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**Hull, III et al.**

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(54) **KINASE INHIBITORS**

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**C07D 471/04** (2006.01)  
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(52) **U.S. Cl.**

CPC ..... **C07D 471/04** (2013.01); **C07D 487/04** (2013.01)

USPC ..... **546/113**; 514/234.5

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

None

See application file for complete search history.

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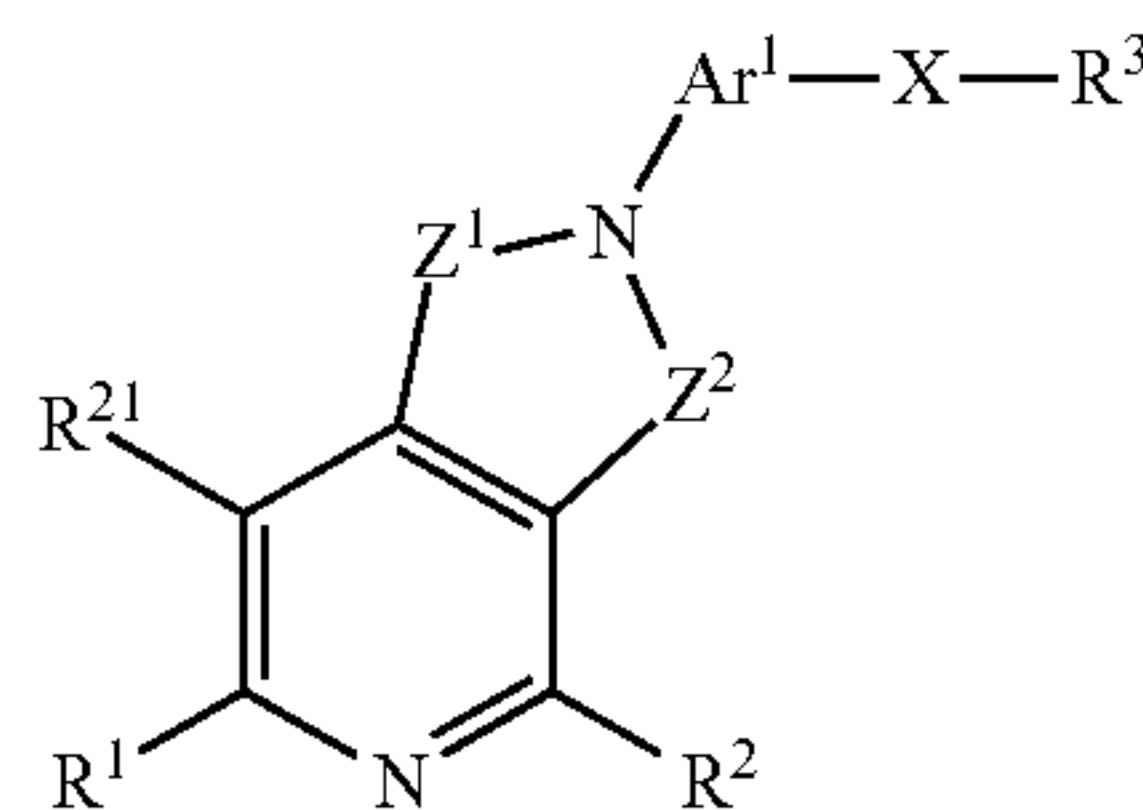
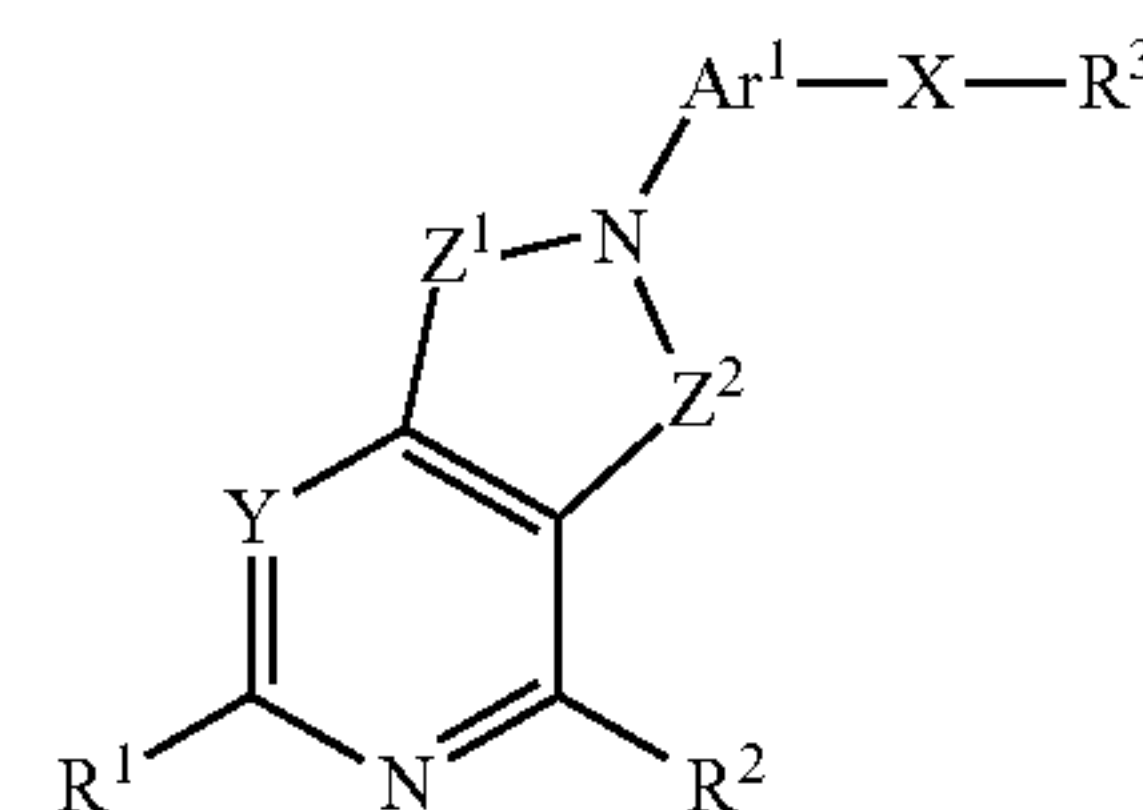
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

The present invention relates to compounds of formulae I and II



wherein the variables are as defined herein. These compounds are capable of modulating tyrosine kinase signal transduction in order to regulate, modulate and/or inhibit abnormal cell proliferation.

**22 Claims, No Drawings**



**1****KINASE INHIBITORS****CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS**

This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application Ser. No. 61/609,735, filed on Mar. 12, 2012, all of which is incorporated herein by reference herein in its entirety.

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION****1. Field of the Invention**

The present invention relates to novel compounds capable of modulating, regulating and/or inhibiting tyrosine kinase signal transduction. The present invention is also directed to methods of regulating, modulating or inhibiting tyrosine kinases, whether of the receptor or non-receptor class, for the prevention and/or treatment of disorders related to unregulated tyrosine kinase signal transduction, including cell growth, metabolic, and blood vessel proliferative disorders.

**2. Description of the Related Art**

Protein tyrosine kinases (PTKs) comprise a large and diverse class of proteins having enzymatic activity. The PTKs play an important role in the control of cell growth and differentiation.

For example, receptor tyrosine kinase mediated signal transduction is initiated by extracellular interaction with a specific growth factor (ligand), followed by receptor dimerization, transient stimulation of the intrinsic protein tyrosine kinase activity and phosphorylation. Binding sites are thereby created for intracellular signal transduction molecules and lead to the formation of complexes with a spectrum of cytoplasmic signaling molecules that facilitate the appropriate cellular response (e.g., cell division, metabolic homeostasis, and responses to the extracellular microenvironment).

With respect to receptor tyrosine kinases, it has been shown also that tyrosine phosphorylation sites function as high-affinity binding sites for SH2 (src homology) domains of signaling molecules. Several intracellular substrate proteins that associate with receptor tyrosine kinases (RTKs) have been identified. They may be divided into two principal groups: (1) substrates which have a catalytic domain; and (2) substrates which lack such domain but serve as adapters and associate with catalytically active molecules. The specificity of the interactions between receptors or proteins and SH2 domains of their substrates is determined by the amino acid residues immediately surrounding the phosphorylated tyrosine residue. Differences in the binding affinities between SH2 domains and the amino acid sequences surrounding the phosphotyrosine residues on particular receptors are consistent with the observed differences in their substrate phosphorylation profiles. These observations suggest that the function of each receptor tyrosine kinase is determined not only by its pattern of expression and ligand availability but also by the array of downstream signal transduction pathways that are activated by a particular receptor. Thus, phosphorylation provides an important regulatory step which determines the selectivity of signaling pathways recruited by specific growth factor receptors, as well as differentiation factor receptors.

Aberrant expression or mutations in the PTKs have been shown to lead to either uncontrolled cell proliferation (e.g. malignant tumor growth) or to defects in key developmental processes. Consequently, the biomedical community has expended significant resources to discover the specific biological role of members of the PTK family, their function in differentiation processes, their involvement in tumorigenesis

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and in other diseases, the biochemical mechanisms underlying their signal transduction pathways activated upon ligand stimulation and the development of novel drugs.

Tyrosine kinases can be of the receptor-type (having extracellular, transmembrane and intracellular domains) or the non-receptor type (being wholly intracellular).

The receptor-type tyrosine kinases (RTKs) comprise a large family of transmembrane receptors with diverse biological activities. The intrinsic function of RTKs is activated upon ligand binding, which results in phosphorylation of the receptor and multiple cellular substrates, and subsequently in a variety of cellular responses. The non-receptor tyrosine kinases represent a collection of cellular enzymes which lack extracellular and transmembrane sequences. A more detailed discussion of receptor and non-receptor tyrosine kinases is provided in Cowan-Jacob *Cell Mol. Life Sci.*, 2996, 63, 2608-2625 which is incorporated herein by reference.

There are a number of examples where RTK kinases, have been found to be involved in cellular signaling pathways leading to pathological conditions, including wet age-related macular degeneration (Ni et al. *Ophthalmologica* 2009 223 401-410; Chappelow et al. *Drugs* 2008 68 1029-1036), diabetic retinopathy (Zhang et al *Int. J. Biochem. Cell Biol.* 2009 41 2368-2371), cancer (Aora et al. *J. Path. Exp. Ther.* 2006, 315, 971), psoriasis (Heidenreich et al *Drug News Perspective* 2008 21 97-105) and hyper immune response. In ophthalmic diseases such as neovascular age-related macular degeneration and diabetic retinopathy aberrant activation of VEGF receptors can lead to abnormal blood vessel growth. The importance of VEGFR signaling in the neovascular age-related macular degeneration disease process is evident by the clinical success of multiple anti-VEGF targeting agents including Lucentis®, Avastin®, and EYLEA™ (Barakat et al., *Expert Opin. Investig. Drugs* 2009, 18, 637). Recently it has been suggested that inhibition of multiple RTK signaling pathways may provide a greater therapeutic effect than targeting a single RTK signaling pathway. For example in neovascular ocular disorders such as neovascular age-related macular degeneration and diabetic retinopathy the inhibition of both VEGFR and PDGFRβ may provide a greater therapeutic effect in by causing regression of existing neovascular blood vessels present in the disease (Adamis et al., *Am. J. Pathol.* 2006 168 2036-2053). In cancer inhibition of multiple RTK signaling pathways has been suggested to have a greater effect than inhibiting a single RTK pathway (DePinho et al., *Science* 2007 318 287-290; Bergers et al. *J. Clin Invest.* 2003 111 1287-1295).

The identification of effective small compounds which specifically inhibit signal transduction by modulating the activity of receptor and non-receptor tyrosine kinases to regulate and modulate abnormal or inappropriate cell proliferation is therefore desirable and one object of this invention.

WO2011/101806 discloses certain bicyclic compounds, comprising a pyrimidine and a pyridine ring, which are reported to be useful as dual c-SRC/JAKJ inhibitors.

These patents are hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety for the purpose of disclosing starting materials and methods for the preparation thereof, screens and assays to determine a claimed compound's ability to modulate, regulate and/or inhibit cell proliferation, indications which are treatable with said compounds, formulations and routes of administration, effective dosages, etc.

**BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

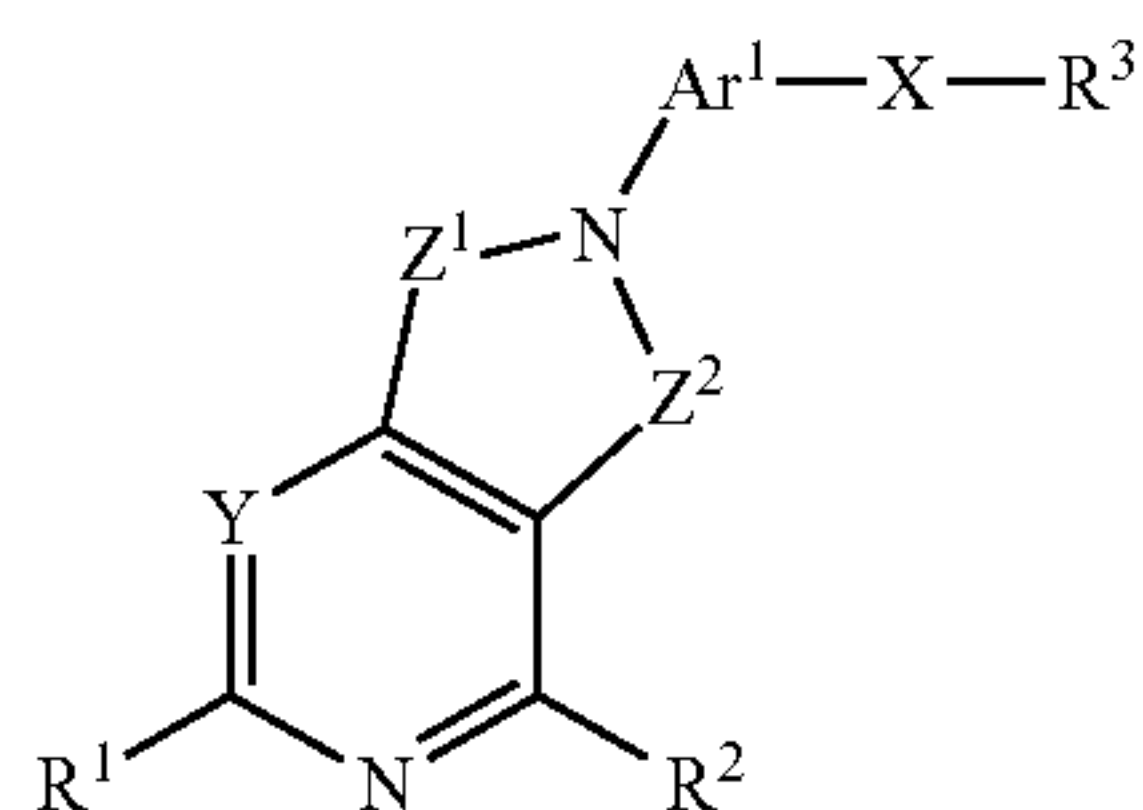
The present invention relates to organic molecules capable of modulating, regulating and/or inhibiting tyrosine kinase



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signal transduction by blocking the VEGF and/or PDGF receptors. Such compounds are useful for the treatment of diseases related to unregulated TKS transduction, including vascular proliferative disorders such as diabetic retinopathy, age-related macular degeneration and retinopathy of pre-maturity.

In one illustrative embodiment, the compounds of the present invention have the following general formula I:



wherein

X is —C(O)NR<sup>19</sup>— wherein R<sup>19</sup> is hydrogen or alkyl;  
R<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of H, NH<sub>2</sub>, SR<sup>20</sup>, and S(O)R<sup>20</sup>;

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen;

R<sup>3</sup> is hydrocarbyl or substituted hydrocarbyl having at least 5 carbon atoms and selected from the group consisting of carbocyclic alkyl, alkyl (straight or branched chain), and carbocyclic aryl;

each R<sup>20</sup> independently is H or alkyl;

Z<sup>1</sup> is (CR<sup>4</sup>R<sup>5</sup>)<sub>n</sub>;

Z<sup>2</sup> is (CR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>m</sub>;

Y is N;

n is 2;

m is 1;

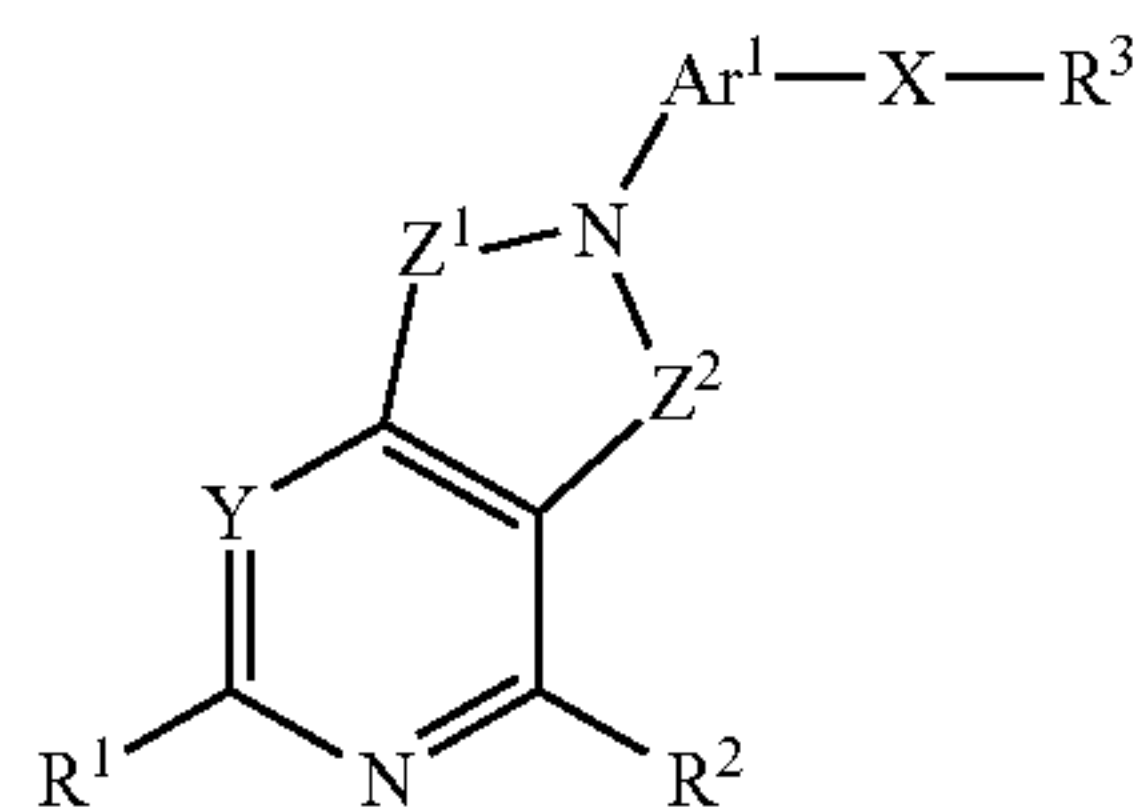
Ar<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, pyridyl,

benzopyridyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, and oxazolyl; and

each R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are independently hydrogen;

or a prodrug, pharmaceutically acceptable salt, racemic mixtures and enantiomers of said compound.

In another embodiment, the compounds of the present invention have the following general formula IA:



wherein

X is —C(O)NR<sup>19</sup>—;

wherein R<sup>19</sup> is hydrogen or alkyl;

provided however when R<sup>19</sup> is hydrogen, R<sup>3</sup> is hydrocarbyl or substituted hydrocarbyl having at least 5 carbon atoms and selected from the group consisting of carbocyclic alkyl, branched chain alkyl and carbocyclic aryl and when R<sup>19</sup> is alkyl, R<sup>3</sup> is alkyl;

R<sup>1</sup> is NH<sub>2</sub>,

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen,

Z<sup>1</sup> is (CR<sup>4</sup>R<sup>5</sup>)<sub>n</sub>,

Z<sup>2</sup> is (CR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>m</sub>,

Y is N,

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n is 2,

m is 1,

Ar<sup>1</sup> is phenyl,

R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are hydrogen and

5 prodrugs, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, racemic mixtures and enantiomers of said compound.

In one embodiment, in formula I, R<sup>1</sup> is NH<sub>2</sub>, Ar<sup>1</sup> is phenyl, and R<sup>19</sup> is H.

10 In another embodiment, in formula I, R<sup>1</sup> is NH<sub>2</sub>, Ar<sup>1</sup> is phenyl, R<sup>19</sup> is H, and R<sup>3</sup> is carbocyclic aryl.

15 In another embodiment, in formula I, R<sup>1</sup> is NH<sub>2</sub>, Ar<sup>1</sup> is phenyl, R<sup>19</sup> is H, and R<sup>3</sup> is carbocyclic aryl, wherein said carbocyclic aryl is phenyl, which is optionally substituted with at least one group selected from the group consisting of straight or branched chain alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, and —O-heterocyclyl.

20 In another embodiment, in formula I, R<sup>3</sup> is phenyl, which is optionally substituted with at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of isopropyl, methyl, t-butyl, fluoro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, ethyl, n-propyl, and 1-methylpiperidin-4-yloxy.

In another embodiment, in formula I, R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl and cycloalkyl.

25 In another embodiment, in formula I, R<sup>3</sup> is alkyl which is optionally substituted with a cycloalkyl.

In another embodiment, in formula I, R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of n-butyl, and —CH<sub>2</sub>-cyclohexyl, and —(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>.

30 In another embodiment, in formula I, R<sup>3</sup> is cycloalkyl, and is selected from the group consisting of cyclohexyl and cyclopentyl, each of which is optionally substituted with an alkyl.

35 In another embodiment, in formula I, R<sup>1</sup> is NH<sub>2</sub>, Ar<sup>1</sup> is phenyl, and R<sup>19</sup> is alkyl.

In another embodiment, in formula I, R<sup>1</sup> is NH<sub>2</sub>, Ar<sup>1</sup> is phenyl, R<sup>19</sup> is alkyl, and R<sup>3</sup> is alkyl.

40 In another embodiment, in formula I, R<sup>1</sup> is NH<sub>2</sub>, Ar<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of pyridyl, benzopyridyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, and oxazolyl, each of which is optionally substituted with an alkyl; R<sup>19</sup> is H, and R<sup>3</sup> is carbocyclic aryl, which is phenyl.

45 In another embodiment, in formula I, R<sup>1</sup> is NH<sub>2</sub>, Ar<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of pyridyl, benzopyridyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, and oxazolyl, each of which is optionally substituted with an alkyl; R<sup>19</sup> is H, and R<sup>3</sup> is carbocyclic aryl, which is phenyl that is optionally substituted with at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of alkyl, and haloalkyl.

50 In another embodiment, in formula I, R<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of SR<sup>20</sup> and S(O)R<sup>20</sup>, Ar<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of carbocyclic aryl and pyridyl, each is which is optionally substituted with an alkyl; R<sup>19</sup> is H; R<sup>3</sup> is carbocyclic aryl, which is phenyl which is optionally substituted with at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of alkyl and haloalkyl; and each R<sup>20</sup> is independently alkyl.

In another embodiment, the compound of formula I is selected from the group consisting of:

60 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-phenylbenzamide;

3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)benzamide;

65 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-methylphenyl)benzamide;

3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-tert-butylphenyl)benzamide;



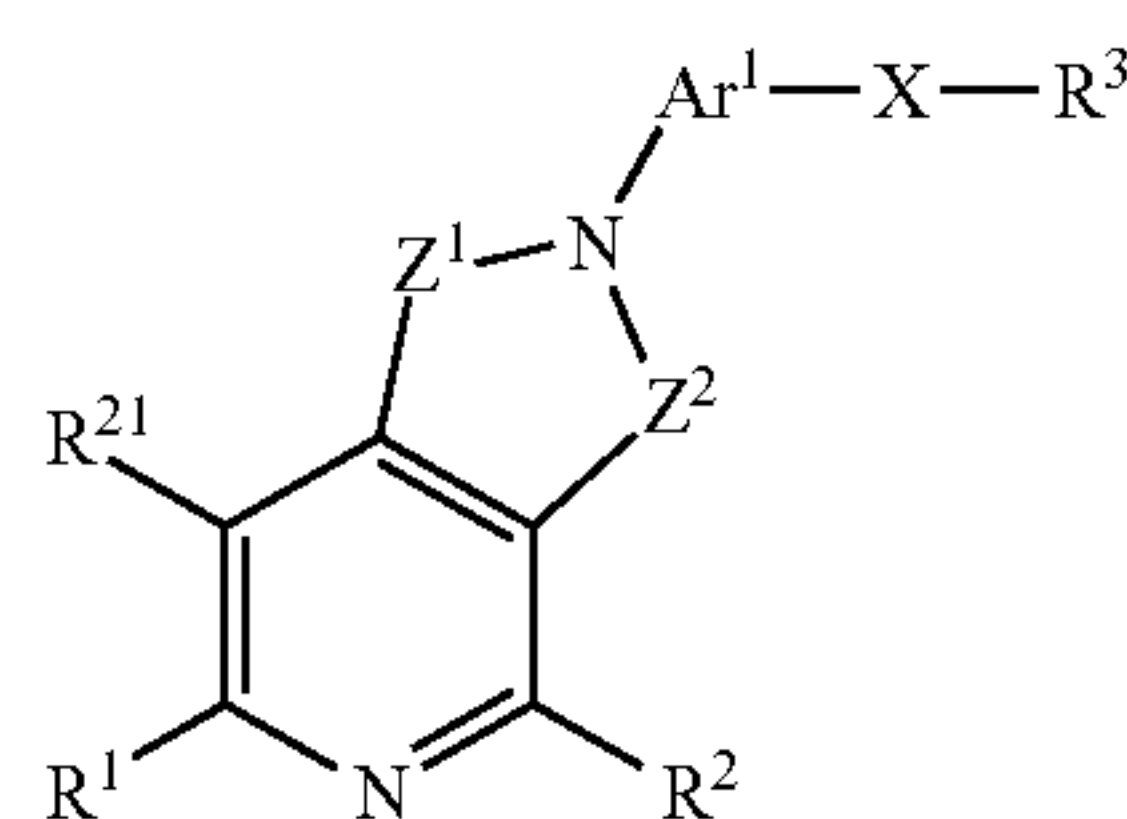
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3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide;  
 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-methylphenyl)benzamide;  
 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-methoxyphenyl)benzamide;  
 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-ethylphenyl)benzamide;  
 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-ethylphenyl)benzamide;  
 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-propylphenyl)benzamide;  
 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-{4-[(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)oxy]phenyl}benzamide;  
 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)benzamide;  
 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-tert-butylcyclohexyl)benzamide;  
 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(cyclohexylmethyl)benzamide;  
 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3,3-dimethylbutyl)benzamide;  
 3-[2-(methylthio)-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide;  
 N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-3-[2-(methylthio)-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]benzamide;  
 3-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide;  
 4-methyl-3-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide;  
 4-methyl-3-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide;  
 N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methyl-3-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]benzamide;  
 4-methyl-3-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)benzamide;  
 N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methyl-3-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzamide;  
 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-4-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide;  
 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-5-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide;  
 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methylbenzamide;  
 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-5-methylbenzamide;  
 3-(7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide;  
 3-(7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-4-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide;  
 3-(7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-5-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide;  
 3-(7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methylbenzamide;  
 3-(7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-5-methylbenzamide;  
 5-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]nicotinamide;  
 5-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)nicotinamide; and  
 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-benzylbenzamide; or a prodrug, pharmaceutically acceptable salt, racemic mixtures and enantiomers thereof.

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In another embodiment, the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one compound of formula I or a prodrug, pharmaceutically acceptable salt, racemic mixtures and enantiomers thereof, and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a compound of formula II



wherein:  
 X is selected from the group consisting of  $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{19}-$ ,  $-\text{N}(\text{R}^{19})-\text{C}(\text{O})-$ , and  $-\text{N}(\text{R}^{19})-\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{N}(\text{R}^{19})-$ ; wherein:  
 each  $\text{R}^{19}$  independently is hydrogen or alkyl;  
 $\text{R}^1$  is H or  $\text{NH}_2$ ;  
 $\text{R}^2$  is H or  $\text{NH}_2$ ;  
 $\text{R}^3$  is phenyl which is optionally substituted;  
 $\text{Z}^1$  is  $(\text{CR}^4\text{R}^5)_n$ ;  
 $\text{Z}^2$  is  $(\text{CR}^6\text{R}^7)_m$ ;  
 $n$  is 2;  
 $m$  is 1;  
 $\text{R}^4$ ,  $\text{R}^5$ ,  $\text{R}^6$ , and  $\text{R}^7$  are independently H;  
 $\text{Ar}^1$  is phenyl which is optionally substituted;  
 $\text{R}^{21}$  is selected from the group consisting of: H,  $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{OR}$ , and  $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{N}(\text{R}^{20})(\text{CR}^8\text{R}^9)_p\text{R}^{10}$ ;  
 $\text{R}$  is H or alkyl;  
 each  $\text{R}^8$  and  $\text{R}^9$  are independently H or alkyl;  
 $\text{R}^{20}$  is H or alkyl;  
 $p$  is 1, 2, 3, or 4; and  
 $\text{R}^{10}$  is selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, heterocyclyl, and  $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{OR}$ ; or a prodrug, pharmaceutically acceptable salt, racemic mixtures and enantiomers thereof.  
 In another embodiment, in formula II,  
 $\text{X}$  is  $-\text{N}(\text{R}^{19})-\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{N}(\text{R}^{19})-$ ;  
 $\text{R}^{19}$  is H;  
 $\text{R}^3$  is phenyl which is optionally substituted with an alkyl;  
 $\text{Ar}^1$  is phenyl which is optionally substituted with an alkyl;  
 $\text{R}^3$  is phenyl which is optionally substituted with at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of alkyl; and  
 $\text{R}^{21}$  is H.  
 In another embodiment, in formula II,  $\text{X}$  is  $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{19}-$  wherein  $\text{R}^{19}$  is H;  
 $\text{R}^3$  is phenyl which is optionally substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of alkyl and haloalkyl;  
 $\text{Ar}^1$  is unsubstituted phenyl;  
 $\text{R}^{21}$  is selected from the group consisting of H,  $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{OR}$ , and  $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{N}(\text{R}^{20})(\text{CR}^8\text{R}^9)_p\text{R}^{10}$ ;  
 $\text{R}$  is H or alkyl;  
 each  $\text{R}^8$  and  $\text{R}^9$  are independently H;  
 $\text{R}^{20}$  is H;  
 $p$  is 1, 2, or 3; and  
 $\text{R}^{10}$  is selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, heterocyclyl, and  $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{OR}$ .  
 In another embodiment, in formula II, the  $\text{R}^{10}$  heterocyclyl is N-morpholinyl or N-pyrrolidinyl.  
 In another embodiment, in formula II,  $\text{R}^{21}$  is  $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{OR}$ , which is selected from the group consisting of  $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{OH}$



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and  $-C(=O)OCH_3$ ; and said  $-C(=O)N(R^{20})(CR^8 R^9)_p R^{10}$  is selected from the group consisting of:  $-C(=O)NH(CH_2)_3-(N\text{-morpholinyl})$ ,  $-C(=O)NH(CH_2)_3-OH$ ,  $-C(=O)NHCH_2C(=O)OCH_3$ , and  $-C(=O)NH(CH_2)_3-(N\text{-pyrrolidinyl})$ .

In another embodiment, the compound of formula II is selected from the group consisting of:

1-[4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)-3-methylphenyl]-3-(3-methylphenyl)urea;

1-[4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)-2-methylphenyl]-3-(3-methylphenyl)urea;

3-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)benzamide;

methyl 7-(3-{{(3-isopropylphenyl)amino}carbonyl}phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxylate;

7-(3-{{(3-isopropylphenyl)amino}carbonyl}phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxylic acid;

methyl 7-[3-{{(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)amino}carbonyl}phenyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxylate;

7-(3-{{(3-isopropylphenyl)amino}carbonyl}phenyl)-N-(3-morpholin-4-ylpropyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxamide;

N-(3-hydroxypropyl)-7-(3-{{(3-isopropylphenyl)amino}carbonyl}phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxamide; and

methyl({[7-(3-{{(3-isopropylphenyl)amino}carbonyl}phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridin-4-yl]carbonyl}amino)acetate;

7-(3-{{(3-isopropylphenyl)amino}carbonyl}phenyl)-N-(3-pyrrolidin-1-ylpropyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxamide; or a prodrug, pharmaceutically acceptable salt, racemic mixtures and enantiomers thereof.

In another embodiment, the present invention also provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one compound of formula II or a prodrug, pharmaceutically acceptable salt, racemic mixtures and enantiomers thereof, and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

In another embodiment, the compound of formula I or II has an  $IC_{50}$  value for compound inhibition in the VEGFR2 Kinase Assay of less than 1000 nM.

In another embodiment, the compound of formula I or II has an  $IC_{50}$  value for compound inhibition in the PDGFR $\beta$  Kinase Assay of less than 1000 nM.

In another embodiment, the compound of formula I or II has an  $IC_{50}$  value for compound inhibition in the VEGFR2 Kinase Assay and in the PDGFR $\beta$  Kinase Assay of less than 1000 nM.

Compounds of formula I and II are useful as kinase inhibitors. As such, these compounds will be useful for treating diseases related to unregulated tyrosine kinase signal transduction, for example, cancer, blood vessel proliferative disorders, fibrotic disorders, and neurodegenerative diseases. In particular, the compounds of the present invention are useful for treatment of mesangial cell proliferative disorders and metabolic diseases, pterygium, arthritis, restenosis, hepatic cirrhosis, atherosclerosis, psoriasis, rosacea, diabetes mellitus, wound healing, inflammation and neurodegenerative diseases and preferably ophthalmic diseases, i.e. diabetic retinopathy, age-related macular degeneration, retinopathy of prematurity, etc.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is further directed to pharmaceutical compositions comprising a pharmaceutically effective amount of one or more of the above-described compounds

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and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient, wherein said compositions are effective for treating the above diseases and conditions; especially ophthalmic diseases and conditions. Such a composition is believed to modulate signal transduction by a tyrosine kinase, either by inhibition of catalytic activity, affinity to ATP or ability to interact with a substrate.

More particularly, the compositions of the present invention may be included in methods for treating diseases comprising proliferation, fibrotic or metabolic disorders, for example cancer, fibrosis, psoriasis, atherosclerosis, arthritis, and other disorders related to abnormal vasculogenesis and/or angiogenesis, such as diabetic retinopathy

The following defined terms are used throughout this specification:

“Ac” refers to acetyl

“COMU” refers to (1-Cyano-2-ethoxy-2-oxoethylideneaminoxy)dimethylamino-morpholino-carbenium hexafluorophosphate

“DMA” refers to dimethylacetamide

“DMF” refers to dimethylformamide.

“Et” refers to ethyl.

“EtOH” refers to ethanol

“HBTU” refers to O-Benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-uronium-hexafluorophosphate

“iPr” refers to i-propyl.

“Me” refers to methyl.

“MeOH” refers to methanol

“PDGF” refers to platelet derived growth factor

“PDGFR $\beta$ ” refers to platelet derived growth factor receptor beta

“Ph” refers to phenyl

“PTKs” refers to protein tyrosine kinase

“RTKs” refers to receptor tyrosine kinase

“tBu” refers to t-butyl.

“TFA” refers to trifluoroacetic acid

“THF” refers to tetrahydrofuran

“VEGF” refers to vascular endothelial growth factor

“VEGFR” refers to vascular endothelial growth factor receptor

“Hydrocarbyl” refers to a hydrocarbon radical having only carbon and hydrogen atoms.

Preferably, the hydrocarbyl radical has from 1 to 20 carbon atoms, more preferably from 1 to 12 carbon atoms and most preferably from 1 to 7 carbon atoms.

“Substituted hydrocarbyl” refers to a hydrocarbyl radical wherein one or more, but not all, of the hydrogen and/or the carbon atoms are replaced by a halogen, nitrogen, oxygen, sulfur or phosphorus atom or a radical including a halo, nitrogen, oxygen, sulfur or phosphorus atom, e.g. fluoro, chloro, cyano, nitro, dialkylamino, hydroxyl, phosphate, thiol, etc.

“Pharmaceutically acceptable salt” refers to those salts which retain the biological effectiveness and properties of the free bases and which are obtained by reaction with inorganic acids such as hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, phosphoric acid, methanesulfonic acid, ethanesulfonic acid, p-toluenesulfonic acid, salicylic acid and the like. Pharmaceutically acceptable salts may also refer to those salts which retain the biological effectiveness and properties of the free acid and which are obtained by reaction with inorganic bases such as sodium hydroxide, calcium hydroxide, magnesium hydroxide, zinc hydroxide or by organic bases such as tromethamine, choline, diethylamine and lysine and the like.

“Alkyl” refers to a straight-chain, branched or cyclic saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon. Preferably, the alkyl group has 1



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to 12 carbons. More preferably, it is a lower alkyl of from 1 to 7 carbons, most preferably 1 to 4 carbons. Typical alkyl groups include methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, tertiary butyl, pentyl, hexyl and the like. The alkyl group may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents are selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, cyano, alkoxy, =O, =S, NO<sub>2</sub>, halogen, dimethylamino, and SH.

“Alkoxy” refers to O-alkyl.

“Alkoxy carbonyl” refers to —C(O)O-alkyl or —C(O)O-aryl.

“Heterocyclyl” refers to a non-aromatic saturated monocyclic or multicyclic ring system comprising about 3 to about 10 ring atoms, preferably about 5 to about 10 ring atoms, in which one or more of the atoms in the ring system is an element other than carbon, for example nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur, alone or in combination. There are no adjacent oxygen and/or sulfur atoms present in the ring system. Preferred heterocyclyls contain about 5 to about 6 ring atoms. The prefix aza, oxa or thia before the heterocyclyl root name means that at least a nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur atom respectively is present as a ring atom. Any —NH in a heterocyclyl ring may exist protected such as, for example, as an —N(Boc), —N(CBz), —N(Tos) group and the like; such protections are also considered part of this invention. The nitrogen or sulfur atom of the heterocyclyl can be optionally oxidized to the corresponding N-oxide, S-oxide or S,S-dioxide. Non-limiting examples of suitable monocyclic heterocyclyl rings include piperidyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, thiomorpholinyl, thiazolidinyl, 1,4-dioxanyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydrothiophenyl, lactam, lactone, and the like.

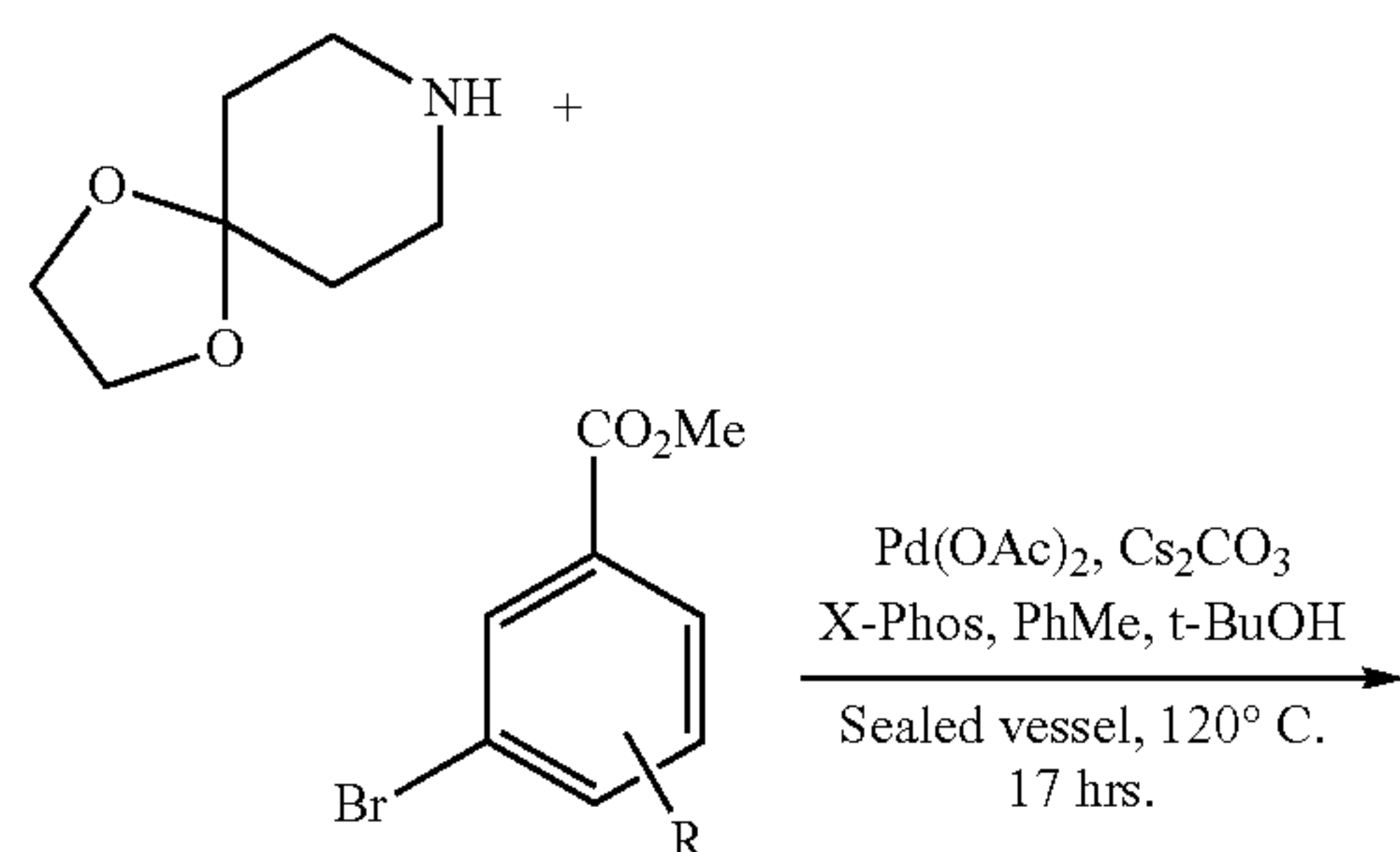
“Aryl” refers to an aromatic group which has at least one ring having a conjugated pi electron system and includes carbocyclic aryl, heterocyclic aryl and biaryl groups. The aryl group may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, trihalomethyl, hydroxyl, SH, OH, NO<sub>2</sub>, amine, thioether, cyano, alkoxy, alkyl, and amino

“Carbocyclic aryl” refers to an aryl group wherein the ring atoms are carbon.

“Heteroaryl” or “heterocyclic aryl” refers to an aryl group having from 1 to 3 heteroatoms as ring atoms, the remainder of the ring atoms being carbon. Heteroatoms include oxygen, sulfur, and nitrogen. Thus, heteroaryl groups include furanyl, thienyl, pyridyl, pyrrolyl, N-lower alkyl pyrrolo, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl, imidazolyl and the like.

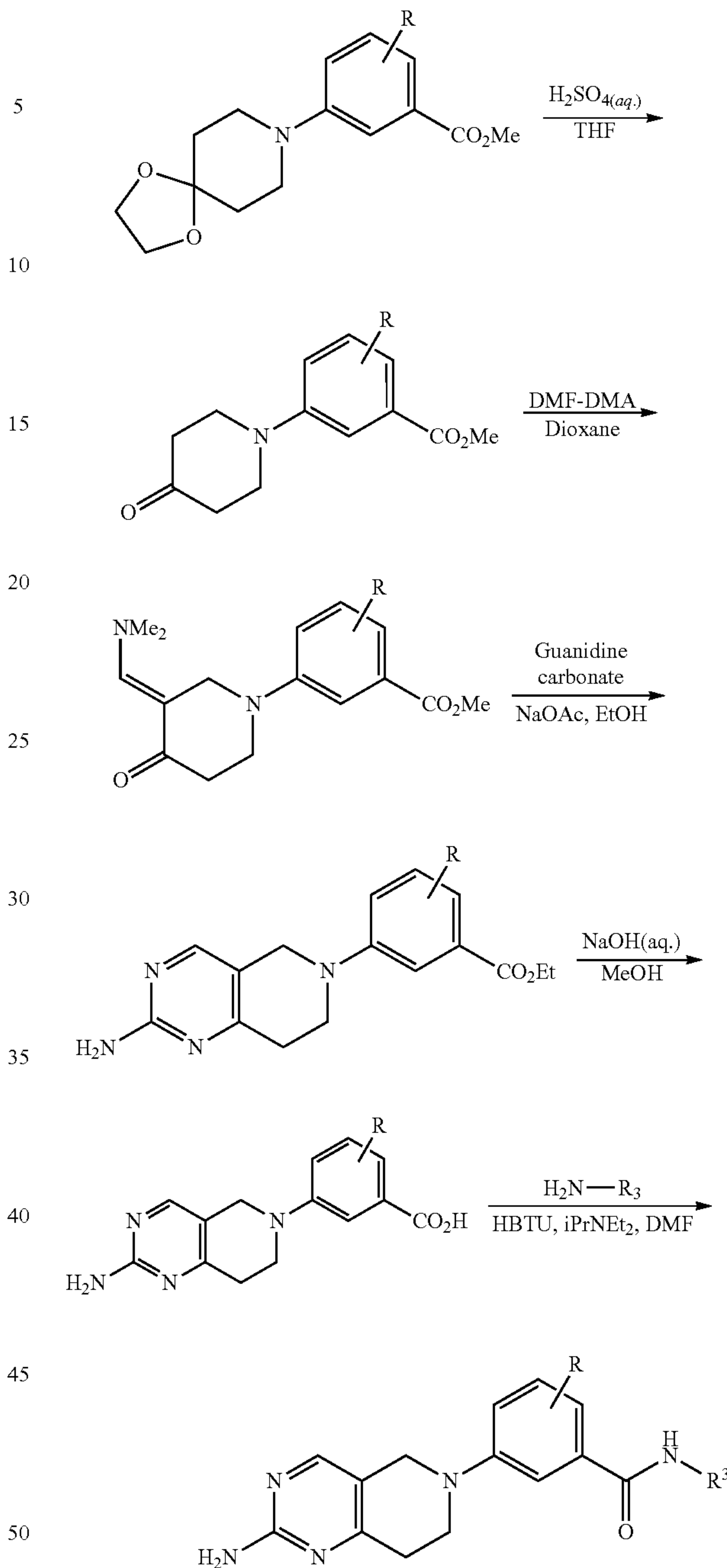
The compounds of this invention may be prepared by the general reaction schemes set forth below.

Scheme 1

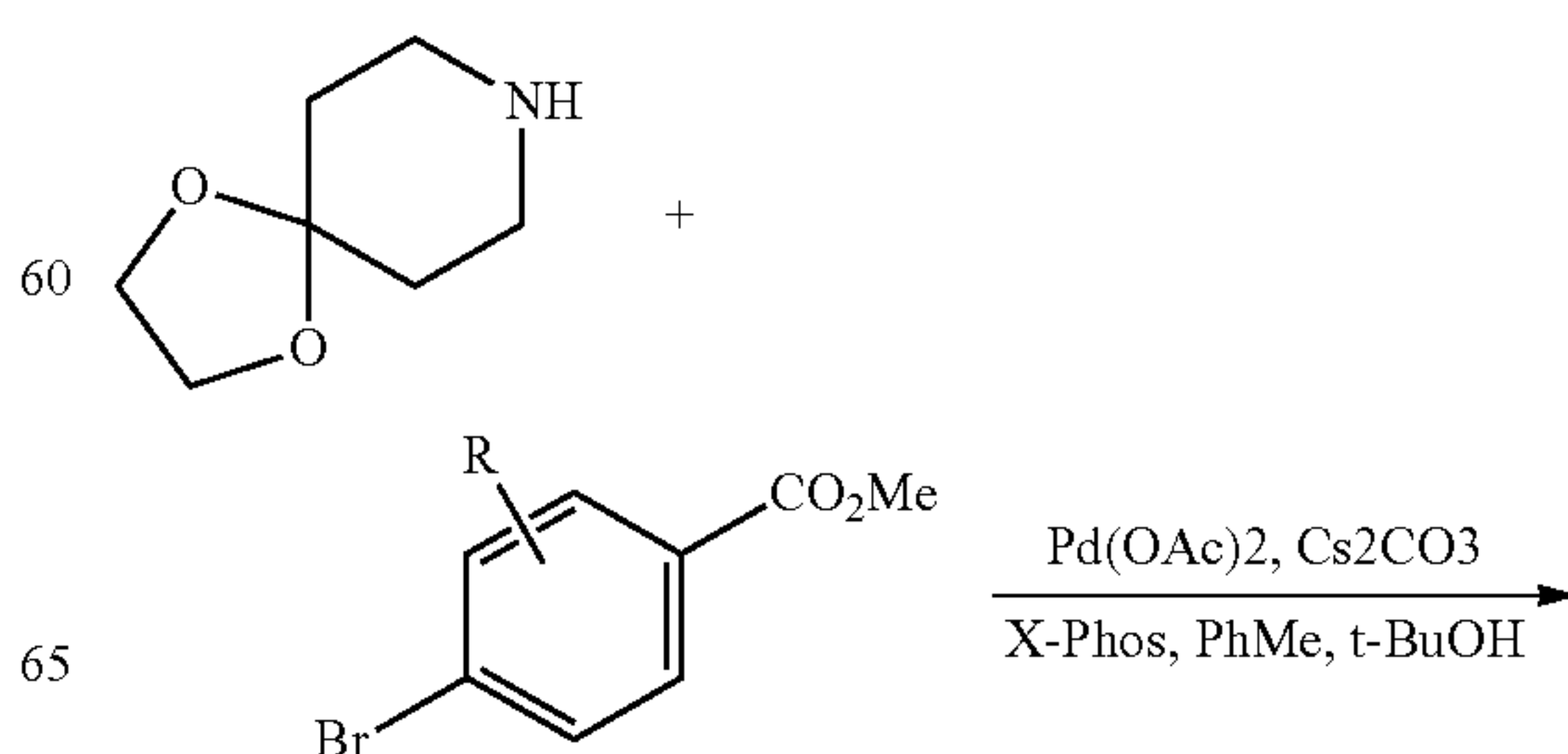


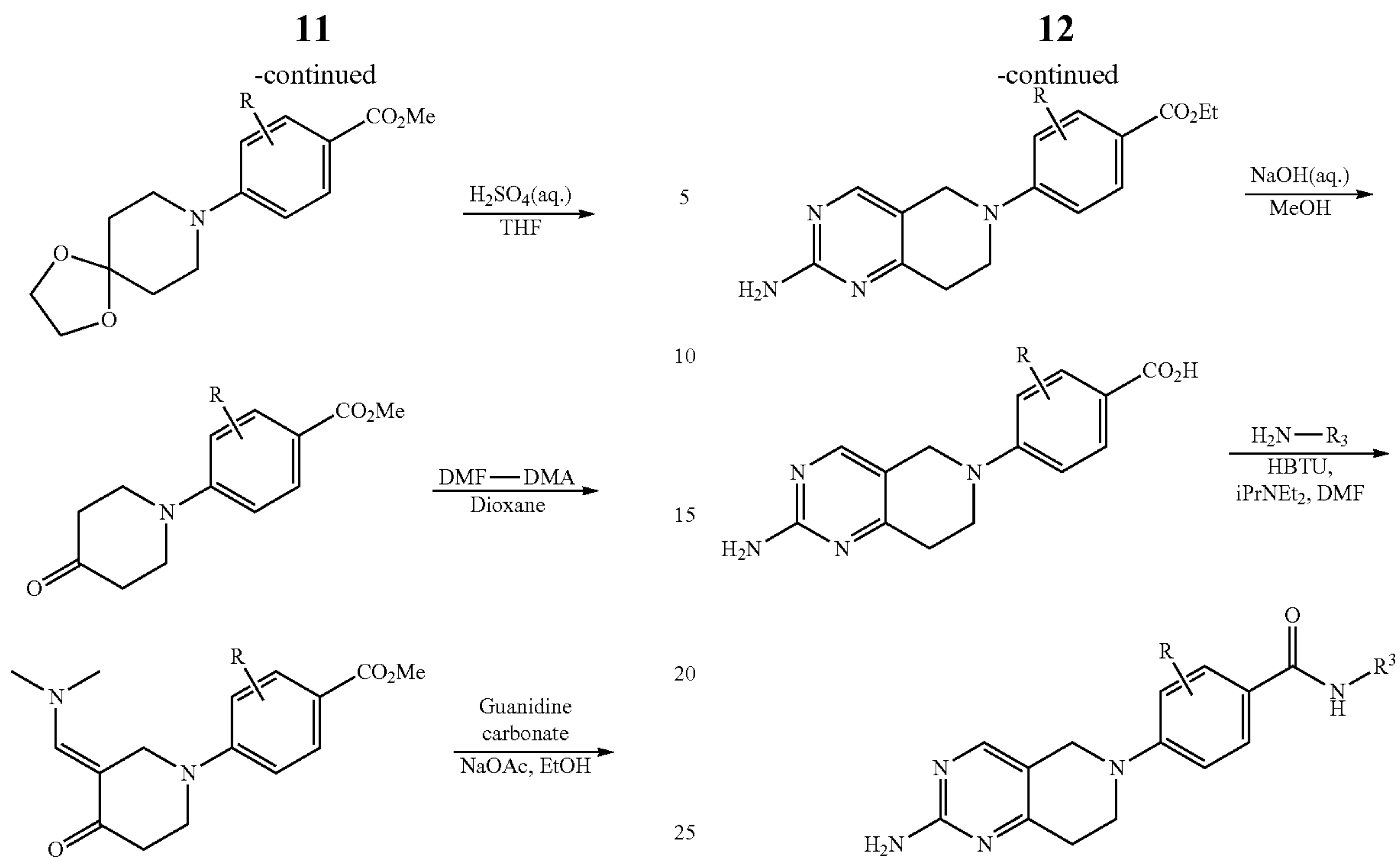
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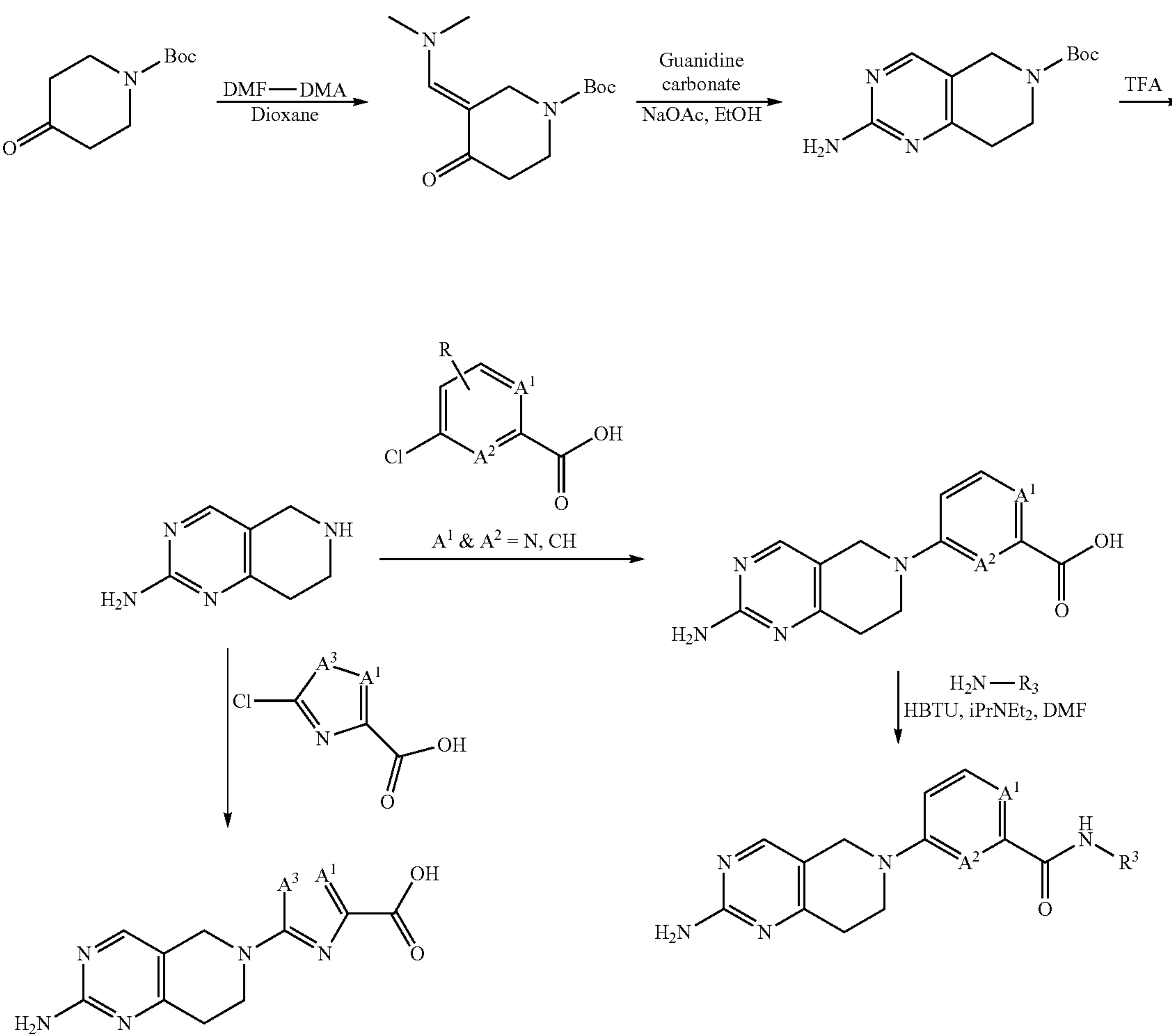


Scheme 2

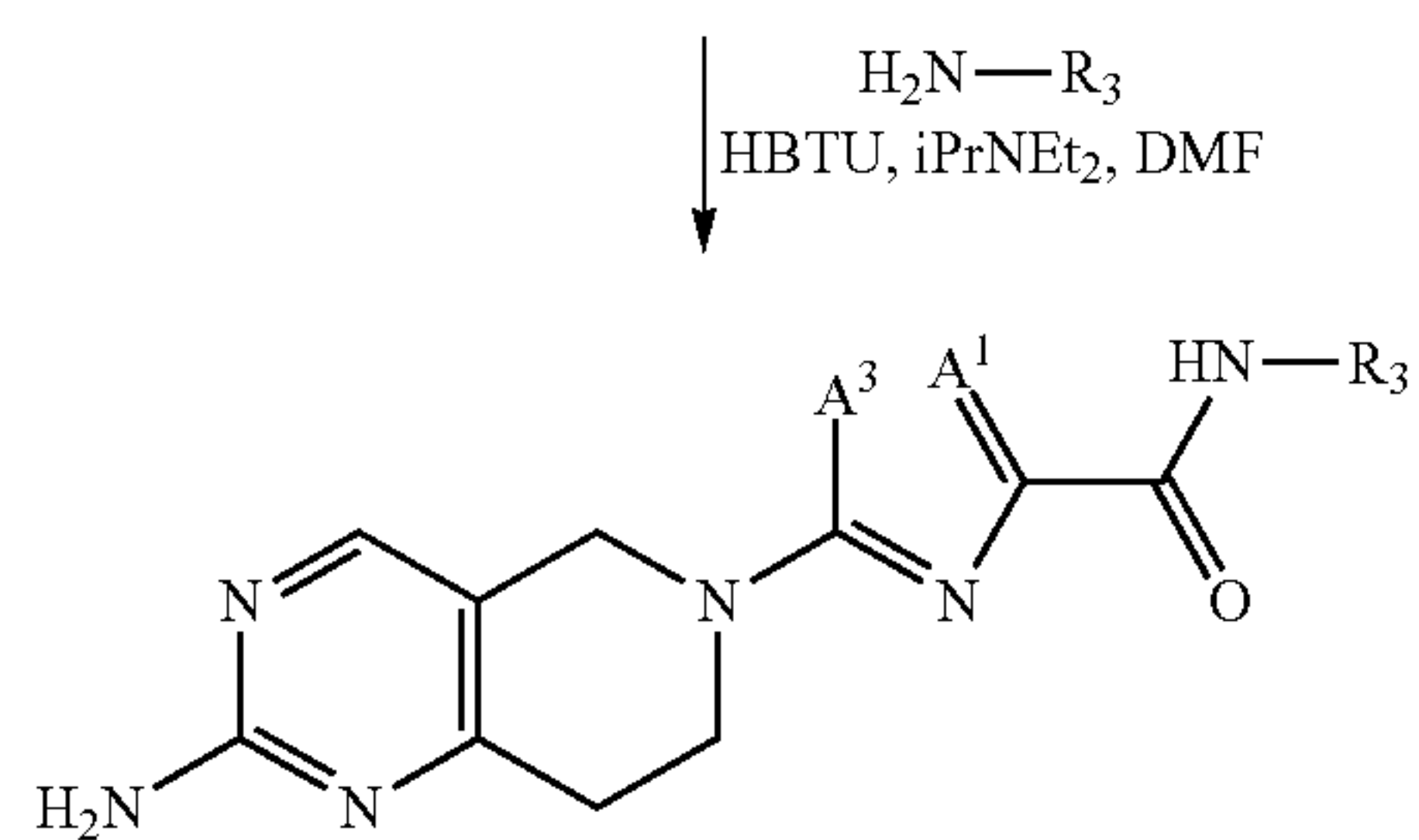




Scheme 3

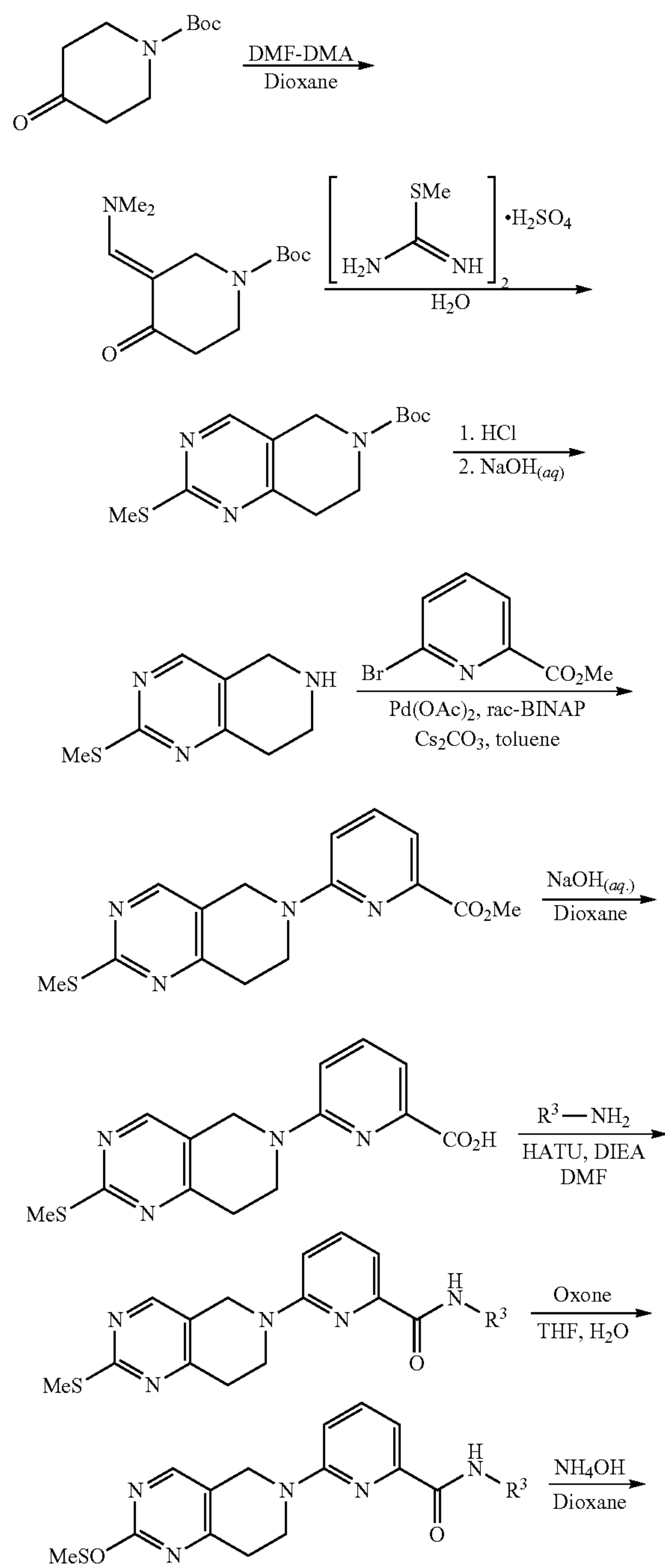


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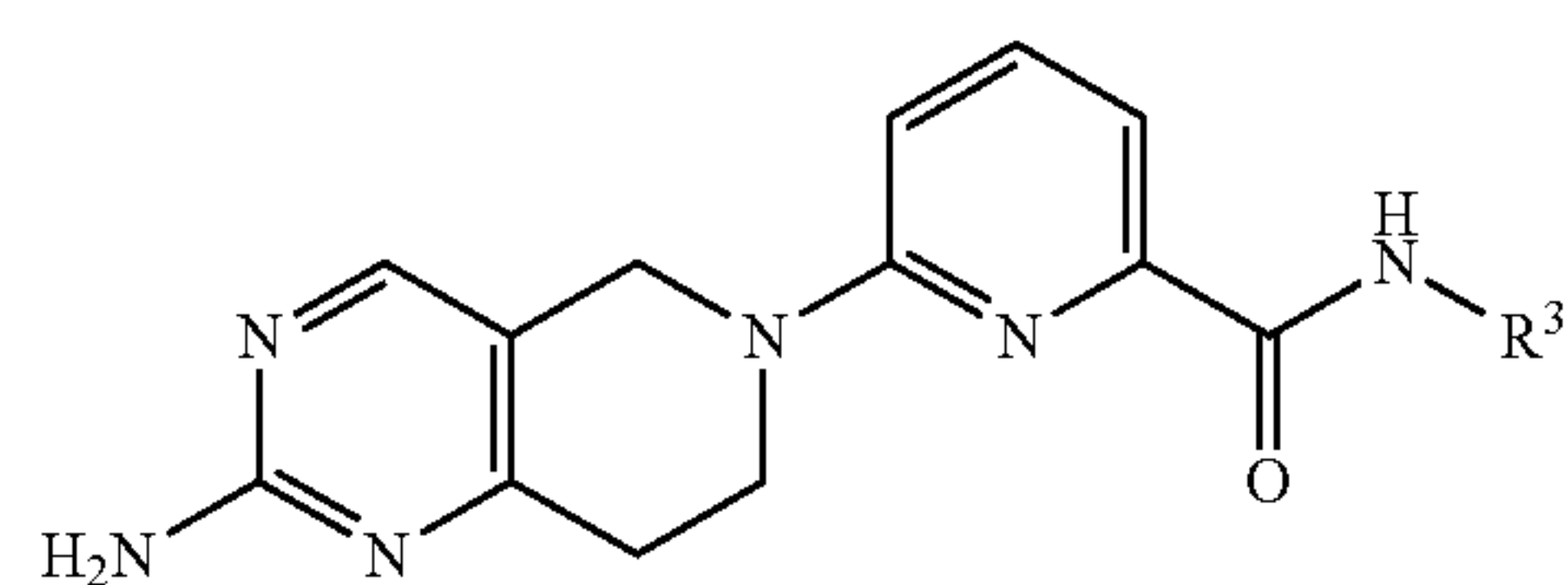
Scheme 4



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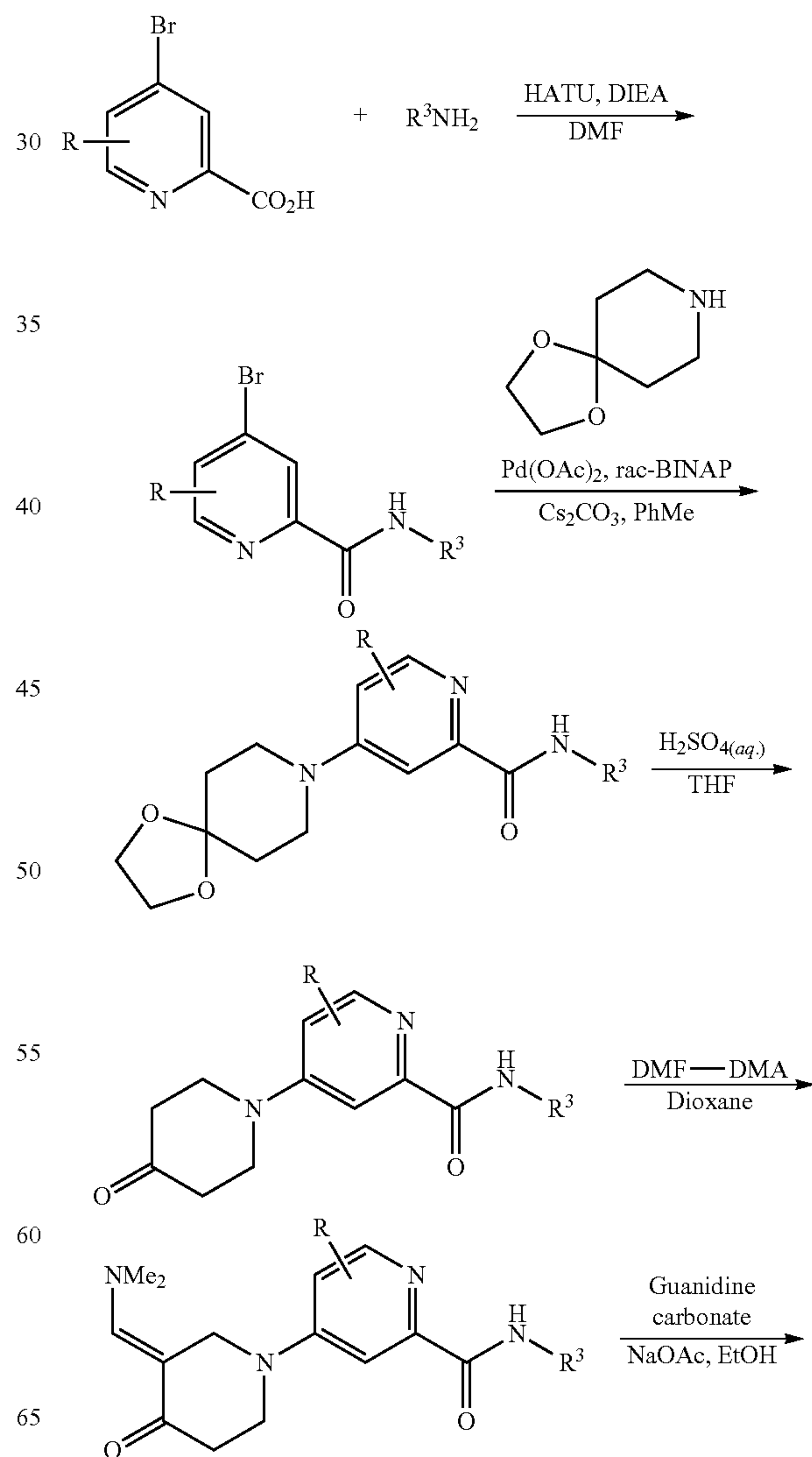
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Scheme 5



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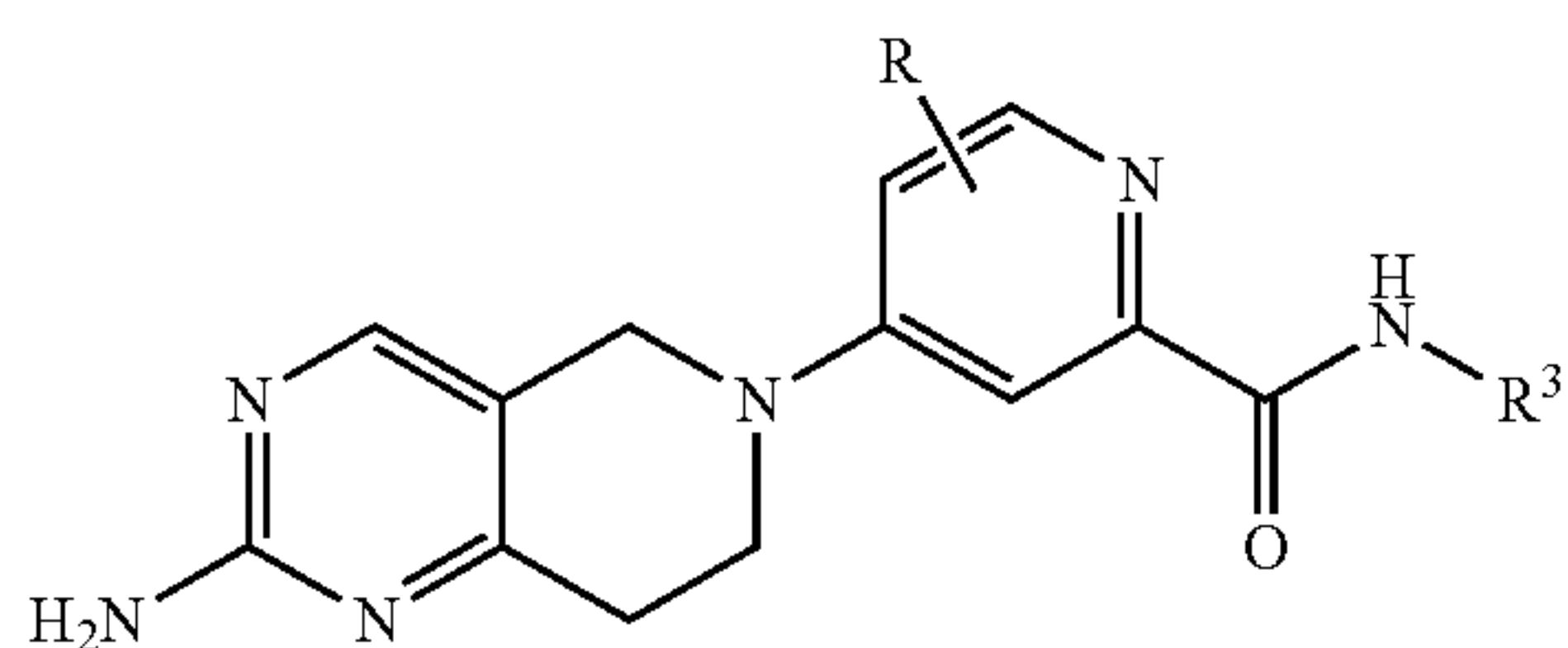
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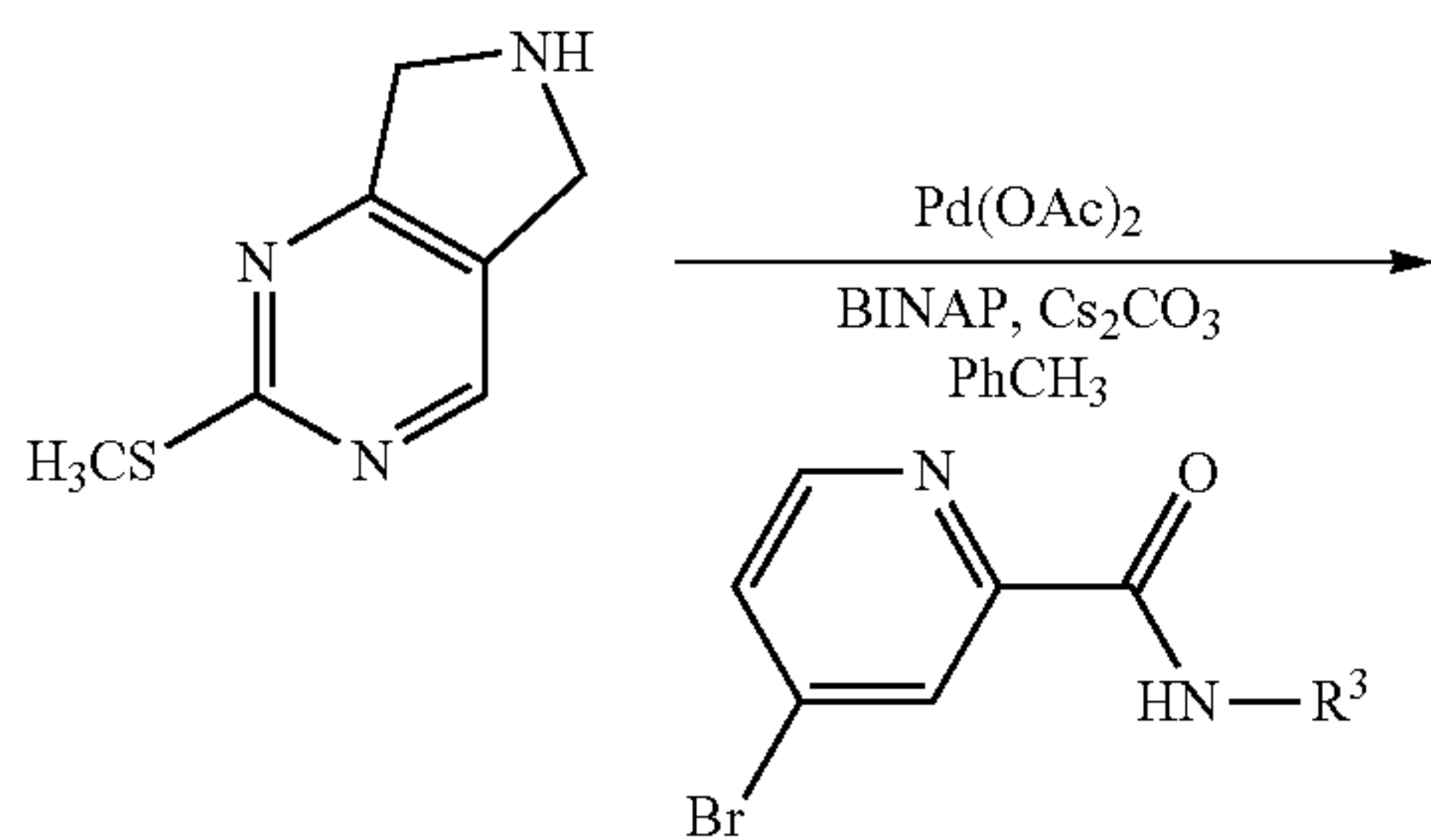
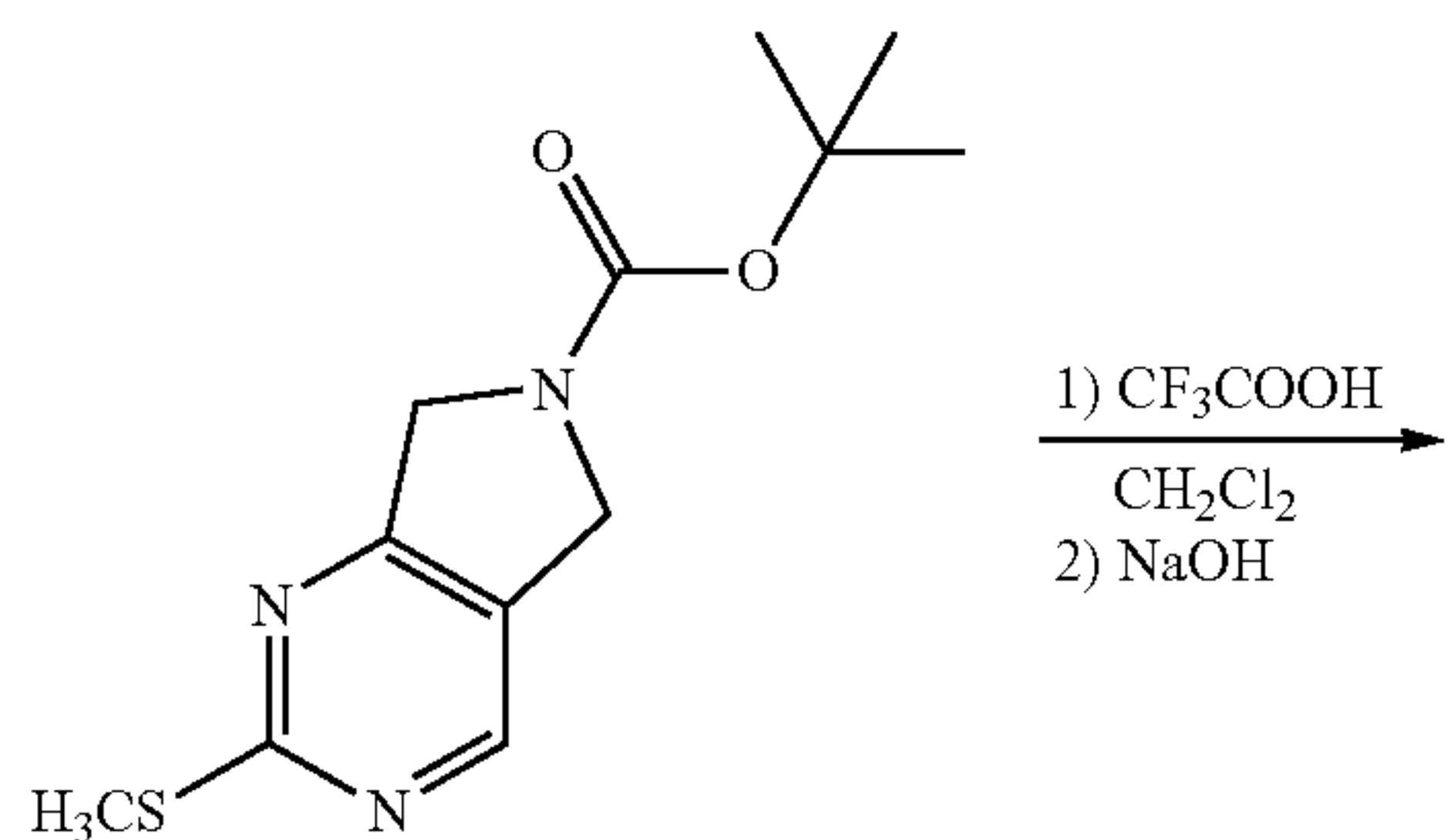
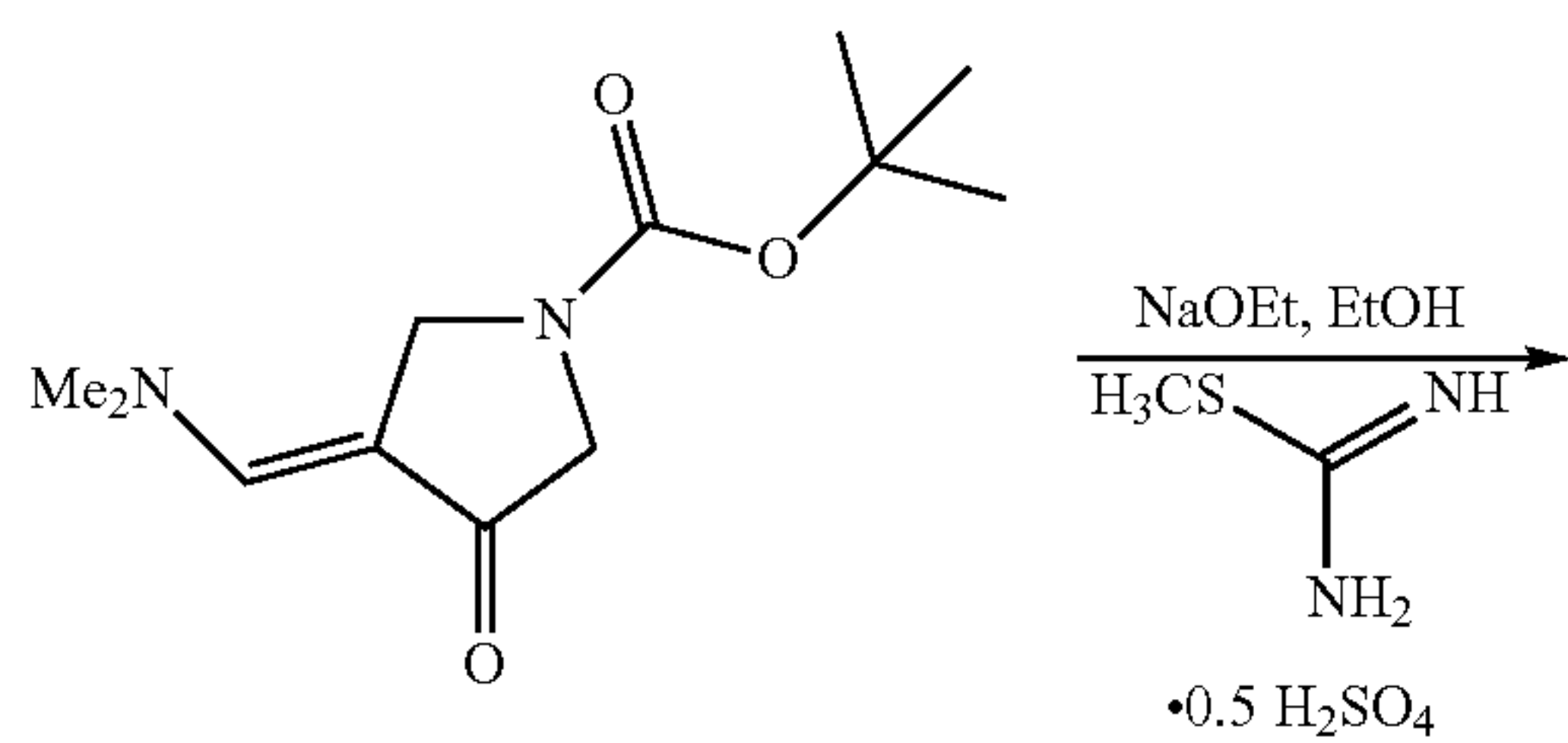
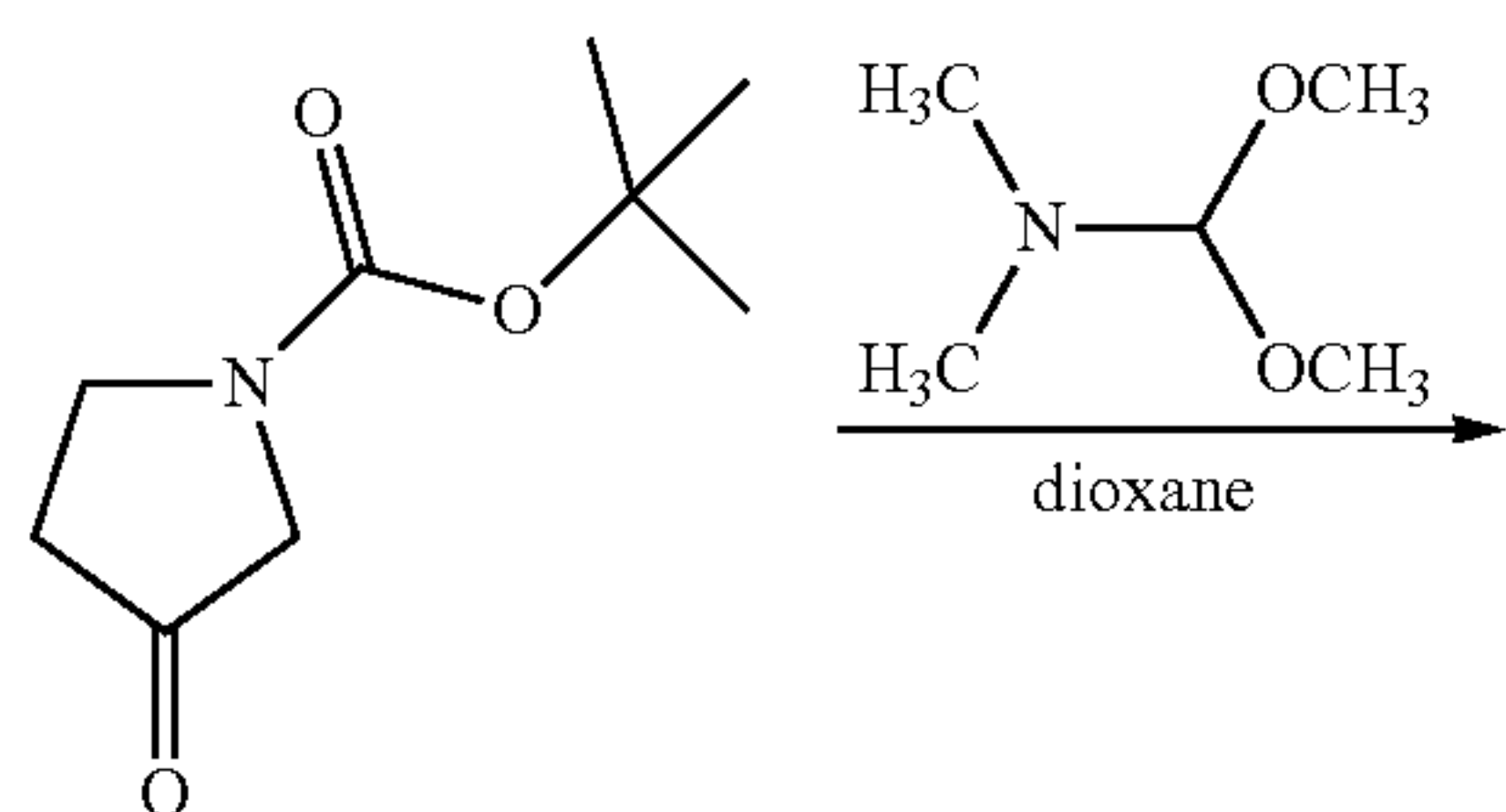
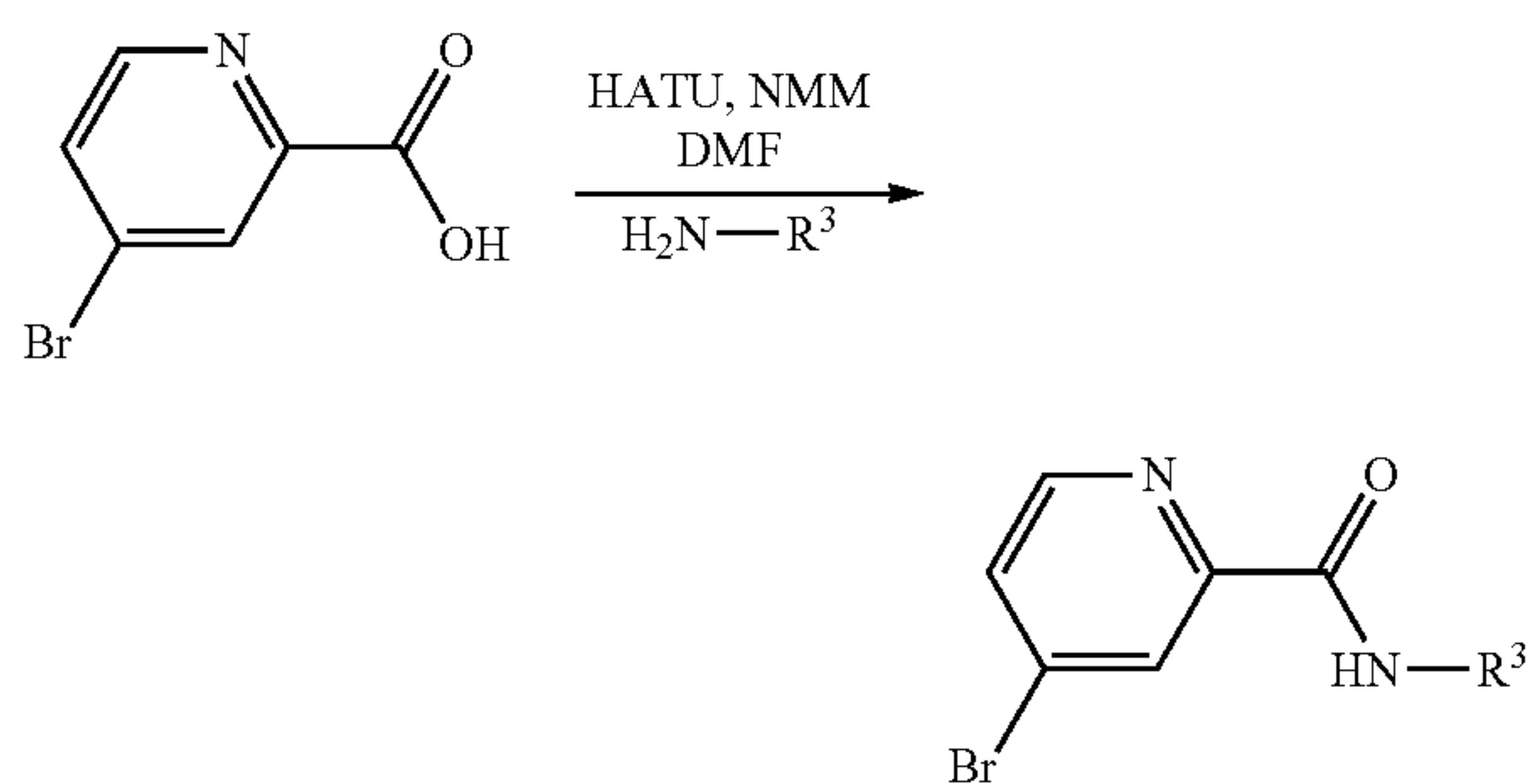


