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(54) **BLUETOOTH COMMUNICATION METHOD AND SYSTEM**

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- H04L 29/06** (2006.01)
- H04W 12/06** (2009.01)
- H04W 12/04** (2009.01)
- H04W 12/00** (2009.01)
- H04W 12/02** (2009.01)

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(58) **Field of Classification Search**

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USPC ..... 455/41.1–41.3  
See application file for complete search history.

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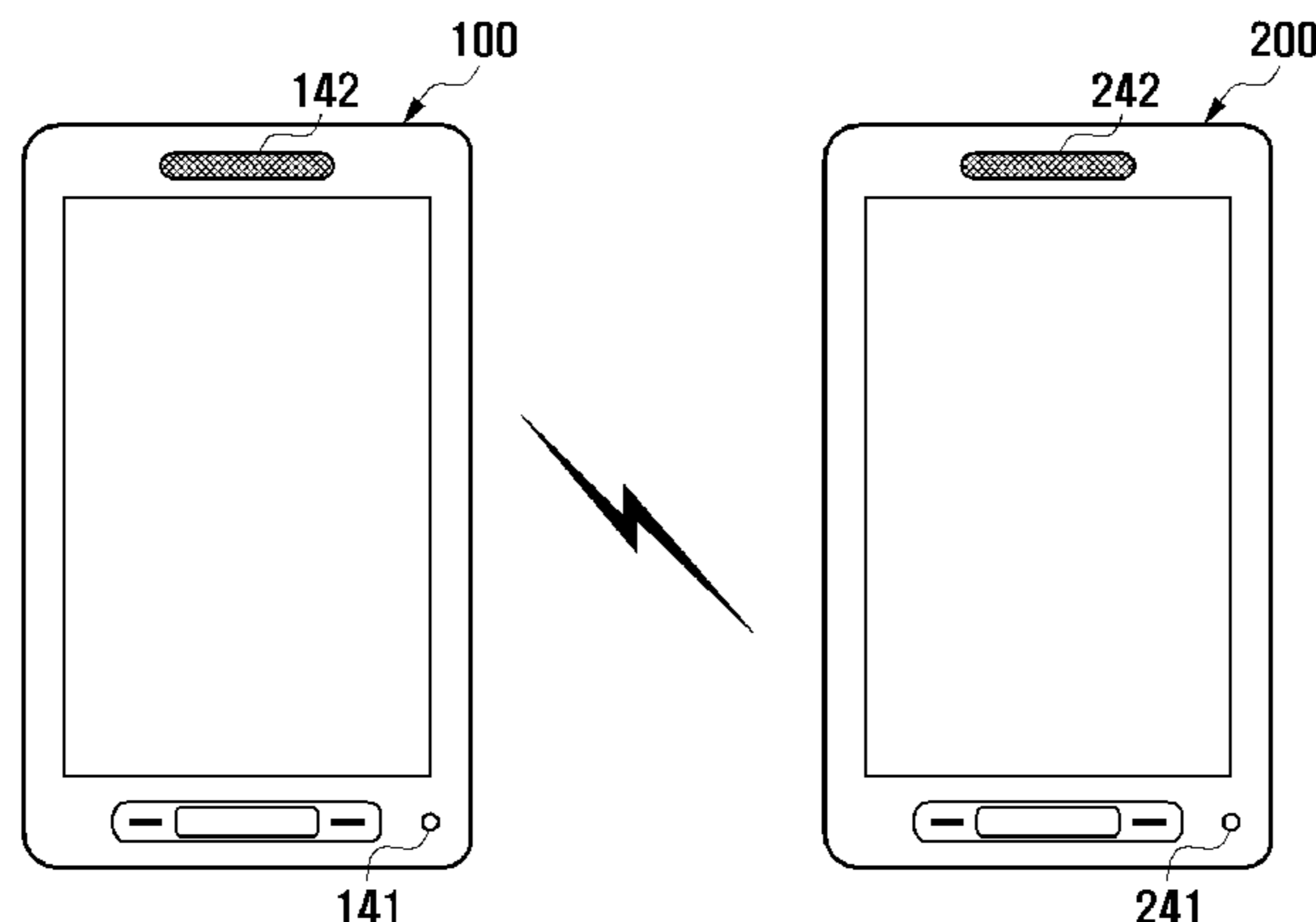
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A Bluetooth communication method and system for enabling one Bluetooth device to rapidly connect to another Bluetooth device using an audio signal, and also enabling them to transmit data to each other are provided. The system includes first and second Bluetooth devices. The first Bluetooth device transforms authentication information required to establish a Bluetooth communication connection into an audio signal, and broadcasts the audio signal. The second Bluetooth device receives the audio signal and extracts the authentication information from the received audio signal. The second Bluetooth device establishes a Bluetooth communication channel with the first Bluetooth device, using the extracted authentication information.

