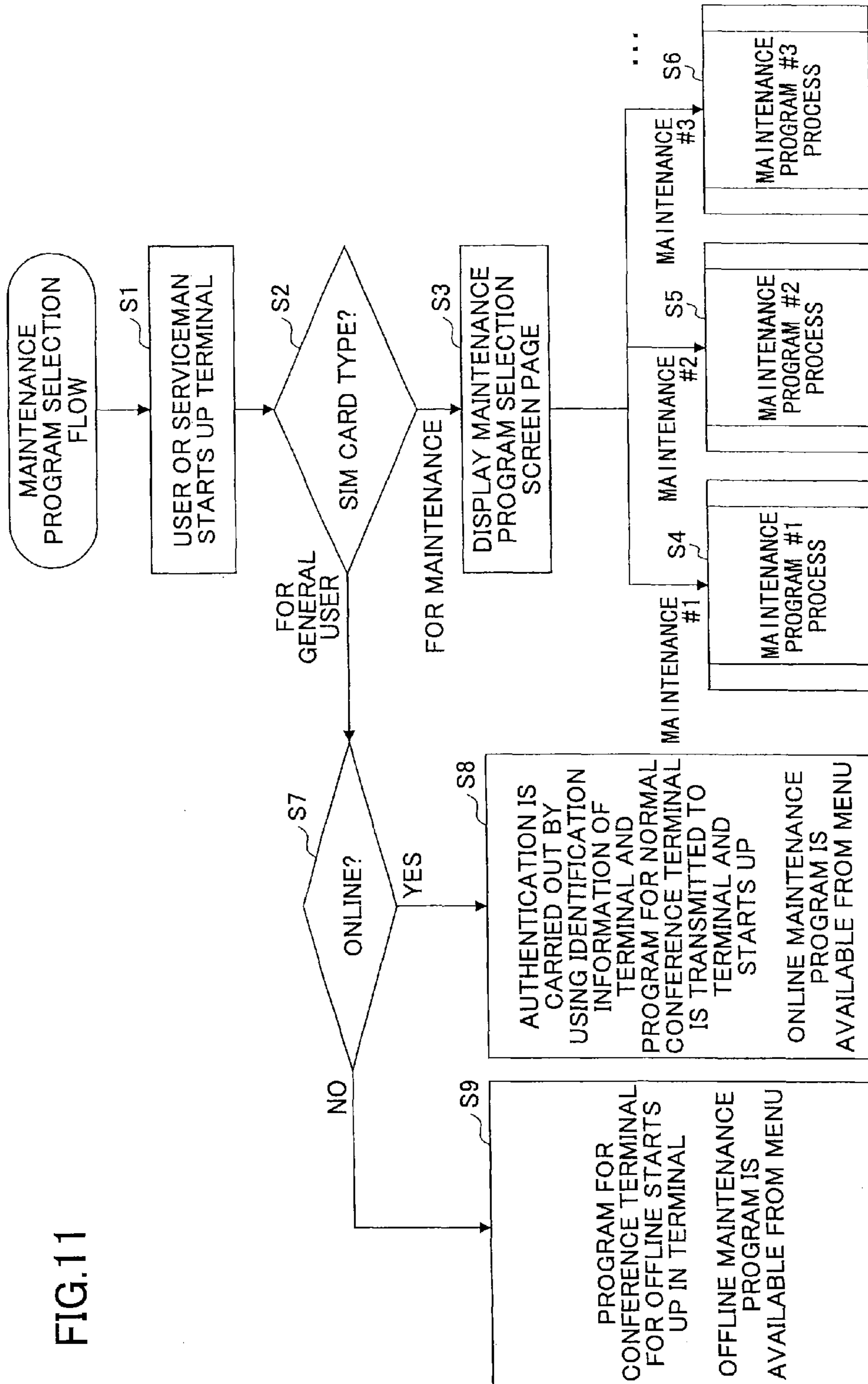
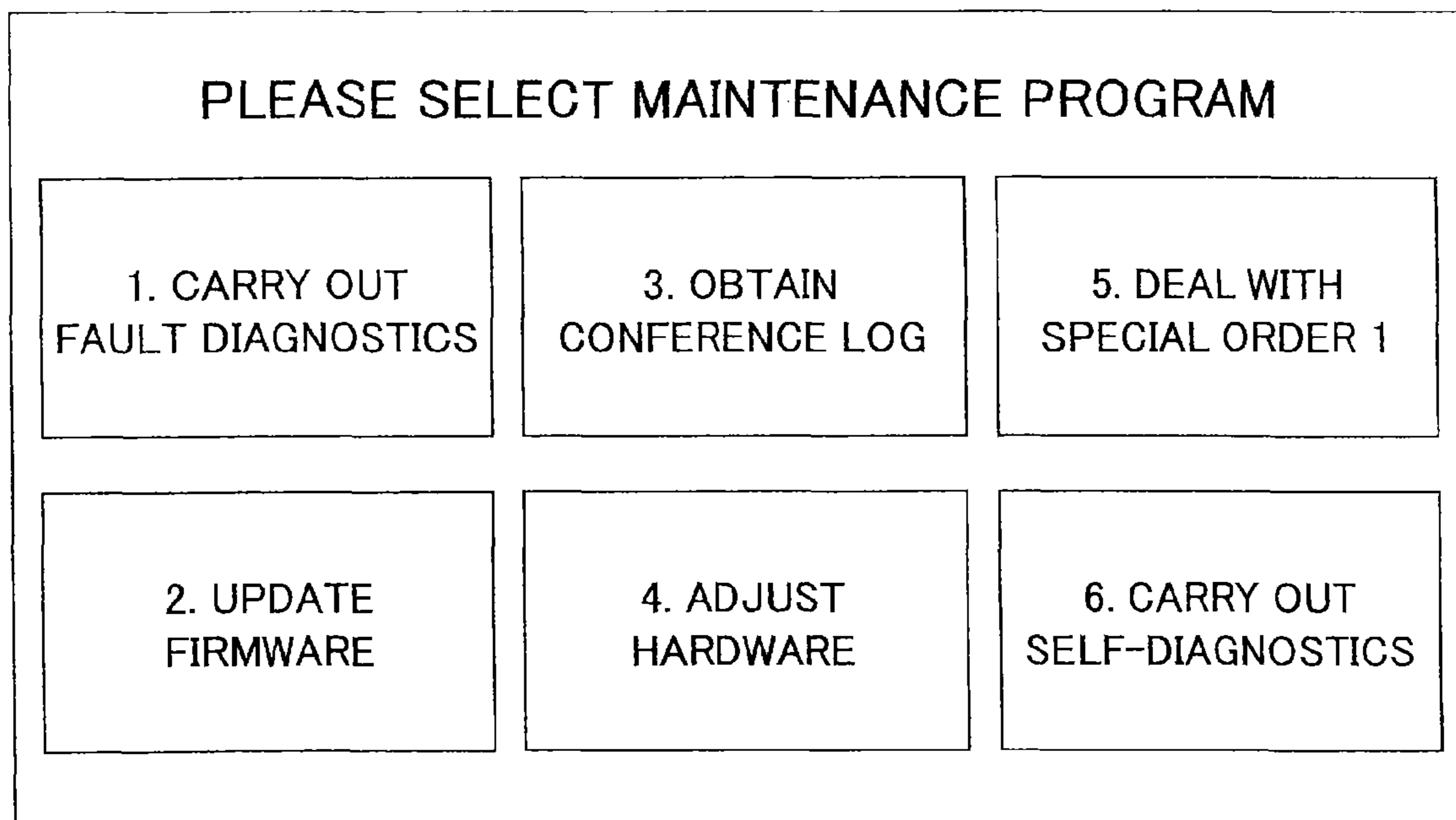