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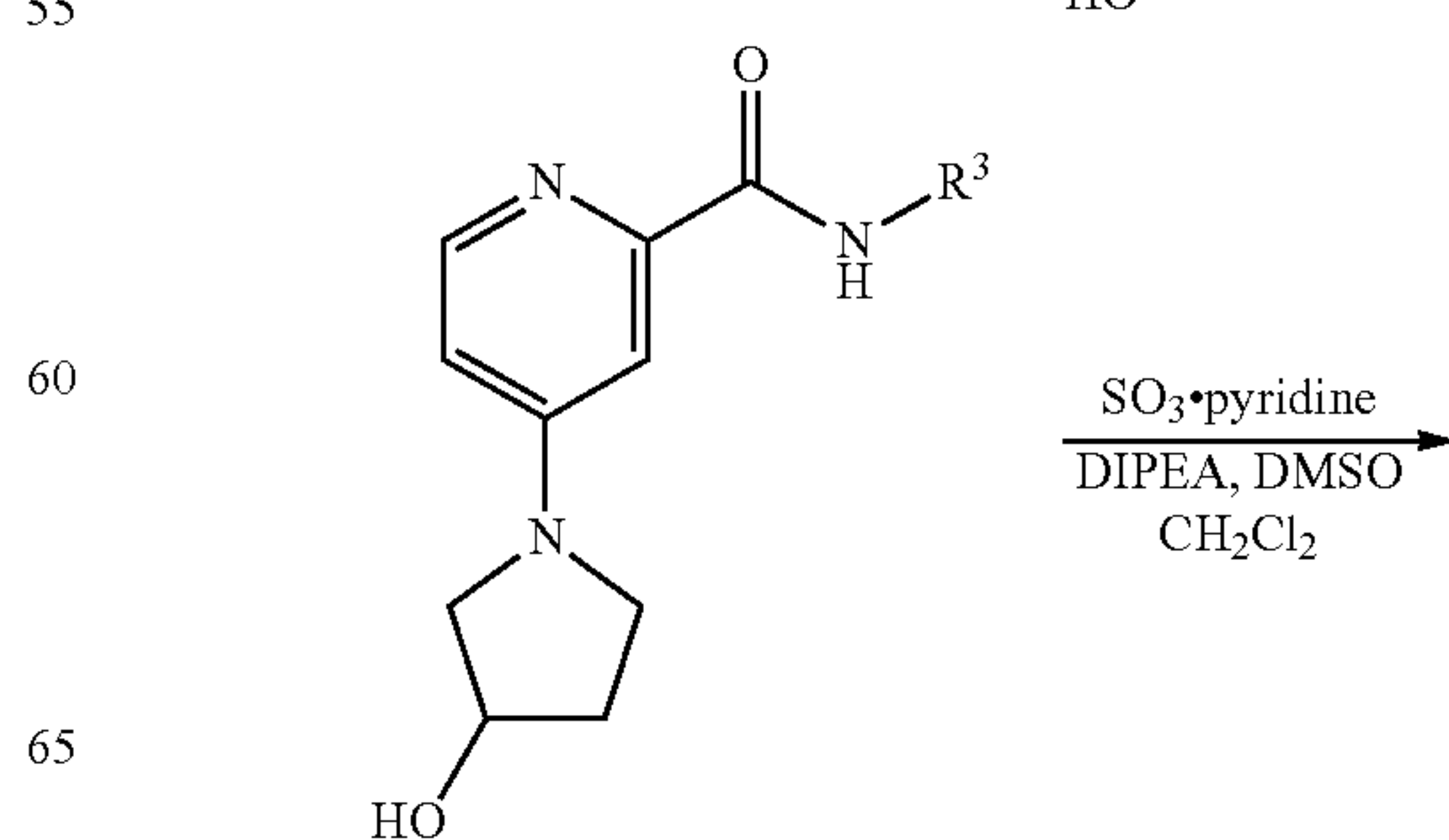
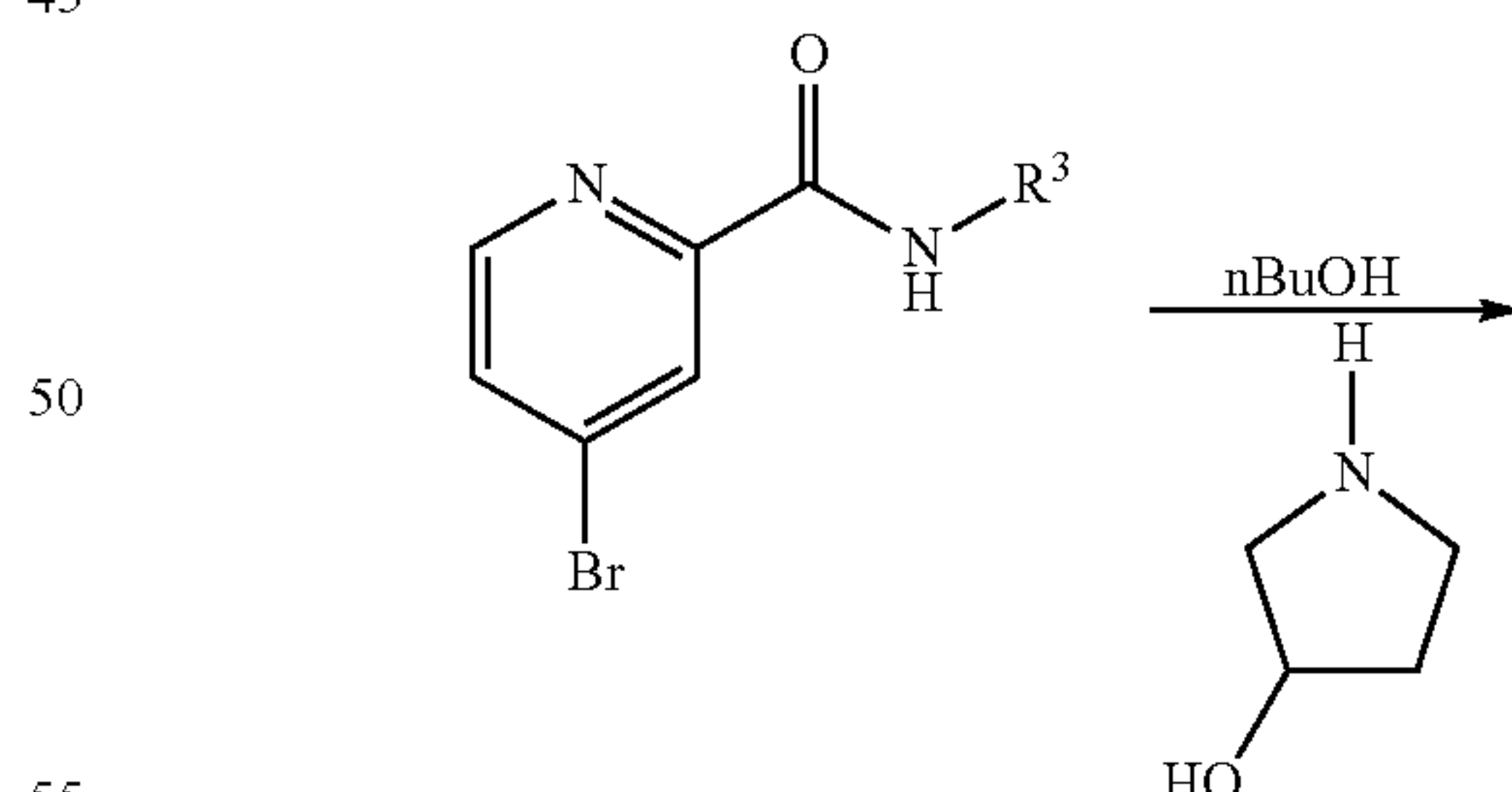
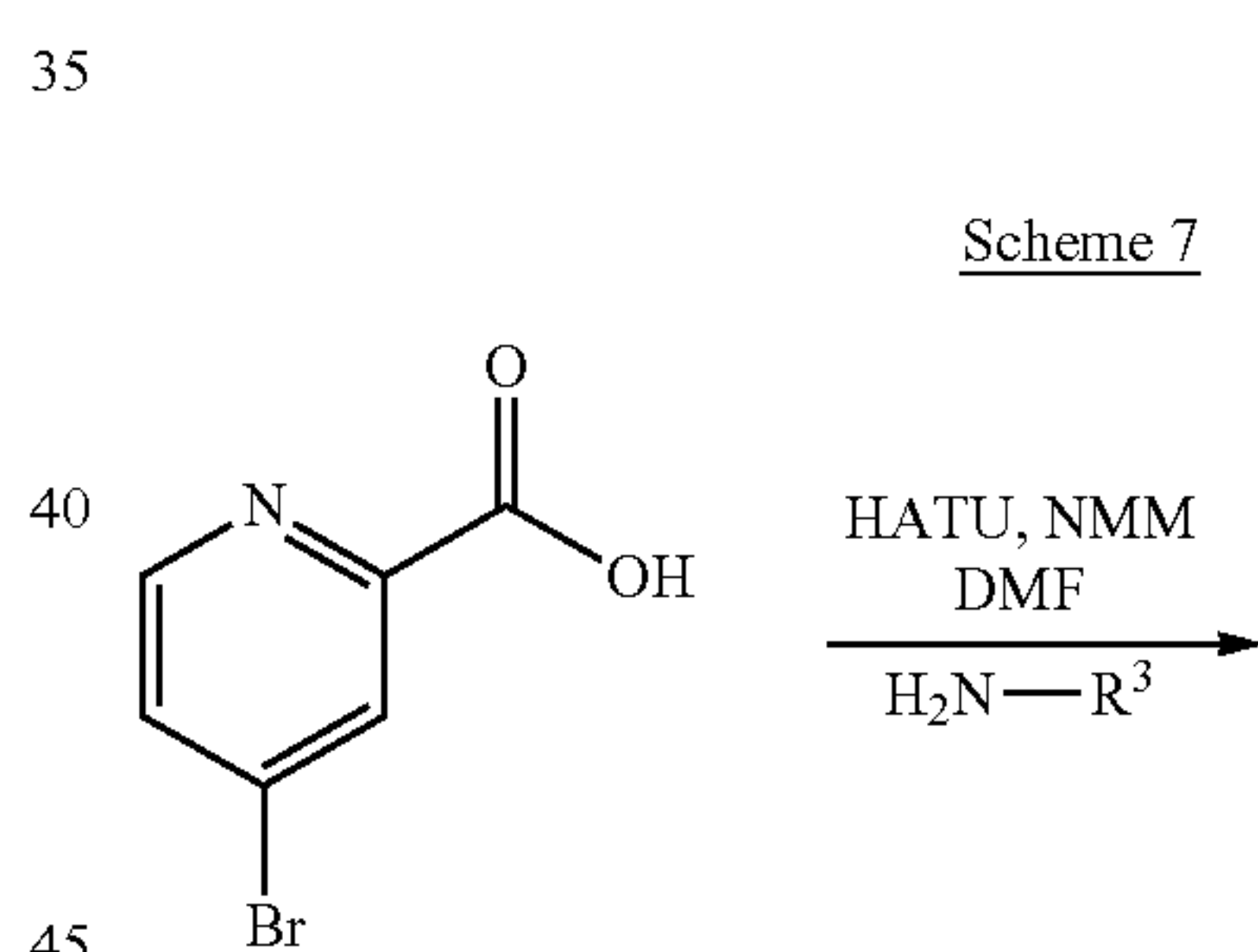
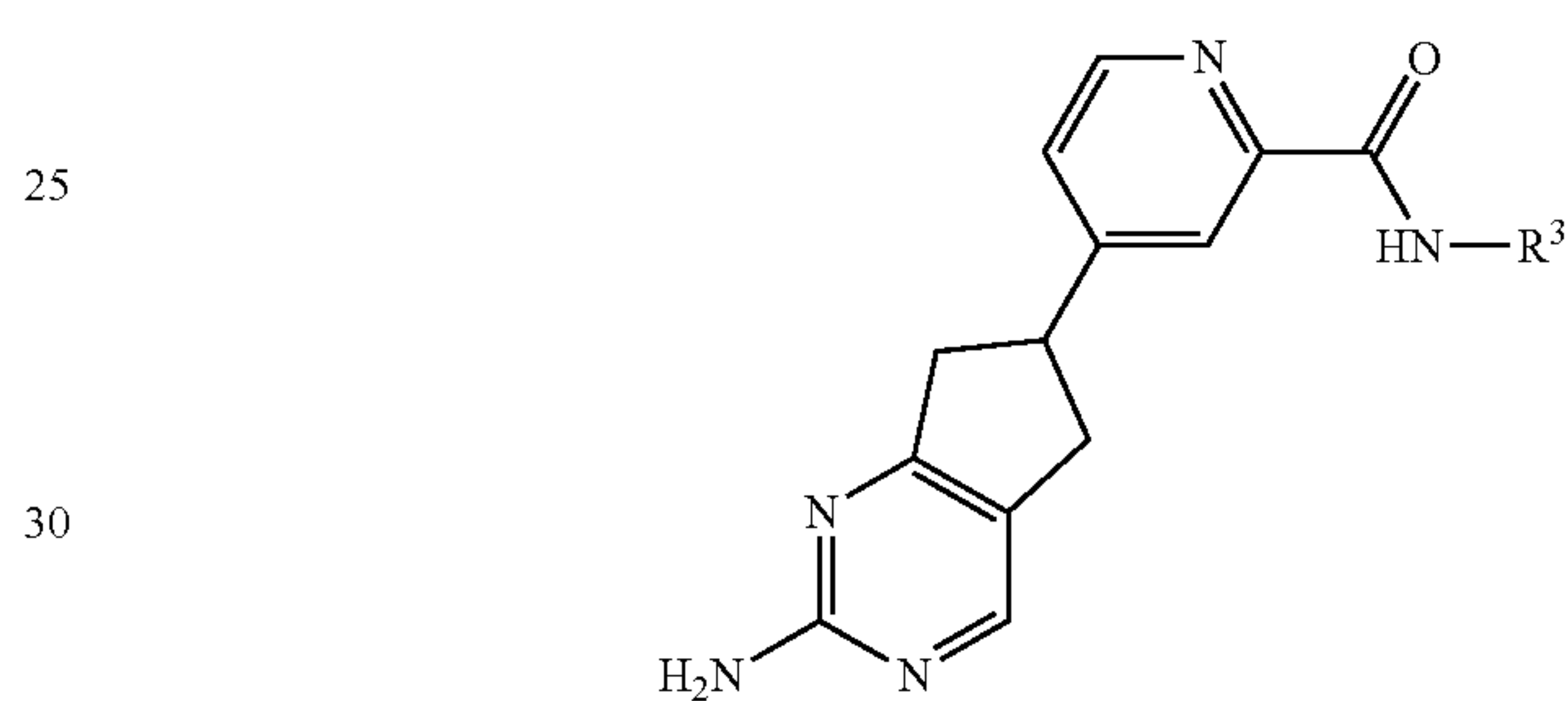
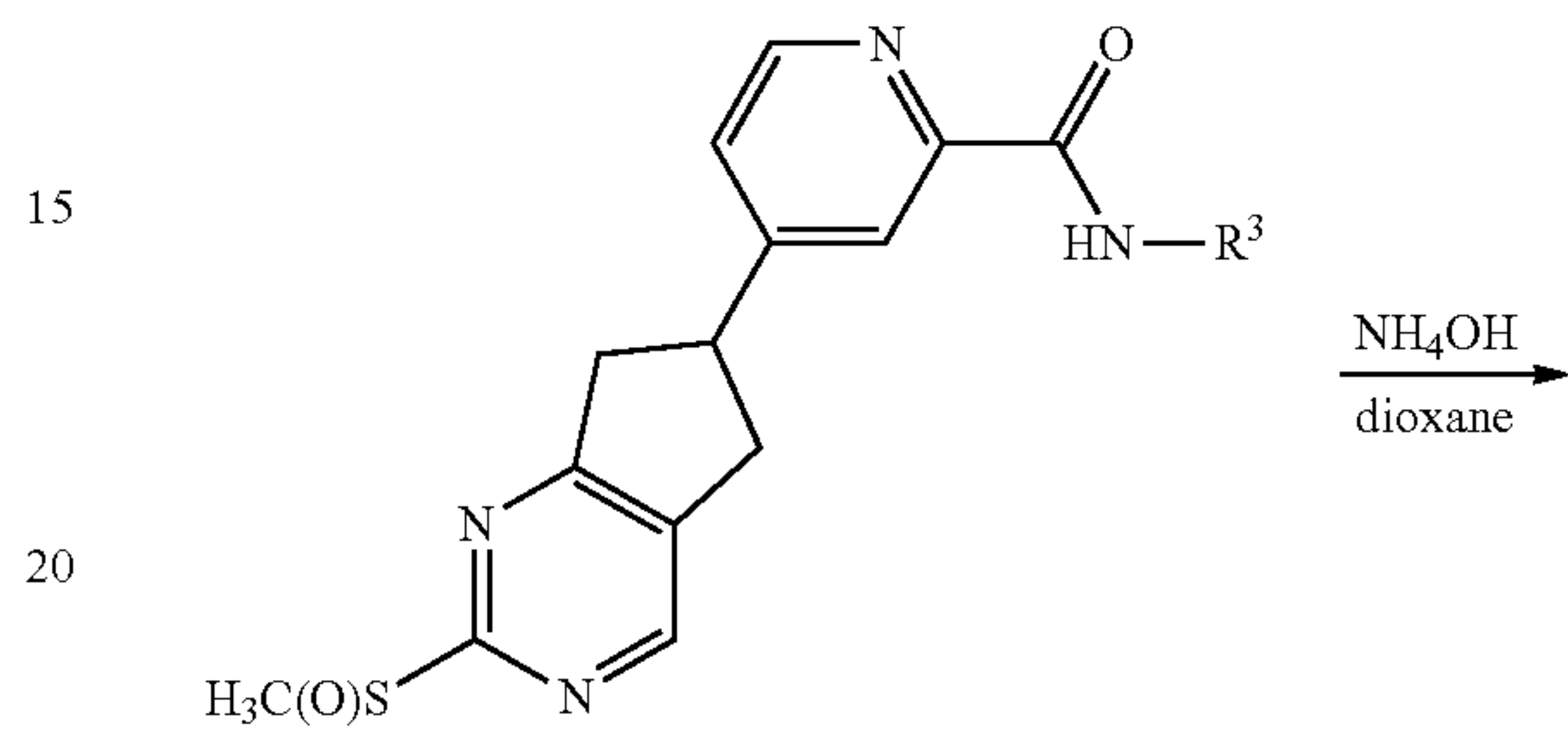
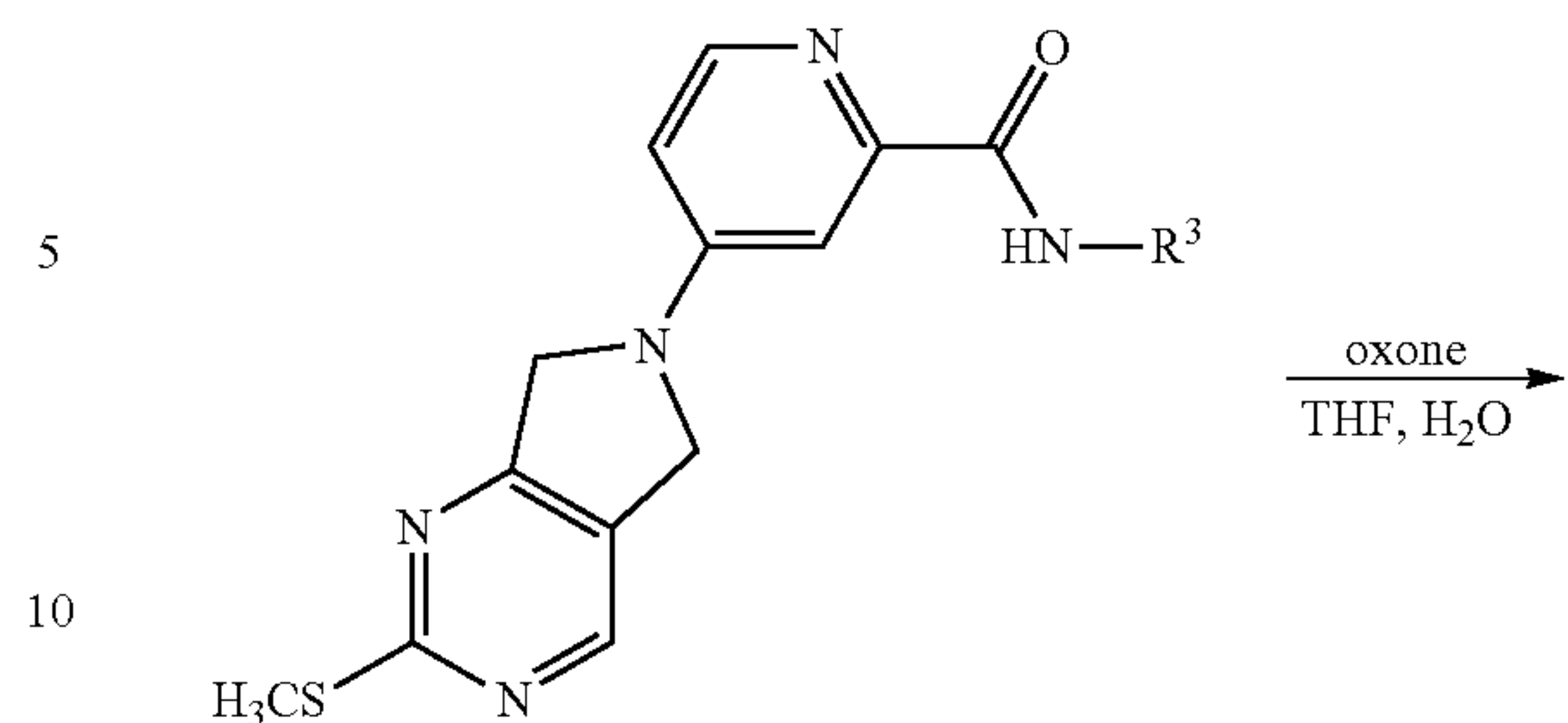


Scheme 6



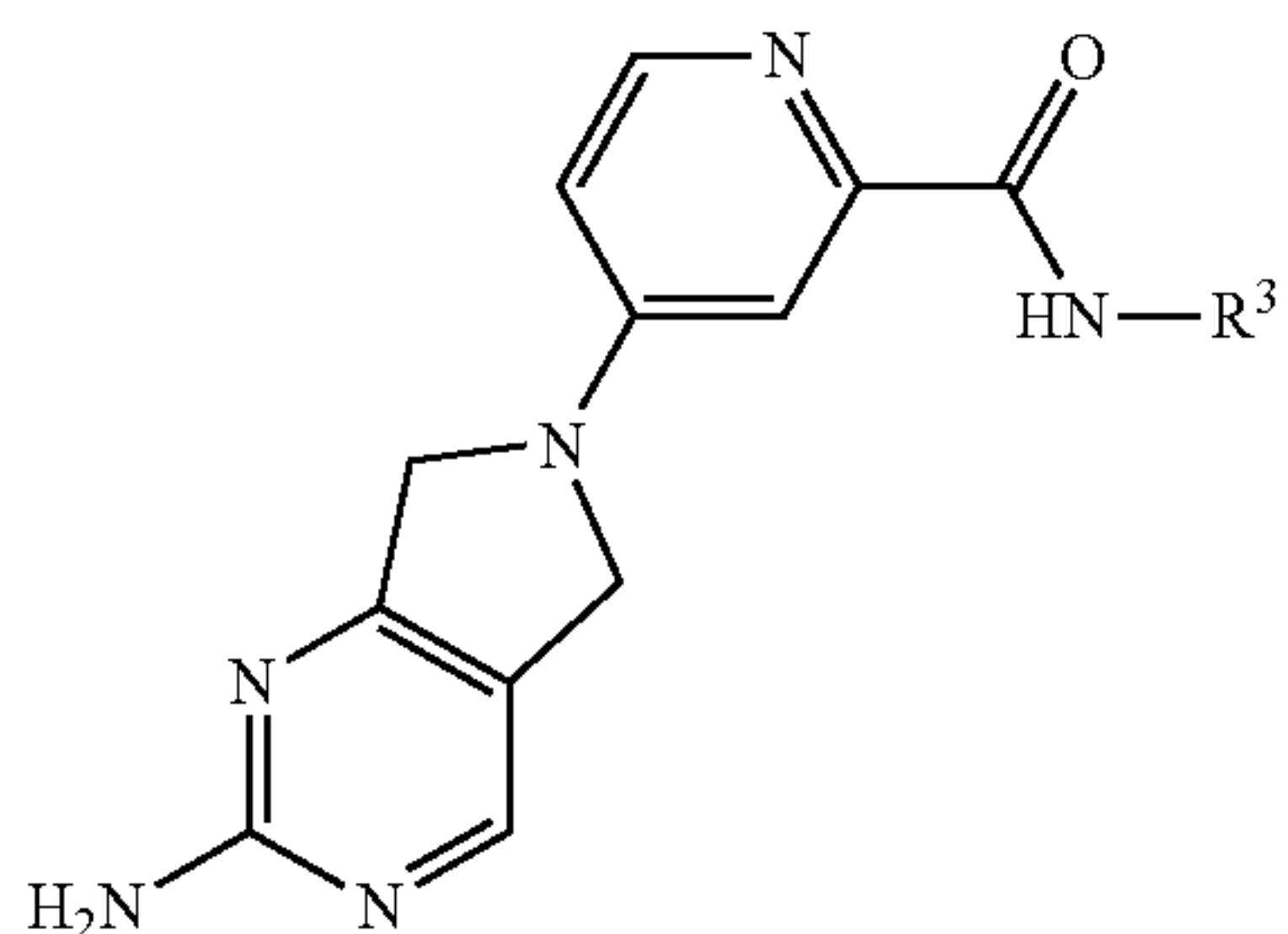
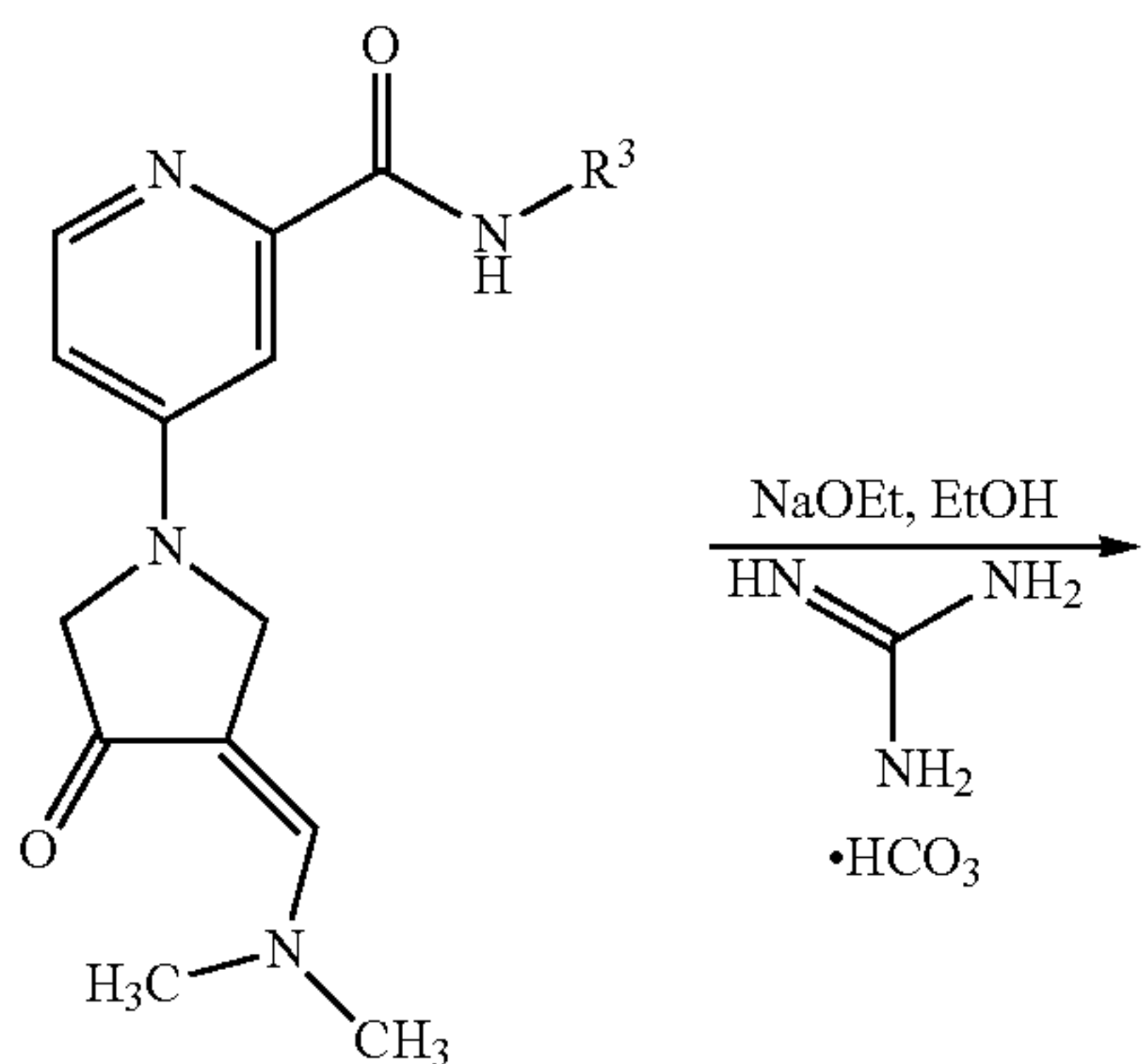
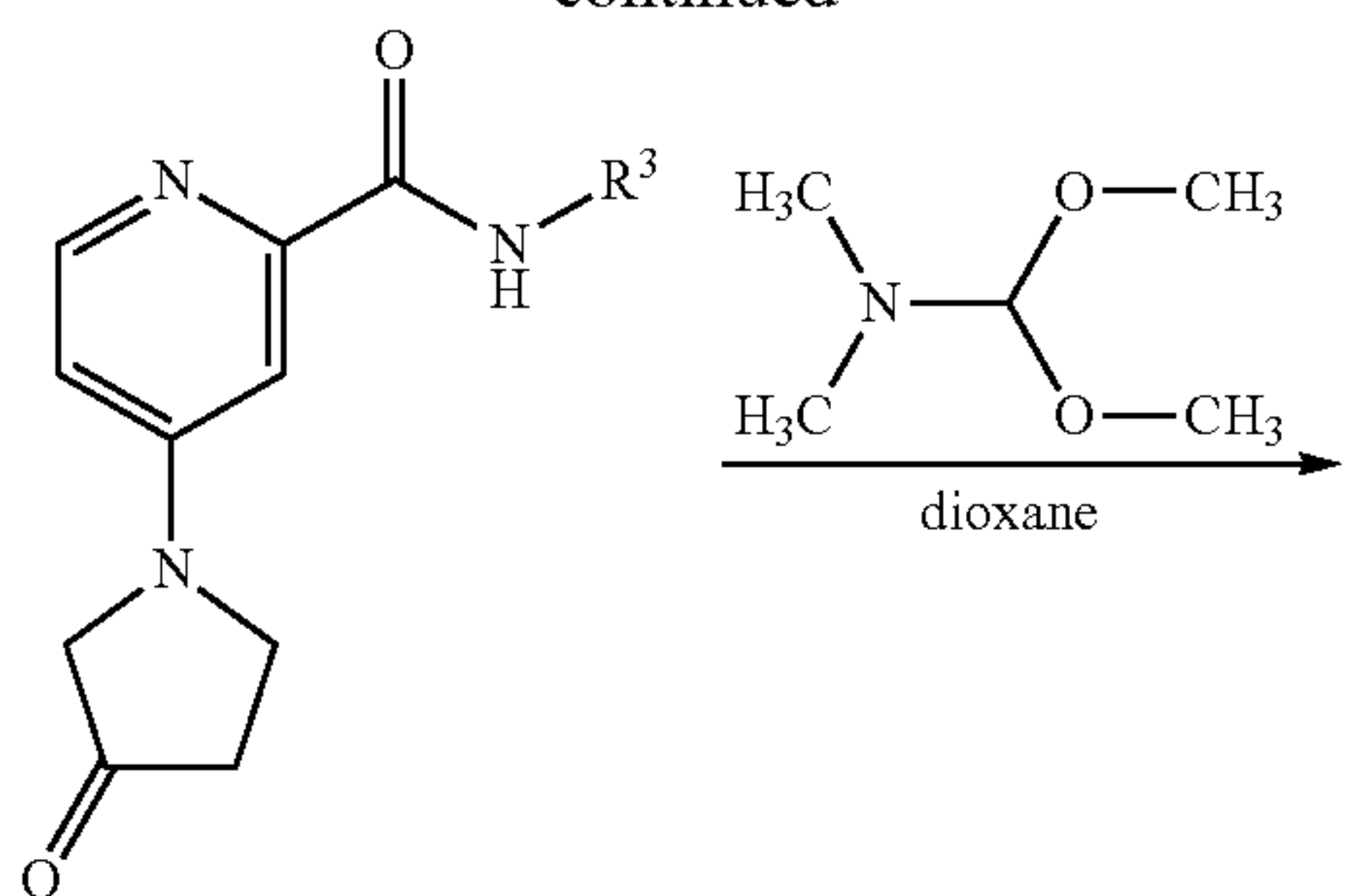
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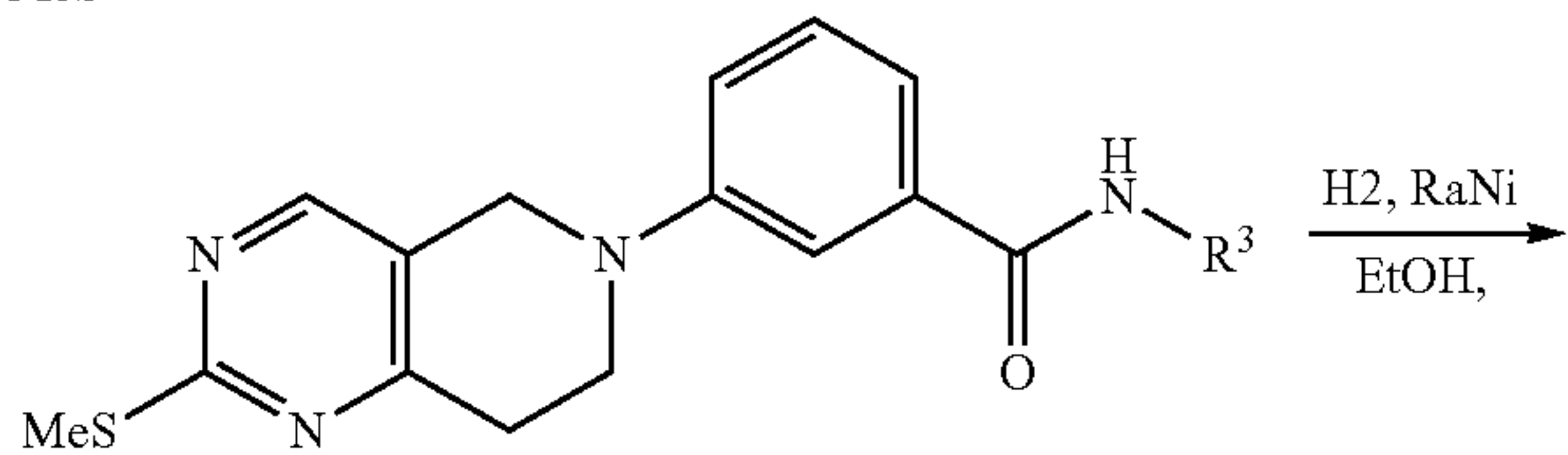
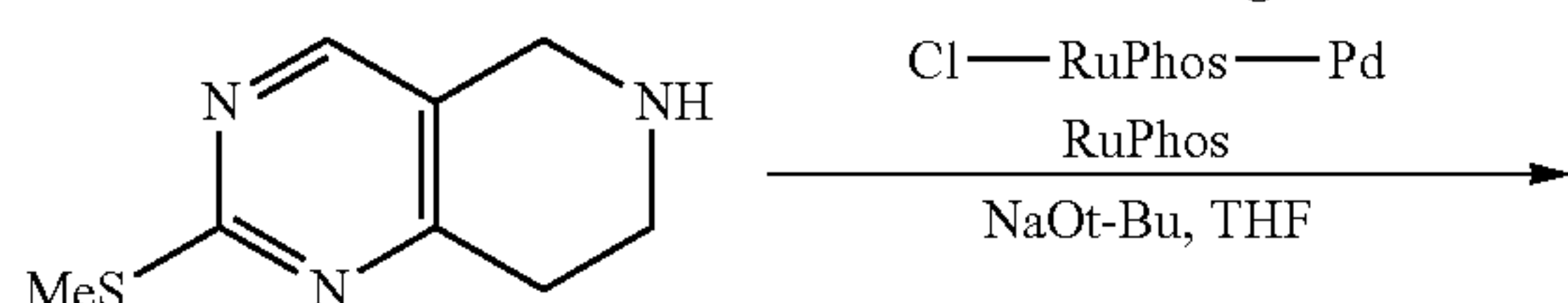
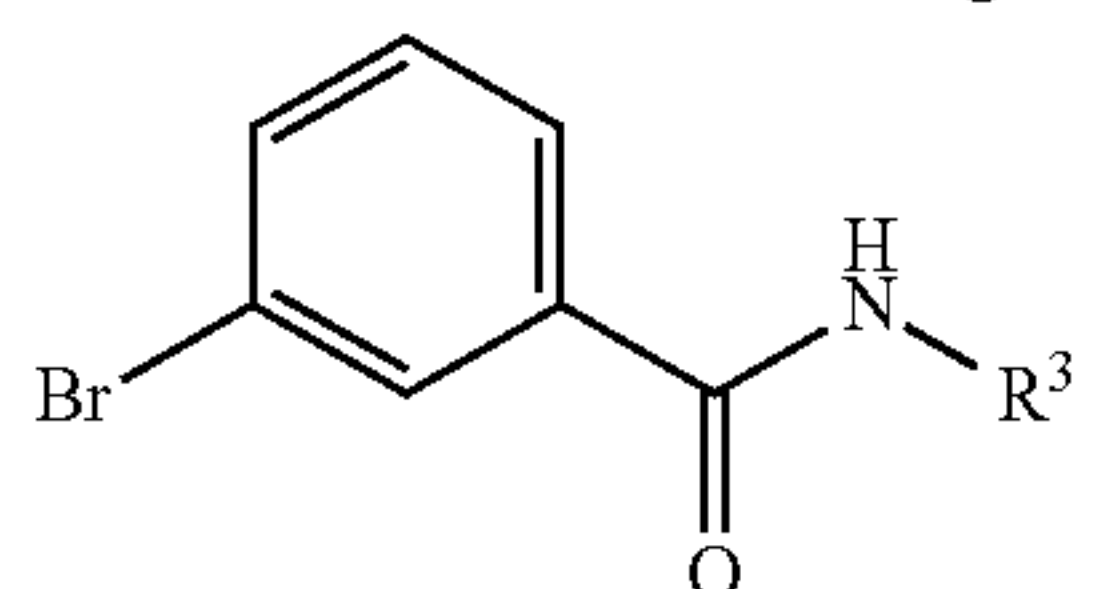
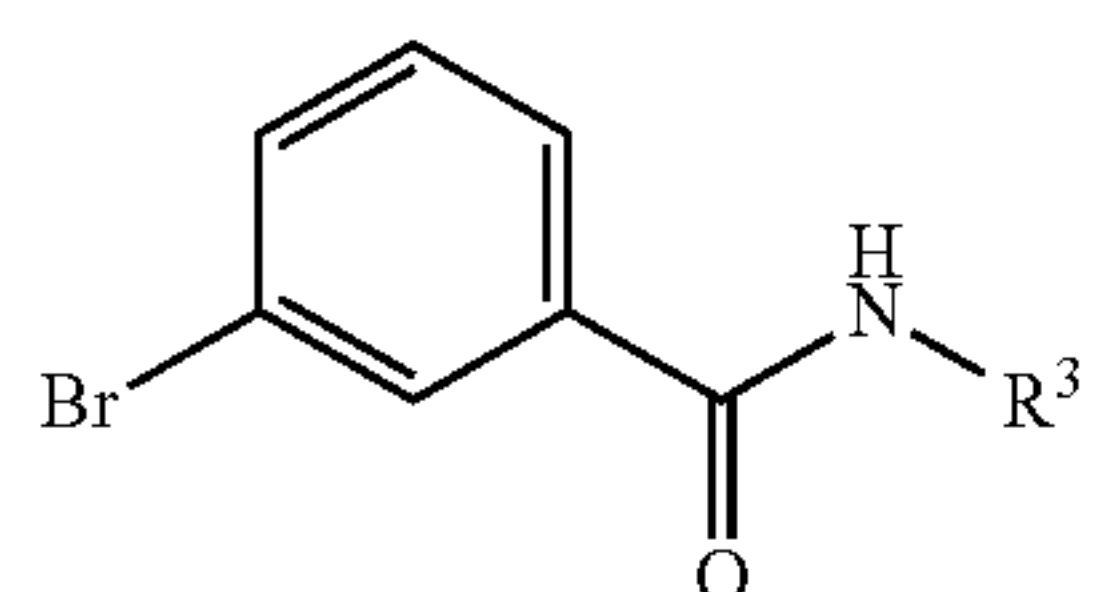
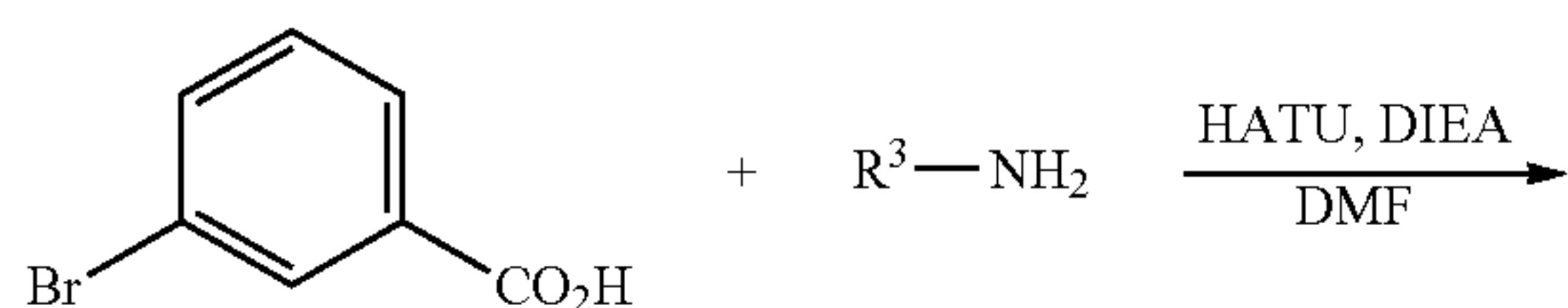


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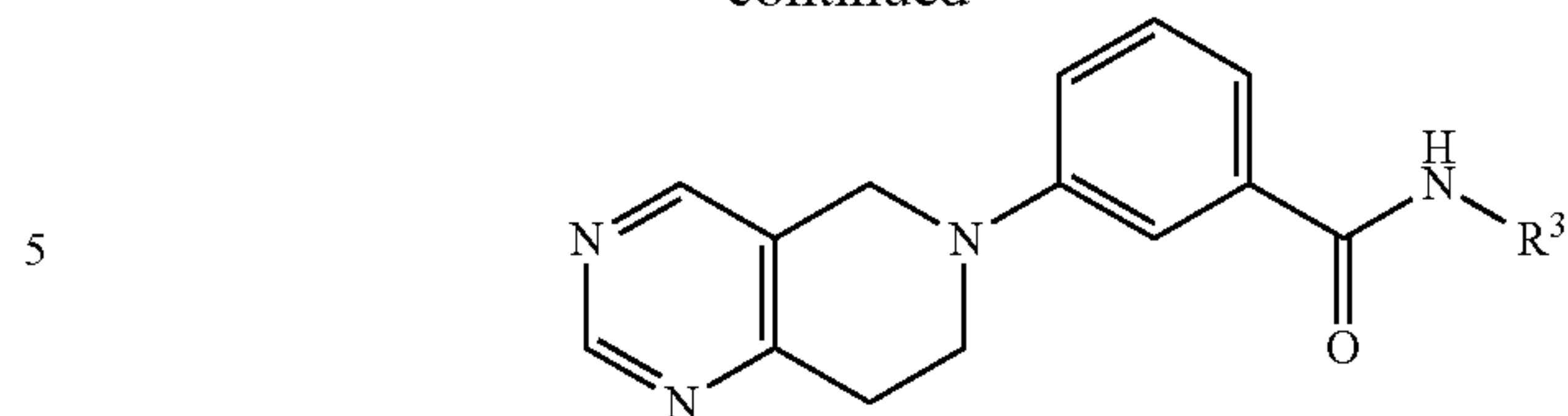


Scheme 8



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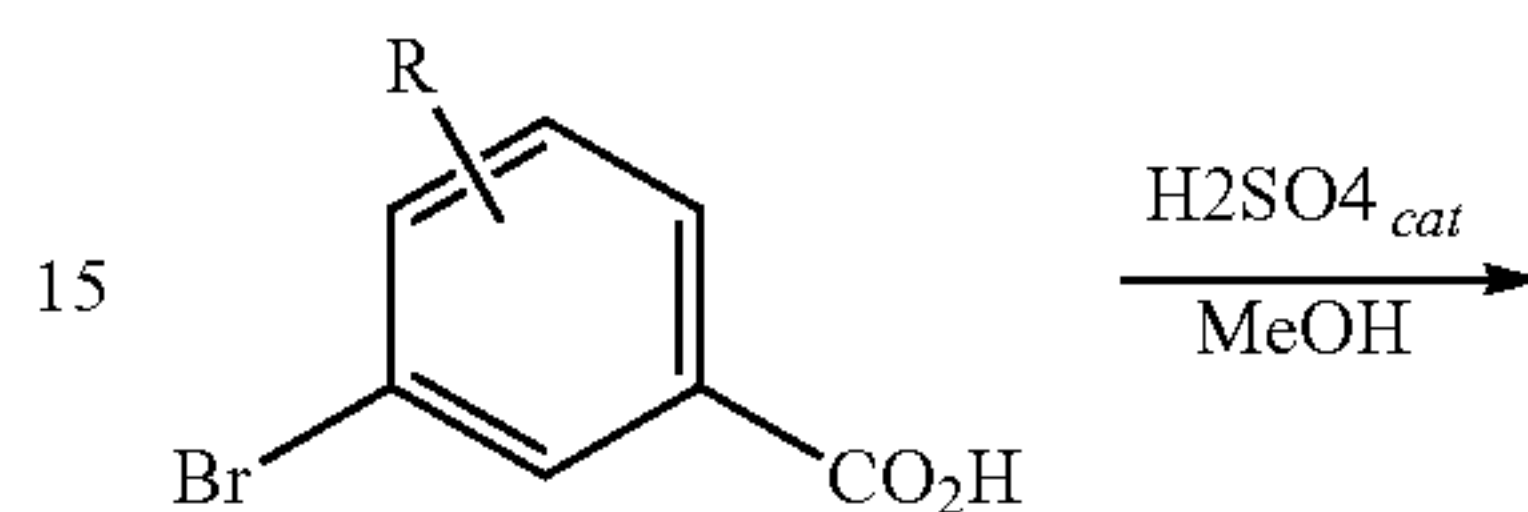
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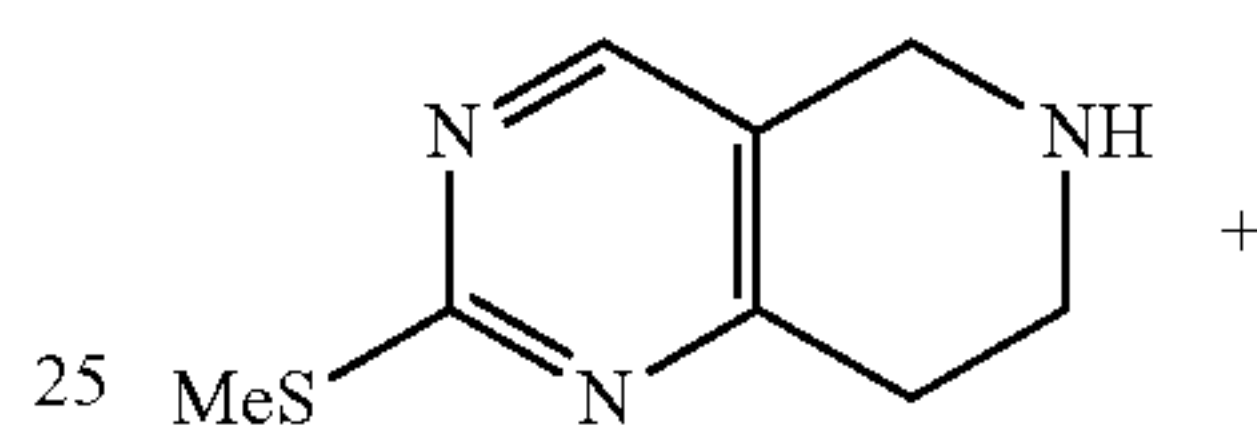
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Scheme 9

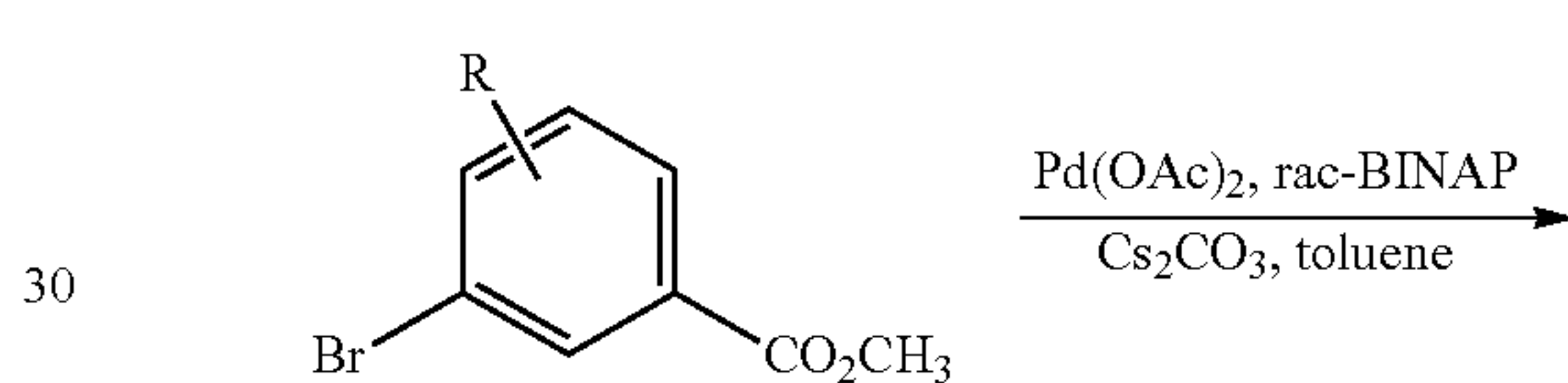


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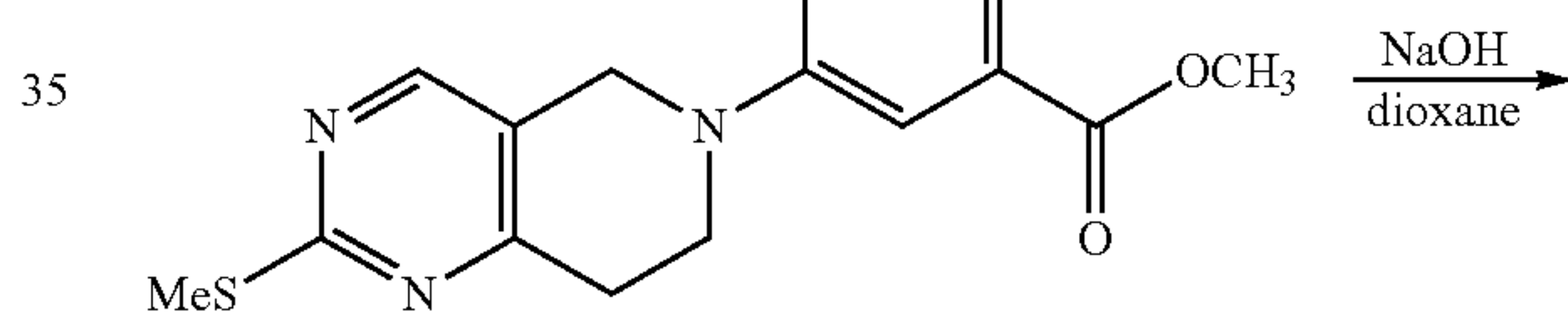
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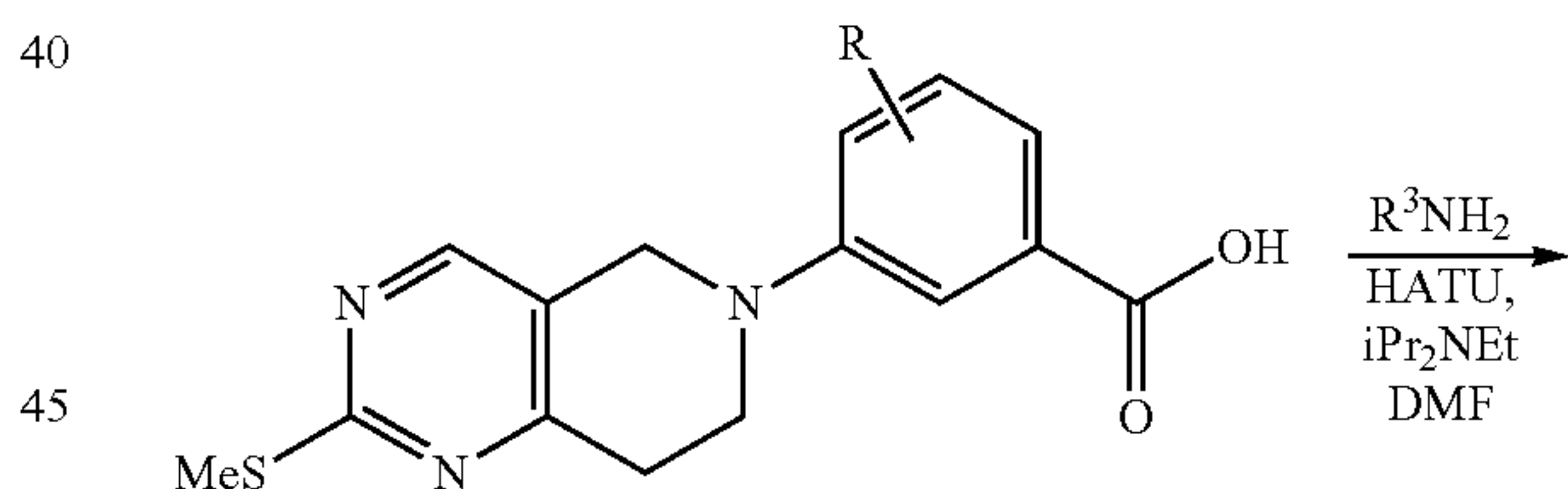
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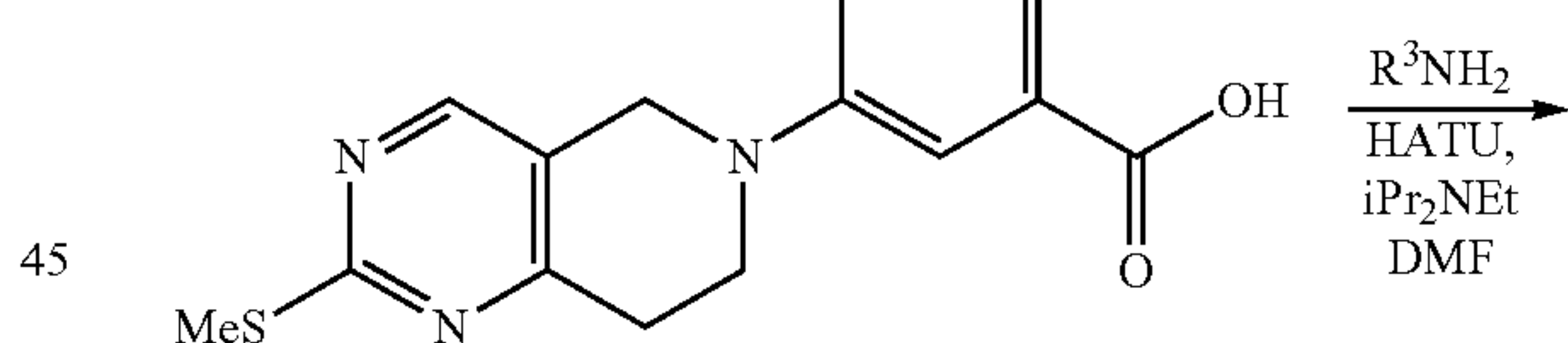
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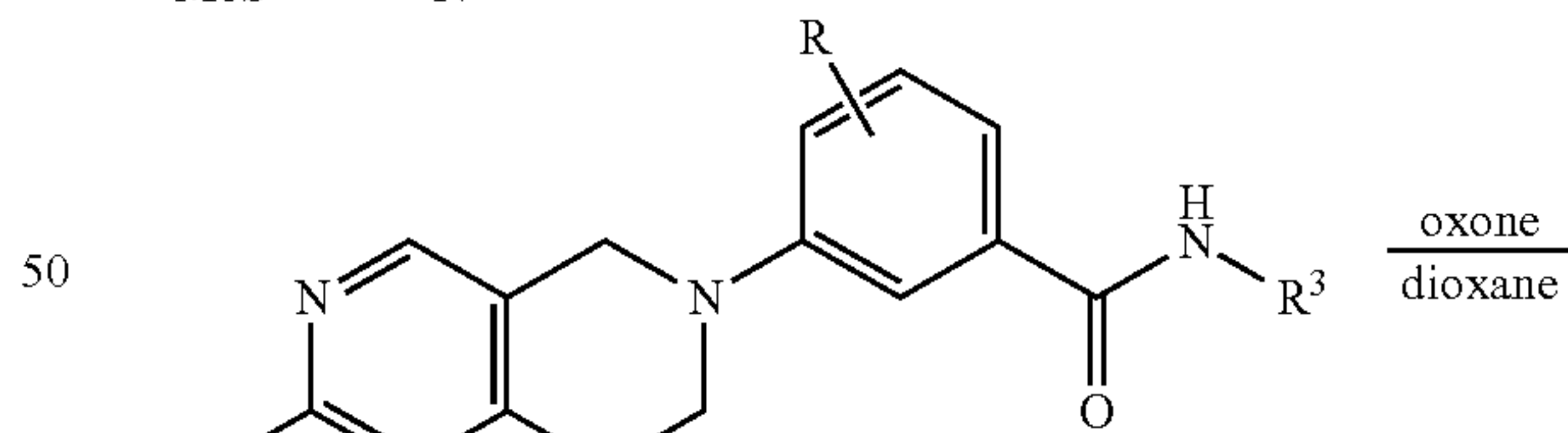
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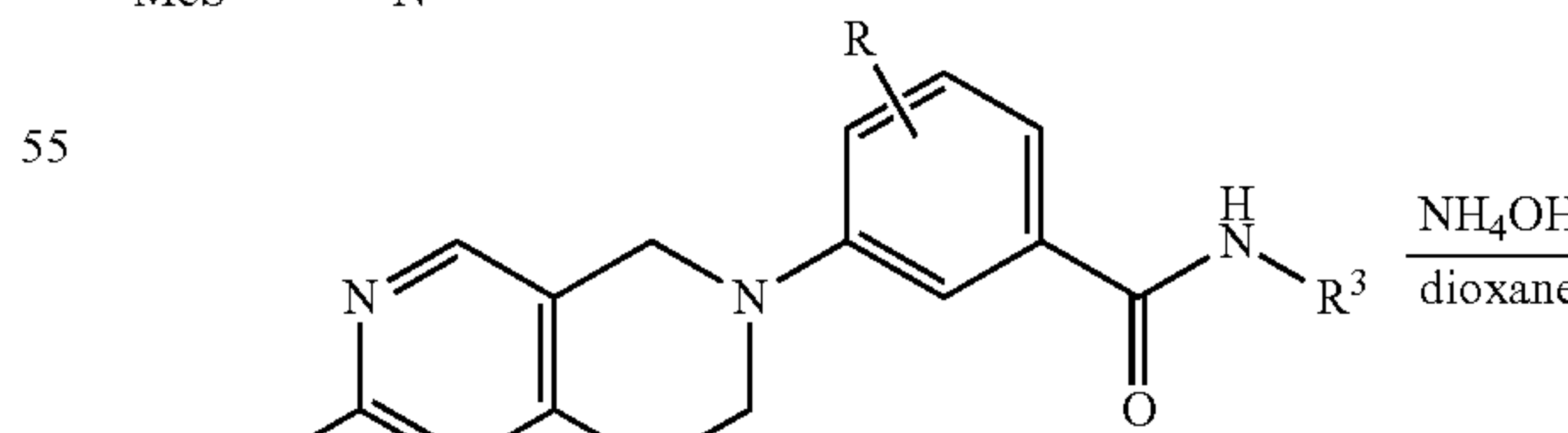
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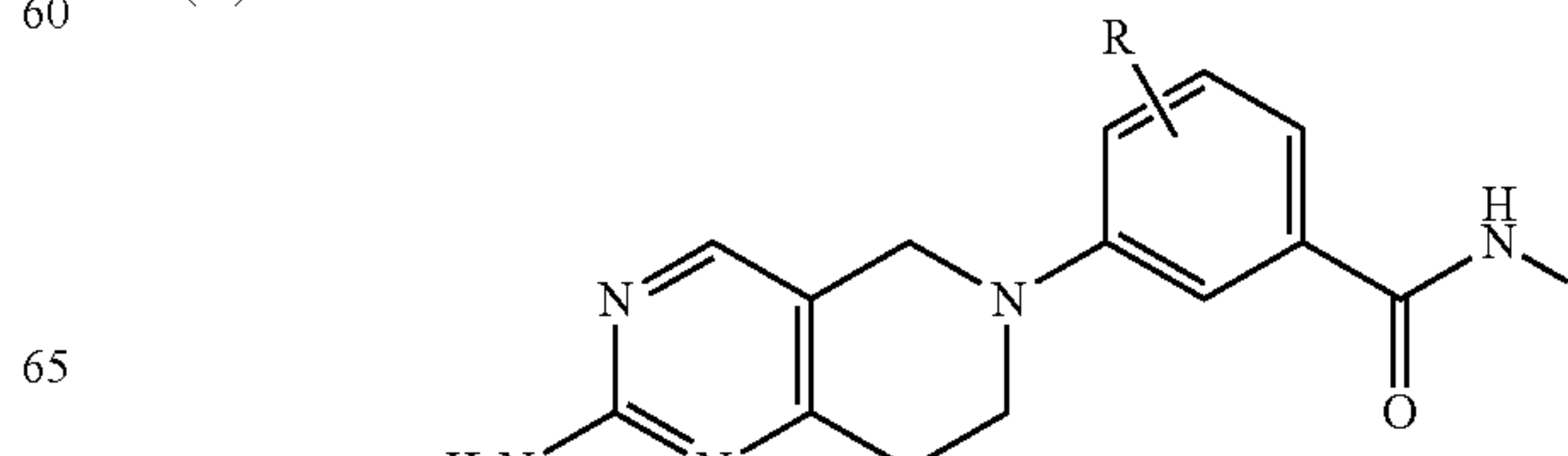
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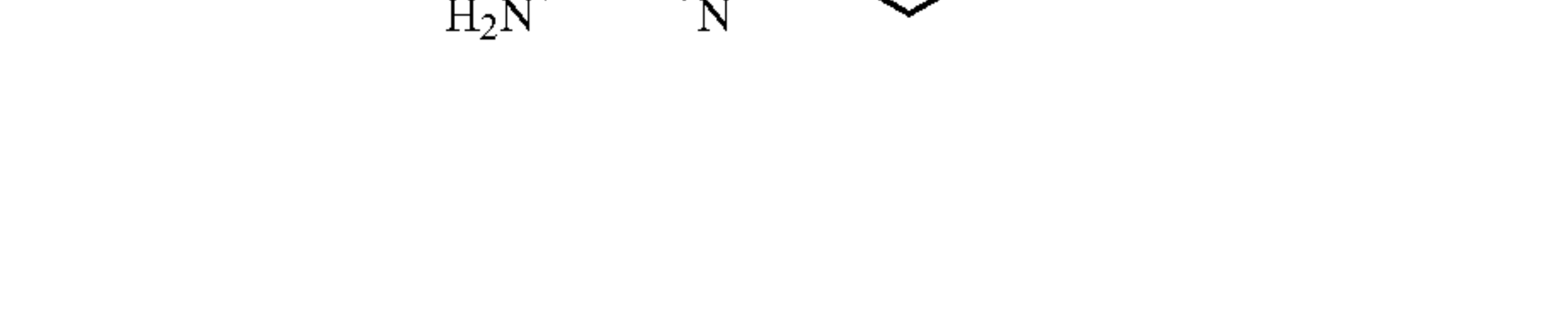
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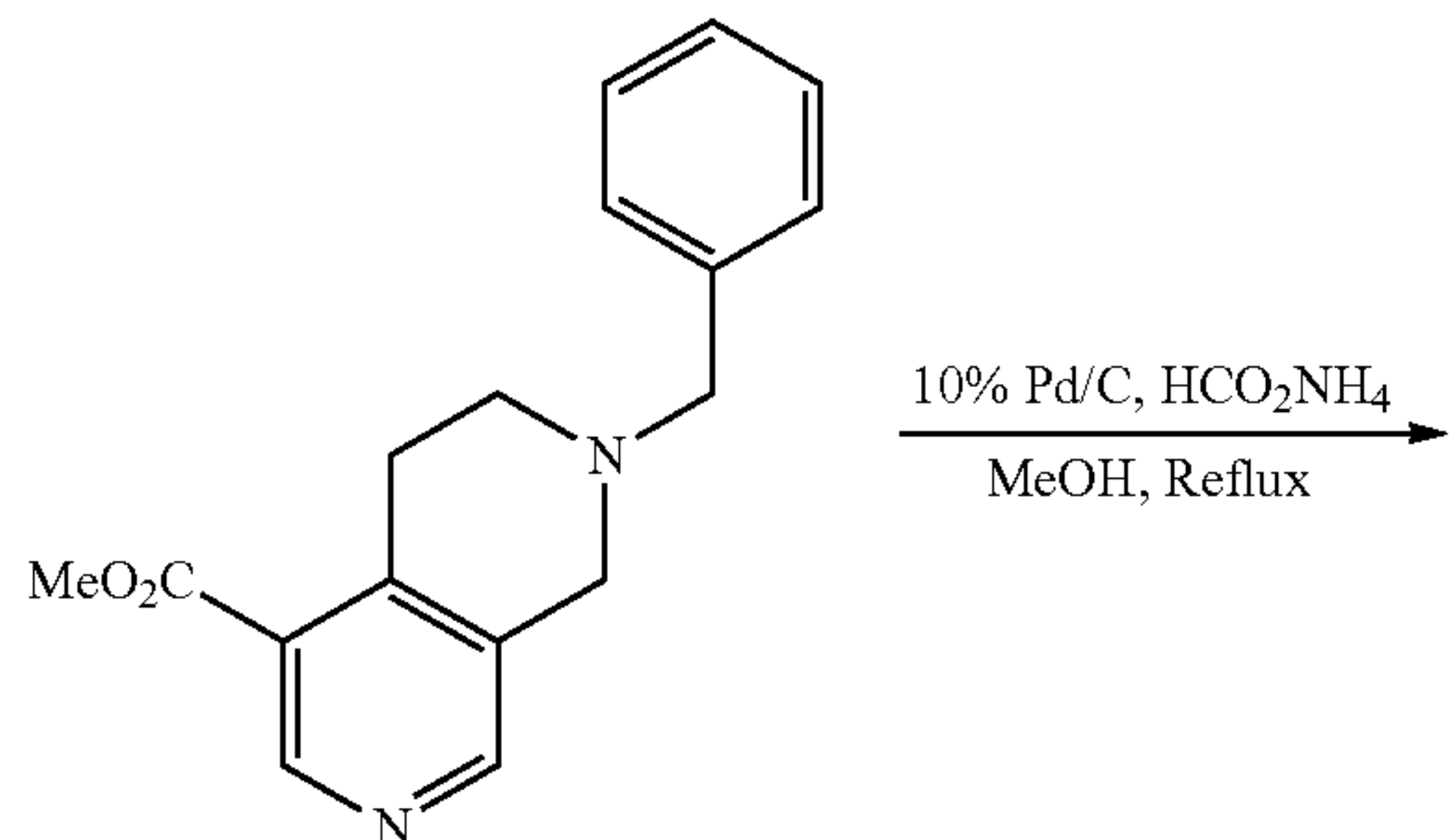
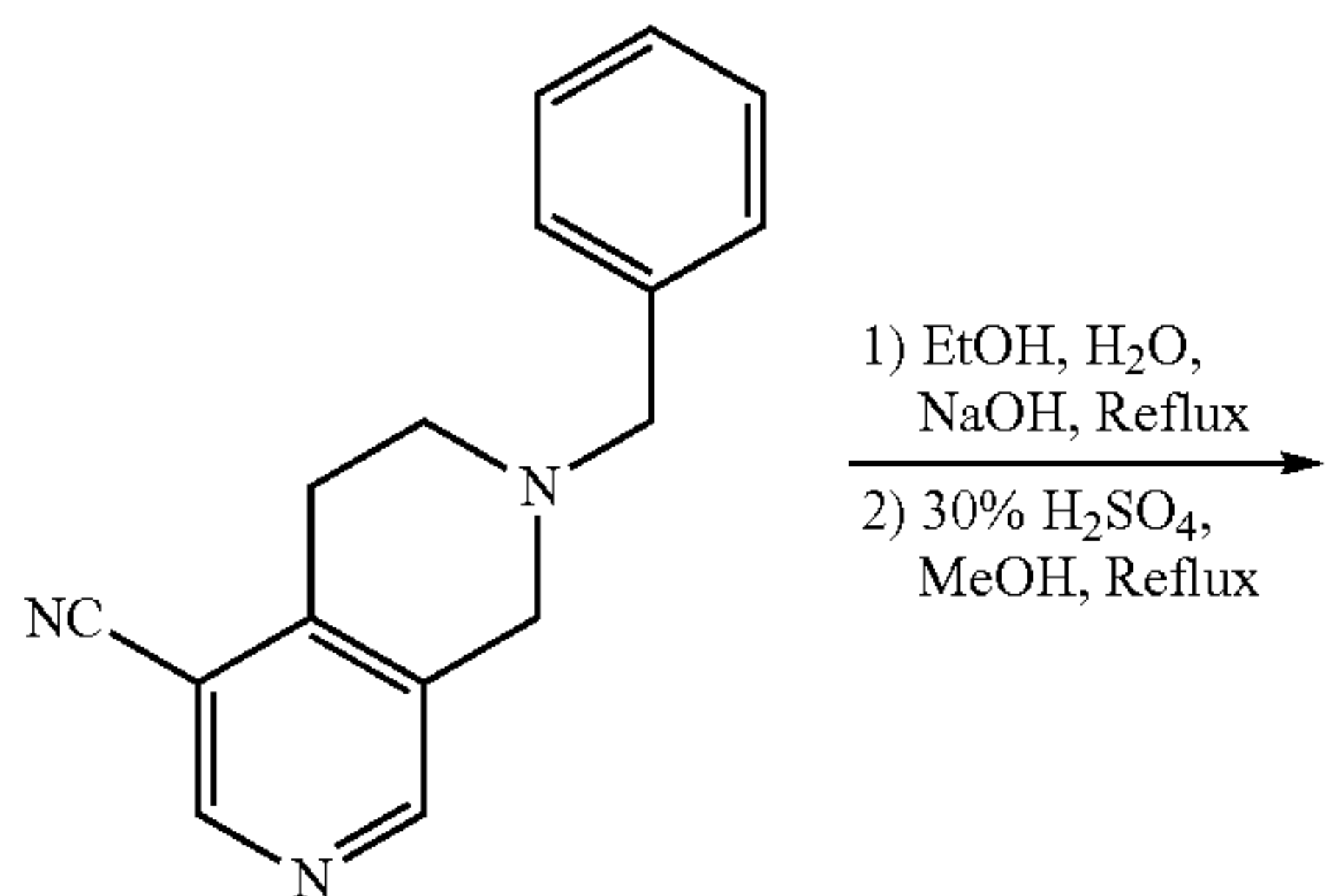
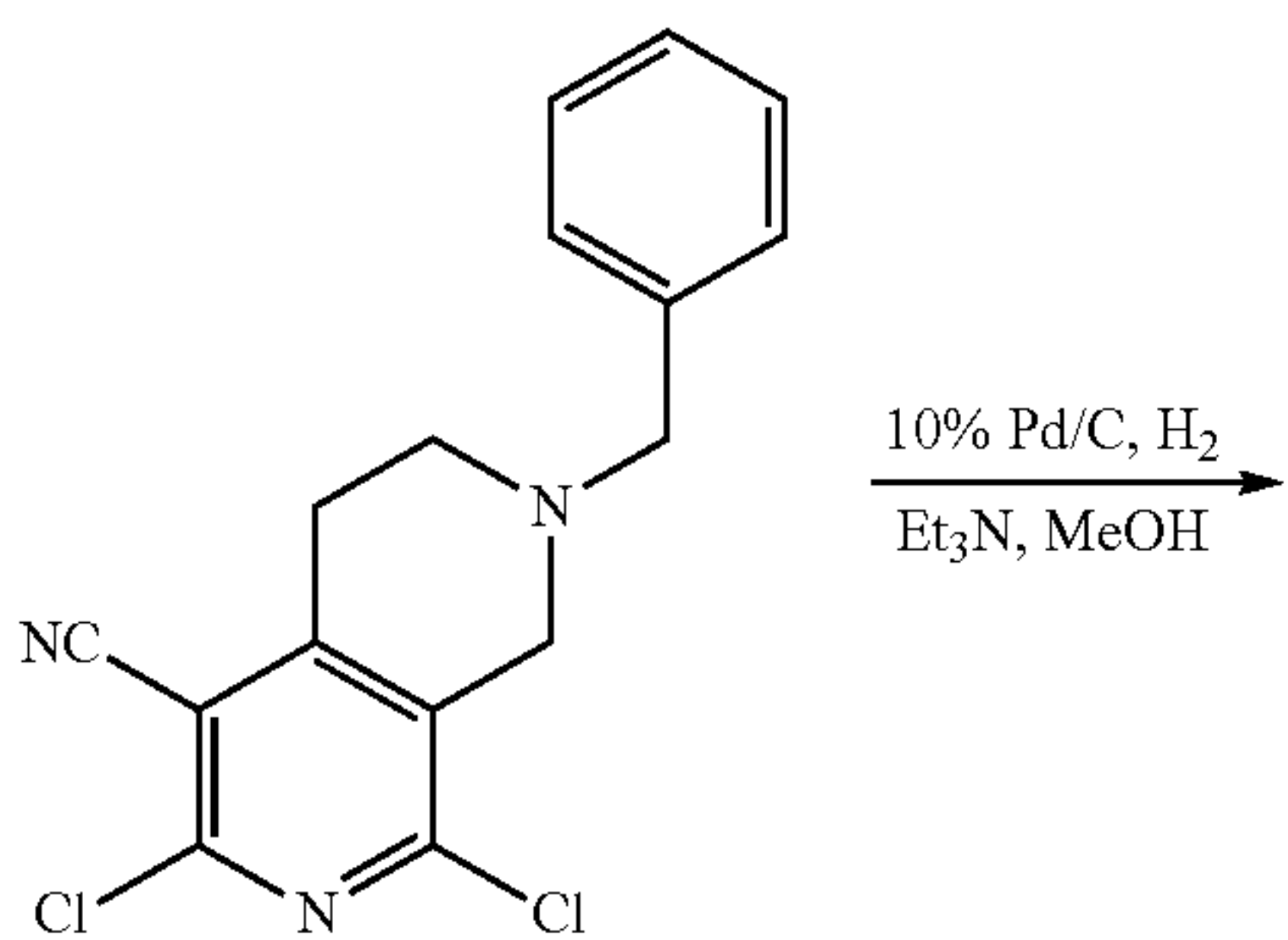
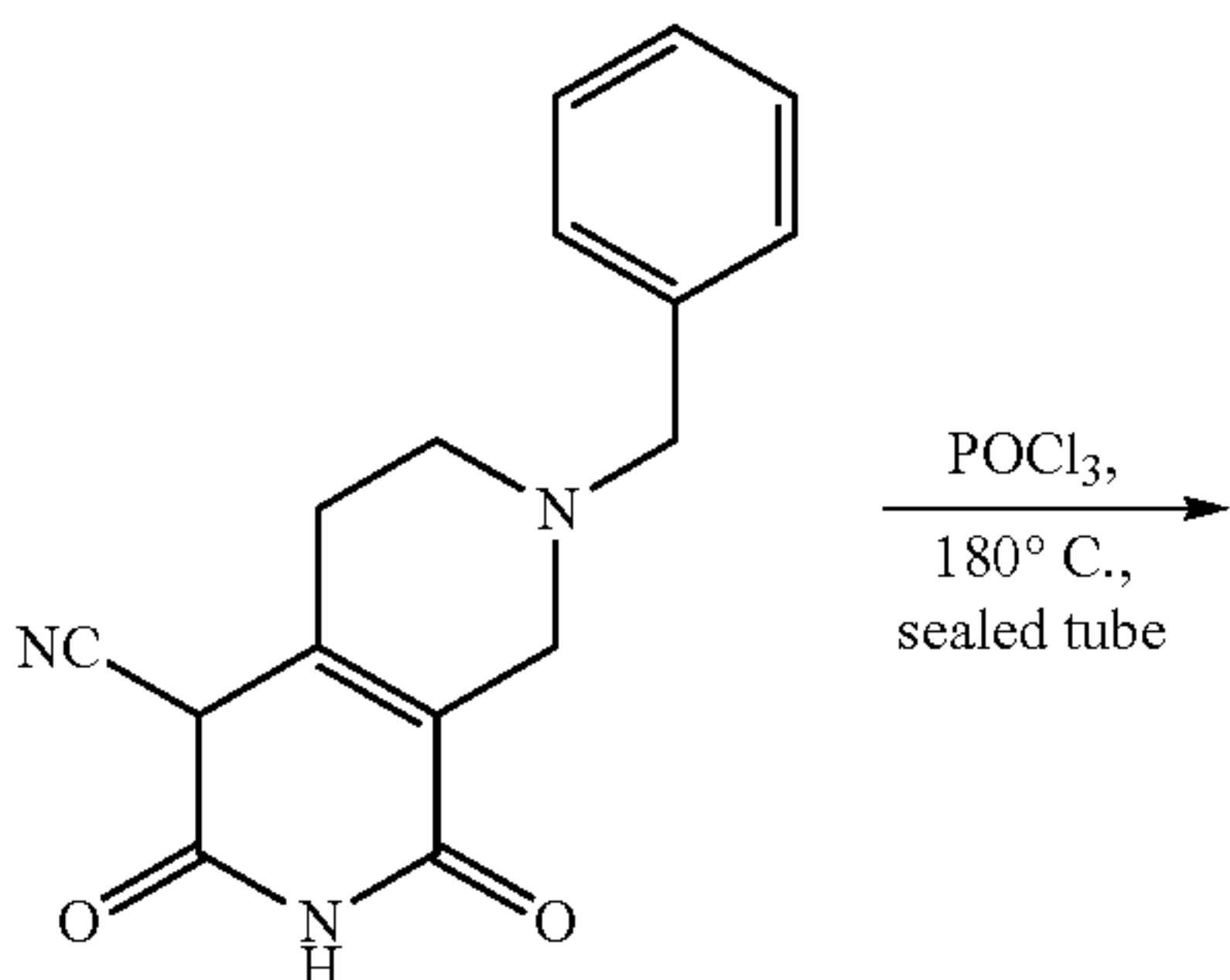
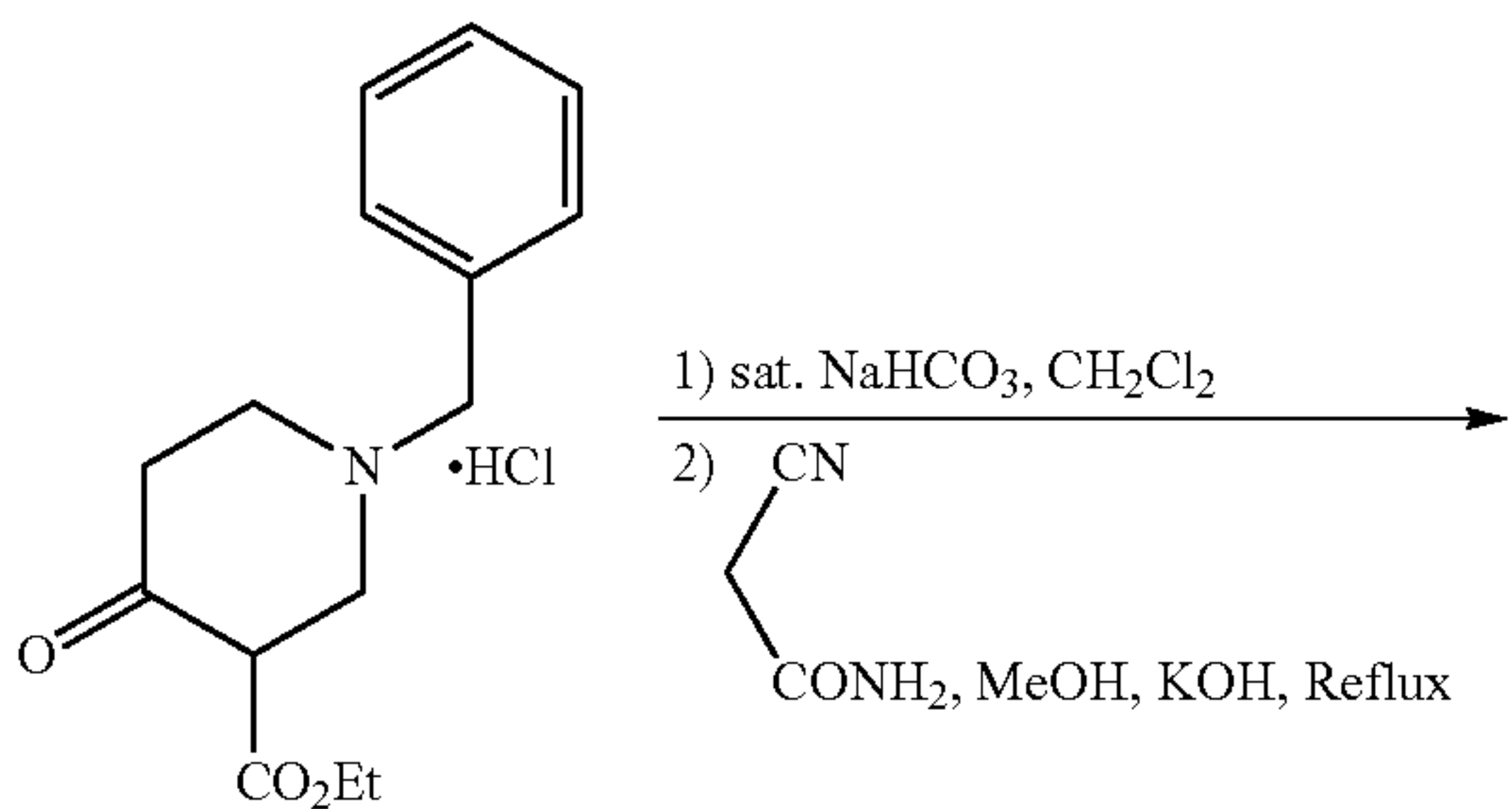


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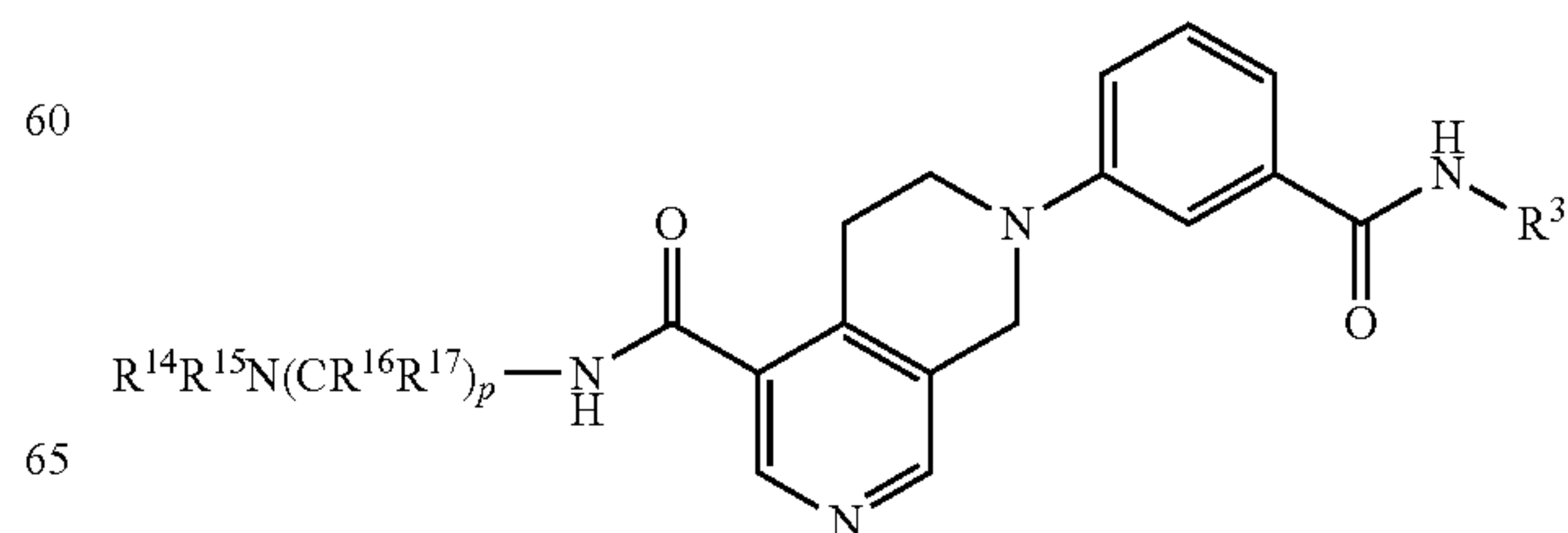
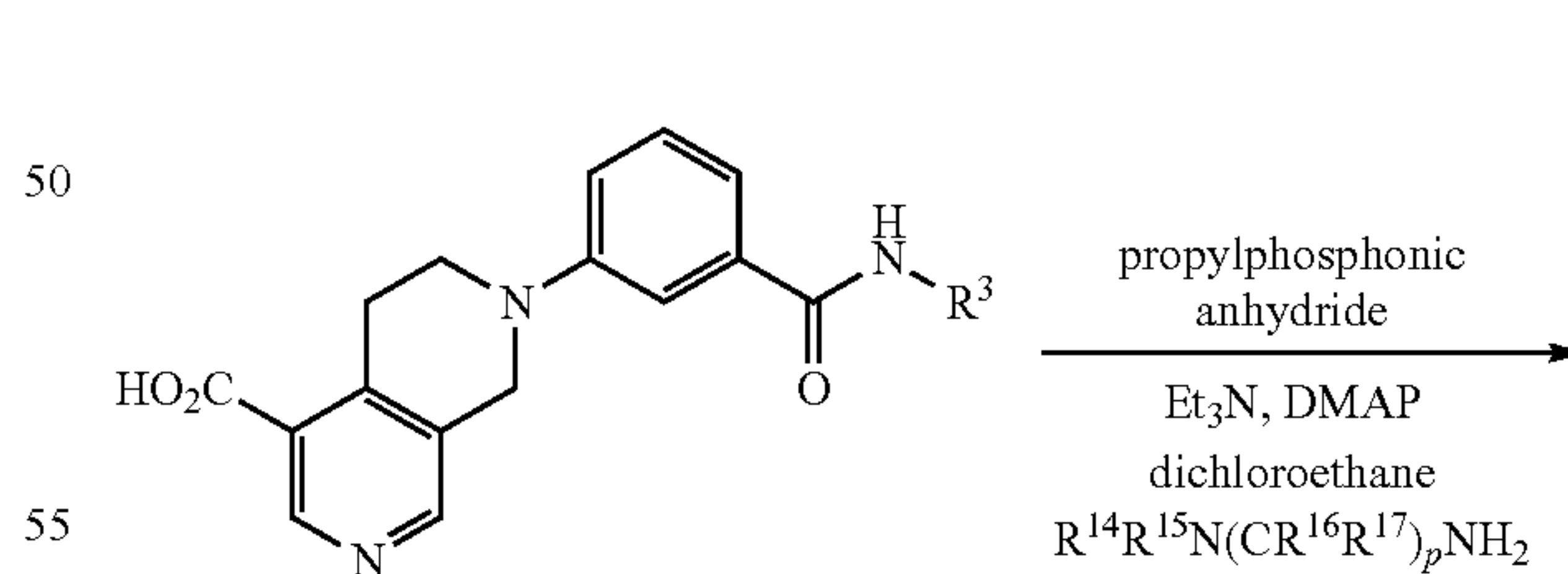
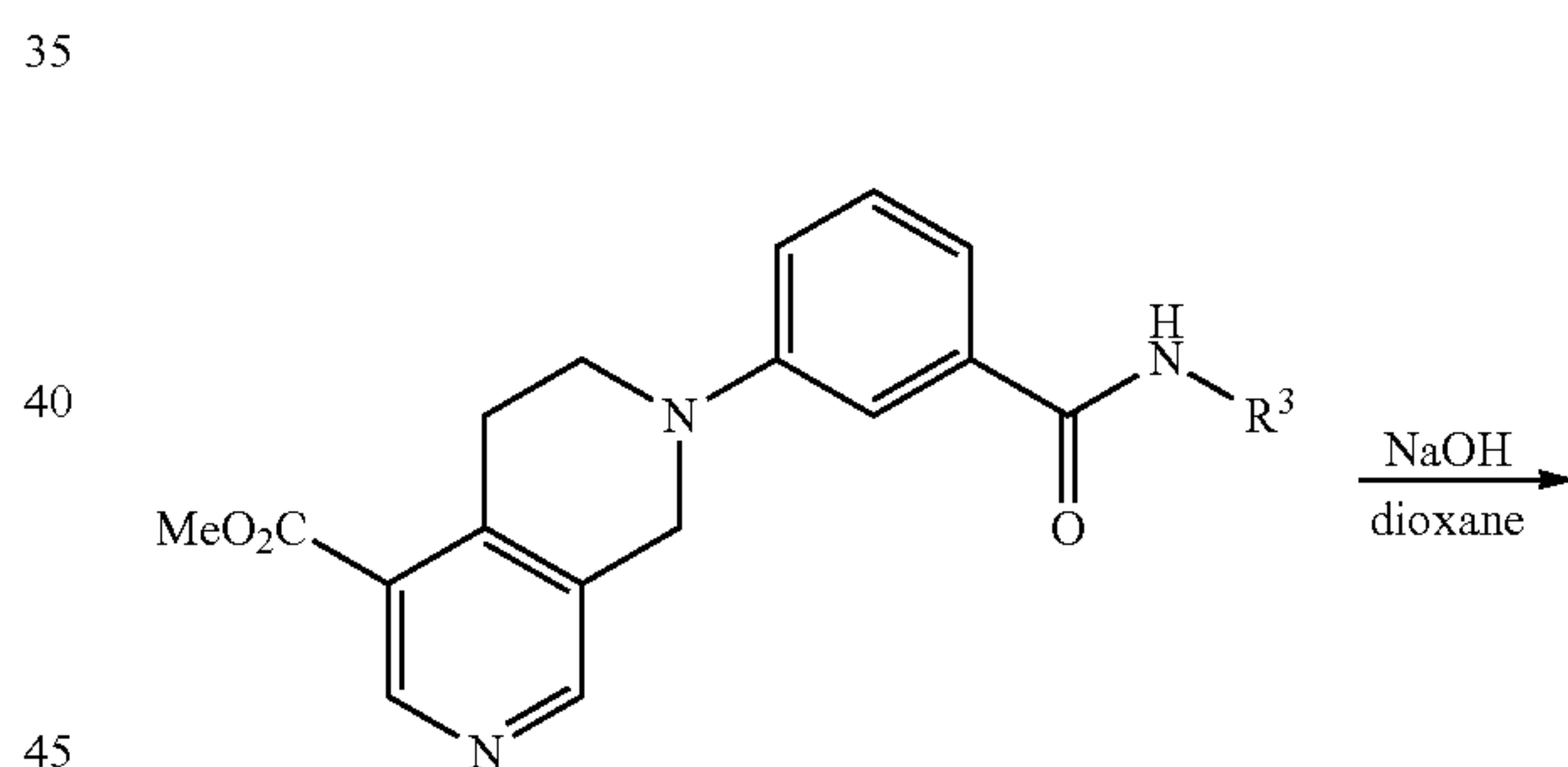
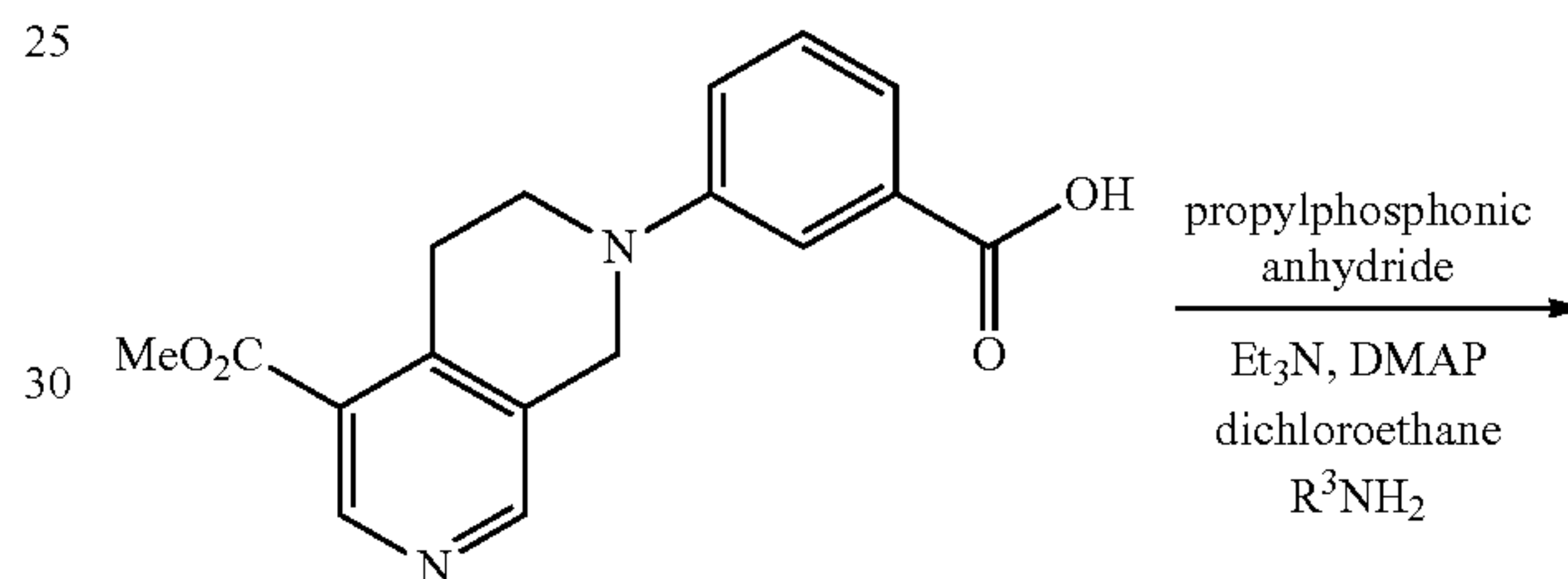
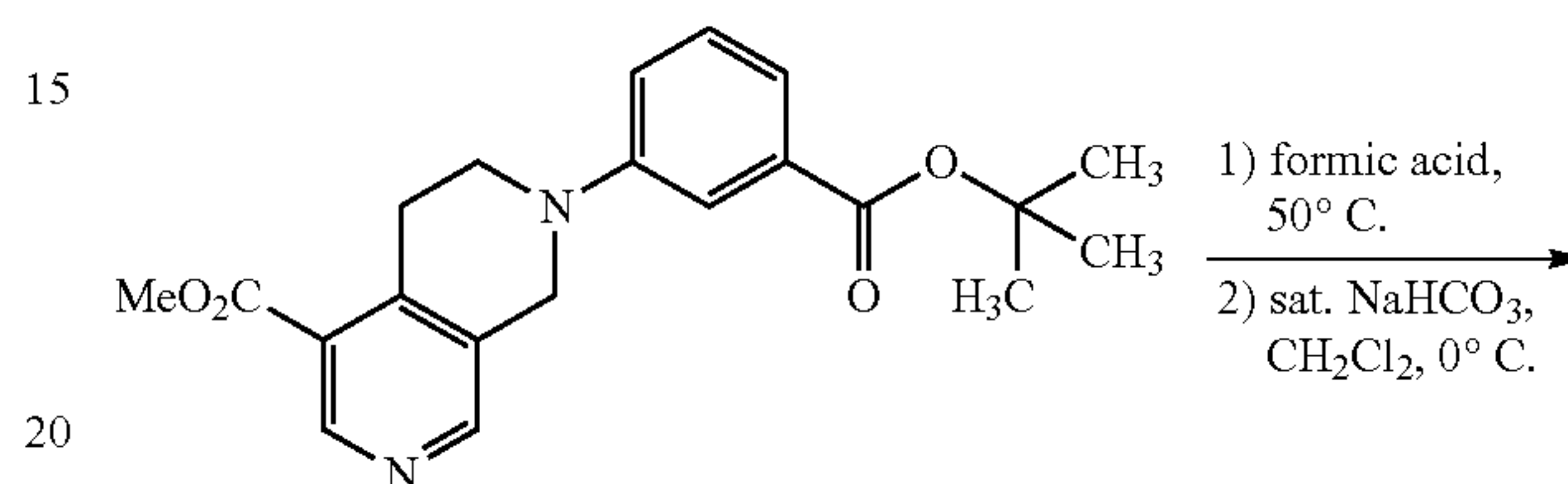
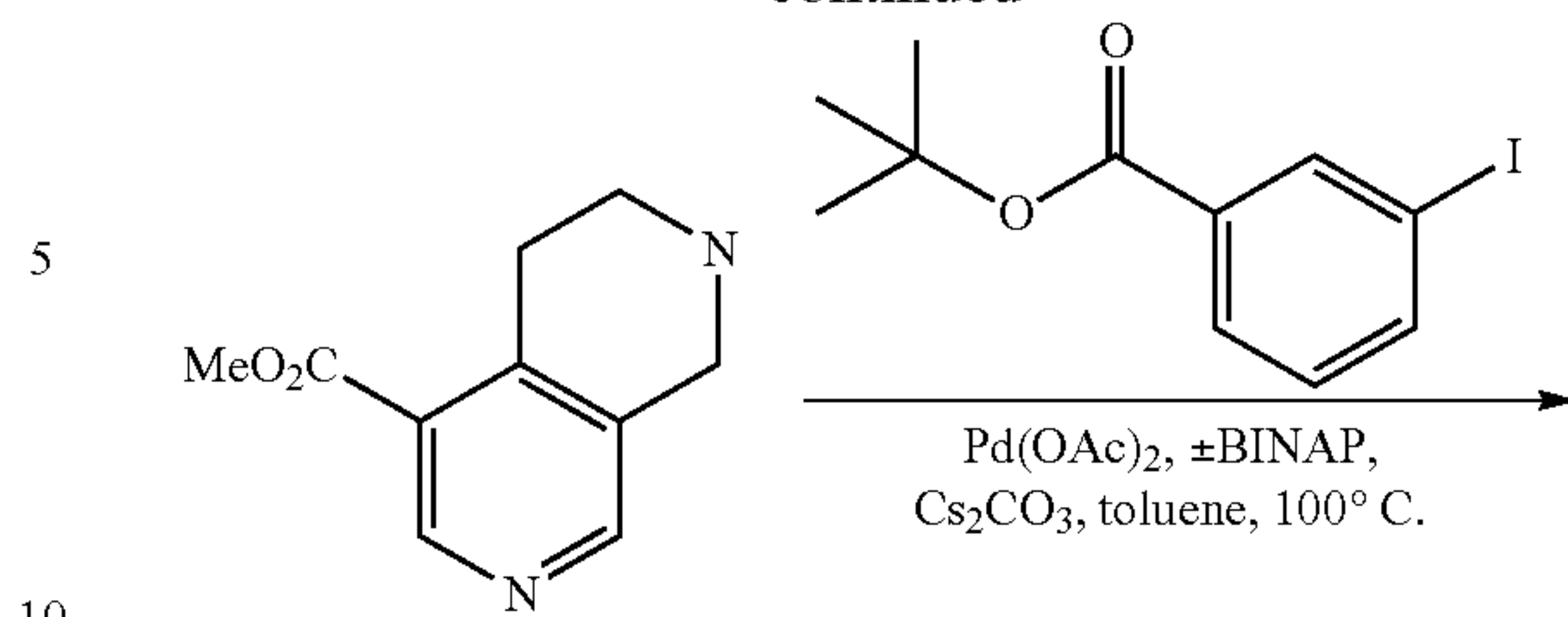
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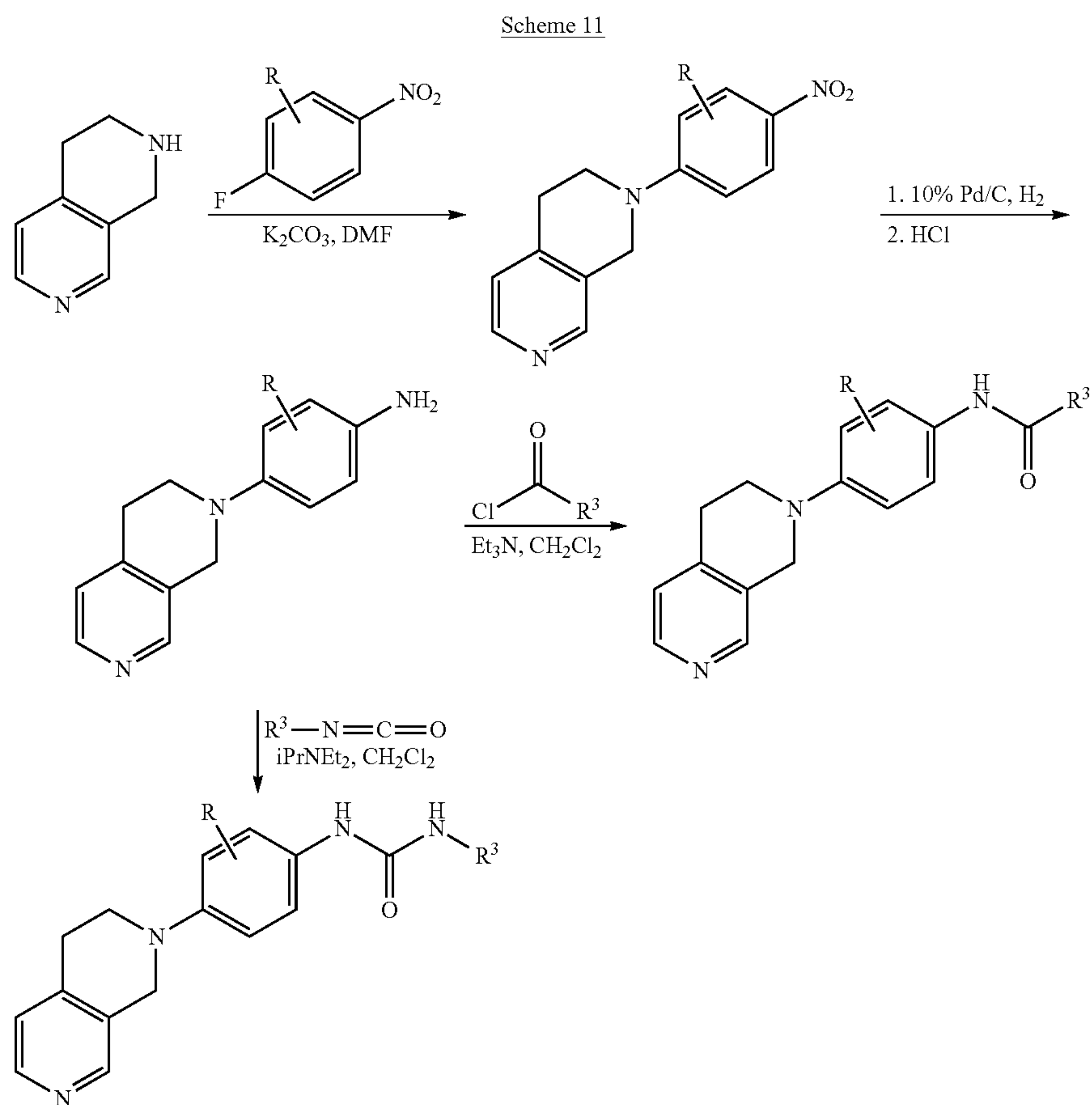
Scheme 10



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In particular the compounds of the present invention are selected from the compounds of Table 1, below. In Table 1 the compounds of the present invention are exemplified by any combination of Ar<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> attached to the core template 40 illustrated.