**13 Claims, 5 Drawing Sheets**



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FIG. 1

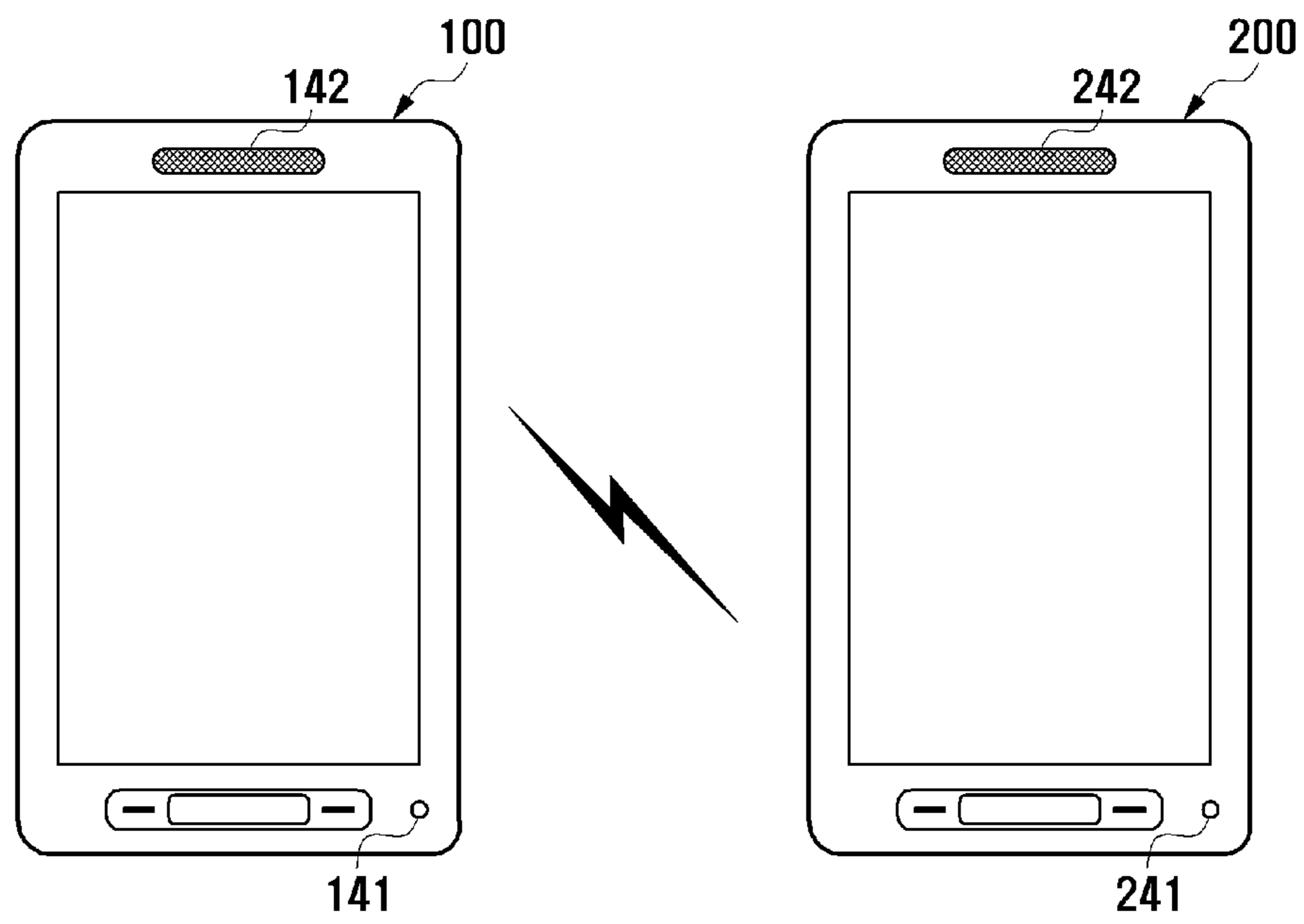


FIG. 2