FIG.11

FIG.12



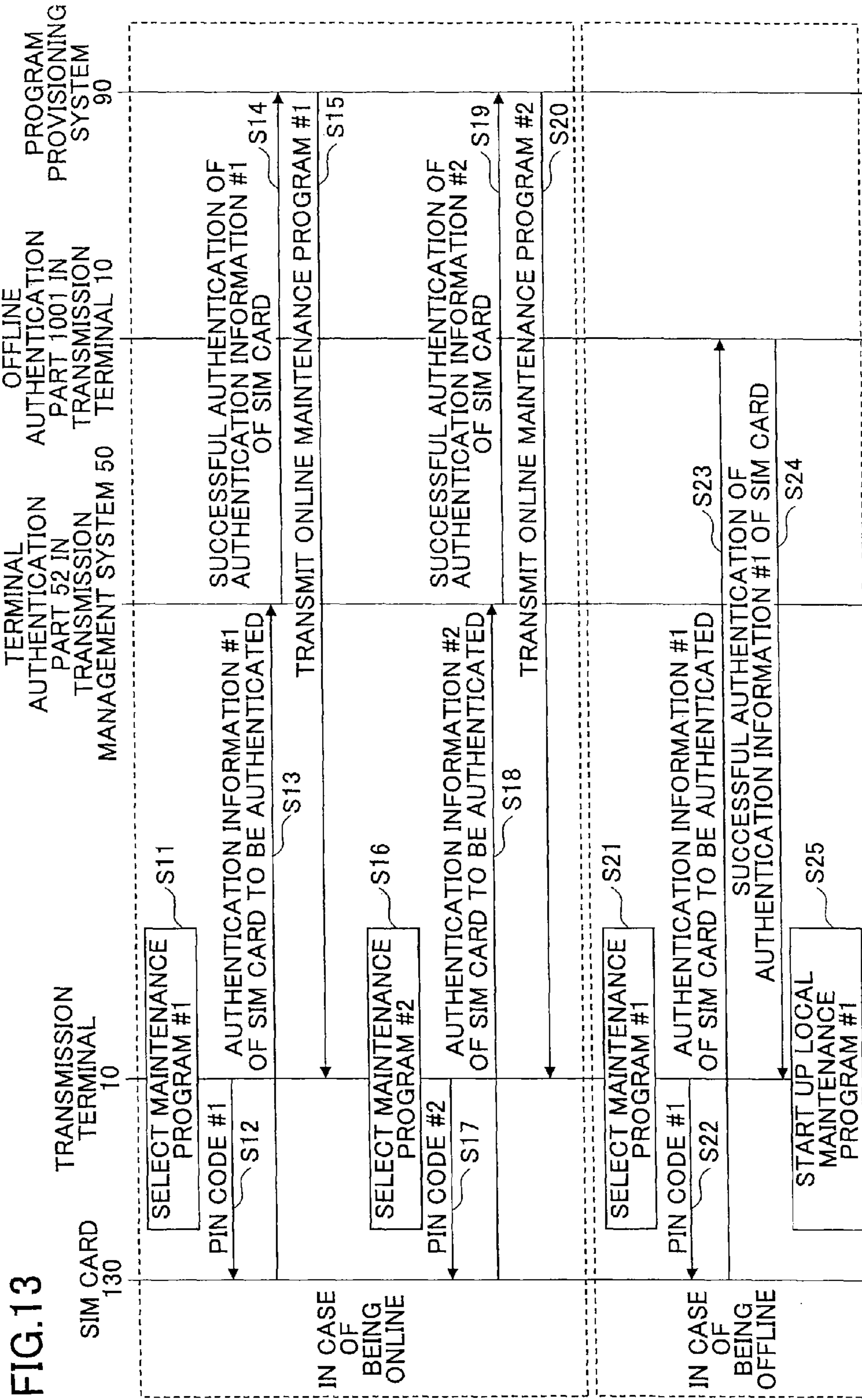


FIG. 14

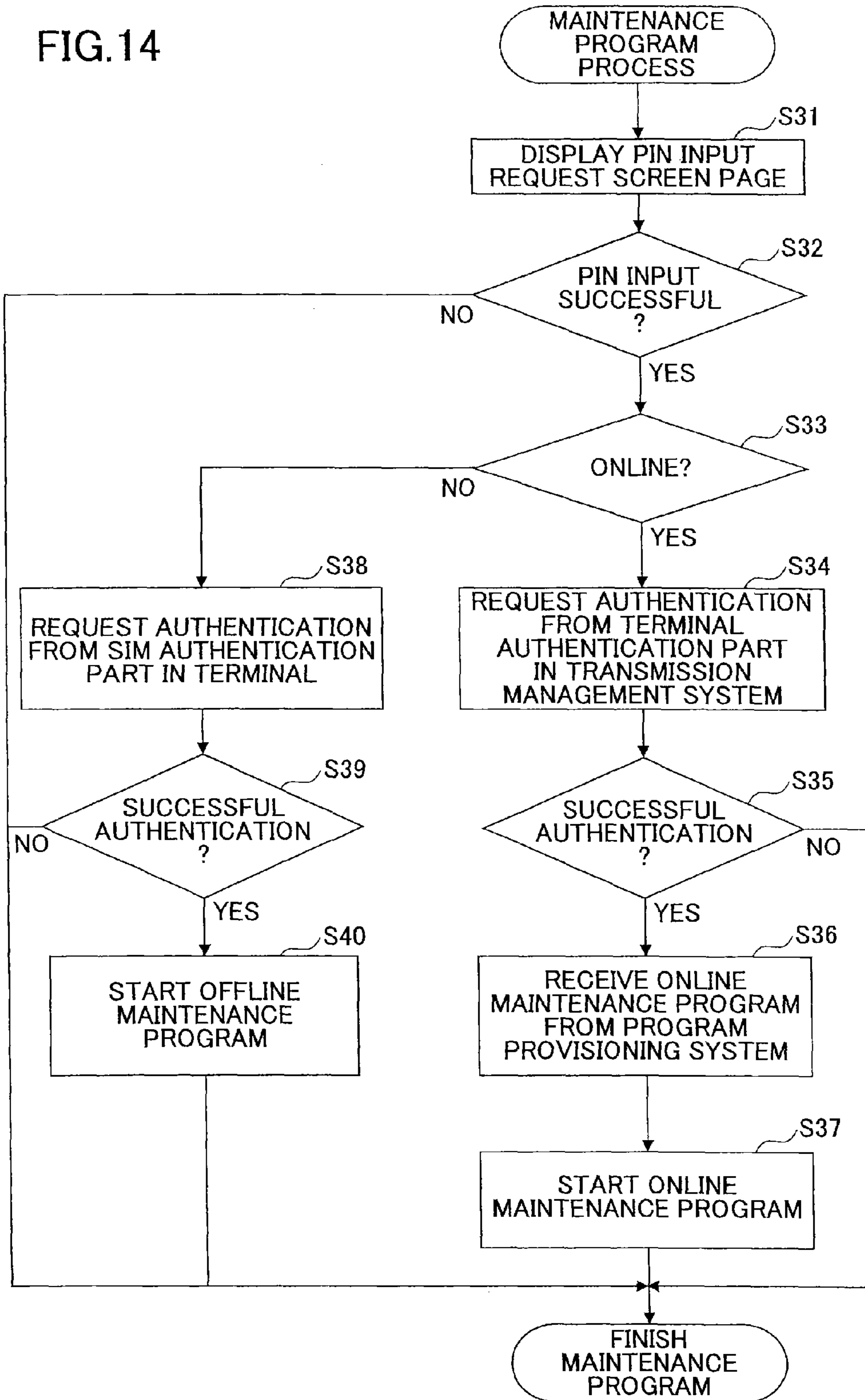


FIG.15

PLEASE INPUT PIN CODE FOR FAULT DIAGNOSTICS

--	--	--	--

OK CANCEL

A rectangular dialog box with a thin black border. At the top, the text "PLEASE INPUT PIN CODE FOR FAULT DIAGNOSTICS" is centered. Below the text, there are four empty square input fields arranged horizontally. At the bottom right of the dialog box, there are two rectangular buttons: "OK" on the left and "CANCEL" on the right.