TABLE 1

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
1		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-phenylbenzamide
2		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)benzamide



TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
3		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-methylphenyl)benzamide
4		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-tert-butylphenyl)benzamide
5		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide
6		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-methylphenyl)benzamide
7		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-methoxyphenyl)benzamide
8		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-ethylphenyl)benzamide

TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
9		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-ethylphenyl)benzamide
10		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-propylphenyl)benzamide
11		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-{4-[(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)oxy]phenyl}benzamide
12		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)benzamide
13		4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-phenylbenzamide
14		4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-methylphenyl)benzamide



TABLE 1-continued

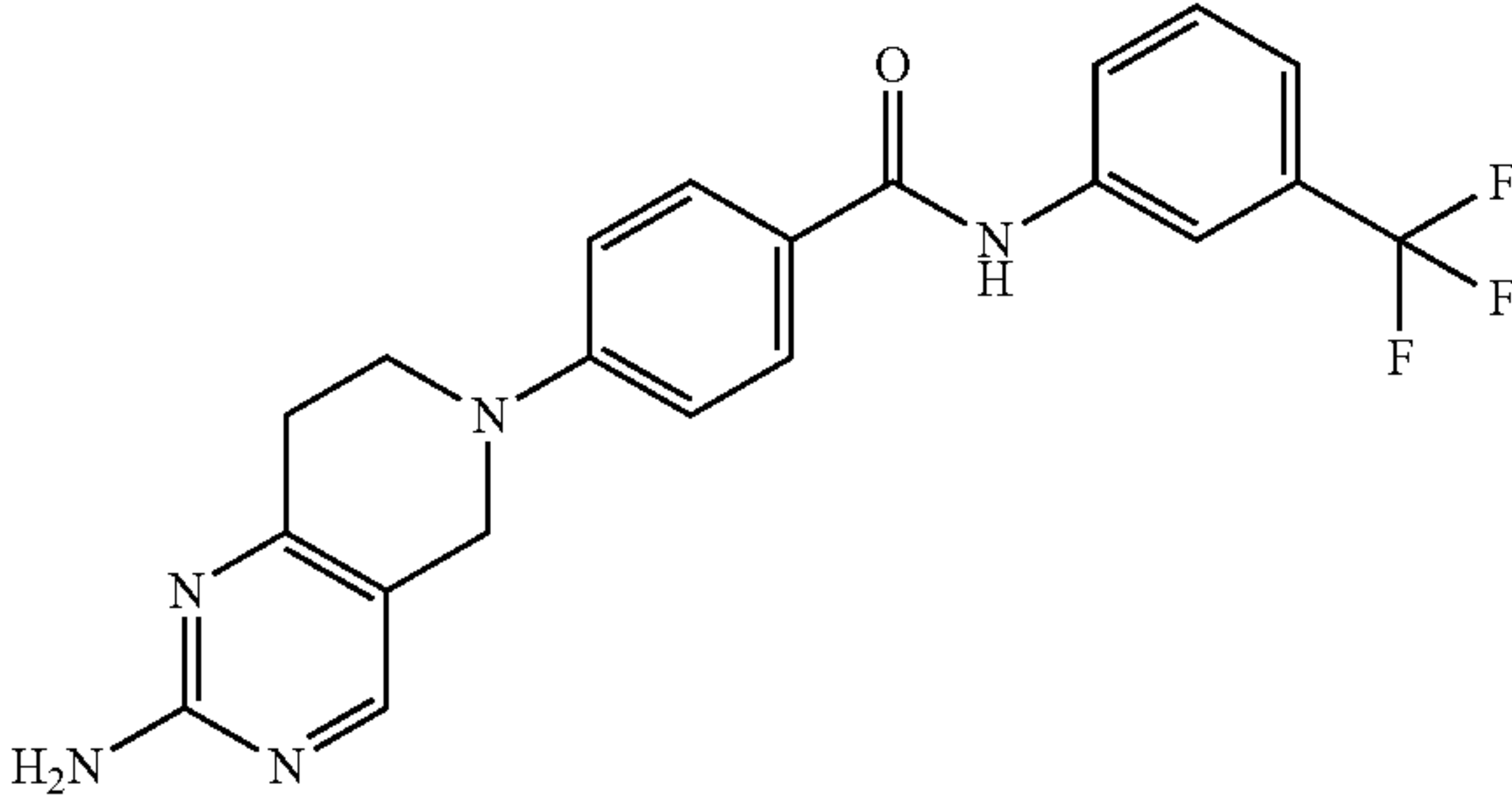
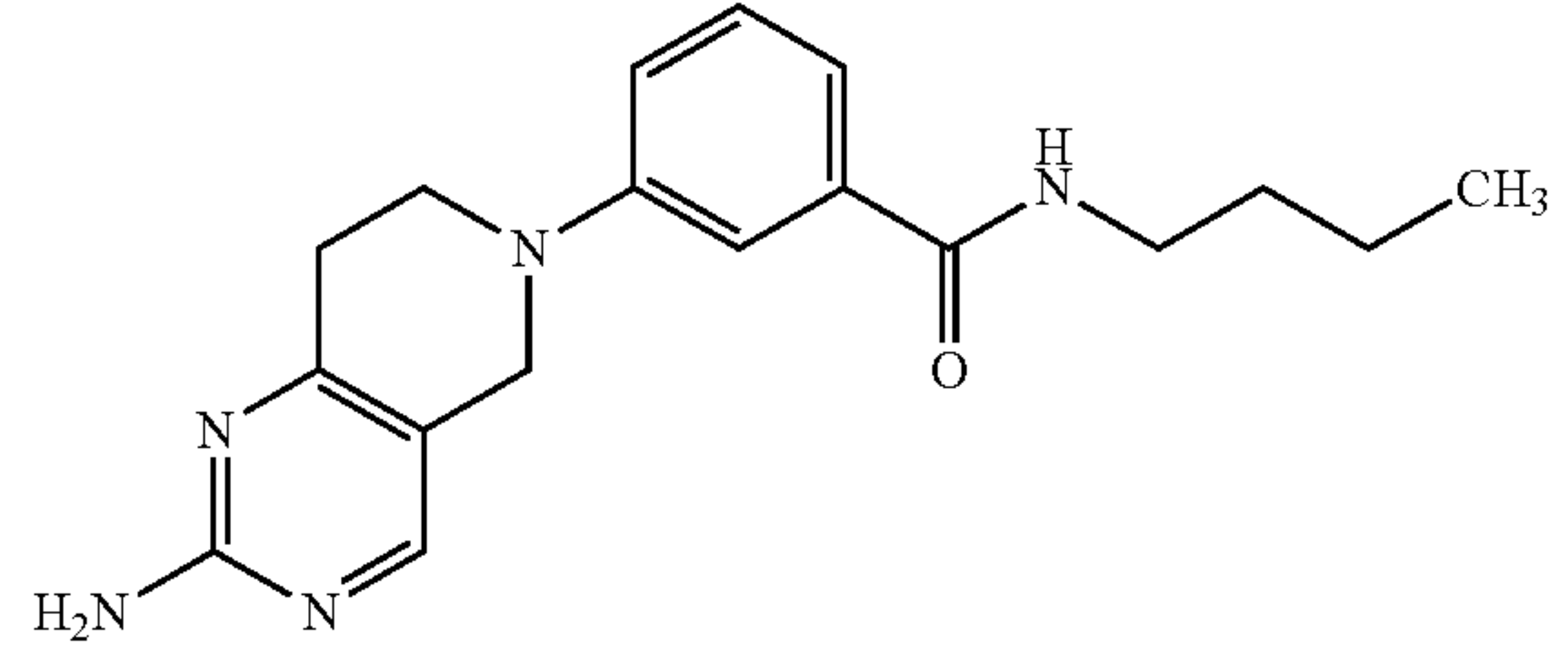
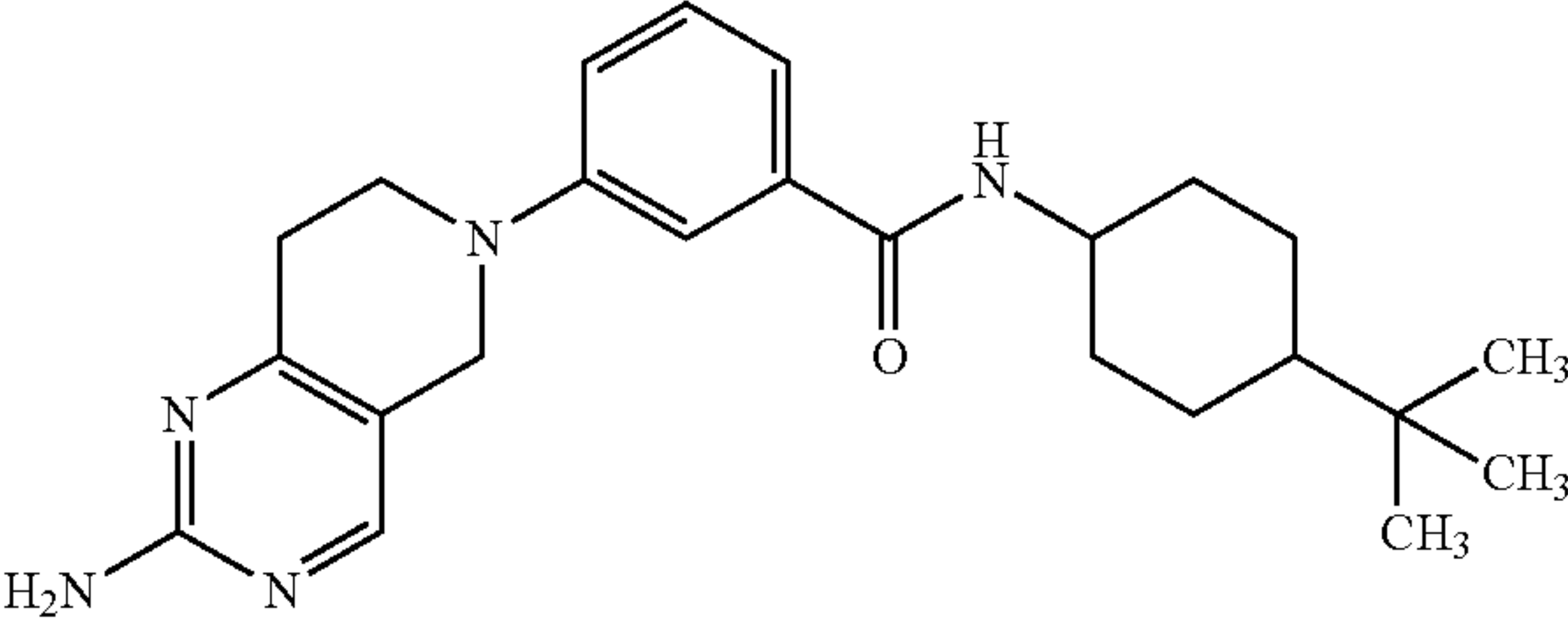
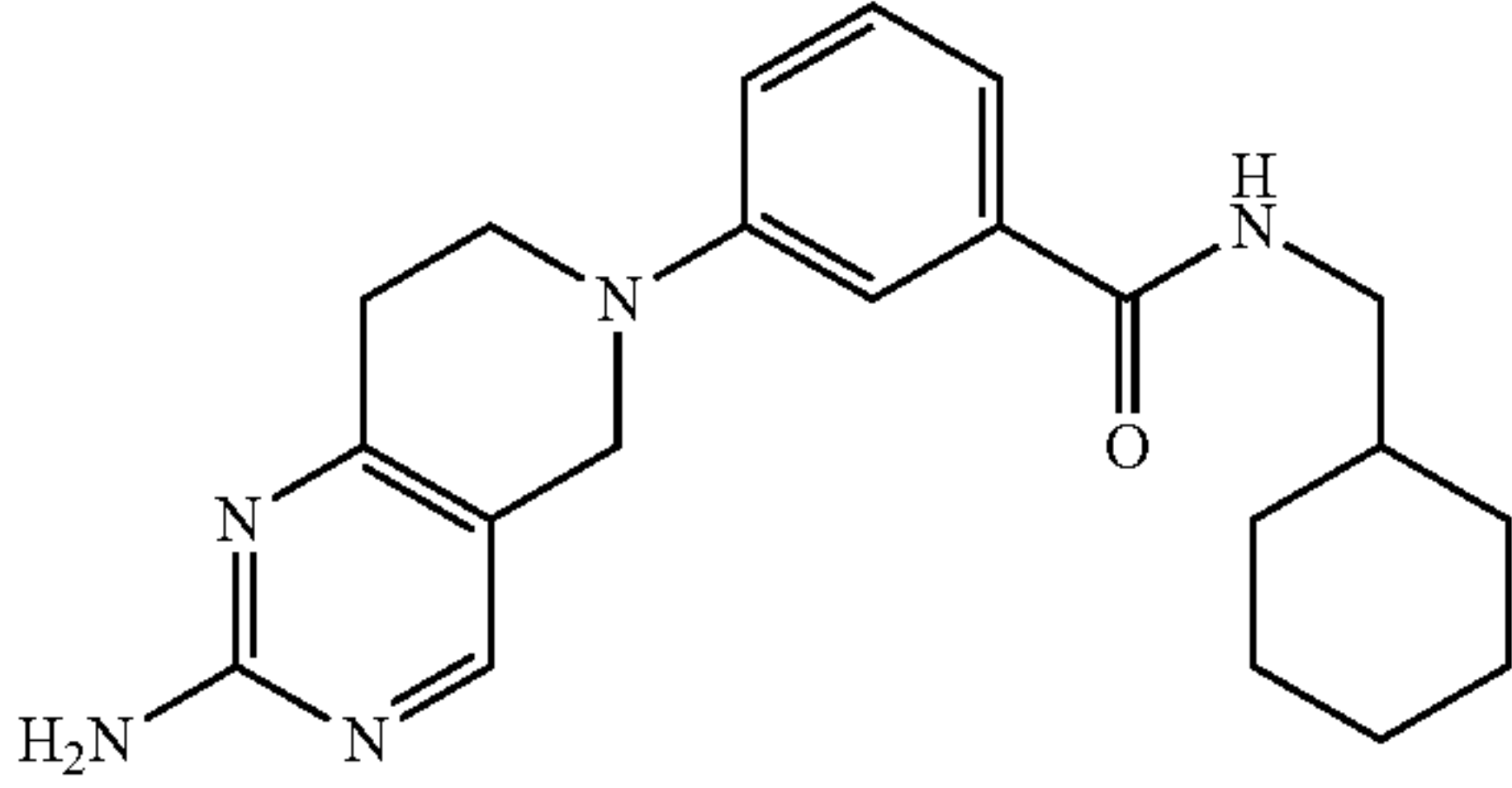
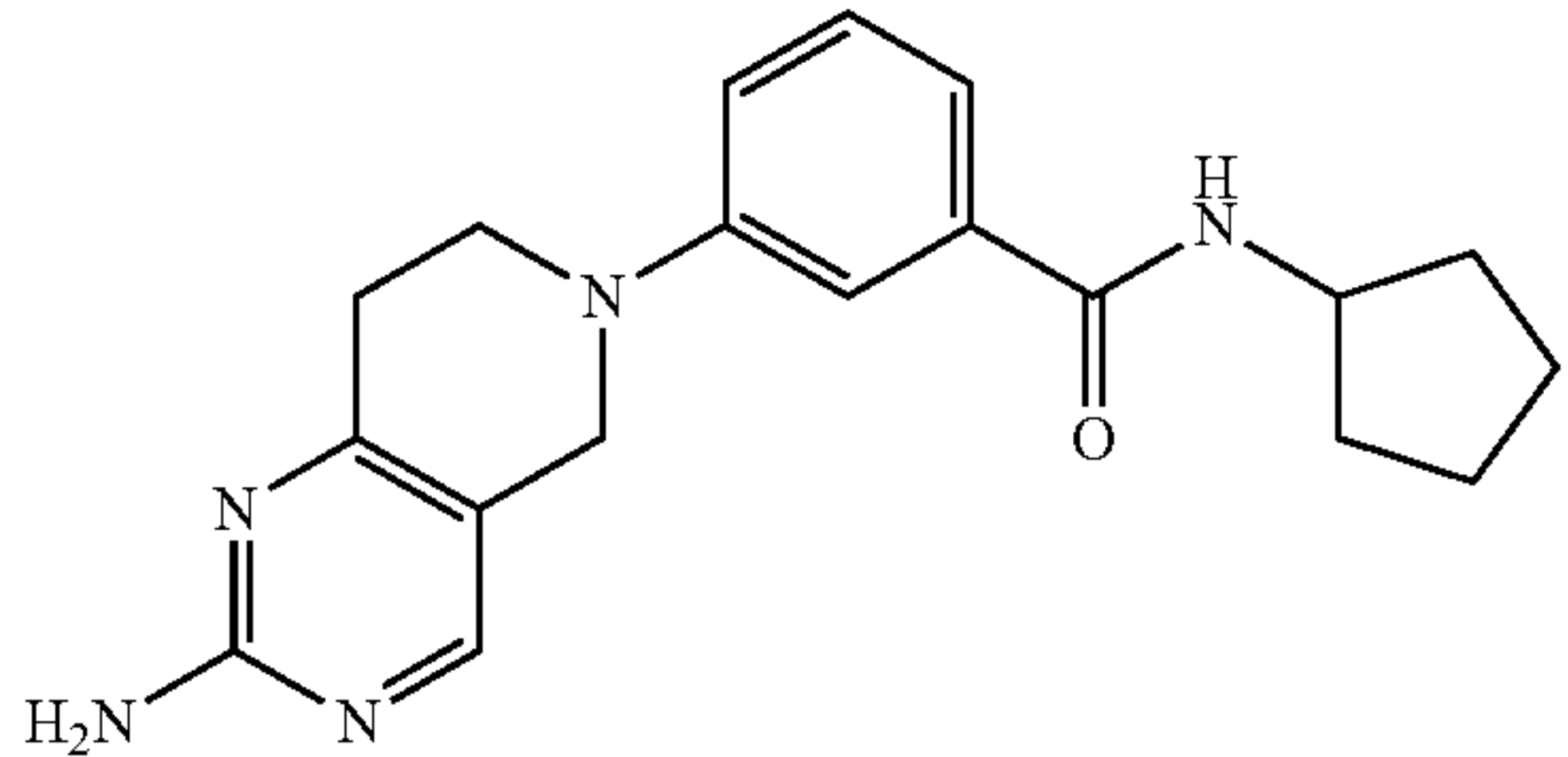
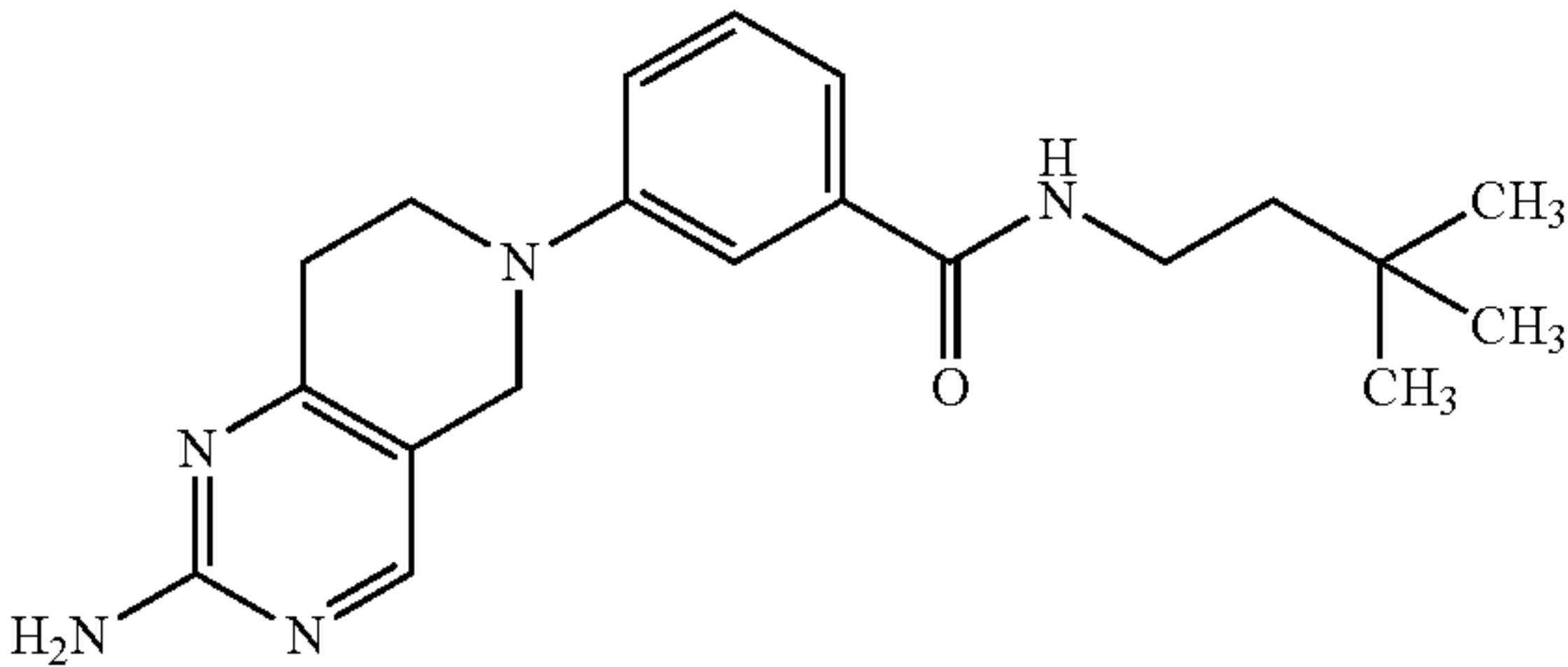
Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
15		4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide
16		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-butylbenzamide
17		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-tert-butylcyclohexyl)benzamide
18		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(cyclohexylmethyl)benzamide
19		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-cyclopentylbenzamide
20		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3,3-dimethylbutyl)benzamide

TABLE 1-continued

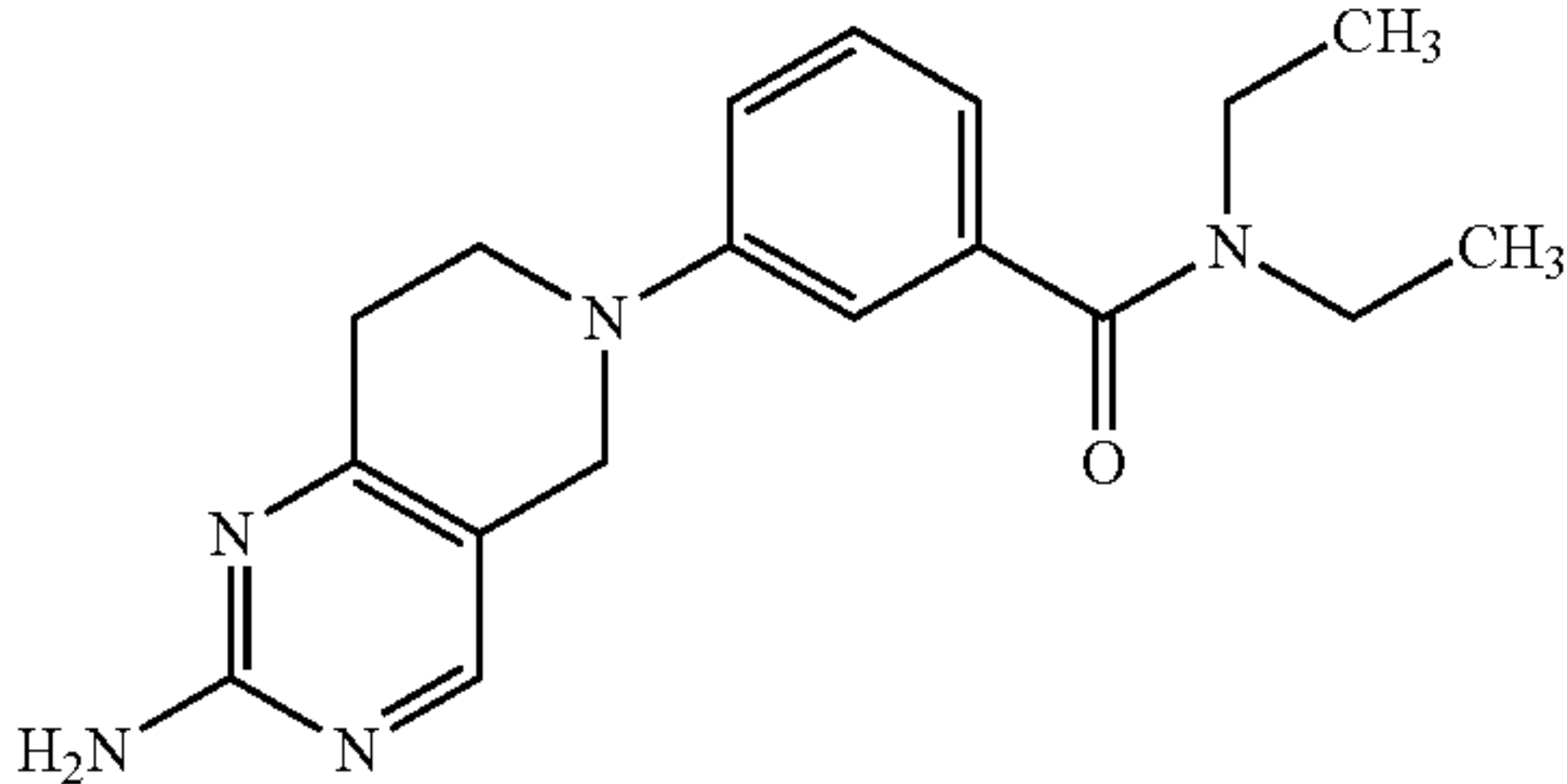
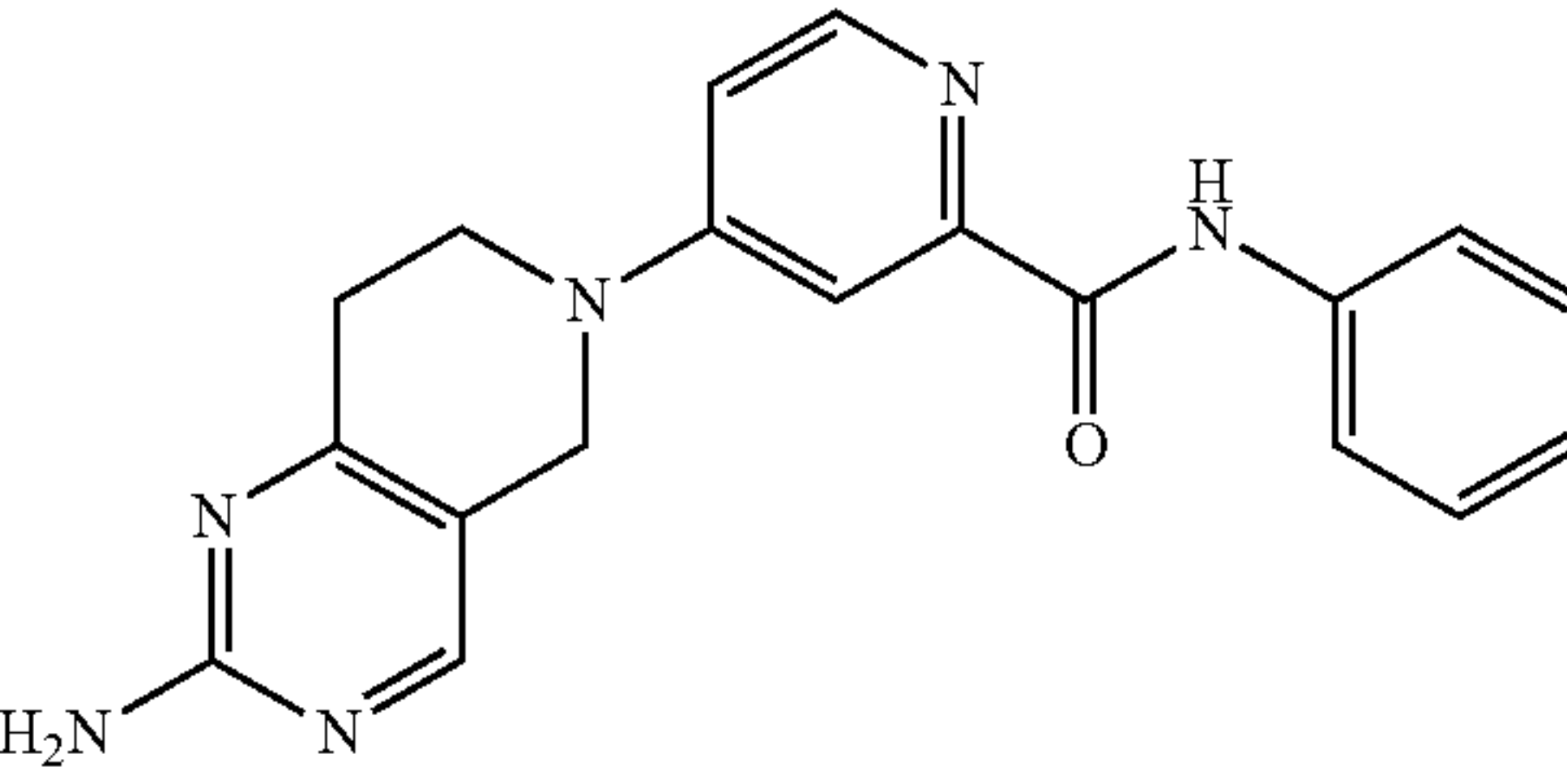
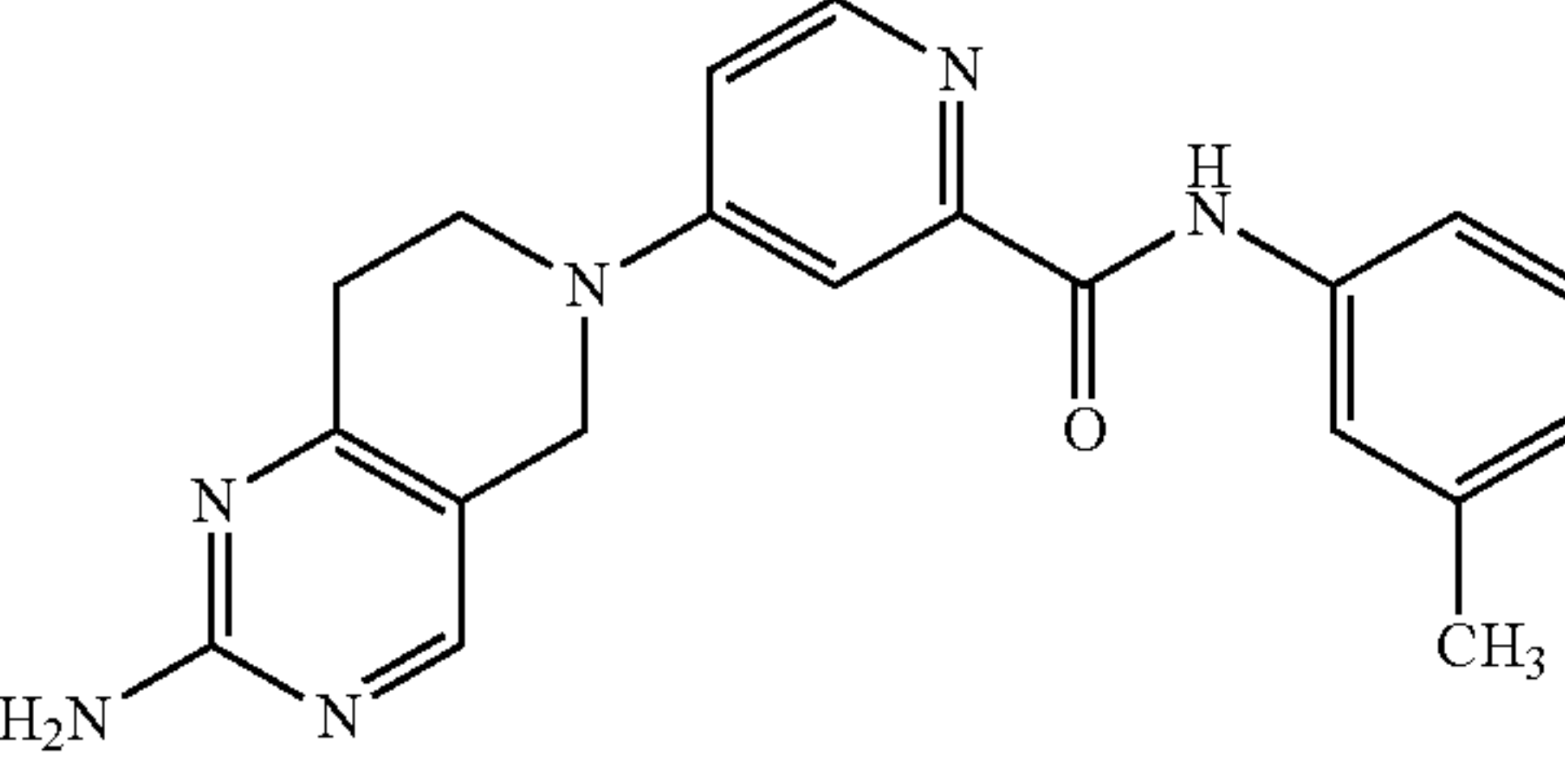
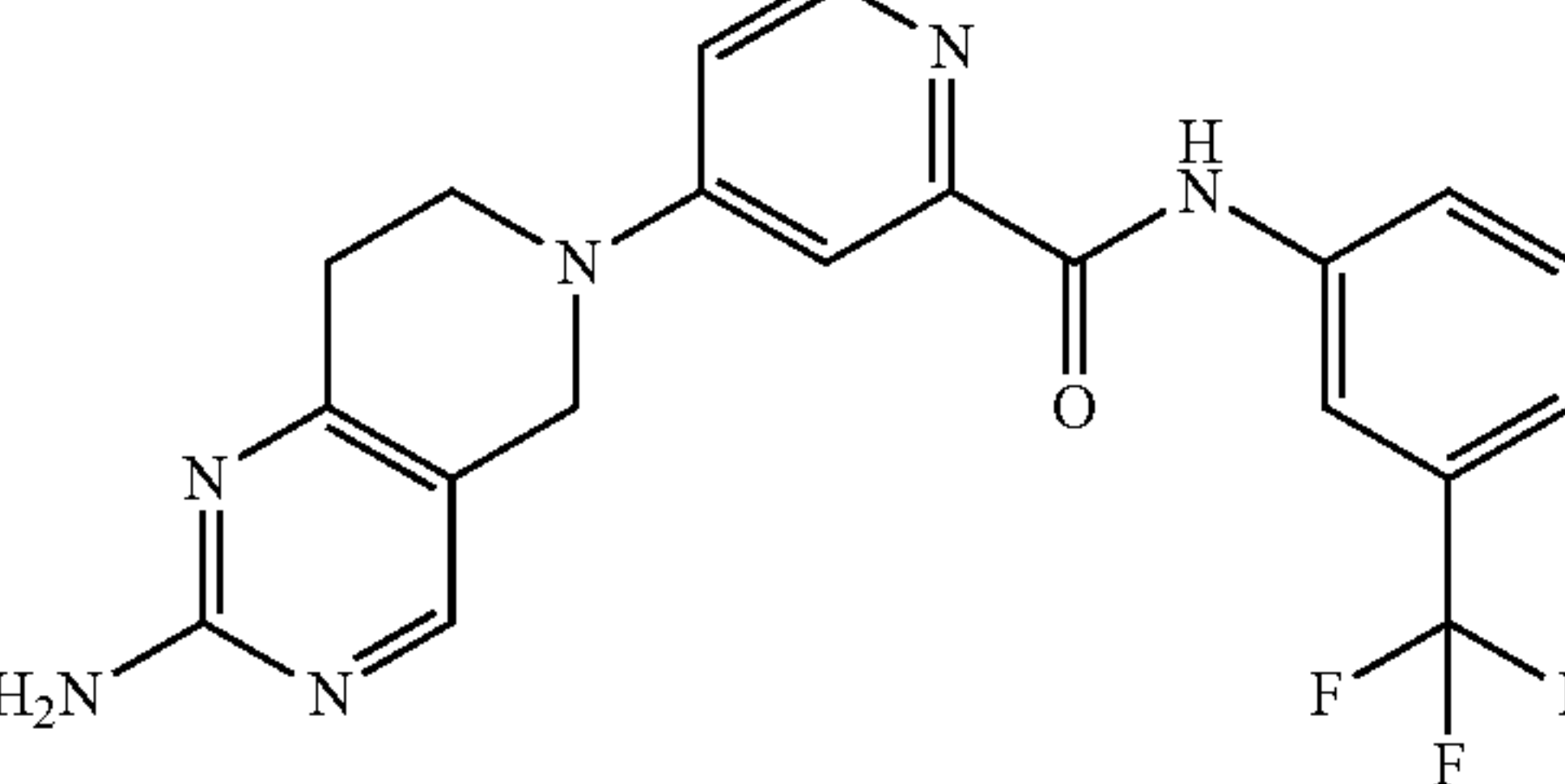
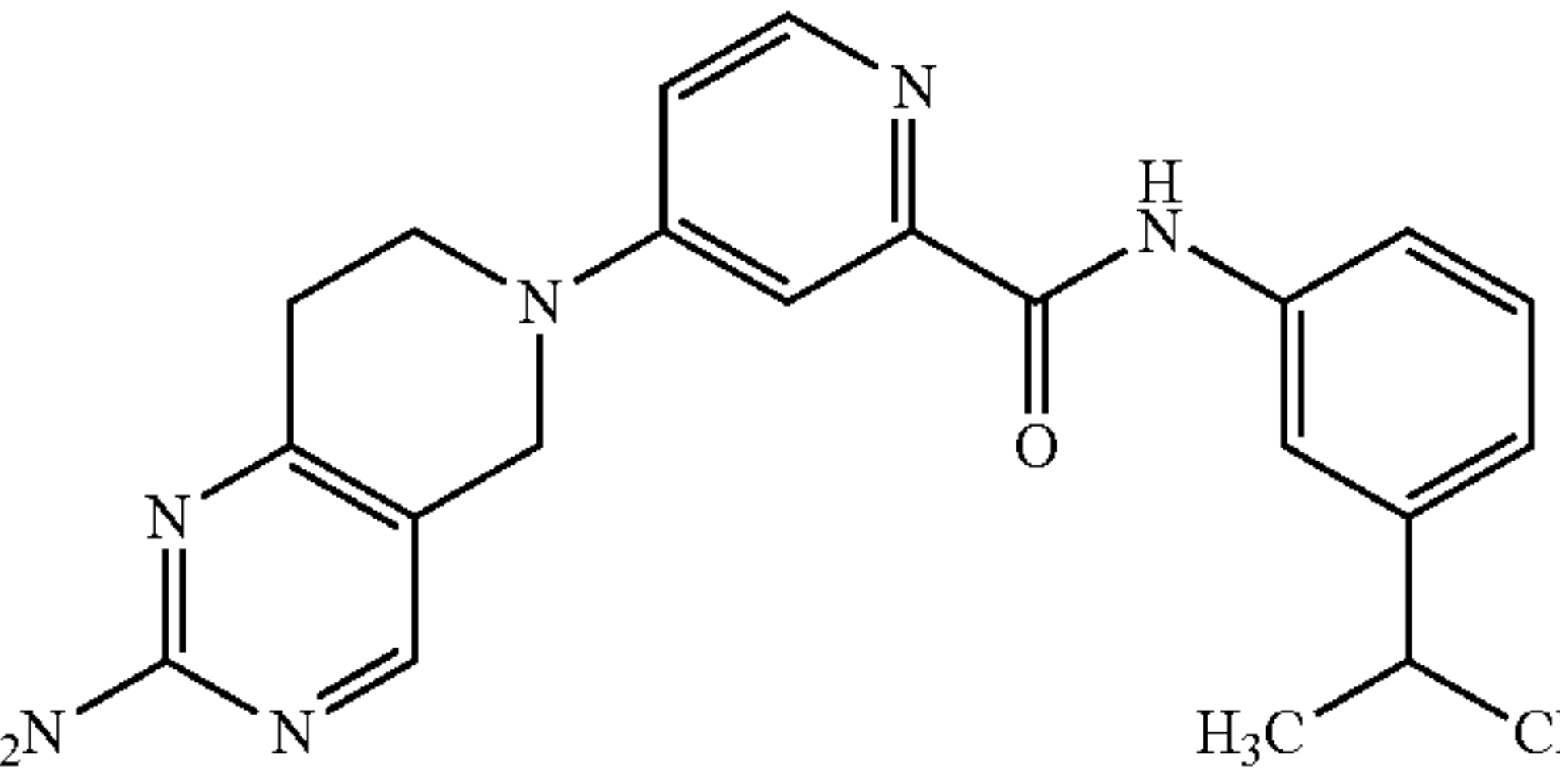
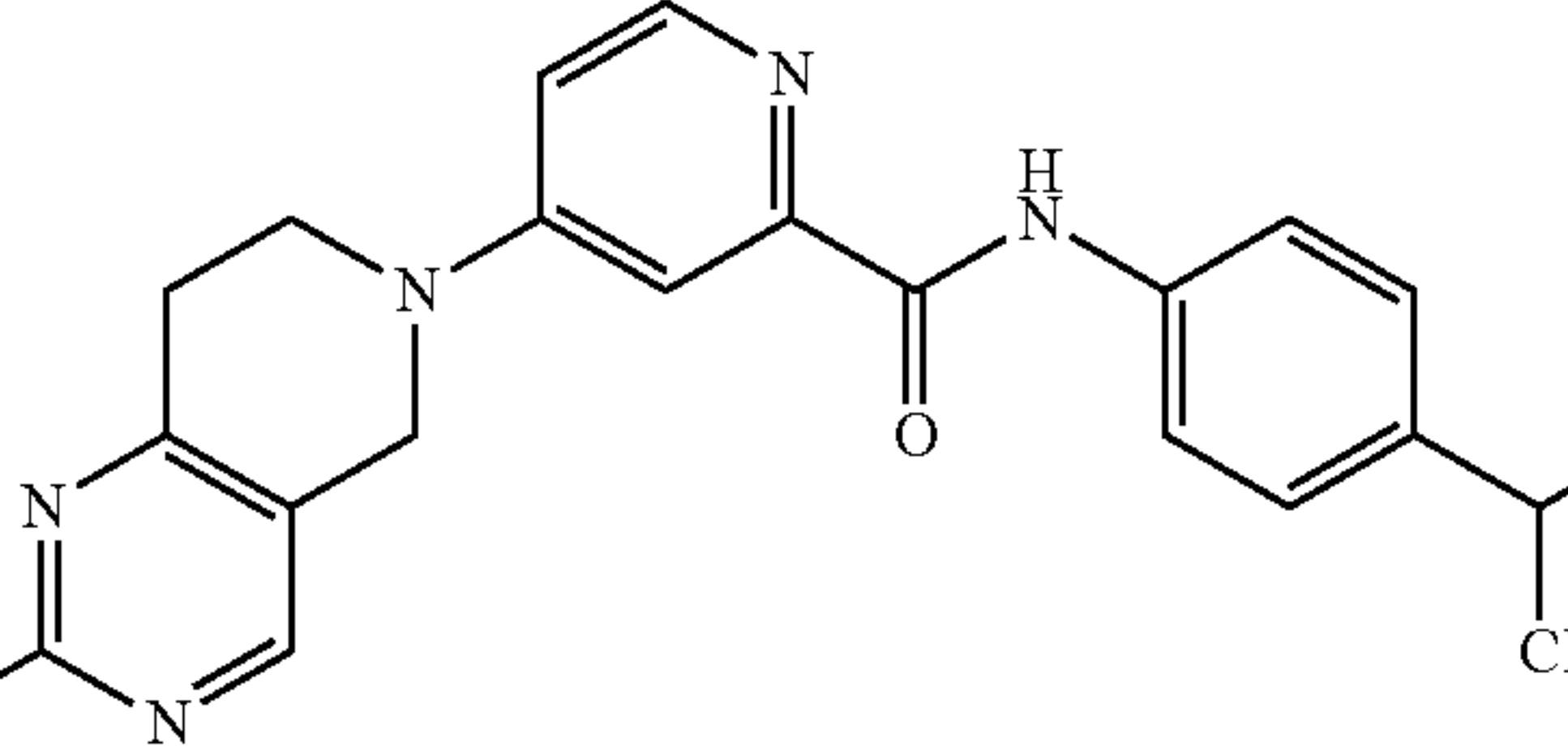
Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
21		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N,N-diethylbenzamide
22		4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-phenylpyridine-2-carboxamide
23		4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-methylphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxamide
24		4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]pyridine-2-carboxamide
25		4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxamide
26		4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxamide



TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
27		4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-5-methyl-N-phenylpyridine-2-carboxamide
28		4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-5-methyl-N-(3-methylphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxamide
29		4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-5-methylpyridine-2-carboxamide
30		4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)-5-methylpyridine-2-carboxamide
31		4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-6-methyl-N-phenylpyridine-2-carboxamide
32		4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-6-methyl-N-(3-methylphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
33		4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-6-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]pyridine-2-carboxamide
34		4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-6-methylpyridine-2-carboxamide
35		4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)-6-methylpyridine-2-carboxamide
36		6-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-phenylpyridine-2-carboxamide
37		6-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-methylphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxamide



TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
38		6-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]pyridine-2-carboxamide
39		6-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxamide
40		6-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxamide
41		6-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-5-methyl-N-phenylpyridine-2-carboxamide
42		6-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-5-methyl-N-(3-methylphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxamide
43		6-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-5-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]pyridine-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
44		6-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-5-methylpyridine-2-carboxamide
45		6-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)-5-methylpyridine-2-carboxamide
46		6-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-4-methyl-N-phenylpyridine-2-carboxamide
47		6-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-4-methyl-N-(3-methylphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxamide
48		6-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-4-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]pyridine-2-carboxamide



TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
49		6-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methylpyridine-2-carboxamide
50		6-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)-4-methylpyridine-2-carboxamide
51		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-phenylisonicotinamide
52		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-methylphenyl)isonicotinamide
53		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)isonicotinamide
54		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)isonicotinamide

TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
55		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]isonicotinamide
56		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-6-methyl-N-phenylisonicotinamide
57		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-6-methyl-N-(3-methylphenyl)isonicotinamide
58		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-6-methylisonicotinamide
59		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)-6-methylisonicotinamide

TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
60		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-6-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]isonicotinamide
61		1-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]isoquinoline-3-carboxamide
62		1-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)isoquinoline-3-carboxamide
63		1-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)isoquinoline-3-carboxamide
64		1-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-methylphenyl)isoquinoline-3-carboxamide



TABLE 1-continued

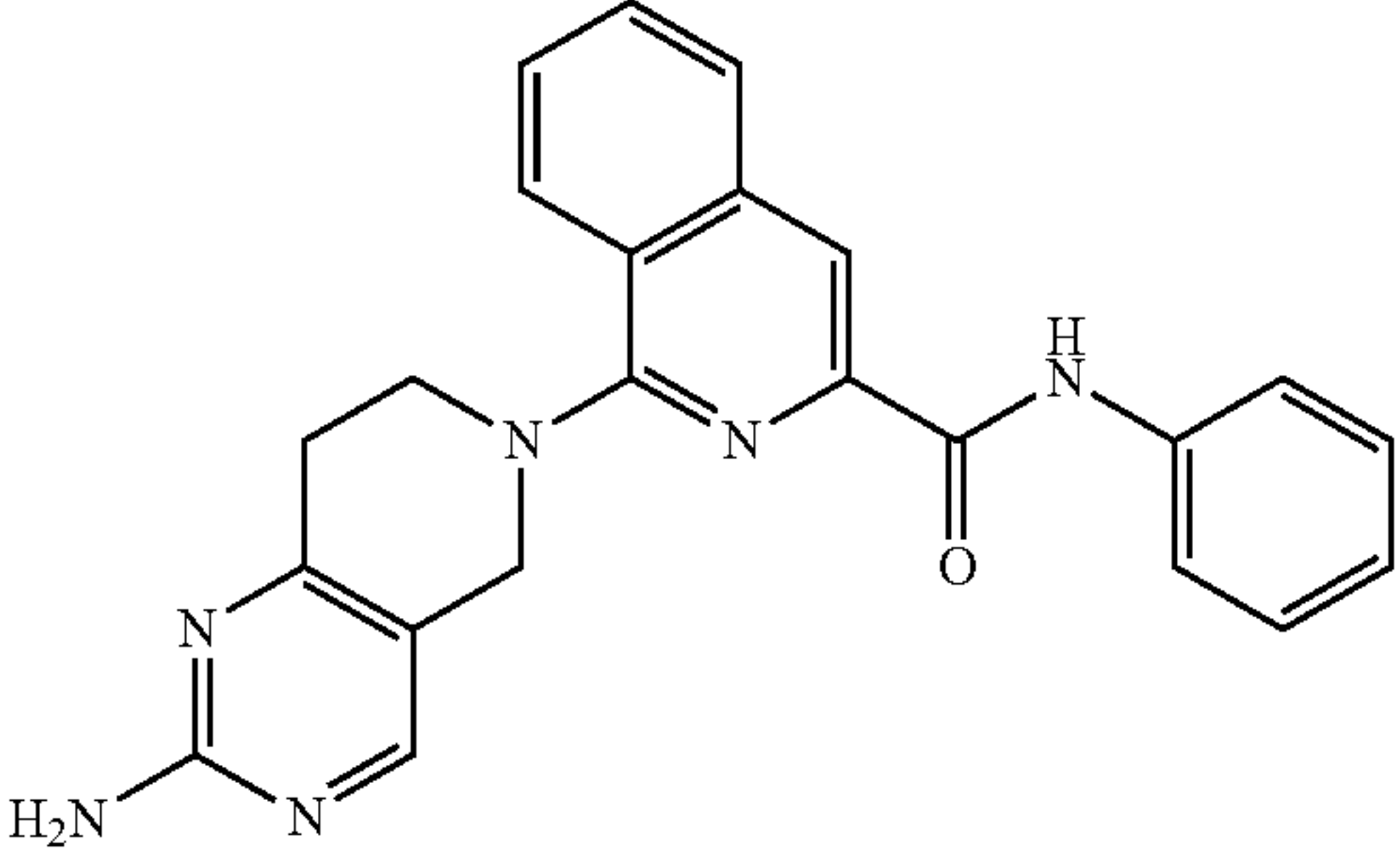
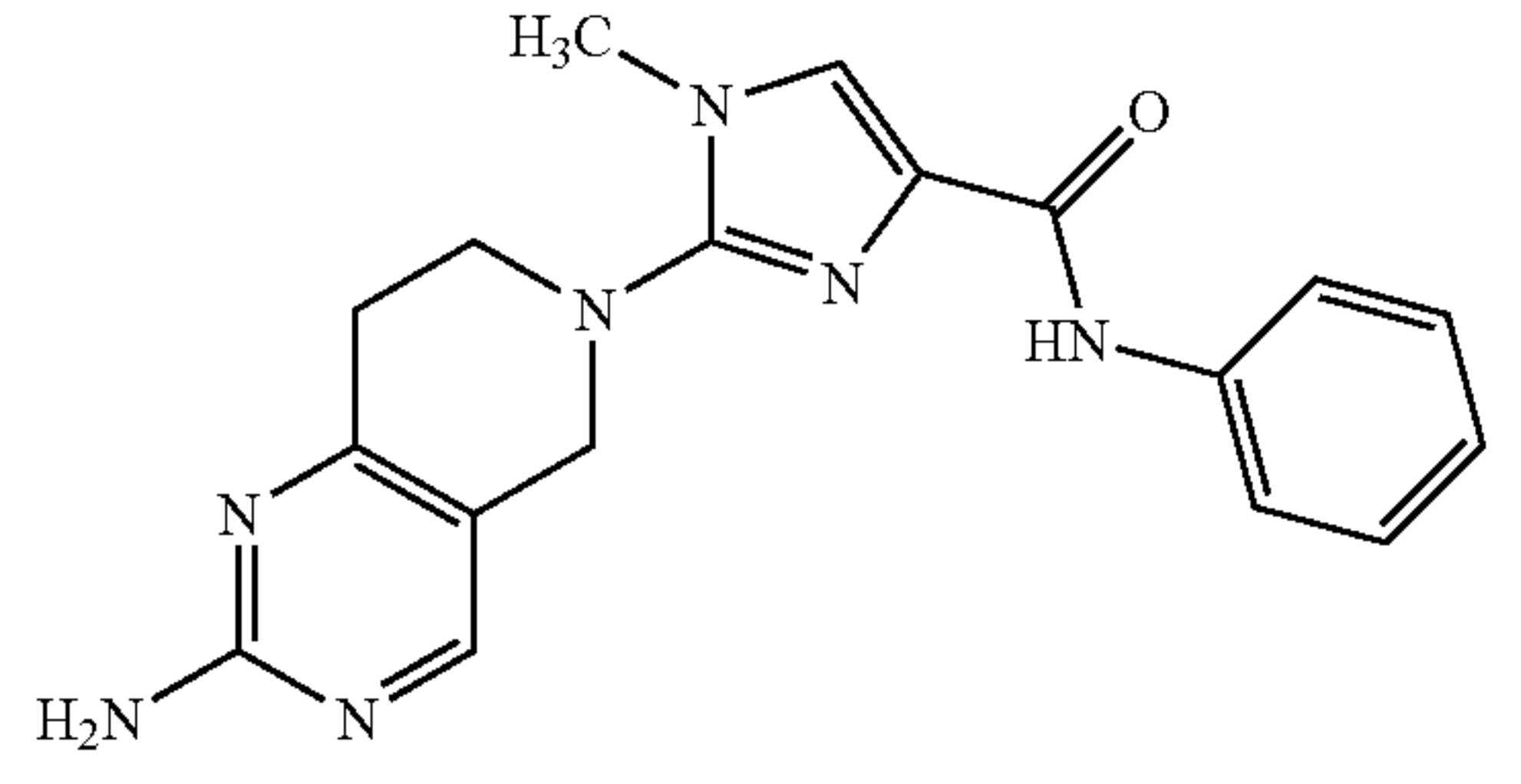
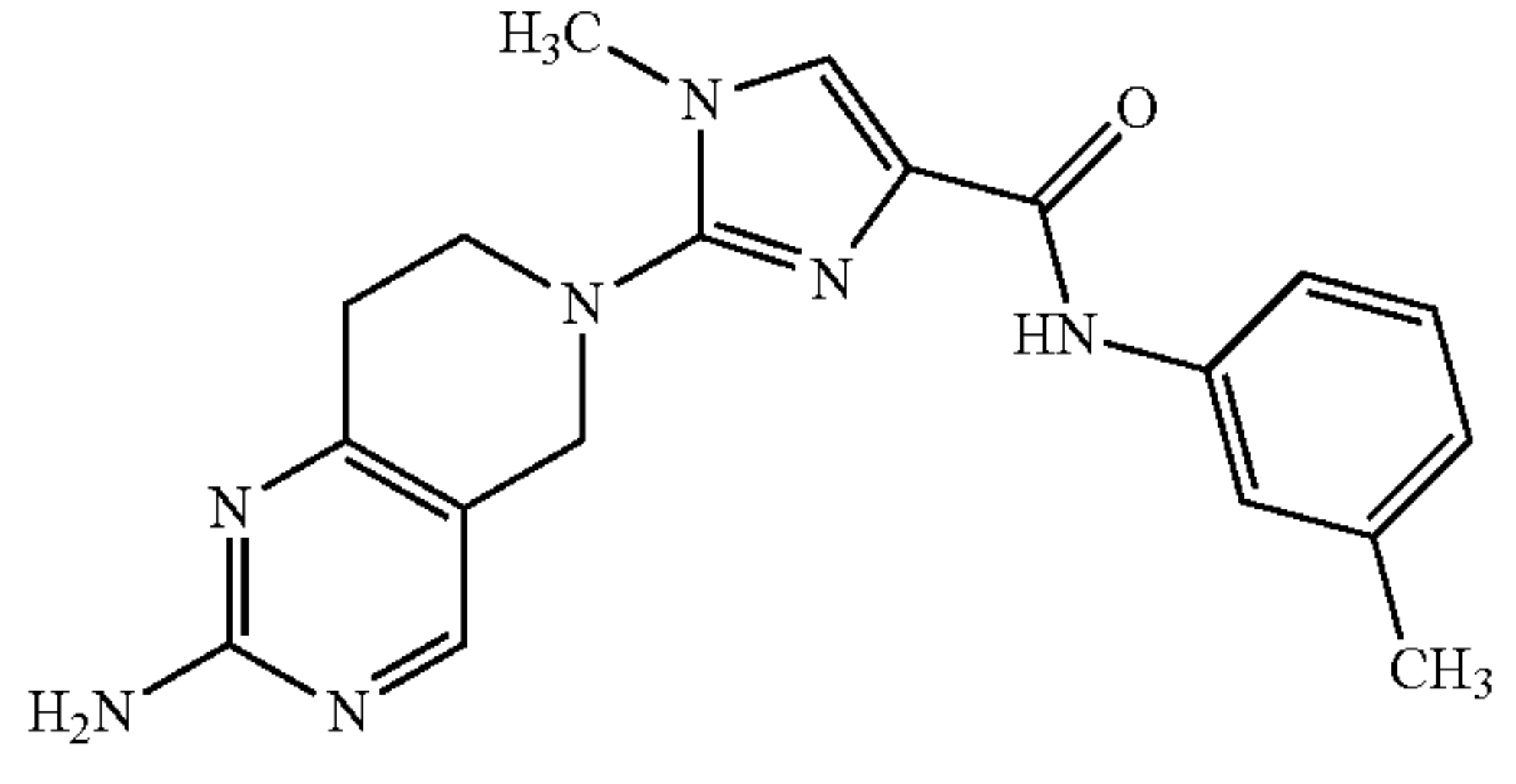
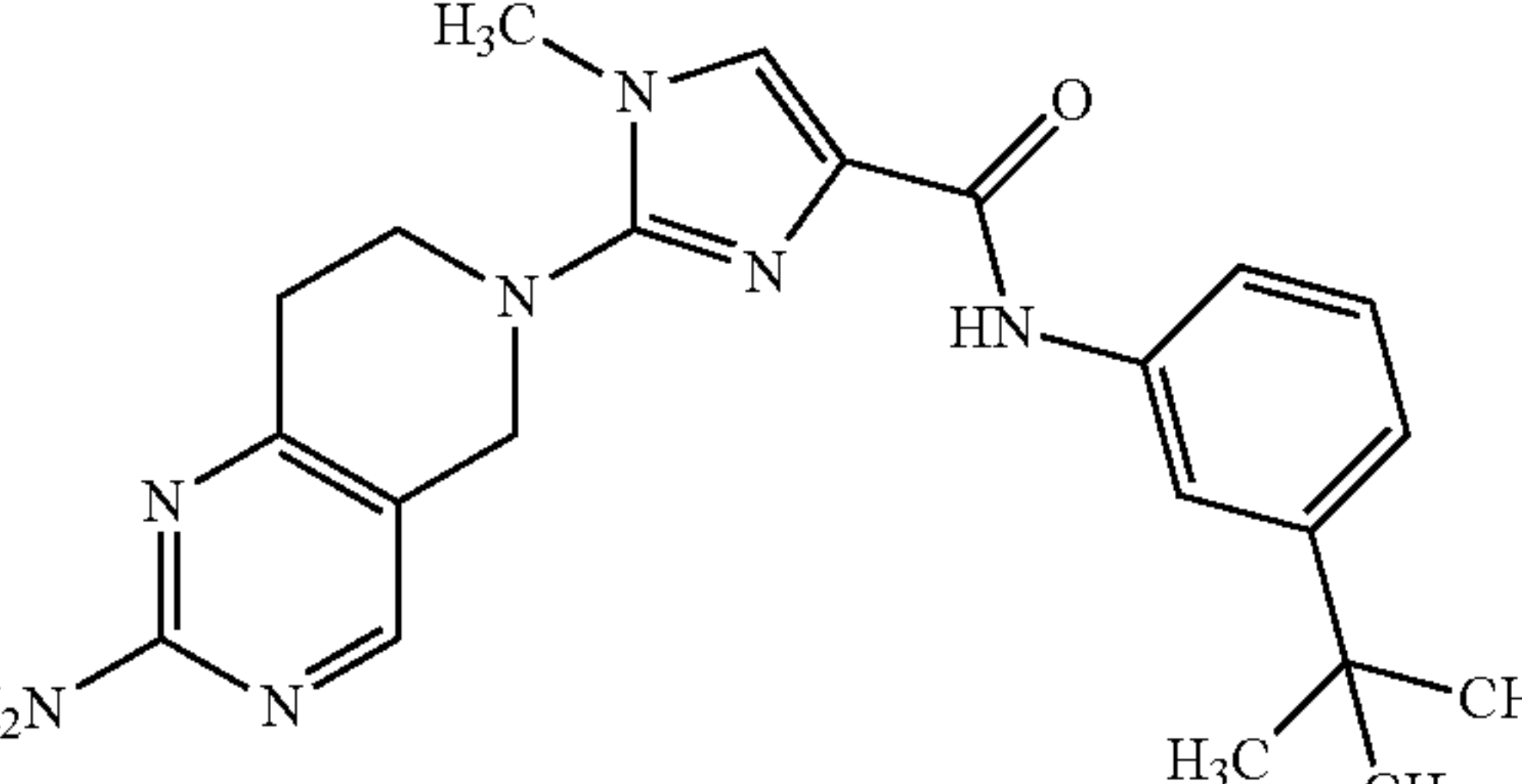
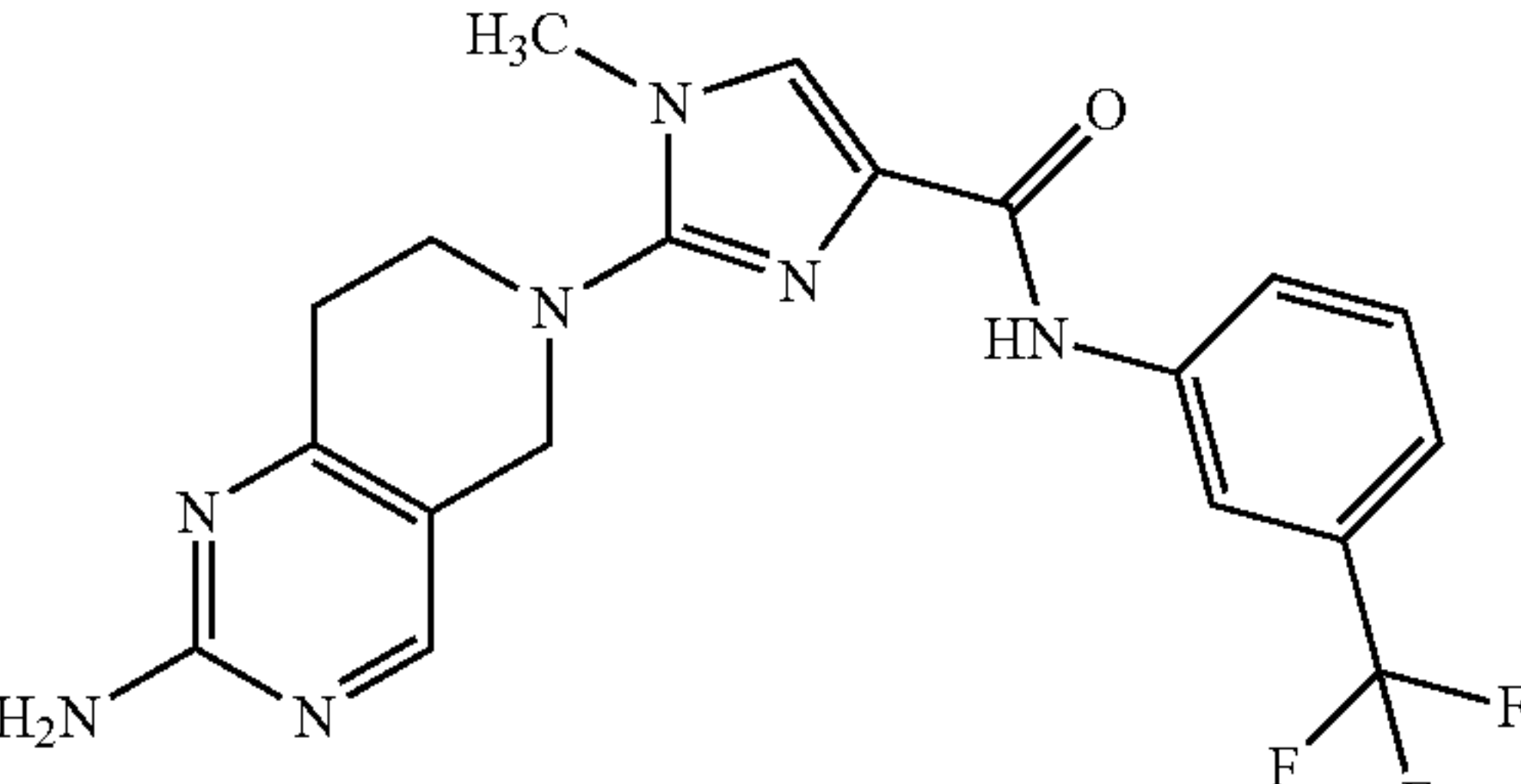
Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
65		1-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-phenylisoquinoline-3-carboxamide
66		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-1-methyl-N-phenyl-1H-imidazole-4-carboxamide
67		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-1-methyl-N-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-imidazole-4-carboxamide
68		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-tert-butylphenyl)-1-methyl-1H-imidazole-4-carboxamide
69		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-1-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

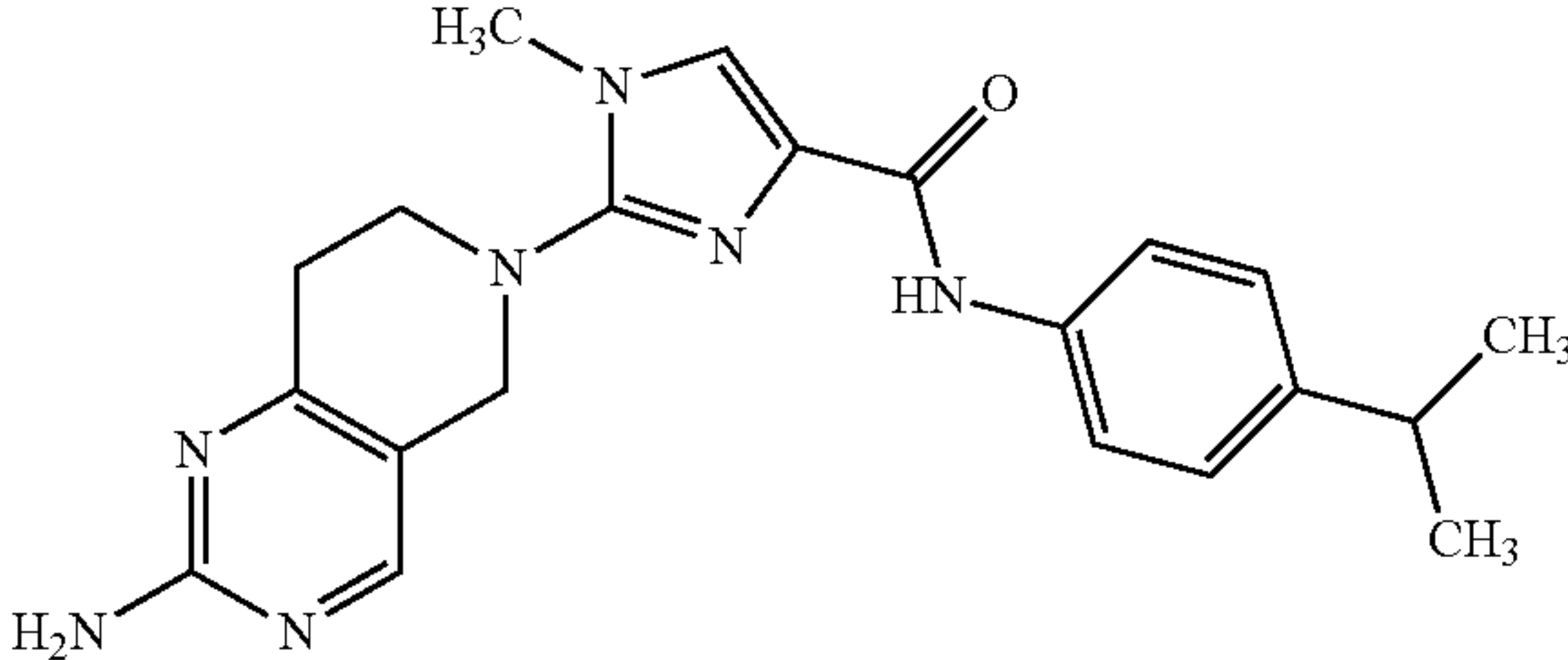
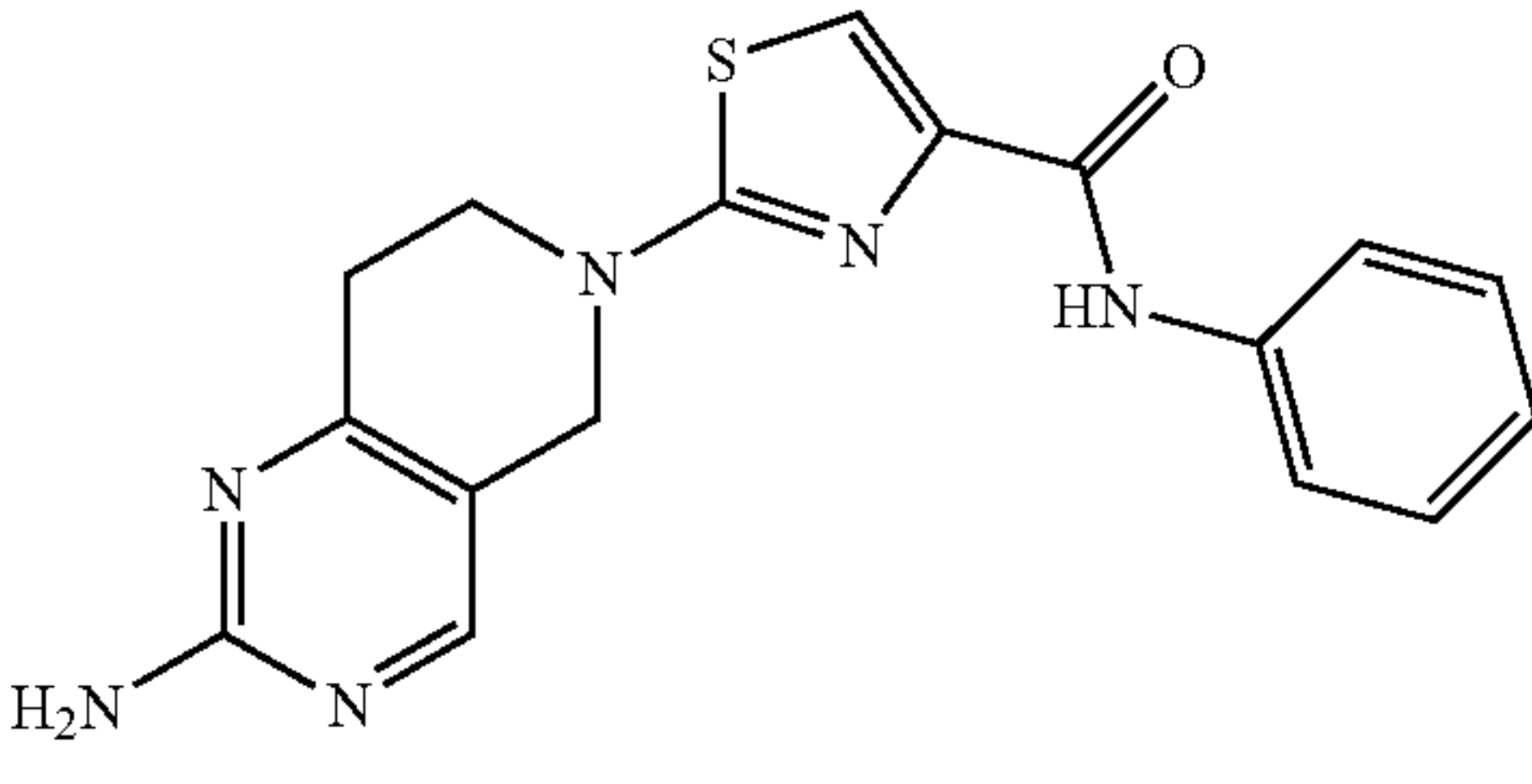
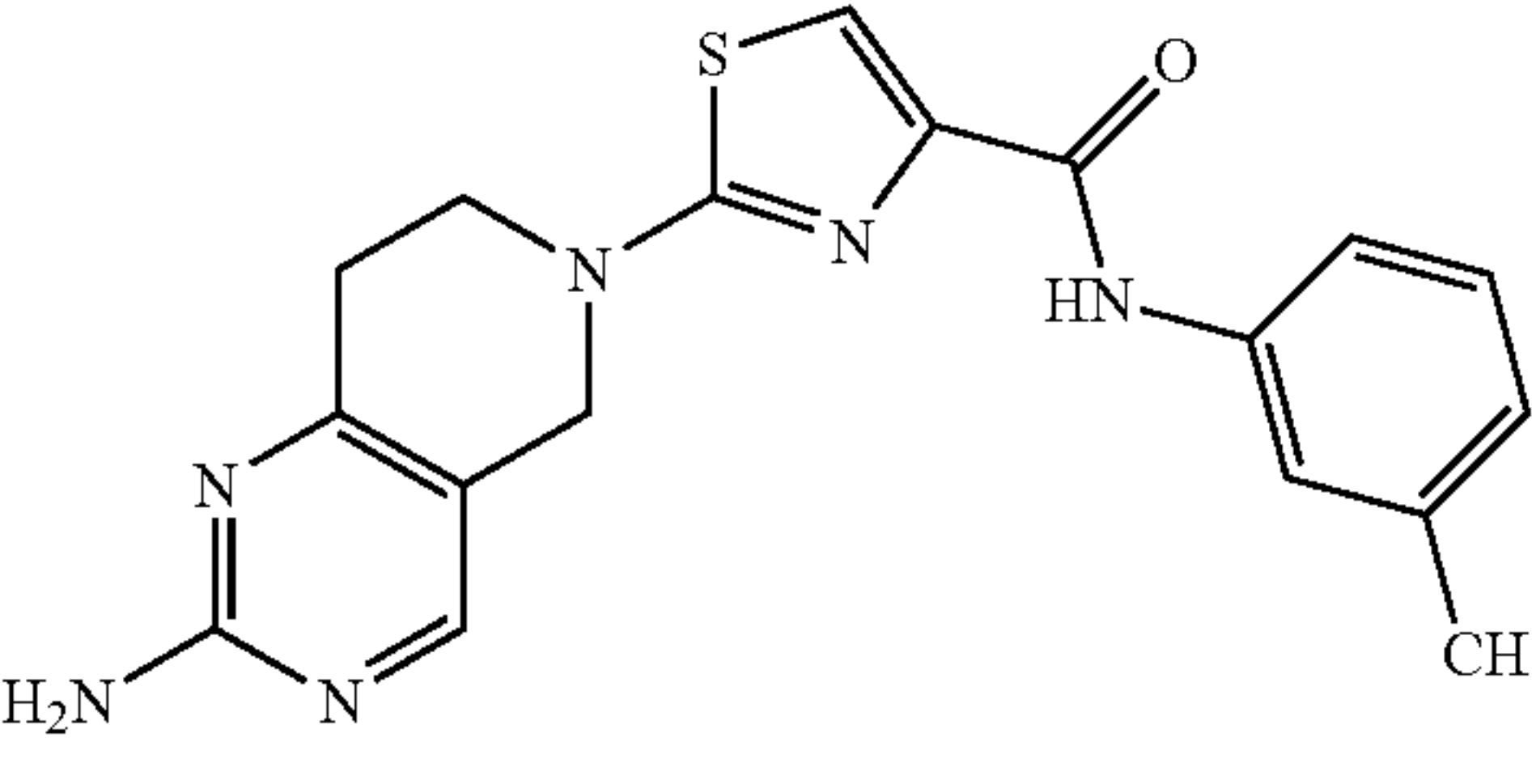
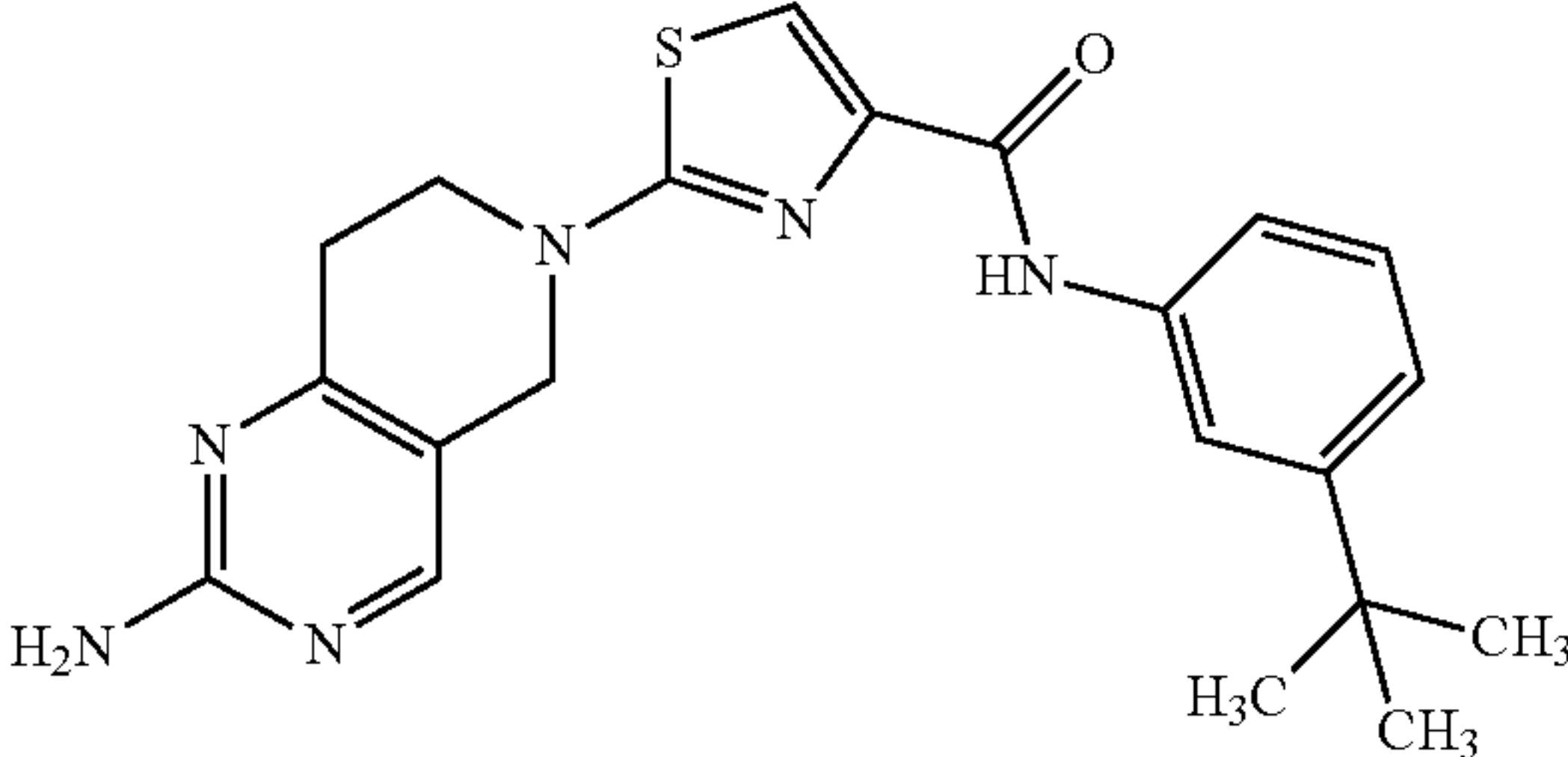
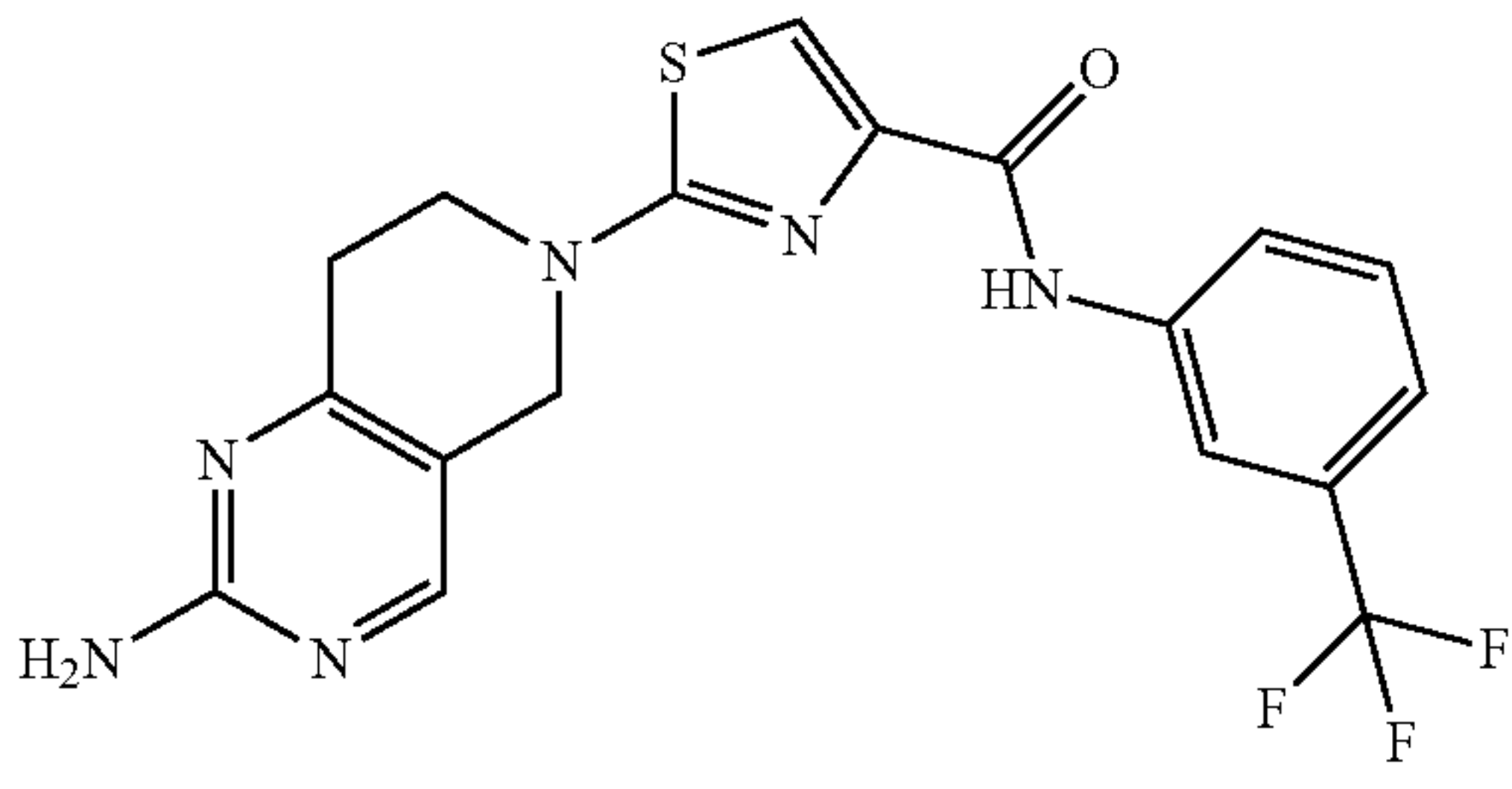
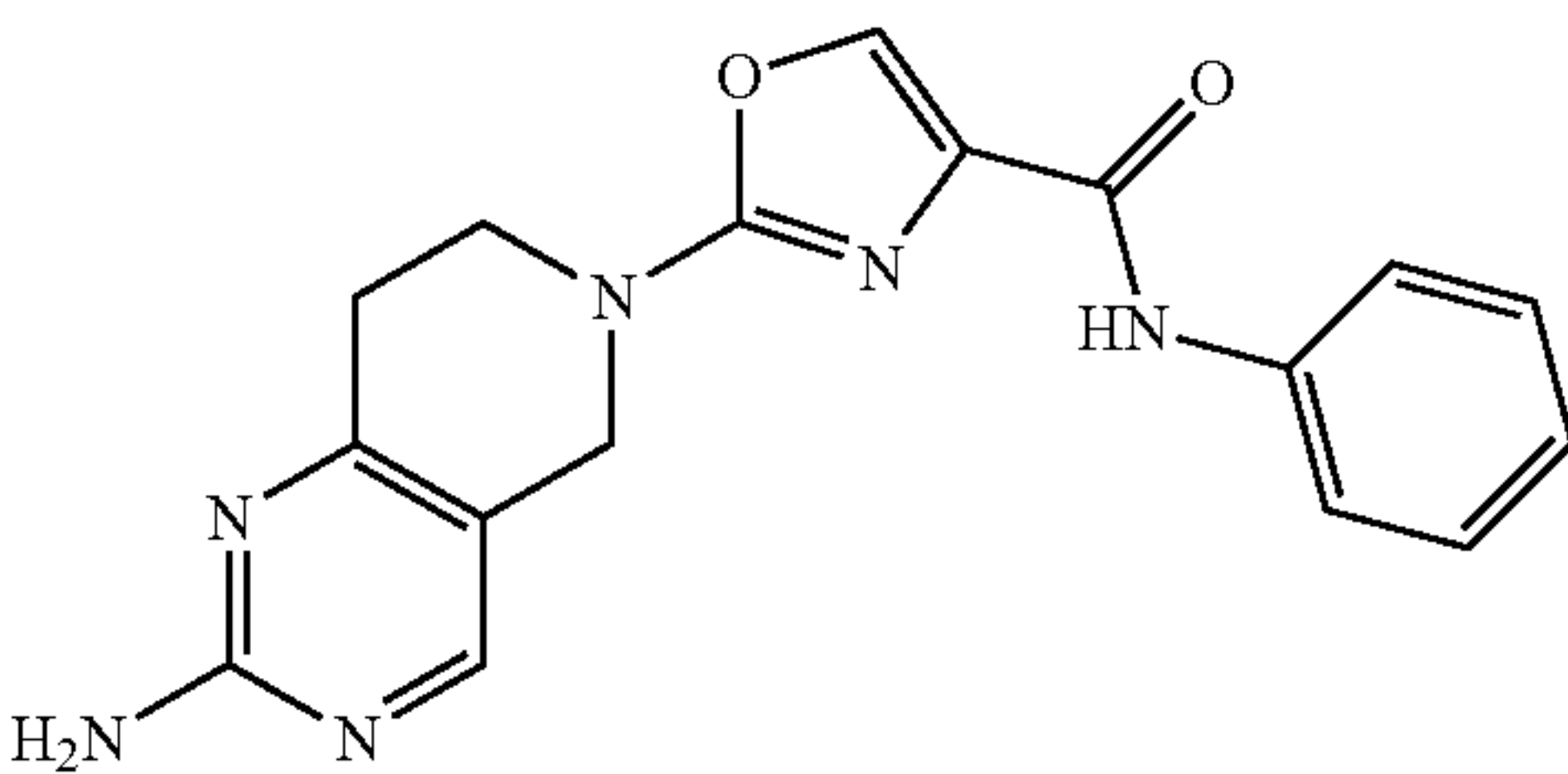
Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
70		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)-1-methyl-1H-imidazole-4-carboxamide
71		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-phenyl-1,3-thiazole-4-carboxamide
72		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-methylphenyl)-1,3-thiazole-4-carboxamide
73		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-tert-butylphenyl)-1,3-thiazole-4-carboxamide
74		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,3-thiazole-4-carboxamide
75		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-phenyl-1,3-oxazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
76		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-methylphenyl)-1,3-oxazole-4-carboxamide
77		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-tert-butylphenyl)-1,3-oxazole-4-carboxamide
78		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,3-oxazole-4-carboxamide
79		2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)-1,3-oxazole-4-carboxamide
80		4-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-phenylpyridine-2-carboxamide
81		4-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxamide



TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
82		4-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]pyridine-2-carboxamide
83		4-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxamide
84		4-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]pyridine-2-carboxamide
85		6-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-phenylpyridine-2-carboxamide
86		6-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
87		6-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]pyridine-2-carboxamide
88		6-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxamide
89		6-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]pyridine-2-carboxamide
90		2-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-phenylisonicotinamide
91		2-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)isonicotinamide

TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
92		2-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]isonicotinamide
93		2-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)isonicotinamide
94		2-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)isonicotinamide
95		2-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-1-methyl-N-phenyl-1H-imidazole-4-carboxamide
96		2-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-1-methyl-1H-imidazole-4-carboxamide



TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
97		2-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-1-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole-4-carboxamide
98		2-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)-1-methyl-1H-imidazole-4-carboxamide
99		2-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-1-methyl-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole-4-carboxamide
100		2-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-phenyl-1,3-thiazole-4-carboxamide
101		2-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-1,3-thiazole-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
102		2-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,3-thiazole-4-carboxamide
103		2-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)-1,3-thiazole-4-carboxamide
104		2-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,3-thiazole-4-carboxamide
105		3-(2-Amino-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[3,4d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-phenyl-benzamide
106		3-(2-Amino-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(3-isopropyl-phenyl)-benzamide

TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
107		3-(2-Amino-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-benzamide
108		N-(4-isopropylphenyl)-6-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide
109		6-(2-Methanesulfinyl-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (4-isopropylphenyl)-amide
110		N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-6-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide
111		N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-6-(2-((methylthio)oxy)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)picolinamide
112		6-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]pyridine-2-carboxamide



TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
113		6-(2-((methylthio)oxy)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)picolinamide
114		6-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-phenylpyridine-2-carboxamide
115		N-(3-methylphenyl)-6-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide
116		2-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-phenylisonicotinamide
117		N-(3-methylphenyl)-2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]isonicotinamide
118		2-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]isonicotinamide

TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
119		N-(3-Isopropyl-phenyl)-2-(2-methylsulfonyl-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-isonicotinamide
120		N-(4-Isopropyl-phenyl)-2-(2-methylsulfonyl-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-isonicotinamide
121		2-(2-(methylsulfonyl)-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-phenylisonicotinamide
122		2-(2-(methylsulfonyl)-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(m-tolyl)isonicotinamide
123		2-(2-(methylsulfonyl)-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)isonicotinamide
124		N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-2-(2-(methylsulfonyl)-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)isonicotinamide

TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
125		N-(4-isopropylphenyl)-2-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)isonicotinamide
126		4-(2-Methylsulfanyl-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-amide
127		4-(2-Methylsulfanyl-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-amide
128		4-(2-Methylsulfanyl-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (3-isopropyl-phenyl)-amide
129		4-(2-Methylsulfanyl-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (4-isopropyl-phenyl)-amide