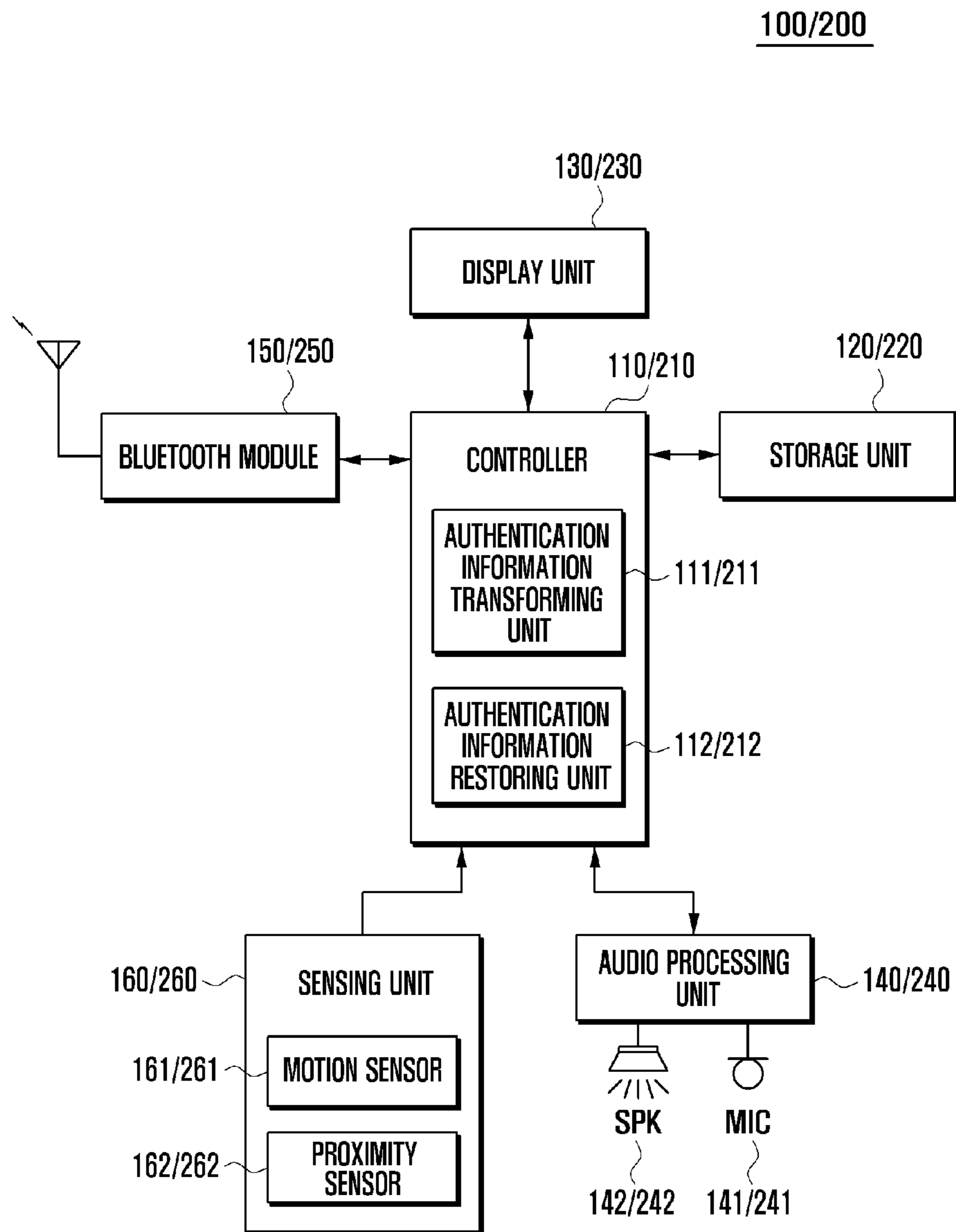


FIG. 3

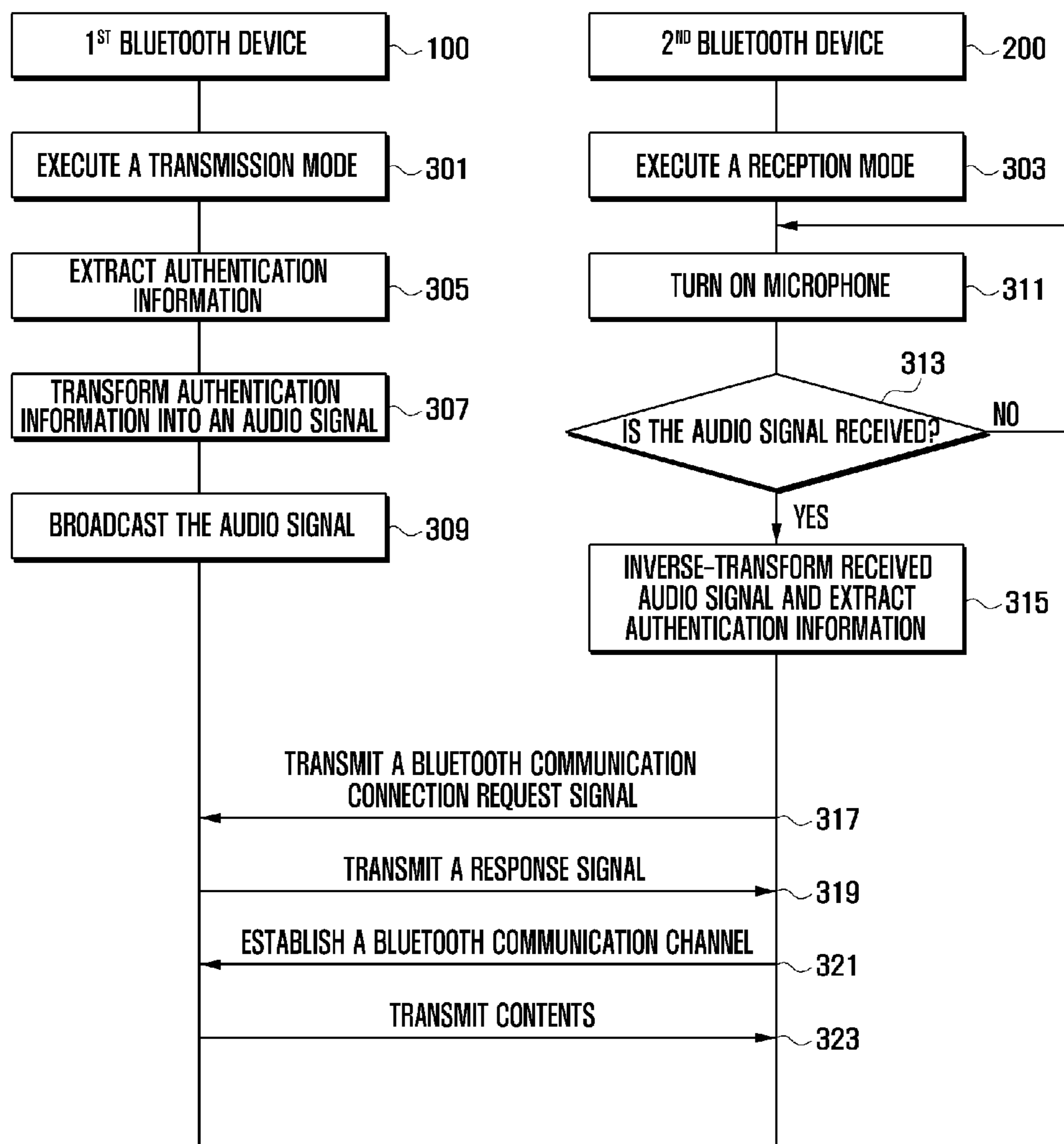


FIG. 4

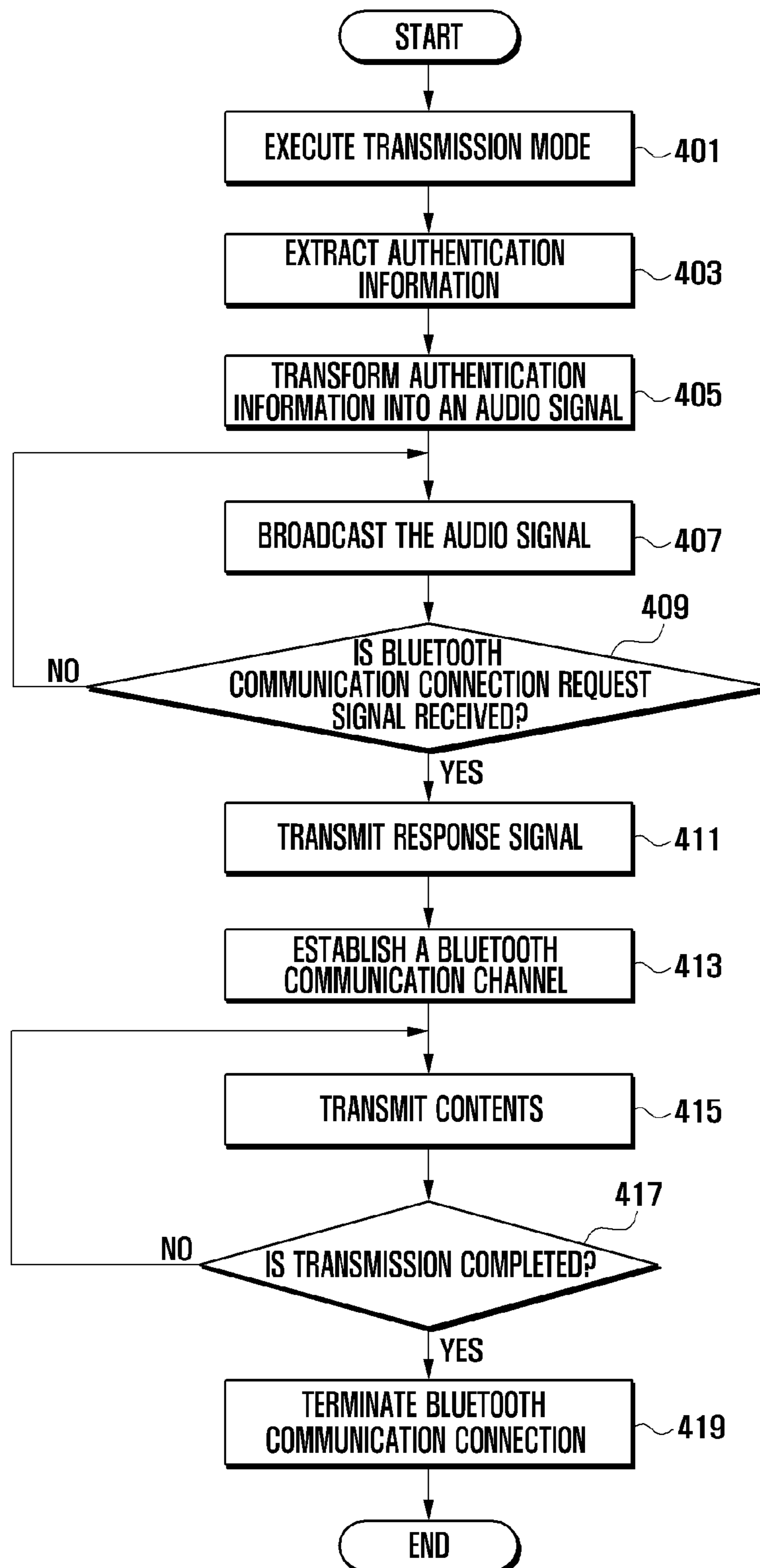
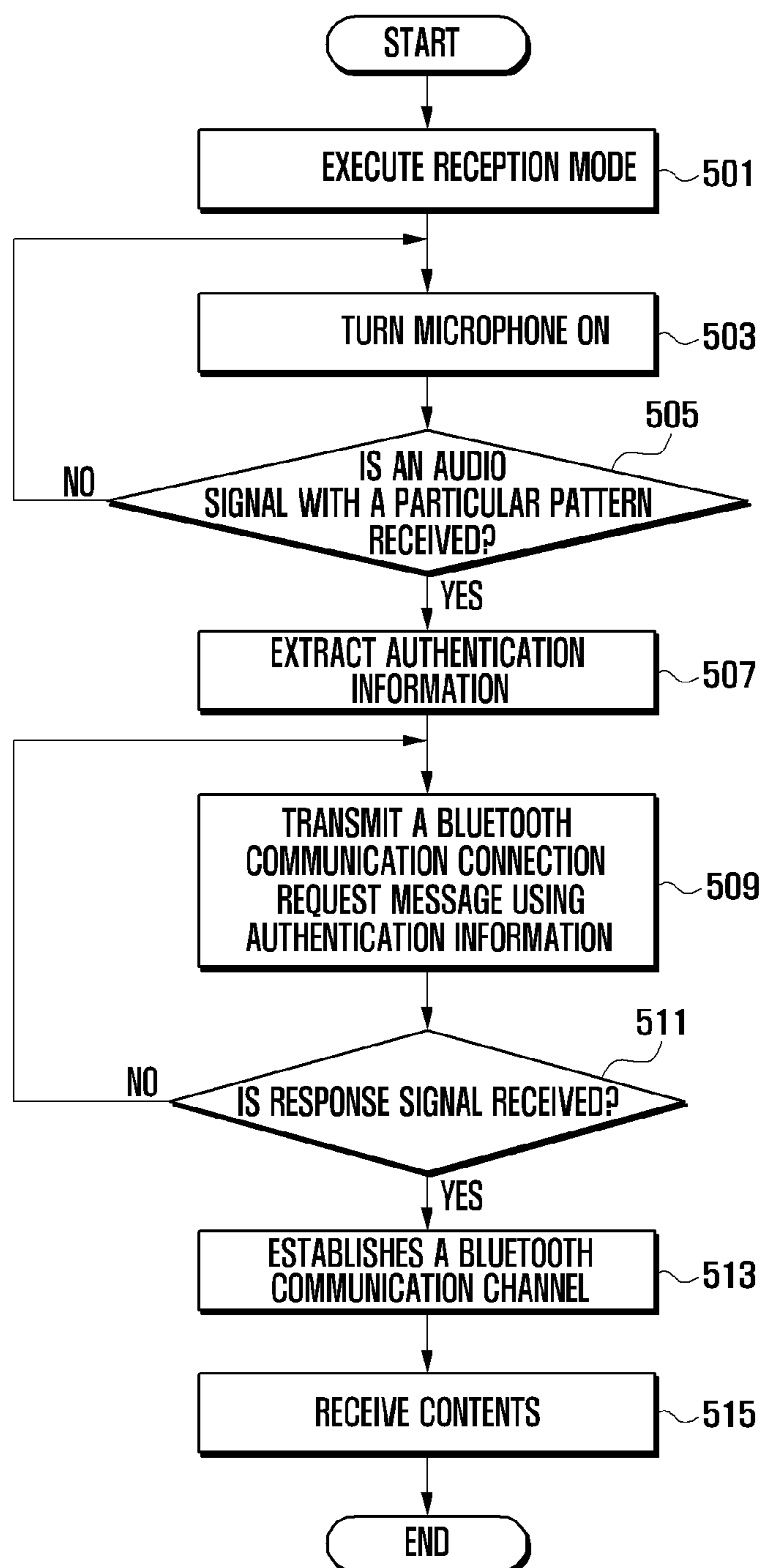