FIG.16

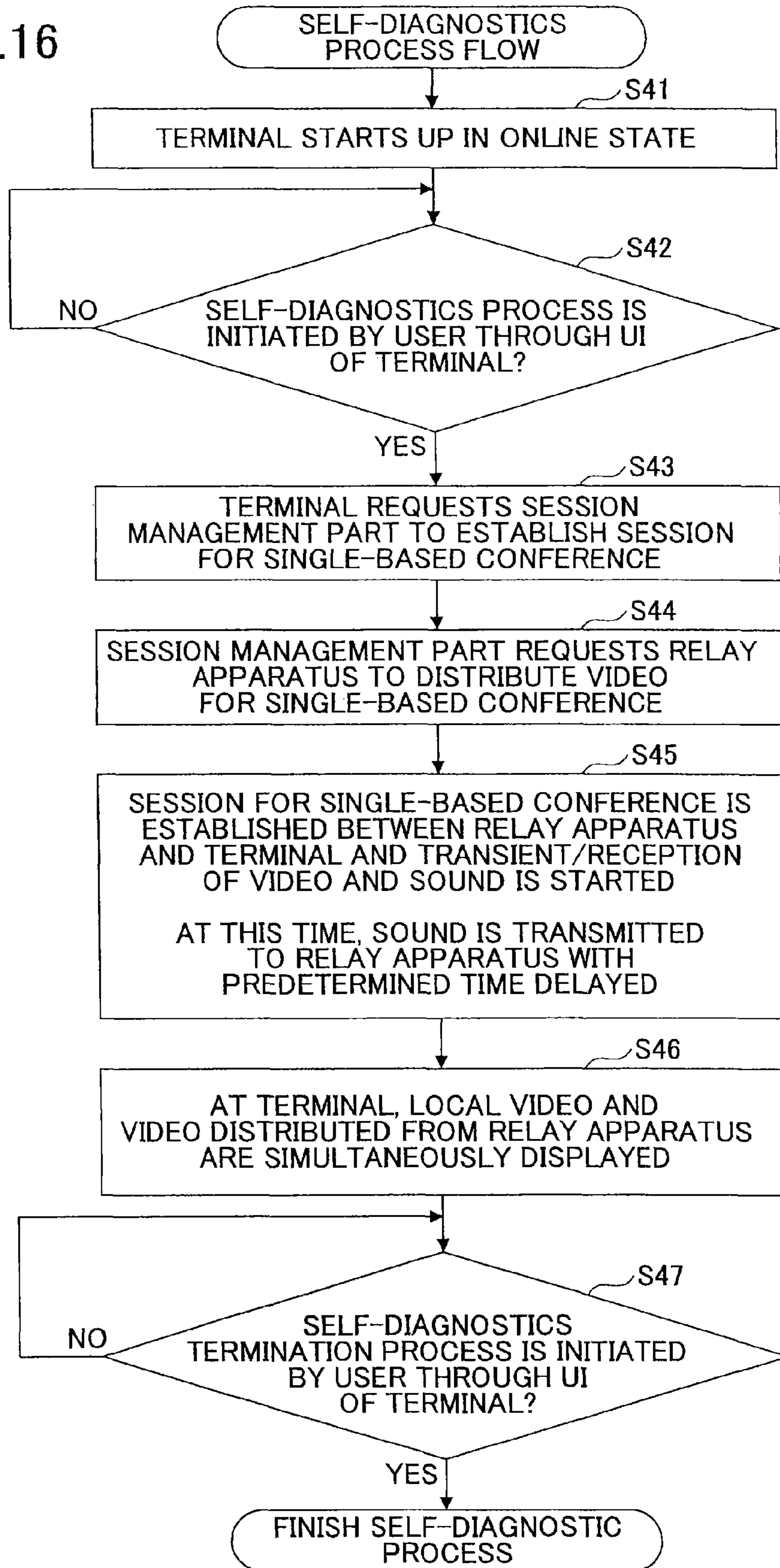


FIG.17

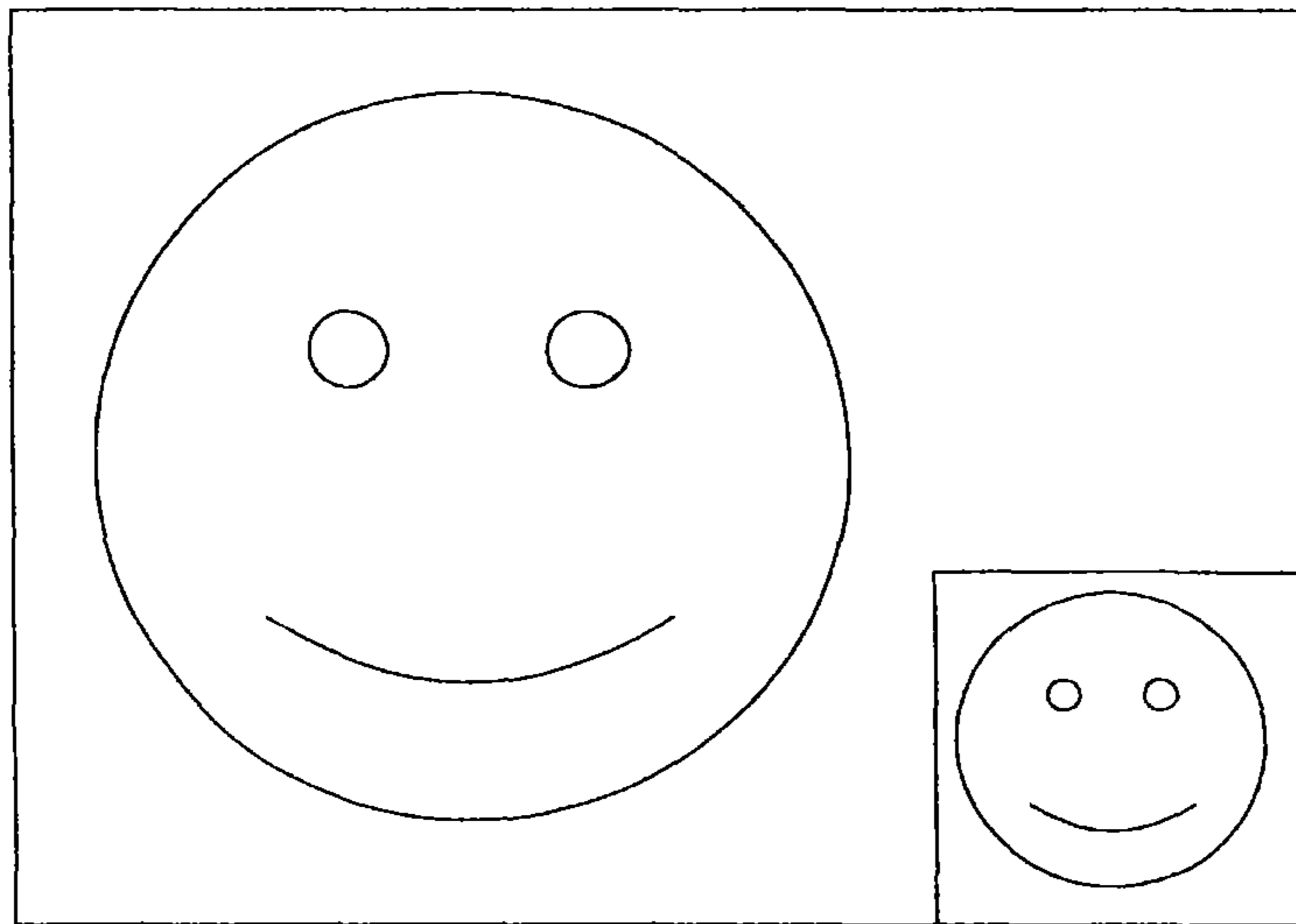
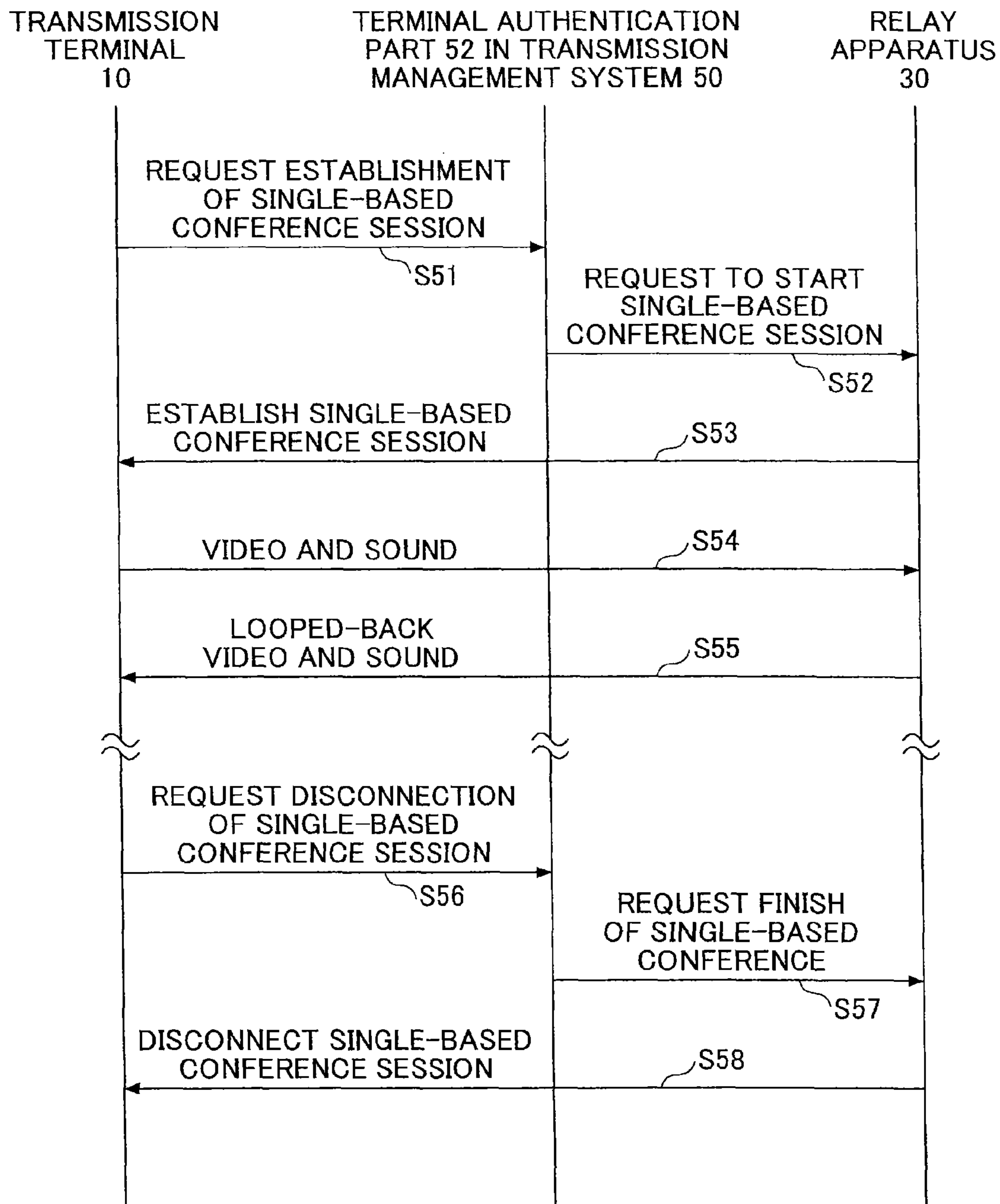


FIG. 18



1

TRANSMISSION SYSTEM, TRANSMISSION TERMINAL AND METHOD OF TRANSMITTING PROGRAM

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a transmission system, a transmission terminal and a method of transmitting a program.