TABLE 1-continued

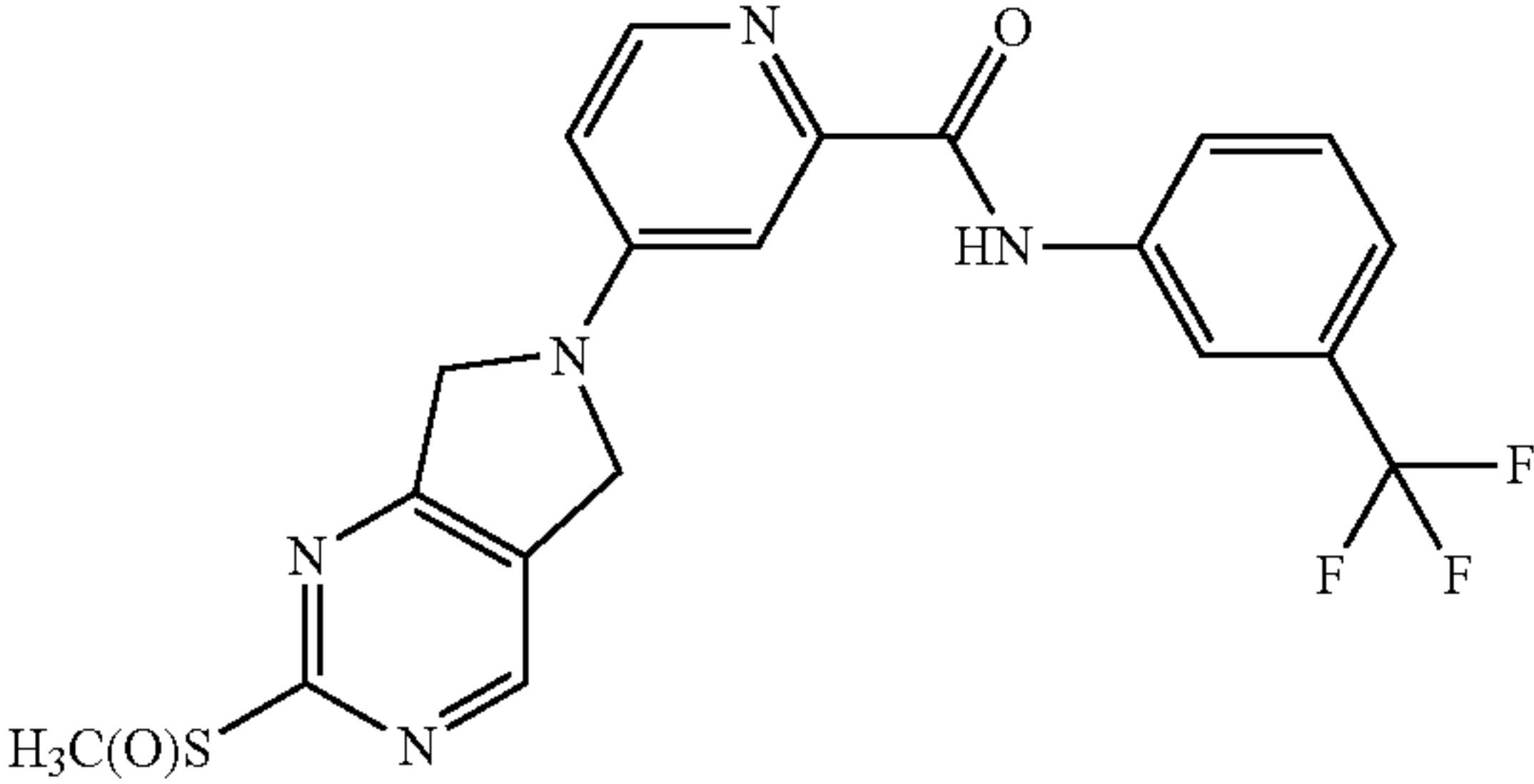
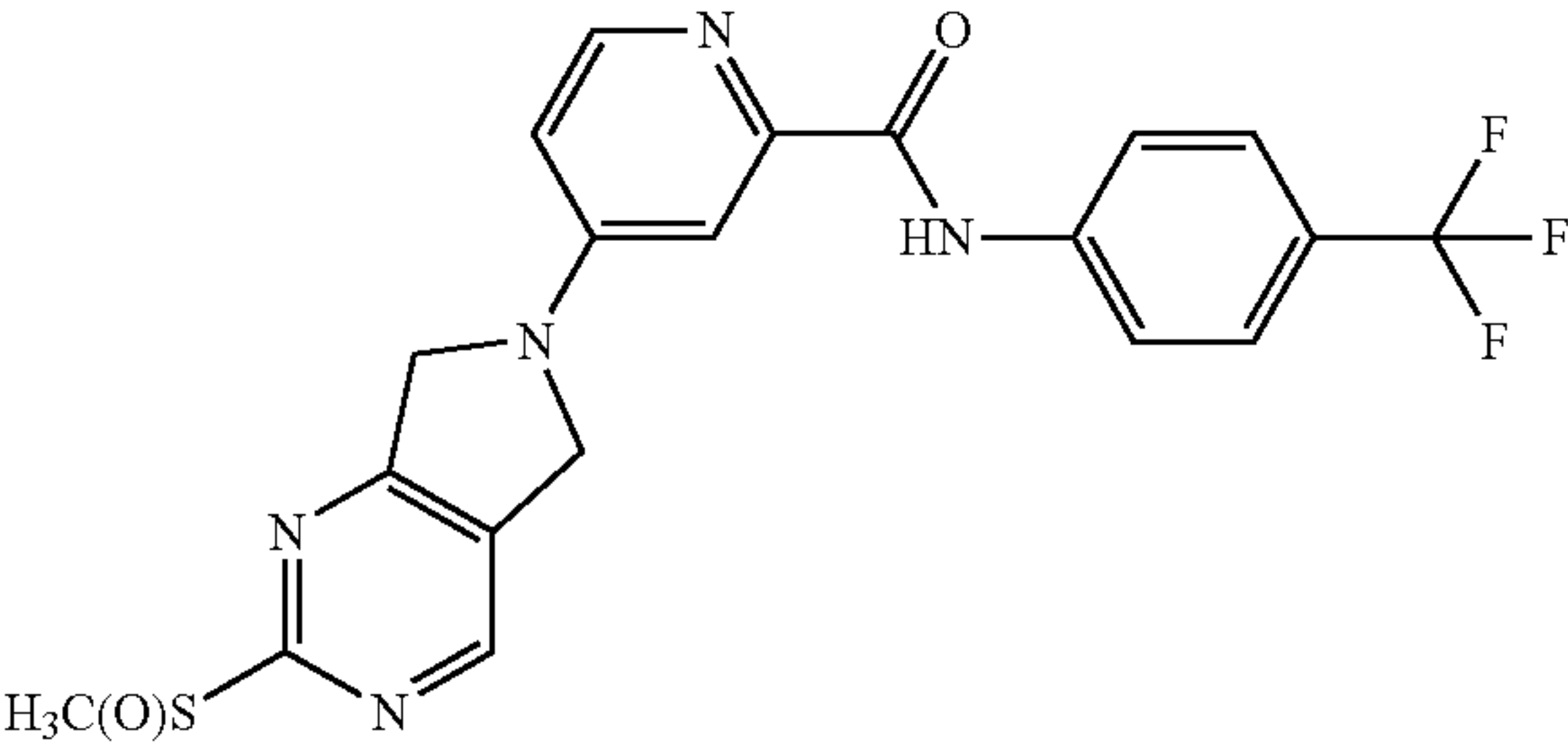
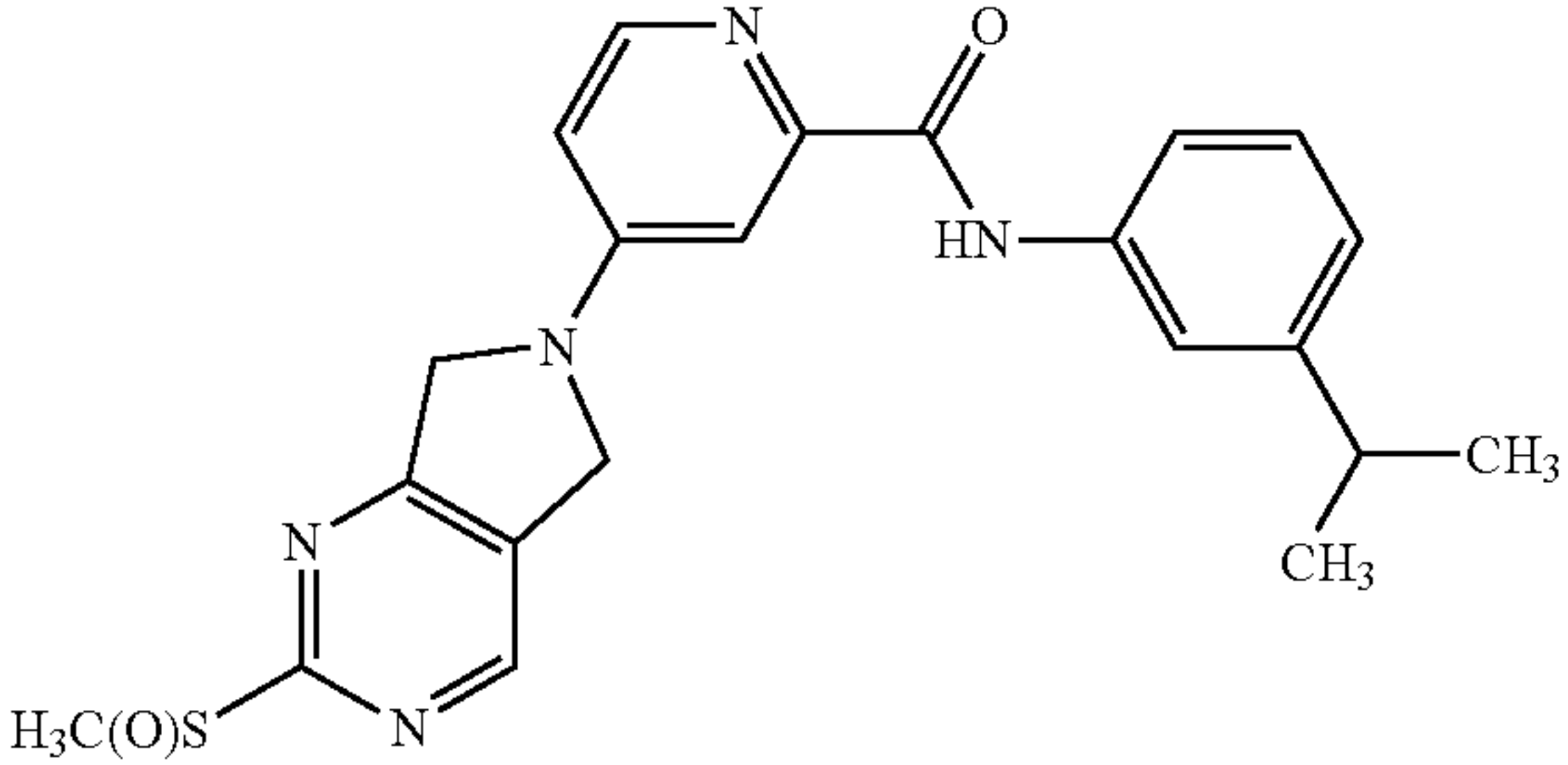
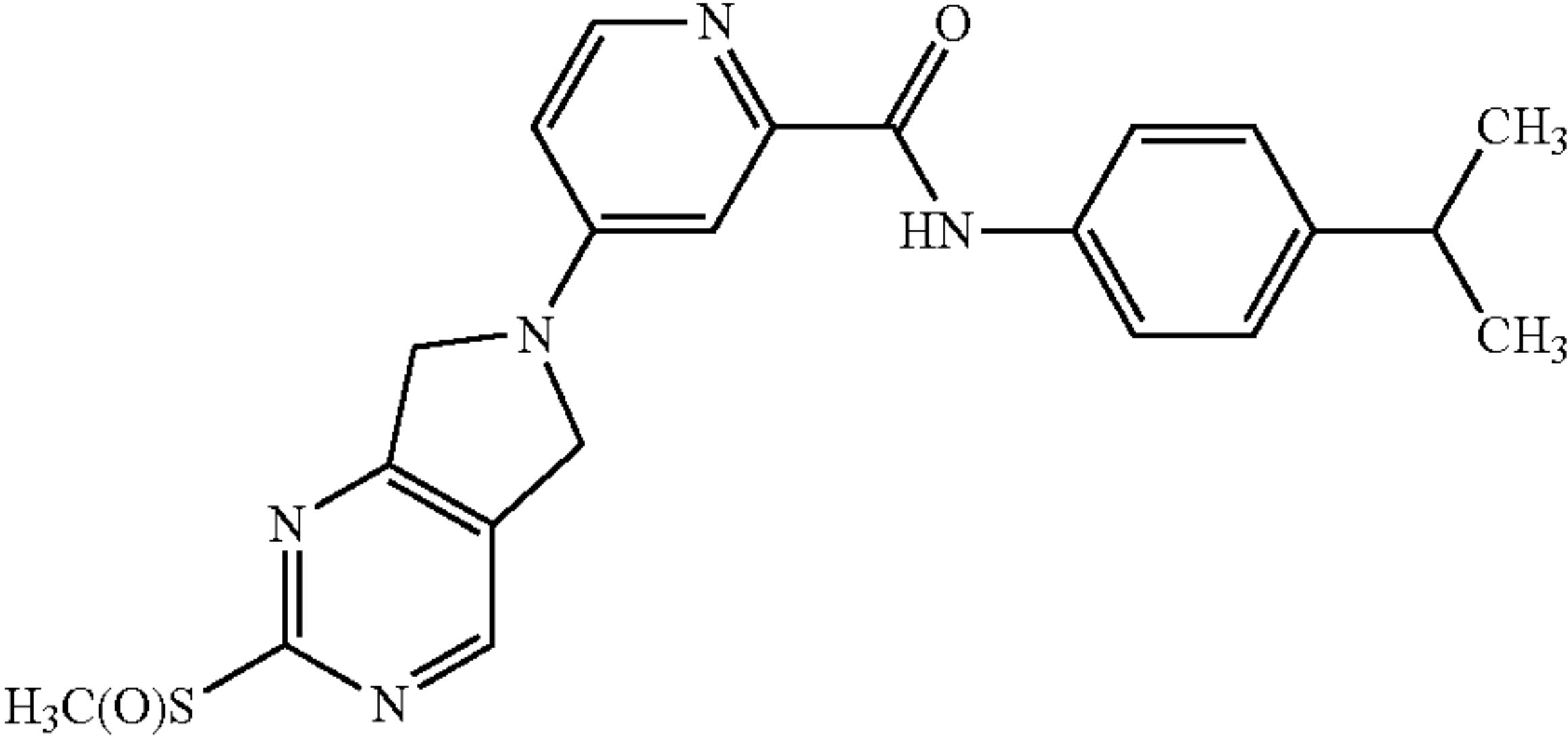
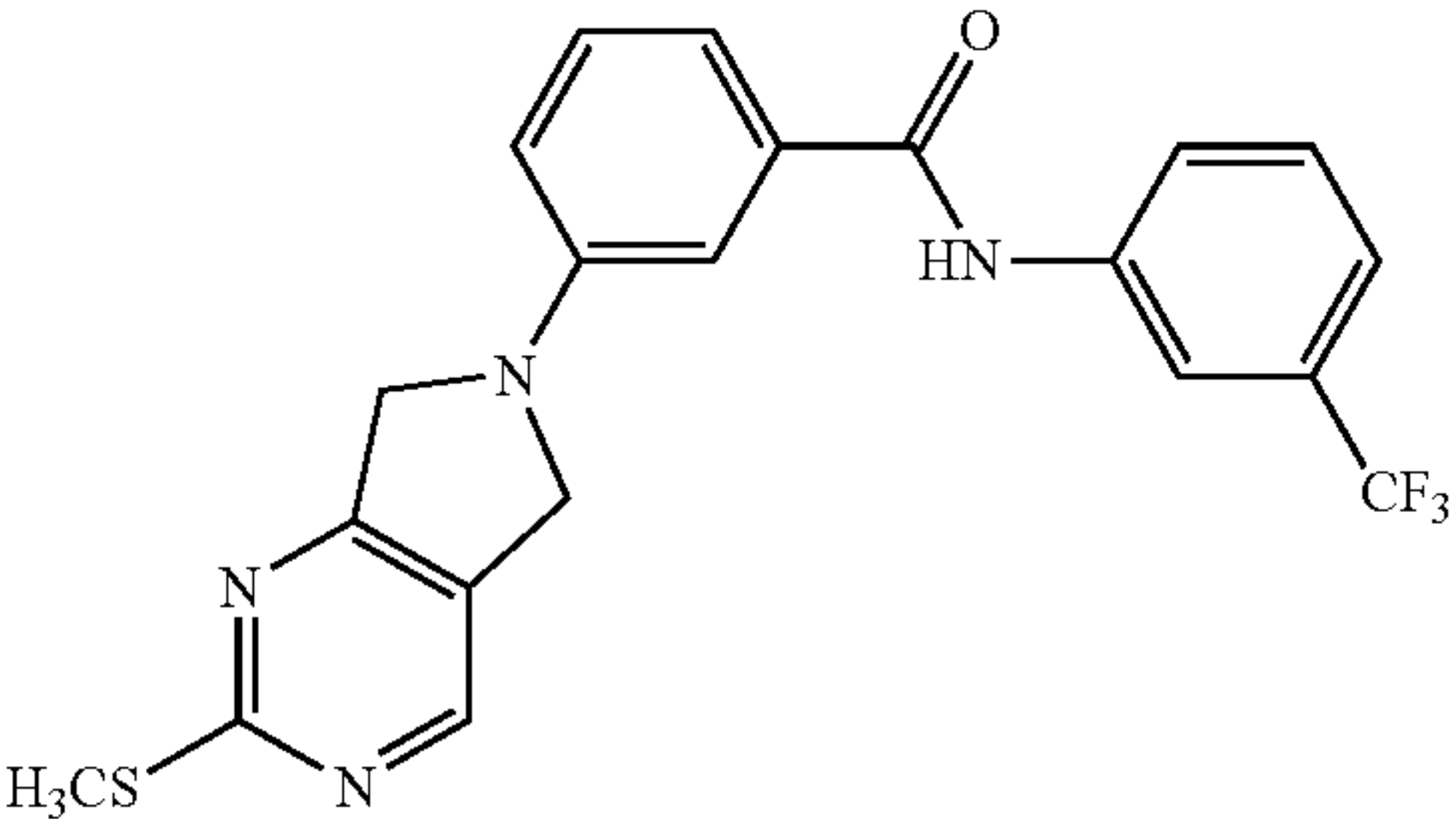
Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
130		4-(2-(Methylsulfinyl)-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6(7H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)picolinamide
131		4-(2-(Methylsulfonyl)-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-amide
132		N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6(7H)-yl)picolinamide
133		N-(4-isopropylphenyl)-4-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6(7H)-yl)picolinamide
134		3-[2-(methylthio)-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide

TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
135		N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-3-[2-(methylthio)-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]benzamide
136		3-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6(7H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)benzamide
137		N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-3-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6(7H)-yl)benzamide
138		3-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide
139		4-methyl-3-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide

TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
140		3-methyl-5-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide
141		N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methyl-3-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]benzamide
142		N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-3-methyl-5-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]benzamide
143		4-methyl-3-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)benzamide
144		3-methyl-5-(2-((methylthio)oxy)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)benzamide



TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
145		N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methyl-3-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzamide
146		N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-3-methyl-5-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzamide
147		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-4-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide
148		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-5-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide
149		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methylbenzamide

TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
150		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-5-methylbenzamide
151		3-(7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide
152		3-(7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-4-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide
153		3-(7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-5-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide
154		3-(7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methylbenzamide
155		3-(7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-5-methylbenzamide

TABLE 1-continued

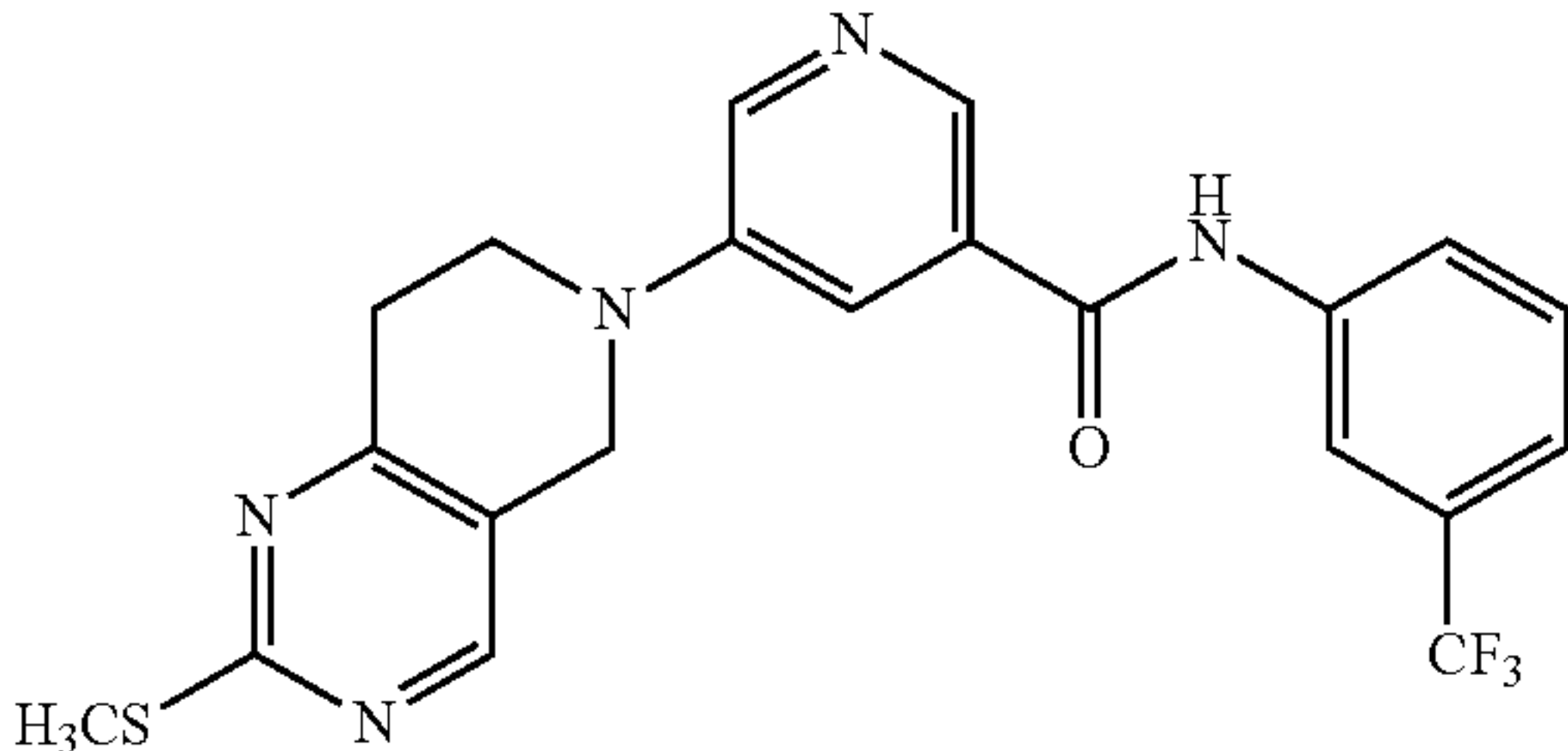
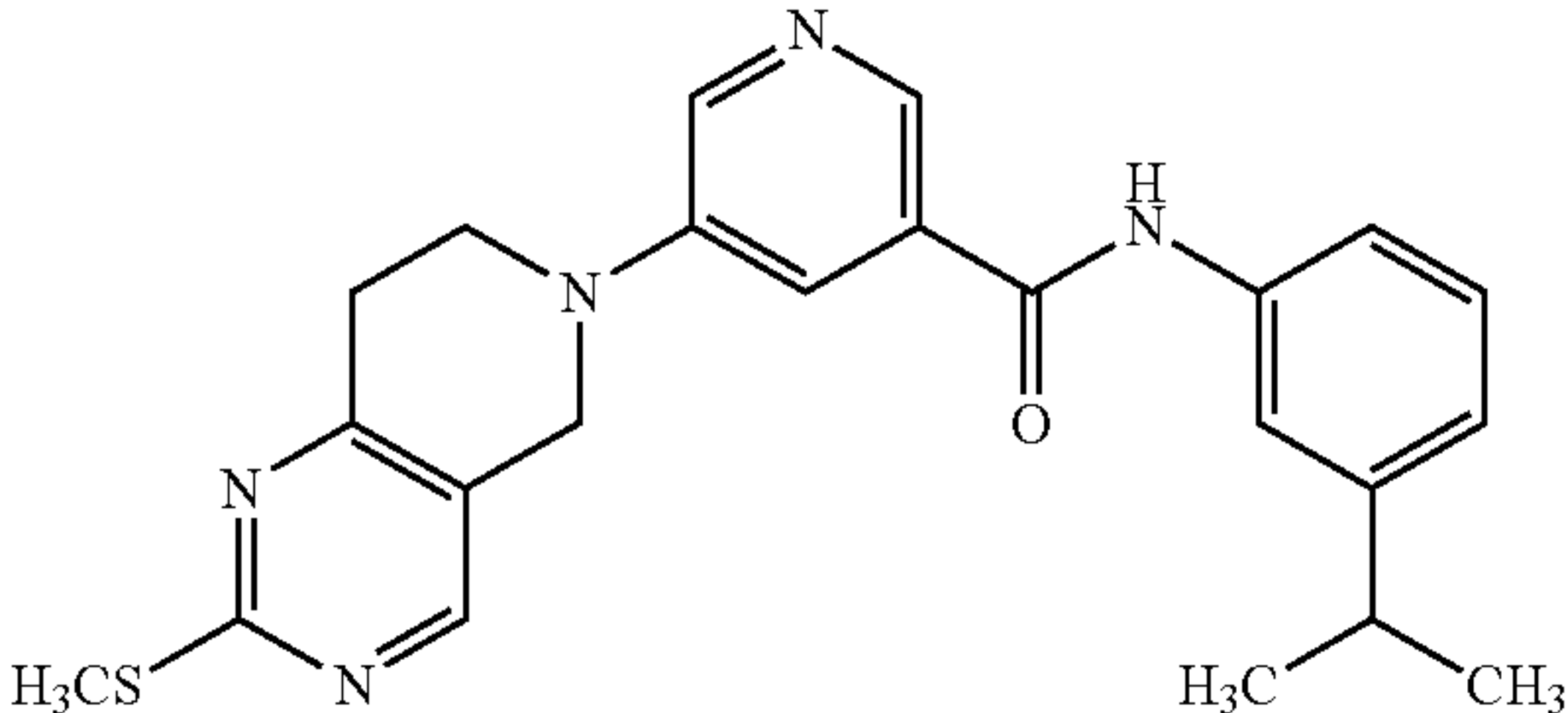
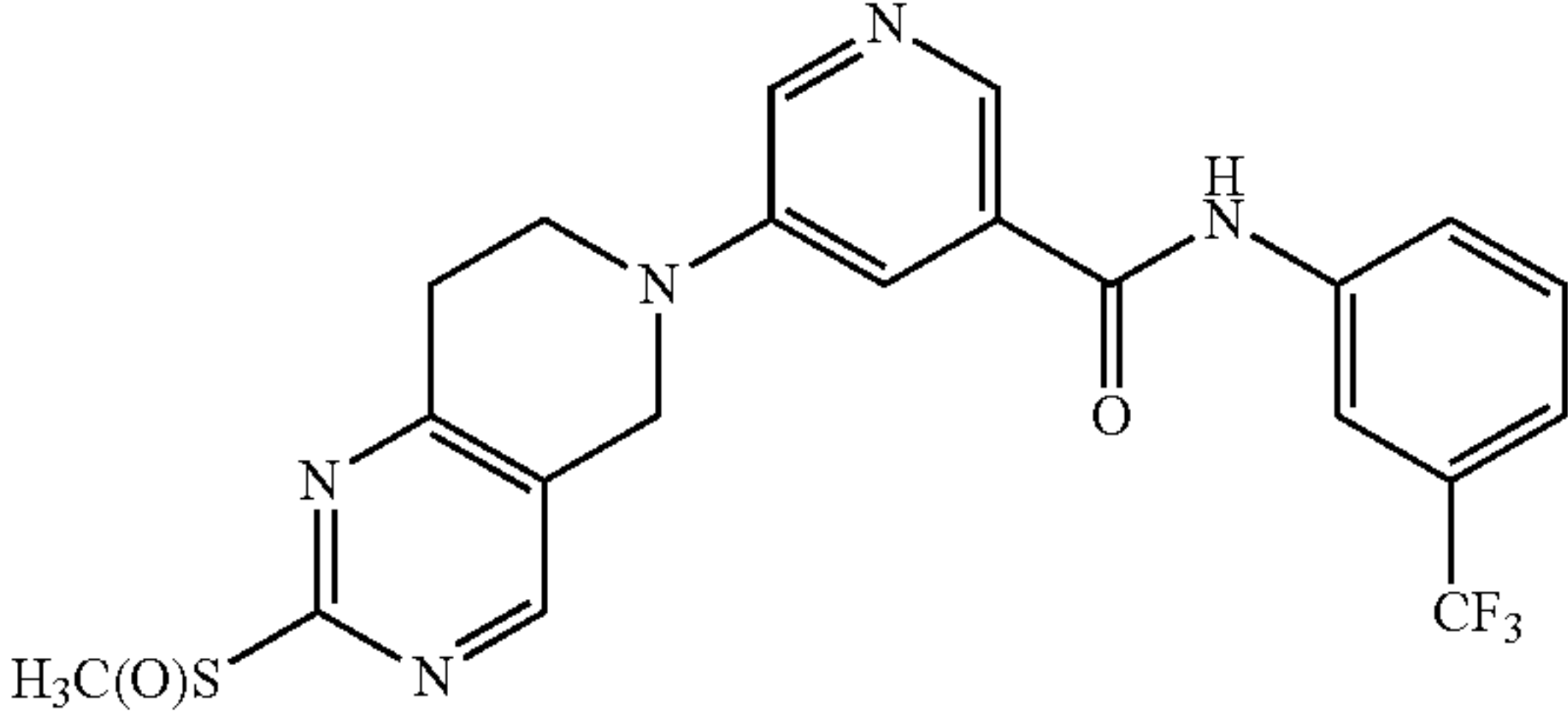
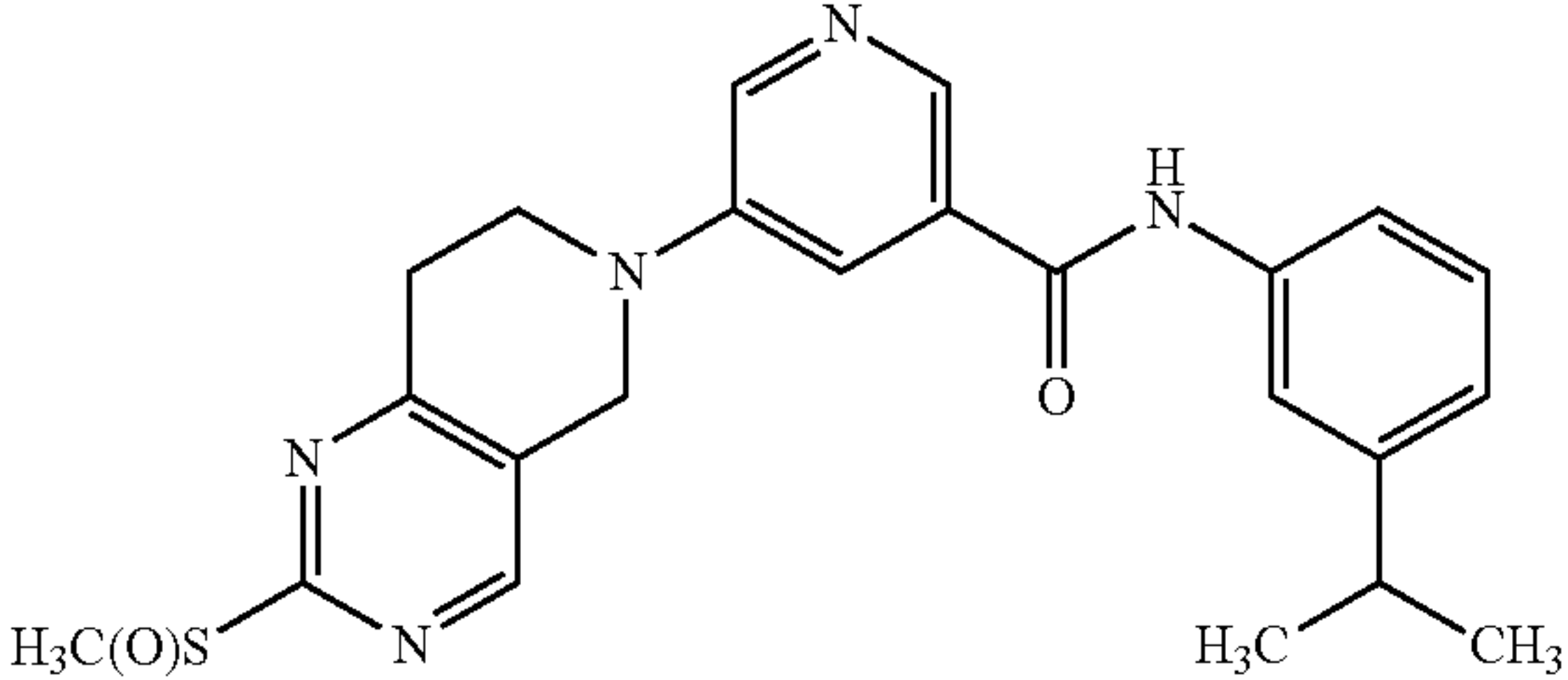
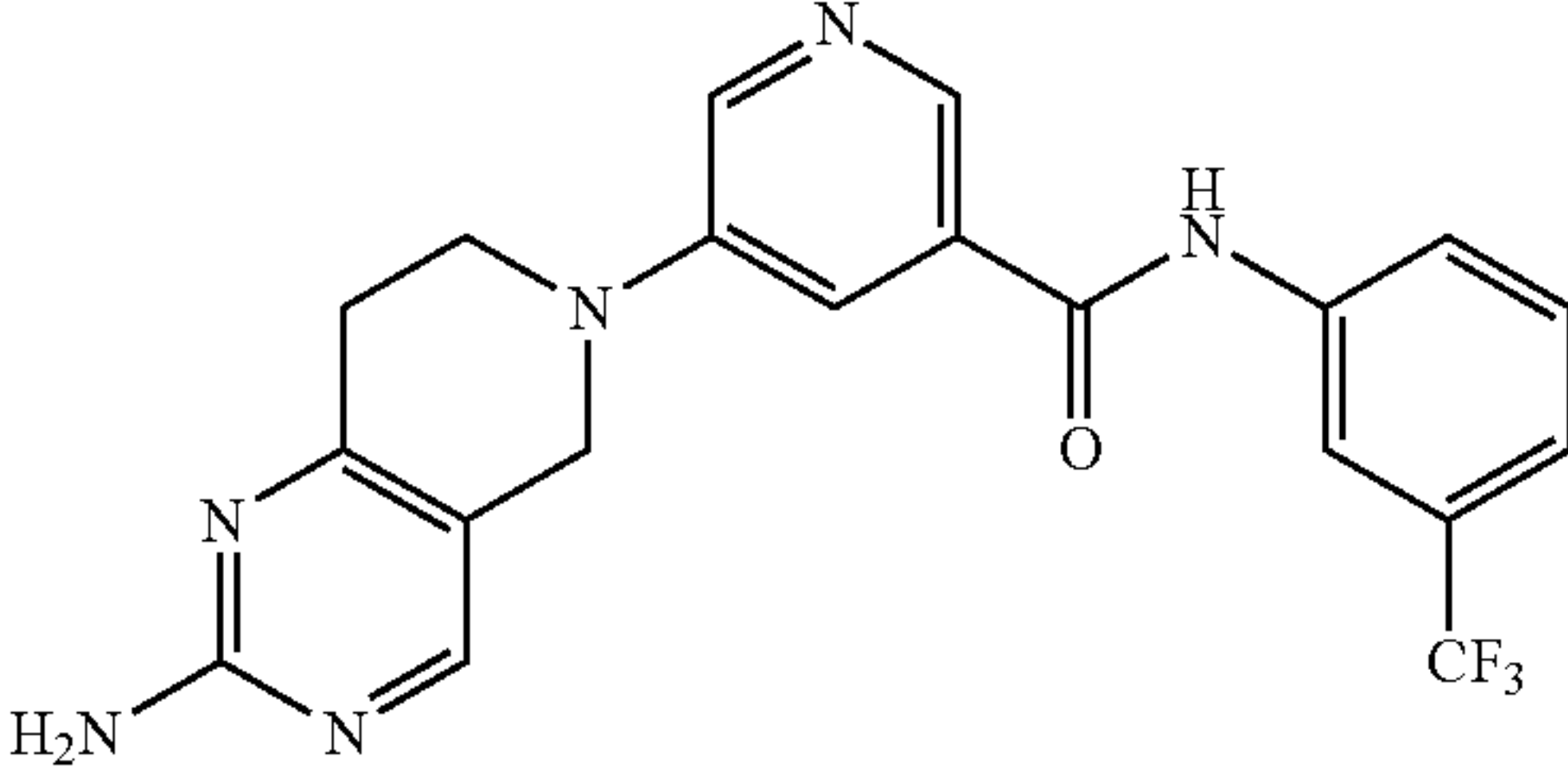
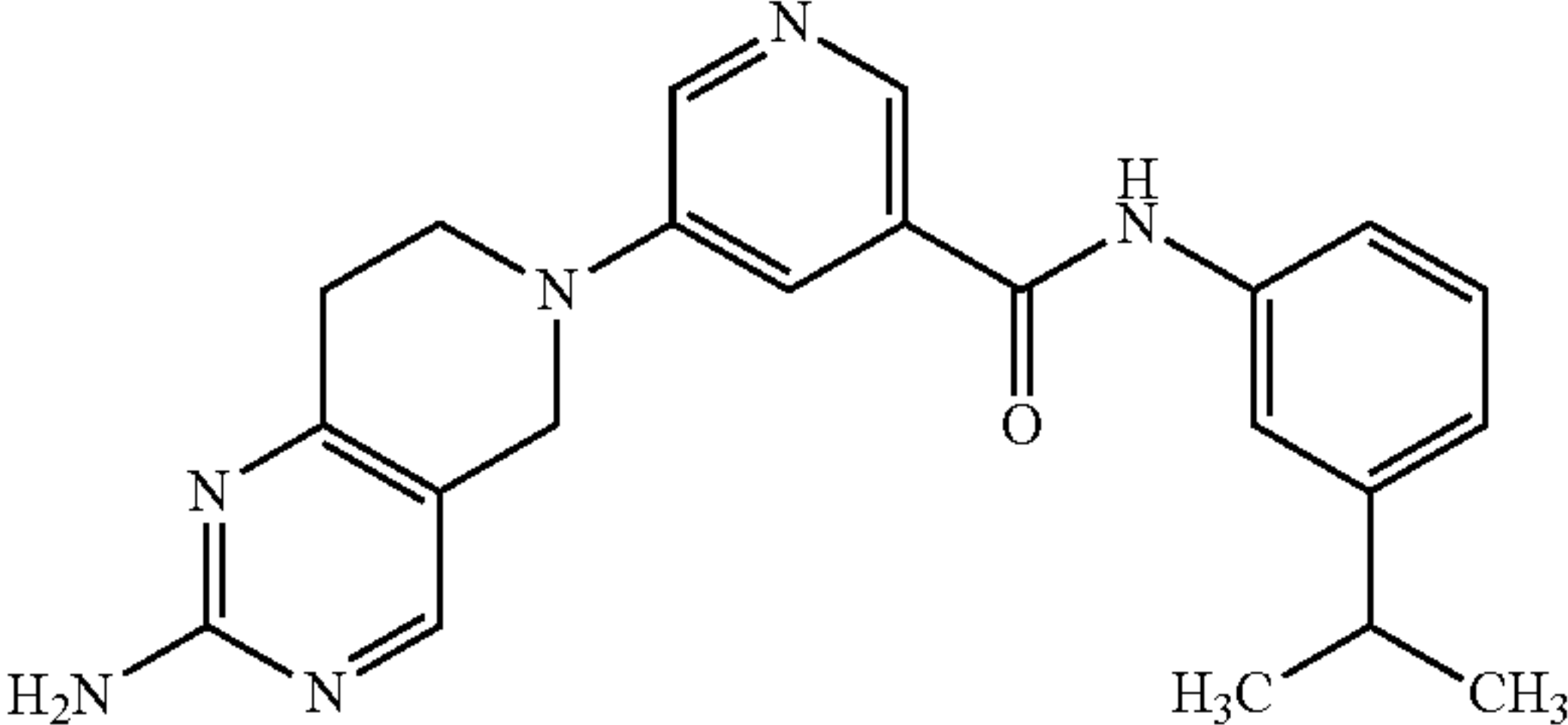
Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
156		5-(2-Methylsulfanyl-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-nicotinamide
157		N-(3-Isopropyl-phenyl)-5-(2-methylsulfanyl-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-nicotinamide
158		5-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)nicotinamide
159		N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-5-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-nicotinamide
160		5-(2-amino-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)nicotinamide
161		5-(2-amino-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)nicotinamide

TABLE 1-continued

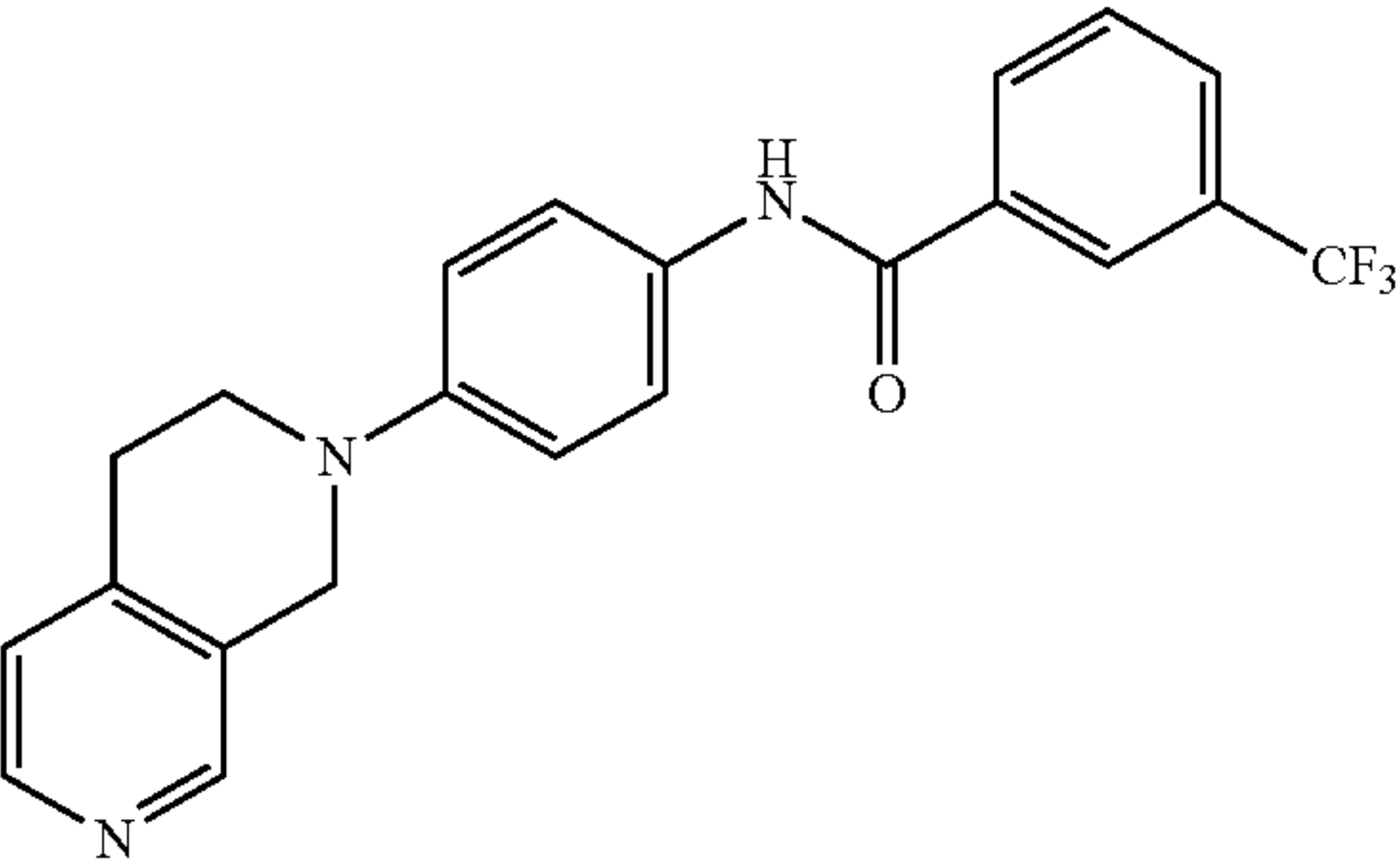
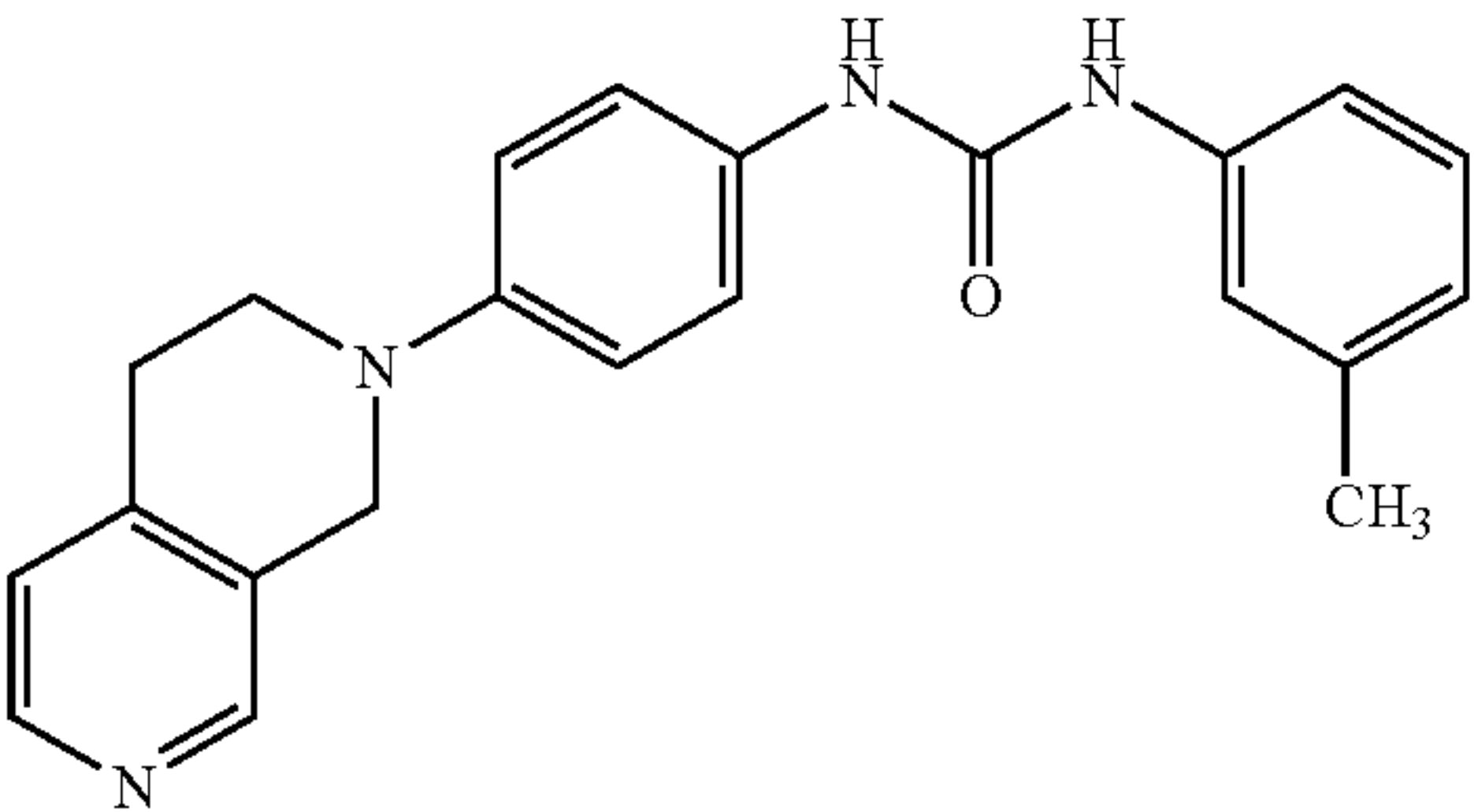
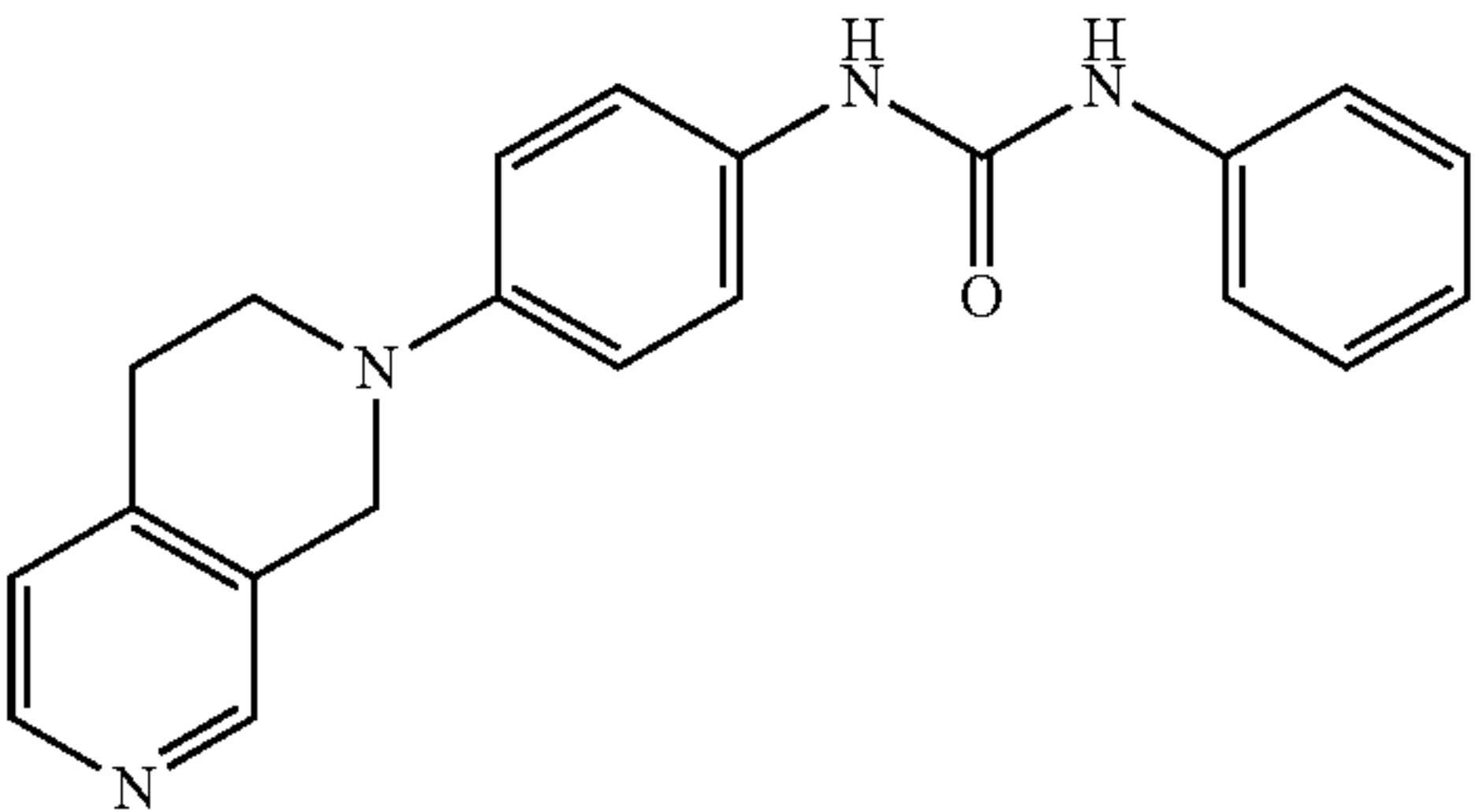
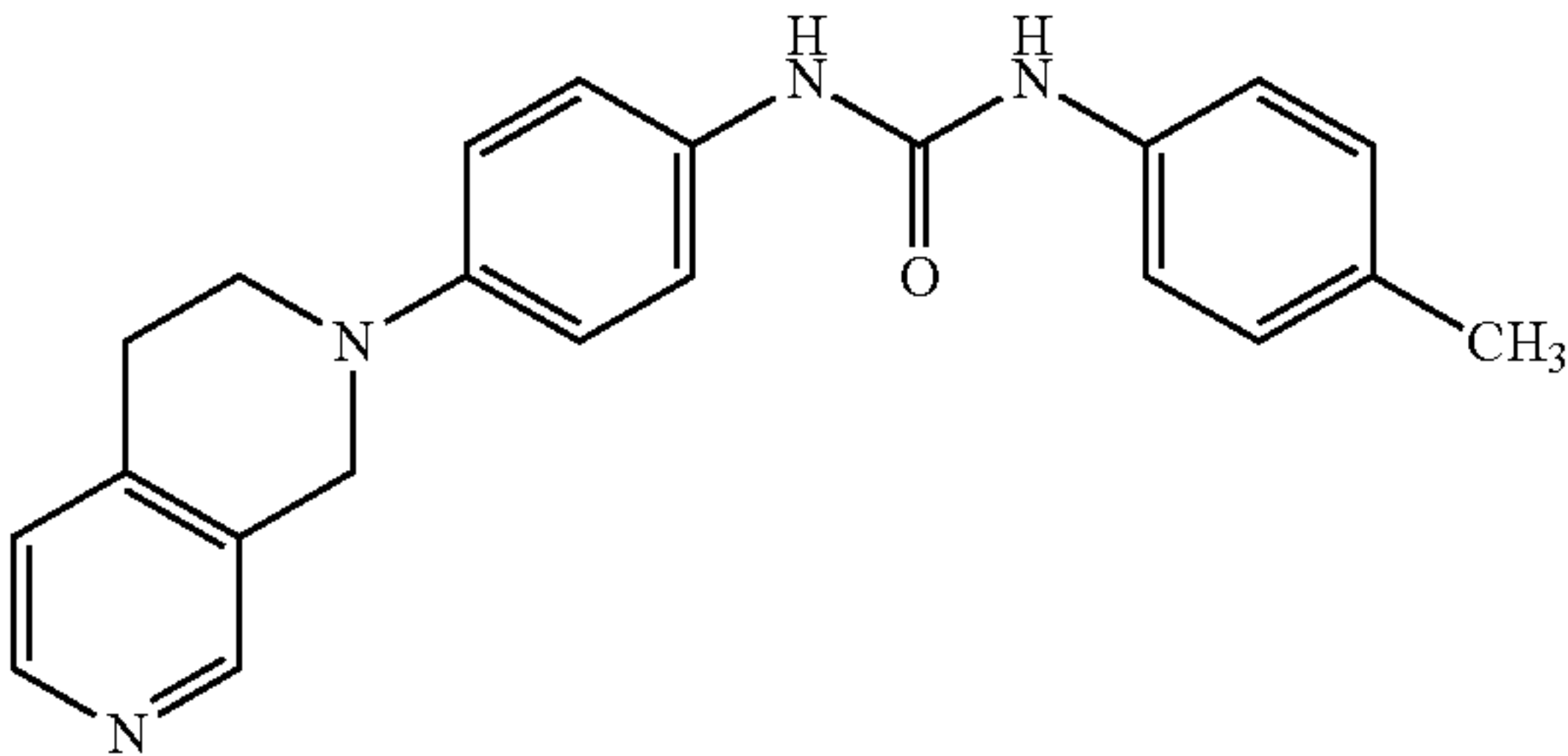
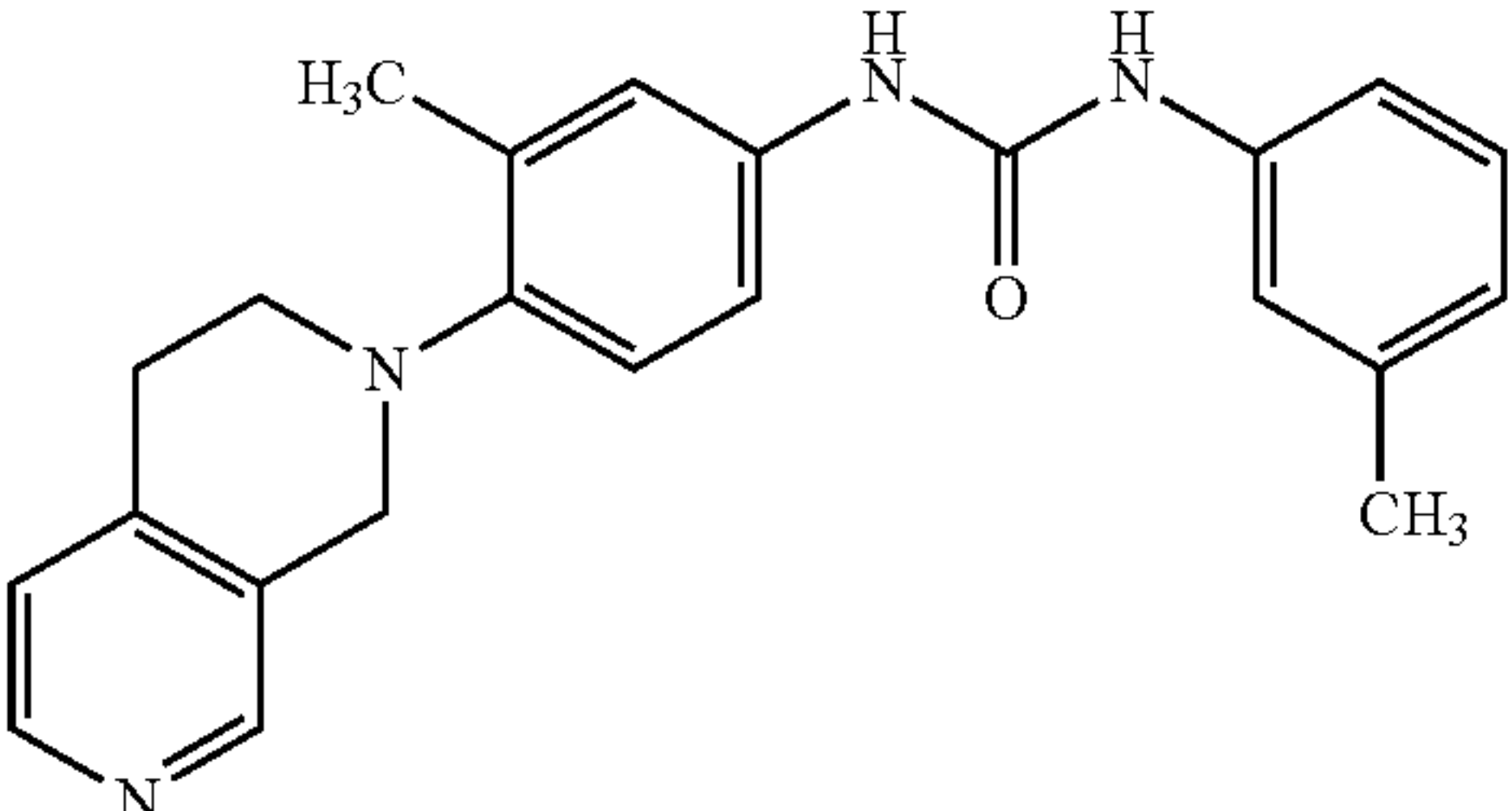
Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
162		N-[4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)phenyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide
163		1-[4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)phenyl]-3-(3-methylphenyl)urea
164		1-[4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)phenyl]-3-phenylurea
165		1-[4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)phenyl]-3-(4-methylphenyl)urea
166		1-[4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)-3-methylphenyl]-3-(3-methylphenyl)urea



TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
167		1-[4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)-2-methylphenyl]-3-(3-methylphenyl)urea
168		3-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)benzamide
169		methyl 7-(3-((3-isopropylphenyl)amino)carbonyl)phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxylate
170		7-(3-((3-isopropylphenyl)amino)carbonyl)phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxylic acid
171		methyl 7-(3-((3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)amino)carbonyl)phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxylate
172		7-(3-((3-isopropylphenyl)amino)carbonyl)phenyl)-N-(3-morpholin-4-ylpropyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Example Number	Structure	Compound Name
173		N-(3-hydroxypropyl)-7-(3-((3-isopropylphenyl)amino)carbonyl)phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxamide
174		methyl ([7-(3-((3-isopropylphenyl)amino)carbonyl)phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridin-4-yl]carbonyl)amino)acetate
175		7-(3-((3-isopropylphenyl)amino)carbonyl)phenyl)-N-(3-pyrrolidin-1-yl)propyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxamide
176		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-[4-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide
177		3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-benzylbenzamide

Biological data for the compounds of the present invention was generated by use of the following assays.

#### VEGFR2 Kinase Assay:

Biochemical KDR kinase assays were performed in 96 well microliter plates that were coated overnight with 75  $\mu\text{g}/\text{well}$  of poly-Glu-Tyr (4:1) in 10 mM Phosphate Buffered Saline (PBS), pH 7.4. The coated plates were washed with 2 mLs per well PBS+0.05% Tween-20 (PBS-T), blocked by incubation with PBS containing 1% BSA, then washed with 2 mLs per well PBS-T prior to starting the reaction. Reactions were carried out in 100  $\mu\text{L}$  reaction volumes containing 2.7  $\mu\text{M}$  ATP in kinase buffer (50 mM Hepes buffer pH 7.4, 20 mM  $\text{MgCl}_2$ , 0.1 mM  $\text{MnCl}_2$  and 0.2 mM  $\text{Na}_3\text{VO}_4$ ). Test compounds were reconstituted in 100% DMSO and added to the reaction to give a final DMSO concentration of 5%. Reactions were initiated by the addition 20  $\mu\text{L}$  per well of kinase buffer containing 200-300 ng purified cytoplasmic domain KDR protein (BPS Bioscience, San Diego, Calif.). Following a 15 minute incubation at 30° C., the reactions were washed 2 mLs

per well PBS-T. 100  $\mu\text{L}$  of a monoclonal anti-phosphotyrosine antibody-peroxidase conjugate diluted 1:10,000 in PBS-T was added to the wells for 30 minutes. Following a 2 mLs per well wash with PBS-Tween-20, 100  $\mu\text{L}$  of O-Phenylenediamine Dihydrochloride in phosphate-citrate buffer, containing urea hydrogen peroxide, was added to the wells for 7-10 minutes as a colorimetric substrate for the peroxidase. The reaction was terminated by the addition of 100  $\mu\text{L}$  of 2.5N  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  to each well and read using a microplate ELISA reader set at 492 nm.  $\text{IC}_{50}$  values for compound inhibition were calculated directly from graphs of optical density (arbitrary units) versus compound concentration following subtraction of blank values.

#### PDGFR $\beta$ Kinase Assay

Biochemical PDGFR $\beta$  kinase assays were performed in 96 well microtiter plates that were coated overnight with 75  $\mu\text{g}$  of poly-Glu-Tyr (4:1) in 10 mM Phosphate Buffered Saline (PBS), pH 7.4. The coated plates were washed with 2 mLs per well PBS+0.05% Tween-20 (PBS-T), blocked by incubation

with PBS containing 1% BSA, then washed with 2 mLs per well PBS-T prior to starting the reaction. Reactions were carried out in 100  $\mu$ L reaction volumes containing 36  $\mu$ M ATP in kinase buffer (50 mM HEPES buffer pH 7.4, 20 mM  $MgCl_2$ , 0.1 mM  $MnCl_2$  and 0.2 mM  $Na_3VO_4$ ). Test compounds were reconstituted in 100% DMSO and added to the reaction to give a final DMSO concentration of 5%. Reactions were initiated by the addition 20  $\mu$ L per well of kinase buffer containing 200-300 ng purified cytoplasmic domain PDGFR- $\beta$  protein (Millipore). Following a 60 minute incubation at 30 $^\circ$  C., the reactions were washed 2 mLs per well PBS-T. 100  $\mu$ L of a monoclonal anti-phosphotyrosine antibody-peroxidase conjugate diluted 1:10,000 in PBS-T was added to the wells

for 30 minutes. Following a 2 mLs per well wash with PBS-Tween-20, 100  $\mu$ L of O-Phenylenediamine Dihydrochloride in phosphate-citrate buffer, containing urea hydrogen peroxide, was added to the wells for 7-10 minutes as a colorimetric substrate for the peroxidase. The reaction was terminated by the addition of 100  $\mu$ L of 2.5N  $H_2SO_4$  to each well and read using a microplate ELISA reader set at 492 nm.  $IC_{50}$  values for compound inhibition were calculated directly from graphs of optical density (arbitrary units) versus compound concentration following subtraction of blank values.

$IC_{50}$  values were calculated from % inhibition of PDGF- $\beta$  stimulated responses in the absence of inhibitor.

TABLE 2

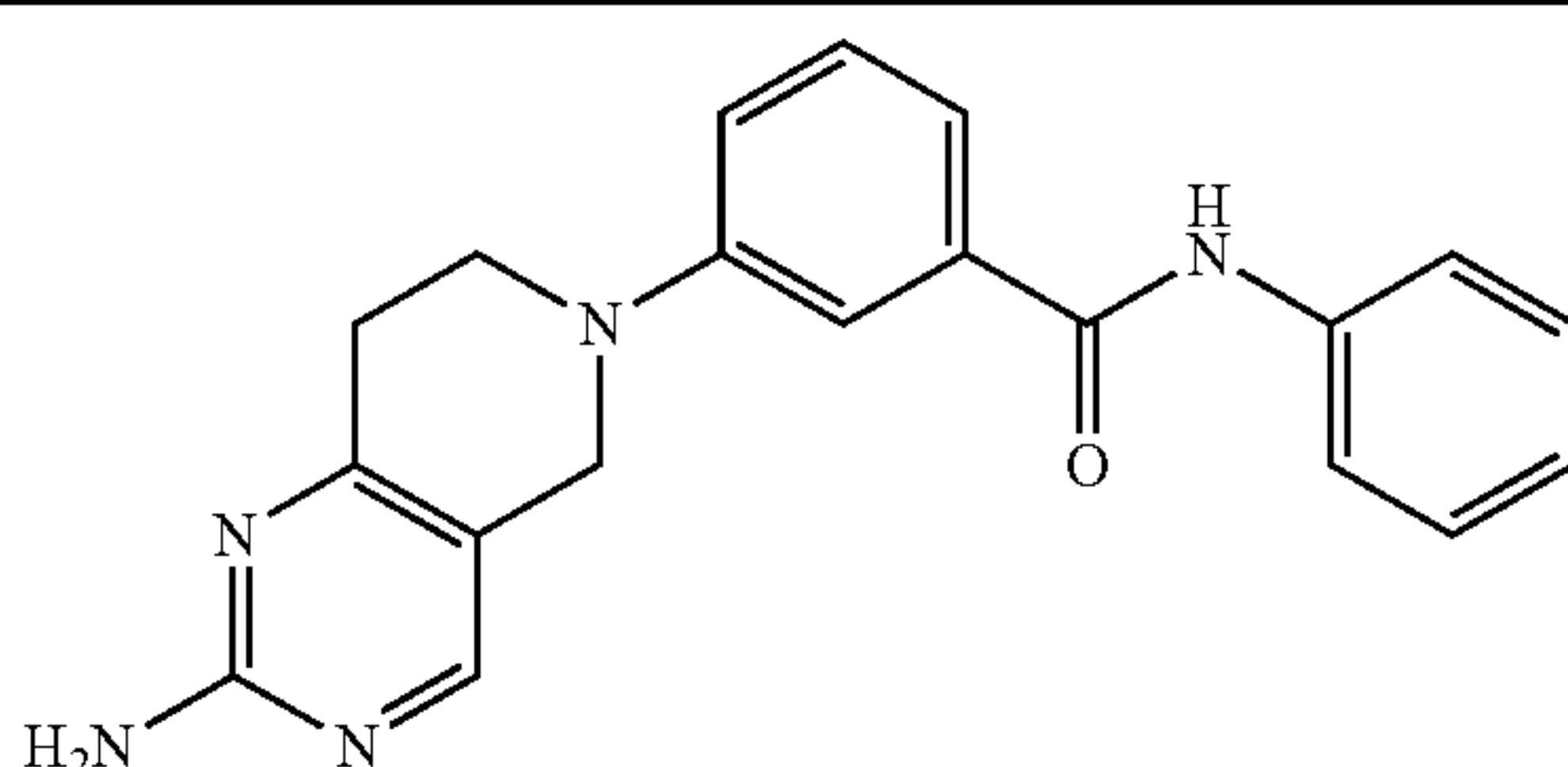
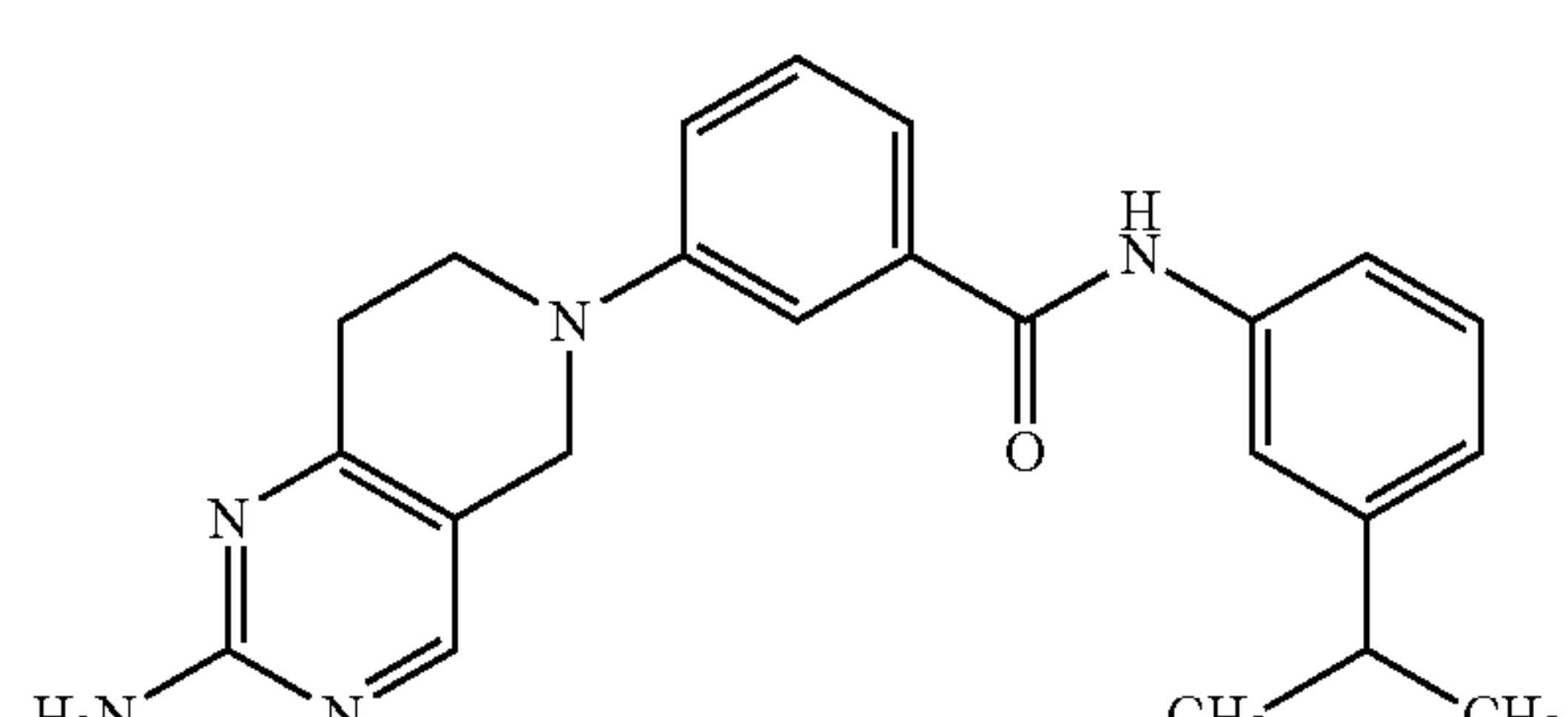
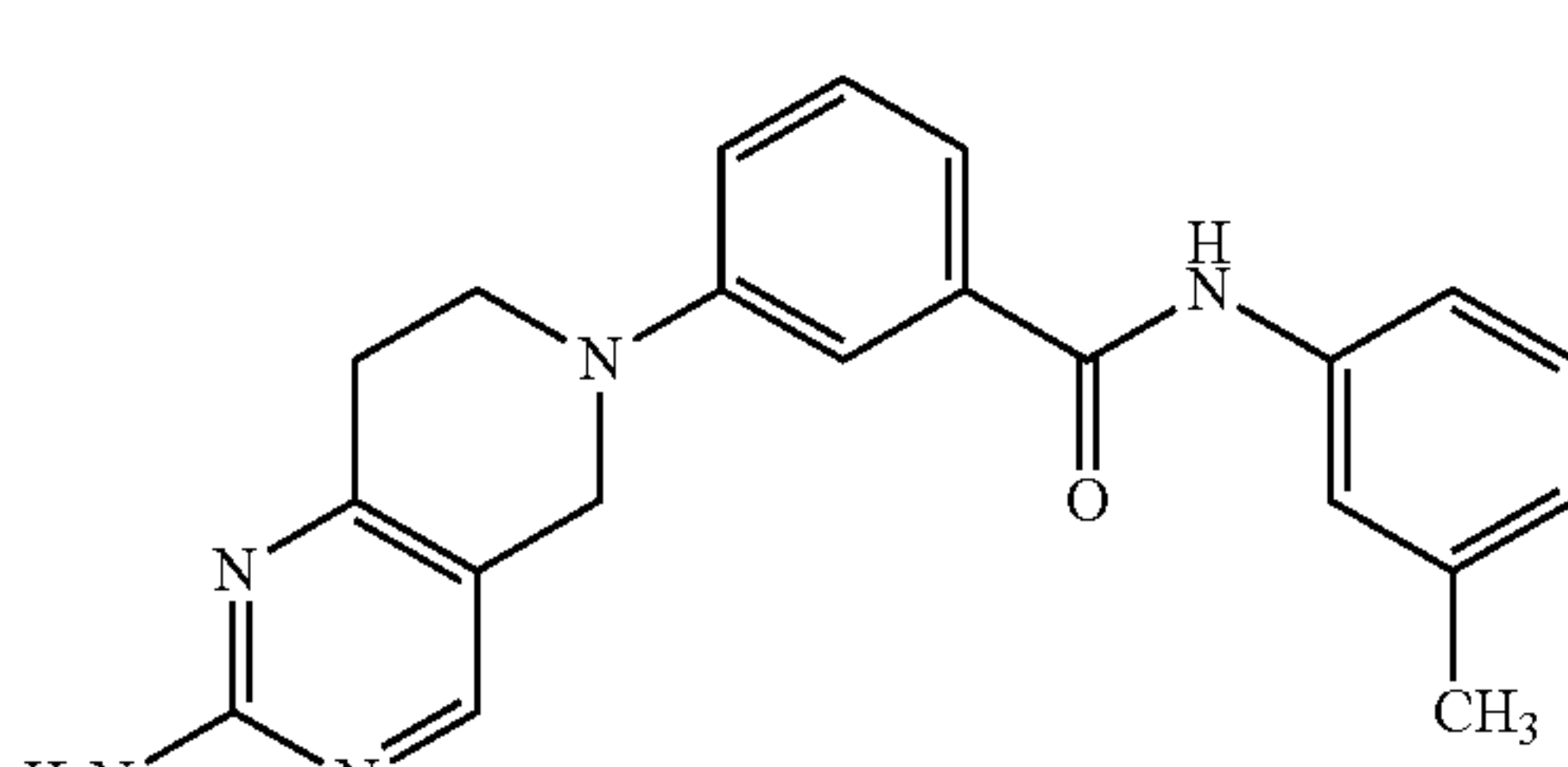
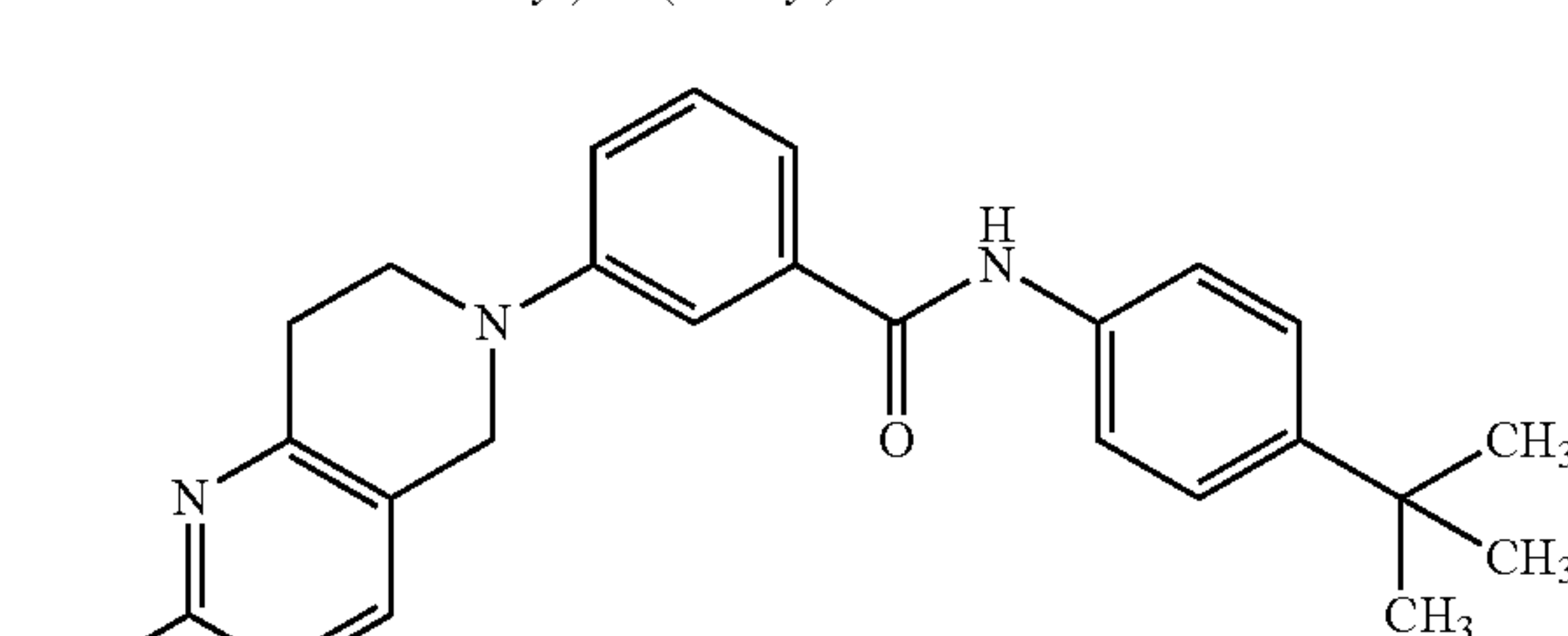
Example Number	Structure	VEGFR2 Kinase ( $IC_{50}$ , nM)	PDGFR $\beta$ Kinase ( $IC_{50}$ , nM)
1	 <p>3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-phenylbenzamide</p>	2980	
2	 <p>3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)benzamide</p>	21	54
3	 <p>3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(m-tolyl)benzamide</p>	114	116
4	 <p>3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-(tert-butyl)phenyl)benzamide</p>	41	109

TABLE 2-continued

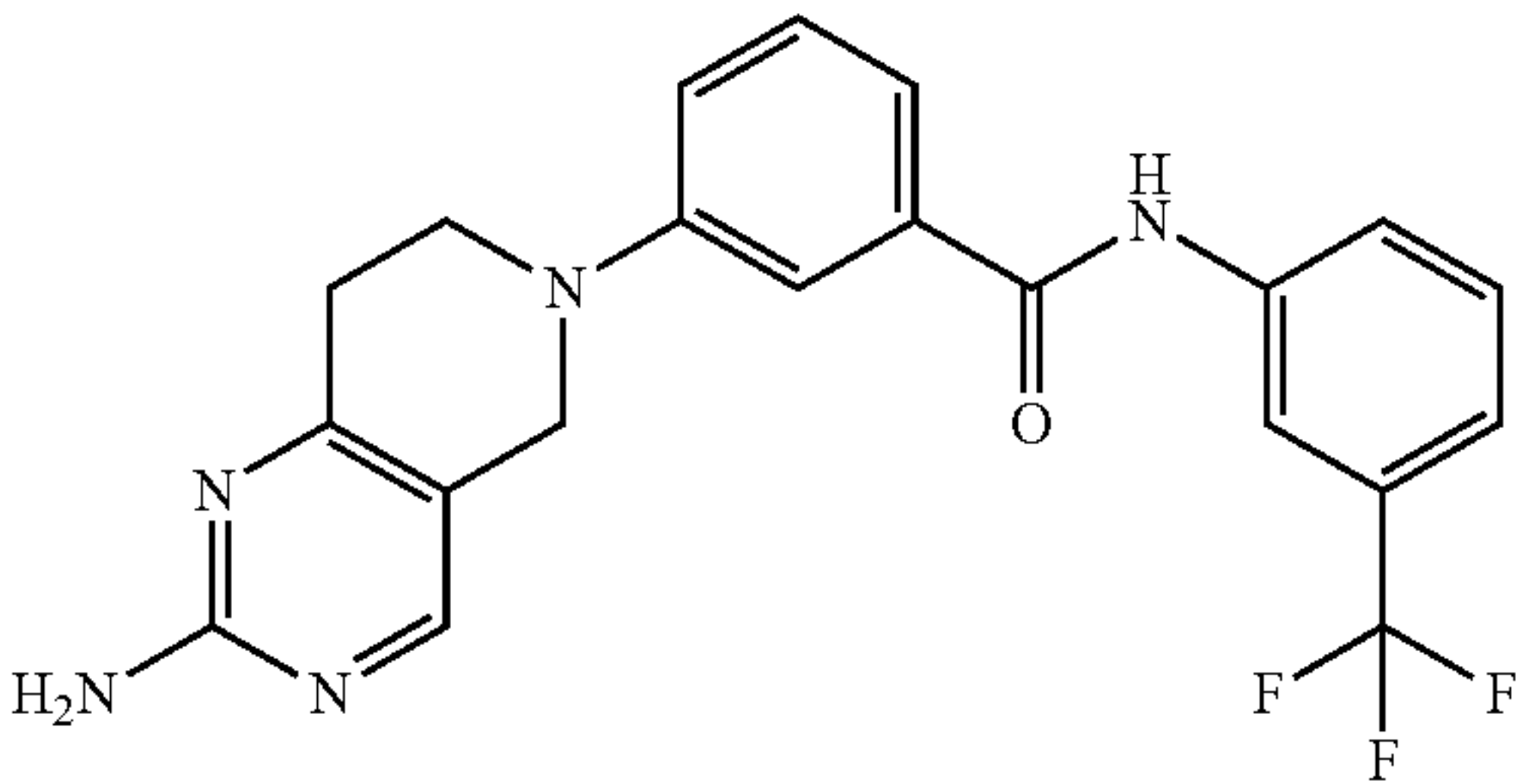
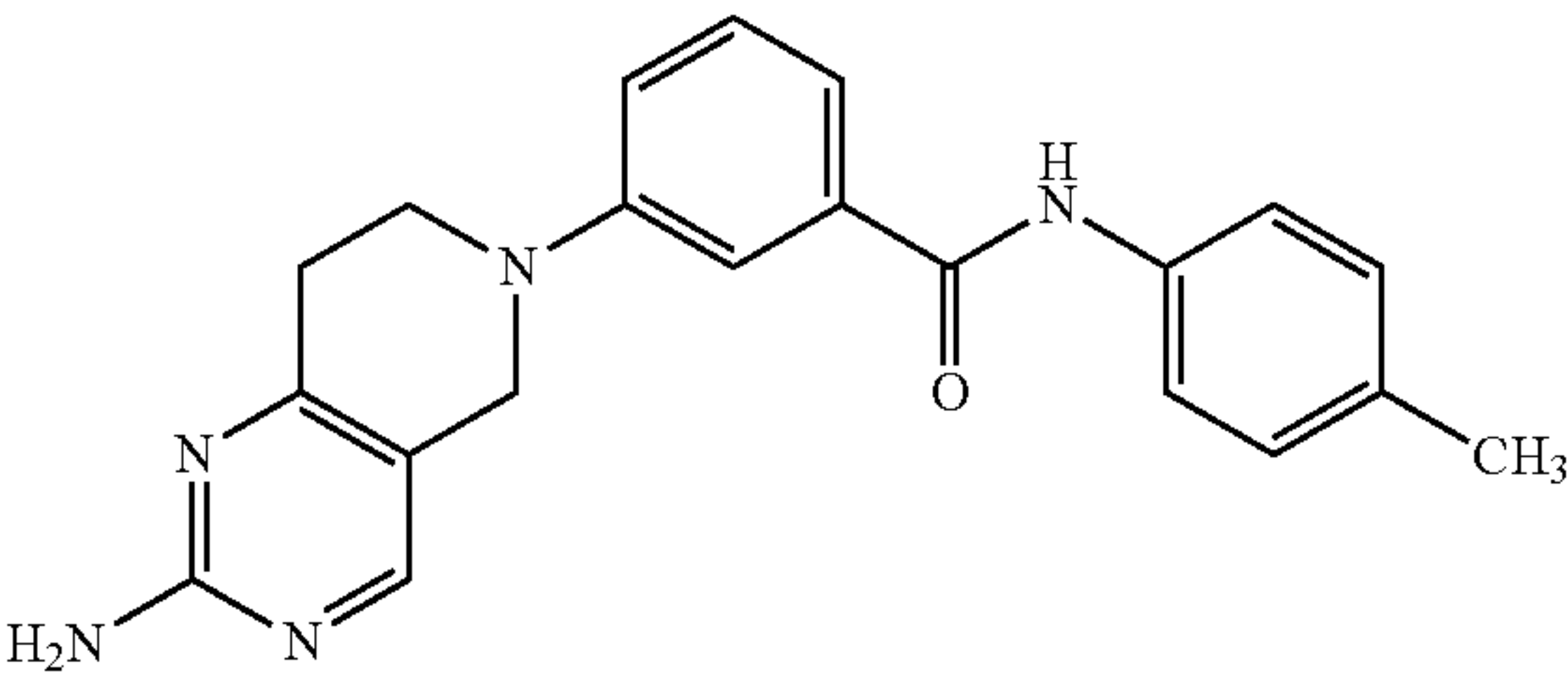
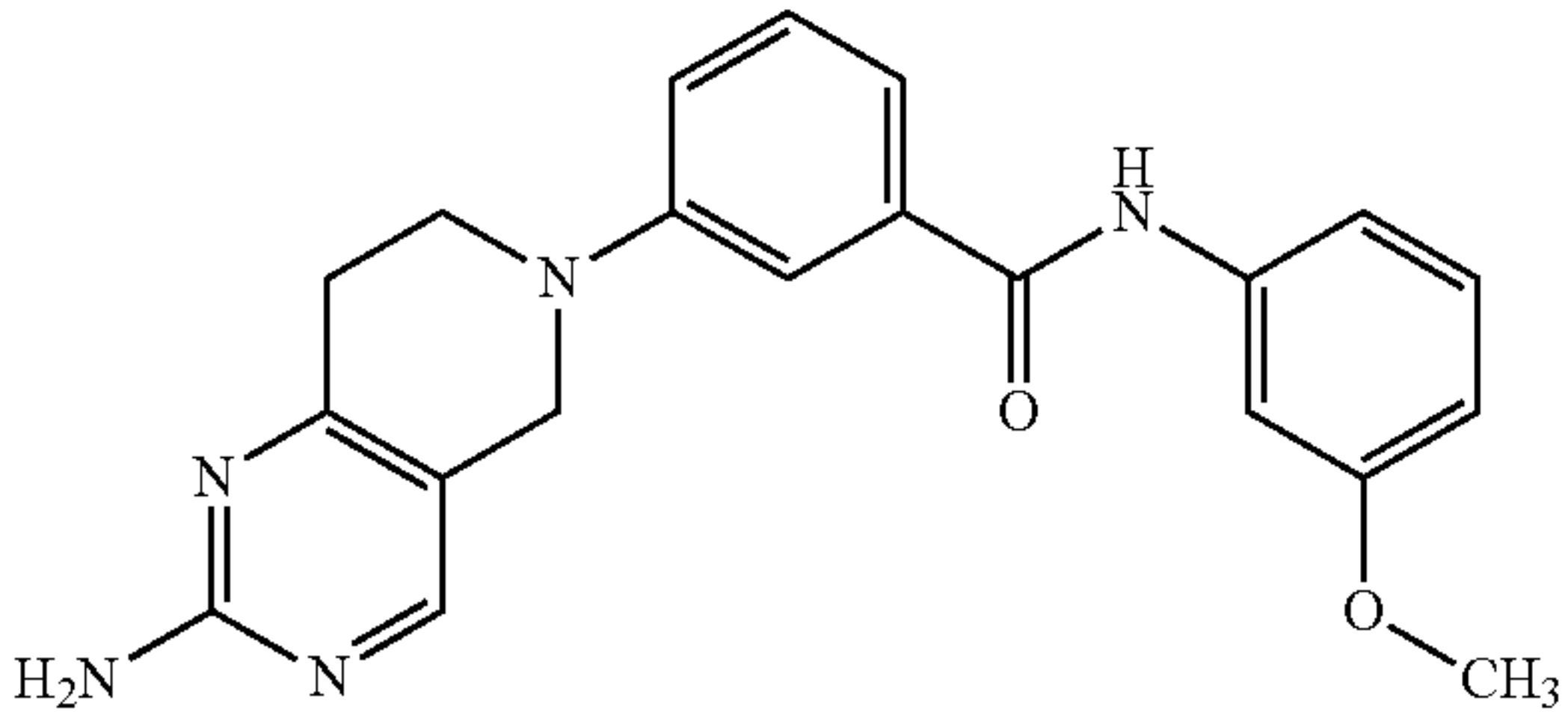
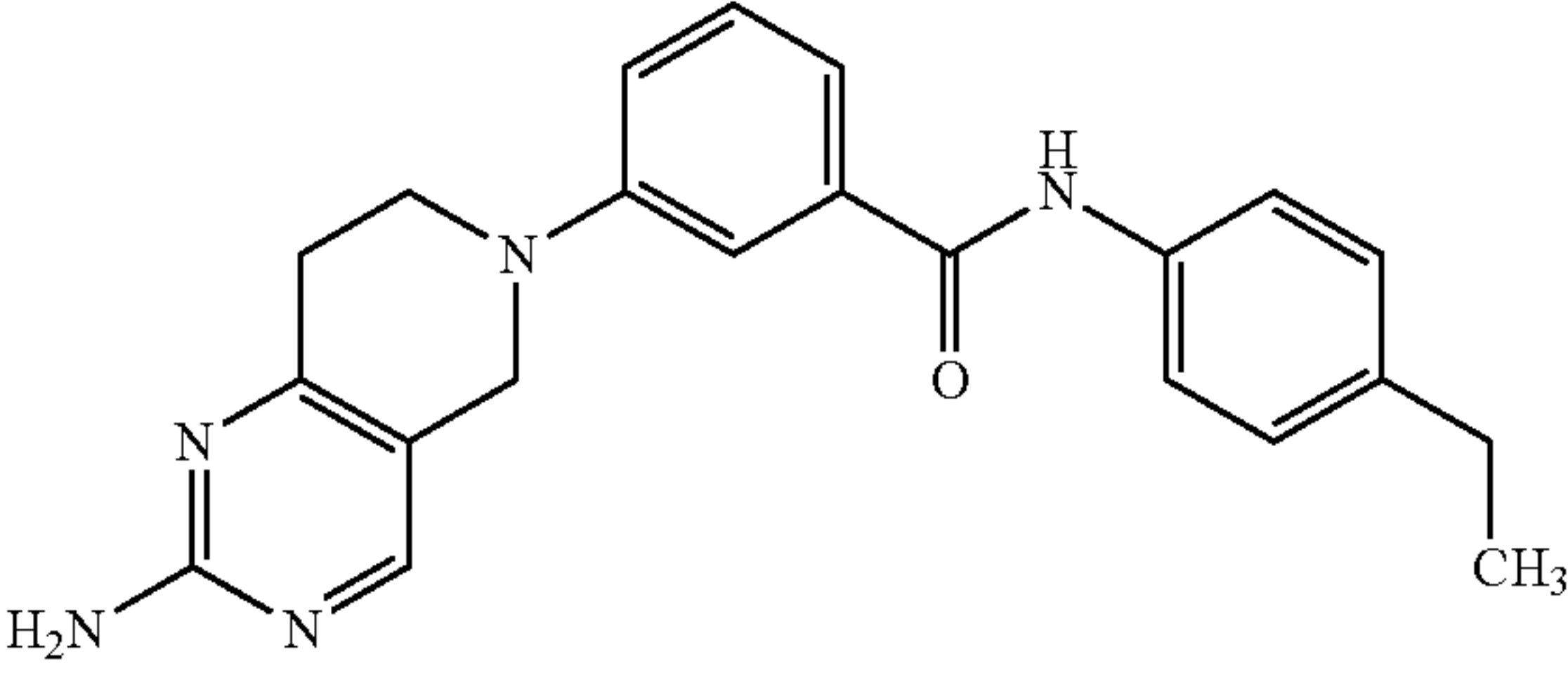
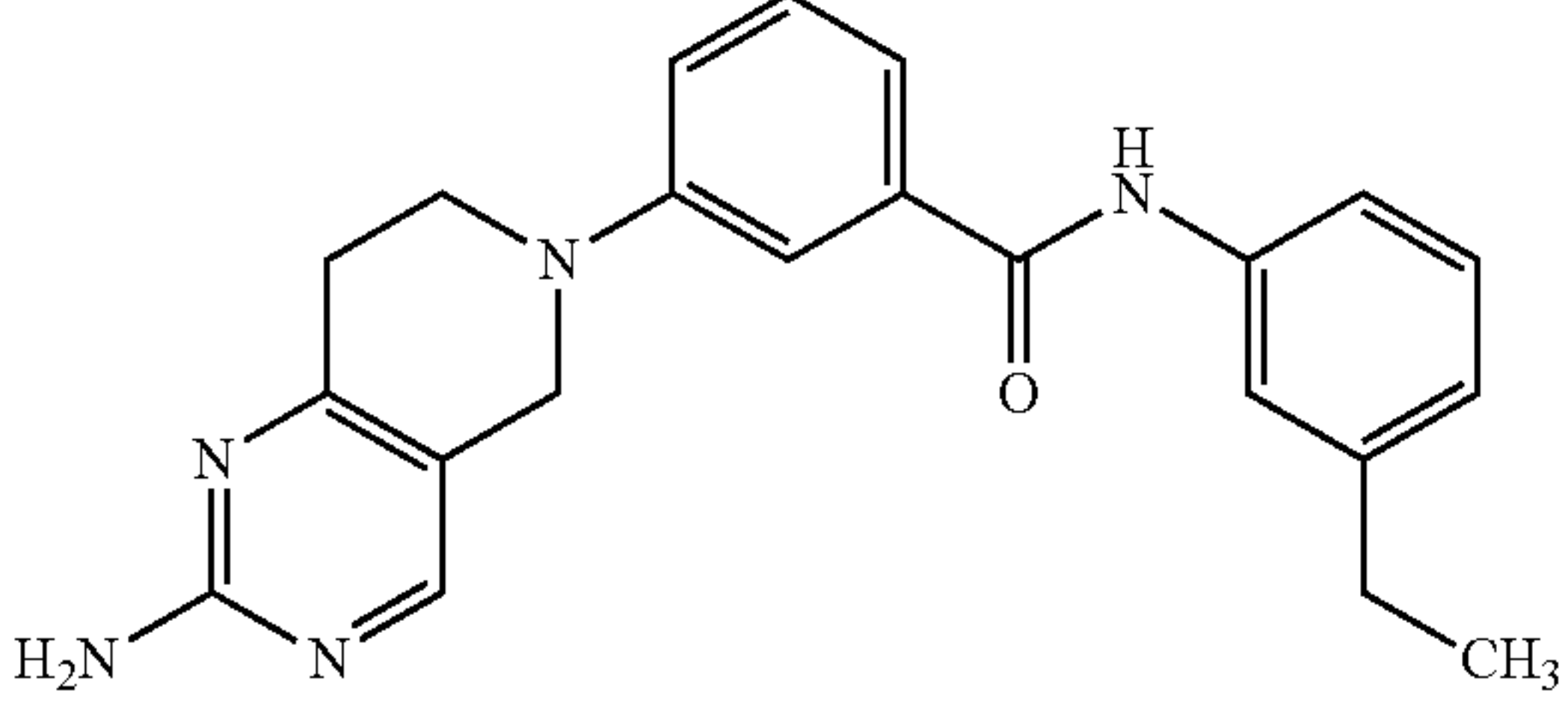
Example Number	Structure	VEGFR2 Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)	PDGFRβ Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)
5	 <p>3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)benzamide</p>	19	47
6	 <p>3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(p-tolyl)benzamide</p>	783	90
7	 <p>3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-methoxyphenyl)benzamide</p>	102	
8	 <p>3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-ethylphenyl)benzamide</p>	145	
9	 <p>3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-ethylphenyl)benzamide</p>	22	



TABLE 2-continued

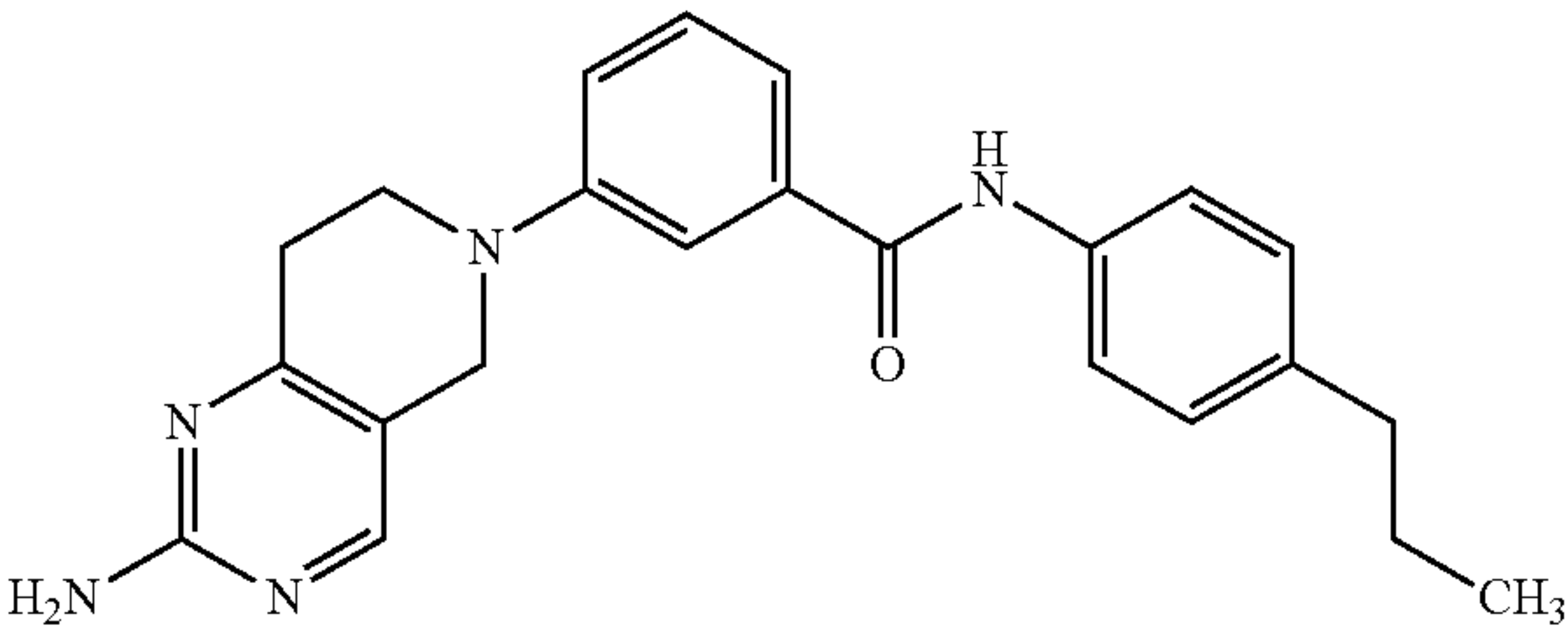
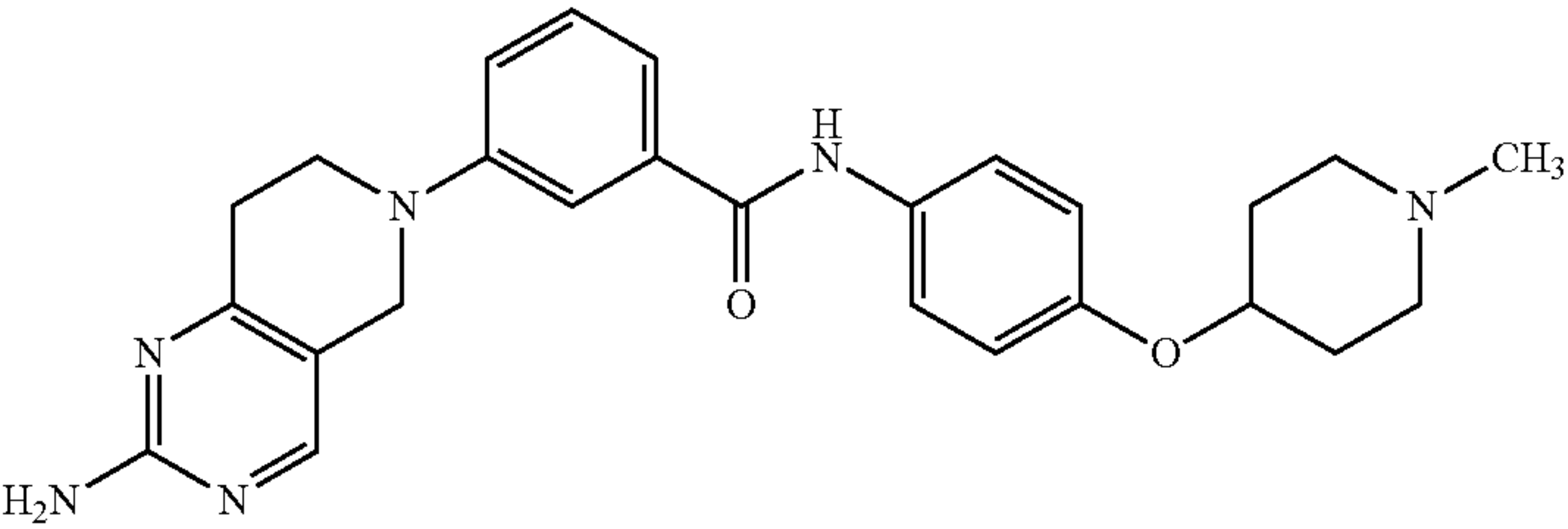
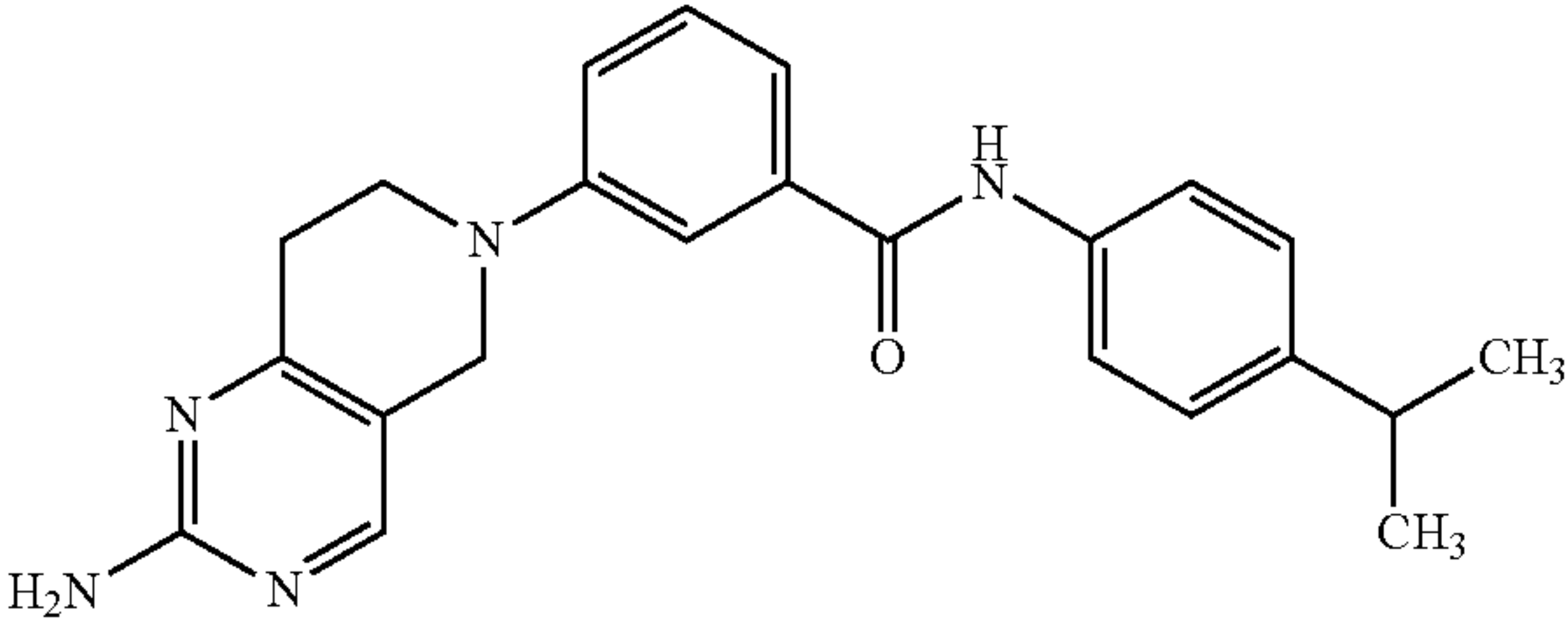
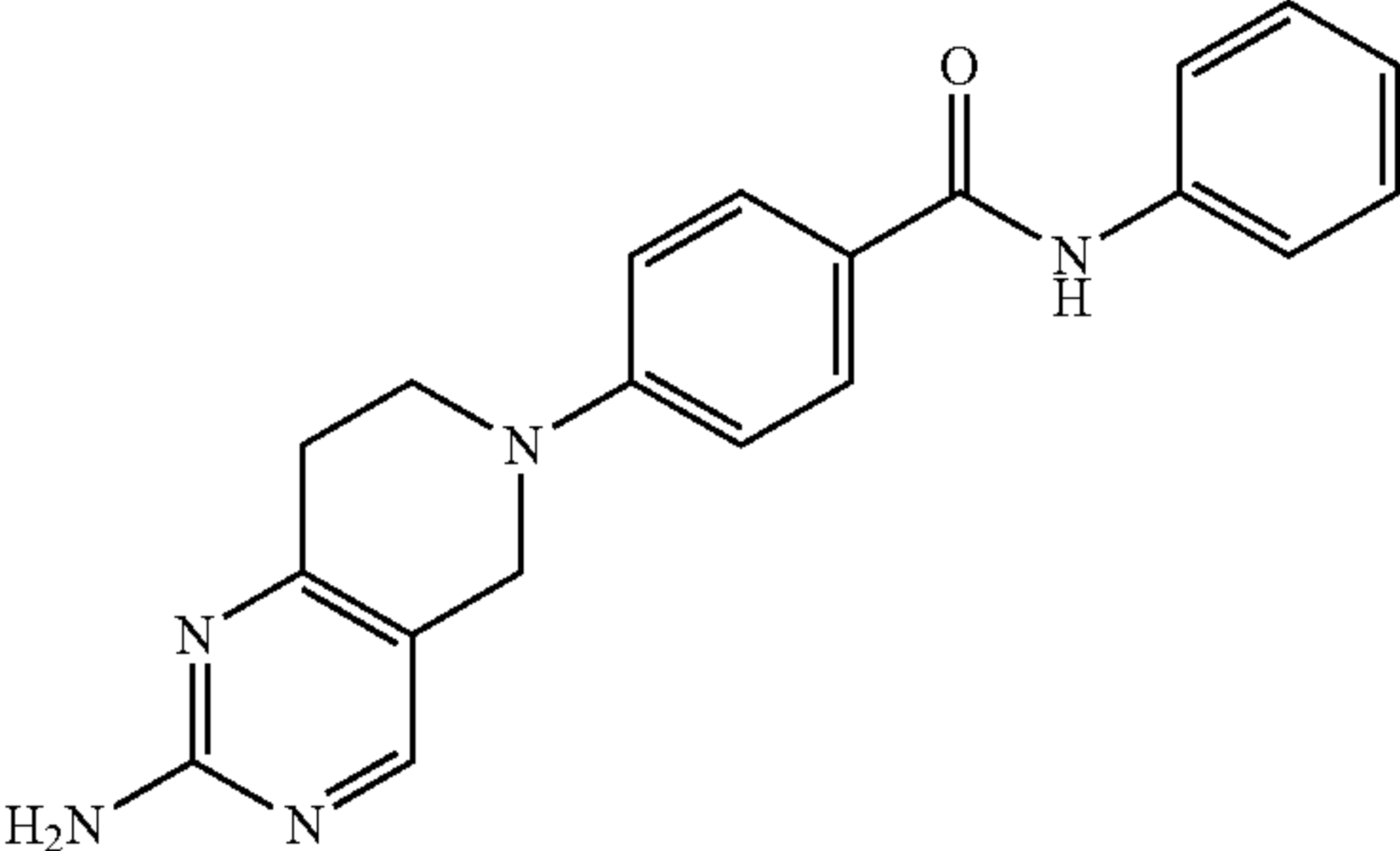
Example Number	Structure	VEGFR2 Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)	PDGFRβ Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)
10	 <p>3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-propylphenyl)benzamide</p>	67	
11	 <p>3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-((1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)oxy)phenyl)benzamide</p>	1180	
12	 <p>3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)benzamide</p>	67	
13	 <p>4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-phenylbenzamide</p>	>10000	