FIG. 5



## BLUETOOTH COMMUNICATION METHOD AND SYSTEM

### PRIORITY

This application is a continuation application of a prior application Ser. No. 13/194,302, filed on Jul. 29, 2011, which claimed the benefit under 35 U.S.C §119(a) of a Korean patent application filed on Aug. 19, 2010 in the Korean Intellectual Property Office and assigned Serial No. 10-2010-0080325, the entire disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

#### 1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to systems adapted to Bluetooth technology. More particularly, the present invention relates to a Bluetooth communication method and system that enables one Bluetooth device to rapidly connect to another Bluetooth device via Bluetooth communication, using an audio signal, and also enables them to transmit data to each other via Bluetooth communication.

#### 2. Description of the Related Art

With the rapid development of information and communication technology and semiconductor technology, the use of various types of mobile devices has increased. Mobile devices employ mobile convergence to provide additional services provided by other types of mobile systems as well as their traditional services. For example, mobile devices include their usual communication functions such as a voice calling or a message transmission, and additional functions as well, such as a TV viewing function (e.g., mobile broadcasting, such as Digital Multimedia Broadcasting (DMB), Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB), etc.), an audio playback function (e.g., MPEG Audio Layer 3 (MP3)), a photographing function, an Internet function, a short-range wireless communication function, etc.

Short-range wireless communication is a type of communication that enables computers, mobile devices, electric home appliances, etc., located in a relatively short range, to wirelessly connect to each other and enables them to perform bi-directional communication with each other. Examples of short-range wireless communication include ZigBee, Infrared communication, Bluetooth, etc. Bluetooth enables electronic devices to exchange data, such as voice data, etc., in a globally unlicensed Industrial, Scientific and Medical (ISM) 2.45 GHz short-range Radio Frequency (RF) band.

A device supporting a Bluetooth function, hereinafter called a Bluetooth device, must perform a pairing process to establish a communication channel with another Bluetooth device. That is, the Bluetooth device broadcasts an Inquiry Message to peripheral Bluetooth devices, via the Bluetooth antenna. When peripheral Bluetooth devices receive the Inquiry Message, they broadcast Inquiry Response Messages responding to the Inquiry Message to the Bluetooth device that broadcast the Inquiry Message, respectively. The Bluetooth device receives the Inquiry Response Messages from the peripheral Bluetooth devices. The Inquiry Response Message includes authentication information (e.g., the unique address of a Bluetooth device, (i.e., BD\_ADDR)) required to establish a Bluetooth communication channel. After that, the Bluetooth device transmits a Name Request message to the searched peripheral Bluetooth devices and receives device names therefrom. The Bluetooth device displays the unique addresses and the device names of the searched peripheral Bluetooth devices on a display unit. When the user chooses

one of the peripheral Bluetooth devices displayed on the display unit, the Bluetooth device establishes a Bluetooth communication channel with the selected Bluetooth device, and transmits data thereto. However, this conventional Bluetooth communication method is complicated, so the users feel inconvenienced. In addition, the conventional Bluetooth communication system is disadvantageous to enable a Bluetooth device to broadcast an Inquiry message for a certain period of time in order to search for peripheral Bluetooth devices, which requires a great deal of time to establish the connection of Bluetooth communication therebetween.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Aspects of the present invention are to address the above-mentioned problems and/or disadvantages and to provide at least the advantages described below. Accordingly, an aspect of the present invention is to provide a Bluetooth communication method and system that enables Bluetooth devices to rapidly connect to each other via Bluetooth communication, using an audio signal.

Another aspect of the present invention is to provide a Bluetooth communication method and system that enables Bluetooth devices to rapidly and intuitively connect to each other, thereby easily transmitting contents therebetween.

Another aspect of the present invention is to provide a Bluetooth communication method and system that enables Bluetooth devices to rapidly and intuitively connect to each other, thereby enhancing use convenience.