2. Description of the Related Art

A remote conference system is known as one style of a transmission system connected with a network.

In such a remote conference system, a video distribution server distributes video data and sound data to respective transmission terminals.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to one aspect of the present invention, a transmission system includes a transmission terminal that transmits content data to another transmission terminal via a network; a transmission management system that processes a session among a plurality of the transmission terminals or for the single transmission terminal and includes one or more information processing apparatuses; and a program providing apparatus that transmits a program to the transmission terminal. The transmission terminal includes an input request part that requests a user to input execution authentication information when an authentication medium is connected with the transmission terminal. The authentication medium includes a storage part that associates program identification information for identifying a program with the execution authentication information requested when the program is to be executed and stores them. The transmission terminal further includes an execution authentication information determination part that determines whether the execution authentication information that is input by the user is coincident with the execution authentication information stored in the storage part and a first transmission part that, when it is determined that the execution authentication information that is input by the user is coincident with the execution authentication information stored in the storage part, transmits the program identification information associated with the execution authentication information to the transmission management system. The transmission management system includes a second transmission part that transmits a transmission instruction to the program providing apparatus. The transmission instruction requests the program providing apparatus to transmit the program corresponding to the program identification information received from the transmission terminal to the transmission terminal. The program providing apparatus includes a third transmission part that, when receiving the transmission instruction, transmits the program corresponding to the program identification information received from the transmission management system to the transmission terminal.

Other objects, features and advantages of the present invention will become more apparent from the following detailed description when read in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 shows a configuration example of a transmission system;

FIG. 2 shows a hardware configuration example of a transmission terminal;

2

FIG. 3 shows a functional configuration example of main apparatuses;

FIG. 4 shows a conceptual diagram of a relay apparatus management table;

FIG. 5 shows a conceptual diagram of a terminal authentication management table;

FIG. 6 shows a conceptual diagram of a terminal management table;

FIG. 7 shows a conceptual diagram of a destination management table;

FIG. 8 shows a conceptual diagram of a session management table;

FIG. 9 shows a configuration example of a program provisioning system;

FIG. 10 shows a conceptual diagram of a program management table;

FIG. 11 is a flowchart showing a process example to select a maintenance program;

FIG. 12 shows one example of a maintenance program selection screen page;

FIG. 13 is a sequence diagram showing an example of an authentication process using a SIM card;

FIG. 14 is a flowchart showing a process example for the maintenance program;

FIG. 15 shows one example of a PIN code input screen page;

FIG. 16 is a flowchart showing one example a self-diagnostic process according to the maintenance program;

FIG. 17 shows a screen page example at a time of a self-diagnostic process; and

FIG. 18 is sequence diagram showing a process example of establishing a session for a self-diagnostic process and looping video and sound back.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS

Below, using the drawings, the embodiment of the present invention will be described in detail.

<Configuration>

FIG. 1 shows a configuration example of a transmission system.

In FIG. 1, the transmission system 1 includes a plurality of transmission terminals 10 aa , 10 ab , . . . (generalized as those "10"), display devices 120 aa , 120 ab , . . . (generalized as those "130") for the respective transmission terminals 10, a plurality of relay apparatuses 30 a , 30 b , 30 c and 30 d (generalized as those "30"), a transmission management system 50, a program provisioning system 90 and a maintenance system 100.

The transmission system 1 can be, for example, a data providing system in which, via the transmission management system 50, content data is transmitted from one transmission terminal 10 to another transmission terminal 10 in one direction; or a communication system in which, via the transmission management system 50, information and/or feelings are transmitted among a plurality of transmission terminals 10. The communication system is a system in which a plurality of communication terminals (corresponding to the transmission terminals 10) transmit information and/or feelings thereamong via a communication management system (corresponding to the transmission management system 50). A TV conference system, a TV telephone system, a voice conference system, a voice telephone system, a Personal Computer (PC) screen sharing system and so forth can be cited as examples of such a communication system.

Concerning the present embodiment, the transmission system 1, the transmission management system 50 and the trans-

mission terminals **10** will be described assuming a TV conference system as one example of the communication system, assuming a TV conference management system as one example of a communication management system and assuming TV conference terminals as one example of communication terminals. In other words, the transmission terminals **10** and the transmission management system **50** according to the present invention can be applied not only to a TV conference system but also to a communication system or a transmission system.

The transmission terminal **10** transmits and receives image data and sound data as one example of content data. Note that it is also possible that instead of transmitting and receiving image data but the transmission terminal **10** transmits and receives sound data. Note that although a case will be described where image data is data of a moving picture, image data cannot only be a moving picture but also be a static picture. Further, image data can include data of a moving picture and a data of a static picture.

The relay apparatus **30** relays image data and sound data among a plurality of transmission terminals **10**. The transmission management system **50** manages the transmission terminals **10** and the relay apparatuses **30** unitarily.

The transmission system **1** can transmit and receive video data by using a video coding standard such as H.264/Scalable Video Coding (SVC). Further, a transmission management session is established through the transmission management system **50** for transmitting and receiving various sorts of management information. Then, video data and sound data are transmitted and received among the respective transmission terminal **10** via the relay apparatus(es). As a video coding standard, any of the known standards can be used, and is not limited to H.264/SVC. For example, H.264/Advanced Video Coding (AVC) can be used instead.

The program provisioning system **90** includes a storage device such as a Hard Disk (HD) and stores therein a program for a terminal which causes the transmission terminal **10** to implement various functions (or causes the transmission terminal to function as various units). The program provisioning system **90** can transmit the program for a terminal to each transmission terminal **10**. Further, the program provisioning system **90** also stores a program for a relay apparatus for causing the relay apparatus to implement various functions (or function as various units) and can transmits the program for a relay apparatus to each relay apparatus **30**. Further, the program provisioning system **90** stores also a maintenance program for the transmission terminal **10** and can transmit the program to the transmission terminal **10**.

FIG. 2 shows a hardware configuration example of the transmission terminal **10**.

The transmission terminal **10** includes a Central Processing Unit (CPU) **101** that controls the entirety of the transmission terminal **10**, a Read-Only Memory (ROM) **102** storing programs for driving the CPU **101** such as an Initial Program Loader (IPL), a Random Access Memory (RAM) **103** used as a work area for the CPU **101**, a flash memory **104** storing various sorts of data such as the program for a terminal, video data and sound data and a Solid State Drive (SSD) **105** that controls, under the control of the CPU **101**, reading and writing of various sorts of data on the flash memory **104**.

Further, the transmission terminal **10** includes a medium drive **107** that controls reading and writing of data on a recording medium **106** such as a flash memory, a Subscriber Identity Module (SIM) slot **131** for accessing a SIM card **130** as the authentication medium that stores authentication information and so forth and an IC card reading InterFace (I/F) **133** for reading information from an IC card **132**.

Further, the transmission terminal **10** includes operation buttons **108** operated by a user for selecting a destination of the transmission terminal **10**, a power switch **109** for turning on and off the power in the transmission terminal **10** and a network I/F **111** for transmitting data by using a communication network **2**.

Further, the transmission terminal **10** includes an built-in-type camera **112** that images a subject under the control of the CPU **101** and obtains video data, an image sensor I/F **113** that controls driving of the camera **112**, a microphone **114** for inputting sound, a built-in-type speaker **115** outputting sound and a sound input/output I/F **116** processing operations of inputting and outputting a sound signal under the control of the CPU **101** between the microphone **114** and the speaker **115**. The camera **112** includes a lens and a solid-state image sensor that converts light into electric charge and obtains electronic image data from a video image of a subject. As the solid-state image sensor, a Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor (CMOS) device, a Charge Coupled Device (CCD) or the like can be used.

The transmission terminal **10** further includes a display I/F **117** for transmitting video data to a display device **120** provided externally which is under the control of the CPU **101**. The display device **120** includes a liquid crystal device or an organic ElectroLuminescence (EL) for displaying a video image of a subject, an operation icon and so forth. The display device **120** is connected to the display I/F **117** via a cable **120c**. The cable **120c** can be a cable for an analog RGB (VGA) signal, a cable for component video or a cable for a High-Definition Multimedia Interface (HDMI) (registered trademark) signal or a Digital Video Interactive (DVI) signal.

Further, the transmission terminal **10** includes an external device connection I/F **118** for connecting various external devices, an alarm lamp **119** indicating faults in various functions of the transmission terminal **10** and a bus line **110** such as an address bus, a data bus, and so forth for electrically connecting the above-mentioned respective elements. To the external device connection I/F **118**, a camera to be provided externally, a microphone to be provided externally, a speaker to be provided externally or the like can be electrically connected via a Universal Serial Bus (USB) cable or the like. When a camera to be provided externally is connected, the camera to be provided externally is driven with priority to the built-in-type camera **112** under the control of the CPU **101**. In the same way, when a microphone to be provided externally or a speaker to be provided externally is connected, a microphone to be provided externally or a speaker to be provided externally is driven with priority to the built-in-type microphone **114** or the built-in type speaker **115**. To the external device connection I/F **118**, a SD card or a USB memory can be connected.