TABLE 2-continued

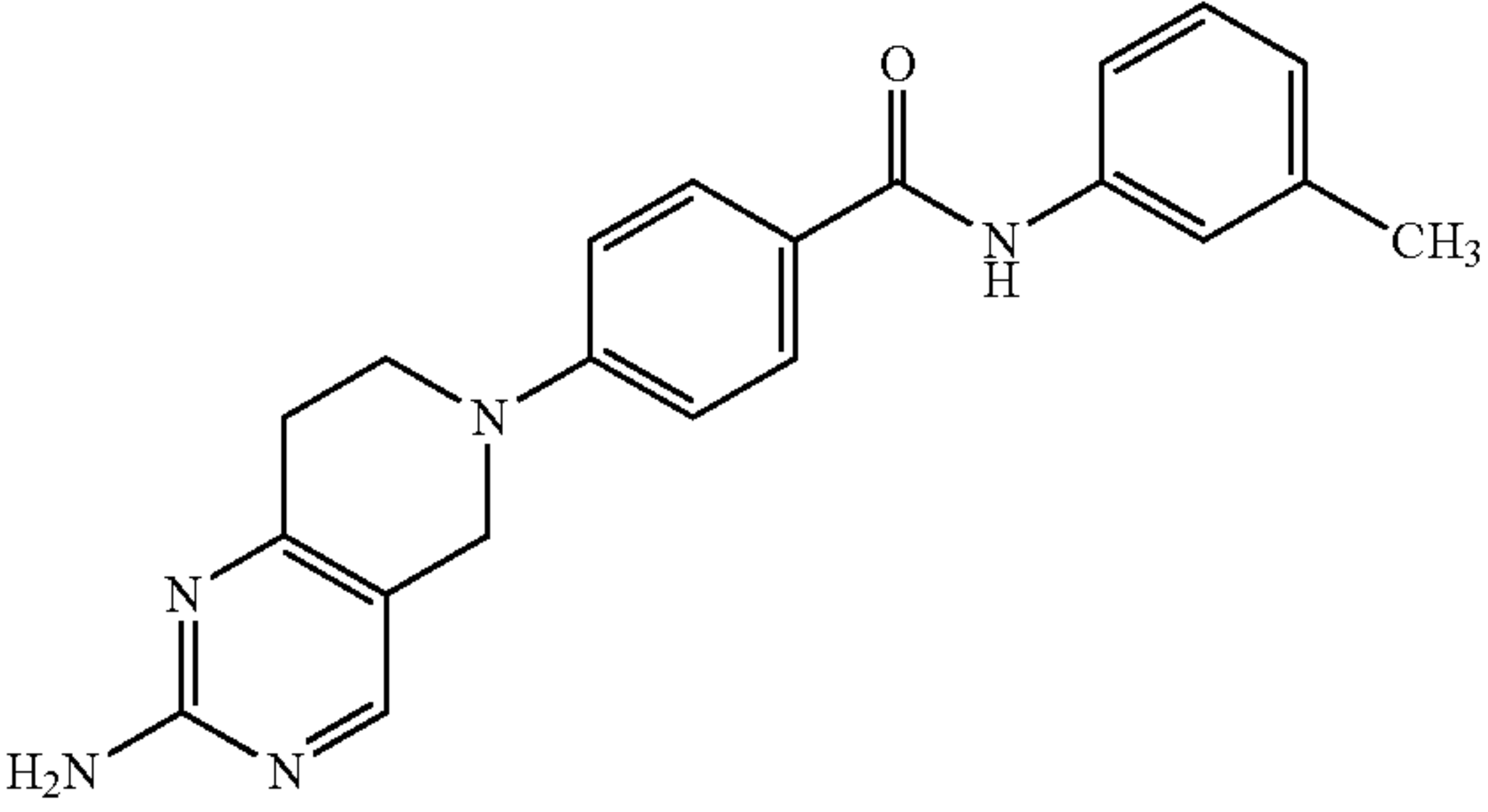
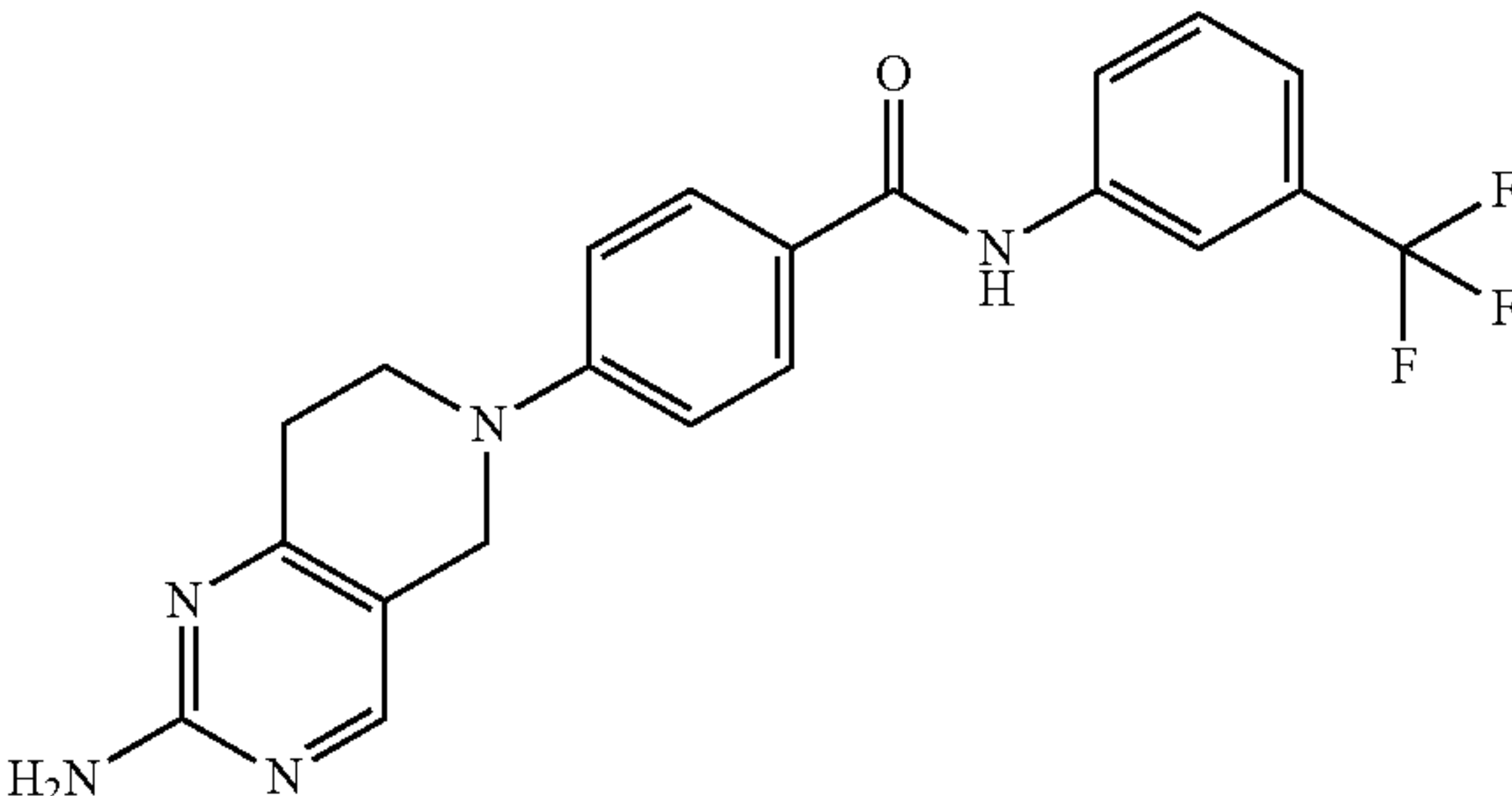
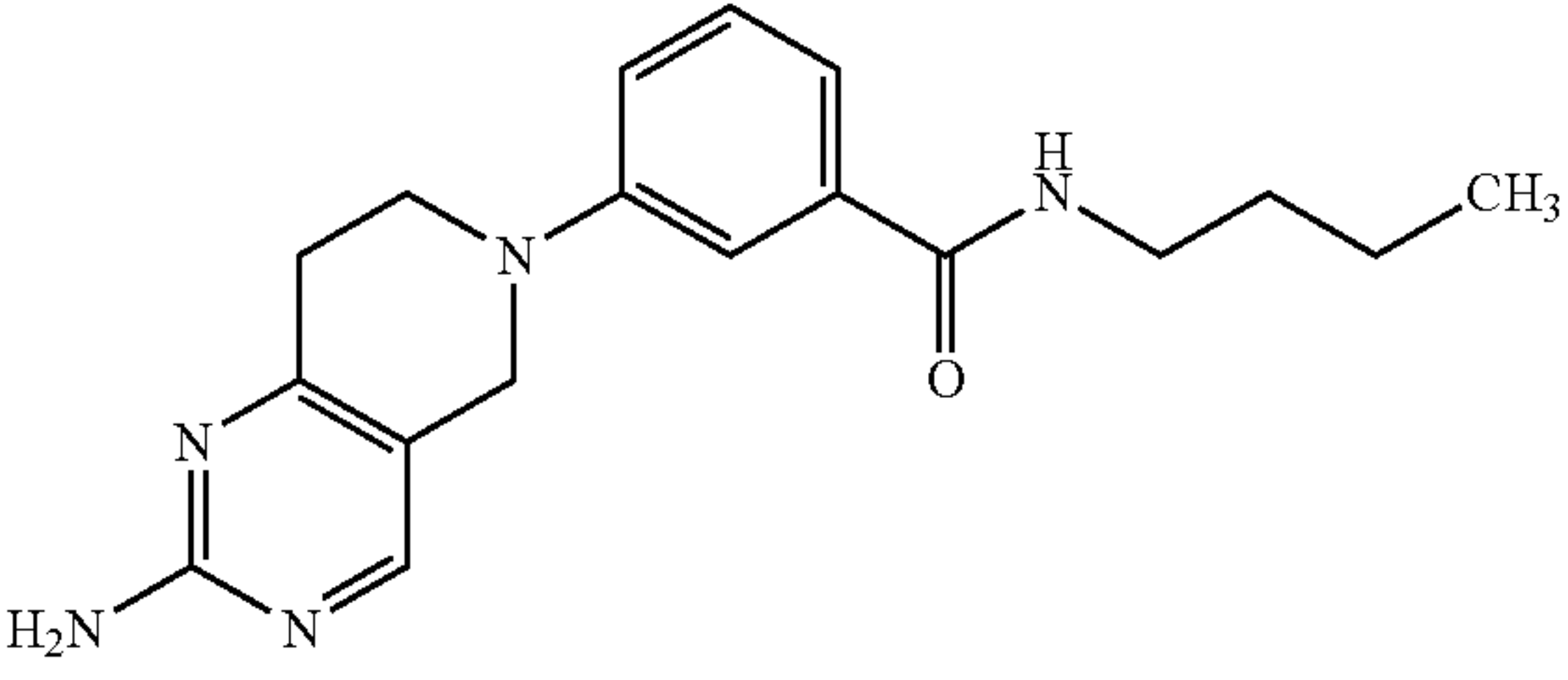
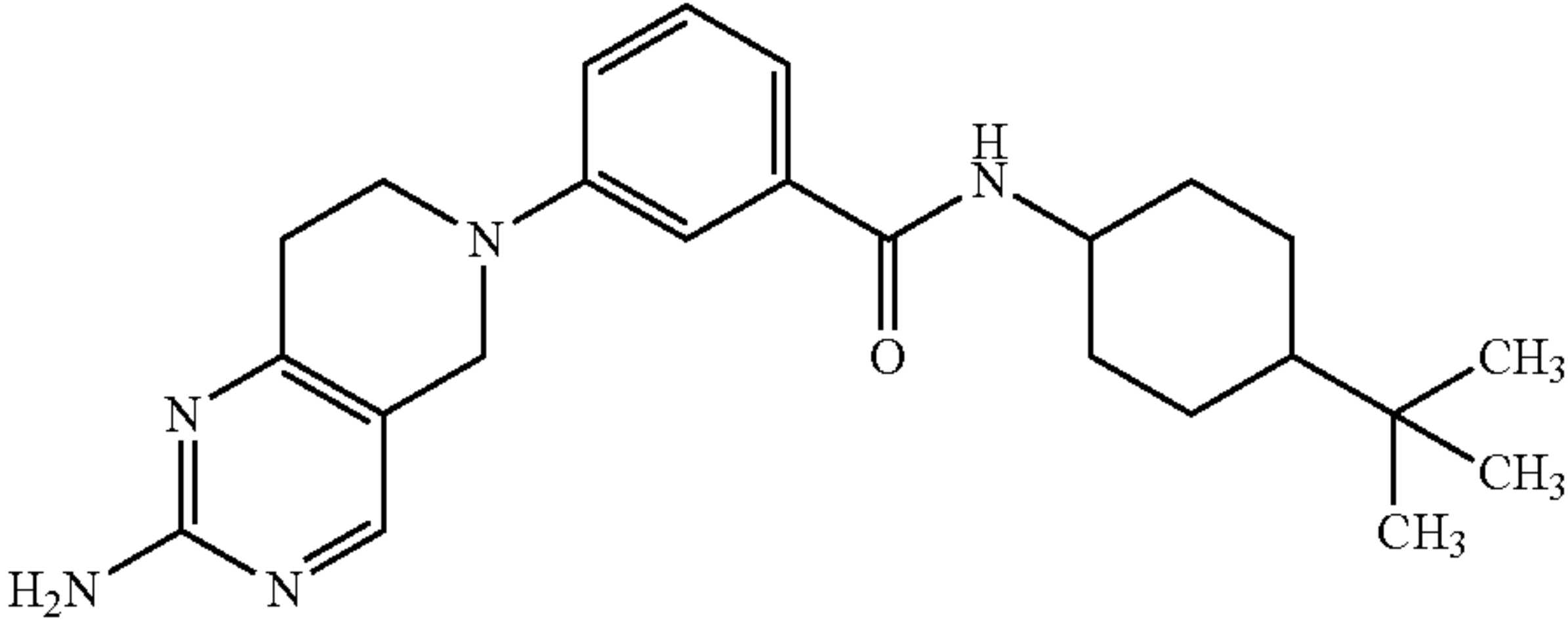
Example Number	Structure	VEGFR2 Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)	PDGFRβ Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)
14	 <p>4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(m-tolyl)benzamide</p>	>10000	
15	 <p>4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)benzamide</p>	>10000	
16	 <p>3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-butylbenzamide</p>	4050	>10000
17	 <p>3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-(tert-butyl)cyclohexyl)benzamide</p>	307	246

TABLE 2-continued

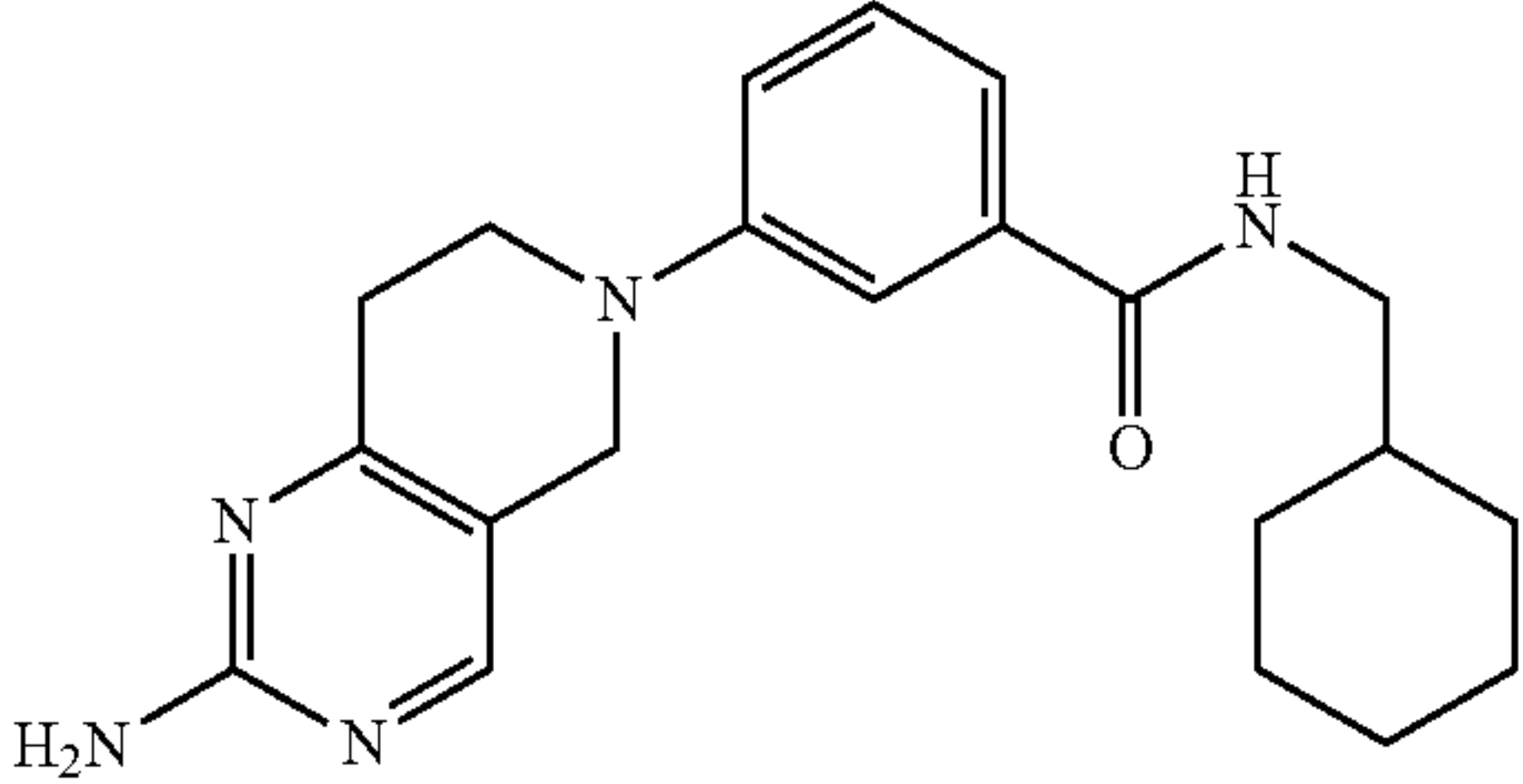
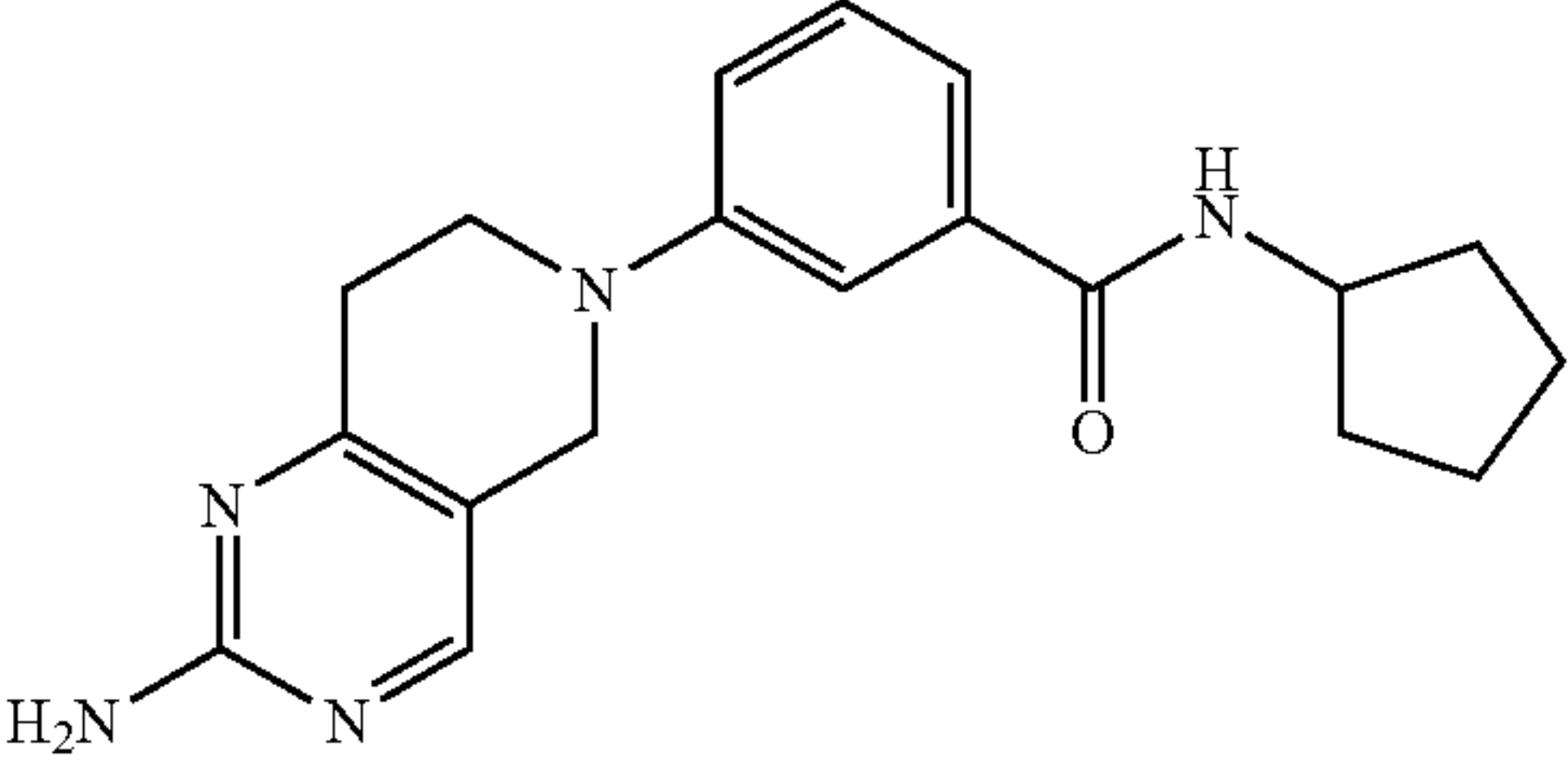
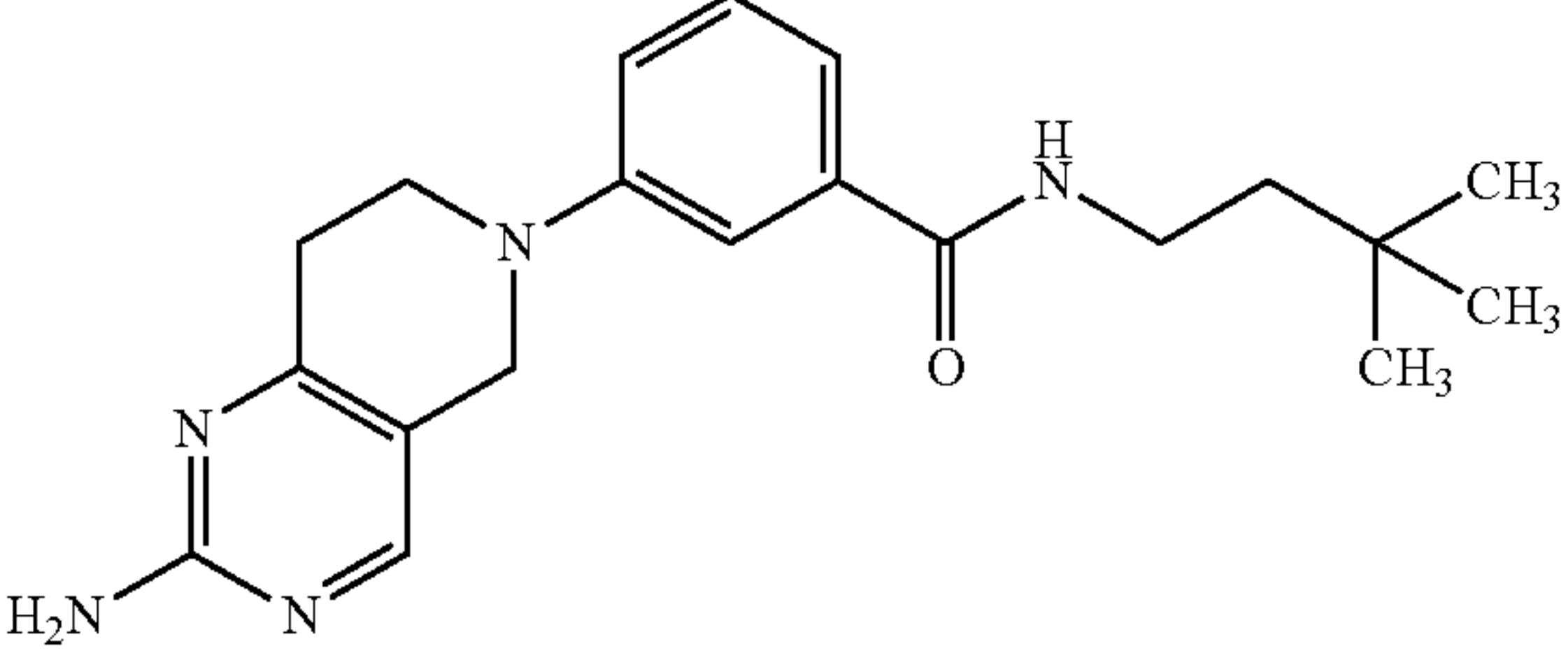
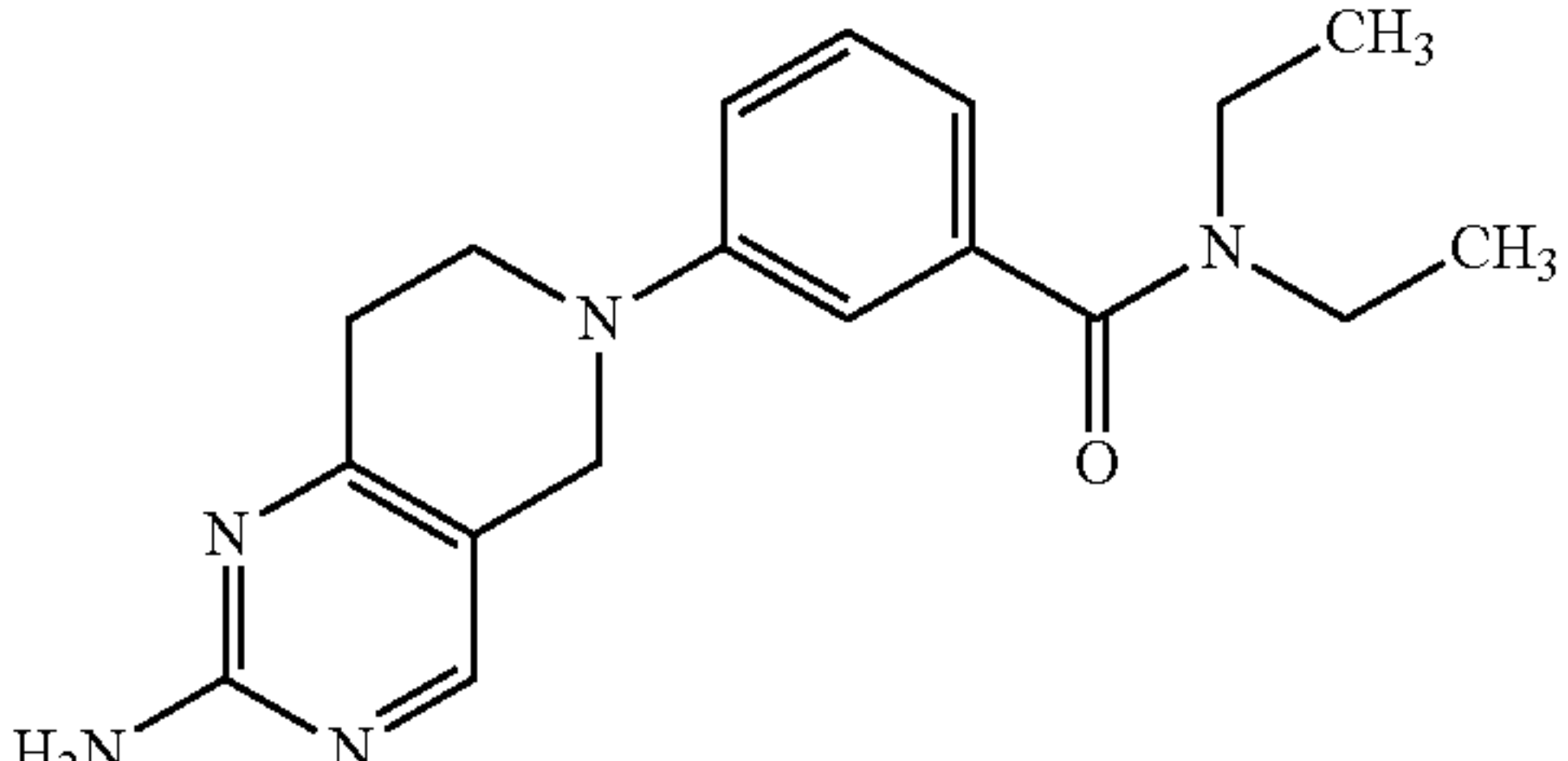
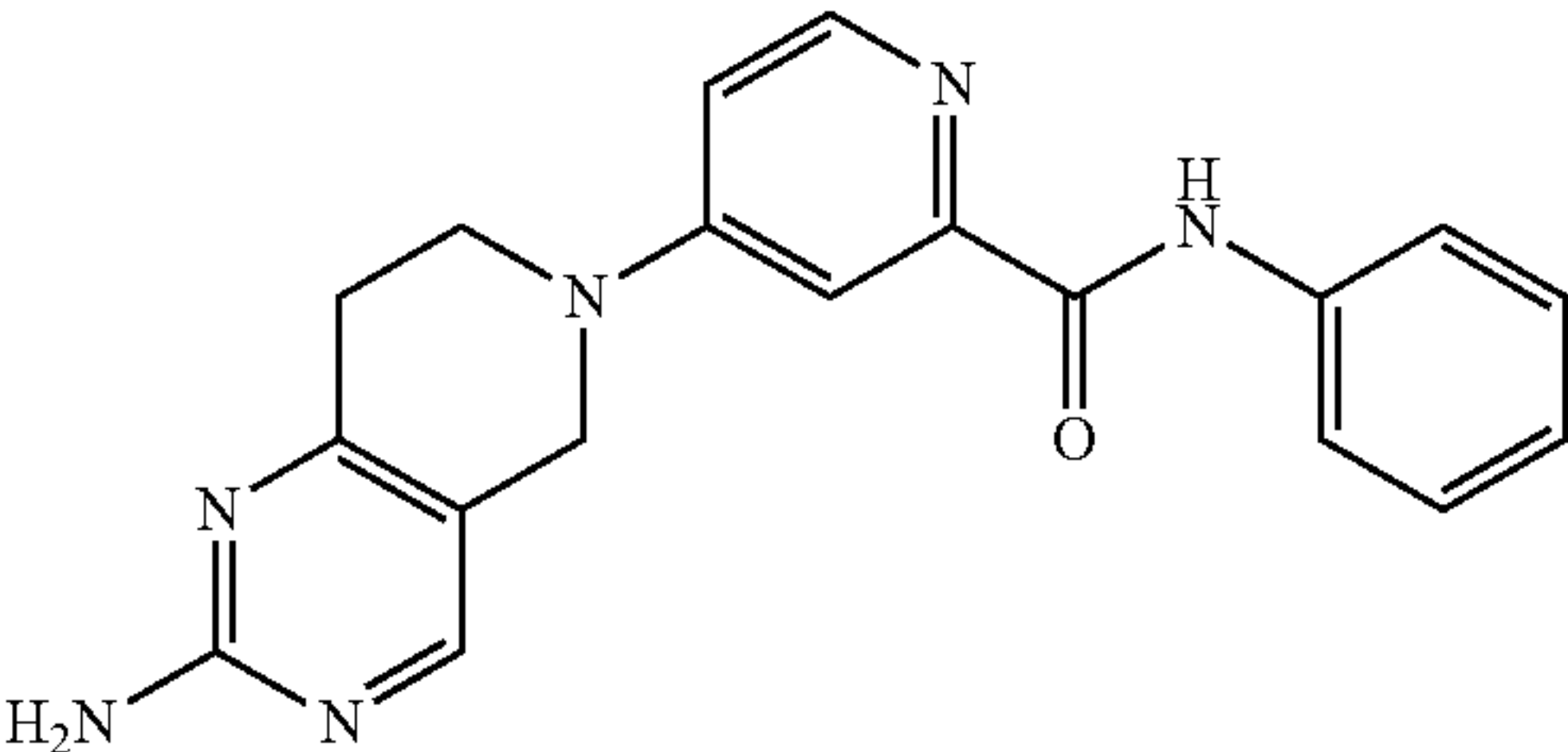
Example Number	Structure	VEGFR2 Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)	PDGFRβ Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)
18	 <p>3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(cyclohexylmethyl)benzamide</p>	2130	602
19	 <p>3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-cyclopentylbenzamide</p>	5710	>10000
20	 <p>3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3,3-dimethylbutyl)benzamide</p>	566	
21	 <p>3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N,N-diethylbenzamide</p>	1250	
22		>10000	

TABLE 2-continued

Example Number	Structure	VEGFR2 Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)	PDGFRβ Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)
23		>10000	
24		>10000	
25		>10000	
26		>10000	
36		>10000	
37		>10000	>10000



TABLE 2-continued

Example Number	Structure	VEGFR2 Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)	PDGFRβ Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)
38		>10000	
39		>10000	
40		>10000	
51		>10000	
52		>10000	
53		>10000	

TABLE 2-continued

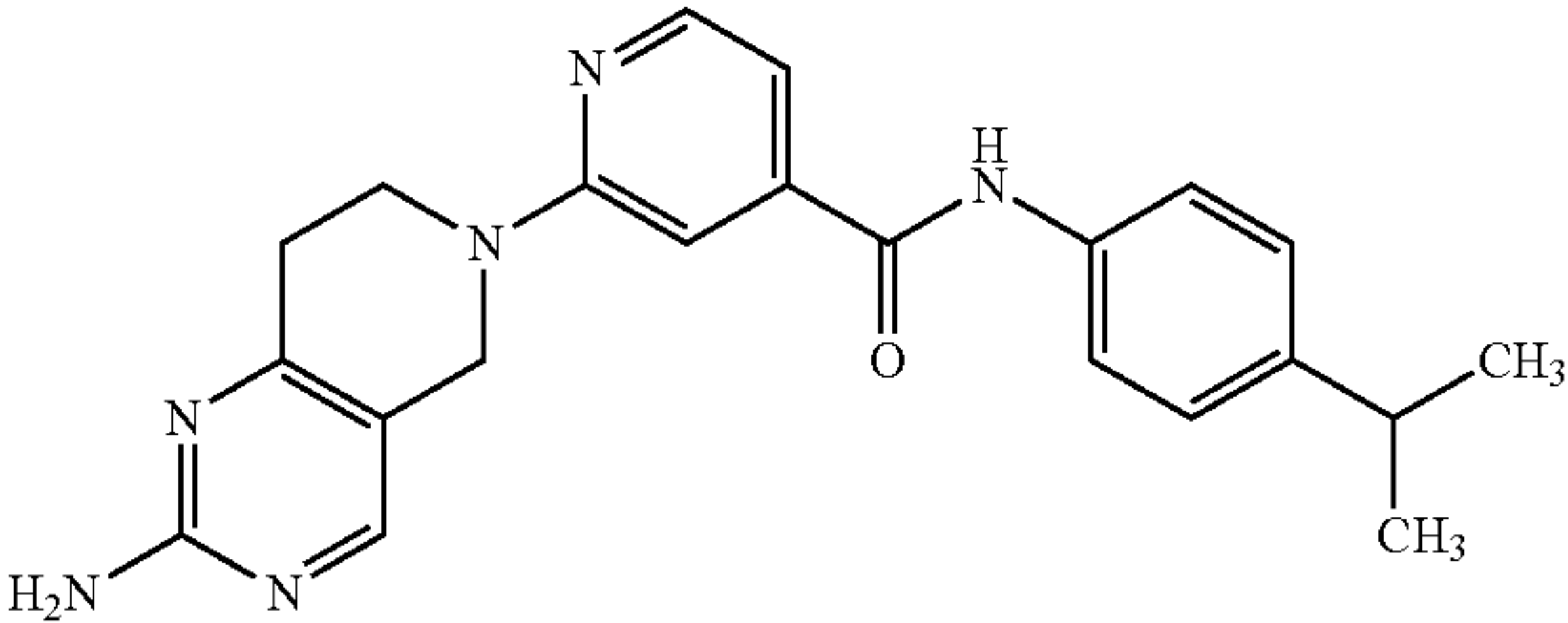
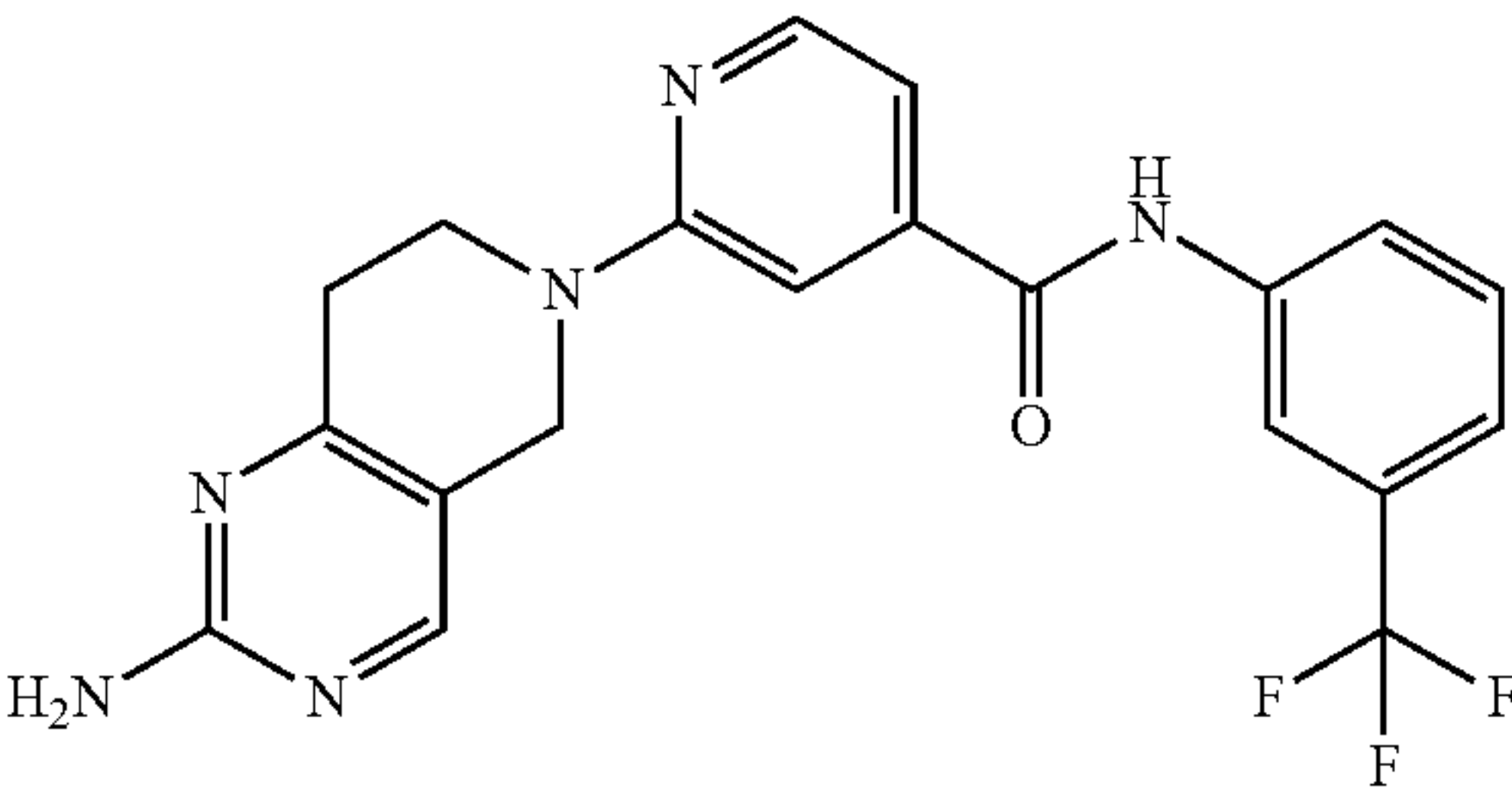
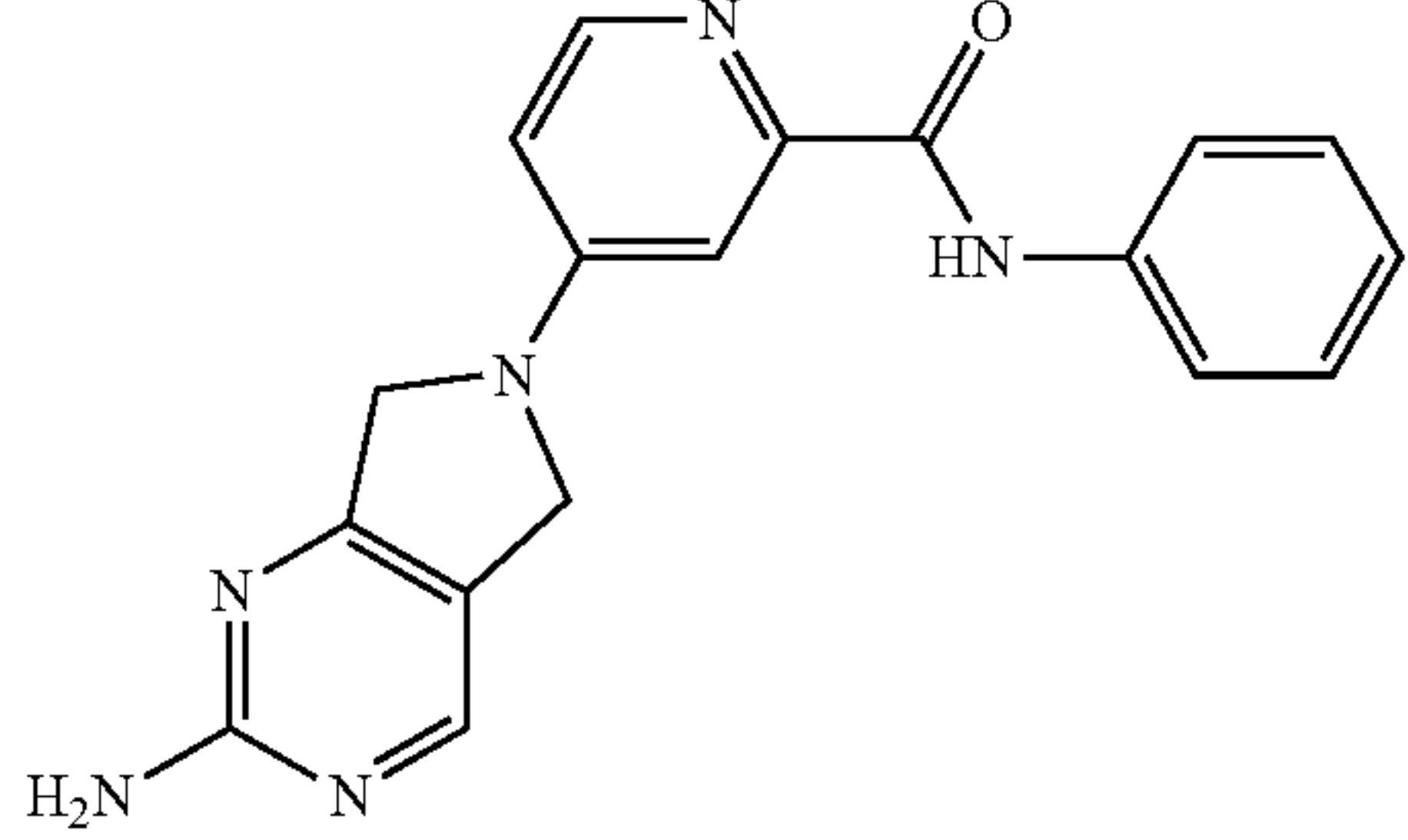
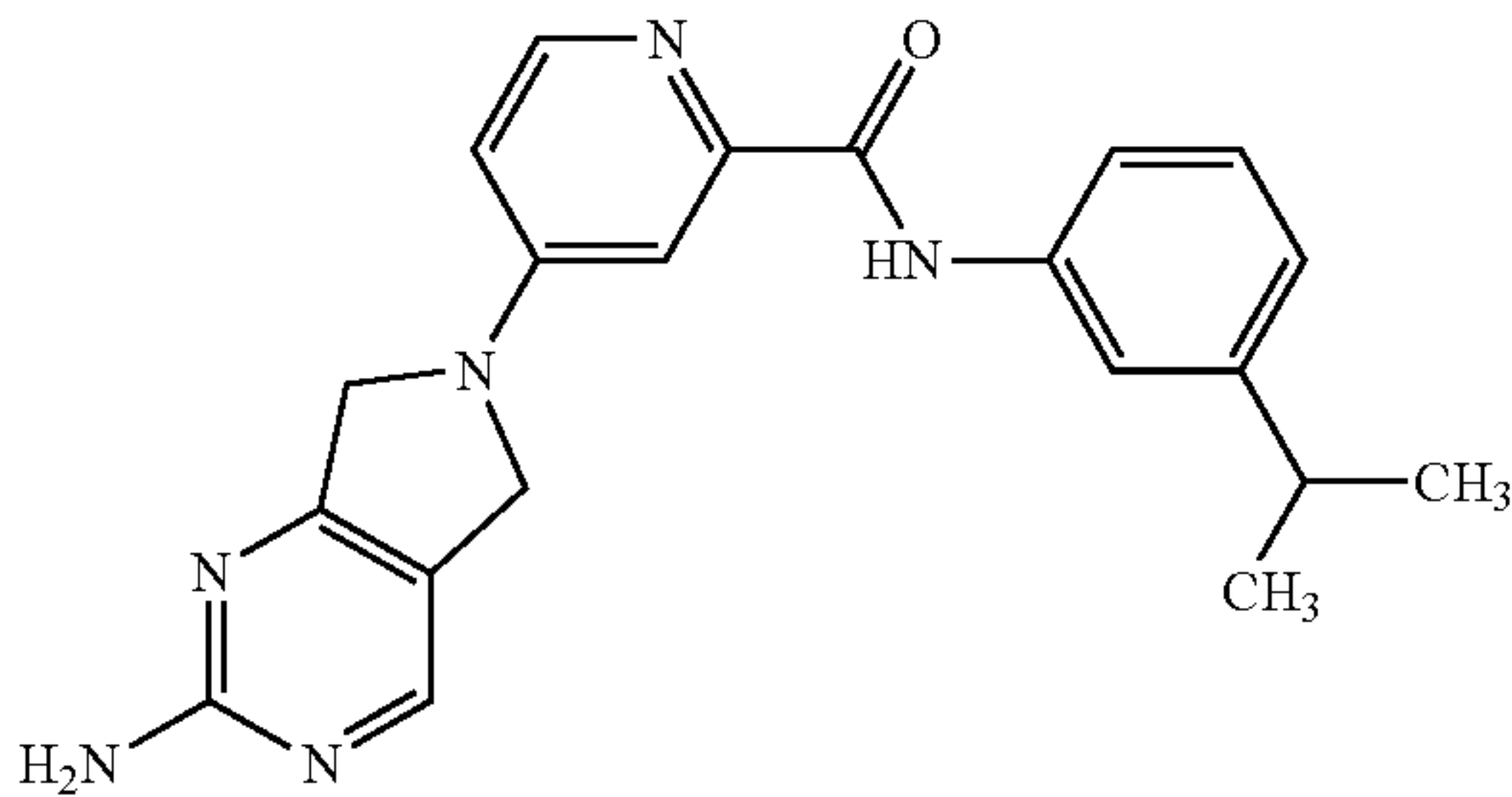
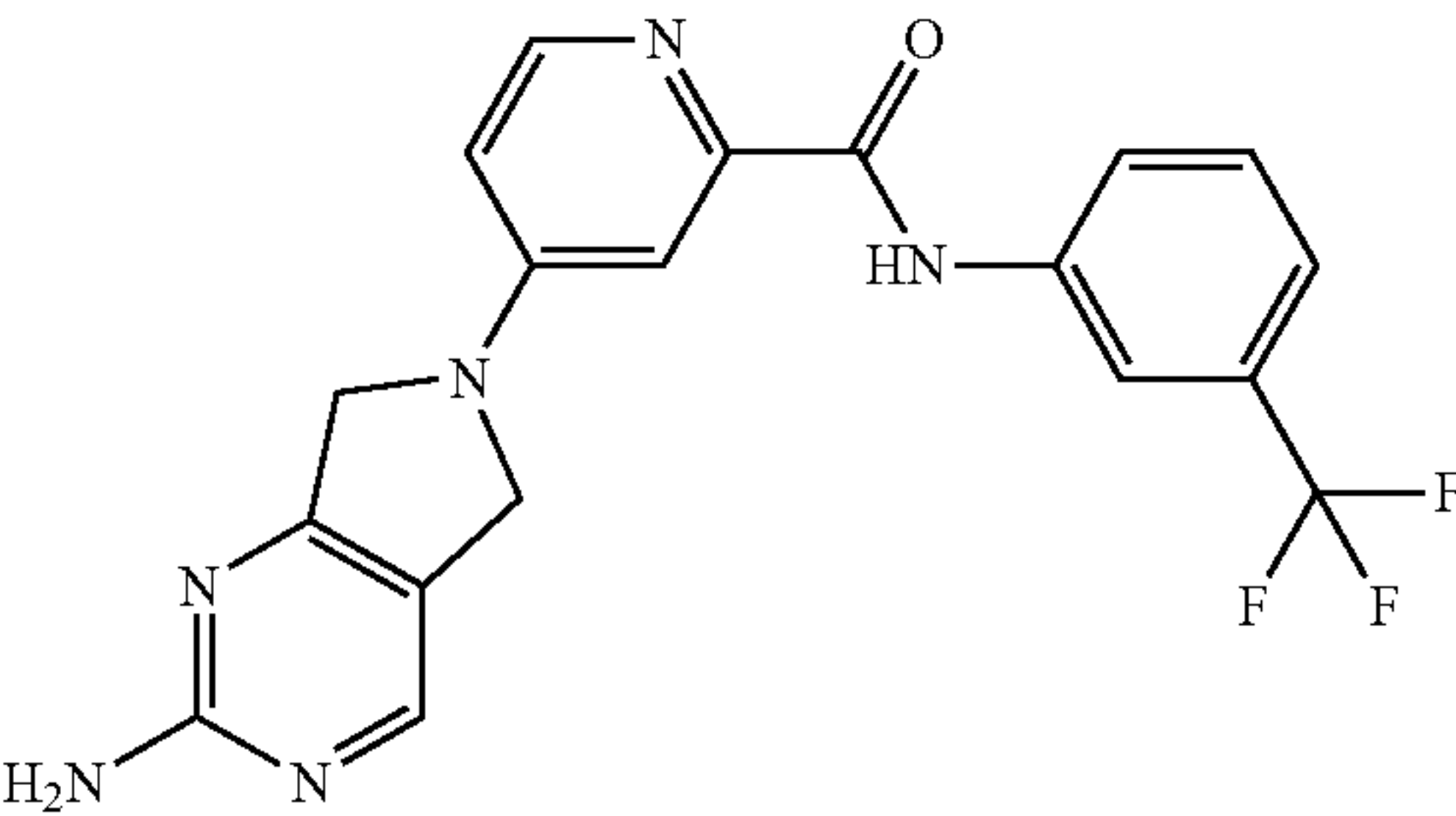
Example Number	Structure	VEGFR2 Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)	PDGFR $\beta$ Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)
54		>10000	
55		>10000	
80		>10000	
81		>10000	
82		>10000	

TABLE 2-continued

Example Number	Structure	VEGFR2 Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)	PDGFRβ Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)
83		>10000	
84		>10000	
106		6360	
107		2129	
108		>10000	

TABLE 2-continued

Example Number	Structure	VEGFR2 Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)	PDGFRβ Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)
110		>10000	
112		>10000	
114		>10000	
115		>10000	
116		>10000	
118		>10000	



TABLE 2-continued

Example Number	Structure	VEGFR2 Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)	PDGFRβ Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)
119		>10000	
120		>10000	
126		>10000	
128		>10000	
129		>10000	
138		764	

TABLE 2-continued

Example Number	Structure	VEGFR2 Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)	PDGFRβ Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)
139		71	
140		>1000	
141		31	
142		>1000	
147		8	20

TABLE 2-continued

Example Number	Structure	VEGFR2 Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)	PDGFRβ Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)
148		27	273
149		14	30
150		17	59
151		19	
152		104	

TABLE 2-continued

Example Number	Structure	VEGFR2 Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)	PDGFRβ Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)
153		638	
154		11	
155		159	
156		>10000	
157		>10000	
160		584	



TABLE 2-continued

Example Number	Structure	VEGFR2 Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)	PDGFRβ Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)
161		149	
162		>10000	>10000
163		2200	1560
164		>10000	>10000
165		>1000	>1000

TABLE 2-continued

Example Number	Structure	VEGFR2 Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)	PDGFRβ Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)
166		308	36
167		454	1050
168		39	40
169		12	15
170		54	
171		8	

TABLE 2-continued

Example Number	Structure	VEGFR2 Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)	PDGFRβ Kinase (IC <sub>50</sub> , nM)
172		367	
173		220	
174		49	
175		230	
176		27	61

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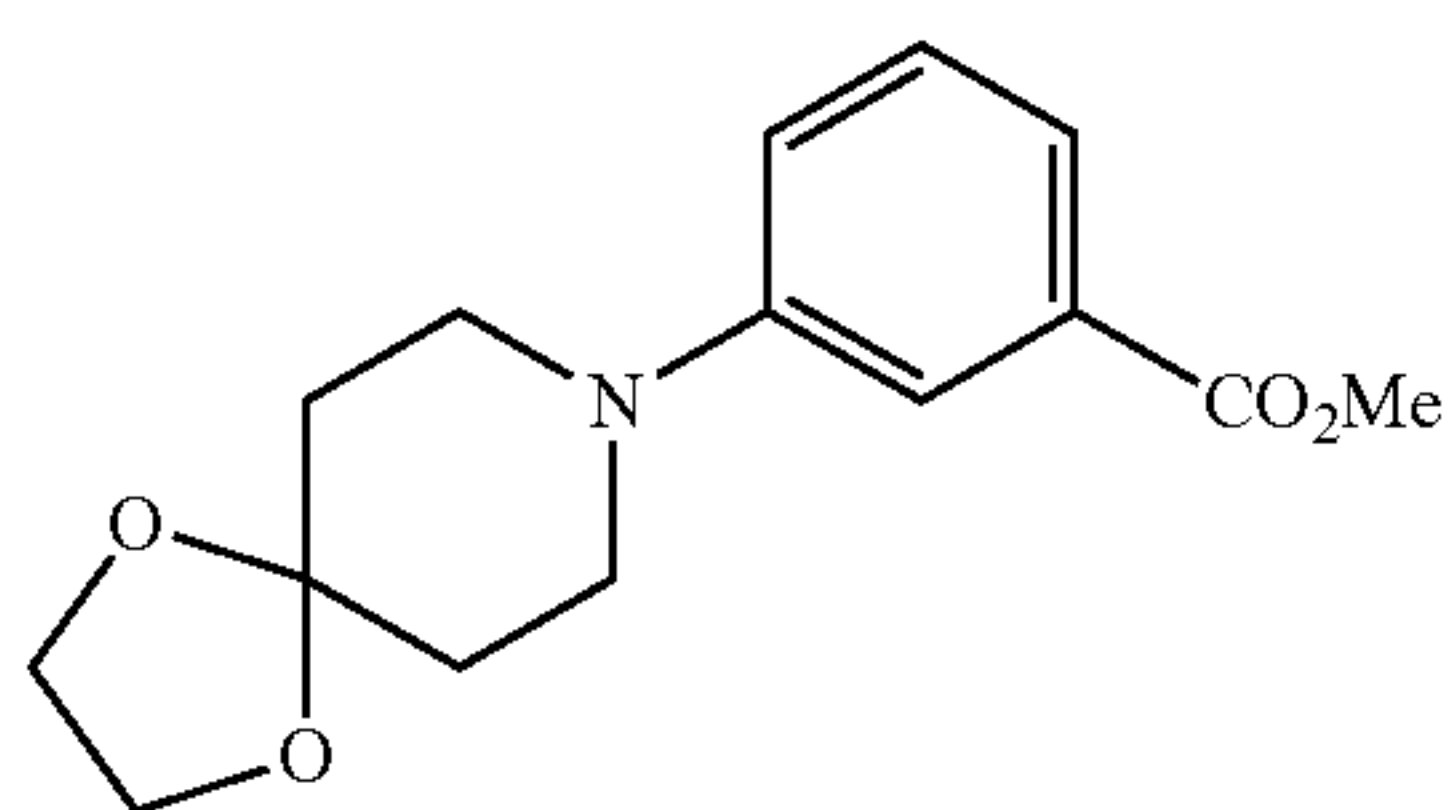
It has been, surprisingly, found from the above data that; Increased selectivity is obtained when the relationship of —XR<sup>3</sup> and the condensed N-containing ring, i.e. the pyrido or pyrrolo pyrimidinyl heteroaryl ring, on Ar<sup>1</sup> is meta rather than para;

In the phenyl compounds of the present invention, i.e. wherein R<sup>3</sup> is phenyl, the alkyl and fluoroalkyl-substituted phenyl compounds are more selective than the corresponding unsubstituted phenyl compounds.

In the alkyl compounds of the present invention, i.e. wherein R<sup>3</sup> is alkyl, the branched alkyl compounds are more selective than the corresponding n-alkyl and cycloalkyl compounds.

The invention is further illustrated by the following non-limiting examples.

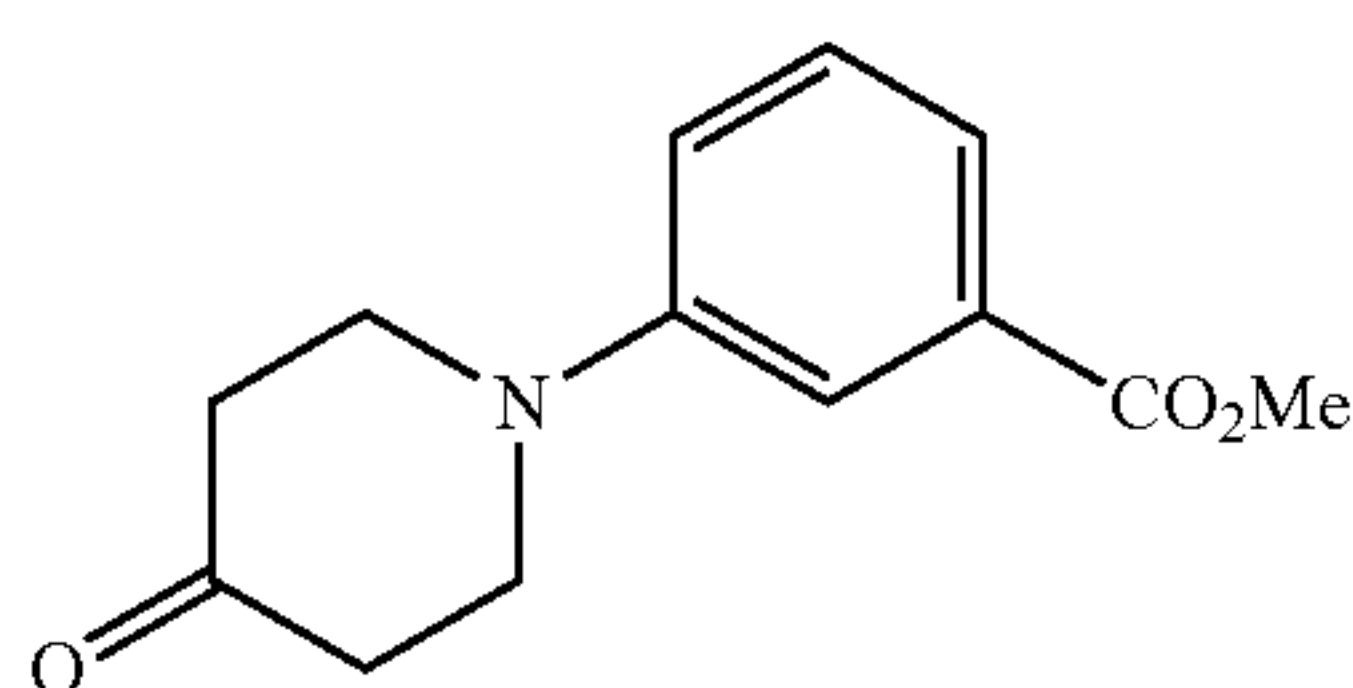
## PREPARATION 1



Methyl-3-(1,4-dioxo-8-azaspiro[4.5]dec-8-yl)-benzoate

Procedure adopted from *Tetrahedron Lett.*, 2007, 48, 2519. A thick-walled glass reaction vessel was charged with palladium(II)acetate (235 mg, 1.05 mmol), X-Phos (500 mg, 1.05 mmol, 2-dicyclohexylphosphino-2',4',6'-triisopropylbiphenyl), cesium carbonate (6.82 g, 20.95 mmol) and 5:1 (v/v) toluene:t-BuOH (20 mL). The stirred contents were purged with nitrogen and a solution of 4-piperidone ethylene ketal (2.70 mL, 20.95 mmol) and methyl-3-bromobenzoate (4.95 g, 23.02 mmol) in 5:1 (v/v) toluene:t-BuOH (100 mL) was added. After stirring for 2 minutes, the vessel was sealed and the reaction mixture was heated at 120° C. for 16 hours. Upon cooling to room temperature, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and the filtrate was concentrated. Elution through a flash column (silica gel 60, 230-400 mesh, 7:3 hexanes:EtOAc) followed by concentration gave the title compound as an oil (5.64 g, 97%).

## PREPARATION 2



Methyl-3-(4-oxopiperidin-1-yl)-benzoate

## Method A:

A solution of methyl-3-(1,4-dioxo-8-azaspiro[4.5]dec-8-yl)-benzoate (3.85 g, 13.88 mmol) in 10% aqueous sulfuric

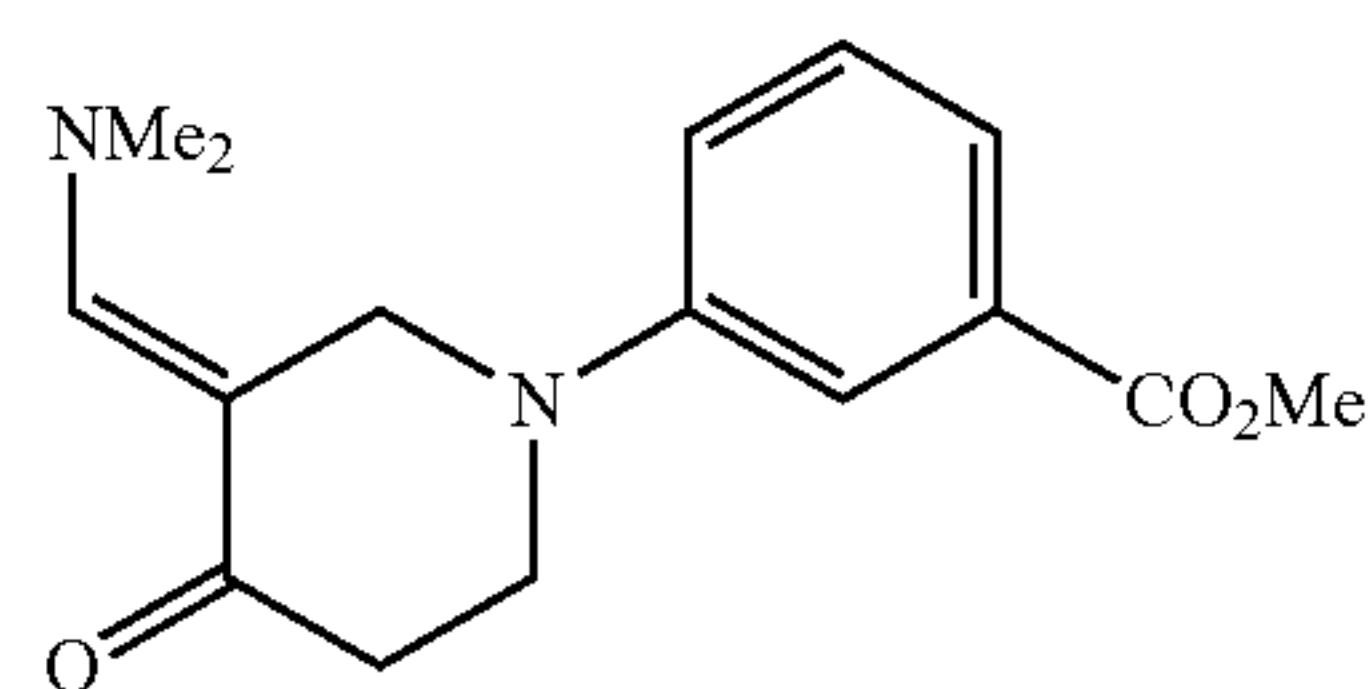
## 122

acid (40 mL) and THF (40 mL) was stirred at ambient temperature for 14 days. The reaction mixture was neutralized by cautious addition of NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and simultaneously diluting with water. The aqueous mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2x75 mL) and the combined organic extracts were dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated to give the title compound as an oil (2.75 g, 85%) which was used without further purification.

## Method B:

A mixture of methyl-3-(1,4-dioxo-8-azaspiro[4.5]dec-8-yl)-benzoate (1.80 g, 6.49 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (123 mg, 0.649 mmol) in water (30 mL) and acetone (15 mL) was heated at reflux for 17 hours. The organic solvent was removed in vacuo and the aqueous mixture was extracted with dichloromethane. The organic extract was washed with saturated NaHCO<sub>3(aq.)</sub>, dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and concentrated. Elution through a flash column (silica gel 60, 230-400 mesh, 3:2 hexanes:EtOAc) followed by concentration gave the title compound as a yellow oil (1.20 g, 79%).

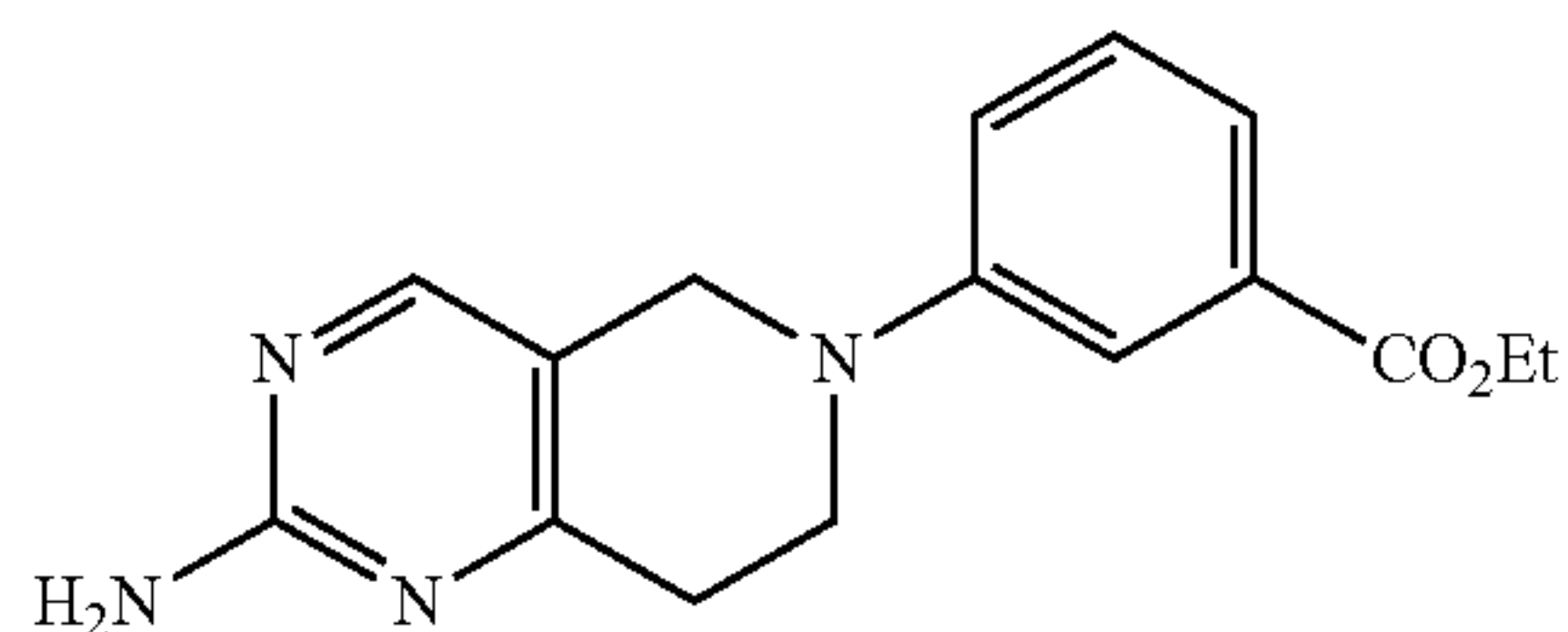
## PREPARATION 3



Methyl-3-(3-dimethylaminomethylene-4-oxopiperidin-1-yl)-benzoate

A solution of methyl-3-(4-oxopiperidin-1-yl)-benzoate (2.72 g, 11.66 mmol) and DMF-dimethylacetal (6.24 mL, 46.64 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (50 mL) was refluxed for 43 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated and the residue was eluted through a flash column (silica gel 60, 230-400 mesh, 5% MeOH in EtOAc to 8% MeOH in EtOAc) to obtain the title compound as a red oil which slowly crystallized on standing (1.52 g, 45%).

## PREPARATION 4



Ethyl-3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-benzoate

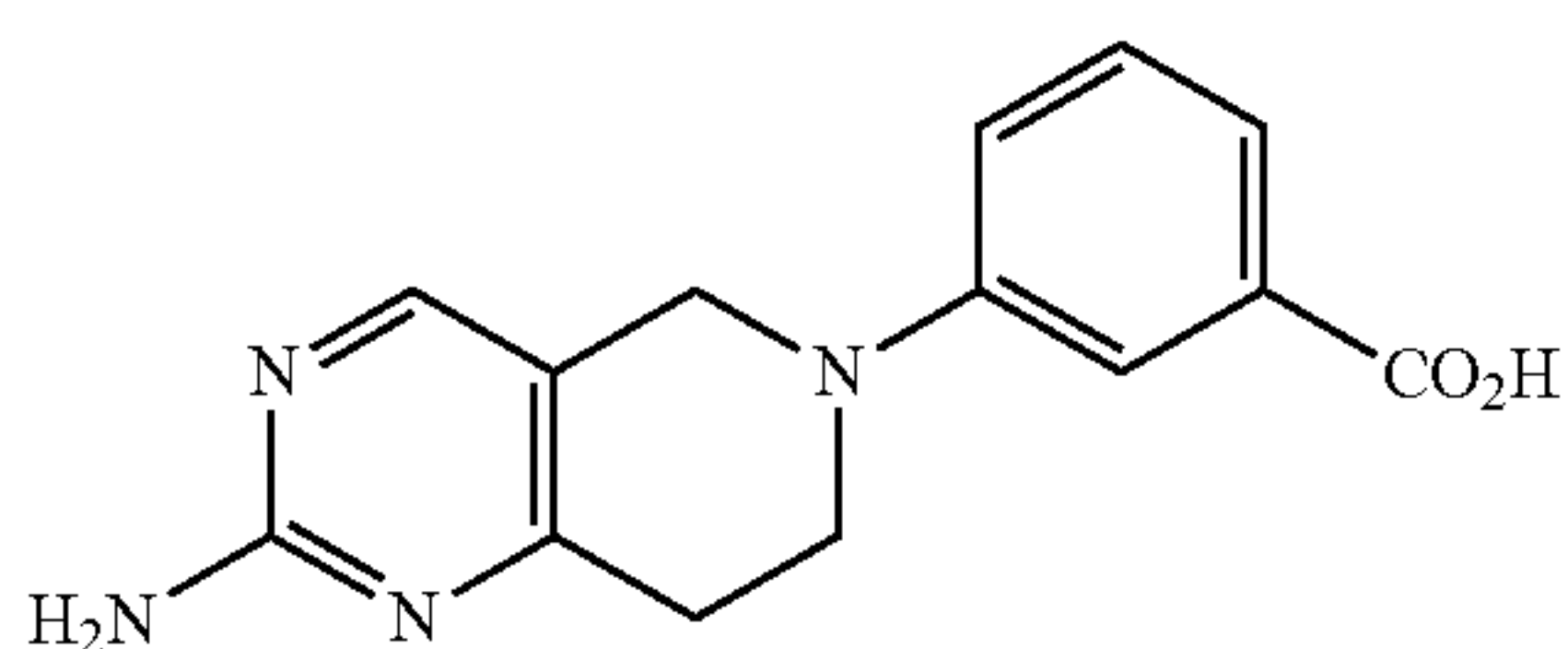
A solution of methyl-3-(3-dimethylaminomethylene-4-oxopiperidin-1-yl)-benzoate (1.52 g, 5.27 mmol) in EtOH (100 mL) was treated with guanidine carbonate (3.80 g, 21.08 mmol), followed by addition of sodium acetate trihydrate (5.74 g, 42.16 mmol). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 15 hours and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue



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was partitioned between water and ethyl acetate and the mixture was vigorously stirred at ambient temperature for several minutes. The yellow, amorphous precipitate was collected, washed with water, ethyl acetate, and dried to give 776 mg of the title compound. The ethyl acetate layer was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated. The residue obtained was triturated with diethyl ether to give an additional 182 mg of the title compound (958 mg total, 61%).

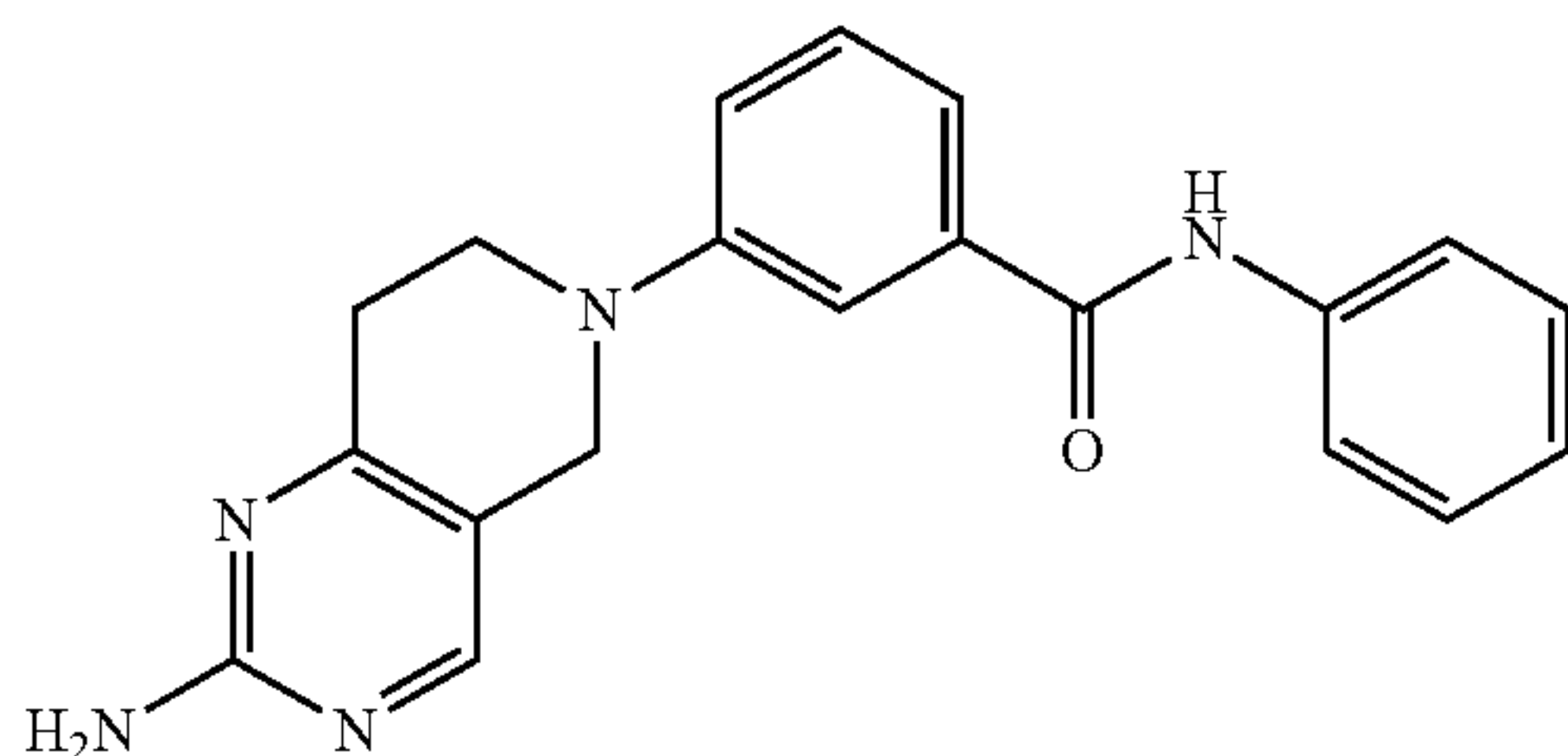
## PREPARATION 5



3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzoic acid

A suspension of ethyl 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-benzoate (958 mg, 3.21 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (35 mL) was treated with 1.0N NaOH<sub>(aq.)</sub> (8.24 mL, 8.24 mmol) and the reaction mixture was refluxed for 21 hours. Upon cooling to room temperature, the reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated. The residue was diluted with water and the pH was adjusted to ~4 with 1.0N HCl<sub>(aq.)</sub>. The cloudy mixture was treated with ethyl acetate and the aqueous/organic mixture was stirred at room temperature for approx. 1 hour. The precipitate was filtered off, washed with water, ethyl acetate, and dried in vacuo at 50° C. to give the title compound as a yellow, amorphous solid (710.8 mg, 82%).

## EXAMPLE 1



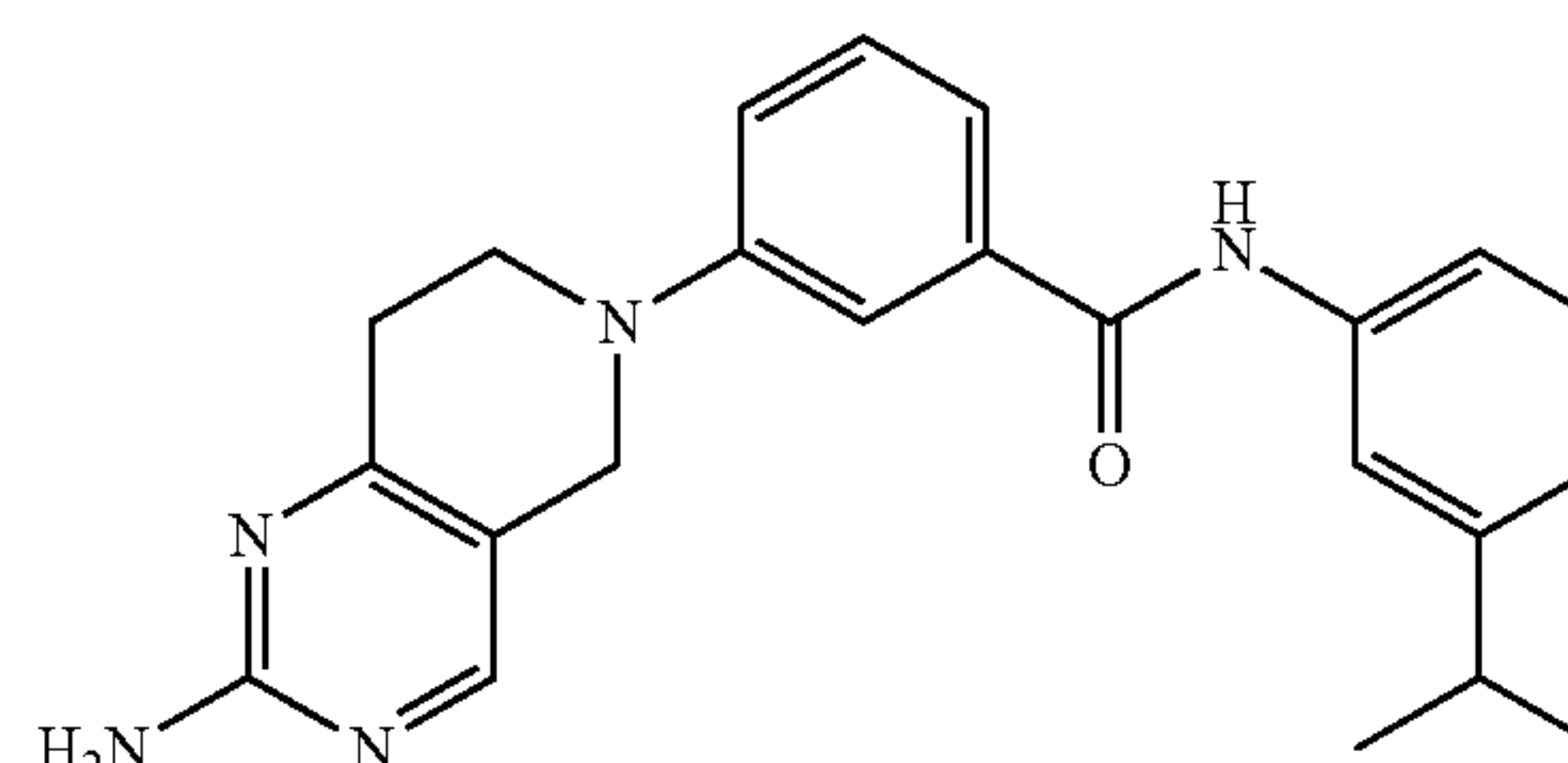
3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-phenylbenzamide

To a mixture of 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzoic acid (54 mg, 0.20 mmol), aniline (0.027 mL, 0.30 mmol), and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.174 mL, 1.0 mmol) in 1.5 mL DMF at room temperature was added HBTU (83 mg, 0.22 mmol). After 1 hour at room temperature, the reaction was briefly warmed to approx. 60° C. and then continued at room temperature. At 2 hours the reaction was partitioned between EtOAc and aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution, the EtOAc layer washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, brine, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and rotary evaporated. The

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resulting solid was triturated with EtOAc to give the title compound as an off-white solid (52 mg, 75%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 10.15 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.74-7.79 (m, 2H), 7.49-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.31-7.41 (m, 4H), 7.22 (dt, J=7.5, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.06-7.13 (m, 1H), 6.41 (s, 2H), 4.29 (s, 2H), 3.65 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.77 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H).

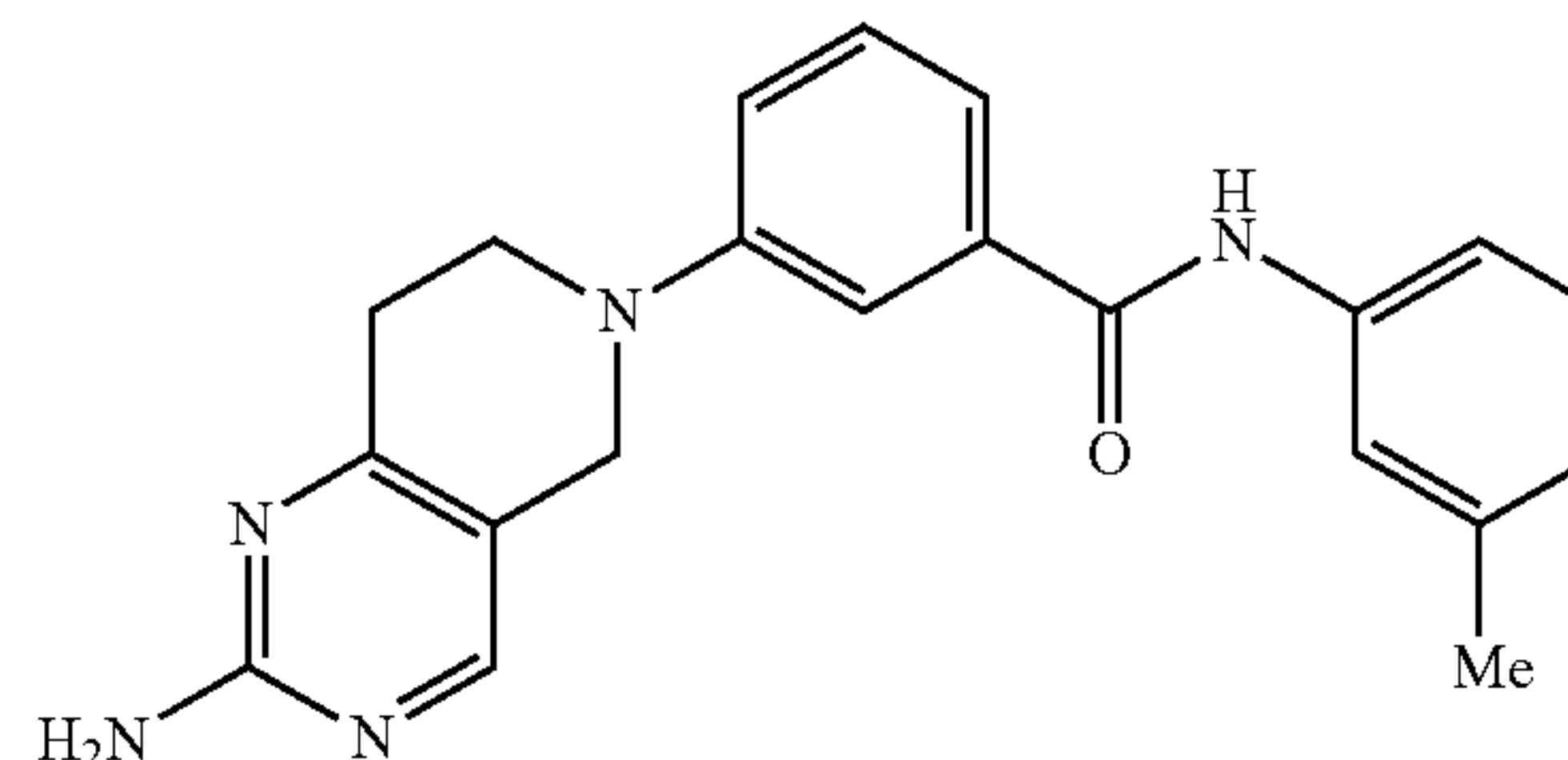
## EXAMPLE 2



3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)benzamide

A mixture of 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzoic acid (162 mg, 0.60 mmol), N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.523 mL, 3.0 mmol), and HBTU (250 mg, 0.66 mmol) in 6.0 mL DMF was stirred at room temperature for 3 minutes, briefly warmed to approx. 50° C. to dissolve solids, stirred an additional 10 minutes at room temperature, then 3-isopropylaniline (0.127 mL, 0.90 mmol) added and the reaction heated at 65° C. After 2 hours the mixture was partitioned between EtOAc and aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution, the EtOAc layer washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, brine, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and rotary evaporated to a solid. The solid was chromatographed eluting with EtOAc/MeOH. The resulting solid was subjected to an EtOAc/NaHCO<sub>3</sub> work-up to remove any silica gel impurity and then recrystallized from EtOAc to give the title compound as a pale yellow-beige solid (86 mg, 37%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 10.09 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.64-7.66 (m, 1H), 7.58-7.63 (m, 1H), 7.50-7.53 (m, 1H), 7.32-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.29 (m, 2H), 6.96-7.01 (m, 1H), 6.41 (s, 2H), 4.29 (s, 2H), 3.65 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.88 (spt, J=7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.77 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.22 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 6H).

## EXAMPLE 3



3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(m-tolyl)benzamide

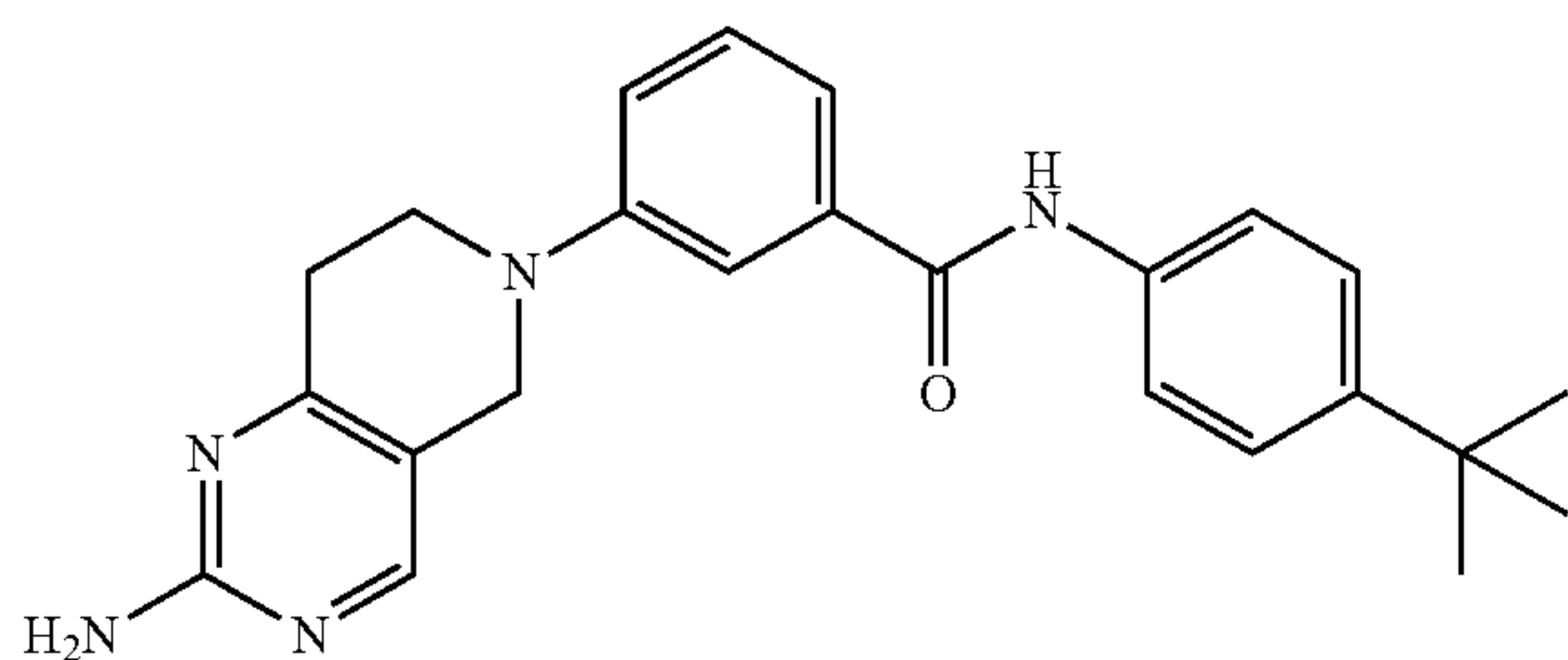
A mixture of 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzoic acid (27 mg, 0.10 mmol), N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.087 mL, 0.50 mmol), and HBTU (42 mg, 0.11 mmol) in 0.9 mL DMF was stirred at room tempera-



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ture for 3 hours, then meta-toluidine (0.016 mL, 0.15 mmol) added and the reaction continued for 23 hours at room temperature. The reaction mixture was partitioned between EtOAc and aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution, the EtOAc layer washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, brine, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and rotary evaporated. The resulting solid was triturated with an EtOAc/hexane mixture to give the title compound as a light tan solid (22 mg, 62%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 10.07 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.54-7.62 (m, 2H), 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.31-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.19-7.26 (m, 2H), 6.92 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (s, 2H), 4.29 (s, 2H), 3.65 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.77 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.31 (s, 3H).