In accordance with an aspect of the invention, a Bluetooth communication method is provided. The method includes transforming, by a first Bluetooth device, authentication information required to establish a Bluetooth communication connection into an audio signal, broadcasting the audio signal via a speaker of the first Bluetooth device, receiving, by a second Bluetooth device, the audio signal via a microphone of the second Bluetooth device, extracting, by the second Bluetooth device, the authentication information from the received audio signal, transmitting, by the second Bluetooth device, a Bluetooth communication connection request signal to the first Bluetooth device, using the extracted authentication information, transmitting, by the first Bluetooth device, a response signal to the second Bluetooth device, and establishing, when receiving the response signal, a Bluetooth communication channel between the first and second Bluetooth devices.

In accordance with another aspect of the invention, a Bluetooth communication system is provided. The system includes first and second Bluetooth devices. The first Bluetooth device transforms authentication information required to establish a Bluetooth communication connection into an audio signal, and broadcasts the audio signal. The second Bluetooth device receives the audio signal and extracts the authentication information from the received audio signal. The second Bluetooth device establishes a Bluetooth communication channel with the first Bluetooth device, using the extracted authentication information.

Other aspects, advantages, and salient features of the invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art from the following detailed description, which, taken in conjunction with the annexed drawings, discloses exemplary embodiments of the invention.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The above and other aspects, features, and advantages of certain exemplary embodiments of the present invention will



be more apparent from the following description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

FIG. 1 illustrates a Bluetooth communication system according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 2 illustrates a schematic block diagram of a Bluetooth device according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 3 is a flowchart illustrating a Bluetooth communication method in a Bluetooth communication system, according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 4 is a flowchart illustrating a Bluetooth communication method in a first Bluetooth device operating in a transmission mode, according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention; and

FIG. 5 is a flowchart illustrating a Bluetooth communication method in a second Bluetooth device operating in a reception mode, according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention.

Throughout the drawings, it should be noted that like reference numbers are used to depict the same or similar elements, features, and structures.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF EXEMPLARY EMBODIMENTS

The following description with reference to the accompanying drawings is provided to assist in a comprehensive understanding of exemplary embodiments of the invention as defined by the claims and their equivalents. It includes various specific details to assist in that understanding but these are to be regarded as merely exemplary. Accordingly, those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that various changes and modifications of the embodiments described herein can be made without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention. In addition, descriptions of well-known functions and constructions may be omitted for clarity and conciseness.

The terms or words used in the following description and the claims are not limited to the bibliographical meanings, but, are merely used by the inventor to enable a clear and consistent understanding of the invention. Accordingly, it should be apparent to those skilled in the art that the following description of exemplary embodiments of the present invention is provided for illustration purpose only and not for the purpose of limiting the invention as defined by the appended claims and their equivalents.

It is to be understood that the singular forms “a,” “an,” and “the” include plural referents unless the context clearly dictates otherwise. Thus, for example, reference to “a component surface” includes reference to one or more of such surfaces.

In the following exemplary embodiments of the invention, the term “Bluetooth device” refers to a device that can support a Bluetooth communication function. It will be appreciated that the invention can be applied to all information communication devices, multimedia devices, and their applications, for example, mobile communication terminals, Personal Digital Assistants (PDAs), smartphones, personal computers, laptop computers, netbook computers, Portable Multimedia Players (PMPs), Play Station Pockets (PSPs), headsets, navigation systems, televisions, etc.

FIG. 1 illustrates a Bluetooth communication system according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention.

Referring to FIG. 1, the Bluetooth communication system includes a first Bluetooth device 100 and a second Bluetooth device 200. The first Bluetooth device 100 includes a micro-

phone 141 and a speaker 142. Similarly, the second Bluetooth device 200 includes a microphone 241 and a speaker 242. The first 100 and second 200 Bluetooth devices can operate in a transmission or reception mode. In the following description, for the sake of convenience, it is assumed that the first Bluetooth device 100 operates in a transmission mode and the second Bluetooth device 200 operates in a reception mode.

The first Bluetooth device 100 is operated in a transmission mode according to a user's request, transforms authentication information (e.g., the unique address of a Bluetooth module, BT\_ADDR, and a password), required to establish a Bluetooth communication connection, into an audio signal, and broadcasts the audio signal via the speaker 142. In an exemplary implementation, the first Bluetooth device 100 may mix the audio signal with another sound source signal or apply a masking effect to the audio signal, and may broadcast it. This is to prevent the audio signal from causing the user to feel unpleasant. When the first Bluetooth device 100 receives a Bluetooth communication connection request signal from the second Bluetooth device 200, it transmits the response signal thereto, and establishes a Bluetooth communication channel therewith. After that, the first Bluetooth device 100 transmits contents selected by the user (e.g., photographs, music files, video files, a phonebook, etc.) to the second Bluetooth device 200.

When the second Bluetooth device 200 is operated in a reception mode, it enables the microphone 241 and receives an audio signal broadcast from the first Bluetooth device 100. The second Bluetooth device 200 extracts authentication information, required to establish a Bluetooth communication channel with the first Bluetooth device 100, from the received audio signal. The second Bluetooth device 200 can transmit a Bluetooth communication connection request signal to the first Bluetooth device 100, using the extracted authentication information. When the second Bluetooth device 200 receives the response signal from the first Bluetooth device 100, it can establish a Bluetooth communication channel with the first Bluetooth device 100. The second Bluetooth device 200 can receive contents from the first Bluetooth device 100 via the Bluetooth communication channel.

An exemplary Bluetooth communication system can rapidly and easily establish a Bluetooth communication channel between Bluetooth devices using an audio signal, without performing a conventional pairing process where a number of Bluetooth devices are searched and one of them is selected. Therefore, the system enhances user convenience. In addition, the system can also allow Bluetooth devices to easily transmit contents to each other.

Although the above described exemplary embodiment is implemented in such a manner that the first Bluetooth device 100 operates in a transmission mode and the second Bluetooth device 200 operates in a reception mode, it should be understood that the invention is not limited thereto. It will be noted that the first Bluetooth device 100 may operate in a reception mode and the second Bluetooth device 200 may operate in a transmission mode.

FIG. 2 illustrates a schematic block diagram of a Bluetooth device according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention.

As shown in FIG. 2, the Bluetooth device may be a first 100 or second 200 Bluetooth device. The first 100 and second 200 Bluetooth devices are distinguished according to their operation mode, e.g., a transmission mode or a reception mode, and have the same components. Therefore, for the sake of convenience, the same components in the first 100 and 200 Bluetooth devices will be expressed by a singular term citing corresponding reference numbers using a slash (/).

Referring to FIG. 2, the first **100** and second **200** Bluetooth devices each include a controller **110/210**, a storage unit **120/220**, a display unit **130/230**, an audio processing unit **140/240**, a Bluetooth module **150/250**, and a sensing unit **160/260**.

The display unit **130/230** displays menus of the Bluetooth device **100/200** and information that is input by the user or provided to the user. The display unit **130/230** displays a variety of screens for the Bluetooth device **100/200**, for example, an idle screen, a menu screen, a message writing screen, a call screen, etc. In an exemplary implementation, the display unit **130/230** can display a menu screen related to Bluetooth communication, a screen when Bluetooth communication is performed, a screen for displaying a message stating the failure in establishing a Bluetooth communication connection, etc. The display unit **130/230** may be implemented with a Liquid Crystal Display (LCD), an Organic Light Emitting Diode (OLED), an Active Matrix OLED (AMOLED), and the like. When the display unit **130/230** is implemented with a touch screen, it may also serve as an input mechanism (not shown).