Note that the transmission terminal **10** can be a PC, a smartphone, a tablet terminal or a cellular phone/portable phone. Further, the transmission terminal **10** needs not include the camera, microphone and speaker provided internally, and can only include the camera, microphone and speaker provided externally.

FIG. 3 shows a functional configuration example of main apparatuses.

In FIG. 3, the transmission terminal **10** includes a transmission and reception part **11**, an operation input reception part **12**, a login request part **13**, an imaging part **14**, a sound input part **15a**, a sound output part **15b**, a display control part **17**, a storage and reading process part **19**, an authentication information reading part **20** and a storage part **1000**. The storage part **1000** includes an offline authentication part **1001**.

5

The transmission and reception part **11** is implemented by the network I/F **111** shown in FIG. **2** and transmits and receives various sorts of data with another terminal, another apparatus or another system via the communication network **2**.

The operation input reception part **12** is implemented by the operation buttons **108** and the power switch **109** shown in FIG. **2** and receives various inputs from a user.

The login request part **13** is implemented by the CPU **101** shown in FIG. **2** and transmits, in response to the power being turned on, login request information requesting login and the current IP address of the transmission terminal **10** (the request source terminal) from the transmission and reception part **11** to the transmission management system **50** via the communication network **2** automatically. Note that it is also possible that the login request information is transmitted in response to, other than the power being turned on, a corresponding input given by a user to the operation input reception part **12** of the transmission terminal **10**.

The imaging part **14** is implemented by the camera **112** and the image sensor I/F **113** shown in FIG. **2**, takes an image of a subject using the camera **112** and outputs video data thus taken by the camera **112**.

The sound input part **15a** is implemented by the microphone **114** and the sound input/output I/F **116** shown in FIG. **2**. When the microphone **114** converts a user's voice into a sound signal, sound data of the sound signal is input.

The sound output part **15b** is implemented by the sound input/output I/F **116** and the speaker **115** shown in FIG. **2**. A sound signal of sound data is output to the speaker **115** which then outputs a corresponding sound.

The display control part **17** is implemented by the display I/F **117** shown in FIG. **2** and carries out control to transmit video data to the display device **120** provided externally.

The storage and reading process part **19** is implemented by the SSD **105** and so forth shown in FIG. **2**, stores various sorts of data in the storage part **1000** including the flash memory **104** or reads various sorts of data stored in the storage part **1000**.

The authentication information reading part **20** is implemented by the SIM slot **131**, the IC card reading I/F **133**, the external device connection I/F **118** and so forth shown in FIG. **2**, and reads information from the authentication medium **21**.

In the authentication medium **21**, a plurality of sets of authentication information for the transmission terminal **10** to carry out authentication and Personal Identification Number (PIN) codes as execution authentication information to be used for authentication when the maintenance program corresponding to the set of authentication information is executed are stored. Accessing the authentication medium **21** is allowed only through the authentication information reading part **20**. It is possible to start the respective maintenance programs corresponding to the plurality of sets of authentication information by using the plurality of sets of authentication information. The transmission terminal **10** uses information stored in the authentication medium **21** and requests, via the network, the transmission management system **50** to carry out authentication of the transmission terminal **10** and provide the corresponding maintenance program. The PIN codes are one example, and image information can be used instead.

The authentication information (the plurality of sets of authentication information) includes identification information and passwords indicating identification information of the transmission terminals managed by the transmission management system **50**. Further, program identification information for identifying each maintenance program to be executed

6

is also included. Note that, instead of the identification information of the transmission terminals, user identification information can be used. Note that if the authentication medium **21** is lost, it is possible to remotely invalidate the authentication medium **21** by deleting the corresponding authentication information from a terminal authentication management DataBase (DB) **5002** in the transmission management system **50**.

The offline authentication part **1001** carries out terminal authentication using authentication information stored in the authentication medium **21** when the transmission terminal **10** is not connected to the communication network **2**. When the transmission terminal **10** is connected with the communication network **2**, the transmission terminal **10** uses information stored in the authentication medium **21** and carries out authentication of the transmission terminal **10** through the transmission management system **50** via the communication network **2**. In this case, in the transmission management system **50**, a terminal authentication part **52** described later uses a terminal authentication management DB **5002** to carry out terminal authentication. The offline authentication part **1001** has the same function as the terminal authentication part **52** in the transmission management system **50**.

The transmission management system **50** includes a transmission and reception part **51**, the terminal authentication part **52**, a state management part **53**, a terminal extraction part **54**, a terminal state obtaining part **55**, a session management part **57**, a storage and reading process part **59** and a storage part **5000**. In the storage part **5000**, a relay apparatus management DB **5001**, the terminal authentication management DB **5002**, a terminal management DB **5003**, a destination list management DB **5004** and a session management DB **5005** are provided.

(Relay Apparatus Management Table)

In the storage part **5000**, the relay apparatus management DB **5001** is provided which provides a relay apparatus management table such as that shown in FIG. **4**. The operation state of the relay apparatus, a received date and time when state information indicating the operation state is received by the transmission management system **50**, the IP address of the relay apparatus and the highest data transmission rate (Mbps) in the relay apparatus are associated with each other and stored in the relay apparatus management table for the relay apparatus ID of each relay apparatus. For example, in the relay apparatus management table shown in FIG. **4**, it is shown that the relay apparatus having the relay apparatus ID "111a" has the operation state "online", the transmission management system **50** received the state information at "13:00, Nov. 10, 2009", the IP address of the relay apparatus is "1.2.1.2" and the highest data transmission rate in the relay apparatus is 100 Mbps.

(Terminal Authentication Management Table)

Further, in the storage part **5000**, the terminal authentication management DB **5002** is provided which includes a terminal authentication management table such as that shown in FIG. **5**. In the terminal authentication management table, passwords are associated with the respective terminal IDs of all the transmission terminals **10** managed by the transmission management system **50** and are managed. For example, in the terminal authentication management table shown in FIG. **5**, it is shown that the terminal ID of the transmission terminal **10aa** is "01aa" and the password is "aaaa".

(Terminal Management Table)

Further, in the storage part **5000**, the terminal management DB **5003** is provided which includes a terminal management table shown in FIG. **6**. In the terminal management table, the operation state of the transmission terminal **10**, a date and

time when login request information described later is received by the transmission management system **50** and the IP address of the transmission terminal **10** are associated with the terminal ID of each transmission terminal **10** and are managed. For example, in the terminal management table shown in FIG. **6**, it is shown that the transmission terminal **10aa** having the terminal ID “**01aa**” has the operation state “online”, the transmission management system **50** received the login request information at “13:40, Nov. 10, 2009” and the transmission terminal **10aa** has the IP address “1.2.1.3”. (Destination List Management Table)

Further, in the storage part **5000**, the destination list management DB **5004** is provided which includes a destination list management table shown in FIG. **7**. In the destination list management table, the terminal IDs of all the transmission terminals registered as candidates for a destination terminal **10B** are associated with the terminal ID of each of request source terminals **10A** which requests a start of a TV conferences and are managed. For example, in the destination list management table shown in FIG. **7**, it is shown that the candidates for a destination terminal **10B** for which a start of a TV conference is requested by the request source terminal **10aa** having the terminal ID “**01aa**” include three, i.e., the transmission terminal **10ab** having the terminal ID “**01ab**”, the transmission terminal **10ba** having the terminal ID “**01ba**” and the transmission terminal **10db** having the terminal ID “**01db**”. The candidates for a destination terminal **10B** are updated through an addition or a deletion by an addition or a deletion request from a request source terminal **10A** to the transmission management system **50**. (Session Management Table)

Further, in the storage part **5000**, the session management DB **5005** is provided which includes a session management table such as that shown in FIG. **8**. In the session management table, the relay apparatus ID of the relay apparatus **30** to be used for relaying image data and sound data, the terminal ID of the request source terminal **10A**, the terminal ID of the destination terminal **10B**, a delay time (ms) for receiving image data at the destination terminal **10B** and a date and time when delay information indicating the delay time transmitted by the destination terminal **10B** is received by the transmission management system **50** are associated with each selection session ID to be used to carry out a session for selecting the relay apparatus **30** and are managed. For example, in the session management table shown in FIG. **8**, it is shown that the relay apparatus **30a** (the relay apparatus ID “**111a**”) selected through a session carried out by using the selection session ID “sel” relays image data and sound data between the request source terminal **10aa** having the terminal ID “**01aa**” and the destination terminal **10db** having the terminal ID “**01db**” and the delay time of image data at a time of “14:00, Nov. 10, 2009” at the destination terminal **10db** is 200 (ms). Note that when a TV conference is held between two transmission terminals **10**, it is also possible to manage a date and time when the delay information is received based on the delay information transmitted not from the destination terminal **10B** mentioned above but from the request source terminal **10A**. However, when a TV conference is held among three or more transmission terminals **10**, a date and time when the delay information is received is managed based on the delay information transmitted from the transmission terminal at the reception end of image data and sound data.