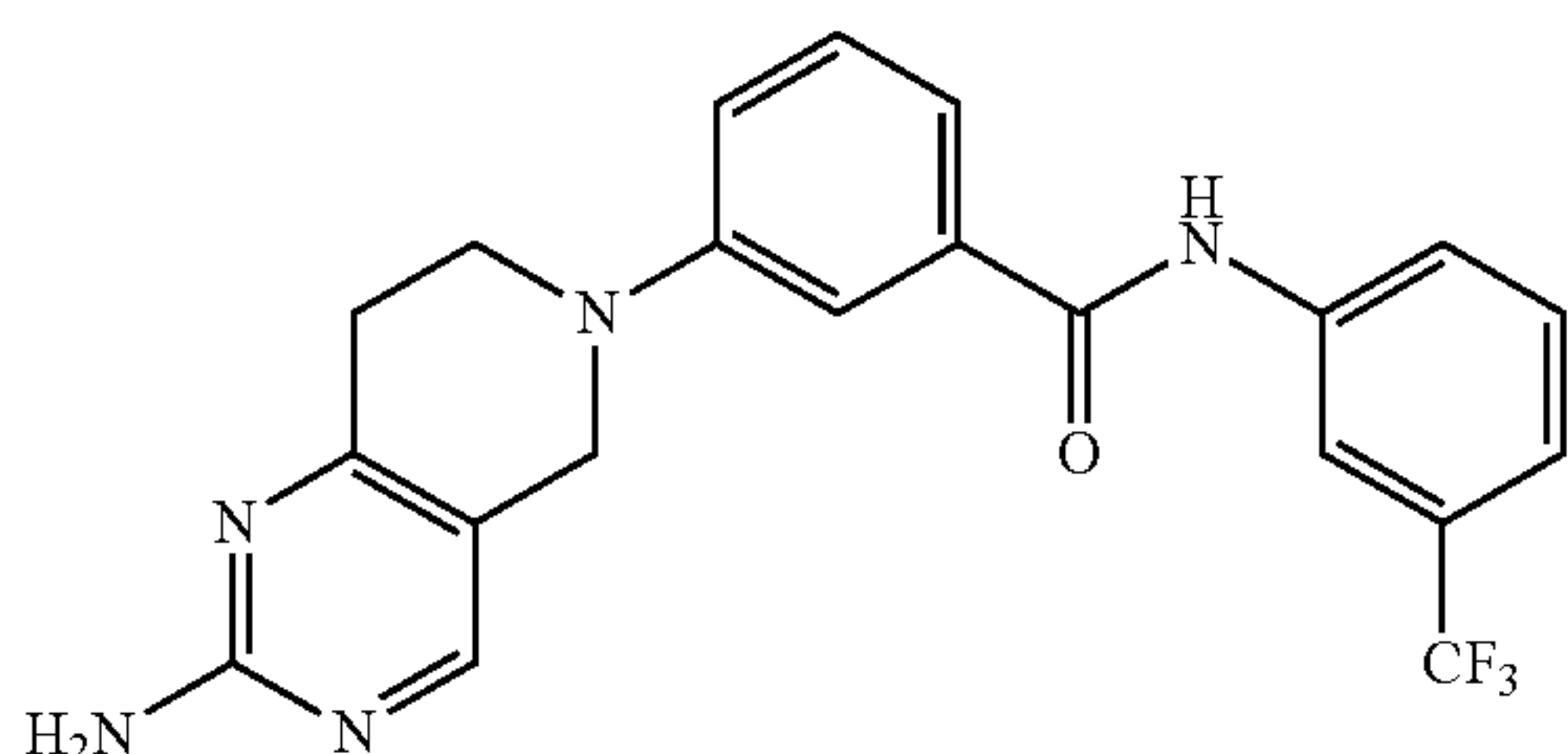
## EXAMPLE 4



3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-(tert-butyl)phenyl)benzamide

A mixture of 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzoic acid (27 mg, 0.10 mmol), N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.087 mL, 0.50 mmol), and HBTU (42 mg, 0.11 mmol) in 0.9 mL DMF was briefly warmed to approx. 50° C. to dissolve solids, then continued stirring at room temperature. After 7 minutes 4-tert-butylaniline (0.024 mL, 0.15 mmol) was added and the reaction continued at room temperature for 17.5 hours. The reaction mixture was partitioned between EtOAc and aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution, the EtOAc layer washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, brine, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and rotary evaporated. The resulting solid was triturated with an EtOAc/hexane mixture to give the title compound as an off-white solid (33 mg, 81%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 10.08 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.65-7.70 (m, 2H), 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.32-7.40 (m, 4H), 7.21 (dt, J=7.0, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (s, 2H), 4.29 (s, 2H), 3.65 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.77 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.28 (s, 9H)

## EXAMPLE 5



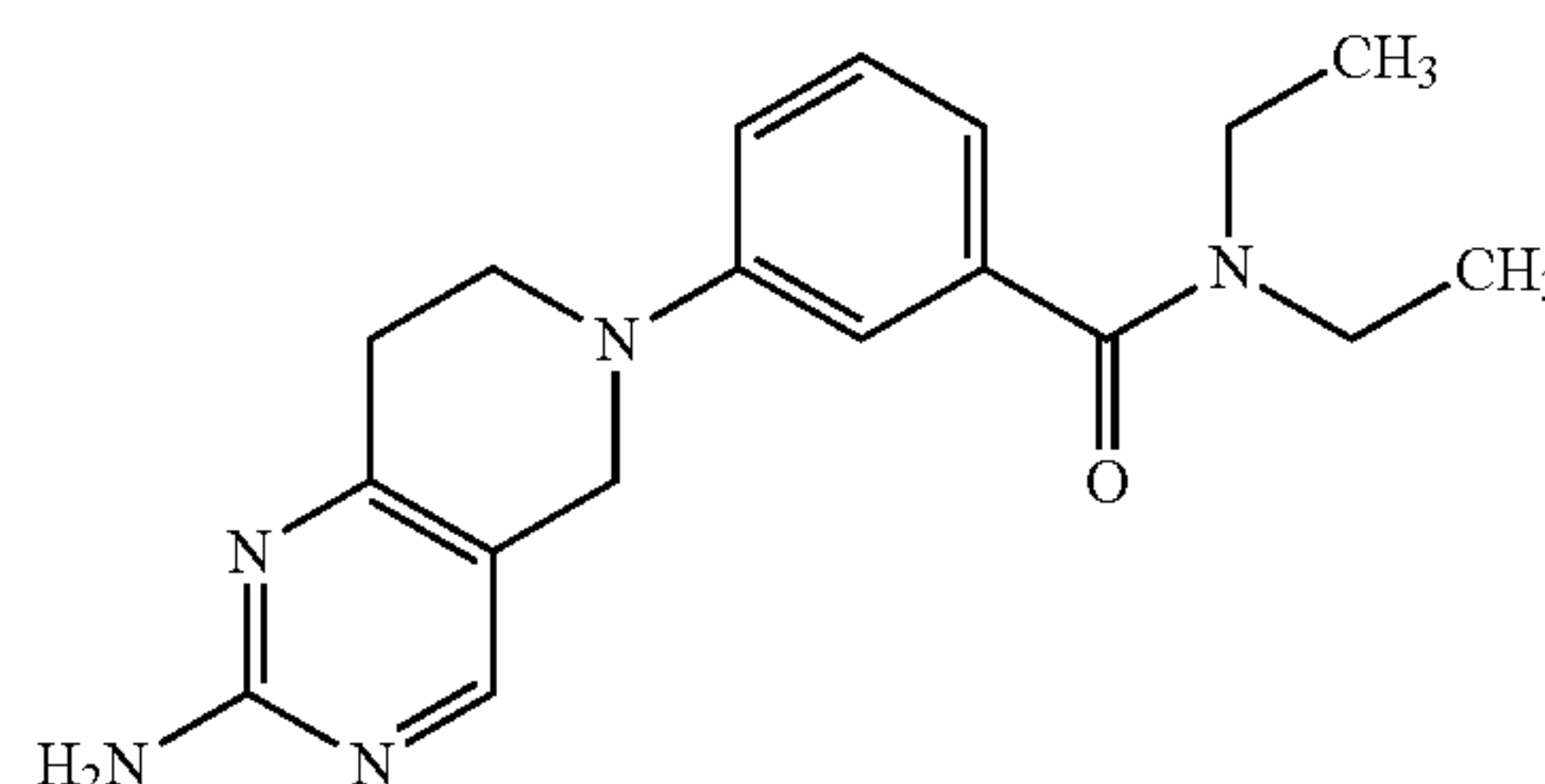
3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)benzamide

A mixture of 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzoic acid (162 mg, 0.60 mmol), triethyl-

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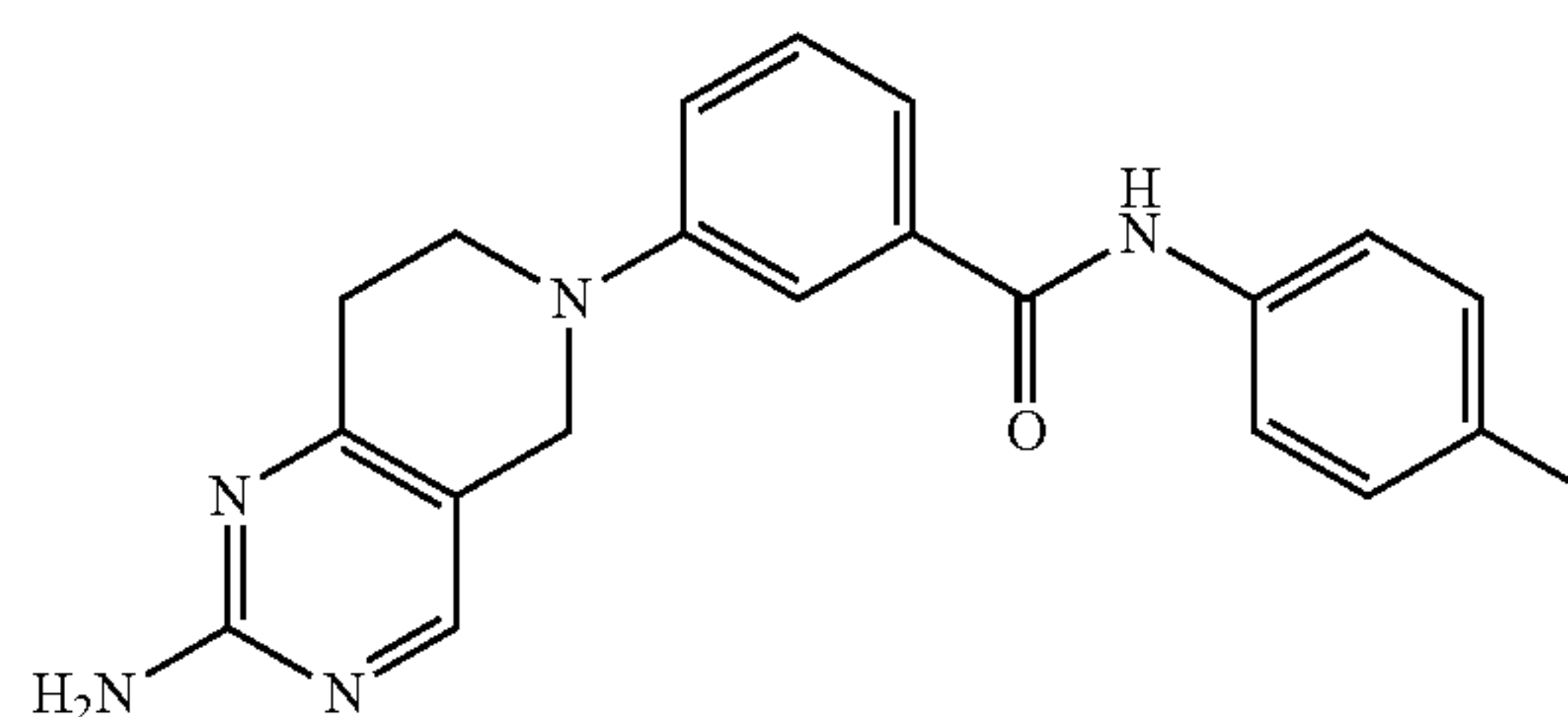
amine (0.335 mL, 2.4 mmol), and HBTU (250 mg, 0.66 mmol) in 4.0 mL DMF was briefly warmed to approx. 40° C. to dissolve solids. After 3 minutes 3-(trifluoromethyl)aniline (0.149 mL, 1.2 mmol) was added and the reaction stirred at 50° C. for 3 hours, at rt for 16 hours, then an additional 1 hour at 50° C. The reaction mixture was partitioned between EtOAc and aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, the EtOAc layer washed with brine, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and rotary evaporated. The resulting oily solid was chromatographed eluting with CHCl<sub>3</sub>, warm EtOAc, CHCl<sub>3</sub>:EtOAc (1:1), then 5% MeOH in CHCl<sub>3</sub>:EtOAc (1:1) giving a pale yellow solid. This solid was recrystallized from EtOAc giving a white solid (100 mg, 40%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 10.46 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 8.05 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (t, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (s, 1H), 7.34-7.48 (m, 3H), 7.22-7.27 (m, 1H), 6.41 (s, 2H), 4.30 (s, 2H), 3.66 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.77 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H).

In addition during the chromatography an additional product, Example 21, 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N,N-diethylbenzamide was isolated as a yellow solid (3.2 mg).



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.28-7.32 (m, 1H), 6.94-7.01 (m, 2H), 6.81-6.85 (m, 1H), 4.97 (br. s., 2H), 4.26 (s, 2H), 3.61 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.53 (br. s., 2H), 3.27 (br. s., 2H), 2.91 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.24 (br. s., 3H), 1.12 (br. s., 3H)

## EXAMPLE 6

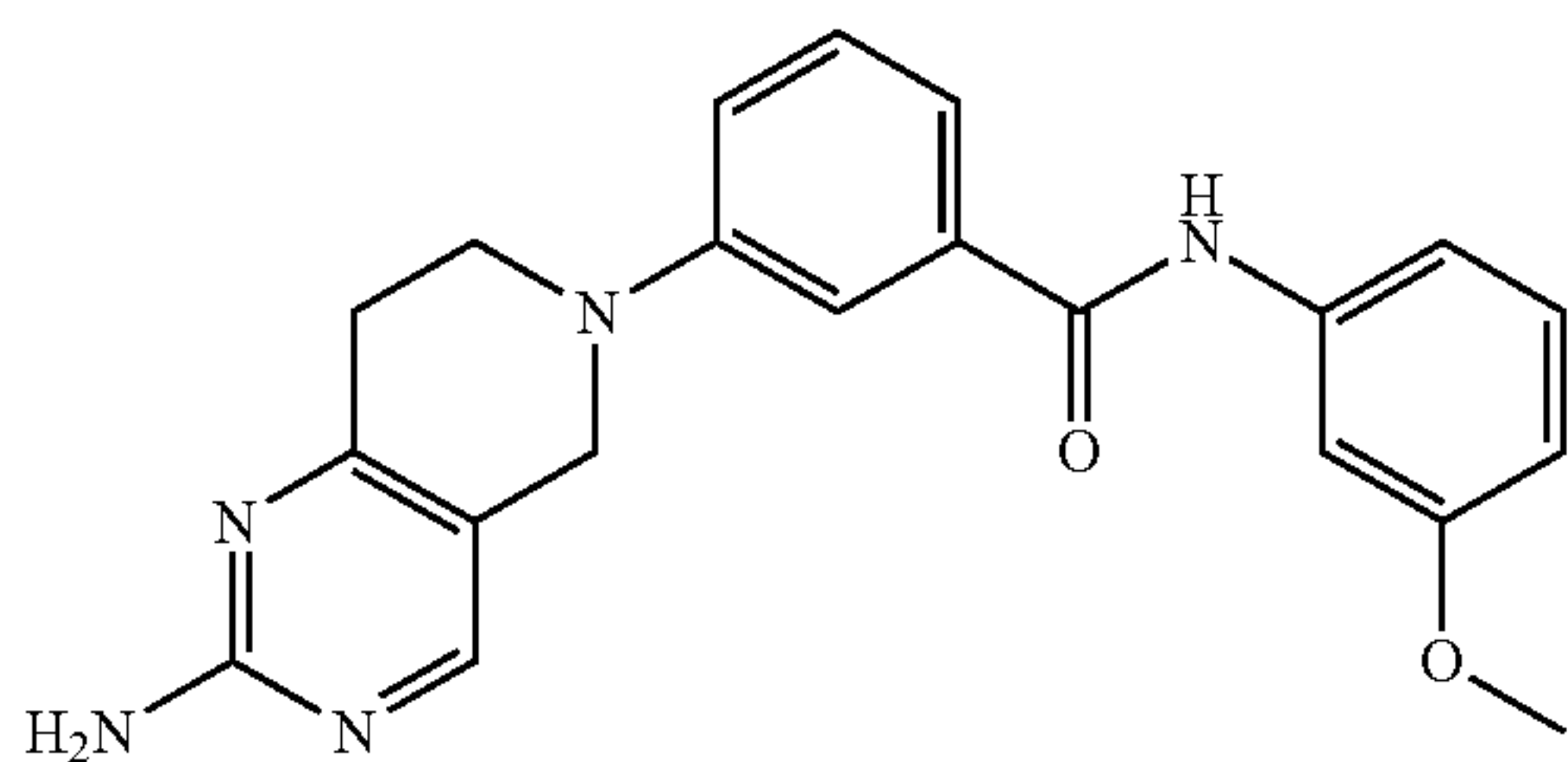


3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(p-tolyl)benzamide

In a manner similar to that described in Example 4, the title compound was prepared as a light beige solid (34 mg, 94%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 10.07 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.61-7.67 (m, 2H), 7.48-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.31-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.15 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.40 (s, 2H), 4.29 (s, 2H), 3.65 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.77 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H).

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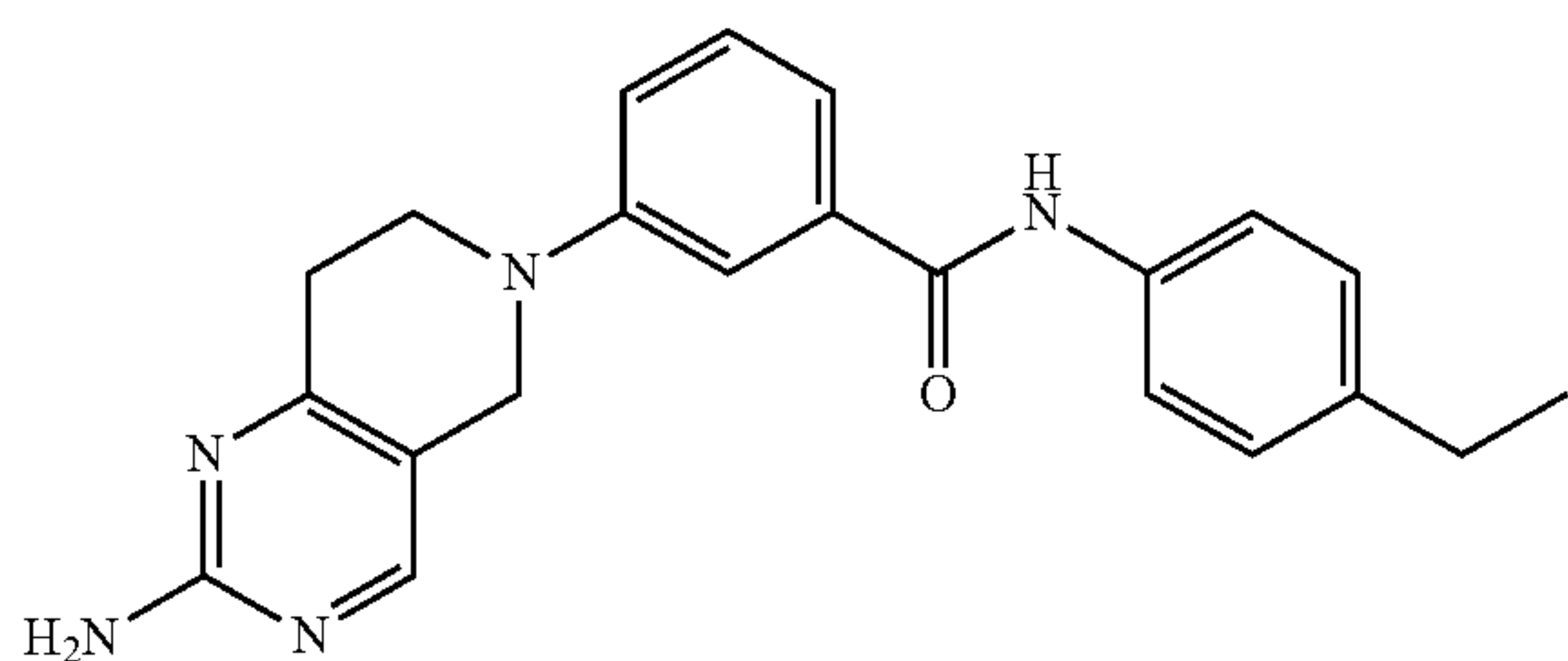
## EXAMPLE 7



3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-methoxyphenyl)benzamide

A mixture of 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzoic acid (41 mg, 0.15 mmol), N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.105 mL, 0.60 mmol), and HBTU (63 mg, 0.165 mmol) in 1.5 mL DMF was briefly warmed to approx. 50° C. to dissolve solids, then continued stirring at room temperature. After 10 minutes meta-anisidine (0.025 mL, 0.225 mmol) was added and the reaction continued at room temperature for 4 hours. The reaction mixture was partitioned between EtOAc and aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution, the EtOAc layer washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, brine, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and rotary evaporated. The resulting solid was triturated with an acetone/hexane mixture to give the title compound as a light beige solid (41 mg, 73%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 10.13 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.46-7.51 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.41 (m, 3H), 7.19-7.28 (m, 2H), 6.68 (ddd, J=8.1, 2.4, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (s, 2H), 4.29 (s, 2H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.65 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.77 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H).

## EXAMPLE 8



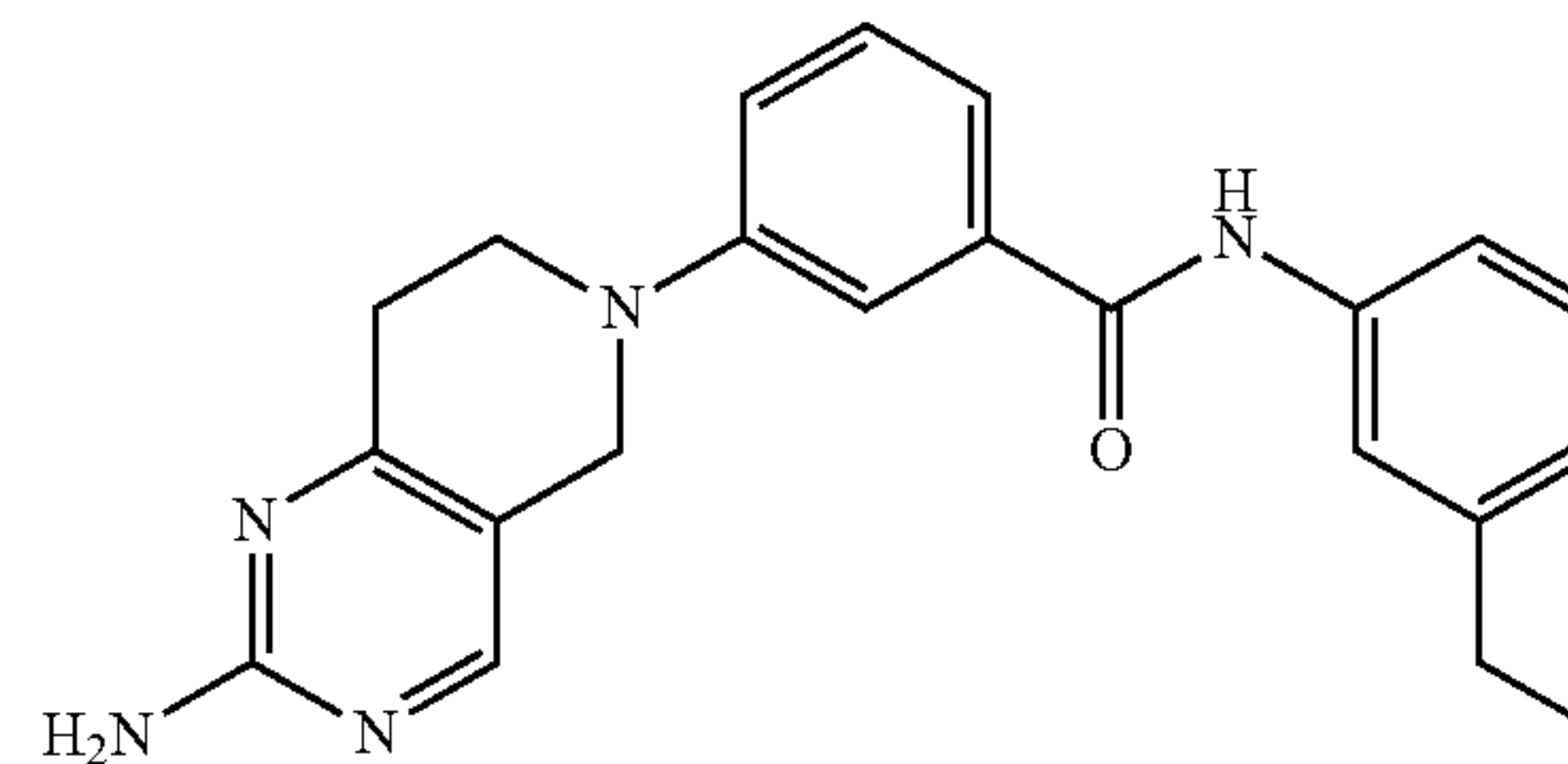
3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-ethylphenyl)benzamide

R-2011-10548-73

A mixture of 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzoic acid (41 mg, 0.15 mmol), N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.105 mL, 0.60 mmol), and HBTU (63 mg, 0.165 mmol) in 1.5 mL DMF was briefly warmed to approx. 50° C. to dissolve solids, then continued stirring at room temperature. After 10 minutes 4-ethylaniline (0.028 mL, 0.225 mmol) was added and the reaction stirred at room temperature for 4 hours, then allowed to stand at room temperature overnight. The reaction was added drop wise to a stirring mixture of 35 mL water containing 4 mL brine and 0.3 mL saturated aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution at room temperature. The resulting precipitate was filtered and rinsed with water.

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## EXAMPLE 9

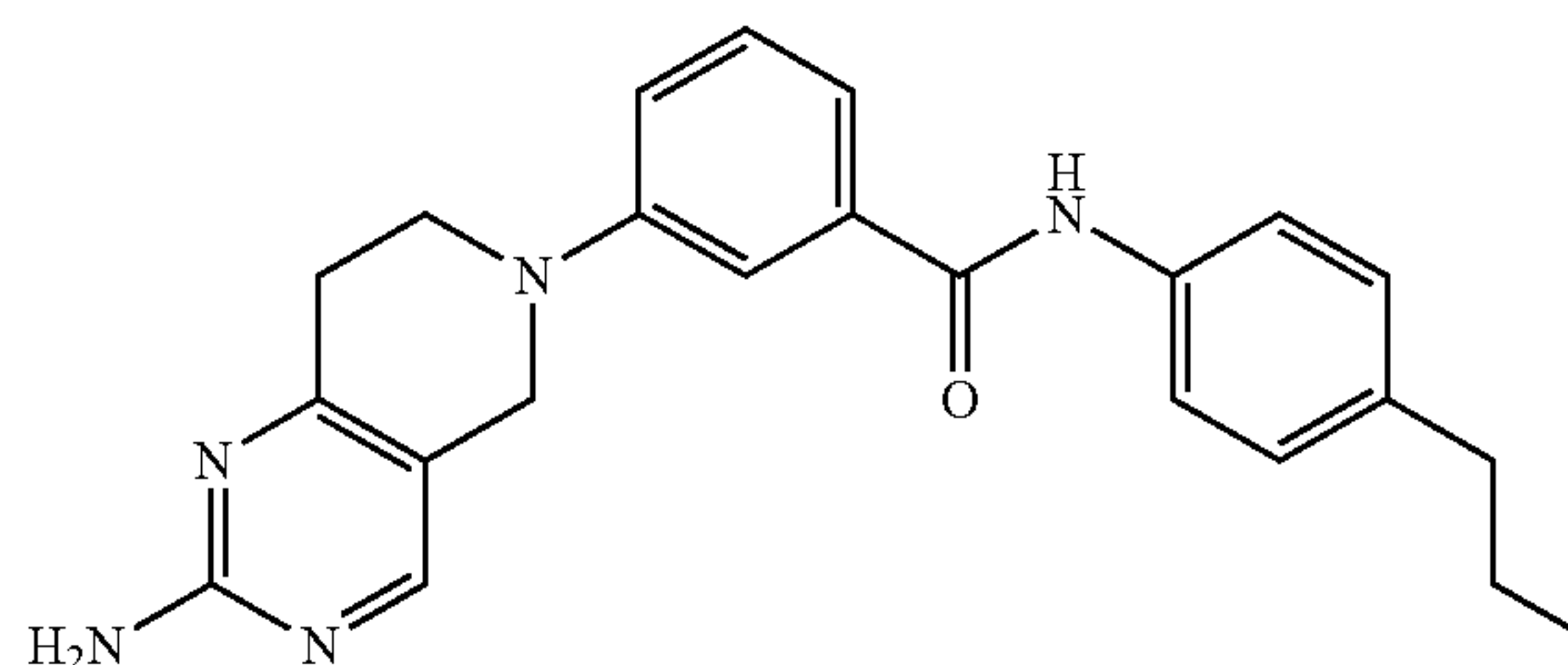


3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-ethylphenyl)benzamide

The damp solid was dissolved in 40% MeOH in CHCl<sub>3</sub> and evaporated to a dry solid. The solid was triturated with an acetone/hexane mixture to give the title compound as a light beige solid (48 mg, 86%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 10.08 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.63-7.69 (m, 2H), 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.31-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.15-7.24 (m, 3H), 6.41 (s, 2H), 4.29 (s, 2H), 3.65 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.77 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.58 (q, J=7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.18 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 3H).

A mixture of 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzoic acid (41 mg, 0.15 mmol), N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.105 mL, 0.60 mmol), and COMU (68 mg, 0.158 mmol) in 1.5 mL DMF was stirred at room temperature for 2 minutes, then 3-ethylaniline (0.127 mL, 0.90 mmol) added and the reaction continued for 4 hours at room temperature. The reaction mixture was partitioned between EtOAc and aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution, the EtOAc layer washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, brine, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and rotary evaporated. The resulting solid was chromatographed eluting with portions of CHCl<sub>3</sub>, then 1:1 CHCl<sub>3</sub>:EtOAc, and then 5% MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub>. The obtained solid was then triturated with an EtOAc/hexane mixture to give the title compound as a light beige solid (21 mg, 38%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 10.08 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.61-7.64 (m, 1H), 7.57-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.49-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.32-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.29 (m, 2H), 6.93-6.98 (m, 1H), 6.41 (s, 2H), 4.29 (s, 2H), 3.65 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.77 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (q, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.20 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 3H).

## EXAMPLE 10



3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-propylphenyl)benzamide

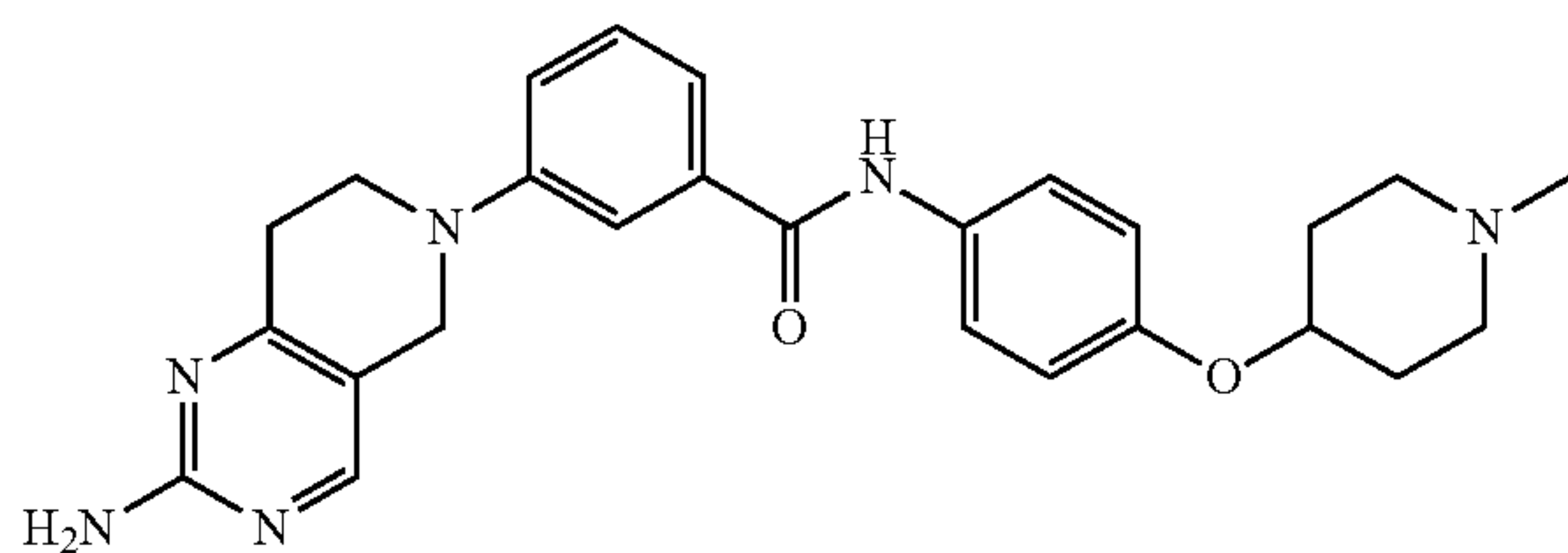
To a mixture of 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzoic acid (41 mg, 0.15 mmol), 4-propy-



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laniline (0.029 mL, 0.20 mmol), and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.052 mL, 0.30 mmol) in 1.5 mL DMF at room temperature was added COMU (68 mg, 0.158 mmol). The reaction was briefly warmed to approx. 60° C. and then continued at room temperature for 15 hours. The reaction was added drop wise to a stirring mixture of 35 mL water containing 5 mL brine at room temperature, and the resulting precipitate filtered and rinsed with water. The filtrate was partitioned between EtOAc and aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution, the EtOAc layer washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, brine, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and rotary evaporated. The resulting solid was combined with the filtered precipitate and then chromatographed eluting with portions of CHCl<sub>3</sub>, then 1:1 CHCl<sub>3</sub>:EtOAc, and then 5% MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub>. The obtained solid was then triturated with an EtOAc/hexane mixture to give the title compound as a light beige solid (18 mg, 32%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 10.07 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.62-7.69 (m, 2H), 7.48-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.31-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.21 (dt, J=7.7, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.13-7.19 (m, 2H), 6.40 (s, 2H), 4.29 (s, 2H), 3.65 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.77 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.50-2.56 (m, 2H), 1.58 (sxt, J=7.4 Hz, 2H), 0.89 (t, J=7.3 Hz, 3H).

## EXAMPLE 11

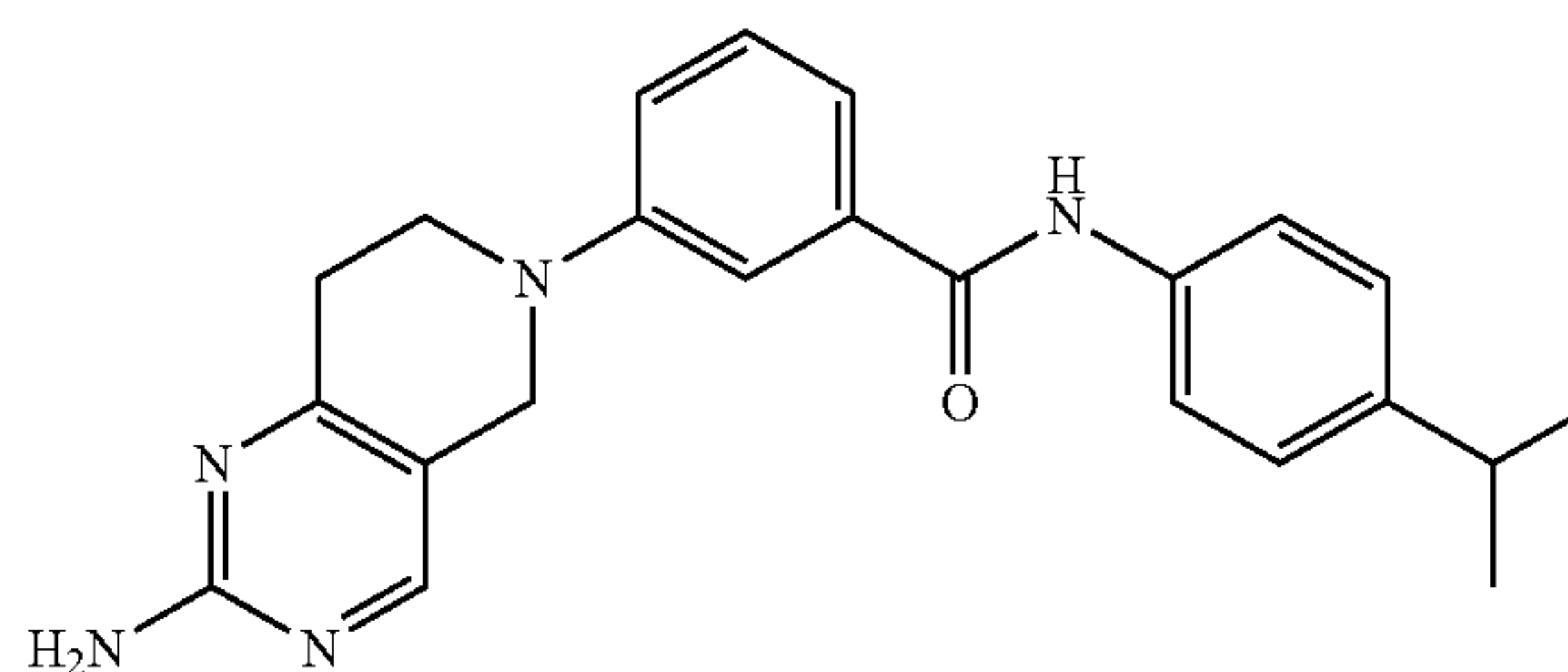


3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-((1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)oxy)phenyl)benzamide

A mixture of 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzoic acid (41 mg, 0.15 mmol), N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.105 mL, 0.60 mmol), and HBTU (63 mg, 0.165 mmol) in 1.5 mL DMF was briefly warmed to approx. 50° C. to dissolve solids, then continued stirring at room temperature. After 10 minutes 4-((1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)oxy)aniline (46 mg, 0.225 mmol) was added and the reaction continued at room temperature for 3 hours. The reaction mixture was partitioned between EtOAc and aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, the EtOAc layer washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, brine, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and rotary evaporated. The resulting solid was triturated with EtOAc to give the title compound as an off-white solid (48 mg, 70%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 10.02 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.60-7.67 (m, 2H), 7.49 (s, 1H), 7.30-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.20 (dt, J=7.7, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.90-6.96 (m, 2H), 6.40 (s, 2H), 4.28 (s, 2H), 4.26-4.35 (m, 1H), 3.64 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.77 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.56-2.66 (m, 2H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 2.10-2.21 (m, 2H), 1.86-1.97 (m, 2H), 1.55-1.69 (m, 2H).

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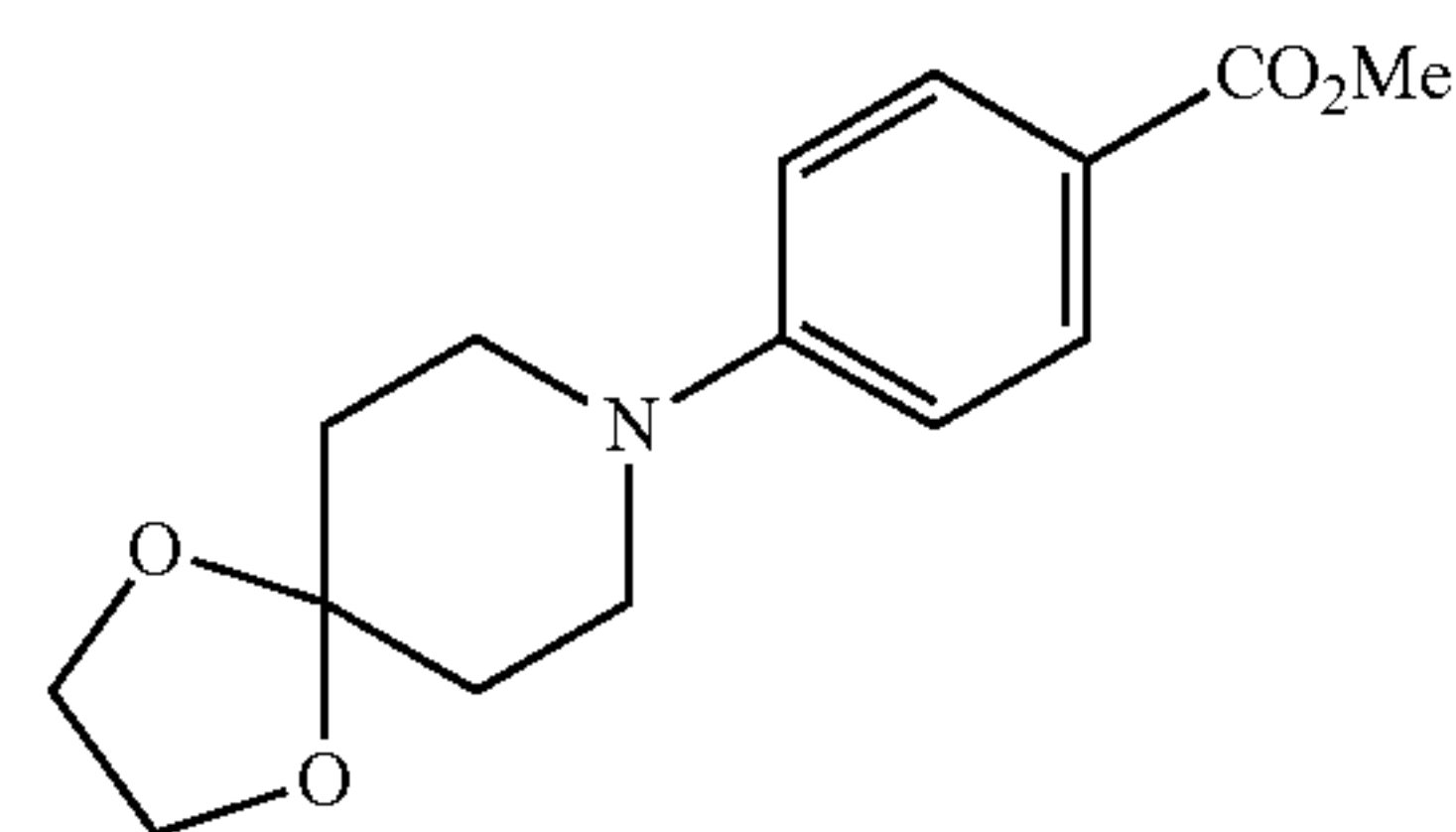
## EXAMPLE 12



3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)benzamide

A mixture of 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzoic acid (41 mg, 0.15 mmol), N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.105 mL, 0.60 mmol), and HBTU (63 mg, 0.165 mmol) in 1.5 mL DMF was briefly warmed to approx. 50° C. to dissolve solids, then continued stirring at room temperature. After 10 minutes 4-isopropylaniline (0.032 mL, 0.225 mmol) was added and the reaction continued at room temperature for 18 hours. The reaction was added drop wise to a stirring mixture of 35 mL water containing 4 mL brine and 0.3 mL saturated aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution at room temperature. The resulting precipitate was filtered and rinsed with water. The damp solid was dissolved in 40% MeOH in CHCl<sub>3</sub> and evaporated to a dry solid. The solid was triturated with an acetone/hexane mixture to give the title compound as a light beige solid (44 mg, 75%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 10.08 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.64-7.70 (m, 2H), 7.49-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.31-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.25 (m, 3H), 6.40 (s, 2H), 4.29 (s, 2H), 3.65 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.81-2.94 (m, 1H), 2.77 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.20 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 6H).

## PREPARATION 6



Methyl-4-(1,4-dioxo-8-azaspiro[4.5]dec-8-yl)-benzoate

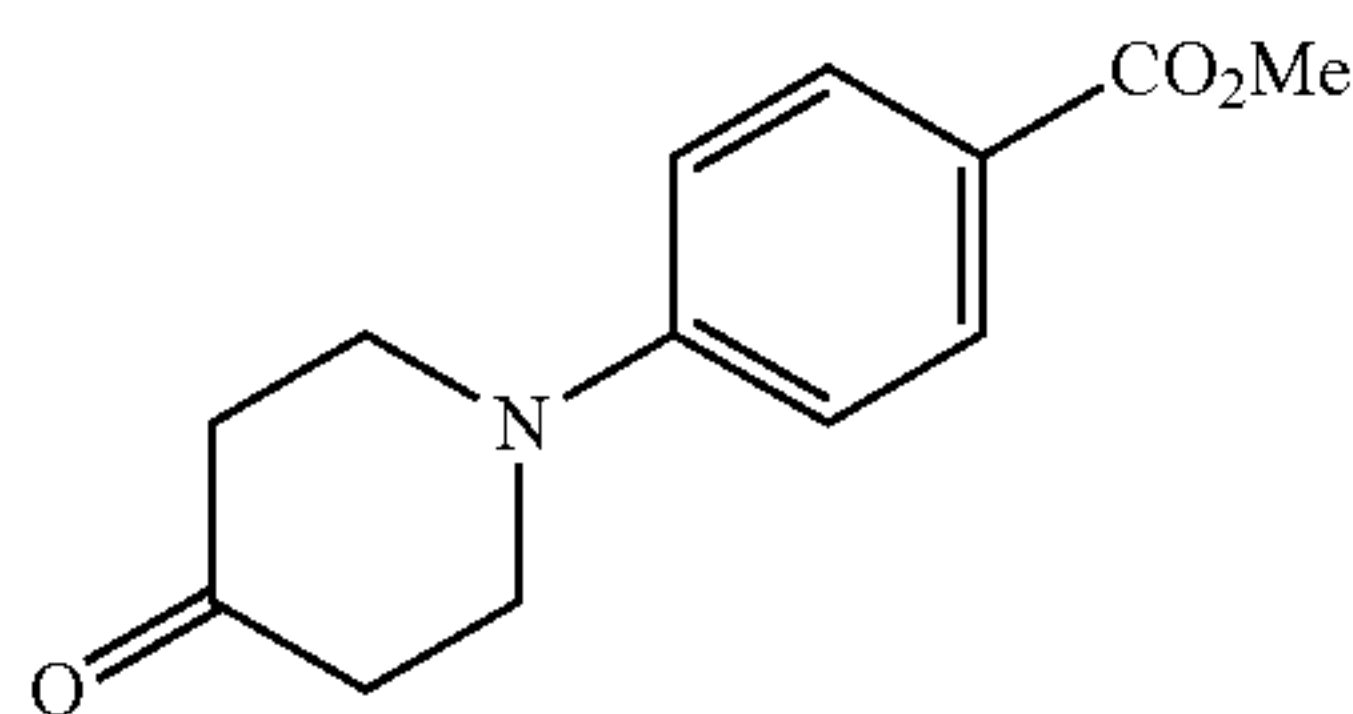
Procedure adopted from *Tetrahedron Lett.*, 2007, 48, 2519. A thick-walled glass reaction vessel was charged with palladium(II)acetate (157 mg, 0.698 mmol), X-Phos (332 mg, 0.698 mmol), 2-dicyclohexylphosphino-2',4',6'-triisopropylbiphenyl, cesium carbonate (4.55 g, 13.96 mmol) and 5:1 (v/v) toluene:t-BuOH (20 mL). The stirred contents were purged with nitrogen and a solution of 4-piperidone ethylene ketal (1.80 mL, 13.96 mmol) and methyl-4-bromobenzoate



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(3.30 g, 15.36 mmol) in 5:1 (v/v) toluene:t-BuOH (100 mL) was added. After stirring for 2 minutes, the vessel was sealed and the reaction mixture was heated at 120° C. for 18 hours. Upon cooling to room temperature, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and the filtrate was concentrated. Elution through a flash column (silica gel 60, 230-400 mesh, 3:2 hexanes:EtOAc) gave the title compound as an off-white, crystalline solid (3.20 g, 83%).

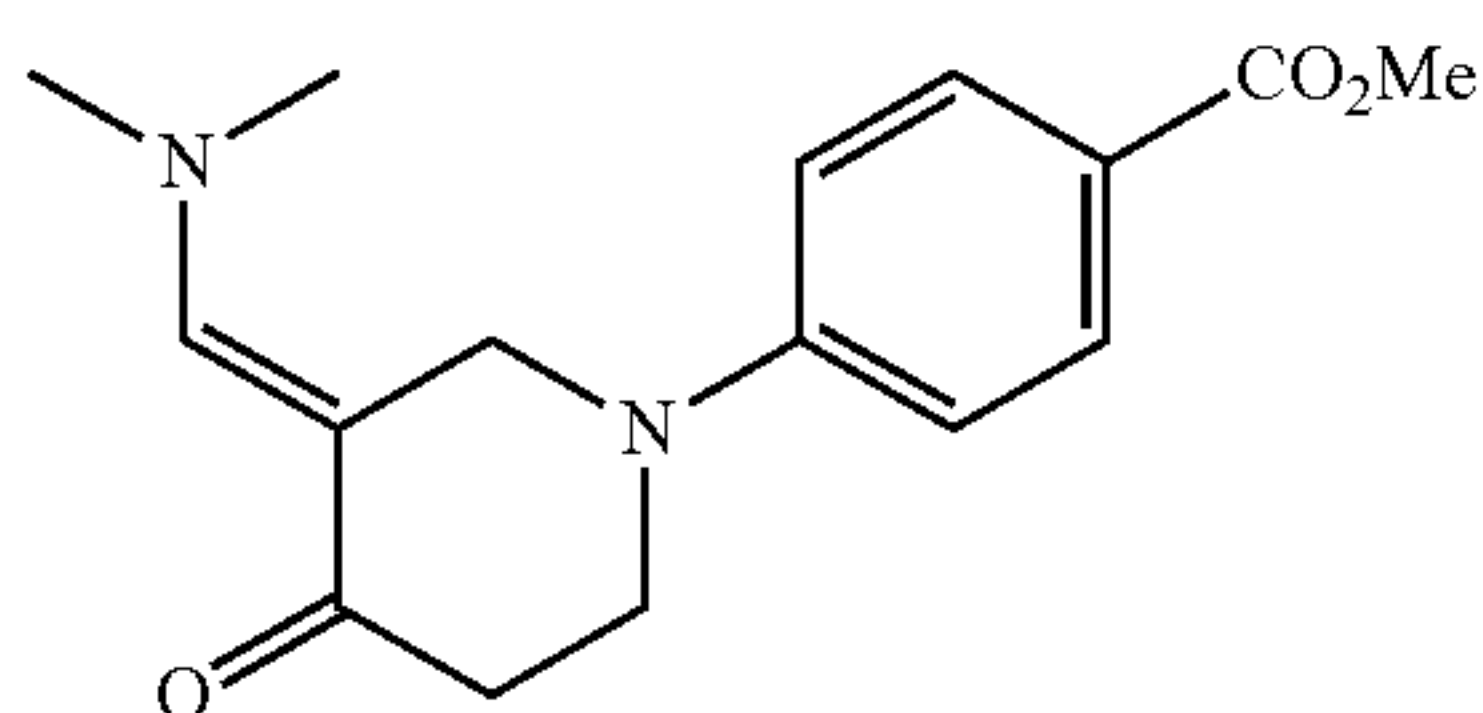
## PREPARATION 7



Methyl-4-(4-oxopiperidin-1-yl)-benzoate

A solution of methyl-4-(1,4-dioxo-8-azaspiro[4.5]dec-8-yl)-benzoate (4.87 g, 17.56 mmol) in 10% aqueous sulfuric acid (50 mL) and THF (50 mL) was stirred at ambient temperature for 72 hours. The reaction mixture was neutralized by cautious addition of NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and simultaneously diluting with water. The aqueous mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2×75 mL) and the combined organic extracts were dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated to give the title compound as an off-white, amorphous solid (4.06 g, 99%) which was used without further purification.

## PREPARATION 8

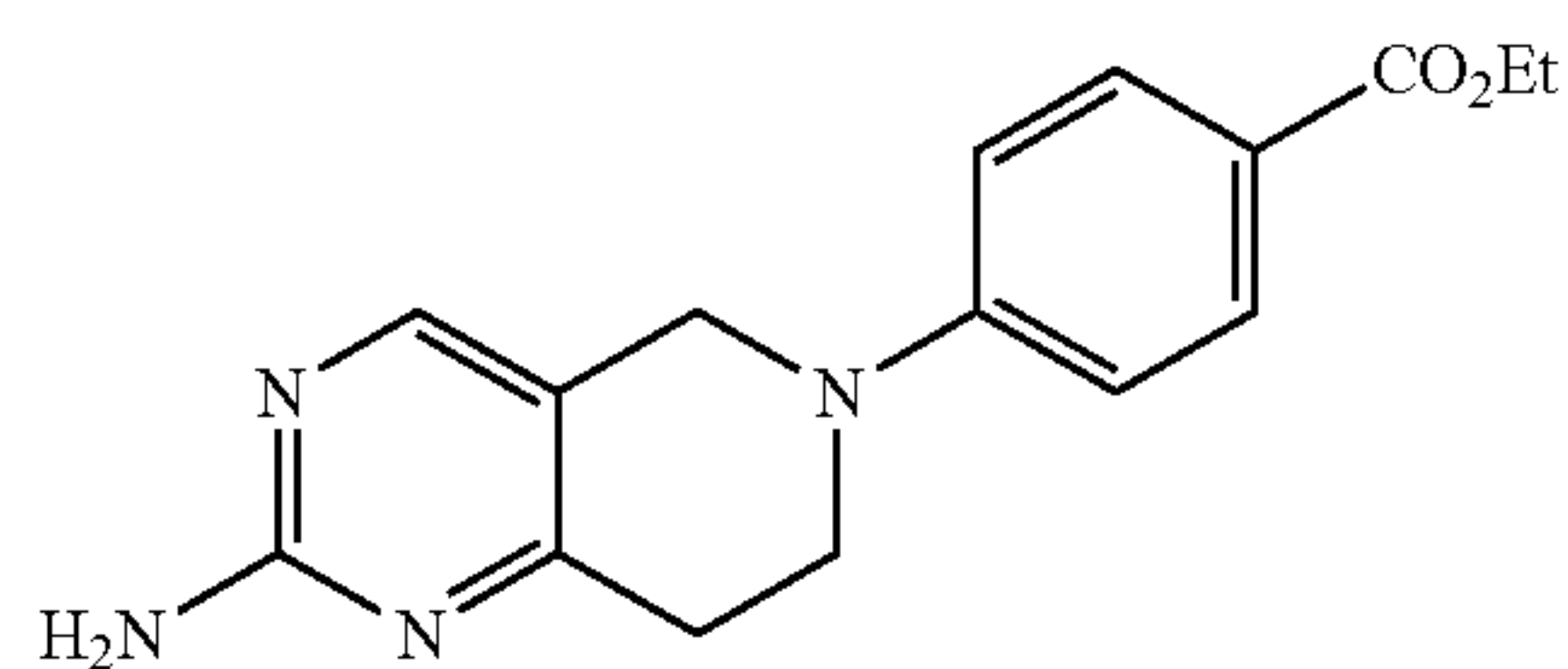


Methyl-4-(3-dimethylaminomethylene-4-oxopiperidin-1-yl)-benzoate

A solution of methyl-4-(4-oxopiperidin-1-yl)-benzoate (4.06 g, 17.40 mmol) and DMF-dimethylacetal (9.32 mL, 69.61 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (100 mL) was refluxed for 40 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated and the residue was eluted through a flash column (silica gel 60, 230-400 mesh, 5% MeOH in EtOAc to 8% MeOH in EtOAc) to obtain the title compound as an orange, crystalline solid (3.00 g, 60%).

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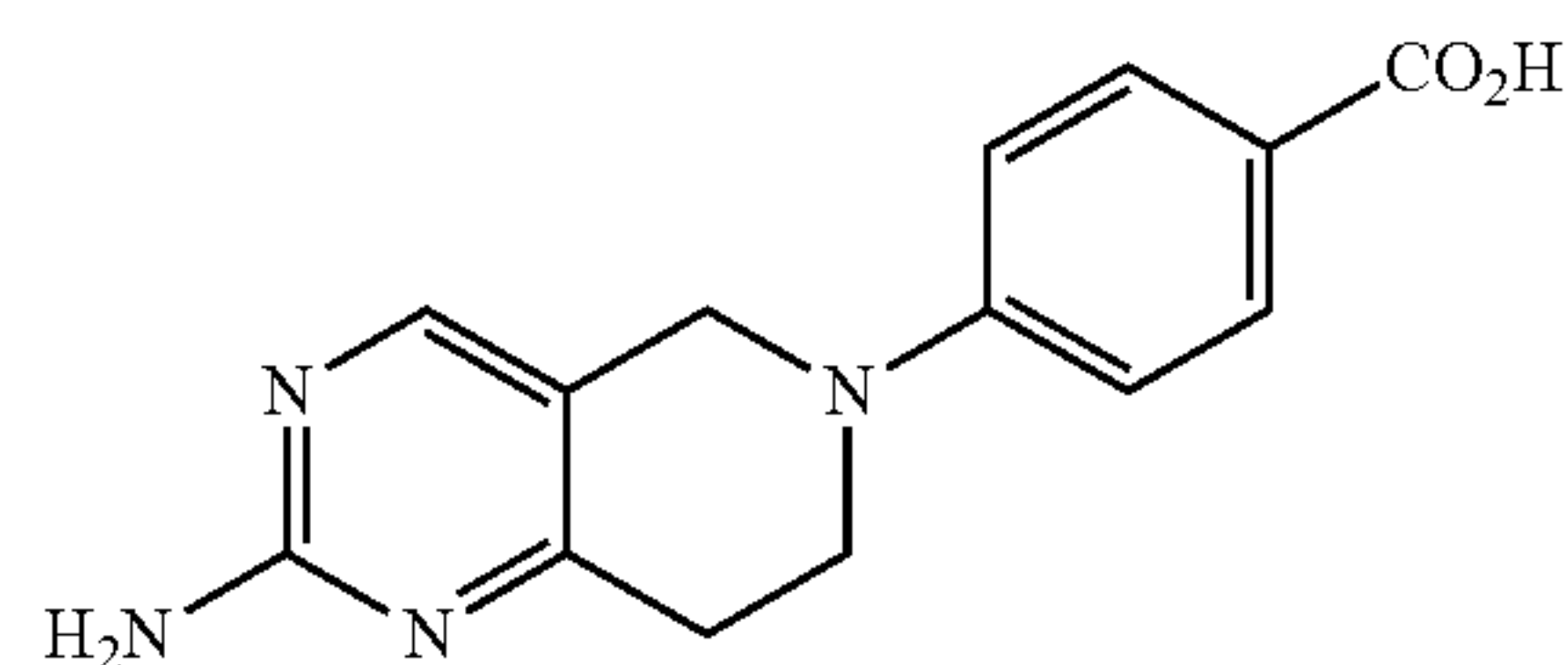
## PREPARATION 9



Ethyl-4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-benzoate

A solution of methyl-4-(3-dimethylaminomethylene-4-oxopiperidin-1-yl)-benzoate (3.00 g, 10.40 mmol) in EtOH (200 mL) was treated with guanidine carbonate (7.50 g, 41.60 mmol), followed by sodium acetate trihydrate (11.32 g, 83.20 mmol). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 16 hours and allowed to cool to room temperature. The insolubles were filtered off and the filtrate was concentrated. The residue was partitioned between water and ethyl acetate and the solid was filtered off, washed with water, ethyl acetate, and dried to give the title compound (258 mg). The filtered insoluble material from the reaction mixture was suspended in water, stirred for 30 minutes, and the remaining light yellow, amorphous solid was collected, washed with water, ethyl acetate, and dried to give an additional amount of the title compound (1.95 g, total yield 71%).

## PREPARATION 10

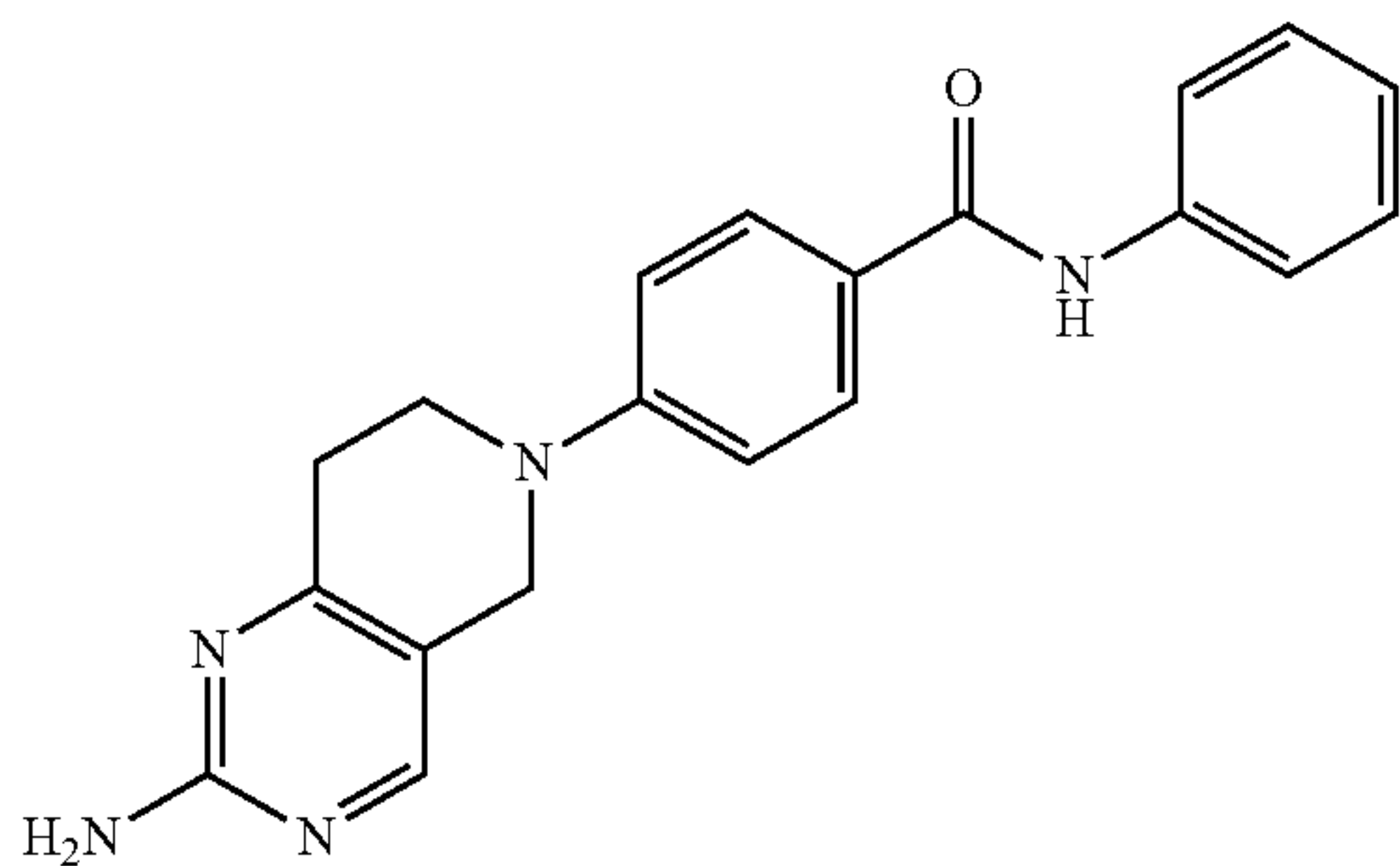


4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)benzoic acid

A suspension of ethyl-4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-benzoate (1.14 g, 3.82 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (35 mL) was treated with 1.0N NaOH<sub>(aq.)</sub> (10 mL, 10 mmol) and the reaction mixture was refluxed for 26 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was diluted with water. The pH was adjusted to ~6-7 with 1.0N HCl<sub>(aq.)</sub> and the precipitate was collected, washed with water, MeOH, and dried to give a yellow, amorphous solid (1.65 g). The solid was suspended in a 1:1 (v/v) mixture of water:methanol (100 mL) and heated at boiling for 15 minutes with vigorous stirring. The mixture was filtered hot and the product collected was washed with water, methanol, and dried in vacuo at 50° C. to give the title compound (881.7 mg, 85%).

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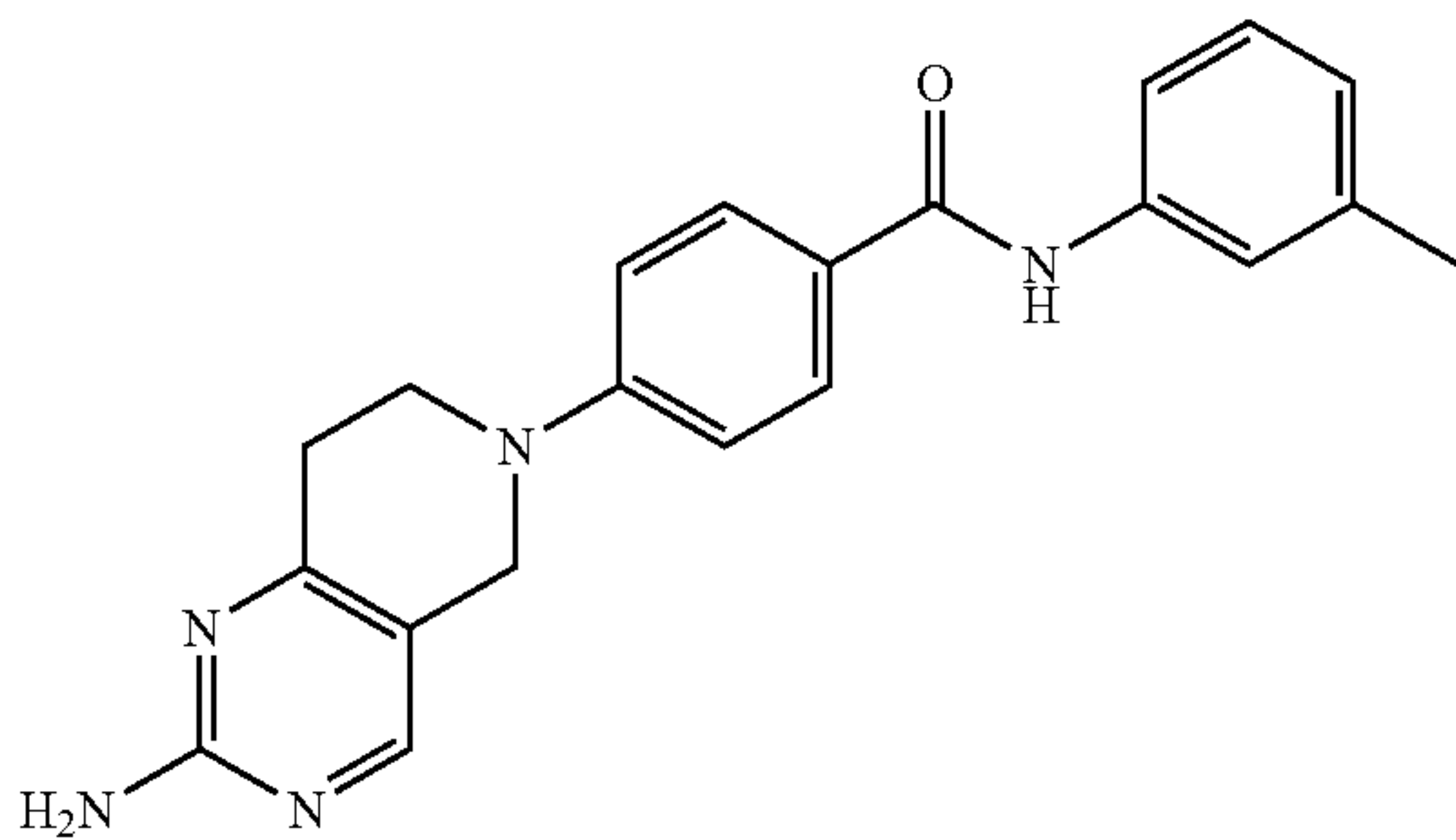
## EXAMPLE 13



4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-phenylbenzamide

To a mixture of 4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzoic acid (54 mg, 0.20 mmol), aniline (0.027 mL, 0.30 mmol), and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.174 mL, 1.0 mmol) in 1.5 mL DMF at room temperature was added HBTU (83 mg, 0.22 mmol). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 1.5 hours, but also briefly warmed to approx. 60° C. three times during this time. At 2 hours additional 0.025 mL aniline was added and the reaction briefly warmed to approx. 60° C. three times. After 22 hours, the reaction was stored in the freezer for 3 days, then warmed to room temperature, 8 drops 1.0 M NaOH added, and the mixture stirred for 5 minutes. The reaction was partitioned between EtOAc and aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution, the EtOAc layer washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, brine, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and rotary evaporated. The resulting solid was triturated with EtOAc to give the title compound as an off-white solid (37 mg, 53%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 9.92 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.86-7.92 (m, 2H), 7.73-7.78 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.02-7.10 (m, 3H), 6.43 (s, 2H), 4.36 (s, 2H), 3.71 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.75 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H).

## EXAMPLE 14



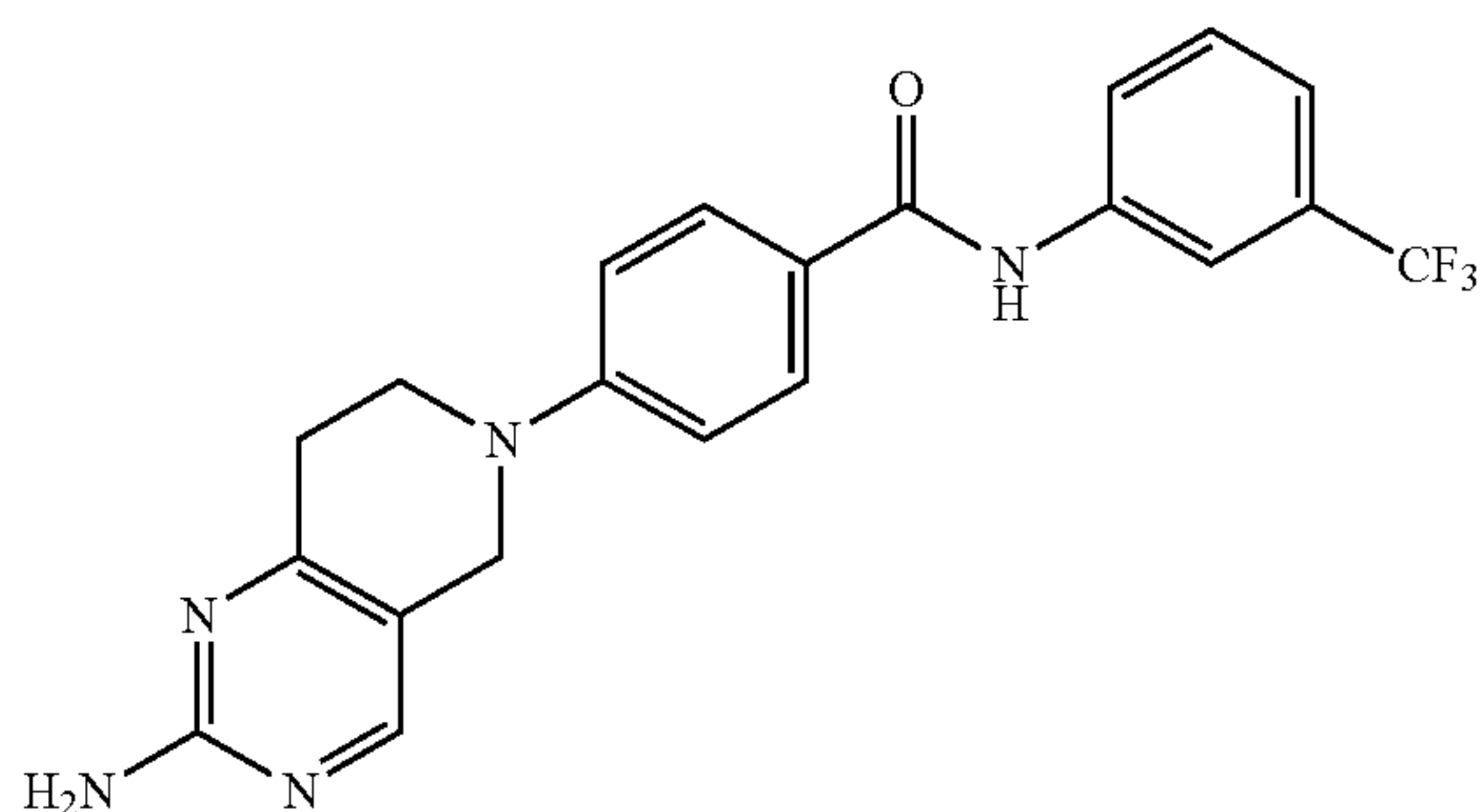
4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(m-tolyl)benzamide

A mixture of 4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzoic acid (27 mg, 0.10 mmol), N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.087 mL, 0.50 mmol), and HBTU (42 mg, 0.11 mmol) in 1.0 mL DMF was stirred at room temperature for 10 minutes. Then meta-toluidine (0.022 mL, 0.20 mmol) was added and the reaction heated at 55° C. for 18

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hours. The reaction mixture was partitioned between EtOAc and aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution, the EtOAc layer washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, brine, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and rotary evaporated. The resulting solid was triturated with an EtOAc/hexane mixture to give the title compound as a light beige solid (18 mg, 51%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 9.84 (s, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 7.85-7.92 (m, 2H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.55 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (t, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.03-7.09 (m, 2H), 6.88 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (s, 2H), 4.36 (s, 2H), 3.71 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.75 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.30 (s, 3H)

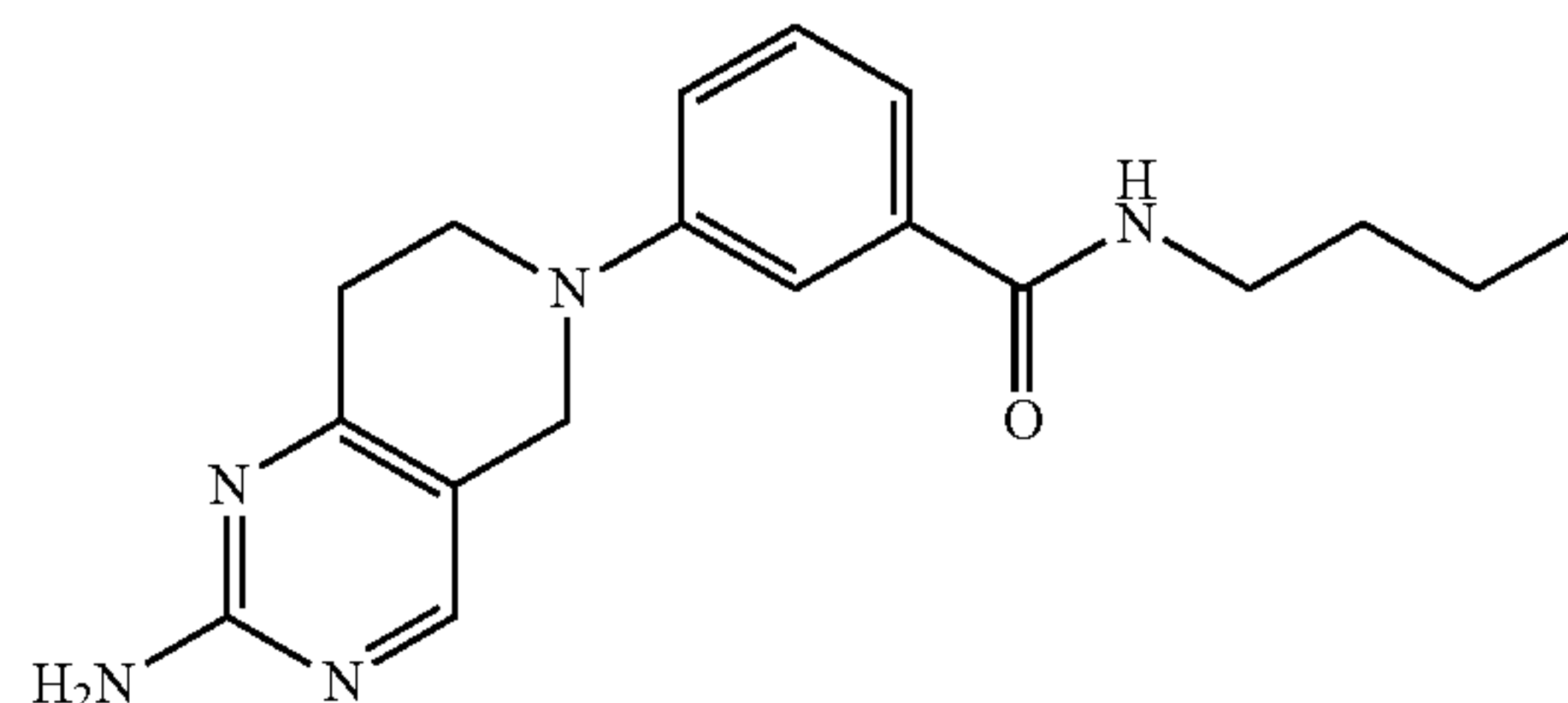
## EXAMPLE 15



4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)benzamide

A mixture of 4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzoic acid (27 mg, 0.10 mmol), N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.087 mL, 0.50 mmol), and HBTU (42 mg, 0.11 mmol) in 1.0 mL DMF was stirred at room temperature for 10 minutes. Then 3-(trifluoromethyl)aniline (0.025 mL, 0.20 mmol) was added and the reaction heated at 55° C. for 18 hours and then 90° C. for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was partitioned between EtOAc and aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution, the EtOAc layer washed with dilute aqueous HCl, aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution, brine, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and rotary evaporated. The resulting solid was chromatographed eluting with CHCl<sub>3</sub>, then gradient 2% to 5% MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> to give the title compound as a brownish-tan solid (3 mg, 8%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 8.15 (s, 1H), 7.93 (s, 1H), 7.80-7.89 (m, 4H), 7.44-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.40 (m, 1H), 6.94-7.00 (m, 2H), 5.00 (br. s., 2H), 4.39 (s, 2H), 3.73 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.94 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 2H)

## EXAMPLE 16



3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-butylbenzamide

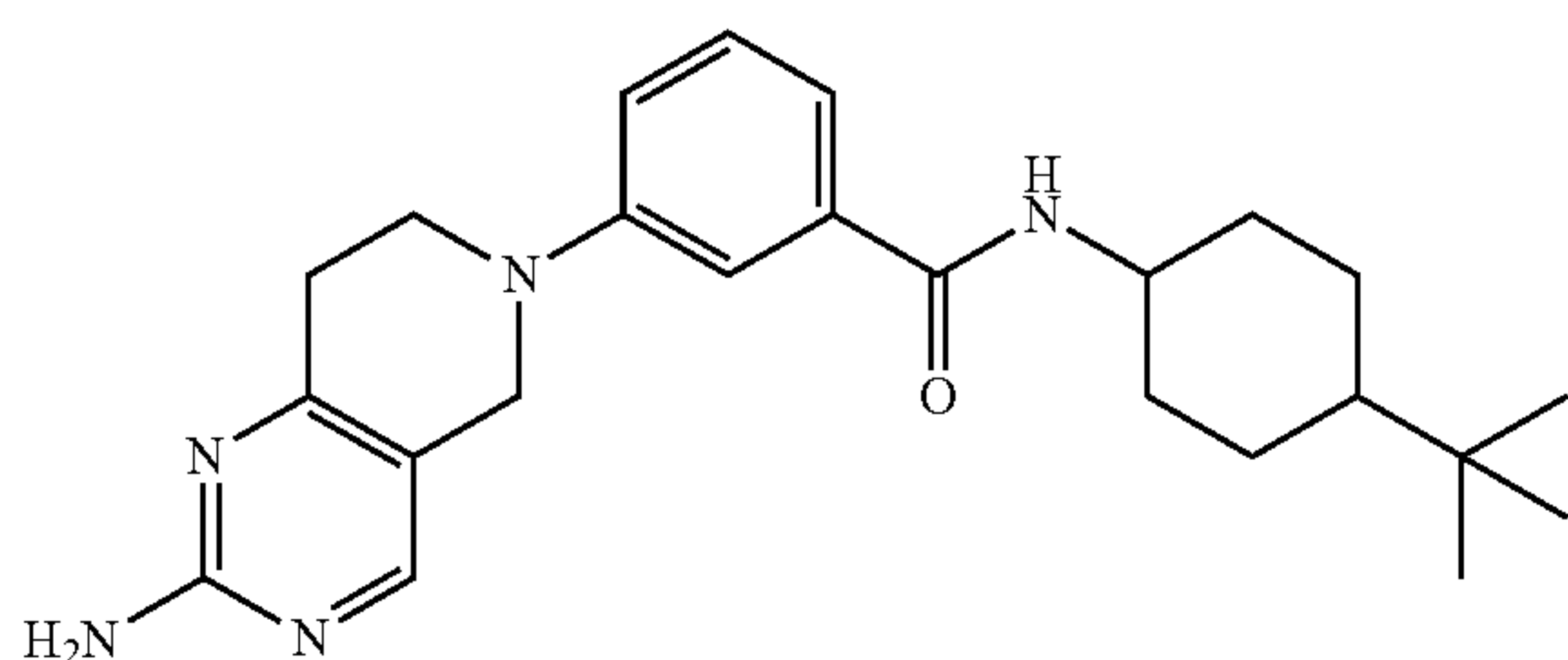
A mixture of 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzoic acid (41 mg, 0.15 mmol), N,N-diiso-



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propylethylamine (0.105 mL, 0.60 mmol), and HBTU (63 mg, 0.165 mmol) in 1.5 mL DMF was briefly warmed to approx. 50° C. to dissolve solids, then continued stirring at room temperature. After 10 minutes n-butylamine (0.022 mL, 0.225 mmol) was added and the reaction continued at room temperature for 16.5 hours. The reaction was added drop wise to a stirring mixture of 30 mL water containing 5 mL brine at room temperature, and the resulting precipitate filtered and rinsed with water. The damp solid was dissolved in 20% MeOH in CHCl<sub>3</sub> and evaporated to a dry solid. The solid was triturated with an EtOAc/hexane mixture to give the title compound as a light beige solid (42 mg, 86%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (acetone-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.62 (br. s., 1H), 7.53-7.55 (m, 1H), 7.26-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.13-7.20 (m, 1H), 5.74 (br. s., 2H), 4.29 (s, 2H), 3.65 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.38 (td, J=7.1, 5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.81 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 1.52-1.63 (m, 2H), 1.32-1.45 (m, 2H), 0.93 (t, J=7.3 Hz, 3H).

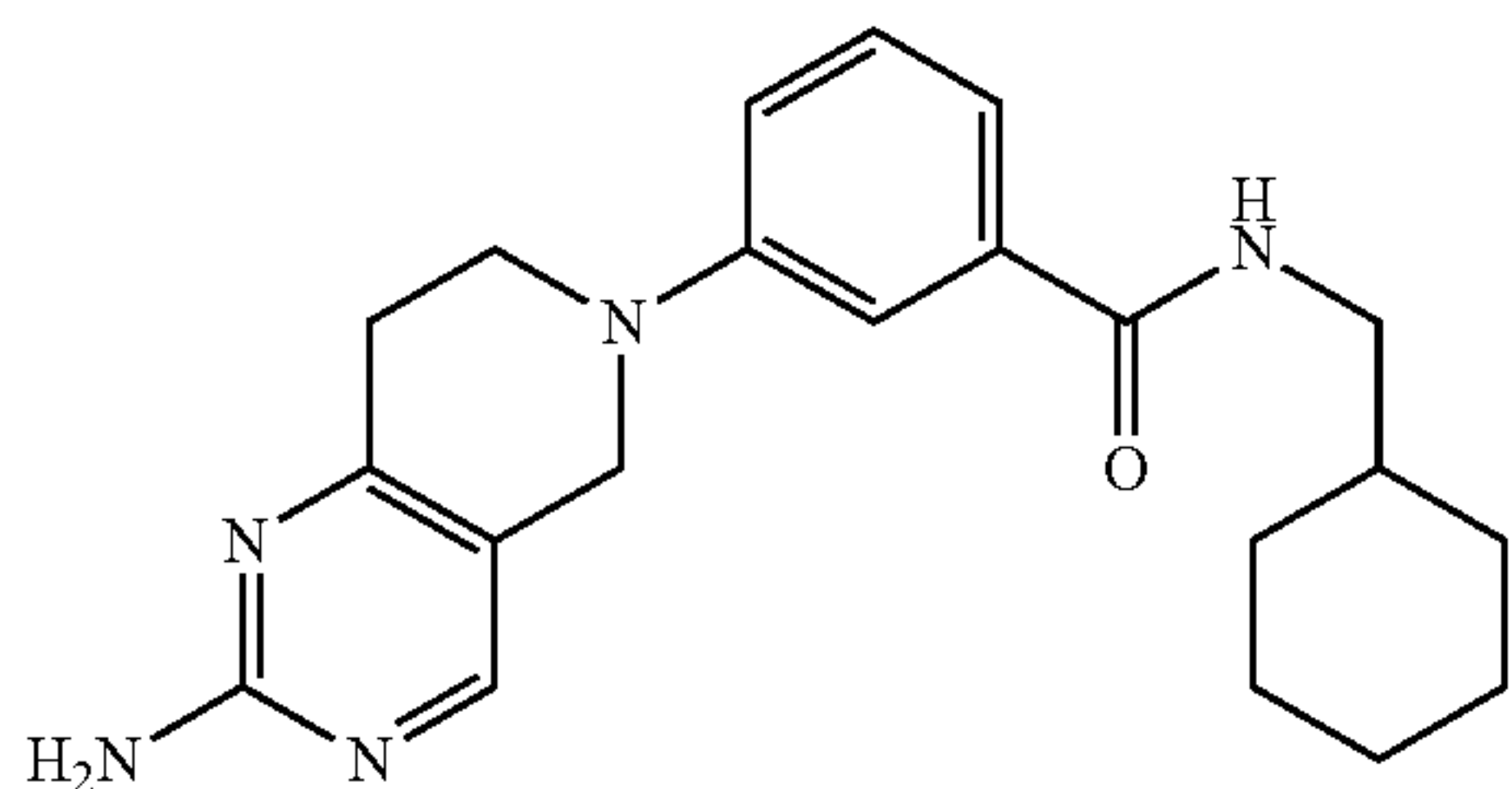
## EXAMPLE 17



3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-(tert-butyl)cyclohexyl)benzamide

In a manner similar to that described in Example 16, the title compound was prepared as a mixture of isomers as a light beige solid (49 mg, 81%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 8.12 (s, 1H), 8.06-8.11 (m, 1H), 7.85 (d, J=6.2 Hz, 0.25H, minor isomer), 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.10-7.33 (m, 3H), 6.40 (s, 2H), 4.21-4.26 (m, 2H), 3.97-4.04 (m, 0.25H, minor isomer), 3.64-3.75 (m, 1H), 3.56-3.63 (m, 2H), 2.75 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.72-2.00 (m, 3H), 1.22-1.56 (m, 3H), 0.92-1.16 (m, 3H), 0.86 (s, 9H).

## EXAMPLE 18



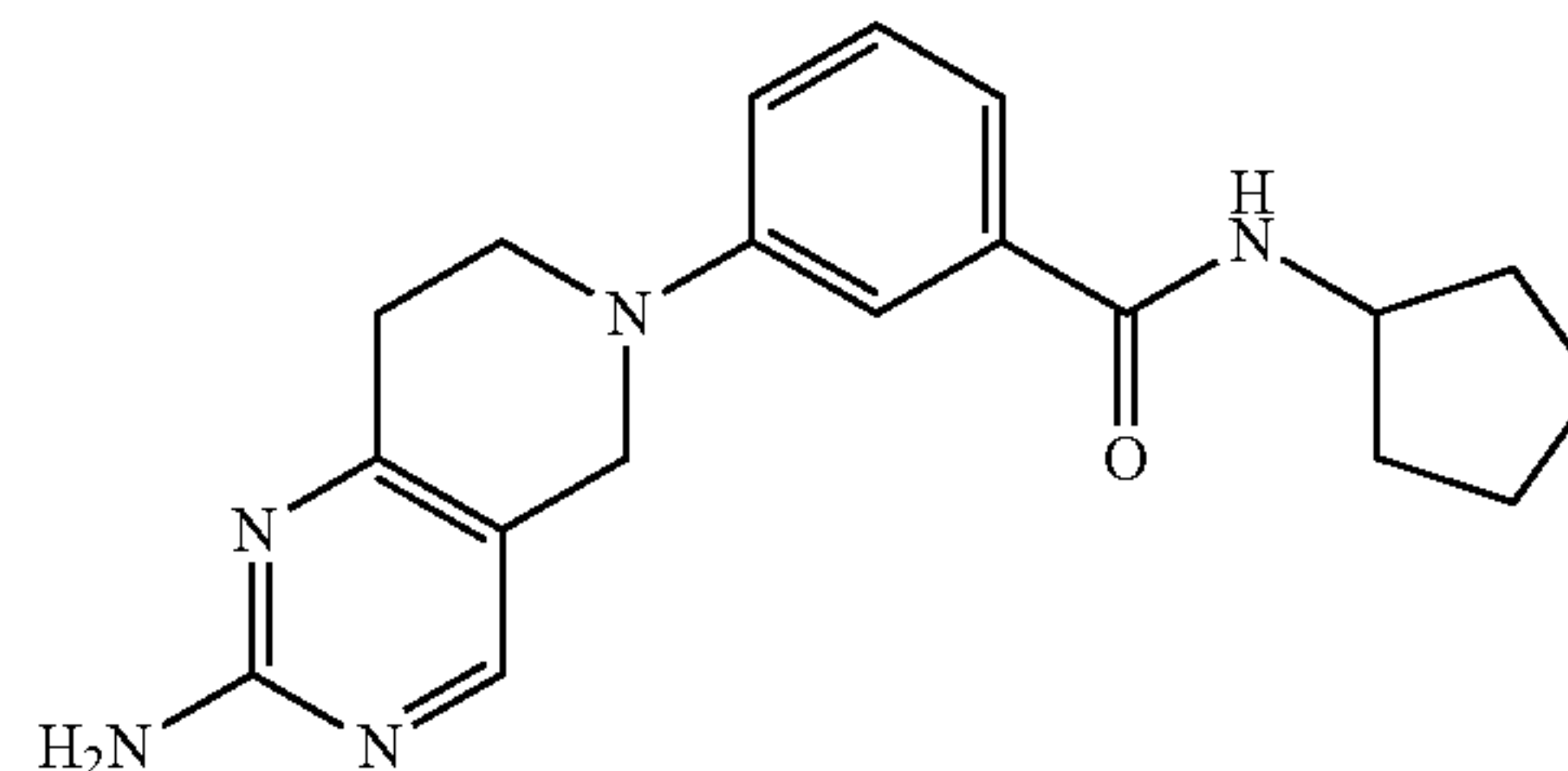
3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(cyclohexylmethyl)benzamide

In a manner similar to that described Example 16, the title compound was prepared as a light beige solid (46 mg, 84%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 8.34 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.41-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.26-7.32 (m, 1H), 7.21-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.11-7.16 (m, 1H), 6.40 (s, 2H), 4.24 (s, 2H), 3.60 (t, J=5.9

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Hz, 2H), 3.09 (t, J=6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.75 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.46-1.76 (m, 6H), 1.10-1.25 (m, 3H), 0.83-1.01 (m, 2H).

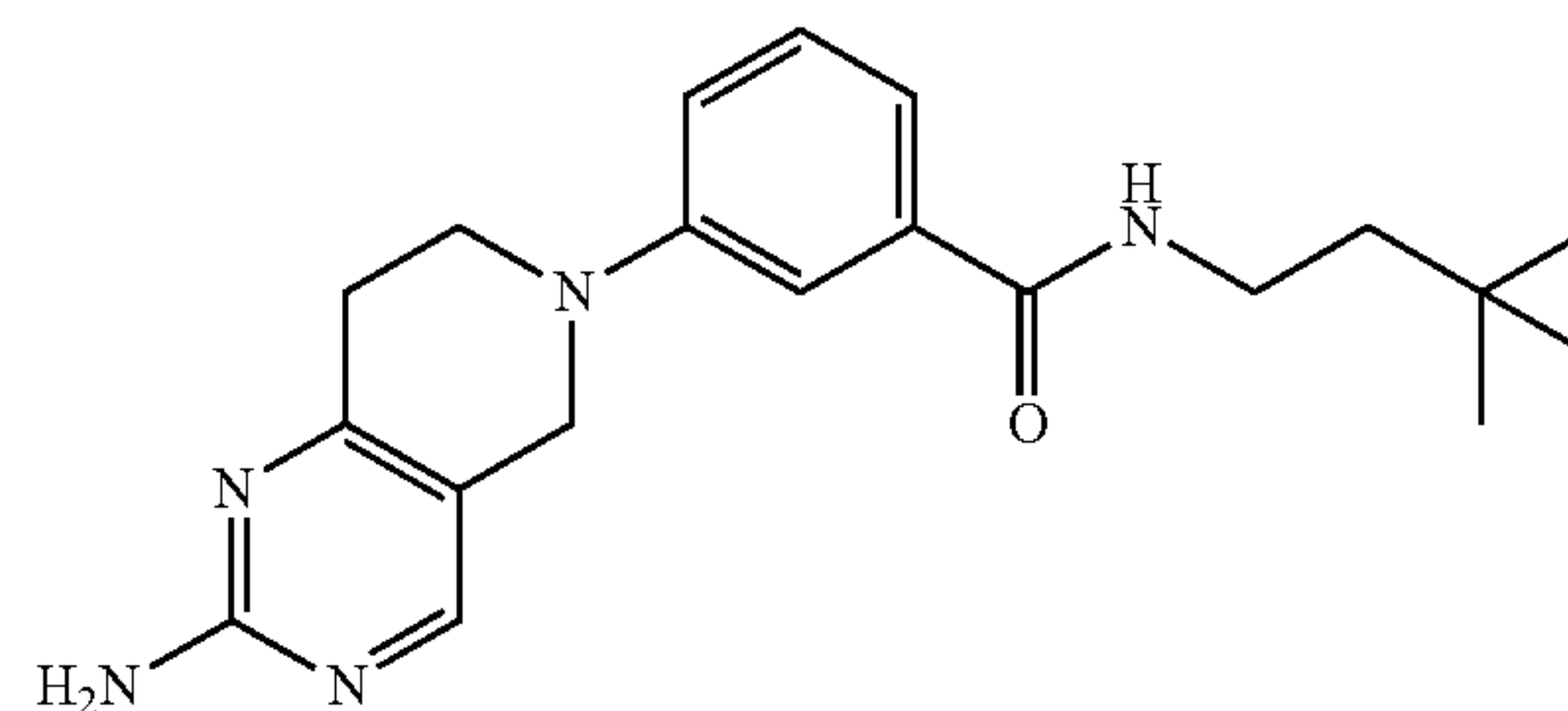
## EXAMPLE 19



3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-cyclopentylbenzamide

In a manner similar to that described in Example 16, the title compound was prepared as an off-white solid (37 mg, 72%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 8.17 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 7.39-7.41 (m, 1H), 7.26-7.32 (m, 1H), 7.21-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.11-7.15 (m, 1H), 6.40 (s, 2H), 4.24 (s, 2H), 4.15-4.23 (m, 1H), 3.60 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.75 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.82-1.95 (m, 2H), 1.63-1.76 (m, 2H), 1.45-1.61 (m, 4H).

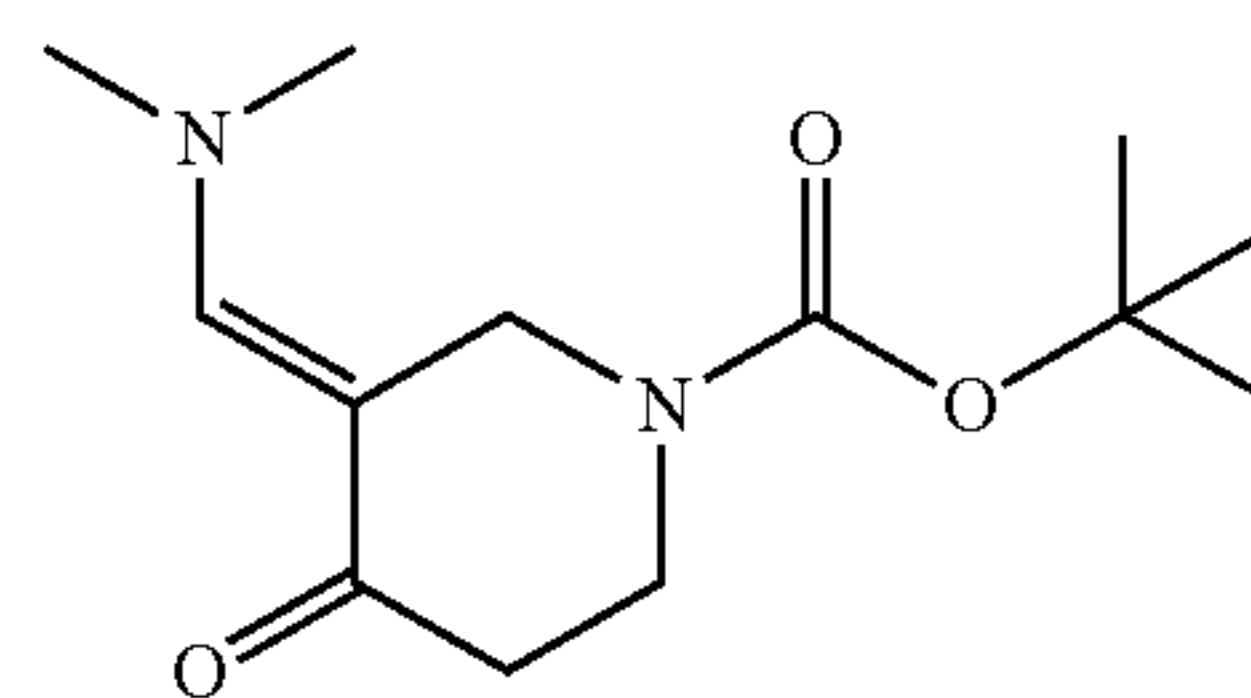
## EXAMPLE 20



3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3,3-dimethylbutyl)benzamide

In a manner similar to that described in Example 16, the title compound was prepared as a light beige solid (27 mg, 51%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 8.31 (t, J=5.4 Hz, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.40-7.43 (m, 1H), 7.26-7.32 (m, 1H), 7.19-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.13 (ddd, J=8.1, 2.5, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (s, 2H), 4.24 (s, 2H), 3.60 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.23-3.31 (m, 2H), 2.75 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.41-1.49 (m, 2H), 0.93 (s, 9H).