The Bluetooth module **150/250** supports Bluetooth communication between the Bluetooth devices **100** and **200**. The Bluetooth module **150/250** establishes a Bluetooth communication channel with other Bluetooth devices according to the control of the controller **110/210**, thereby allowing the Bluetooth device **100/200** to transmit/receive data to/from other Bluetooth devices via the channel. The Bluetooth module **150/250** can support Hands-Free Profile (HFP) for hands free sets, HeadSet Profile (HSP) for headsets, File Transfer Profile (FTP) for file transfer, Cordless Telephone Profile (CTP) for cordless telephones, etc. When the Bluetooth device **100/200** is operated in a reception mode, the Bluetooth module **150/250** transmits a Bluetooth communication connection request signal to another Bluetooth device, using authentication information extracted from an audio signal received via a microphone **141/241** of the audio processing unit **140/240**. After that, the Bluetooth module **150/250** receives the response signal from the other Bluetooth device.

When the Bluetooth device **100/200** is operated in a transmission mode, the Bluetooth module **150/250** receives a Bluetooth communication connection request signal from other Bluetooth device. In that case, the Bluetooth module **150/250** transmits the response signal to the other Bluetooth device. When Bluetooth communication is established between the Bluetooth device **100/200** and the other Bluetooth device, the Bluetooth module **150/250** of the Bluetooth device **100/200** transmits contents to the other Bluetooth device under the control of the controller **110/210**.

The storage unit **120/220** stores an Operating System (OS) of the Bluetooth device **100/200**, and applications for executing optional functions, such as an audio playback function, a photograph or video playback function, etc. The storage unit **120/220** also stores user data, contents (e.g., photographs, music files, video files) to be transmitted/received to/from the other Bluetooth device via the Bluetooth module **150/250**, etc. The storage unit **120/220** also stores authentication information. The authentication information may be a unique address (BD\_ADDR) of a Bluetooth module. The authentication information may include password information required when the Bluetooth device **100/200** establishes a Bluetooth communication connection. In an exemplary implementation, the storage unit **120/220** includes an application program for transforming the authentication information into an audio signal according to a preset transformation, and also an application program for inverse-transforming an audio signal into authentication information. The storage unit

**120/220** may include Random Access Memory (RAM), Read Only Memory (ROM), flash memory, or a combination thereof. The storage unit **120/220** may include one or two integrated memory chips, for example, a Multi-Chip Package (MCP), etc.

The audio processing unit **140/240** transfers an audio signal to the speaker **142/242** or an audio signal, received via the microphone **141/241**, to the controller **110/210**. That is, the audio processing unit **140/240** converts an analog voice signal, received via the microphone **141/241**, to a digital voice signal, and transfers it to the controller **110/210**. The audio processing unit **140/240** also converts a digital voice signal into an analog voice signal and outputs it via the speaker **142/242**. In addition, the audio processing unit **140/240** can also output, via the speaker **142/242**, a key input sound, sound effects according to the execution of corresponding functions, audio sound when an audio file (e.g., an MP3 file) is played back, etc. In an exemplary implementation, when the Bluetooth device **100/200** is operated in a transmission mode, the audio processing unit **140/240** can output an audio sound, created by transforming the authentication information, to the speaker **142/242**. Likewise, when the Bluetooth device **100/200** is operated in a reception mode, the audio processing unit **140/240** receives an audio signal via the microphone **141/241** and transfers it to an authentication information restoring unit **112/212** of the controller **110/210**. The audio processing unit **140/240** can also output a sound effect indicating the failure in establishing a Bluetooth communication connection using an audio signal.

The sensing unit **160/260** senses motion of the Bluetooth device **100/200**. The sensing unit **160/260** includes a motion sensor **161/261** and a proximity sensor **162/262**. The motion sensor **161/261** creates a signal for requesting to execute a transmission mode to transmit contents. For example, when the user selects contents to be transmitted and performs a preset motion (e.g., a swing, a tilting, etc.) without operating any key, the motion sensor **161/261** senses the motion. In that case, the controller **110/210** can execute a transmission mode to transmit the selected contents. The motion sensor **161/261** may be implemented with an acceleration sensor, a gravity sensor, a geomagnetic sensor, etc. In another exemplary embodiment, the motion sensor **161/261** may be omitted in Bluetooth devices when they do not provide a function for transmitting contents via a user's motion.

The proximity sensor **162/262** refers to a sensor that is able to sense the approach and the presence of nearby objects without any physical contact. The proximity sensor **162/262** may be implemented with a magnetic proximity sensor, a ultrasonic proximity sensor, a photoelectric proximity sensor, an inductive proximity sensor, a capacitive proximity sensor, etc. In an exemplary implementation, the proximity sensor **261** of the first Bluetooth device **100** senses the approach of the second Bluetooth device **200**, and the proximity sensor **262** of the second Bluetooth device **200** senses the approach of the first Bluetooth device **100**. When the first **100** and second **200** Bluetooth devices are within a certain range, the proximity sensor **162/262** is used to determine the proximity so that they can connect to each other via Bluetooth communication using an audio signal. This is because the second Bluetooth device **200** in a reception mode cannot receive properly an audio signal in an environment where the level of external noise is relatively large. To address this problem, when the first **100** and second **200** Bluetooth devices detect that they are near each other (i.e., within a certain range via the proximity sensor **162/262**), the first Bluetooth device **100**

in a transmission mode activates the speaker **142** and the second Bluetooth device **200** in a reception mode activates the microphone **241**.

The controller **110/210** controls operations of the Bluetooth device **100/200** and the signal flow between the components in the Bluetooth device **100/200**. The controller **110/210** also processes data in the Bluetooth device **100/200**. In an exemplary implementation, the controller **110/210** includes an authentication information transforming unit **111/211** and the authentication information restoring unit **112/212**.

The authentication information transforming unit **111/211** transforms authentication information regarding the Bluetooth module **150/250** into an audio signal in a particular pattern when the Bluetooth device **100/200** is operated in a transmission mode. The authentication information transforming unit **111/211** can mix the transformed audio signal with another sound source signal or apply a masking effect to the transformed audio signal. This is to make the user feel more comfort from an audio signal output from the speaker **142** of the Bluetooth device **100** in a transmission mode.

The authentication information restoring unit **112/212** extracts authentication information regarding the Bluetooth module **150/250** from an audio signal that is received via the microphone **141/241** of the audio processing unit **140/240** when the Bluetooth device **100/200** is operated in a reception mode.