The transmission and reception part **51** transmits and receives various data (or information) to and from another transmission terminal or the transmission management system **50** via the communication network **2**.

The terminal authentication part **52** carries out terminal authentication by searching the terminal authentication management DB **5002** in the storage part **5000** using, as search keys, the terminal ID and password included in login request information received through the transmission and reception part **51** and determining whether the same terminal ID and password are managed in the terminal authentication management table. Note that it is also possible to use a more complicated authentication method instead of the authentication method using a password.

In order to manage the operation state of the request source terminal which sends a login request, the state management part **53** associates the terminal ID of the request source terminal, the operation state of the request source terminal, a date and time when the transmission management system **50** receives the login request information and the IP address of the request source terminal with each other, stores them in the terminal management table of the terminal management DB **5003** and manages them.

The terminal extraction part **54** extracts the terminal ID by reading the terminal ID of the candidate for a destination terminal which can carry out a telephone call with the request source terminal by searching the destination list management table of the destination list management DB **5004** using, as a search key, the terminal ID of the request source terminal which sends the login request.

The terminal state obtaining part **55** reads the operation state of the terminal ID extracted by the terminal extraction part **54** by searching the terminal management table of the terminal management DB **5003** by using, as a search key, the terminal ID of the candidate for a destination terminal extracted by the terminal extraction part **54**.

The session management part **57** associates the session ID, the terminal ID of the request source terminal and the terminal ID of the destination terminal with each other, stores them in the session management table of the session management DB **5005** and manages them.

The storage and reading process part **59** stores various data in the storage part **5000** and reads various data stored in the storage part **5000**.

FIG. **9** shows a configuration example of the program provisioning system.

The program provisioning system **90** includes a program transmission instruction reception part **91**, a program determination part **92**, a program transmission part **93** and a storage part **9000**. In the storage part **9000**, a program management DB **9001** is stored.

The program management DB **9001** is a DB in which program identification information for identifying each program and address information at which the program is stored is associated with each other. FIG. **10** shows one example of the program management table included in the program management DB **9001**.

Returning to FIG. **9**, the program transmission instruction reception part **91** has a function of receiving a program transmission instruction from the transmission management system **50**. The program determination part **92** has a function of determining the address information of the corresponding program from the program management DB **9001** based on the program identification information included in the received program transmission instruction. The program transmission part **93** has a function of transmitting the program obtained based on the determined address information of the program to the address information of the transmission terminal **10** included in the program transmission instruction.

<Operations>

FIG. 11 is a flowchart showing a process example to select the maintenance program. Note that, below, a case will be described where, as one example of the authentication medium 21, a SIM card 130 is used. However, it is also possible to use an IC card, a SD card, a USB memory or the like as the authentication medium 21.

In FIG. 11, a user or a serviceman starts the transmission terminal 10 (step S1). At this time, a general user inserts a SIM card 130 for a general user into the transmission terminal 10 and starts the transmission terminal 10. On the other hand, a serviceman inserts a SIM card 130 for maintenance into the transmission terminal 10 and starts the transmission terminal 10. As for a method of managing the SIM cards 130 for maintenance, they are strictly managed as a result of, for example, only servicemen who previously obtain permission therefor being allowed to have the SIM cards 130.

The transmission terminal 10 determines the type of the inserted SIM card 130 by using SIM card type information stored in the inserted SIM card 130 (step S2). The SIM card type information includes identification information for determining whether the SIM card 130 is one for a general user or one for maintenance. Note that it is also possible that, when the SIM card type information indicates the type of a maintenance card, the transmission terminal 10 determines it as one for maintenance, whereas, when no SIM card type information is stored in the SIM card 130, the transmission terminal 10 determines it as one for a general user.

When the type of the SIM card 130 is one for maintenance ("FOR MAINTENANCE" in step S2) as a result of the determination in step S2, the transmission terminal 10 displays a maintenance program selection screen page (step S3).

FIG. 12 shows one example of the maintenance program selection screen page. In the example, 6 types of maintenance programs (functions) can be selected. Functions displayed here can be changed according to the state of connection of the transmission terminal 10 with the communication network 2. For example, a firmware update function having a relatively large size may require a wired LAN environment instead of a wireless LAN environment since a considerable time may be required for downloading it. As for such a firmware update function, it is also possible that the transmission terminal 10 determines whether the currently connected network corresponds to a wired LAN environment and displays the maintenance program selection screen page only when the currently connected network corresponds to a wired LAN environment.

Returning to FIG. 11, when the serviceman selects a maintenance program, a process concerning the selected maintenance program is carried out (steps S4 to S6). Note that the transmission terminal 10 requests the user to input a PIN code corresponding to the maintenance program via a Graphical User Interface (GUI). When a PIN code is input and the PIN code is an authorized one, the corresponding process is then carried out. Details of the process concerning such a maintenance program will be described later.

Further, the "maintenance program" is a program not necessary when a general user uses a remote conference function, and is a program whose operations cannot be guaranteed if a general user operates it, such as a function of updating the firmware or BIOS, a function of obtaining network communication quality concerning communication with the transmission management system 50, a function of changing a non-compatible device to a compatible device, a function of tuning for a specific user or the like.

Usage of these maintenance programs can be limited depending on the skill of a serviceman. For the respective

maintenance programs, PIN codes are assigned for allowing the corresponding maintenance program to be used. A method of managing the PIN codes is, for example, such that all the PIN codes are disclosed to a serviceman who is highly skilled in Information Technology (IT) and has received the proper security training. On the other hand, only predetermined PIN codes are disclosed to a serviceman who receives minimal training.

On the other hand, when the type of the SIM card 130 is one for a general user ("FOR GENERAL USER" in step S2) as a result of the determination in step S2, the transmission terminal 10 determines whether the transmission terminal 10 is in an online state capable of being able to connect to the communication network 2 (step S7).

When it is determined that the transmission terminal 10 is in an online state (YES in step S7), the transmission terminal 10 transmits login request information including the identification information and the password of the transmission terminal 10 to the transmission management system 50. In the transmission management system 50, the terminal authentication part 52 authenticates the transmission terminal 10 by using the identification information and the password included in the login information received from the transmission terminal 10 and the information stored in the terminal authentication management DB. Then, when the transmission terminal 10 receives an authentication result indicating that the authentication is successful from the transmission management system 50, it is possible to start a program in a mode to be used by a general user (step S8). That is, a program for a normal conference terminal is transmitted to the transmission terminal 10 and is started. Then, from its menu, the user can use the online maintenance program (usable online) for a general user.

On the other hand, when the transmission terminal 10 is in an offline state of not being able to be connected with the communication network 2 (NO in step S7), a program for a conference terminal for offline is started in the transmission terminal 10. The offline maintenance program (usable offline) for a general user can be used through its menu (step S9). Note that, with the offline maintenance program, in comparison to the online maintenance program, a function that can be used only online, for example, a function of diagnostics to determine whether a network can be connected between the transmission terminal 10 and the relay apparatus 30 cannot be used. Thus, a function that can be used only online cannot be used with the offline maintenance program. Further, in an offline state, the transmission management system 50 cannot authenticate the transmission terminal 10. Therefore, it is possible to provide such a configuration that a function that can be used offline but requires a high security level cannot be used with the offline maintenance program.

In the related art, only a User Interface (UI) or setting information is obtained from a server through authentication, and therewith, an operation setting or a UI of a transmission terminal is changed. However, in this method, a program for a maintenance process itself is stored in the transmission terminal. Therefore, information for maintenance may be found out when an analysis such as disassembling is carried out on a disk or the like that is removed from the transmission terminal. In order to avoid such a situation, the disk or the like should be encrypted.

In contrast thereto, according to the present embodiment, the process program itself is placed in a server (cloud) or is stored in a recording medium (such as a SD card type SIM card or the like) for authentication. Then, when authentication is successful, the maintenance program is transmitted to the

11

transmission terminal and is executed. Thereby, it is possible to provide the maintenance function safely.

In a case where it is not possible to connect with a network, the process program is stored in an “authentication card for maintenance” which requires authentication for executing the stored program. Then, a serviceman uses the “authentication card for maintenance”, as an authentication card and also as a maintenance program storage card. Thereby, it is possible to safely provide the maintenance function.

Further, according to the present embodiment, it is possible to provide a plurality of maintenance functions by a single SIM card as a result of different sets of authentication information being stored for the respective functions in the single SIM card and also a program being stored which requests the user to input a corresponding set of authentication information for each of the different services. In other words, it is possible to provide maintenance services to respective servicemen having different skills from a single SIM card.

FIG. 13 is a sequence diagram showing an example of an authentication process using a SIM card.

In FIG. 13, in a case of being online, when a serviceman selects, for example, a maintenance program #1 on the transmission terminal 10 (step S11) and inputs a corresponding PIN code #1, the PIN code #1 is provided to the SIM card 130 (step S12).