## PREPARATION 11



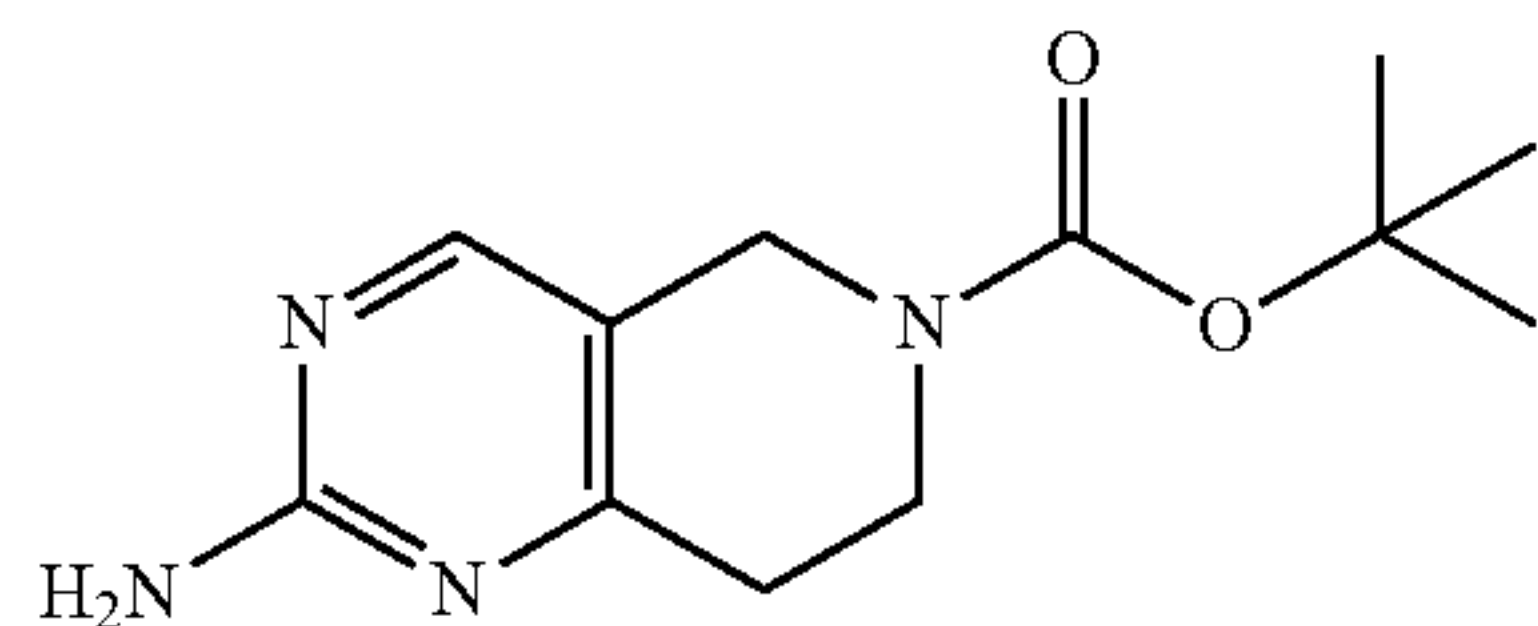
1-t-Butoxycarbonyl-3-(dimethylamino)methylene-4-piperidone

A solution of N-Boc-4-piperidone (10.0 g, 50.19 mmol) and N,N-dimethylformamide dimethylacetal (20.16 mL,

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150.57 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (100 mL) was heated at reflux for 15 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was eluted through a flash column (silica gel 60, 230-400 mesh, 8% MeOH in EtOAc) to obtain the title compound as an orange oil which crystallized on standing (7.64 g, 60%).

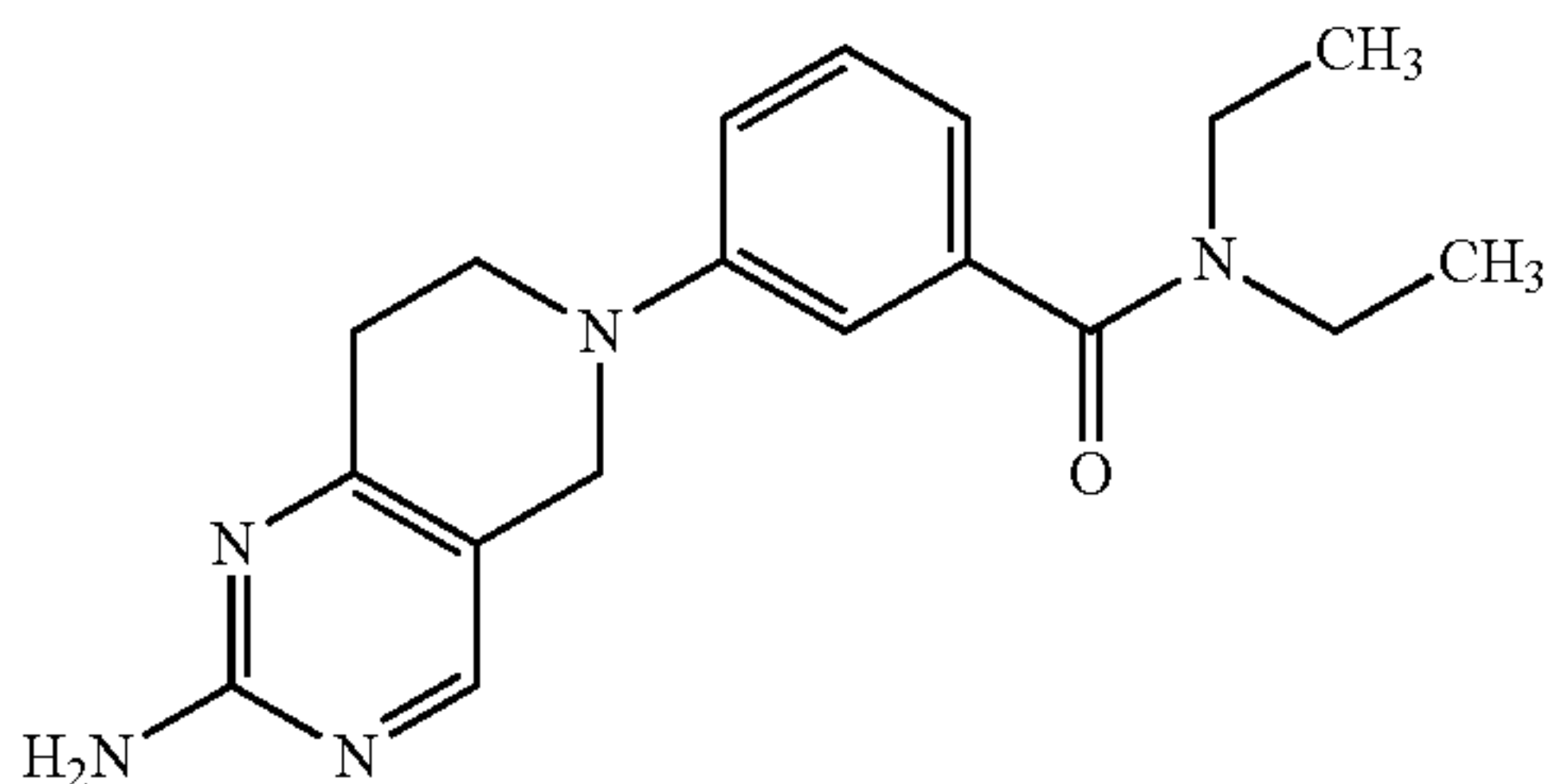
## PREPARATION 12



6-t-Butoxycarbonyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-2-ylamine

A solution of 1-t-Butoxycarbonyl-3-(dimethylamino)methylene-4-piperidone (7.64 g, 30.04 mmol) in methanol (190 mL) was treated with guanidine carbonate (21.65 g, 120.16 mmol), followed by sodium acetate trihydrate (32.70 g, 240.32 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 17 hours and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was diluted with water and the mixture was swirled for a few minutes. The undissolved white solid was collected and washed with water, followed by a small amount of cold ethyl acetate to give the title compound (4.10 g, 55%).

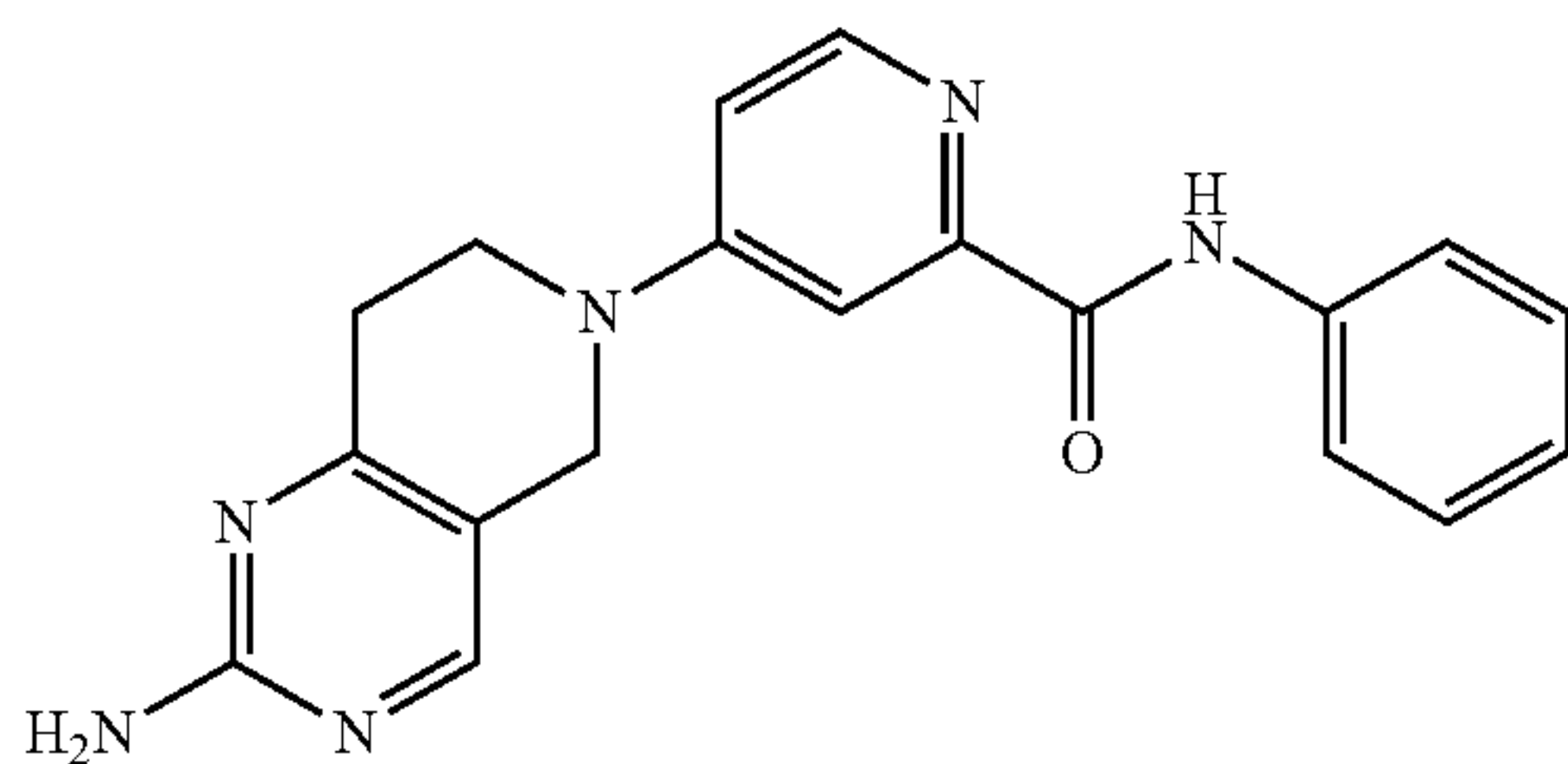
## EXAMPLE 21



3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N,N-diethylbenzamide

The title compound was produced as a by-product during the preparation of Example 5. The title compound was isolated as a yellow solid (3.2 mg).

## EXAMPLE 22

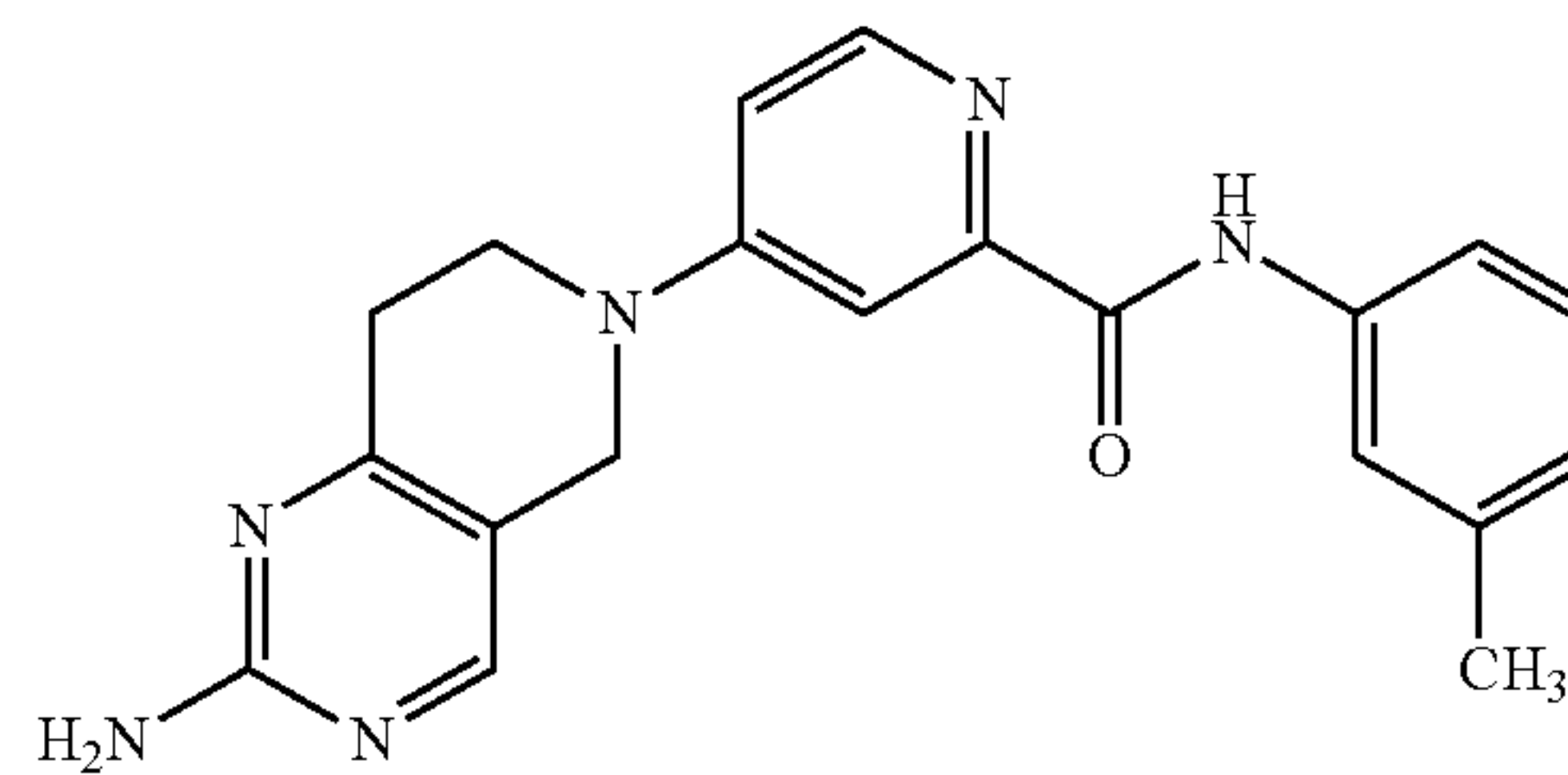


4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-phenylpyridine-2-carboxamide

In a manner similar to that described for the Preparations 13-16 and in Example 24, 4-bromopicolinic acid and aniline were converted to the title compound.

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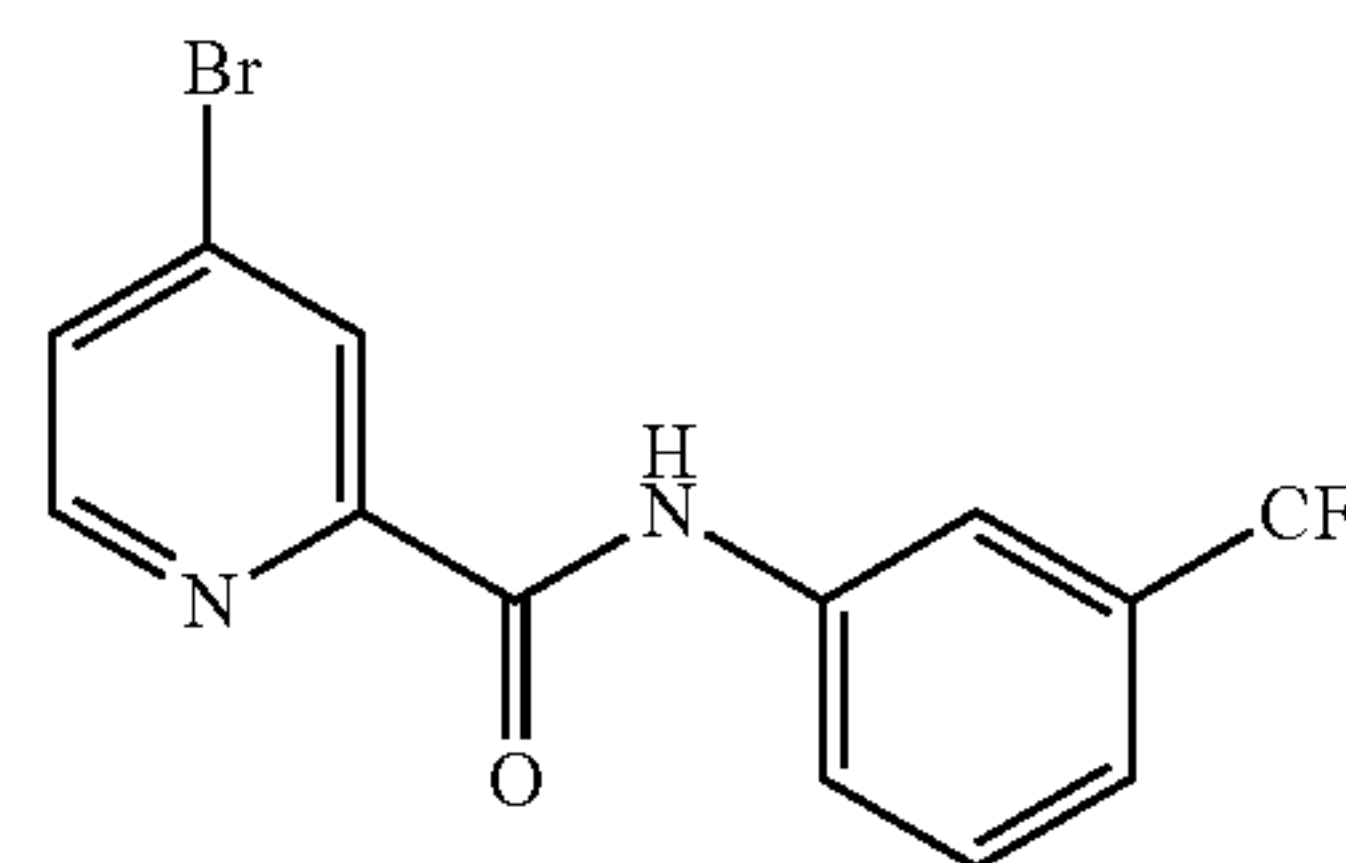
## EXAMPLE 23



4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-methylphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxamide

In a manner similar to that described for the Preparations 13-16 and in Example 24, 4-bromopicolinic acid and m-toluidine were converted to the title compound.

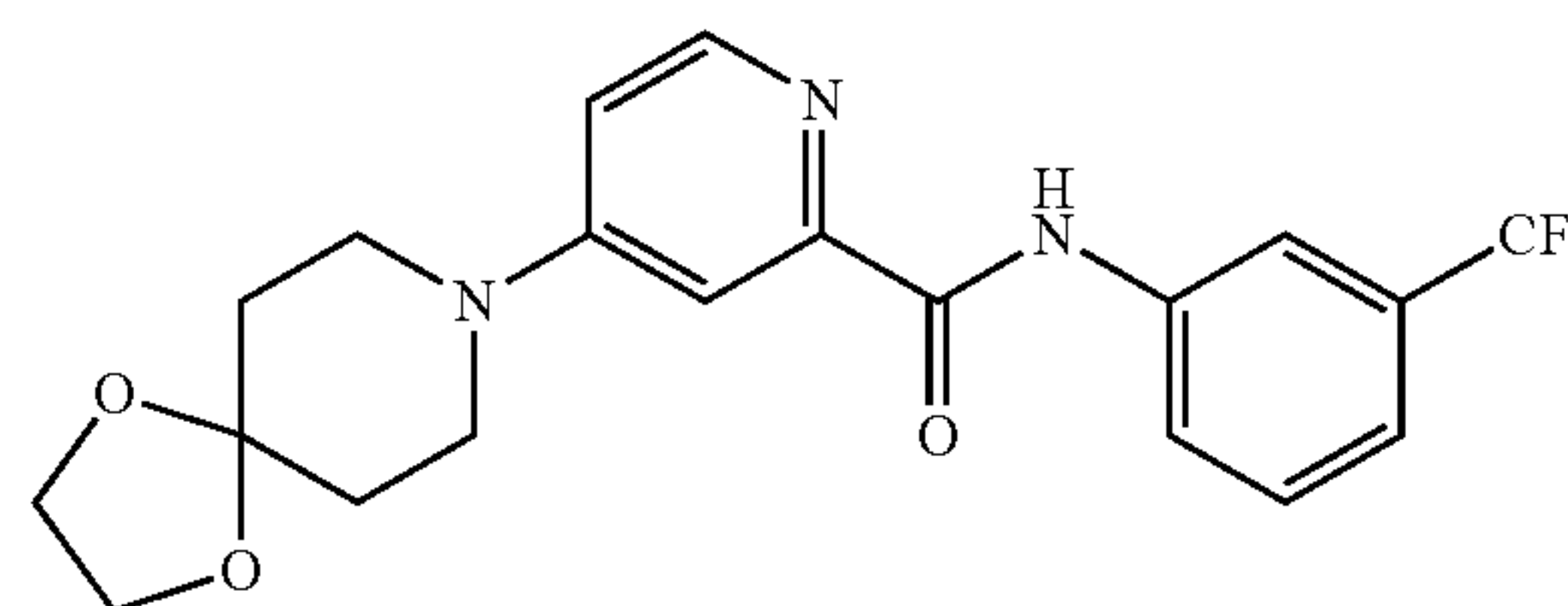
## PREPARATION 13



4-Bromo-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]pyridine-2-carboxamide

A mixture of 4-bromopicolinic acid (800 mg, 3.96 mmol), 3-(trifluoromethyl)aniline (0.49 ml, 3.96 mmol) and DIEA (3.27 ml, 19.80 mmol) in DMF (12 ml) was treated with HATU (1.66 g, 4.36 mmol) and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 22 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was taken up in EtOAc. The organic solution was washed with water, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. Elution through a flash column (silica gel 60, 230-400 mesh, 4:1 hexanes:EtOAc) gave pure amide as an off-white, crystalline solid (1.026 g, 75%).

## PREPARATION 14



4-{1,4-Dioxo-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl}-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]pyridine-2-carboxamide

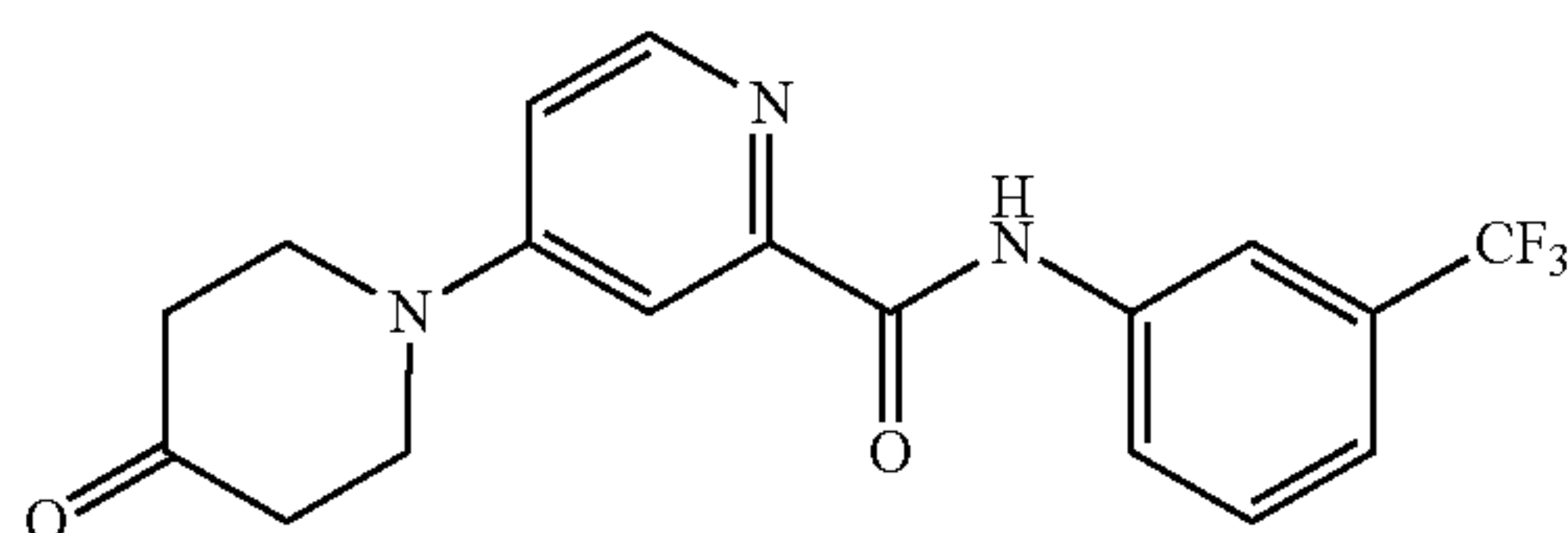
A mixture of 4-bromo-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]pyridine-2-carboxamide (1.01 g, 2.93 mmol), 4-piperidine ethylene ketal (0.38 ml, 2.93 mmol), palladium(II)acetate (132



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mg, 0.586 mmol), rac-BINAP (365 mg, 0.586 mmol), and cesium carbonate (1.37 g, 4.10 mmol) in toluene (15 ml) was stirred at 100° C. for 21 hours. Upon cooling to room temperature, the insolubles were filtered off and washed with EtOAc. The washing was combined with the filtrate and concentrated. Elution through a flash column (silica gel 60, 230-400 mesh, 3:2 hexanes:EtOAc) gave the title compound as a white, crystalline solid (713 mg, 60%).

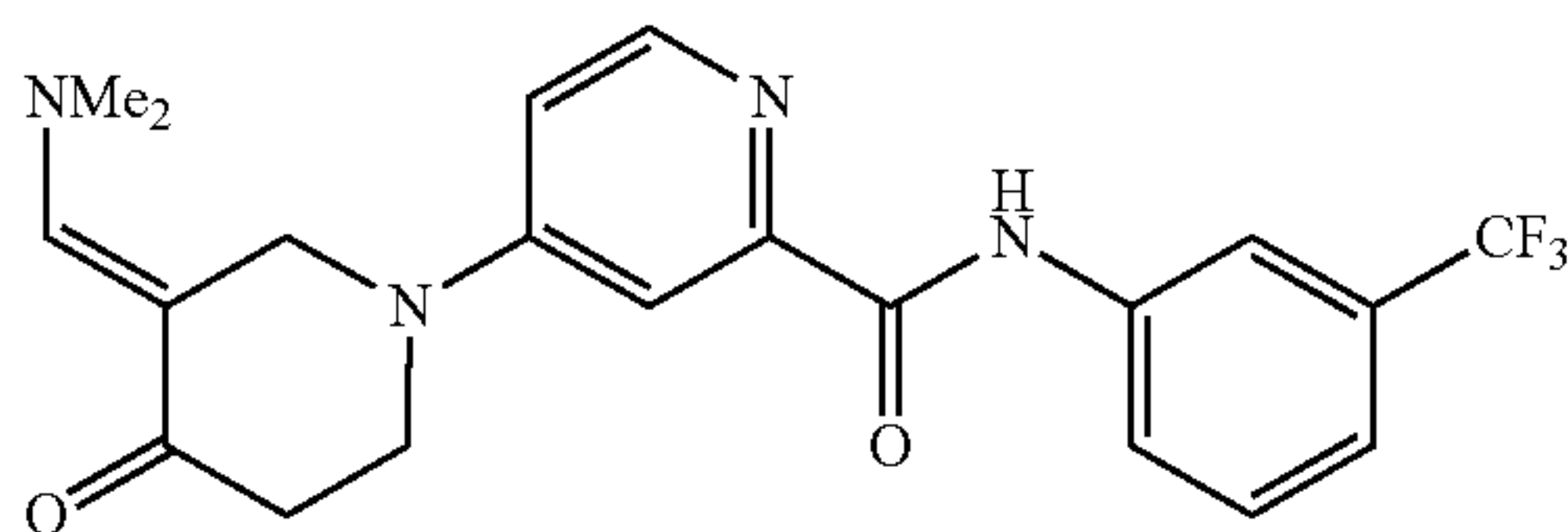
## PREPARATION 15



4-(4-Oxopiperidin-1-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]pyridine-2-carboxamide

A mixture of 4-{1,4-Dioxo-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl}-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]pyridine-2-carboxamide (710 mg, 1.74 mmol) in THF (7 ml) and 10% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4(aq.)</sub> (7 ml) was stirred at ambient temperature for 41 hours. The reaction mixture was treated with 1.0N NaOH<sub>(aq.)</sub> until pH ~7-8. The aqueous mixture was extracted with dichloromethane (3x25 ml) and the combined organic extracts were dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated. Elution through a flash column (silica gel 60, 230-400 mesh, 2:3 hexanes:EtOAc) gave the title compound as a white, amorphous solid (498 mg, 79%).

## PREPARATION 16

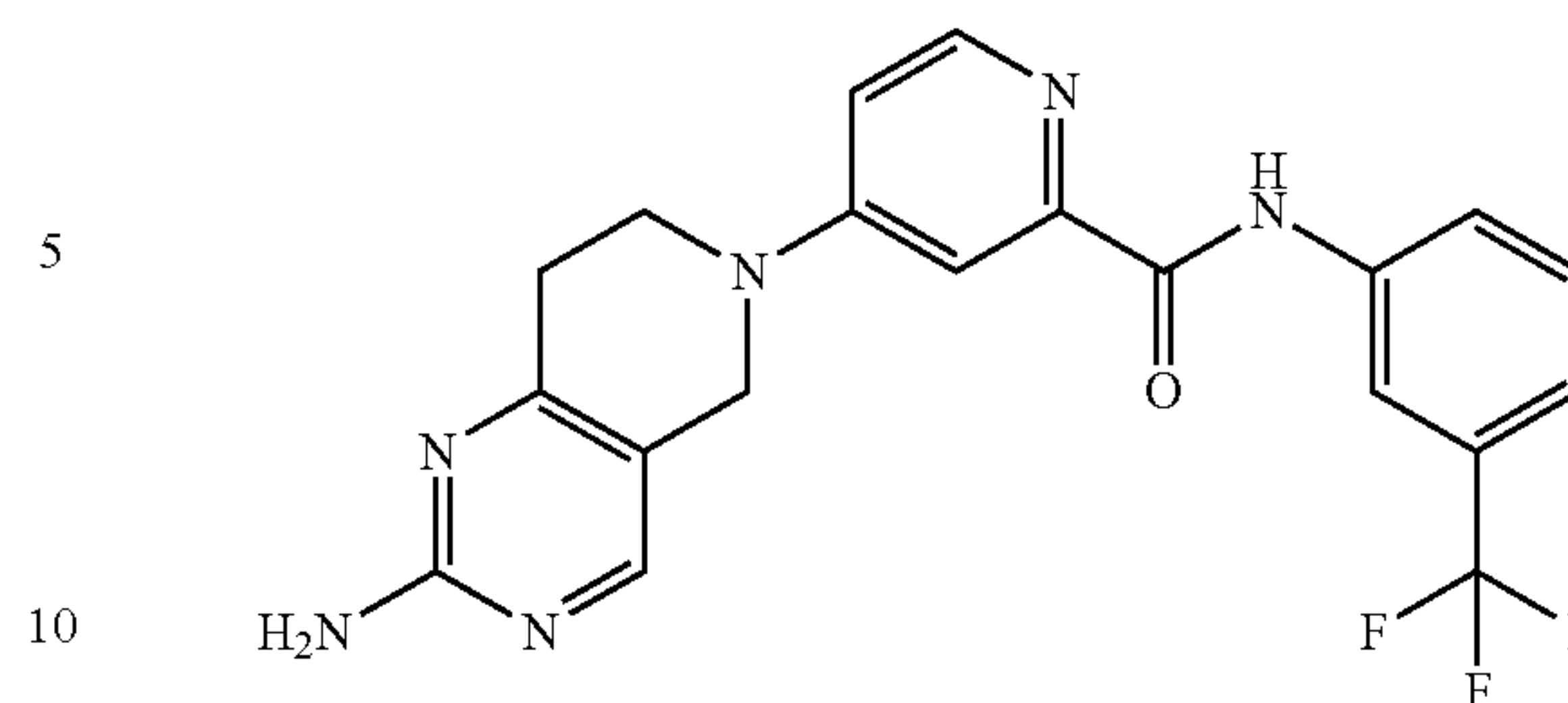


4-[3-(Dimethylamino)methylidene-4-oxopiperidin-1-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]pyridine-2-carboxamide

A solution of 4-(4-oxopiperidin-1-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]pyridine-2-carboxamide (495 mg, 1.36 mmol) and DMF-dimethylacetal (0.55 ml, 4.08 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (3 ml) was heated at 100° C. for 21 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was eluted through a flash column (silica gel 60, 230-400 mesh, 7% MeOH in EtOAc) to give a viscous, orange oil (419 mg, 74%).

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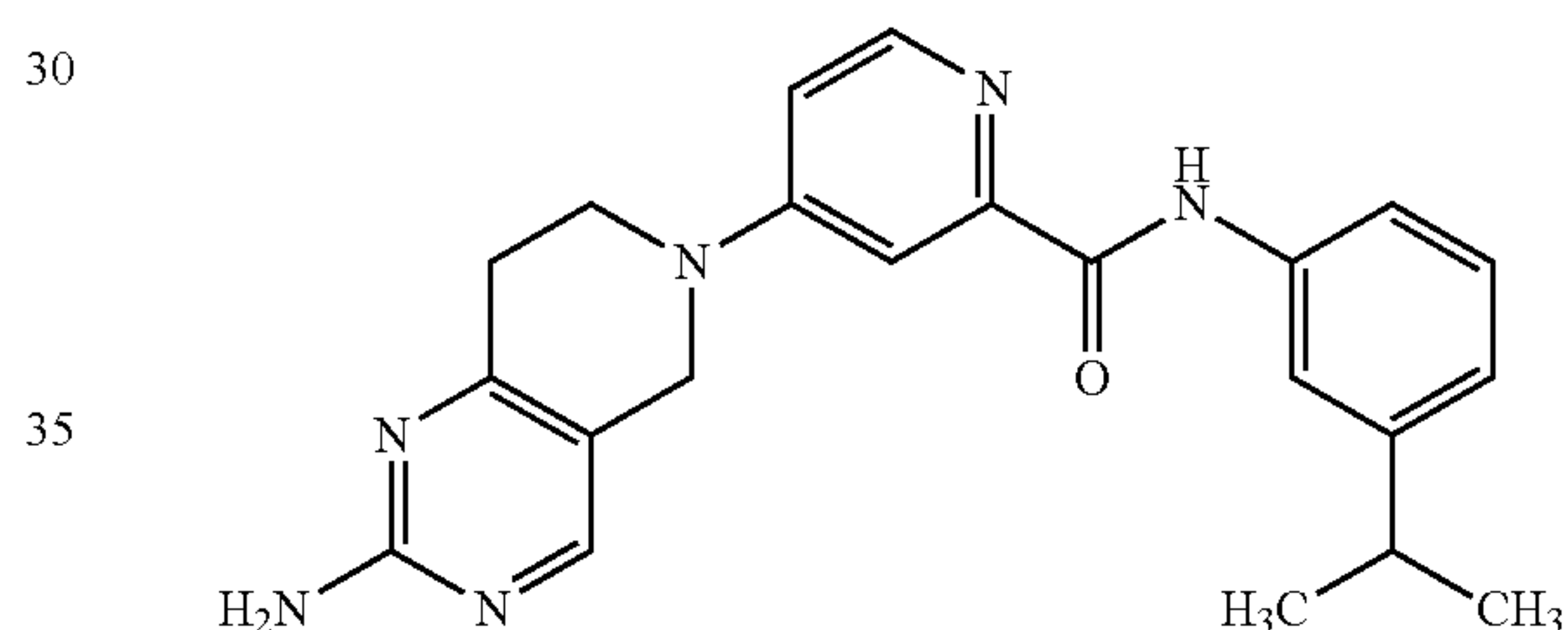
## EXAMPLE 24



4-(2-Amino-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]pyridine-2-carboxamide

A solution of 4-[3-(dimethylamino)methylidene-4-oxopiperidin-1-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]pyridine-2-carboxamide (417 mg, 0.997 mmol) in EtOH (10 ml) was treated with guanidine carbonate (719 mg, 3.99 mmol), followed by adding sodium acetate trihydrate (1.09 g, 7.98 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 80° C. for 23 hours and concentrated. The residue was partitioned between EtOAc and water resulting in the formation of a yellow, amorphous solid. The solid was collected, washed with water, EtOAc, MeOH, and dried to give the title compound (59 mg, 14%).

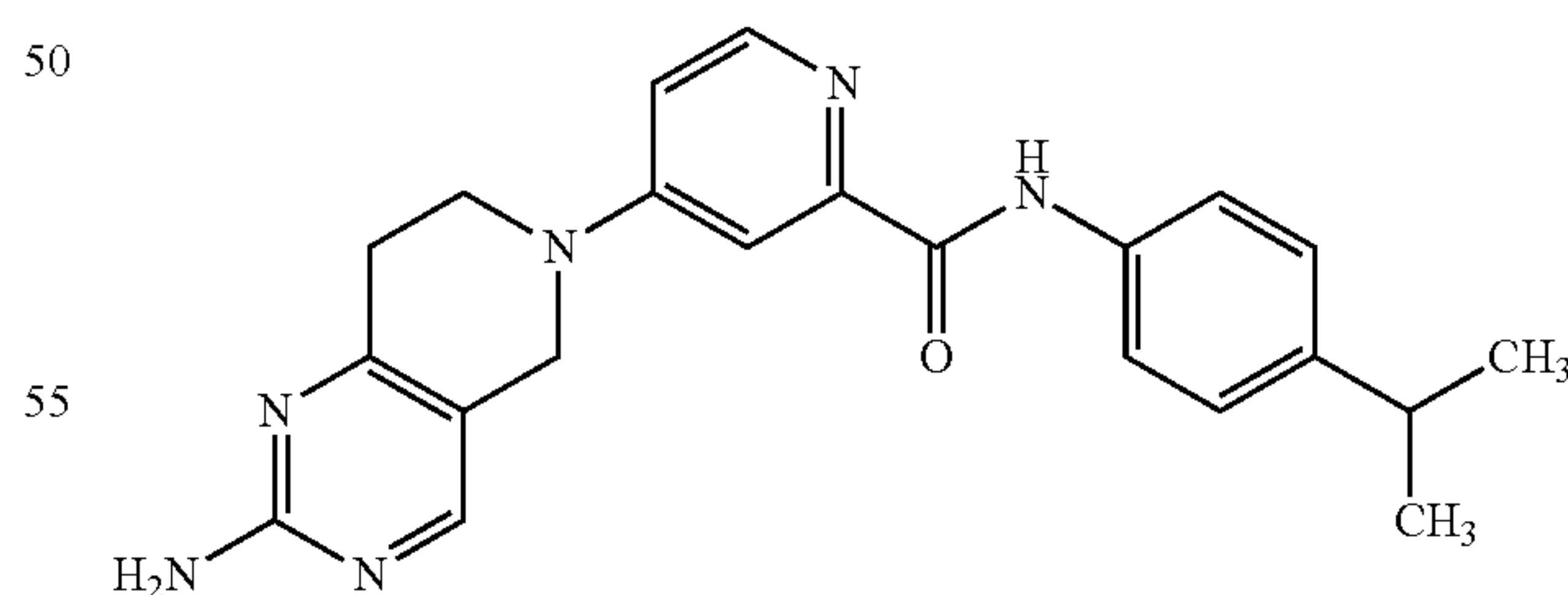
## EXAMPLE 25



4-(2-Amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxamide

In a manner similar to that described for the Preparations 13-16 and in Example 24, 4-bromopicolinic acid and 3-isopropylaniline were converted to the title compound.

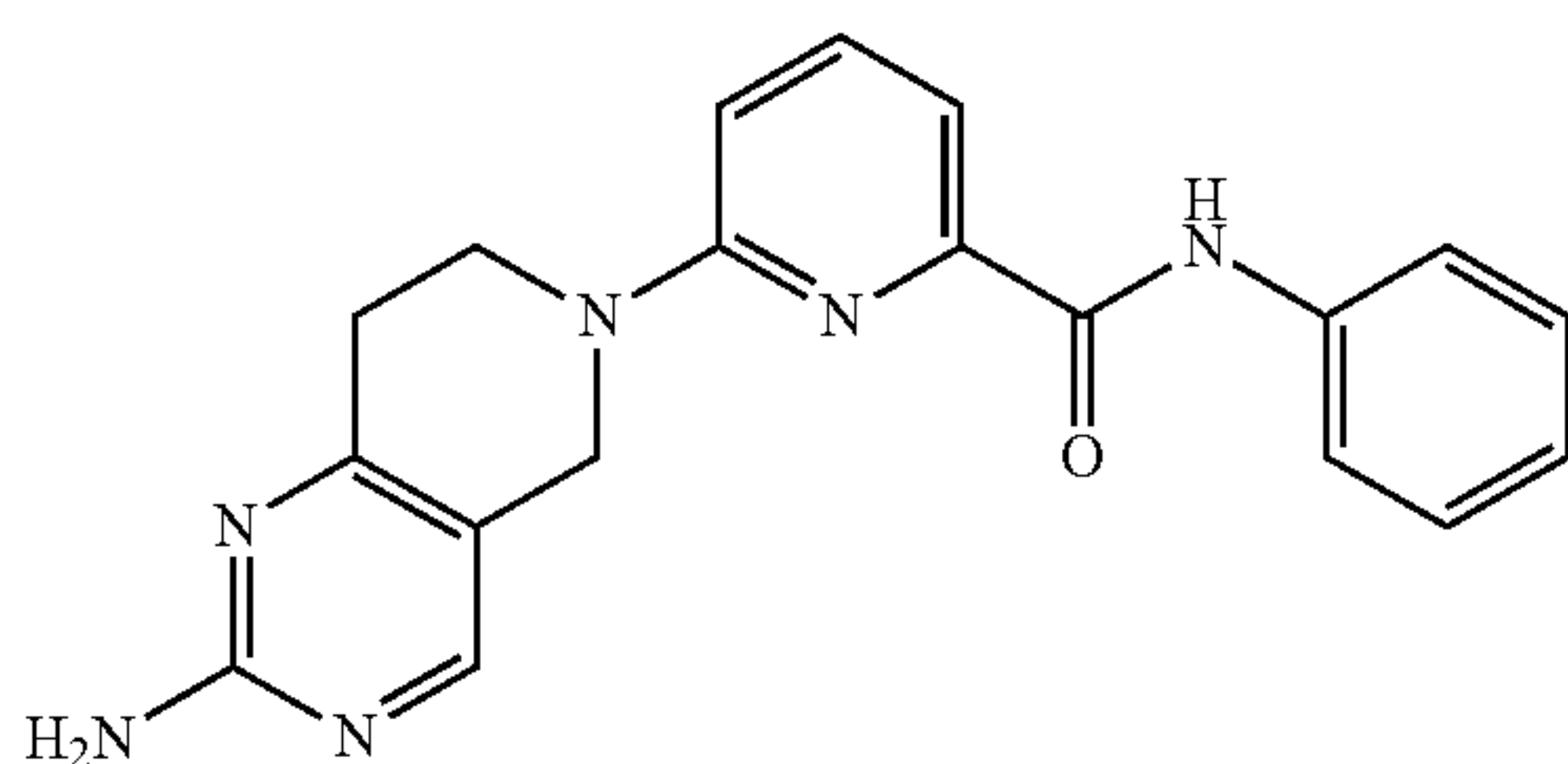
## EXAMPLE 26



4-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxamide

In a manner similar to that described for the Preparations 13-16 and in Example 24, 4-bromopicolinic acid and 4-isopropylaniline were converted to the title compound.

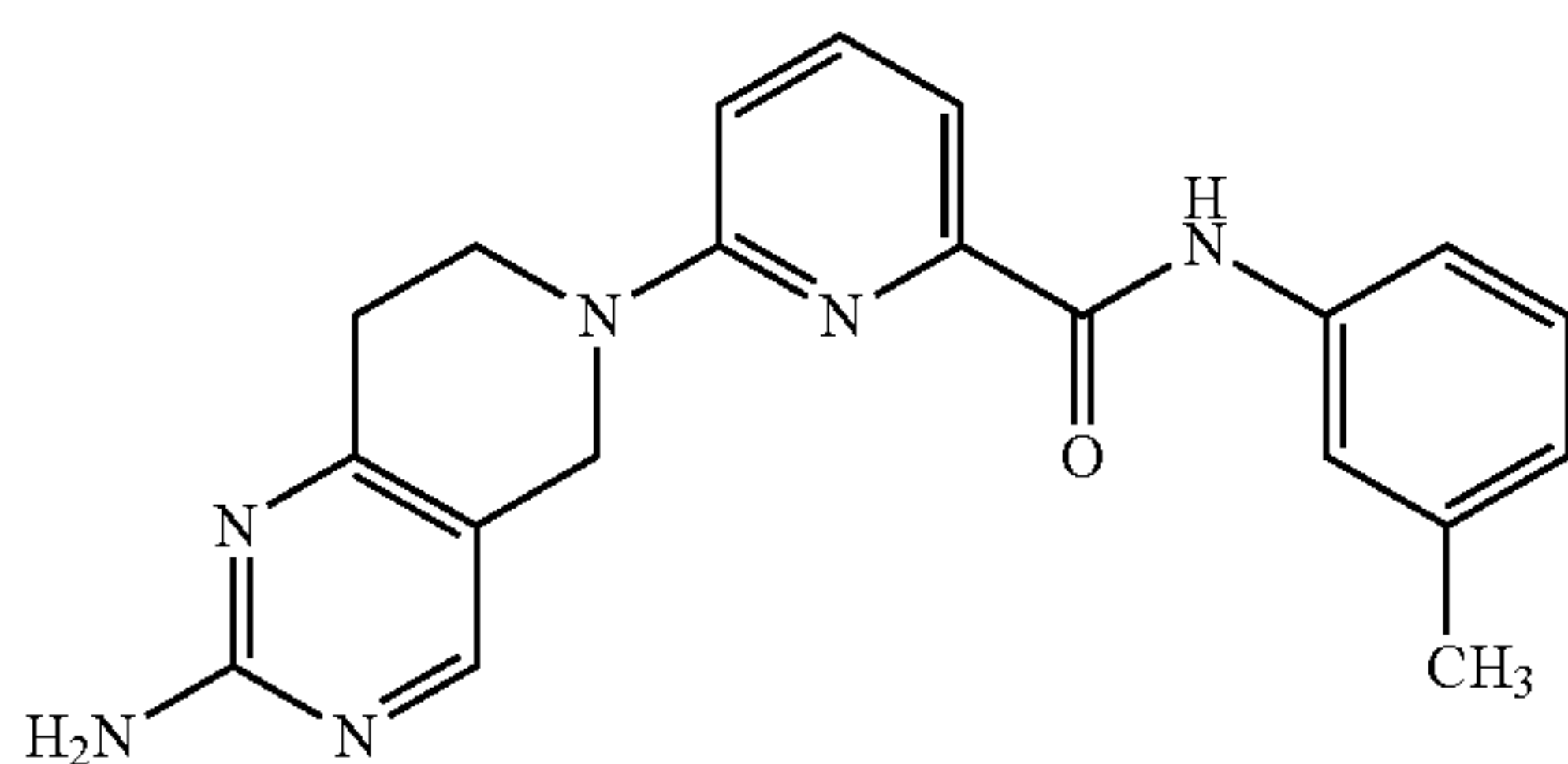
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EXAMPLE 36



6-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-phenylpyridine-2-carboxamide

In a manner similar to that described for the Preparations 13-16 and in Example 24, 6-bromopicolinic acid and aniline were converted to the title compound.

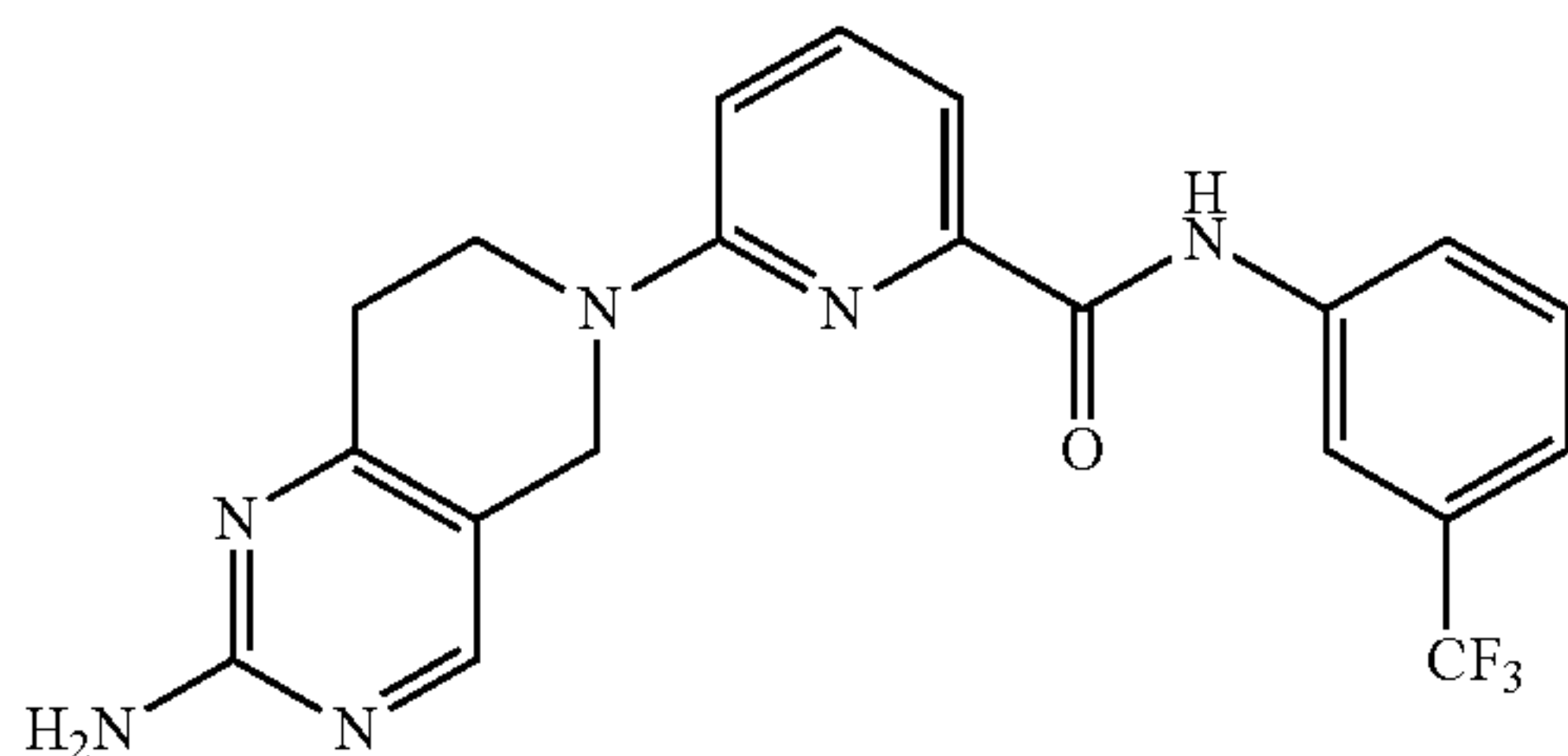
EXAMPLE 37



6-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-methylphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxamide

In a manner similar to that described for the Preparations 13-16 and in Example 24, 6-bromopicolinic acid and m-toluidine were converted to the title compound.

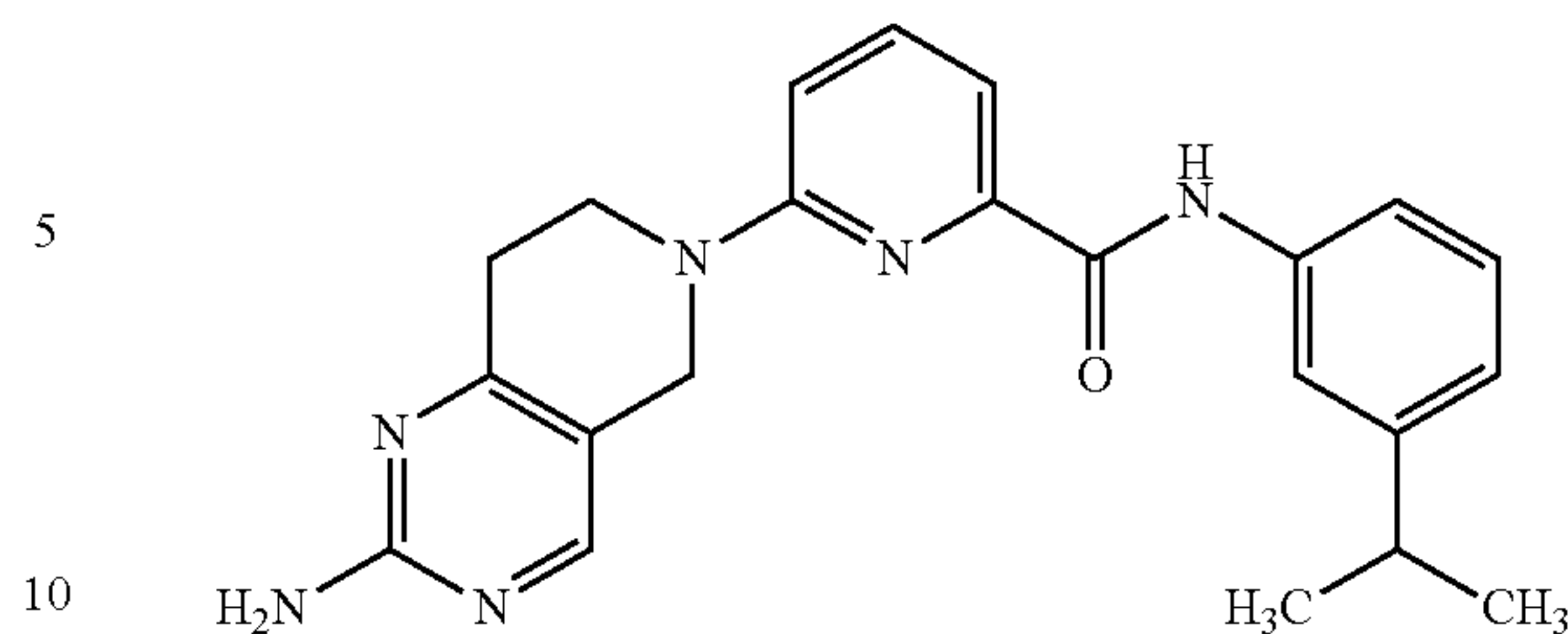
EXAMPLE 38



6-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)picolinamide

In a manner similar to that described in Example 40, 6-(2-((methylthio)oxy)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)picolinamide was converted to the title compound.

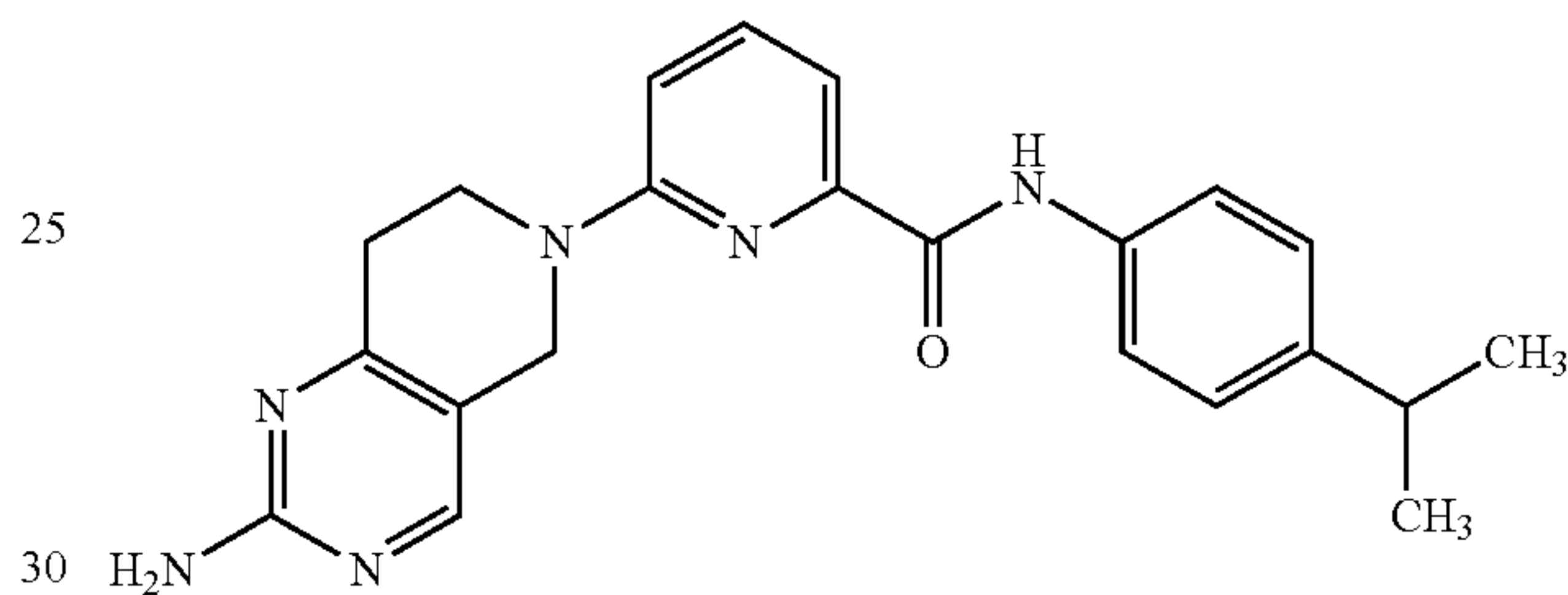
**142**  
EXAMPLE 39



6-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)picolinamide

In a manner similar to that described in Example 40, N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-6-(2-((methylthio)oxy)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)picolinamide was converted to the title compound.

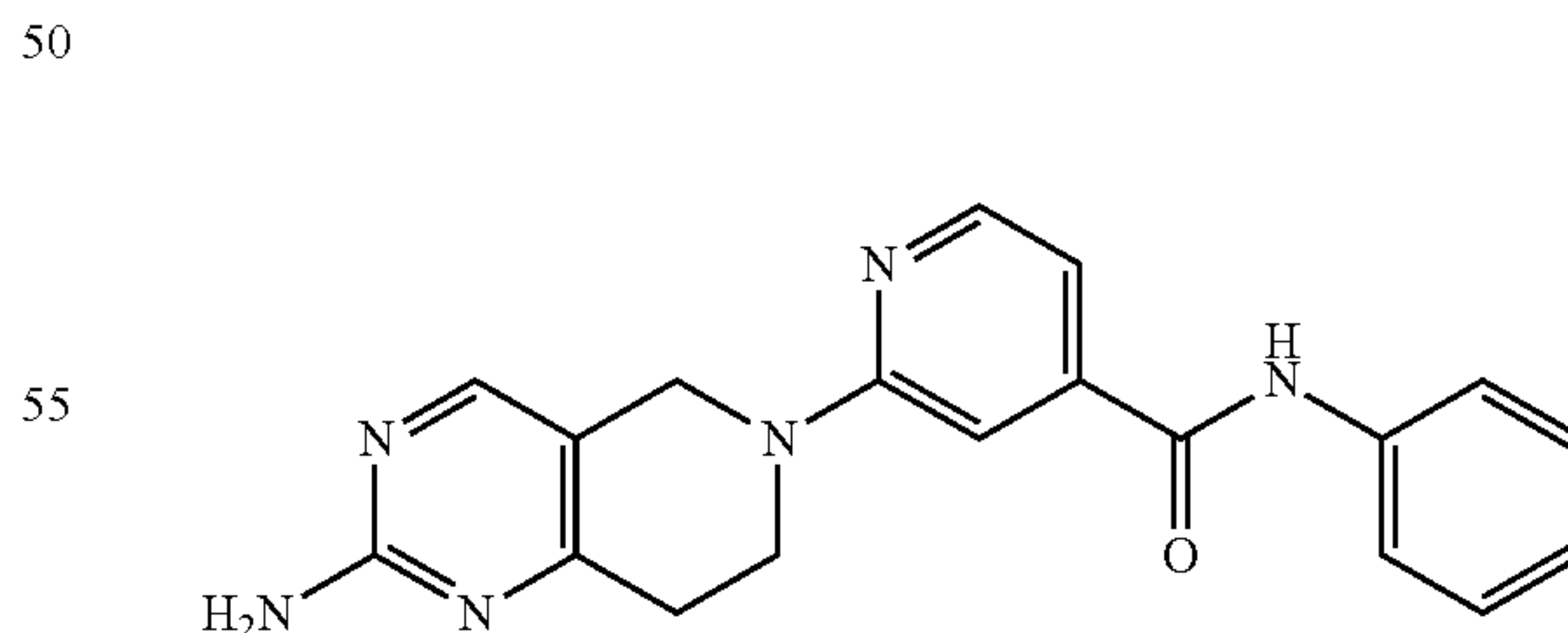
EXAMPLE 40



6-{2-Amino-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl}-N-[4-(isopropyl)phenyl]pyridine-2-carboxamide

A suspension of 6-(2-Methanesulfinyl-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (4-isopropyl-phenyl)-amide (405 mg, 0.930 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (10 ml) was treated with  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$  (3 ml, 28-30%) and the reaction mixture was heated in a sealed tube at  $100^\circ\text{C}$ . with stirring for 15 hours. Upon cooling to room temperature, the reaction mixture was concentrated and the residue was taken up in water. The aqueous mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate and the organic extract was dried ( $\text{MgSO}_4$ ), filtered, and concentrated. Trituration with MeOH gave the title compound as a yellow, amorphous solid (200 mg, 55%).

EXAMPLE 51



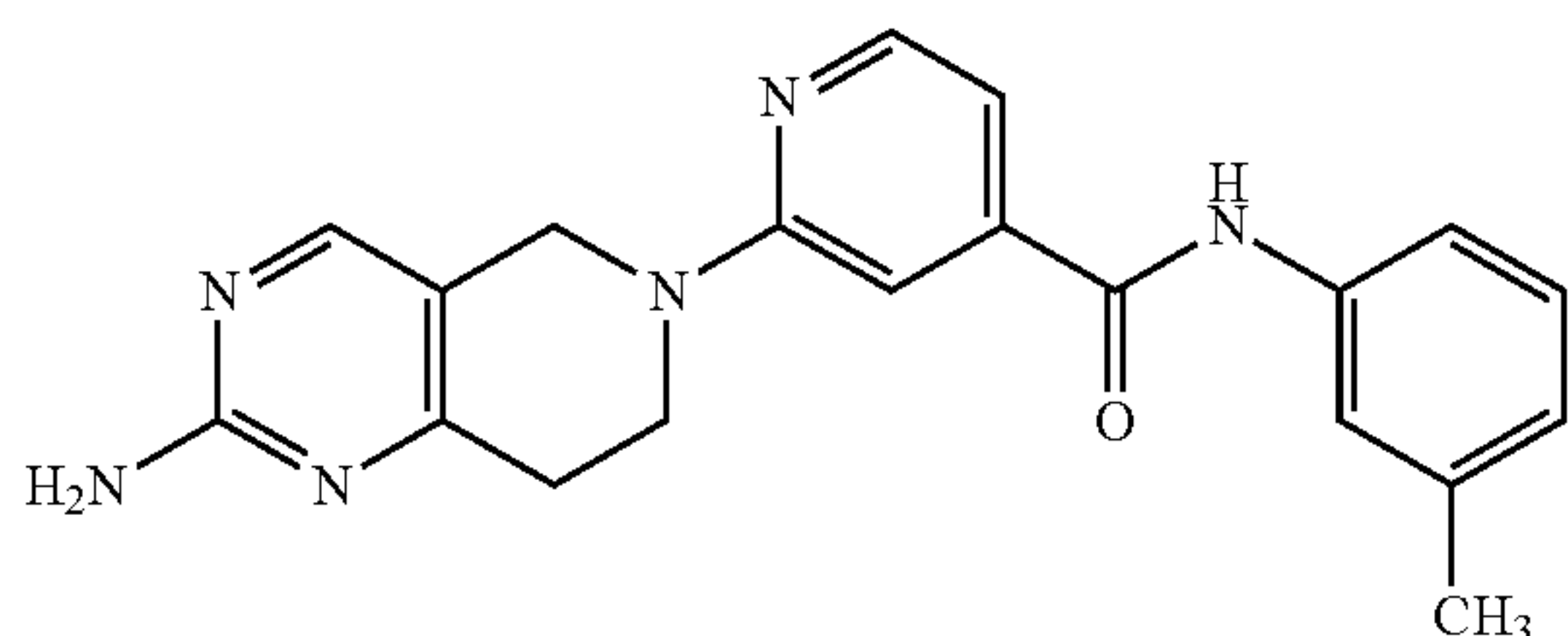
2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-phenylisonicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 40, 2-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-phenylisonicotinamide was converted to the title compound.



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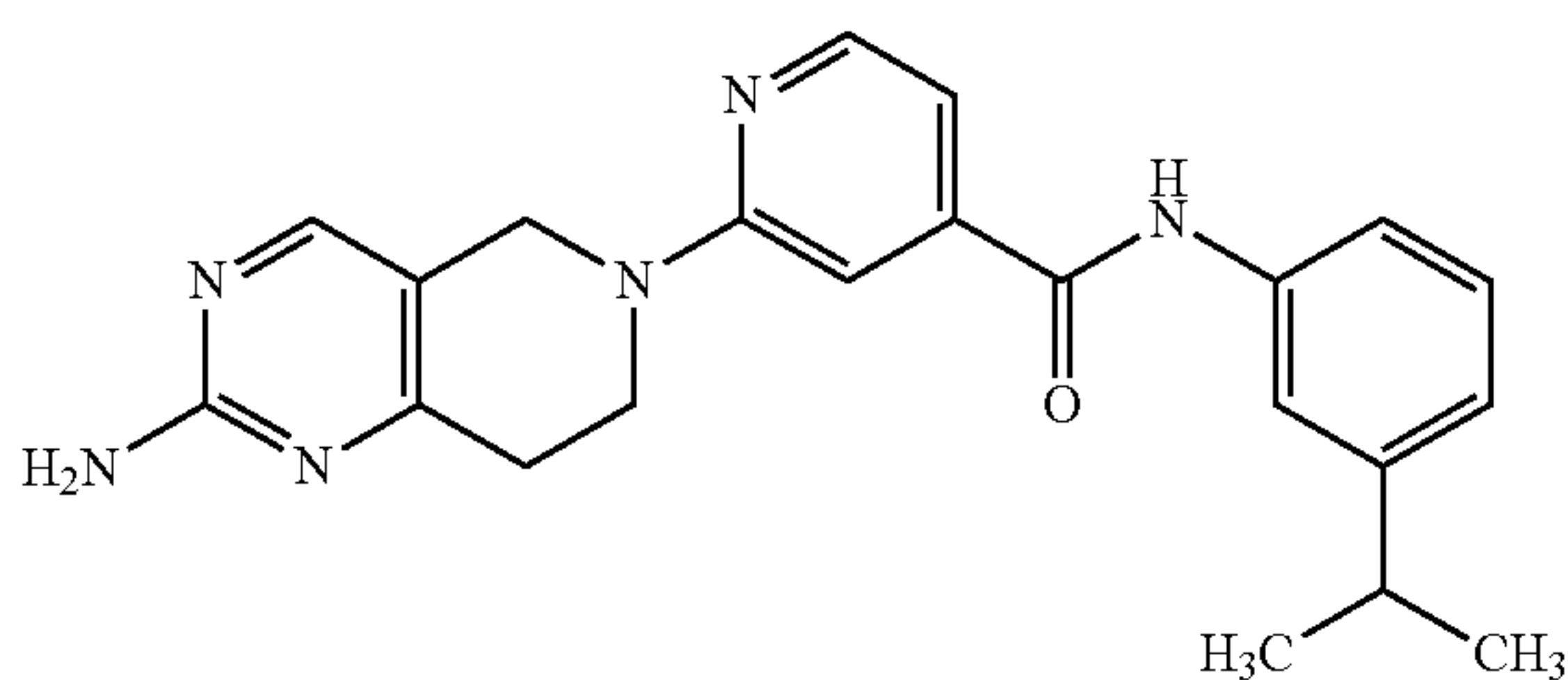
## EXAMPLE 52



2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-methylphenyl)isonicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 40, 2-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(m-tolyl)isonicotinamide was converted to the title compound.

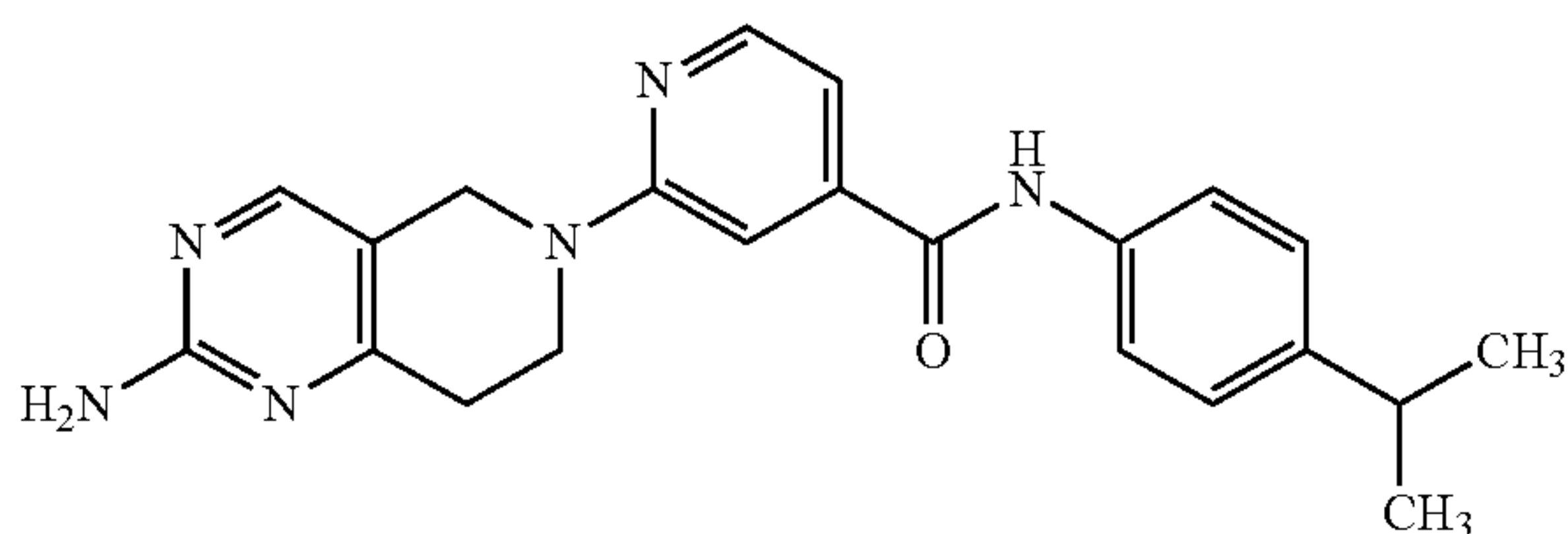
## EXAMPLE 53



2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)isonicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 40, 2-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)isonicotinamide was converted to the title compound.

## EXAMPLE 54



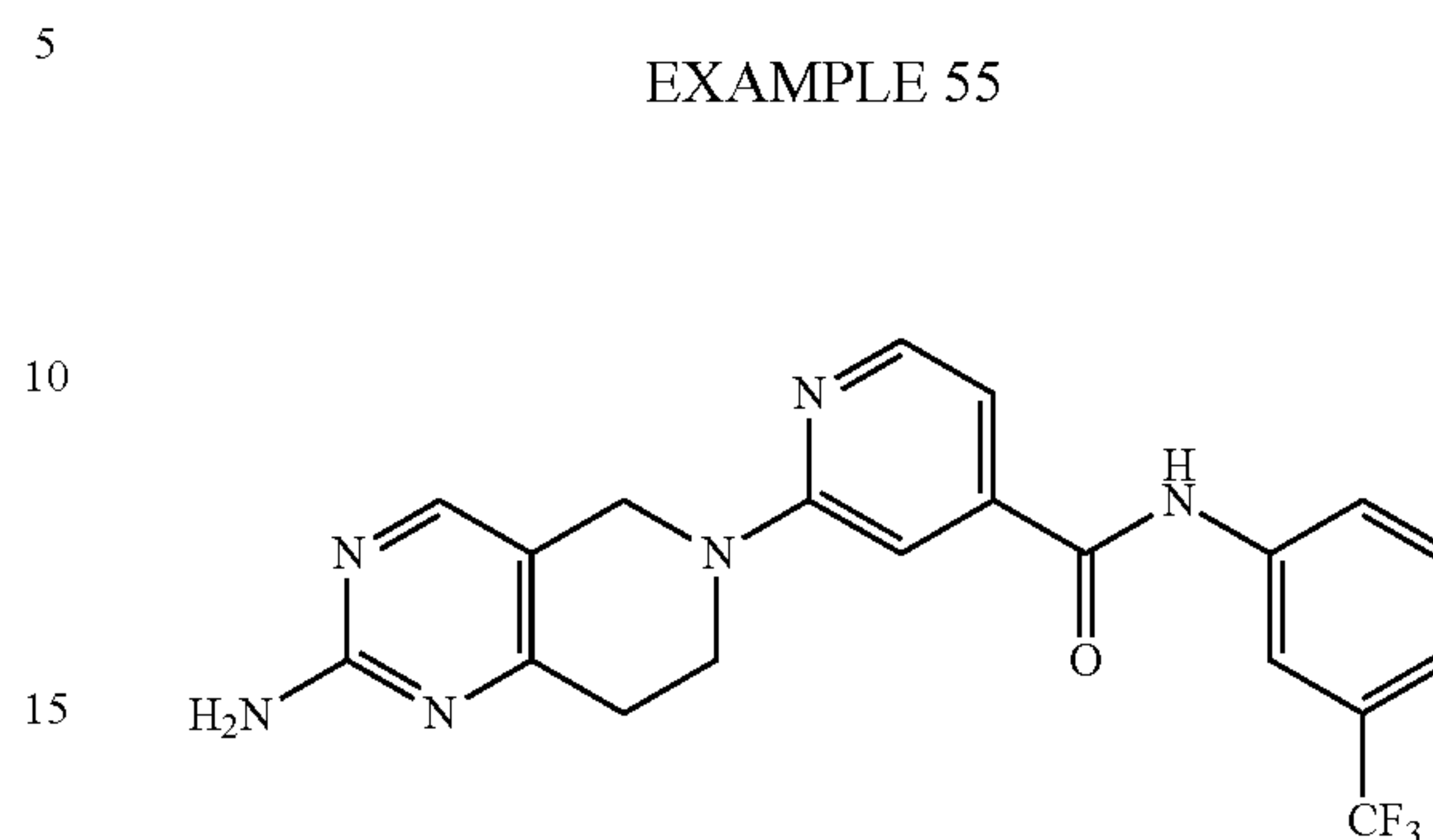
2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)isonicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 40, N-(4-isopropylphenyl)-2-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydro-

## 144

pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)isonicotinamide was converted to the title compound.

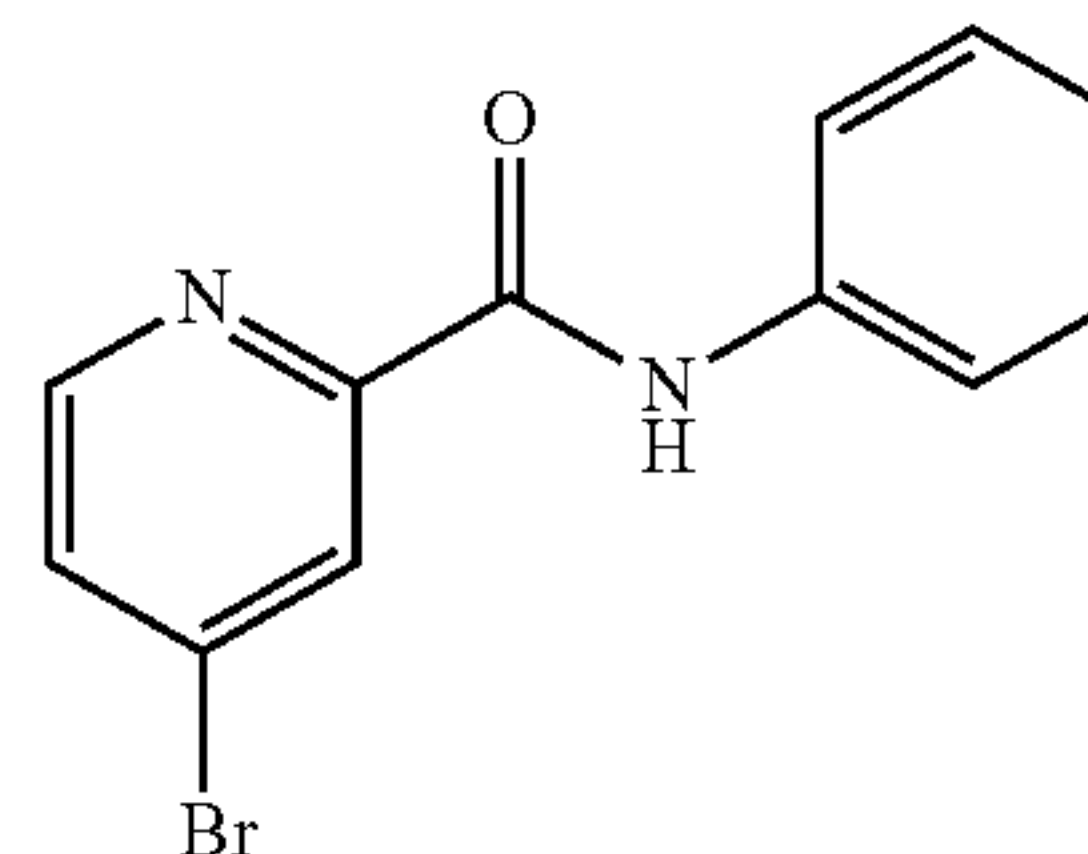
## EXAMPLE 55



2-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]isonicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 40, 2-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)isonicotinamide was converted to the title compound.

## PREPARATION 17

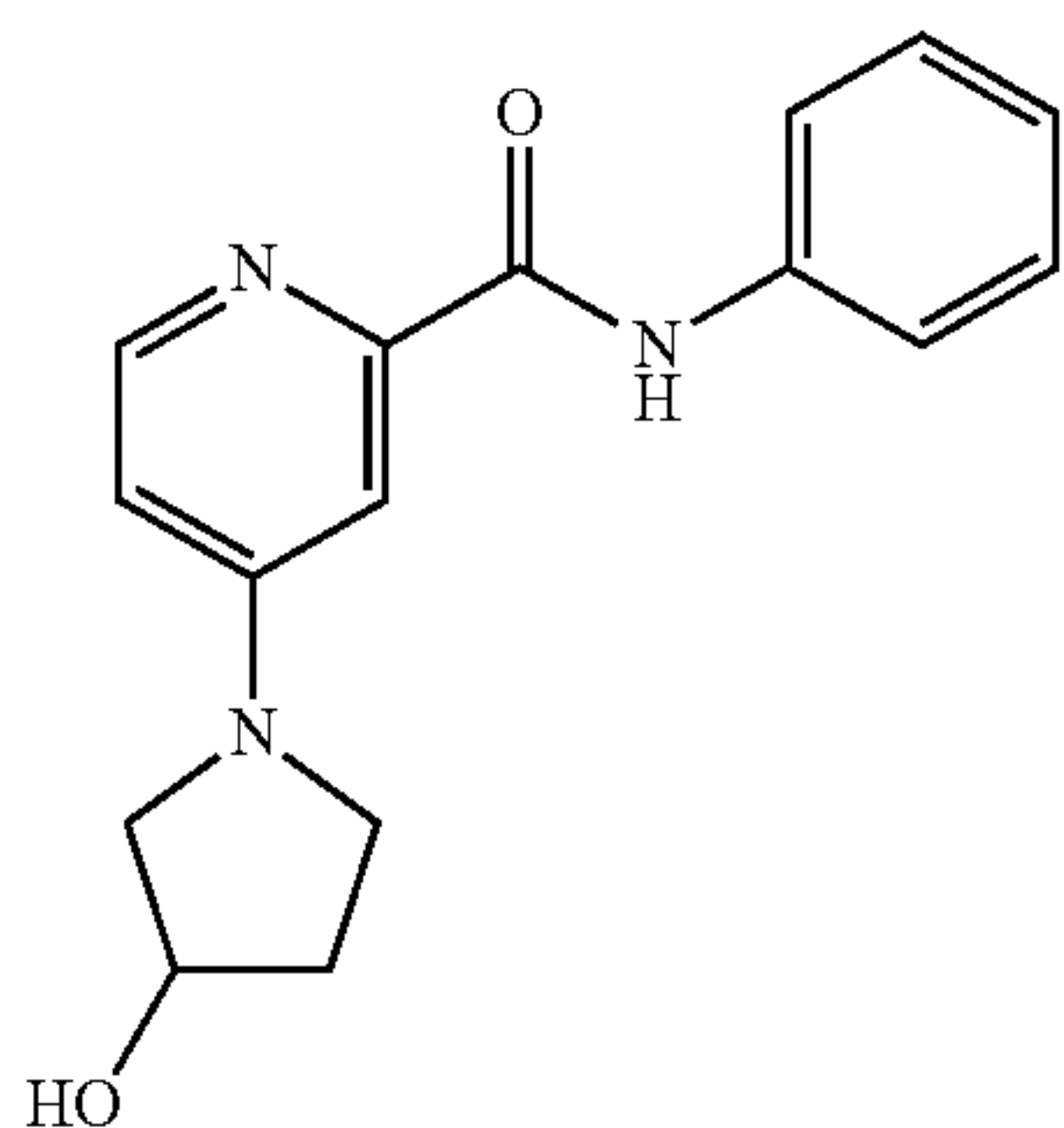


4-Bromo-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid phenylamide

To a suspension of 4-bromo-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (1.00 g, 5.00 mmol) in dimethylformamide (10 mL) was added 1-methylmorpholine (1.1 mL, 10 mmol) and O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HATU) (2.37 g, 6.23 mmol). The mixture became an orange solution after 10 minutes. Aniline (0.5 mL, 5.5 mmol) was added and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 66 hours. The dimethylformamide was evaporated in vacuo and the residue was partitioned between water and ethyl acetate. The separated water layer was extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined ethyl acetate extract was washed with water and saturated sodium bicarbonate. The organic layer was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and evaporated to crude 2. Chromatography on silica gel (40 g) applied in dichloromethane and eluted with hexanes:ethyl acetate (1:1) gave the title compound (0.986 g, 71%).

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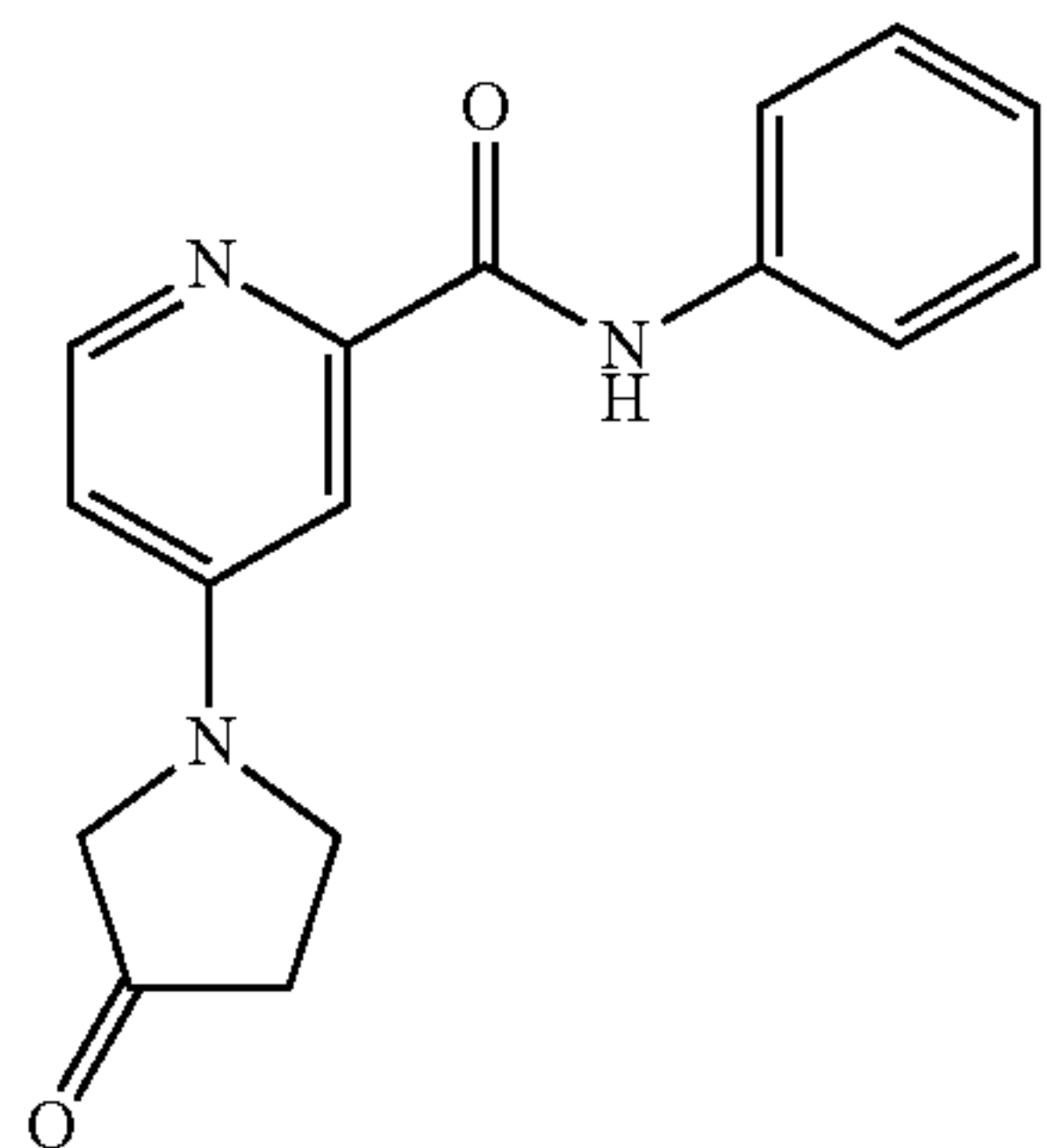
## PREPARATION 18



4-(3-Hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid phenylamide

A solution of dl-3-pyrrolidinol (0.17 g, 1.95 mmol) and 4-bromo-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid phenylamide (0.36 g, 1.3 mmol) in 1-butanol (25 mL) was heated at 100° C. for 15 hours. The reaction was applied to silica gel (25 g) and eluted with chloroform then chloroform:methanol 9:1 to give the title compound 227 mg (0.80 mmol, 61%).

## PREPARATION 19



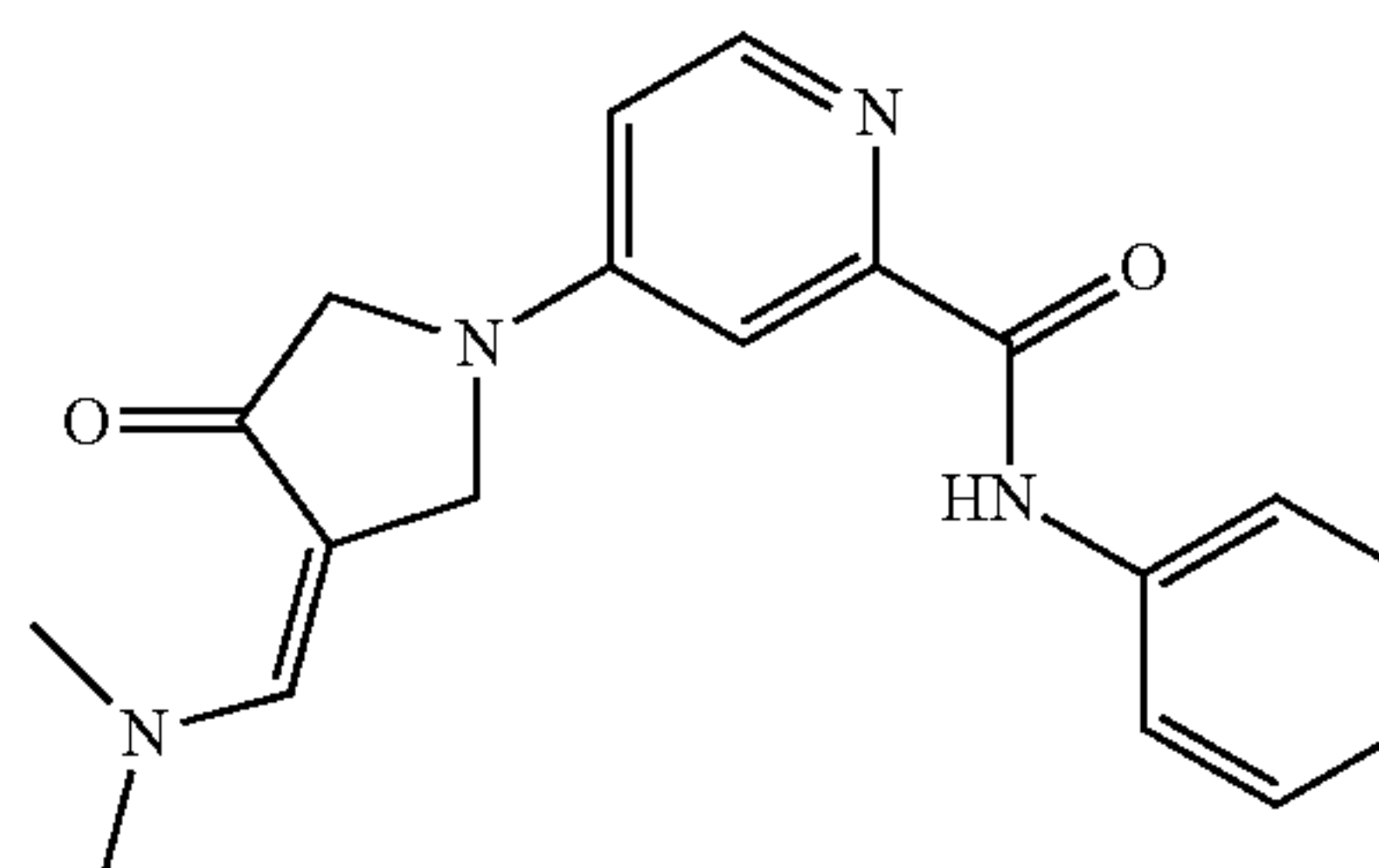
4-(3-Oxopyrrolidin-1-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid phenylamide

A solution of 4-(3-Hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid phenylamide (259 mg, 0.92 mmol) in dichloromethane (5 mL) and dimethylsulfoxide (2.5 mL) was cooled in an ice bath. Diisopropylethylamine (0.48 mL, 2.8 mmol) was added and stirred for 5 minutes. A solution of sulfur trioxide-pyridine complex (0.44 g, 2.8 mmol) in DMSO (2.5 mL) was added dropwise. The reaction was stirred at 0° C. for 3 hours. To the reaction was added 1 M hydrochloric acid (6 mL) and chloroform. The layers were separated. The aqueous layer was treated with saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate until pH=6. Extraction twice with chloroform gave a crude residue. Purification by chromatog-

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raphy on silica gel (12 g) eluted with chloroform:methanol 39:1 gave the title compound (133 mg, 0.46 mmol, 50%).

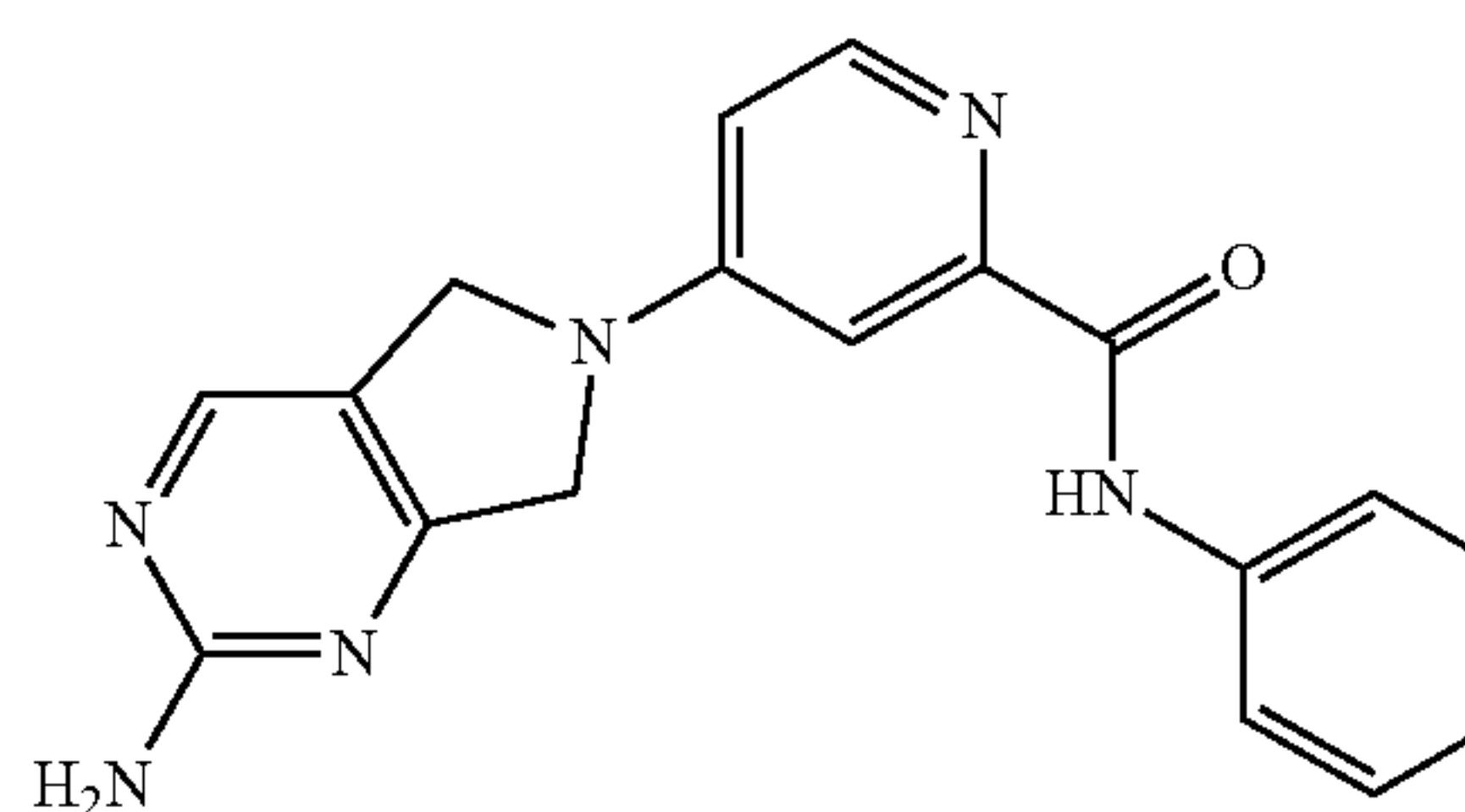
## PREPARATION 20



4-(3-((Dimethylamino)methylene)-4-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid phenylamide

A suspension of 4-(3-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid phenylamide (130 mg, 0.46 mmol) and dimethylformamide dimethylacetal (0.12 mL, 0.90 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (2 ml) was heated under nitrogen at 100° C. for 4.5 h. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (25 g) eluted with dichloromethane:methanol 19:1 and gave the title compound (95 mg, 0.28 mmol, yield 61%).