The controller **110/210** can control the Bluetooth module **150/250** to establish the Bluetooth communication connection between the Bluetooth devices **100** and **200** using the extracted authentication information. When the Bluetooth communication connection has been established, the controller **110/210** of the Bluetooth device **100/200** in a transmission mode can transmit contents to the opposite Bluetooth device **200/100** via the Bluetooth module **150/250**. On the contrary, the controller **110/210** of the Bluetooth device **100/200** in a reception mode can receive contents from the opposite Bluetooth device **200/100** via the Bluetooth module **150/250**. After contents have been transmitted or received, the controller **110/210** controls the display unit **130/230** or audio processing unit **140/240** to output a message or sound effect to inform the user that the process has been completed.

Although it is not shown in FIG. 2, the Bluetooth device **100/200** may selectively further include units having add-on functions as follows: an RF communication unit; a broadcast module for receiving and reproducing broadcasts; a camera module for photographing objects; an Internet communication module for performing communication via the Internet; etc. With the spread of digital convergence, although Bluetooth devices vary too greatly to list their modifications in this description, it will be easily appreciated by those skilled in the art that the other units equivalent to the above-listed units may be further included in the Bluetooth device of the invention.

FIG. 3 is a flowchart illustrating a Bluetooth communication method in a Bluetooth communication system, according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention.

Referring to FIG. 3, the first Bluetooth device **100** operates in a transmission mode, according to an input signal created in the input unit (not shown) or a touch signal that occurs on the touch screen at step **301**. Likewise, the second Bluetooth device **200** operates in a reception mode according to a signal created by the input unit or the touch screen at step **303**. The transmission mode and reception mode can be executed via menus included in the first **100** and second **200** Bluetooth devices, respectively. Alternatively, the transmission mode can be executed when the user selects contents to be transmitted and makes a preset motion so that the motion sensor **161** of the first Bluetooth device **100** can sense it. For

example, when the user selects contents to be transmitted and swings or tilts the first Bluetooth device **100** so that the motion sensor **161** can sense the swing or tilting motion, the first Bluetooth device **100** concludes that the user requested to transmit the selected contents, and can execute a transmission mode.

After executing the transmission mode, the first Bluetooth device **100** extracts authentication information, required to establish a Bluetooth communication connection, from the storage unit **120** at step **305**. The authentication information includes a password and the unique address (BD\_ADDR) of the Bluetooth module **150**.

The first Bluetooth device **100** transforms the extracted authentication information into an audio signal at step **307**, and broadcasts it via the speaker **142** of the audio processing unit **140** at step **309**. Although it is not shown in FIG. 3, the first Bluetooth device **100** can activate the speaker **142** and broadcast the audio signal when the proximity sensor **161** senses the approach of the second Bluetooth device **200**. This is to avoid wasting electric power that the first Bluetooth device **100** may consume by activating the speaker **142** and broadcasting the audio signal in a situation where the second Bluetooth device **200** in a reception mode cannot receive the audio signal. It is preferable that the first **100** and second **200** Bluetooth devices approach each other with the speaker **142** of the first Bluetooth device **100** facing the microphone **241** of the second Bluetooth device **200**. In addition, the first Bluetooth device **100** can mix the audio signal with a preset sound source signal or a user's selected sound source signal or apply a masking effect to the audio signal. This is done to prevent the audio signal, transformed from the authentication information, from giving the user displeasure. To this end, the first Bluetooth device **100** includes an authentication information transforming unit **111**.

Meanwhile, after executing the reception mode at step **303**, the second Bluetooth device **200** activates the microphone **241** at step **311**, and determines whether an audio signal with a particular pattern is received via the microphone **241** at step **313**. When the second Bluetooth device **200** ascertains that an audio signal with a particular pattern is not received via the microphone **241** at step **313**, it reverts to step **311** and again activates the microphone **241**. On the contrary, when the second Bluetooth device **200** ascertains that an audio signal with a particular pattern is received via the microphone **241** at step **313**, it extracts authentication information from the received audio signal at step **315**. To this end, the second Bluetooth device **200** includes an authentication information restoring unit **212**.

After that, the second Bluetooth device **200** transmits a Bluetooth communication connection request signal to the first Bluetooth device **100** via the Bluetooth module **250** using the extracted authentication information at step **317**. The first Bluetooth device **100** receives the request signal and transmits the response signal to the second Bluetooth device **200** at step **319**. The second Bluetooth device **200** receives the response signal, and establishes a Bluetooth communication channel with the first Bluetooth device **100** at step **321**. The first Bluetooth device **100** transmits contents, requested for transmission by the second Bluetooth device user, to the second Bluetooth device **200** via the Bluetooth module **150** at step **323**.

FIG. 4 is a flowchart illustrating a Bluetooth communication method in a first Bluetooth device operating in a transmission mode, according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention.

Referring to FIG. 4, the controller **110** of the first Bluetooth device **100** executes a transmission mode, according to an

input signal created in the input unit (not shown) or a touch signal that occurs on the touch screen at step 401. In the transmission mode, the first Bluetooth device 100 can transmit contents to the second Bluetooth device 200. The transmission mode can be executed via a menu. Alternatively, the transmission mode can also be executed when the user makes a preset motion so that the motion sensor 161 of the first Bluetooth device 100 can sense it. For example, when the user selects swings or tilts in a particular direction the first Bluetooth device 100 so that the motion sensor 161 can sense the swing or tilting motion, the first Bluetooth device 100 can execute a transmission mode. On the other hand, the user selects contents to be transmitted and operates a transmission mode. Alternatively, the user operates a transmission mode via the menu included in the first Bluetooth device 100 and selects contents to be transmitted.

When the first Bluetooth device 100 operates in a transmission mode, the controller 110 extracts authentication information, required to establish a Bluetooth communication connection, from the storage unit 120 at step 403. The authentication information includes a unique address of a Bluetooth module. When the first Bluetooth device 100 is set with a password to establish a Bluetooth communication connection, the authentication information may include the password. The controller 110 transforms the extracted authentication information into an audio signal at step 405. To this end, the controller 110 includes an authentication information transforming unit 111. For example, the authentication information transforming unit 111 transforms the extracted authentication information into an audio signal with a particular pattern (e.g., an audio signal with 8 kHz of frequency) according to a preset transformation. Although it is not shown in FIG. 4, the authentication information transforming unit 111 may mix the transformed audio signal with a preset sound source signal or apply a masking effect to the transformed audio signal. This is done to prevent the audio signal, transformed from the authentication information according to a preset transformation, from giving the user displeasure. Since the transformation, mixing method, and masking process of the authentication information into an audio signal are well known to the person skilled in the art, their detailed description will be omitted in the application.

After transforming the authentication information into an audio signal at step 405, the controller 110 broadcasts the transformed audio signal via the speaker 142 of the audio processing unit 140 at step 407. In an exemplary implementation, the controller 110 may broadcast an audio signal when it receives a signal indicating the approach of the second Bluetooth device 200 from the proximity sensor 162. This is to prevent the first Bluetooth device 100 from broadcasting an audio signal even in a situation where the second Bluetooth device 200 cannot receive the audio signal. For example, when the first 100 and second 200 Bluetooth devices are spaced relatively far apart or the second Bluetooth device 200 cannot receive an audio signal because a noise level is high, broadcasting an audio signal may cause a waste of electric power for the first Bluetooth device 100. It is preferable that the first 100 and second 200 Bluetooth devices approach each other, with the speaker 142 of the first Bluetooth device 100 facing the microphone 241 of the second Bluetooth device 200, so that the second Bluetooth device 200 can receive a high level of audio signal, i.e., an audio signal with a higher Signal-to-Noise Ratio (SNR).