When the provided PIN code is coincident with a previously set one in the SIM card 130, authentication information #1 in the SIM card 130 including the identification information and the password of the transmission terminal and the program identification information of the maintenance program corresponding to the PIN code is transmitted to the transmission management system 50 (step S13). In the transmission management system 50, the terminal authentication part 52 carries out authentication by determining whether the identification information and the password of the transmission terminal included in the received authentication information #1 are coincident with information in the terminal authentication management DB. When it is determined as being coincident (it is determined that the authentication is successful), a transmission instruction is transmitted to the program provisioning system 90 to transmit the maintenance program corresponding to the program identification information included in the authentication information #1 to the transmission terminal 10 (step S14). Note that the transmission instruction includes not only the program identification information but also the address information (such as an IP address) for determining the place of the transmission terminal 10. The IP address of the transmission terminal 10 can be determined by reading the terminal management DB.

In response thereto, the program provisioning system 90 transmits a maintenance program #1 usable online corresponding to the program identification information to the transmission terminal 10 according to the received address information (step S15).

Next, when the serviceman selects, for example, a maintenance program #2 (step S16) and inputs a corresponding PIN code #2 on the transmission terminal 10, the PIN code #2 is provided to the SIM card 130 (step S17).

When the provided PIN code is coincident with one that is previously set in the SIM card 130, authentication information #2 in the SIM card 130 including the identification information and the password of the transmission terminal and the program identification information of the maintenance program corresponding to the PIN code is transmitted to the transmission management system 50 (step S18). In the transmission management system 50, the terminal authentication part 52 carries out authentication by determining whether the

12

identification information and the password of the transmission terminal included in the received authentication information #2 are coincident with information in the terminal authentication management DB. When it is determined as being coincident (when the authentication is successful), a transmission instruction is transmitted to the program provisioning system 90 to transmit the maintenance program corresponding to the program identification information included in the authentication #2 to the transmission terminal 10 (step S19). Note that, the transmission instruction includes not only the program identification information but also the address information (such as an IP address) for determining the place of the transmission terminal 10. The IP address of the transmission terminal 10 can be determined by reading the terminal management DB.

In response thereto, the program provisioning system 90 transmits a maintenance program #2 corresponding to the program identification information usable online to the transmission terminal 10 based on the received address information (step S20).

On the other hand, in a case of being offline, when the serviceman selects, for example, the maintenance program #1 on the transmission terminal 10 (step S21) and inputs the corresponding PIN code #1, the PIN code #1 is provided to the SIM card 130 (step S22).

When the provided PIN code is coincident with one that is previously set in the SIM card 130, the authentication #1 in the SIM card 130 is transmitted to the offline authentication part 1001 in the transmission terminal 10 (step S23). When authentication in the offline authentication part 1001 is successful, a response indicating that the authentication of the authentication #1 is successful is provided (step S24).

In response thereto, the transmission terminal 10 starts a maintenance program #1 usable offline (step S25).

FIG. 14 is a flowchart showing a process example for the maintenance program.

In FIG. 14, when the maintenance program is selected and started, the PIN code input screen page corresponding to the selected maintenance program is displayed (step S31). FIG. 15 shows one example of the PIN code input screen page. For example, when a PIN code having four digits is input and an OK button is pressed on the PIN code input screen page, the input is completed.

Note that it is possible that the input of the PIN code is carried out using a keyboard which can be connected to the transmission terminal 10.

Further, the PIN code does not need to be a numeral or characters. Such an input of a numeral or characters using the keyboard requires the keyboard to be carried. On the other hand, a predetermined combination of a plurality of keys of the transmission terminal 10 can be stored as the PIN code. In this case, when a user turns on the power in the transmission while pressing the predetermined combination of the plurality of keys on the transmission terminal 10, the terminal regards this operation as the PIN code of the plurality of keys being input. Then, the transmission terminal 10 compares the thus input PIN code (the predetermined combination of the plurality of keys with a stored PIN code (also a predetermined combination of a plurality of keys)). Then, when both are coincident with each other, the transmission terminal 10 cancels the usage restriction of the maintenance program. Alternatively, it is also possible that when a user presses predetermined keys on the transmission terminal 10 in an arbitrary order immediately after selecting the maintenance program, the transmission terminal 10 regards the information of the

13

pressed predetermined keys as the PIN code and determines whether the thus input PIN code is coincident with a stored one in the same way.

Returning to FIG. 14, when the PIN code input is successful (PASS) (YES in step S32), it is determined whether the current state of the transmission terminal 10 is online or offline (step S33). Whether online or offline can be determined based on the network connection state of the transmission terminal 10.

When the transmission terminal 10 is online (YES in step S33), the transmission terminal 10 requests the terminal authentication part 52 in the transmission management system 50 to carry out authentication (step S34). When the authentication is successful (YES in step S35), the transmission terminal 10 receives an online maintenance program (usable online) from the program provisioning system 90 (step S36) and starts the received online maintenance program (step S37).

On the other hand, in a case of being offline (NO in step S33), the offline authentication part 1001 in the transmission terminal 10 is requested to carry out authentication (step S38). When the authentication is successful (YES in step S39), an offline maintenance program (usable offline) is started (step S40).

The offline maintenance program has such a function of being able to be executed at an authentication level less than the online maintenance program. Further, depending on the maintenance program, the program is finished in a case of being offline while indicating that there is no valid function.

FIG. 16 is a flowchart showing one example a self-diagnostic process according to the maintenance program. Note that this process flow is one example a flow of a process carried out according to a maintenance program and is a flow of a process after the maintenance program is started in the flow shown in FIG. 14. Further, a condition required for executing the maintenance program is that the transmission terminal 10 is started online.

In FIG. 16, when the transmission terminal 10 is started online (step S41), the transmission terminal 10 waits until a user initiates a self-diagnostic process from a menu of a user interface (UI) in the transmission terminal 10 (step S42).

When the self-diagnostic process is thus initiated (YES in step S42), the transmission terminal 10 requests the session management part 57 in the transmission management system 50 to establish a session for a single-based conference (step S43). A "single-based conference" means creating a virtual conference room by a single transmission terminal 10 where the transmission terminal 10 connected by a session for a single-based conference has video and sound looped back and thus sent back. FIG. 17 shows a display example on the transmission terminal 10 at this time. In FIG. 17, a local video is displayed in a bottom-right small area and a looped back video is displayed in another large area.

Returning to FIG. 16, the session management part 57 in the transmission management system 50 requests the relay apparatus 30 to distribute a video for the single-based conference (step S44). Thereafter, the session for the single-based conference is established between the relay apparatus 30 and the transmission terminal 10 and transmission and reception of video and sound are started (step S45). At this time, video transmitted from the transmission terminal 10 is looped back and thus sent back in a real-time manner from the relay apparatus 30 while sound is once recorded in the transmission terminal 10 for being able to easily receive diagnostics. Thereafter, the once recorded sound is transmitted to the relay apparatus 30 after being delayed for, for example, around 3 seconds.

14

The transmission terminal 10 displays the local video (not through the relay apparatus) 30 and the video distributed by the relay apparatus 30 simultaneously. Also, the transmission terminal 10 outputs the sound from the speaker after the sound is input via the microphone and then is looped back from the relay apparatus 30 (step S46). Thereby, it is possible to carry out diagnostics of the functions of the camera, the microphone and the speaker only in the single transmission terminal 10, and also, it is possible to determine whether there is any problem in the network between the transmission terminal 10 and the relay apparatus 30.

Thereafter, when the user initiates a self-diagnostics termination process from the menu of the user interface in the transmission terminal 10 (YES in step S47), the transmission terminal 10 terminates the self-diagnostics.

FIG. 18 is a sequence diagram showing a process example of establishing the session for the self-diagnostic process and looping video and sound back.

In FIG. 18, when the transmission terminal 10 requests the session management part 57 in the transmission management system 50 to establish a session for a single-based conference (step S51), the session management part 57 requests the relay apparatus 30 to start a single-based conference (step S52) and the relay apparatus 30 notifies the transmission terminal 10 that the session for the single-based conference is established (step S53).

The transmission terminal 10 transmits video and sound to the relay apparatus 30 (step S54), the relay apparatus 30 loops them back and transmits them to the transmission terminal 10 (step S55).

Thereafter, when a disconnection of the session for the single-based conference is requested from the transmission terminal 10 to the session management part 57 in the transmission management system 50 (step S56), the session management part 57 requests the relay apparatus 30 to finish the single-based conference (step S57) and the relay apparatus 30 notifies the transmission terminal 10 that the session for the single-based conference is disconnected (step S58).

Generally speaking, in the related art, loop back is carried out inside a transmission terminal to check video and sound, or a switching unit provided before a switch board is used to carry out self-diagnostics. However, such a function described above according to the present embodiment considering a possible problem that may occur in a transmission route and/or a network band between a video distribution server and a transmission terminal has not been in the related art. According to the present embodiment, it is possible to carry out self-diagnostics also considering a possible influence by a transmission route.