The controller 110 activates the Bluetooth module 150 and determines if a Bluetooth communication connection request signal is received from the second Bluetooth device 200 at step 409. When the controller 110 does not receive a Blue-

tooth communication connection request signal from the second Bluetooth device 200 at step 409, it returns to step 407 and broadcasts the transformed audio signal. Alternatively, although it is not shown in FIG. 4, when the controller 110 does not receive a Bluetooth communication connection request signal within a certain period of time, it displays, on the display unit 130, a message stating the failure in establishing a Bluetooth communication connection or outputs a preset sound effect via the speaker 142. On the contrary, when the controller 110 receives a Bluetooth communication connection request signal from the second Bluetooth device 200 at step 409, it transmits the response signal to the second Bluetooth device 200 via the Bluetooth module 150 at step 411, and establishes a Bluetooth communication channel therewith at step 413. Alternatively, although it is not shown in FIG. 4, when the controller 110 receives the Bluetooth communication connection request signal, it stops broadcasting the audio signal via the speaker 142.

When the Bluetooth communication channel has been established at step 413, the controller 110 transmits contents requested for transmission to the second Bluetooth device 200 via the Bluetooth module 150 at step 415. The controller 110 determines whether all contents have been transmitted at step 417. When the controller 110 ascertains that all contents have not been transmitted at step 417, it returns to step 415 and transmits contents to the second Bluetooth device 200. On the contrary, when the controller 110 ascertains that all contents have been transmitted at step 417, it terminates the Bluetooth communication connection at step 419. In that case, the controller 110 may display, on the display unit 130, a message stating that all contents have been transmitted or may output a sound effect via the speaker 142. Alternatively, when some contents have been transmitted, the controller 110 may display, on the display unit 130, a pop-up message asking whether the user desires to terminate the Bluetooth communication connection with the second Bluetooth device 200. When there are no contents to be transmitted, the user can select to terminate the Bluetooth communication connection. On the contrary, when there are contents to be transmitted, the user can select to retain the Bluetooth communication connection.

FIG. 5 is a flowchart illustrating a Bluetooth communication method in a second Bluetooth device operating in a reception mode, according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention.

Referring to FIG. 5, the controller 210 of the second Bluetooth device 200 executes a reception mode at step 501. After that, the controller 210 activates the microphone 241 of the audio processing unit 240 at step 503, and determines if an audio signal with a particular pattern is received via the microphone 241 at step 505.

When the second Bluetooth device 200 does not receive an audio signal at step 505, the controller 210 returns to step 503 and again activates the microphone 241. On the contrary, when the second Bluetooth device 200 receives an audio signal at step 505, the controller 210 extracts authentication information, required to perform Bluetooth communication with the first Bluetooth device 100, from the received audio signal at step 507. To this end, the controller 210 includes an authentication information restoring unit 112.

When the authentication information has been extracted at step 507, the controller 210 transmits a Bluetooth communication connection request signal to the first Bluetooth device 100 using the extracted authentication information at step 509, and determines if a response signal is received from the first Bluetooth device 100 at step 511. When the second Bluetooth device 200 does not receive the response signal at

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step 511, the controller 210 returns to step 509. Alternatively, when the controller 210 does not receive the response signal within a certain period of time (e.g., 15 seconds), it displays, on the display unit 230, a message stating the failure in establishing a Bluetooth communication connection or outputs a preset sound effect indicating the failure in establishing a Bluetooth communication connection via the speaker 142. On the contrary, when the controller 210 receives the response signal, it establishes a Bluetooth communication channel with the first Bluetooth device 100 at step 513. When the Bluetooth communication channel has been established at step 513, the controller 210 receives contents transmitted from the first Bluetooth device 100 via the Bluetooth module 250 at step 515.

As described above, the Bluetooth communication method and system according to exemplary embodiments of the invention enables Bluetooth devices to rapidly connect to each other via Bluetooth communication, using an audio signal. Users can easily transmit contents from one Bluetooth device to another. In addition, the system and method does not require conventional processes, such as searching for a number of Bluetooth devices and asking users for selecting one of the searched Bluetooth devices, in order to establish a Bluetooth communication connection, thereby enhancing use convenience.

While the invention has been shown and described with reference to certain exemplary embodiments thereof, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes in form and details may be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as defined by the appended claims and their equivalents.

What is claimed is:

1. An apparatus comprising: a speaker; and a controller operatively coupled with the speaker, the controller configured to: generate a signal for requesting mode to transmit contents when a preset motion of the apparatus is detected, extract authentication information required to connect other devices, transform the extracted authentication information into an audio signal, and output the audio signal via the speaker.
2. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the controller is configured to: identify at least one of a swing motion and a tilting motion in a specific direction, via a motion sensor operatively coupled with the apparatus.
3. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the controller is configured to mix the audio signal with another audio signal.
4. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the controller is configured to: receive a communication connection request signal from an external apparatus, via a short-range wireless communication module operatively coupled with the controller; and transmit a response signal corresponding to the communication connection request signal, to the external apparatus, via the short-range wireless communication module.

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5. The apparatus of claim 4, wherein the controller is configured to:

transmit, to the external apparatus, content selected by a user via the short-range wireless communication connection.

6. The method of claim 5, wherein the controller is configured to:

terminate the short-range wireless communication connection when all of the content is transmitted; and indicate, via one of a message and sound, that all of the content is transmitted.

7. A method comprising:

generating, at an apparatus, a signal for requesting mode to transmit contents when a preset motion of the apparatus is detected;

extracting authentication information required to connect other devices;

transforming the extracted authentication information into an audio signal; and

outputting, via the speaker, the audio signal.

8. The method of claim 7, further comprising:

identifying whether a preset motion of the apparatus is detected,

wherein the identifying comprises identifying at least one of a swing motion and a tilting motion in a specific direction, via a motion sensor operatively coupled with the apparatus.

9. The method of claim 7, wherein the outputting of the audio signal comprises mixing the audio signal with another audio signal.

10. The method of claim 7, further comprising:

stopping to output the authentication information via an audio processor based at least in part on a determination that a communication connection request signal of short-range wireless communication from an external electronic device is received within a specified time period.

11. The method of claim 10, further comprising:

transmitting, to the external electronic device, content selected by a user, via the short-range wireless communication connection.

12. The method of claim 11, wherein the transmitting comprises:

terminating the short-range wireless communication connection when all of the content is transmitted to the external electronic device; and

indicating, via a message or sound, that all of the content is transmitted to the external electronic device.

13. The method of claim 7, further comprising:

receiving a communication connection request signal from an external electronic device, via a short-range wireless communication module operatively coupled with the apparatus; and

transmitting a response signal corresponding to the communication connection request signal, to the external electronic device, via the short-range wireless communication module.

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