<Summary of the Embodiment>

As described above, according to the present embodiment, concerning maintenance of a transmission terminal (10) included in a transmission system (1) such as a remote conference system, it is possible to provide a function(s) concerning a plurality of maintenance options having different security requirements, respectively, using an authentication medium such as a single SIM card while ensuring safety on security.

Thus, the transmission system, the transmission terminal and the method of transmitting a program have been described in the embodiment. However, the present invention is not limited to the specifically disclosed embodiment and variations and modifications may be made without departing from the scope of the present invention.

[Supplement to the Embodiment]

Note that, each of the relay apparatuses 30, the transmission management system 50, the program provisioning sys-

tem **90** and the maintenance system **100** according to the embodiment described above can be implemented by a single computer, or can be implemented by a plurality of computers to which the respective parts (functions or the like) thereof are divided and allocated. When the program provisioning system **90** is implemented by a single computer, a program transmitted by the program provisioning system **90** can be transmitted in such a manner that the program is transmitted in a form of a plurality of modules divided from the program or is transmitted without being thus divided. Further, when the program provisioning system **90** is implemented by a plurality of computers, a program can be transmitted from the respective computers in a state where the program is divided into a plurality of modules.

Further, a recording medium or recording media storing the program for the terminal, the program for the relay apparatus, the program for transmission management and the program for the transmission terminal management system, a hard disk(s) storing these programs, and the program provisioning system **90** including the hard disk(s) can be used as program products when the program for the terminal, the program for the relay apparatus, the program for transmission management and the program for the transmission terminal management system are provided to a user(s) in a country or outside of a country.

Further, the present embodiment has been described for a case where the TV conference system is one example of a transmission system **1**. However, the present invention is not limited thereto. The present invention can also be applied to a telephone system such as an Internet Protocol (IP) telephony system, an Internet telephony system or the like. Further, the transmission system **1** can be a car navigation system. In this case, for example, one transmission terminal **10** can be used as a car navigation apparatus mounted in a vehicle and another transmission terminal **10** can be used as a management terminal in a management center or a management server which manages the car navigation system, or a car navigation apparatus mounted in another vehicle.

Further, the transmission system **1** can be a communication system for cellular phones/portable phones. In this case, for example, the transmission terminals **10** correspond to cellular phones/portable phones.

Further, the present embodiment has been described where image data and sound data are one example of content data. However, content data is not limited thereto. For example, content data can be tactile data. In this case, a feeling of a user touching one transmission terminal is transmitted to another transmission terminal. Content data can also be smell data. In this case, a smell in one transmission terminal is transmitted to another transmission terminal. Further, content data can be at least one of image data, sound data, tactile data and smell data.

Further, the present embodiment has been described where the transmission system **1** is used for a TV conference. However, the present invention is not limited thereto. For example, the transmission system **1** can also be used for a meeting, a general conversation among family members or friends, or a submission of information unilaterally.

The present invention can be implemented in any convenient form, for example using dedicated hardware, or a mixture of dedicated hardware and software. The present invention may be implemented as computer software implemented by one or more networked processing apparatuses. The network can comprise any conventional terrestrial or wireless communications network, such as the Internet. The processing apparatuses can comprise any suitably programmed apparatuses such as a general purpose computer, personal digital

assistant, mobile telephone (such as a WAP or 3G-compliant phone) and so on. Since the present invention can be implemented as software, each and every aspect of the present invention thus encompasses computer software implementable on a programmable device. The computer software can be provided to the programmable device using any storage medium for storing processor readable code such as a floppy disk, hard disk, CD ROM, magnetic tape device or solid state memory device.

As mentioned above, the hardware platform includes any desired type of hardware resources including, for example, a central processing unit (CPU), a random access memory (RAM), and a hard disk drive (HDD). The CPU may be implemented by any desired type of any desired number of processor. The RAM may be implemented by any desired type of volatile or non-volatile memory. The HDD may be implemented by any desired type of non-volatile memory capable of storing a large amount of data. The hardware resources may additionally include an input device, an output device, or a network device, depending on the type of the apparatus. Alternatively, the HDD may be provided outside of the apparatus as long as the HDD is accessible. In this example, the CPU, such as a cache memory of the CPU, and the RAM may function as a physical memory or a primary memory of the apparatus, while the HDD may function as a secondary memory of the apparatus.

The present application is based on and claims the benefit of priority of Japanese Priority Application No. 2013-129852, dated Jun. 20, 2013, the entire contents of which are hereby incorporated herein by reference.

PATENT REFERENCE

Patent Reference No. 1: Japanese Laid-Open Patent Application No. 2011-233031

Patent Reference No. 2: Japanese Laid-Open Patent Application No. 2004-303215

What is claimed is:

1. A transmission system comprising:

a transmission terminal that transmits content data to another transmission terminal via a network;

a transmission management system that processes a session among a plurality of the transmission terminals or for the single transmission terminal and includes one or more information processing apparatuses; and

a program providing apparatus that transmits a program to the transmission terminal, wherein

the transmission terminal includes circuitry that

requests a user to input execution authentication information when an authentication medium is connected with the transmission terminal, the authentication medium including a storage storing first program identification information identifying a first program and first execution authentication information indicating information requested to be input when the first program is executed in such a manner as to associate the first program identification information with the first execution authentication information, and storing second program identification information identifying a second program different from the first program and second execution authentication information indicating information requested to be input when the second program is executed in such a manner as to associate the second program identification information with the second execution authentication information,

determines whether the execution authentication information that is input by the user is coincident with the first execution authentication information or the second execution authentication information stored by the storage, and

5 transmits the first program identification information to the transmission management system when it is determined that the execution authentication information that is input by the user is coincident with the first execution authentication information, and transmits

10 the second program identification information to the transmission management system when it is determined that the execution authentication information that is input by the user is coincident with the second execution authentication information.

15 the transmission management system includes circuitry that transmits, to the program providing apparatus, a transmission instruction to transmit the first program corresponding to the first program identification information to the transmission terminal, or transmits, to the

20 program providing apparatus, a transmission instruction to transmit the second program corresponding to the second program identification information to the transmission, and

the program providing apparatus includes circuitry that

25 transmits the first program corresponding to the first program identification information to the transmission terminal, or transmits the second program corresponding to the second program identification information to the transmission terminal.

30 **2.** The transmission system as claimed in claim 1, wherein a PIN code is stored in the authentication medium as the first execution authentication information for the first program identification information, and

the transmission terminal transmits the first program identification information to the transmission management

35 system when a PIN code that is input is coincident with the stored PIN code.

3. The transmission system as claimed in claim 1, wherein the first execution authentication information is image

40 information.

4. The transmission system as claimed in claim 2, wherein the circuitry of the transmission terminal regards information concerning keys that is input to the transmission terminal as the PIN code and carries out the determina-

45 tion.

5. The transmission system as claimed in claim 1, wherein the circuitry of the transmission terminal carries out authentication internally at the transmission terminal, when the transmission terminal is not connected with the

50 network.

6. The transmission system as claimed in claim 1, wherein the transmission terminal limits usable functions to be displayed when being connected with a wireless network.

55 **7.** A transmission terminal which transmits content data to another transmission terminal via a network, the transmission terminal comprising:

circuitry that

60 requests a user to input execution authentication information when an authentication medium is connected with the transmission terminal, the authentication medium including a storage storing first program identification information identifying a first program and first execution authentication information indicating information requested to be input when the first

65 program is executed in such a manner as to associate

the first program identification information with the first execution authentication information, and storing second program identification information identifying a second program different from the first program and second execution authentication information indicating information requested to be input when the second program is executed in such a manner as to associate the second program identification information with the second execution authentication information,

determines whether the execution authentication information that is input by the user is coincident with the first execution authentication information or the second execution authentication information stored by the storage,

transmits the first program identification information to a transmission management system when it is determined that the execution authentication information that is input by the user is coincident with the first execution authentication information, and transmits the second program identification information to the transmission management system when it is determined that the execution authentication information that is input by the user is coincident with the second execution authentication information.

8. A method of transmitting a program by a transmission terminal which transmits content data to another transmission terminal via a network, the method comprising:

requesting a user to input execution authentication information when an authentication medium is connected with the transmission terminal, the authentication medium including a storage storing first program identification information identifying a first program and first execution authentication information indicating information requested to be input when the first program is executed in such a manner as to associate the first program identification information with the first execution authentication information, and storing second program identification information identifying a second program different from the first program and second execution authentication information indicating information requested to be input when the second program is executed in such a manner as to associate the second program identification information with the second execution authentication information;

determining whether the execution authentication information that is input by the user is coincident with the first execution authentication information or the second execution authentication information stored by the storage; and

transmitting the first program identification information to a transmission management system when determining that the execution authentication information that is input by the user is coincident with the first execution authentication information, and transmitting the second program identification information to the transmission management system when determining that the execution authentication information that is input by the user is coincident with the second execution authentication information.

9. The transmission system as claimed in claim 1, wherein the first program and the second program correspond to programs for maintenance.

10. The transmission system as claimed in claim 1, wherein the first program corresponds to a program for fault diagnostics, and the second program corresponds to a program for updating firmware.