## EXAMPLE 80

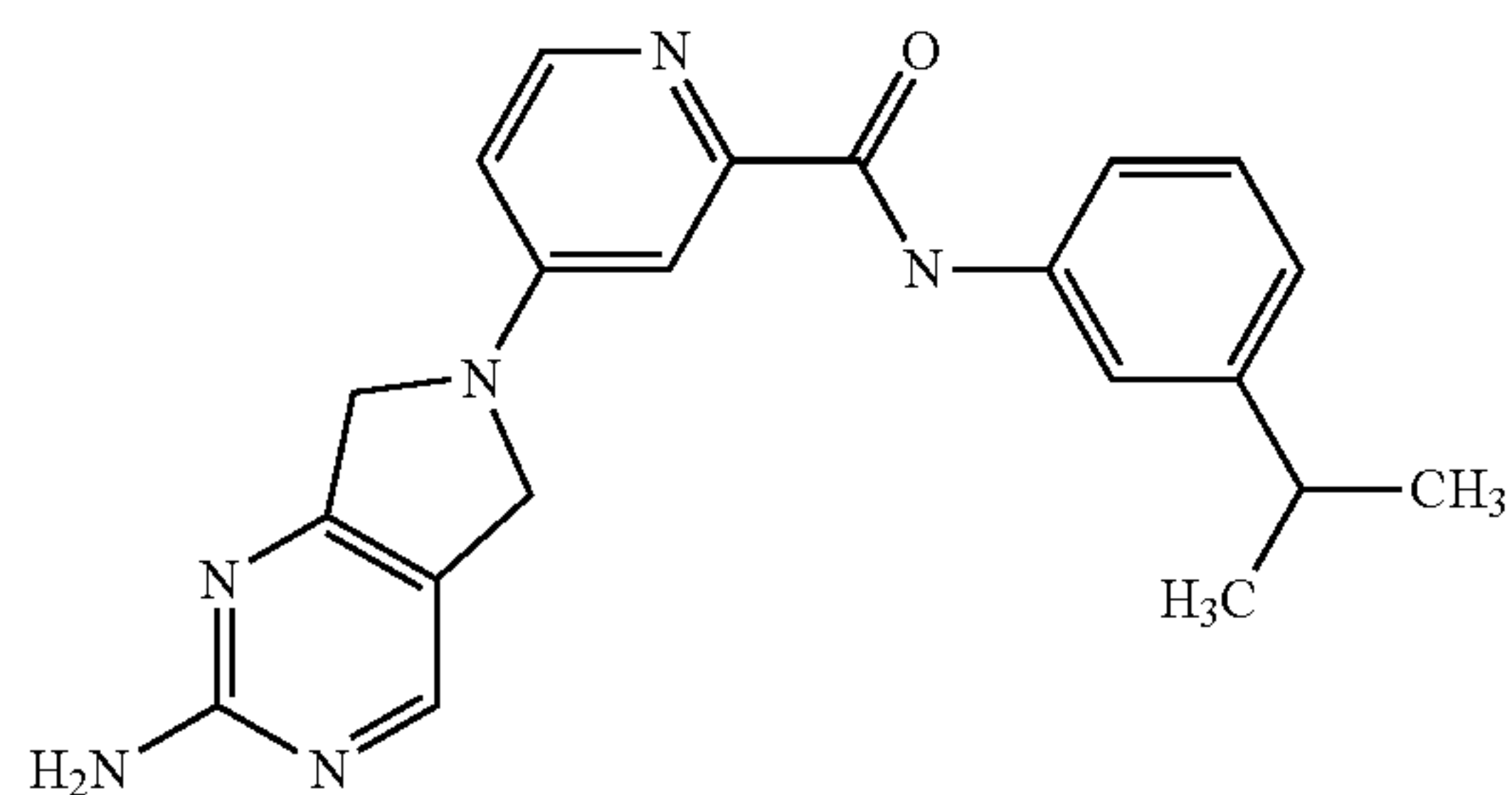


4-(2-Amino-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid phenylamide

To a solution of sodium ethoxide (0.18 mL, 0.56 mmol, 3M) in ethanol (10 mL) was added guanidine carbonate (50 mg, 0.56 mmol). The suspension was stirred for 45 minutes, then added to a suspension of 4-(3-((Dimethylamino)methylene)-4-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid phenylamide (95 mg, 0.28 mmol) in ethanol (10 mL). The reaction mixture was heated at 80° C. for 18 hours. Water (20 mL) was added and the mixture stirred for 1 hour. The solid was isolated by filtration and vacuum dried at 50° C. for 115 h and gave the title compound (44 mg, 0.13 mmol, 47%).



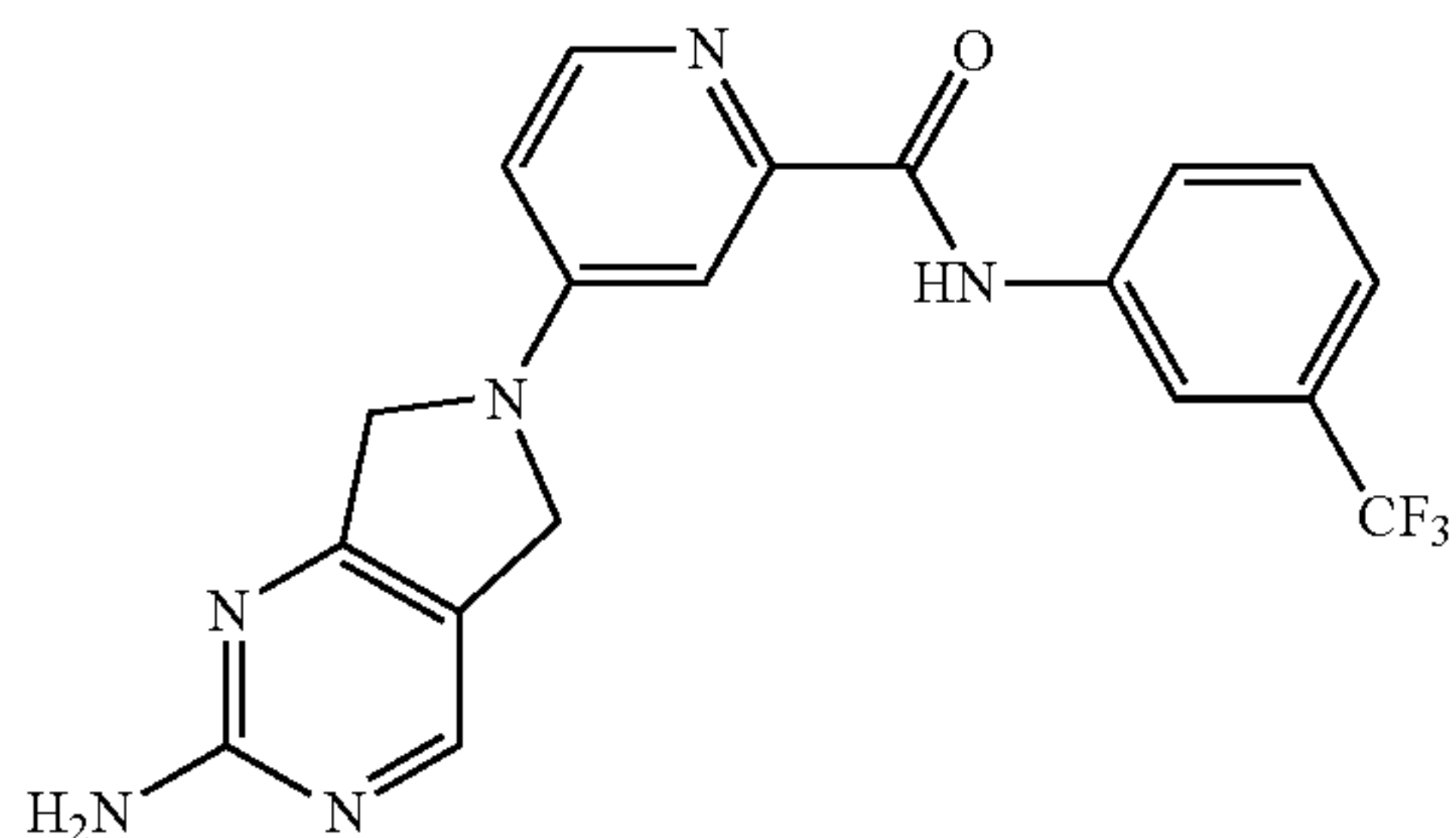
**147**  
EXAMPLE 81



4-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxamide

In a manner similar to that describe in Example 82, N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6(7H)-yl)picolinamide was converted to the title compound.

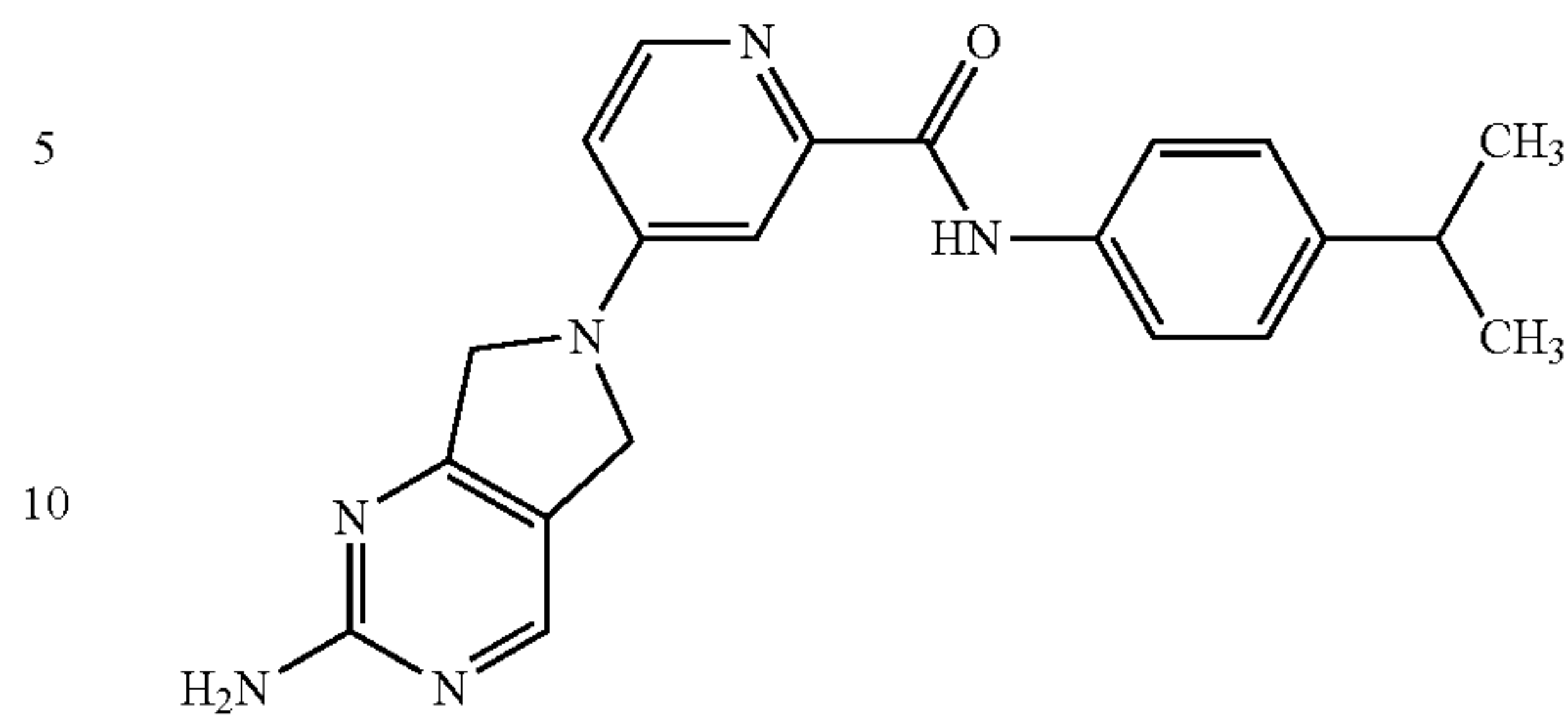
EXAMPLE 82



4-(2-Amino-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-amide

A mixture of 4-(2-(Methylsulfinyl)-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6(7H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)picolinamide and 4-(2-(methylsulfonyl)-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6(7H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)picolinamide was suspended in 1,4-dioxane (7 mL). Ammonium hydroxide (30%, 1.5 mL) was added and the reaction was heated at 90° C. for 16 hours. TLC indicated only partial conversion to the desired amine. The solvent was reduced with a nitrogen stream and then additional ammonium hydroxide (1 mL) was added. The reaction was sealed in a tube and heated at 100° C. for 17 h. The solvent was evaporated in vacuo. The resulting solid was triturated with water and then methanol. The solid was chromatographed on silica gel (4 g) eluted with ethyl acetate:methanol (9:1) to give the title compound (10.6 mg, 0.026 mmol).

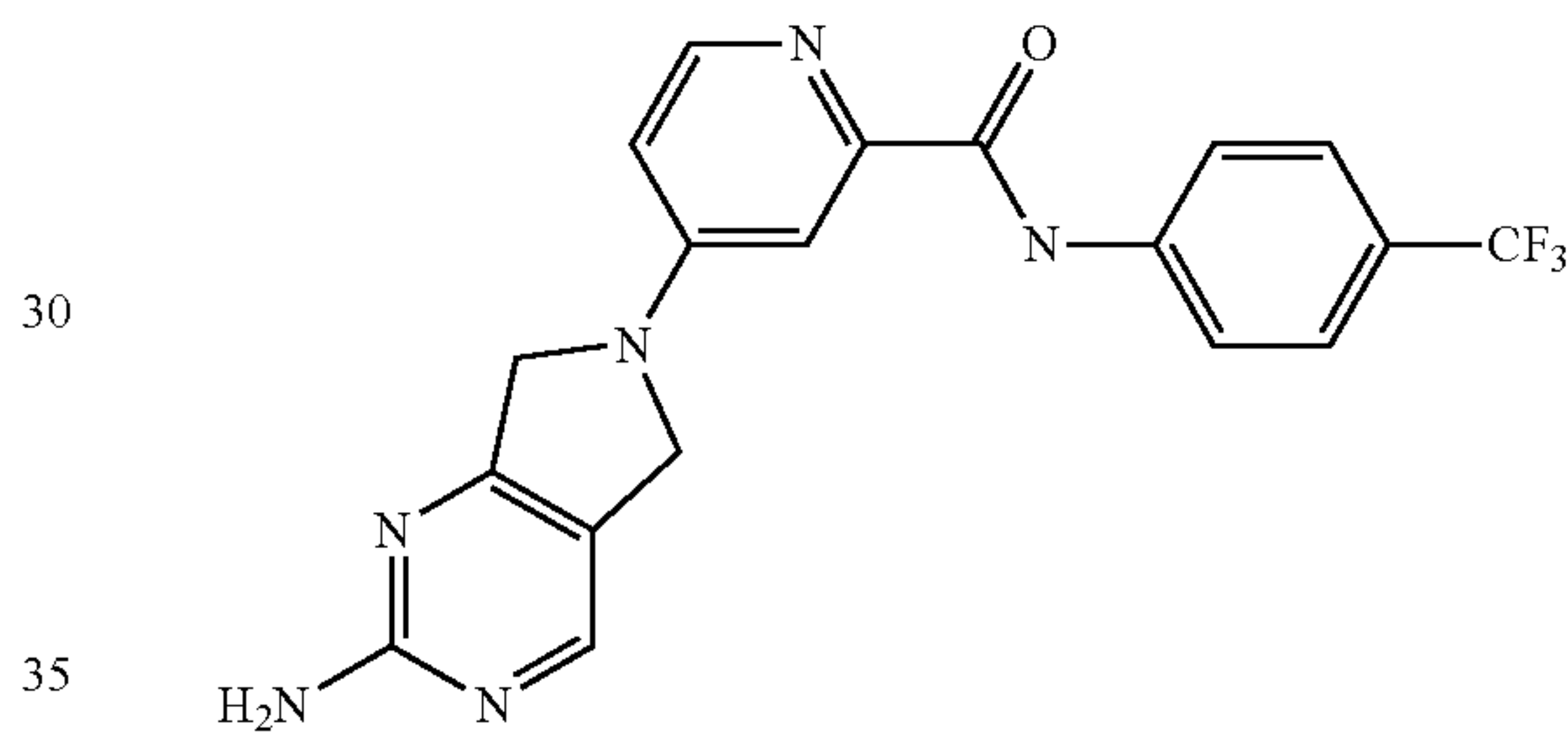
**148**  
EXAMPLE 83



4-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxamide

In a manner similar to that describe in Example 82, N-(4-isopropylphenyl)-4-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6(7H)-yl)picolinamide was converted to the title compound.

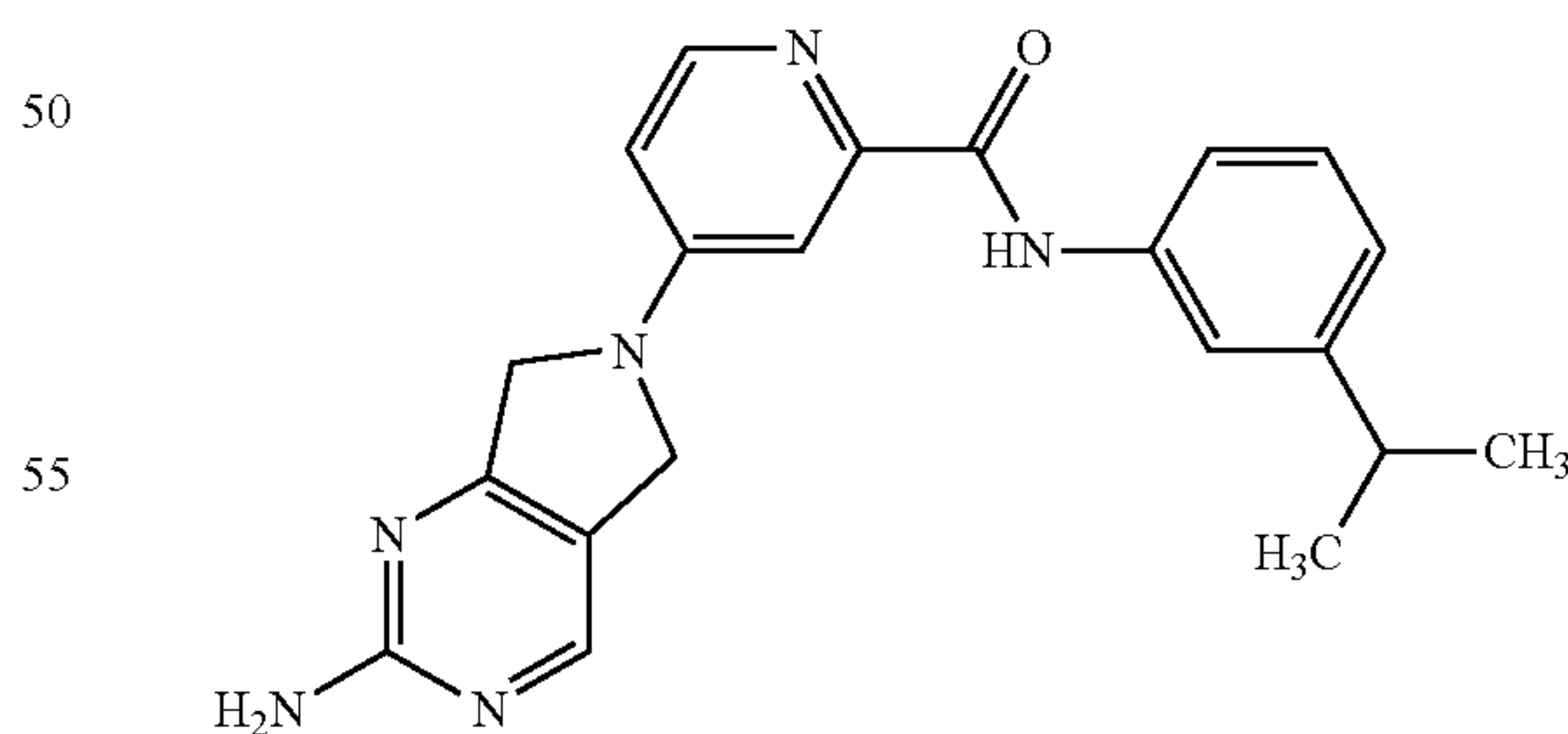
EXAMPLE 84



4-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]pyridine-2-carboxamide

In a manner similar to that describe in Example 82, 4-(2-Methylsulfonyl-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-amide was converted to the title compound.

EXAMPLE 106

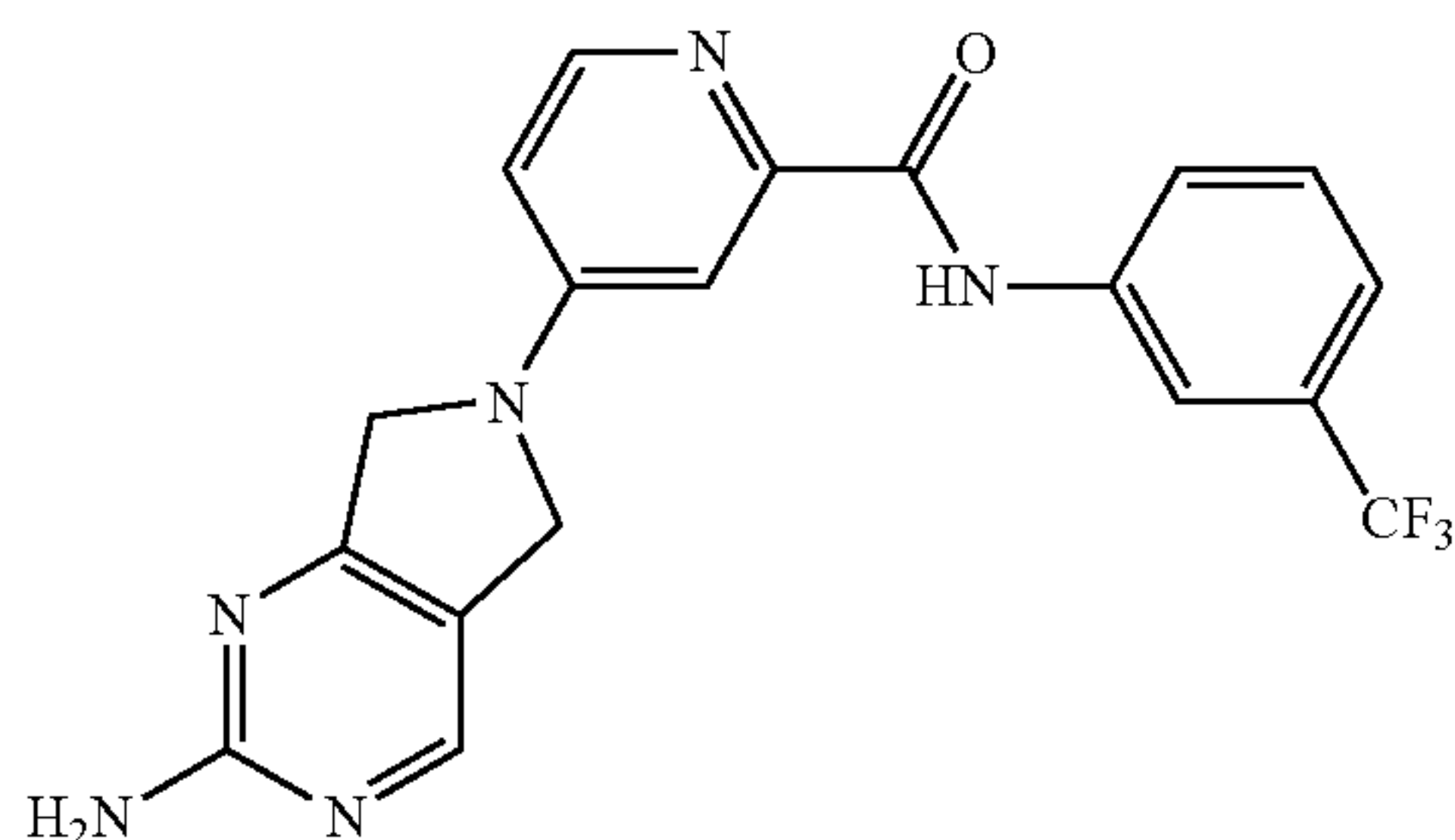


3-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)benzamide

In a manner similar to that describe in Example 82, N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-3-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6(7H)-yl)benzamide was converted to the title compound.

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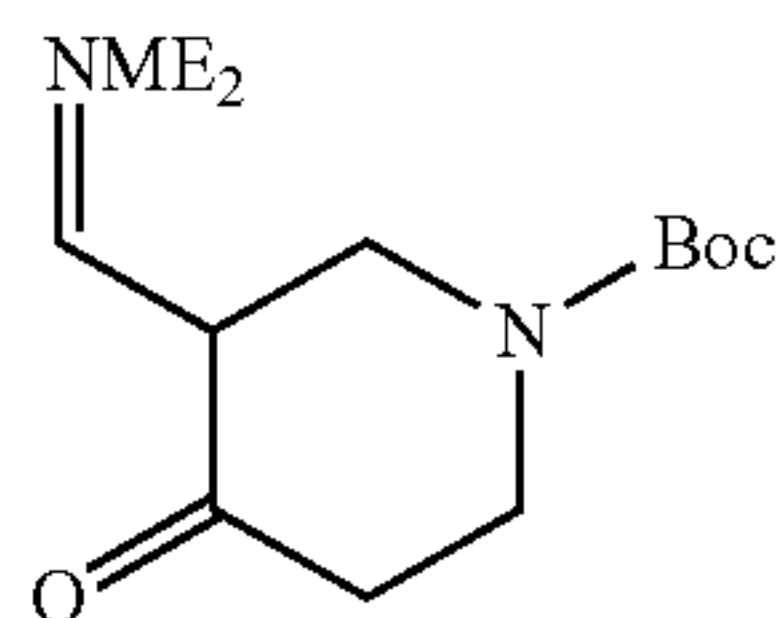
## EXAMPLE 107



3-(2-amino-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide

In a manner similar to that describe in Example 82, 3-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6(7H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)benzamide was converted to the title compound.

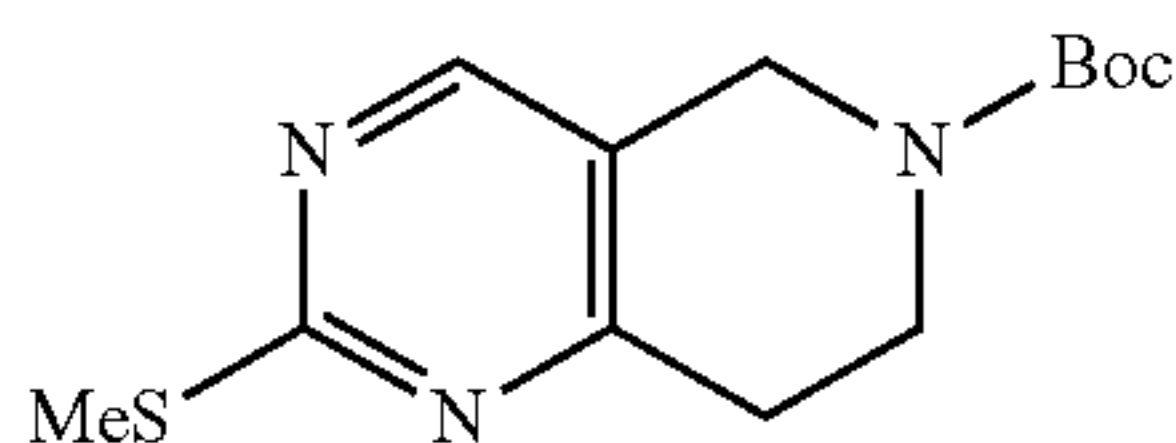
## PREPARATION 21



t-Butyl-3-[(dimethylamino)methylidene]-4-oxopiperidine-1-carboxylate

A solution of N-Boc-4-piperidone (10 g, 50.19 mmol) and DMF-dimethylacetal (20.16 ml, 150.57 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (100 ml) was heated at reflux for 20 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated and the residue was eluted through a flash column (silica gel 60, 230-400 mesh, 7% MeOH in EtOAc) to give the title compound as an orange oil which crystallized on standing (10.51 g, 82%).

## PREPARATION 22



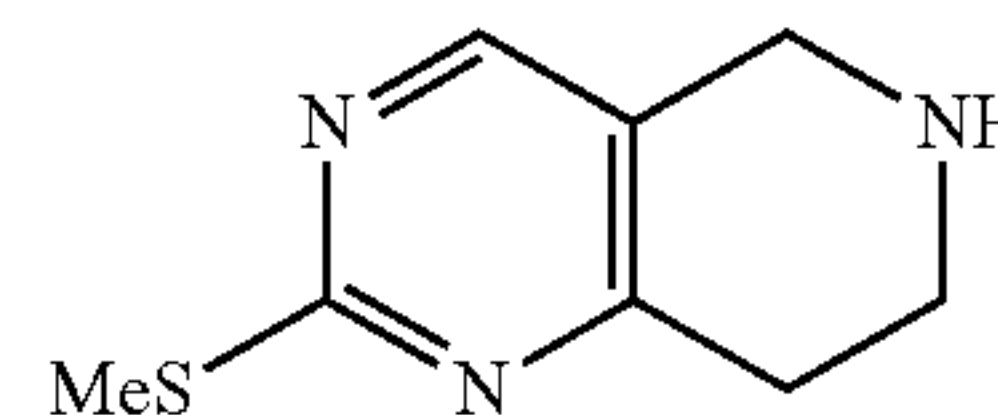
t-Butyl-2-(methylthio)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carboxylate

A suspension of t-Butyl-3-[(dimethylamino)methylidene]-4-oxopiperidine-1-carboxylate (10.95 g, 43.05 mmol) and 2-methyl-2-thiopseudourea hemisulfate (7.79 g,

## 150

55.97 mmol) in water (175 ml) was treated with 1.0N NaOH<sub>(aq.)</sub> (46.63 ml, 46.63 mmol) and the reaction mixture was heated at 75° C. for 2.5 hours. The aqueous mixture was extracted with dichloromethane and the organic extract was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated. Elution through a flash column (silica gel 60, 230-400 mesh, 7:3 hexanes:EtOAc) gave the title compound as a yellow oil (4.45 g, 37%).

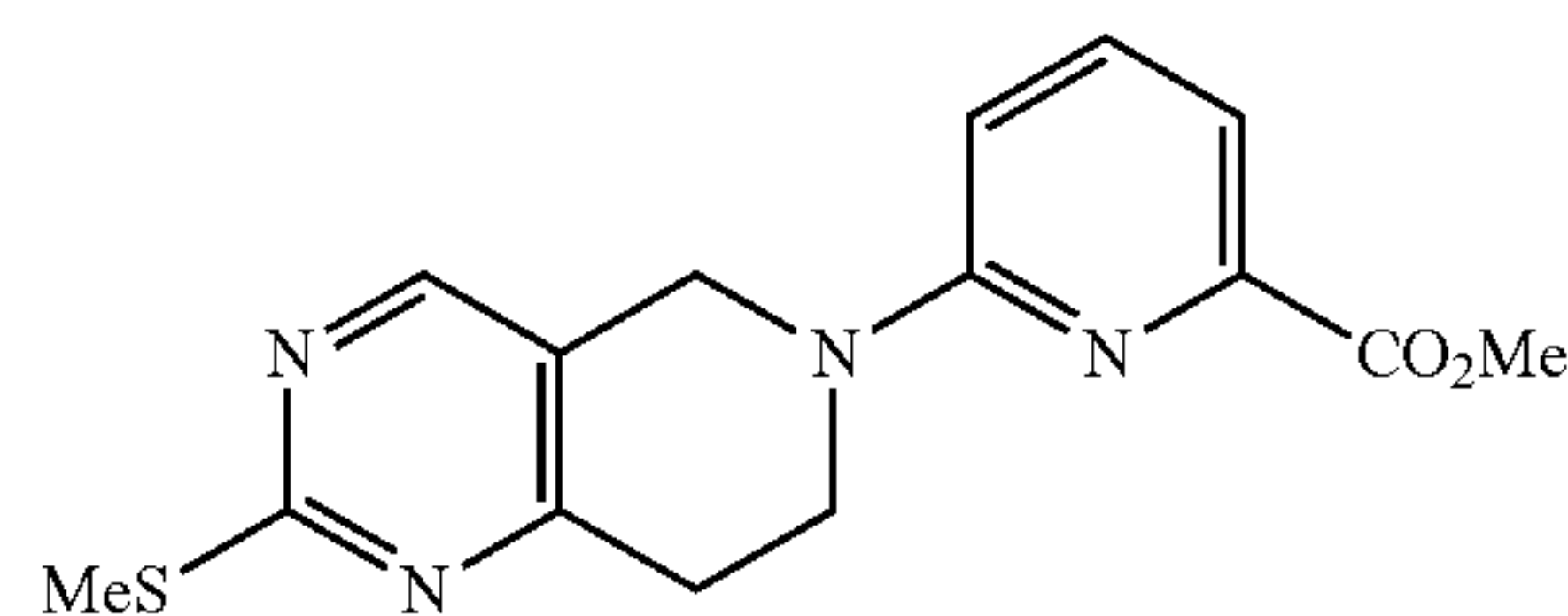
## PREPARATION 23



2-(Methylthio)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidine

A solution of t-butyl-2-(methylthio)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carboxylate (4.45 g, 15.82 mmol) in acetone (45 ml) was treated dropwise over 10 minutes with 5-6 N HCl solution in 2-propanol (16 ml) and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the solid was collected and washed with ethyl acetate (2.94 g). The salt was dissolved in a minimal amount of water and basified to pH=14 with 1.0N NaOH<sub>(aq.)</sub>. The alkaline mixture was extracted with dichloromethane (4x25 ml) and the combined organic extracts were dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated to give the title compound as a deep red oil which crystallized on standing (2.22 g, 77%).

## PREPARATION 24

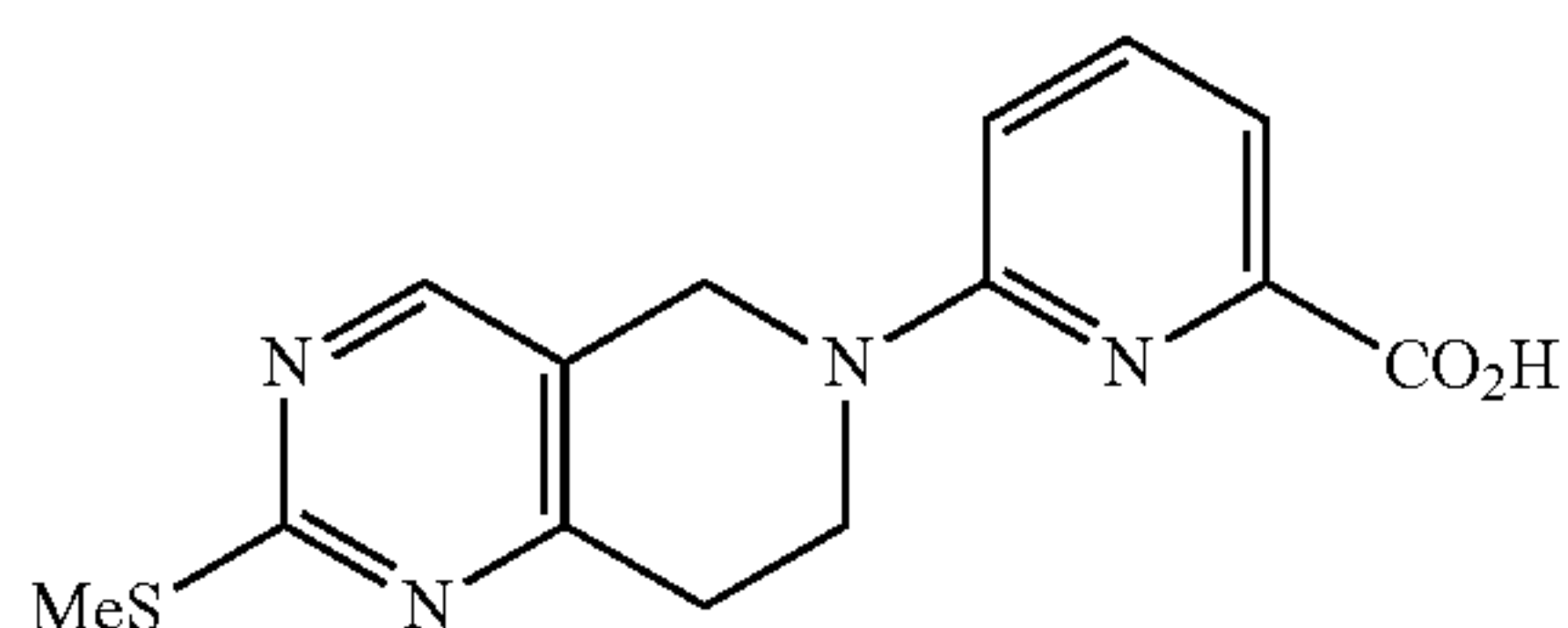


Methyl-6-[2-(methylthio)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]pyridine-2-carboxylate

A mixture of 2-(methylthio)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidine (892 mg, 4.92 mmol), methyl-6-bromopyridinate (1.06 g, 4.92 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (110 mg, 0.492 mmol), rac-BINAP (306 mg, 0.492 mmol), and Cs<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (3.85 g, 11.81 mmol) in toluene (45 ml) was heated at 100° C. for 4.5 hours. The insolubles were filtered off and washed with ethyl acetate. The filtrate and washing were combined and concentrated. Elution through a flash column (silica gel 60, 230-400 mesh, 1:1 hexanes:EtOAc) gave the title compound as a viscous yellow oil which gradually solidified on standing (945 mg, 61%).



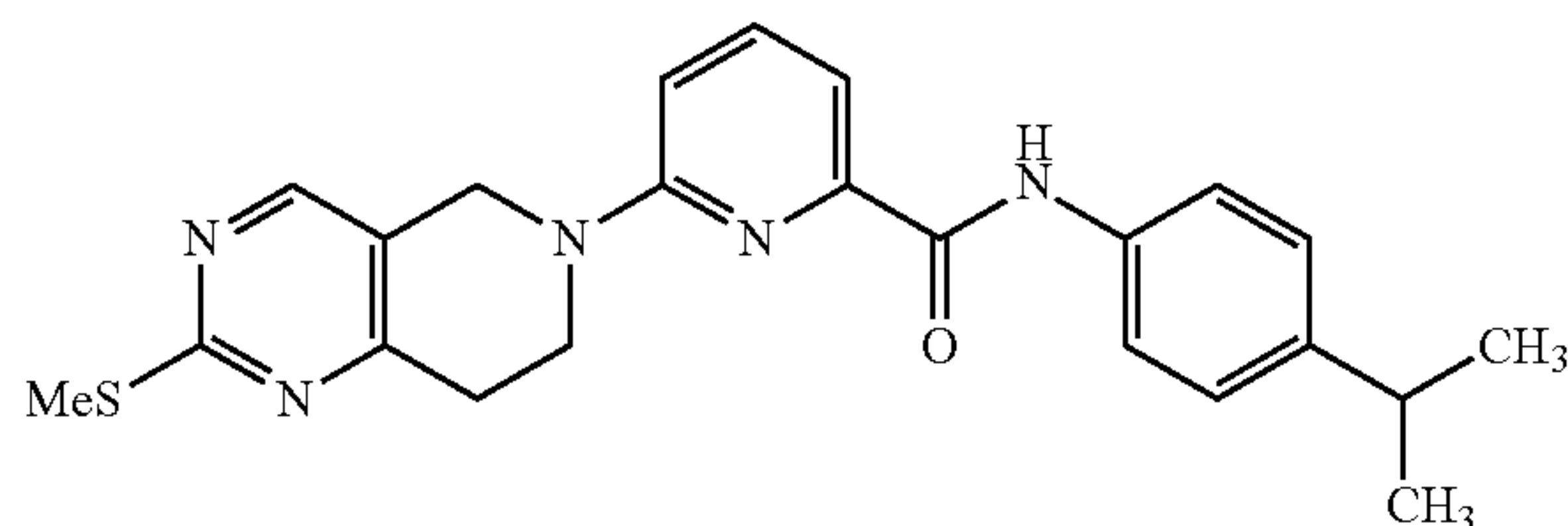
**151**  
PREPARATION 25



6-[2-(Methylthio)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]pyridine-2-carboxylic acid

A solution of methyl-6-[2-(methylthio)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]pyridine-2-carboxylate (2.76 g, 8.72 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (50 ml) was treated with 1.0N NaOH<sub>(aq.)</sub> (13.09 ml, 13.09 mmol) and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was diluted with water. The aqueous phase was washed with diethyl ether and acidified to pH ~5-6 with 1.0N HCl<sub>(aq.)</sub>. The precipitate was collected, washed with water, ethyl acetate, and dried to give the title compound as a yellow, amorphous solid (2.52 g, 96%).

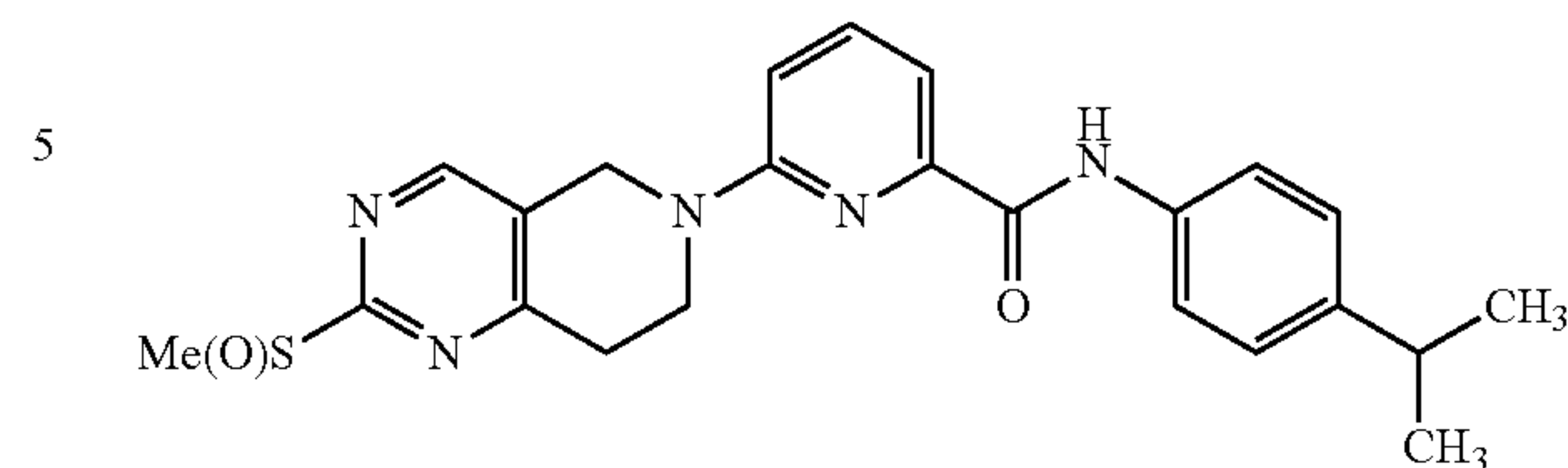
EXAMPLE 108



N-(4-isopropylphenyl)-6-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide

A mixture of 6-[2-(Methylthio)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (600 mg, 1.98 mmol), 4-isopropylaniline (0.28 ml, 1.98 mmol) and DIEA (1.64 ml, 9.90 mmol) in DMF (10 ml) was treated with HATU (828 mg, 2.18 mmol) and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was washed with water, dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and concentrated. Elution through a flash column (silica gel 60, 230-400 mesh, 1:1 hexanes:EtOAc) gave the title compound as an oil which crystallized on standing (804 mg, 97%).

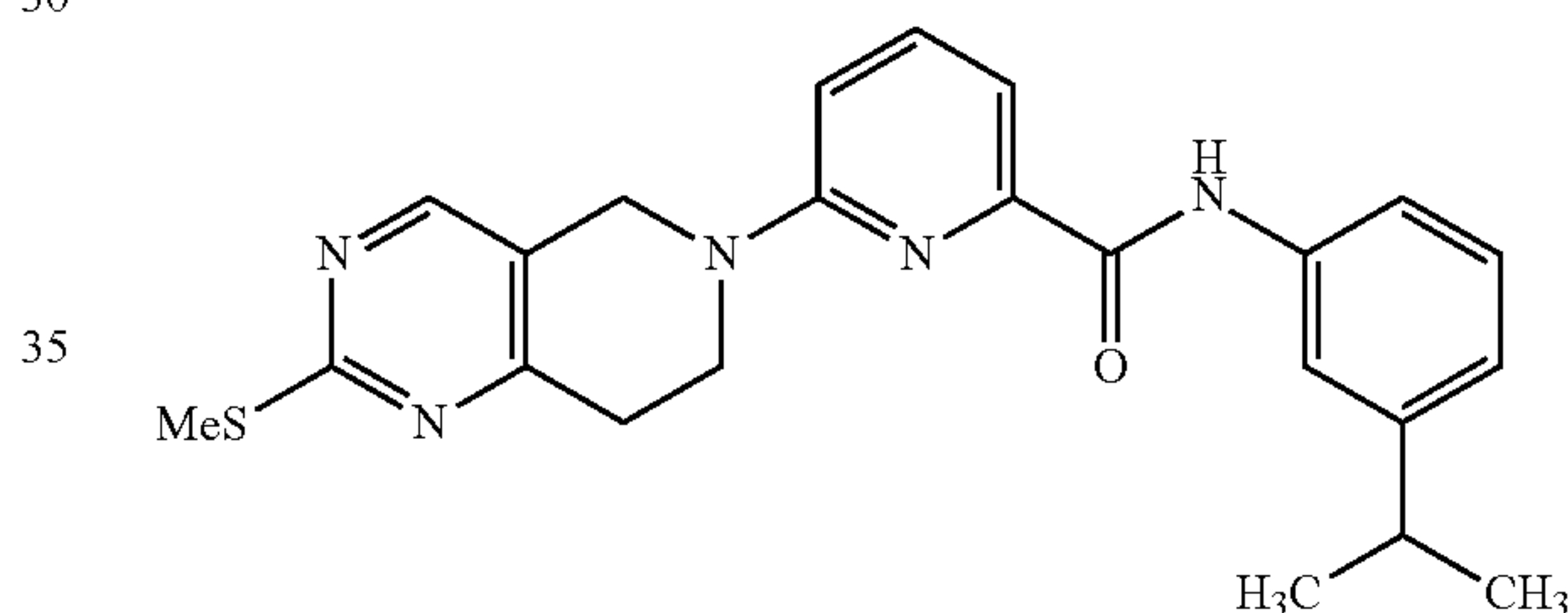
**152**  
EXAMPLE 109



6-(2-Methanesulfinyl-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (4-isopropyl-phenyl)-amide

To a stirred mixture of N-(4-isopropylphenyl)-6-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide (400 mg, 0.953 mmol) in THF (40 ml) and water (16 ml) was added oxone (potassium peroxomonosulfate, 586 mg, 0.953 mmol). After stirring at room temperature for 3 hours, the reaction mixture was quenched by addition of 10% NaHSO<sub>3(aq.)</sub> (20 ml) and neutralized with sat'd NaHCO<sub>3(aq.)</sub> (16 ml). The solution was stirred for 20 minutes before extraction with ethyl acetate (2x60 ml). The combined organic extracts were dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated to give the title compound as a light yellow, amorphous solid which was used without further purification (405 mg, 98%).

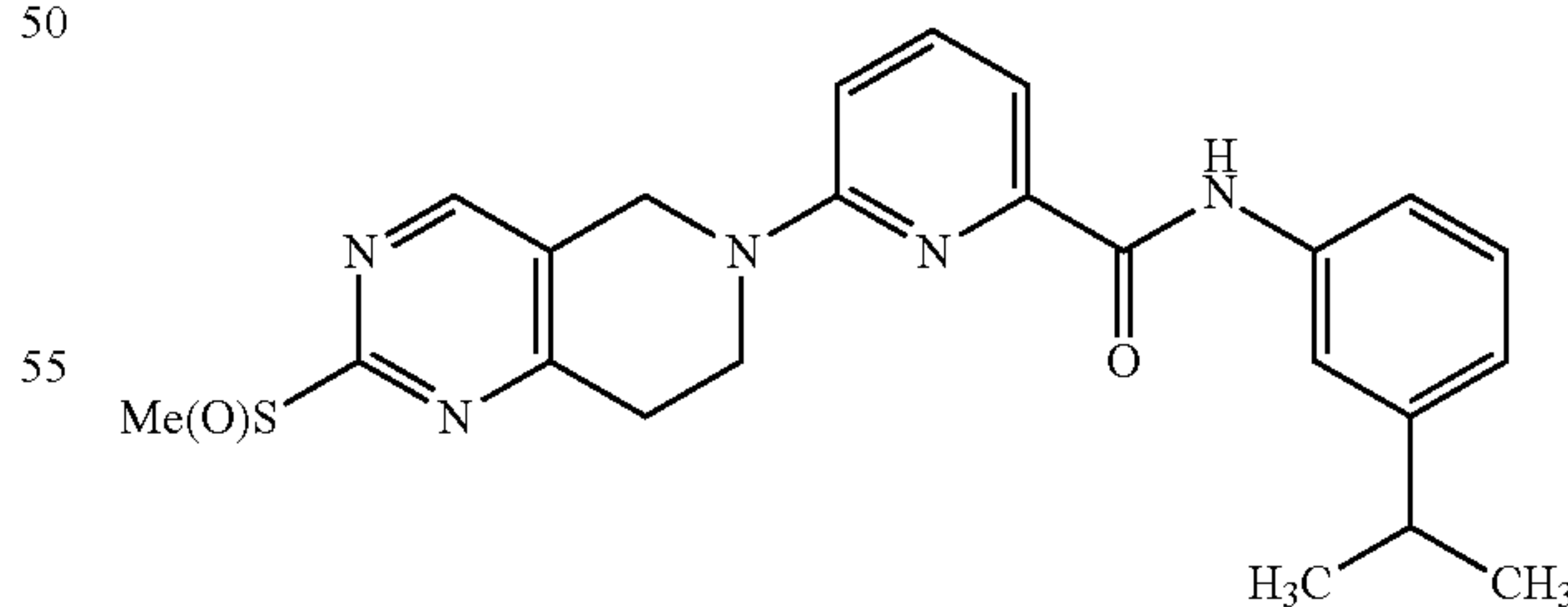
EXAMPLE 110



N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-6-(2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)picolinamide

In a manner similar to that described in Example 108, a mixture of 6-[2-(methylthio)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]pyridine-2-carboxylic acid and 3-isopropylaniline were converted to the title compound (560 mg).

EXAMPLE 111

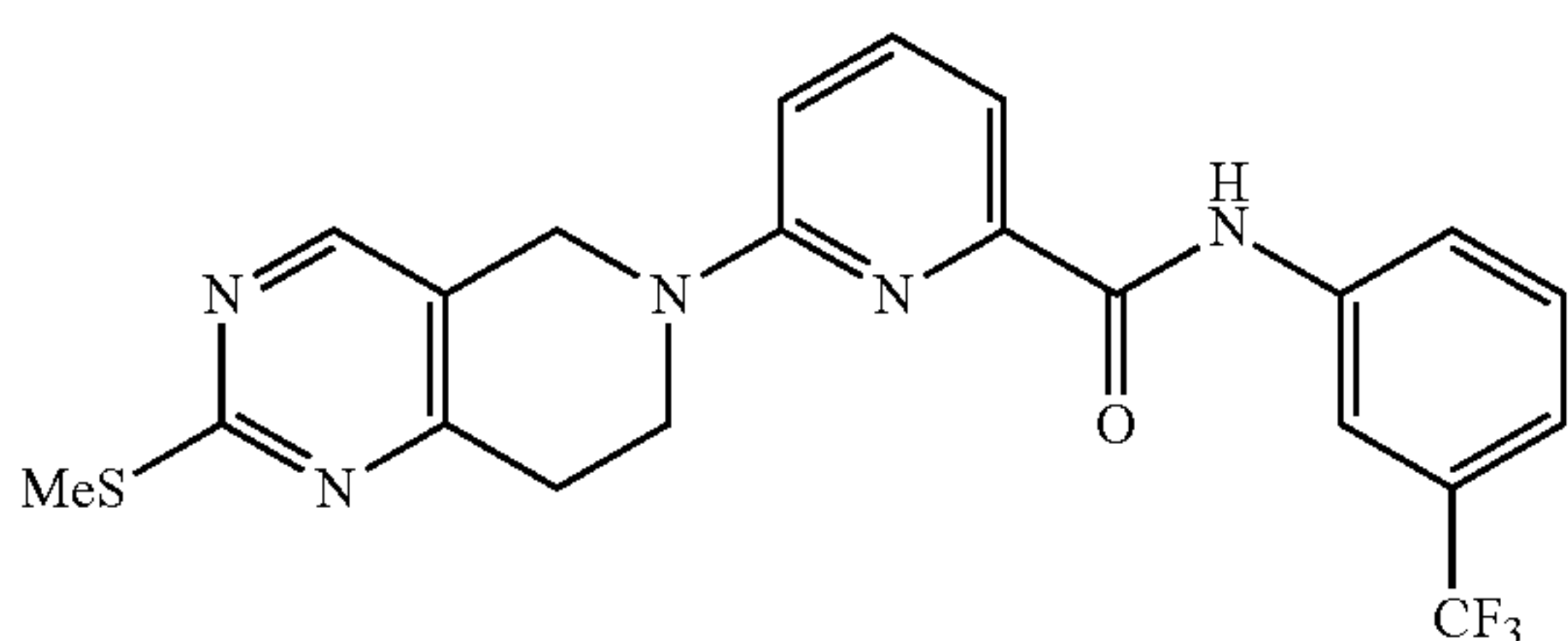


N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-6-(2-((methylthio)oxy)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)picolinamide

In a manner similar to that described in Example 109, N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-6-(2-((methylthio)oxy)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)picolinamide was converted to the title compound (427 mg).

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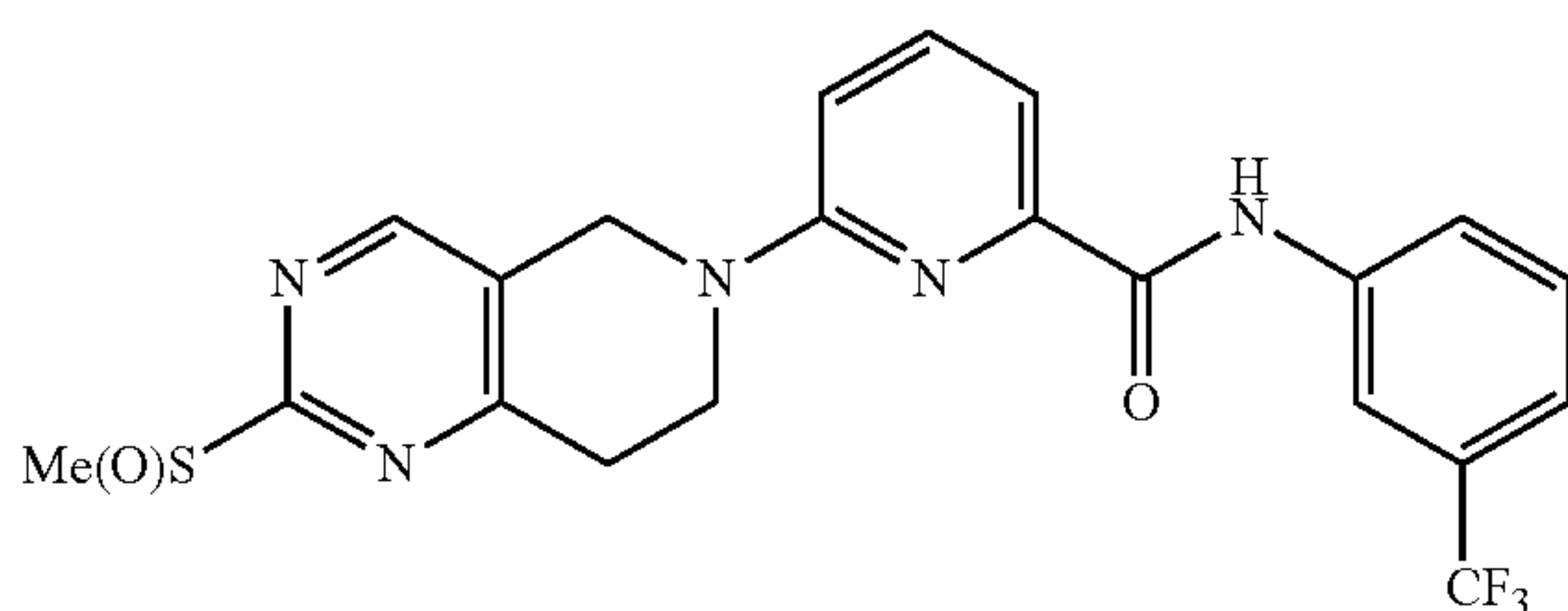
## EXAMPLE 112



6-(2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)picolinamide

In a manner similar to that described in Example 108, a mixture of 6-[2-(methylthio)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]pyridine-2-carboxylic acid and 3-trifluoromethylaniline were converted to the title compound (560 mg).

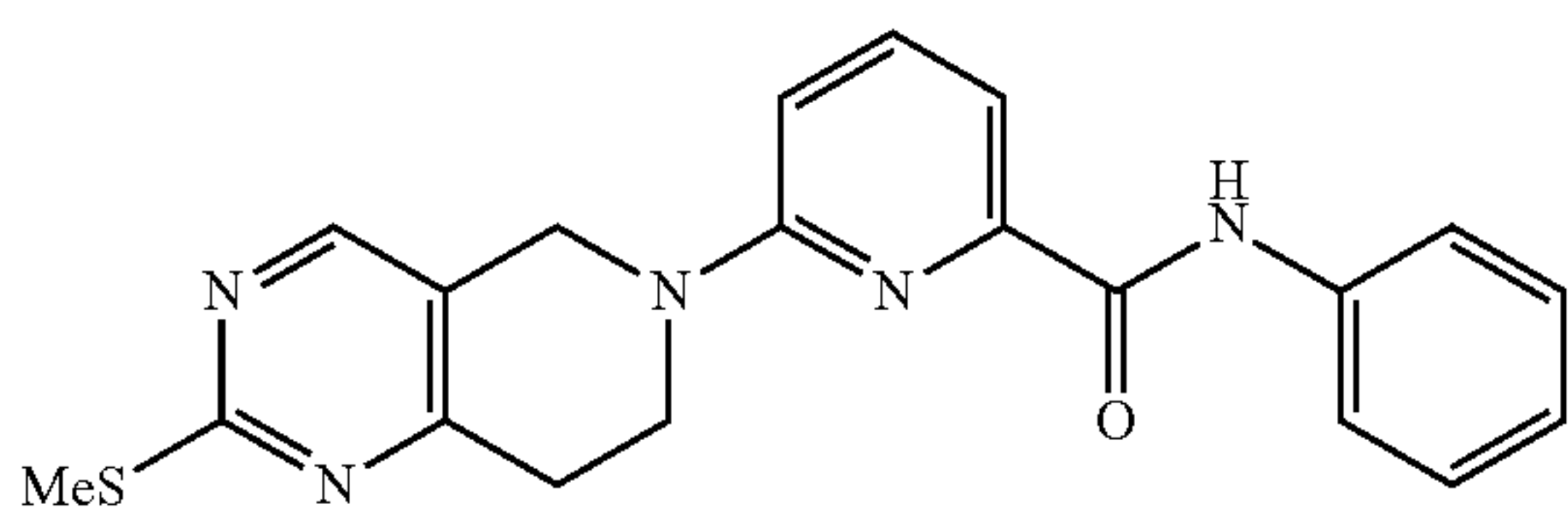
## EXAMPLE 113



6-(2-((methylthio)oxy)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)picolinamide

In a manner similar to that described in Example 109, 6-(2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)picolinamide was converted to the title compound.

## EXAMPLE 114



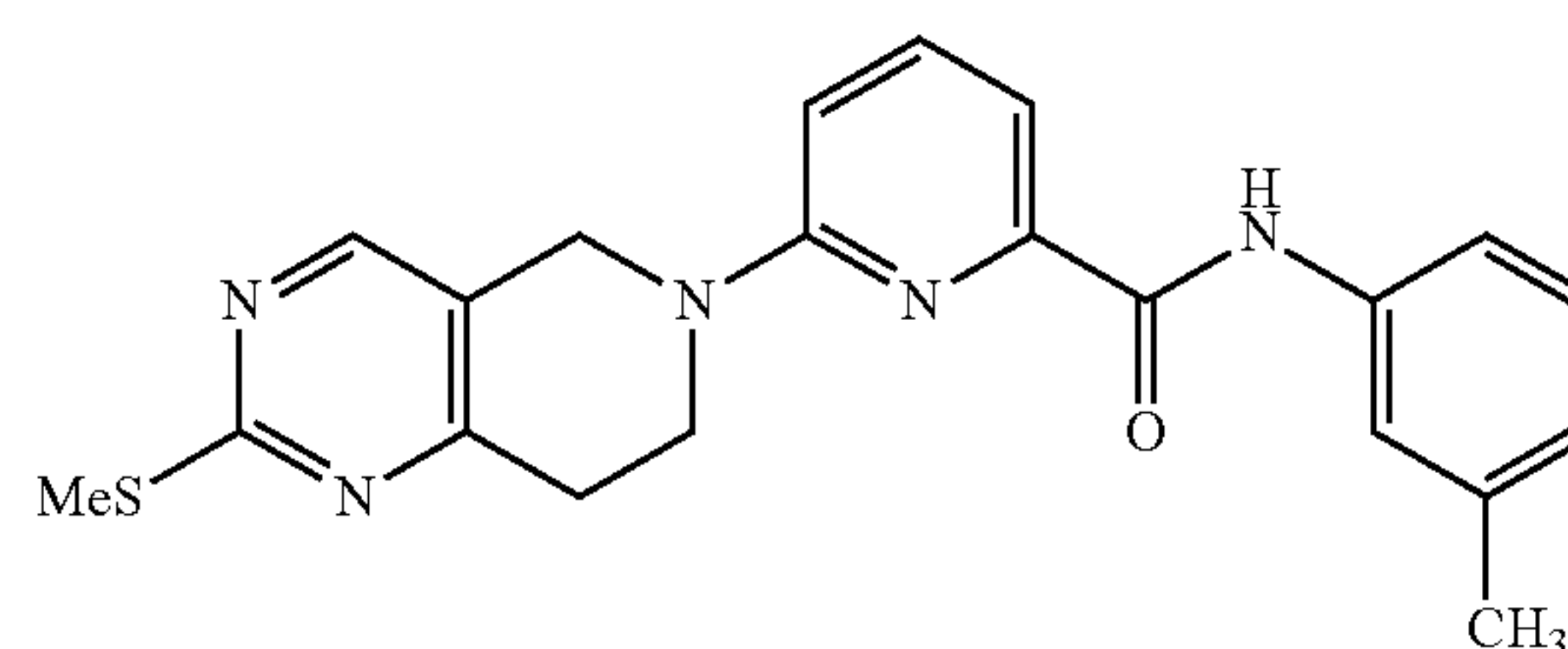
6-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-phenylpyridine-2-carboxamide

In a manner similar to that described in Example 108, a mixture of 6-[2-(methylthio)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-

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d]pyrimidin-6-yl]pyridine-2-carboxylic acid and aniline were converted to the title compound.

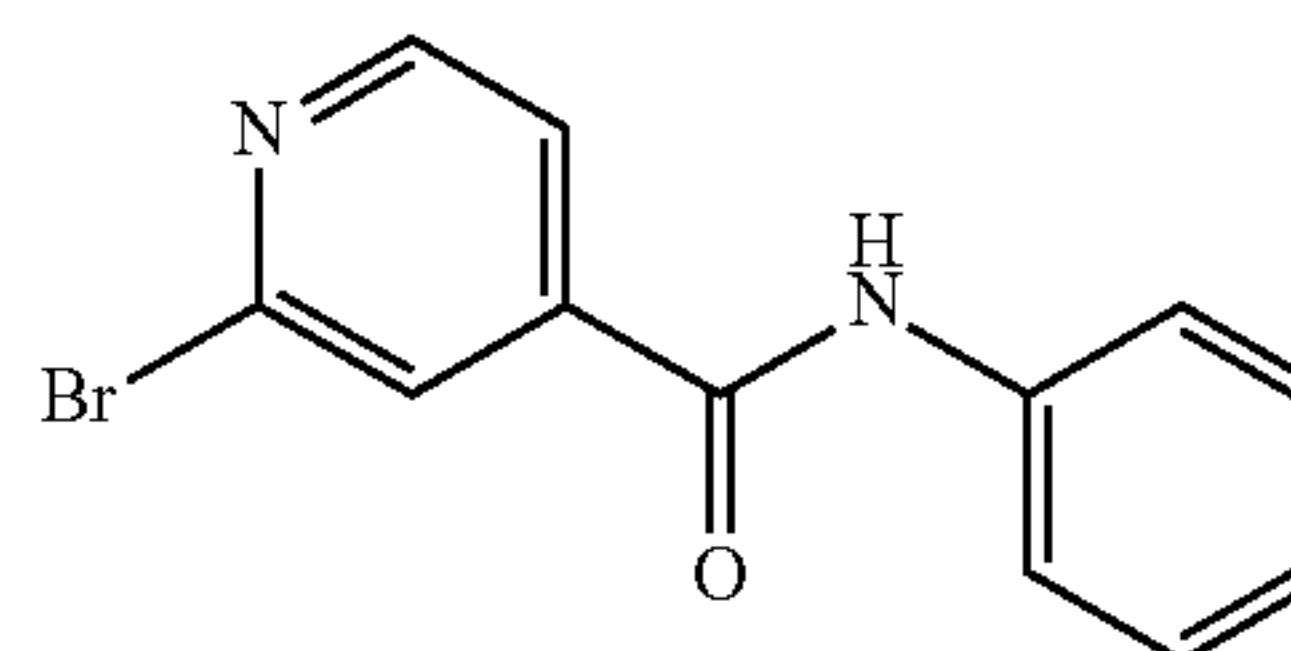
## EXAMPLE 115



N-(3-methylphenyl)-6-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide

In a manner similar to that described in Example 108, a mixture of 6-[2-(methylthio)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]pyridine-2-carboxylic acid and m-toluidine were converted to the title compound.

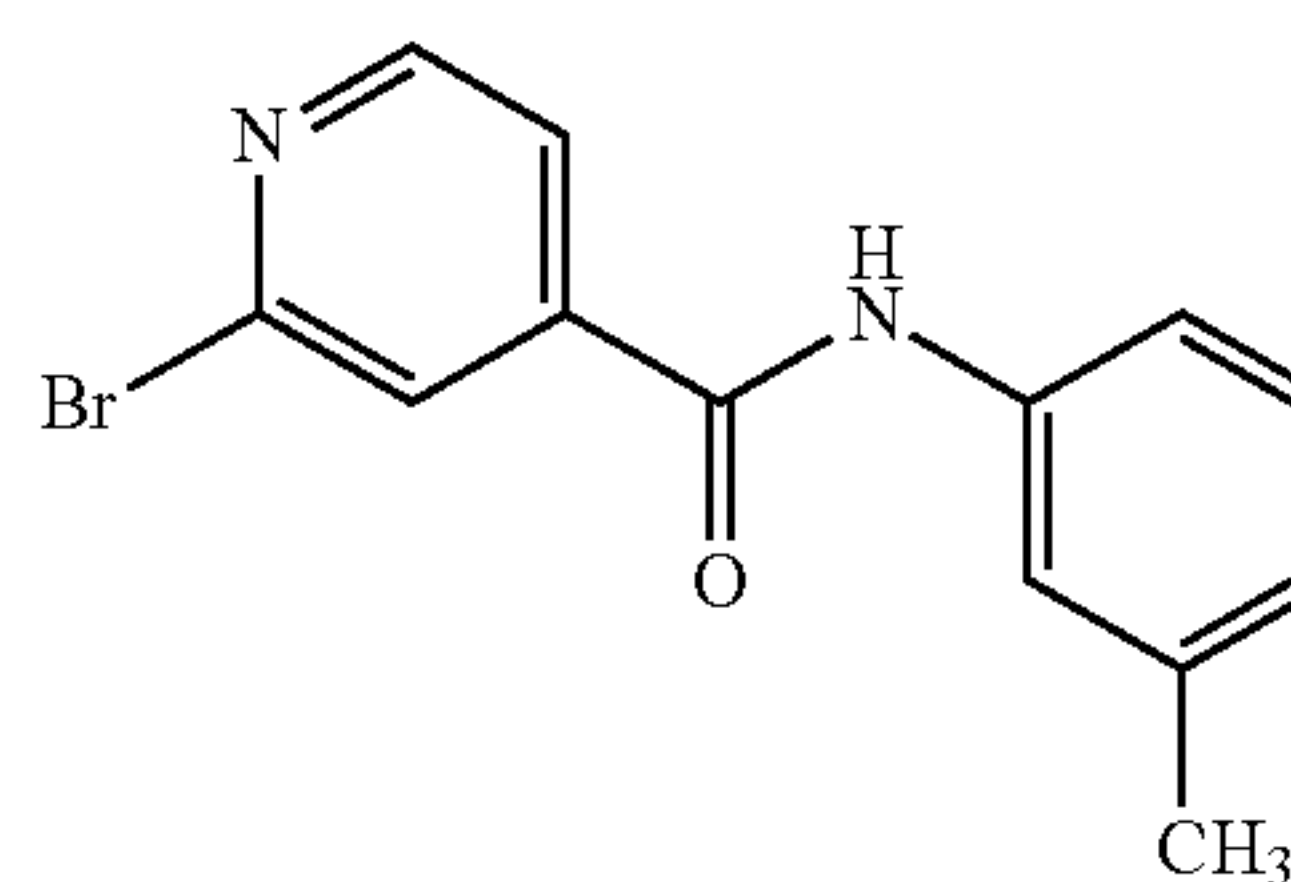
## PREPARATION 26



2-Bromo-N-phenyl-isonicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described in Preparation 17, 2-bromoisonicotinic acid and aniline were converted to the title compound

## PREPARATION 27



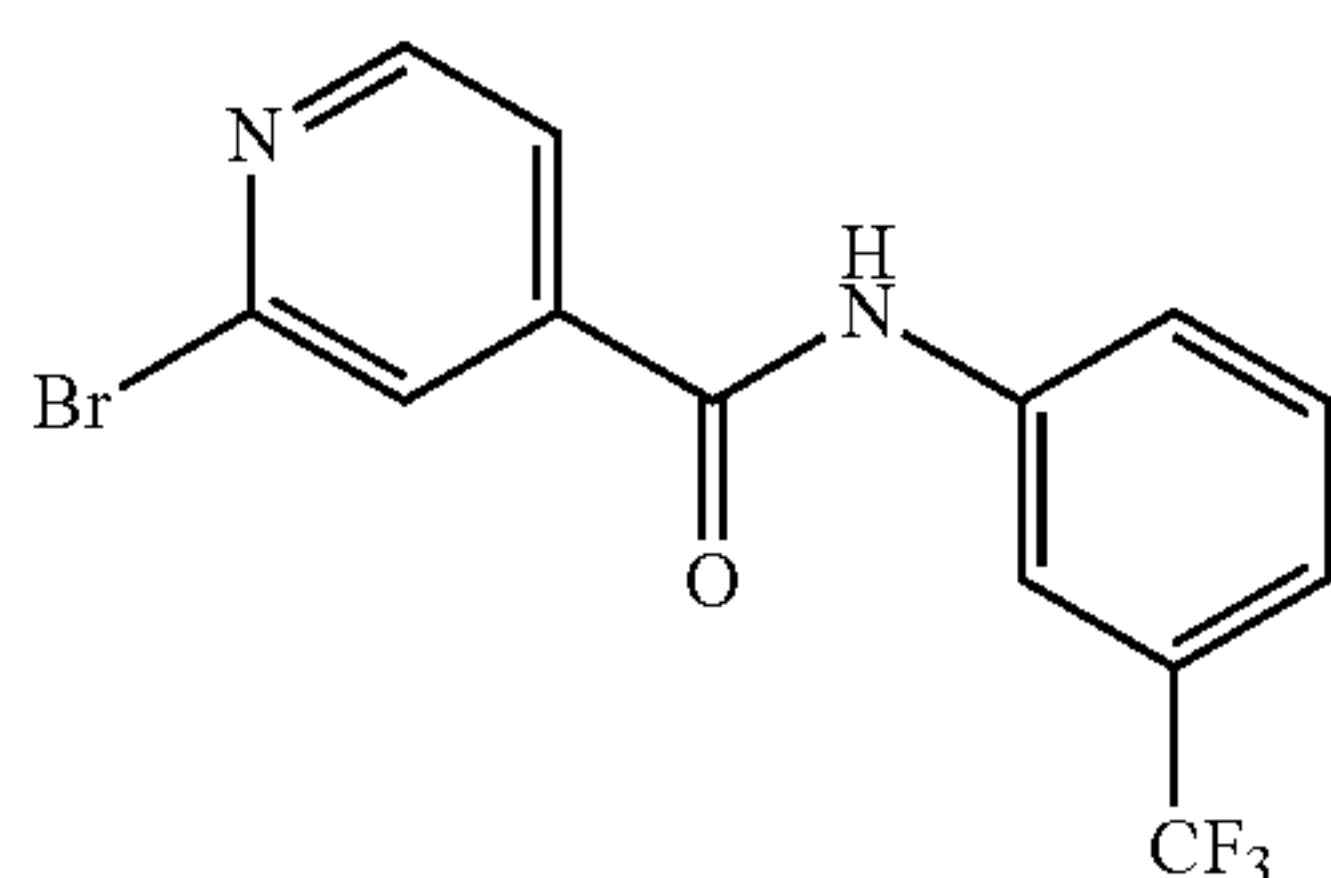
2-Bromo-N-m-tolyl-isonicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described in Preparation 17, 2-bromoisonicotinic acid and m-toluidine were converted to the title compound



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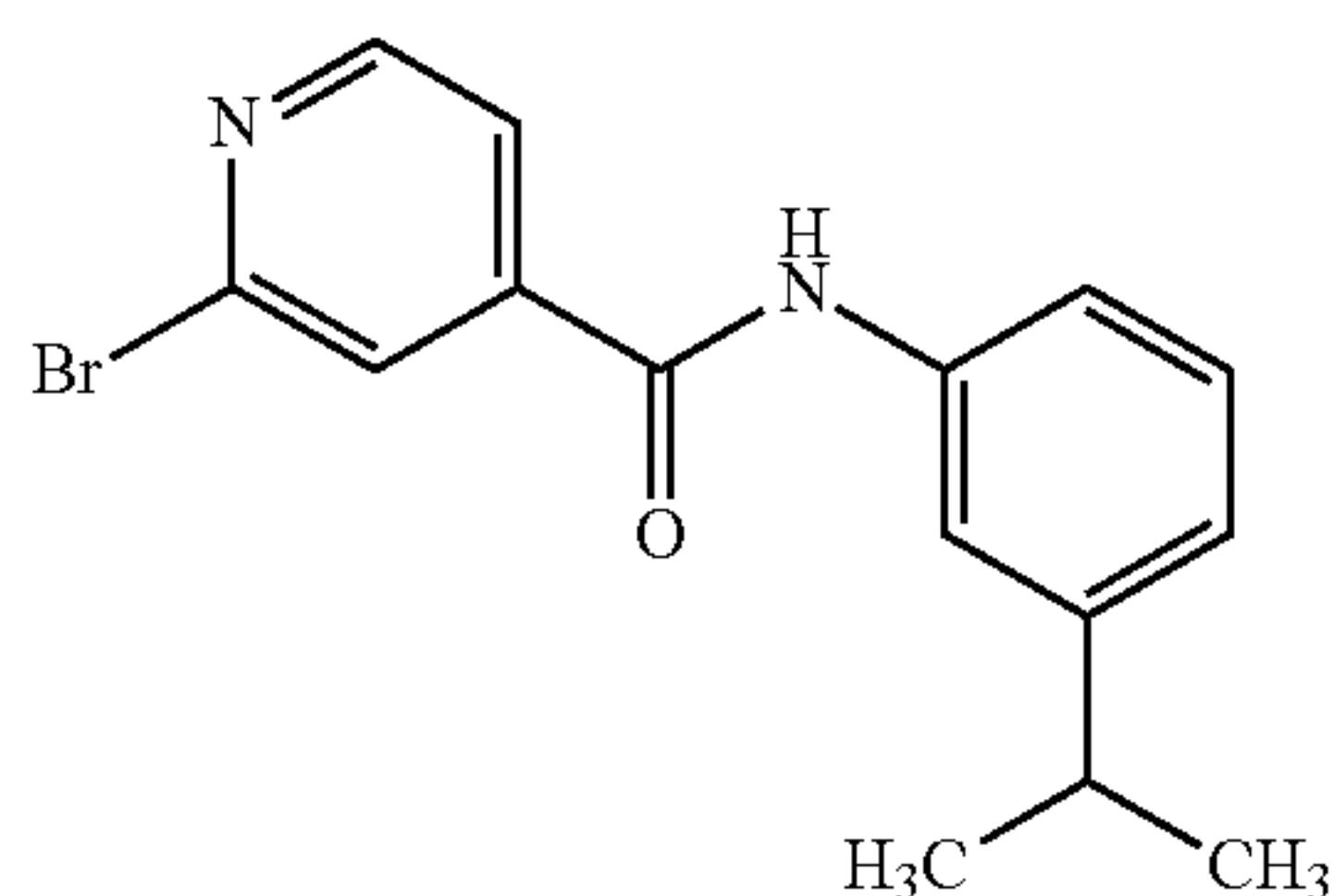
## PREPARATION 28



2-Bromo-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-isonicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described in Preparation 17, 2-bromoisonicotinic acid and 3-(trifluoromethyl)aniline were converted to the title compound

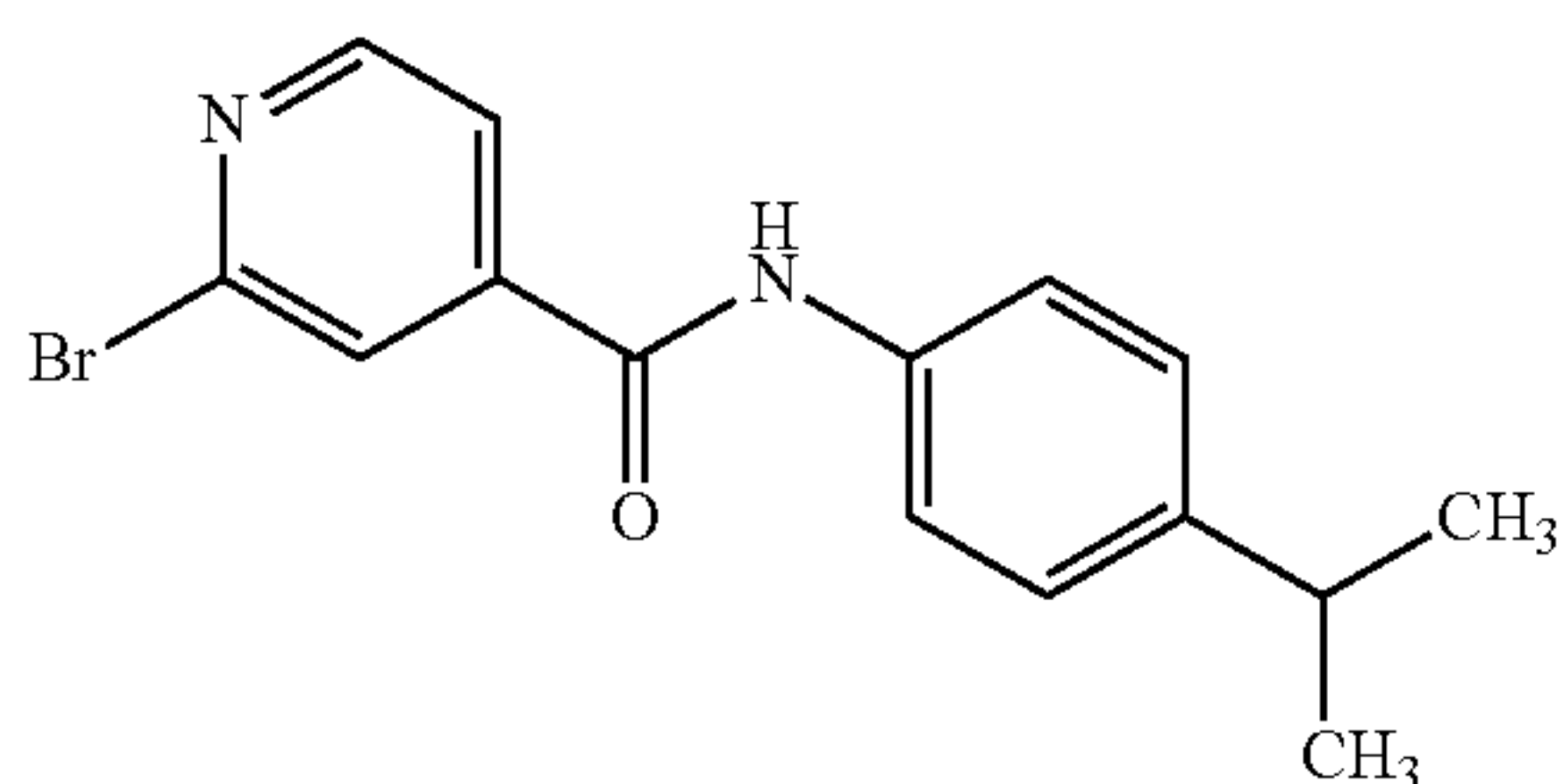
## PREPARATION 29



2-Bromo-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-isonicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described in Preparation 17, 2-bromoisonicotinic acid and 3-isopropylaniline were converted to the title compound

## PREPARATION 30

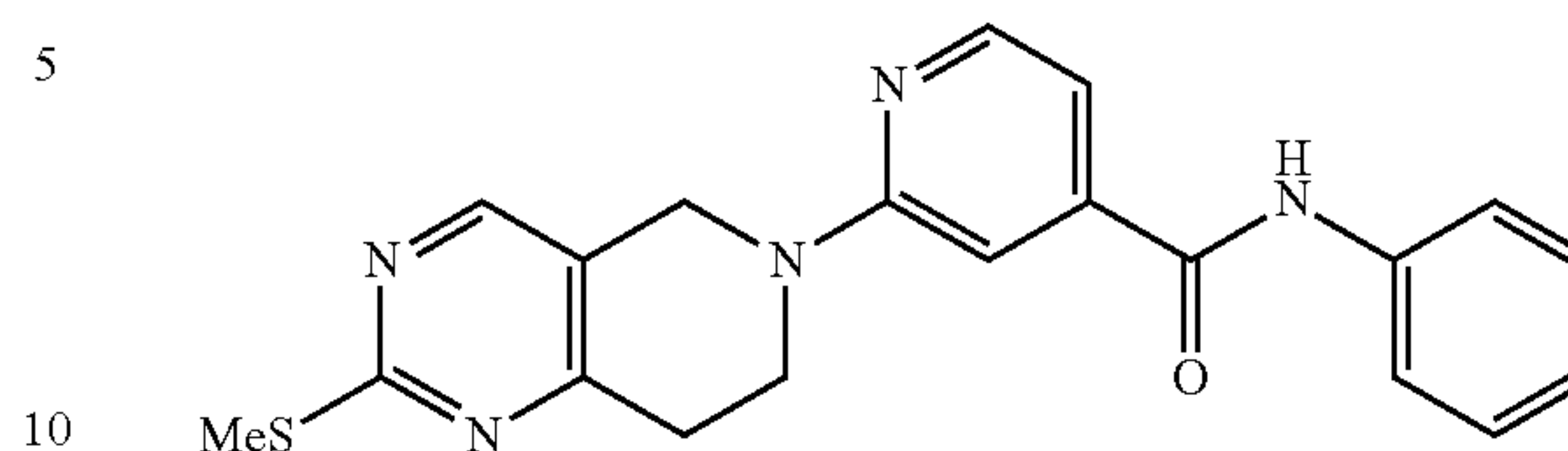


2-Bromo-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)-isonicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described in Preparation 17, 2-bromoisonicotinic acid and 4-isopropylaniline were converted to the title compound

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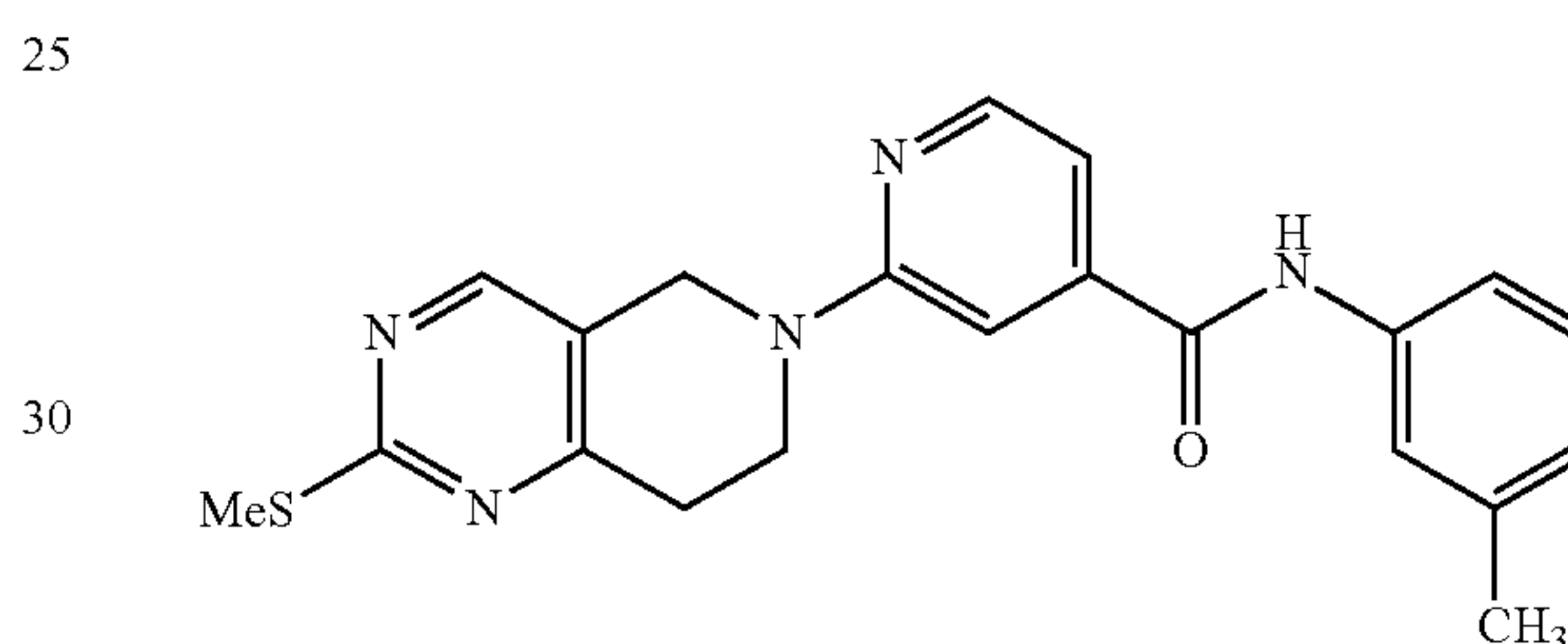
## EXAMPLE 116



2-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-phenylisonicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 138, 2-(methylsulfanyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]-pyrimidine and 2-bromo-N-phenyl-isonicotinamide were converted to the title compound.

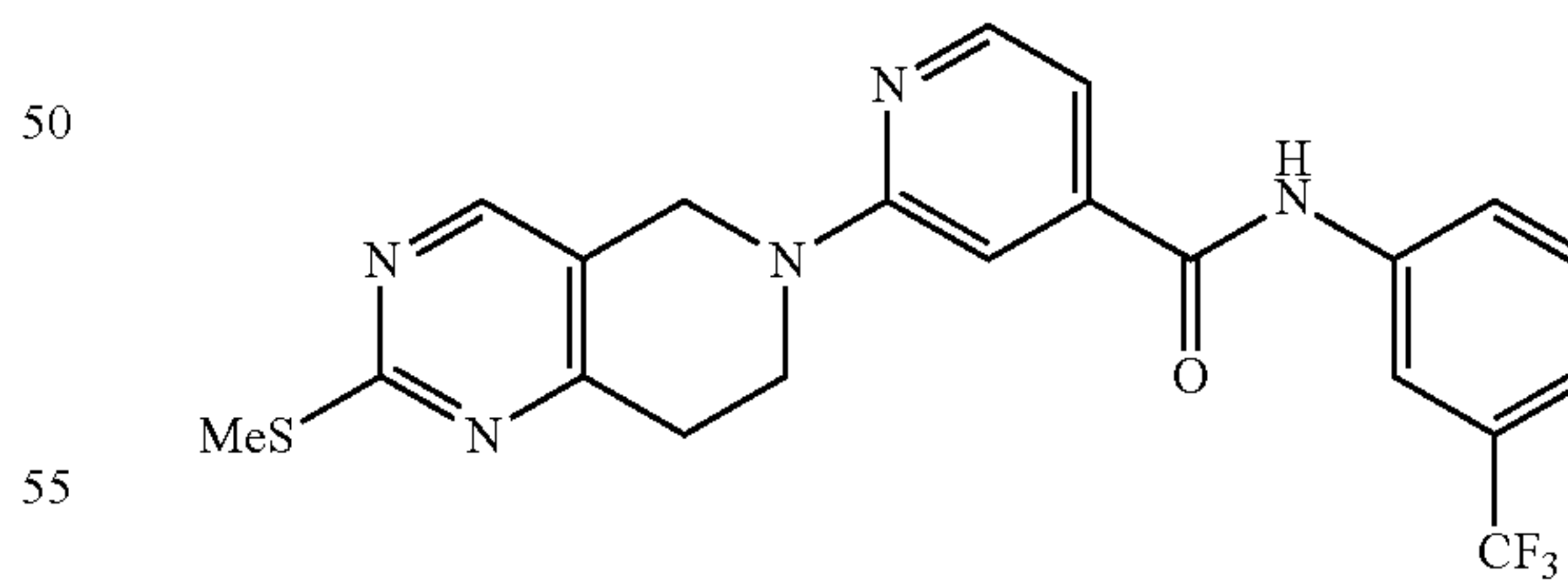
## EXAMPLE 117



N-(3-methylphenyl)-2-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]isonicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 138, 2-(methylsulfanyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]-pyrimidine and 2-bromo-N-m-tolyl-isonicotinamide were converted to the title compound.

## EXAMPLE 118

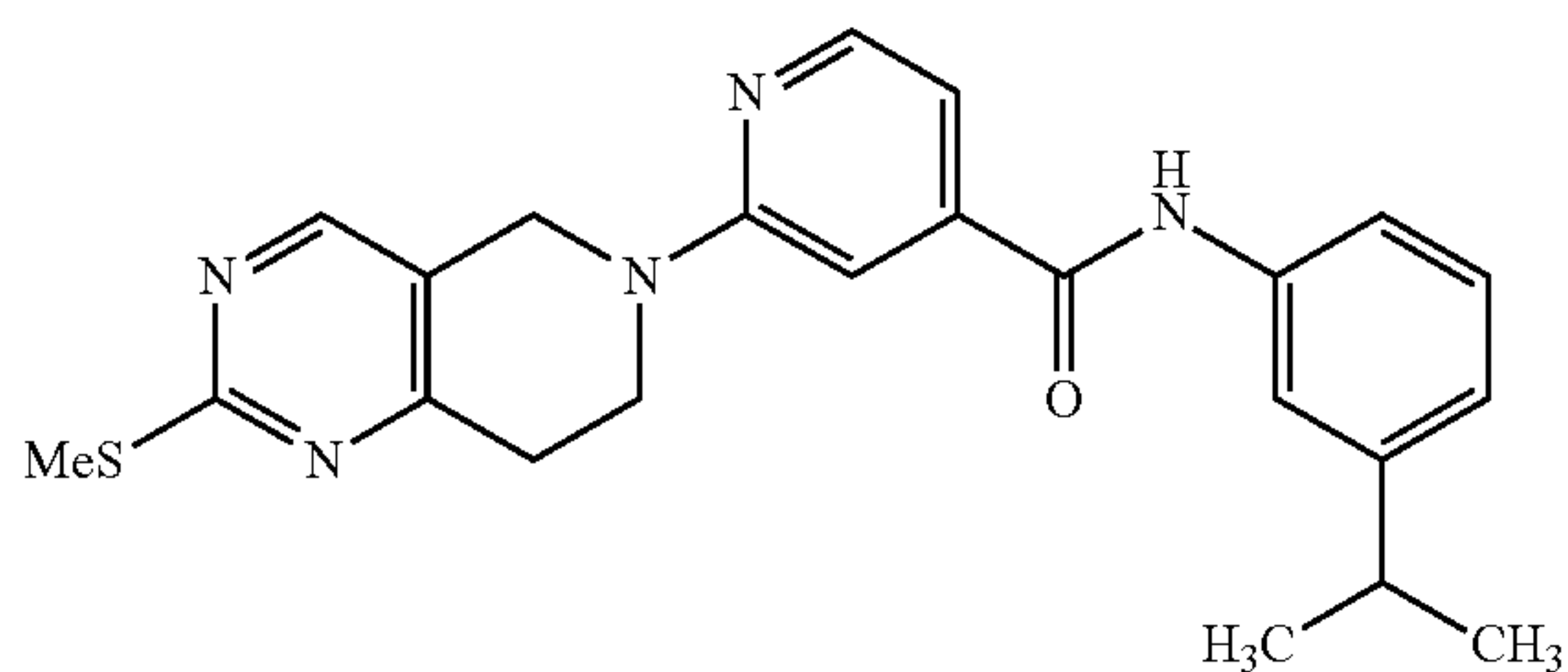


2-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]isonicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 138, 2-(methylsulfanyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]-pyrimidine and 2-bromo-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-isonicotinamide were converted to the title compound.

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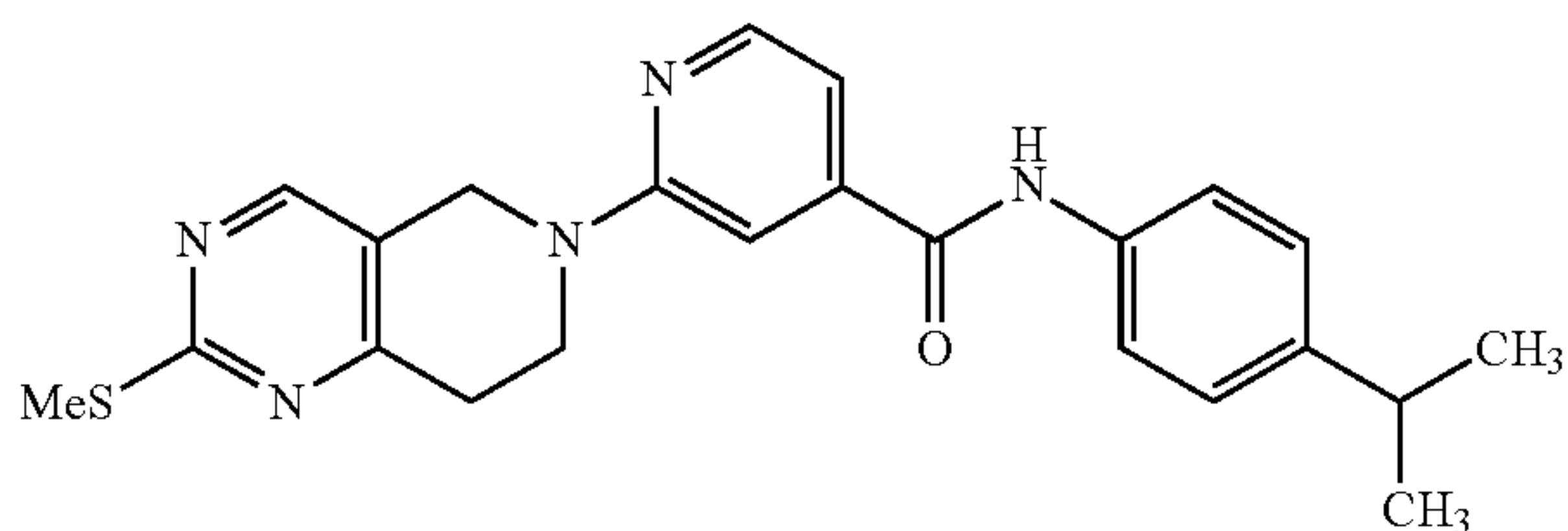
## EXAMPLE 119



N-(3-Isopropyl-phenyl)-2-(2-methylsulfanyl-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-isonicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 138, 2-(methylsulfanyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]-pyrimidine and 2-bromo-N-(3-isopropyl-phenyl)-isonicotinamide were converted to the title compound.

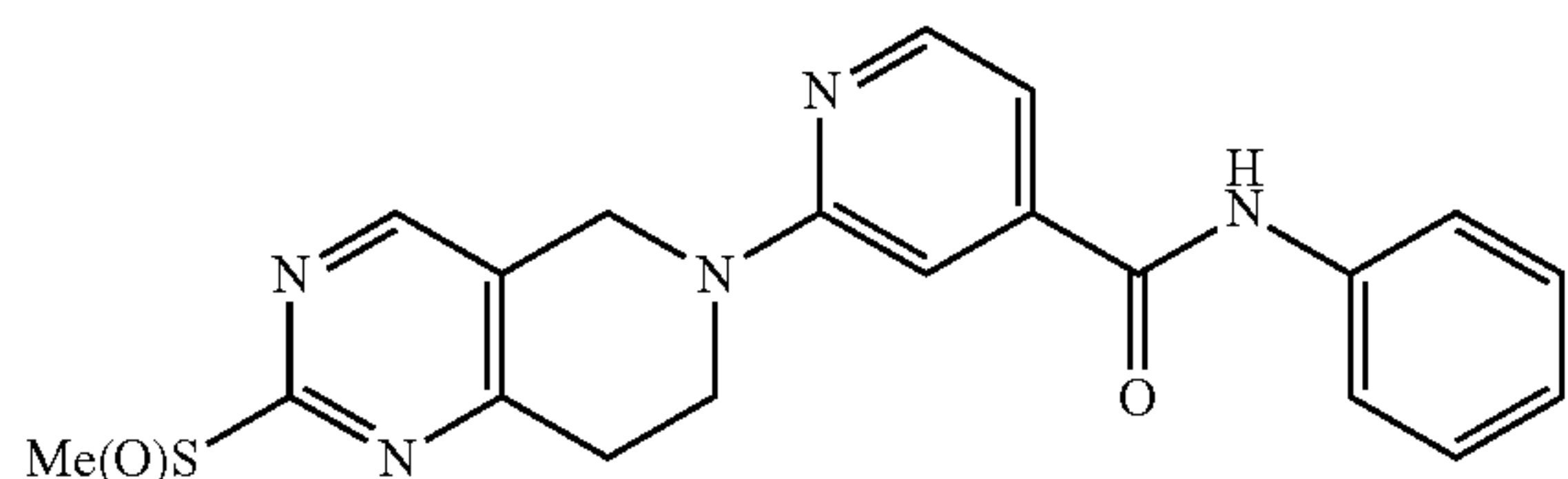
## EXAMPLE 120



N-(4-Isopropyl-phenyl)-2-(2-methylsulfanyl-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-isonicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 138, 2-(methylsulfanyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]-pyrimidine and 2-bromo-N-(4-isopropyl-phenyl)-isonicotinamide were converted to the title compound.

## EXAMPLE 121

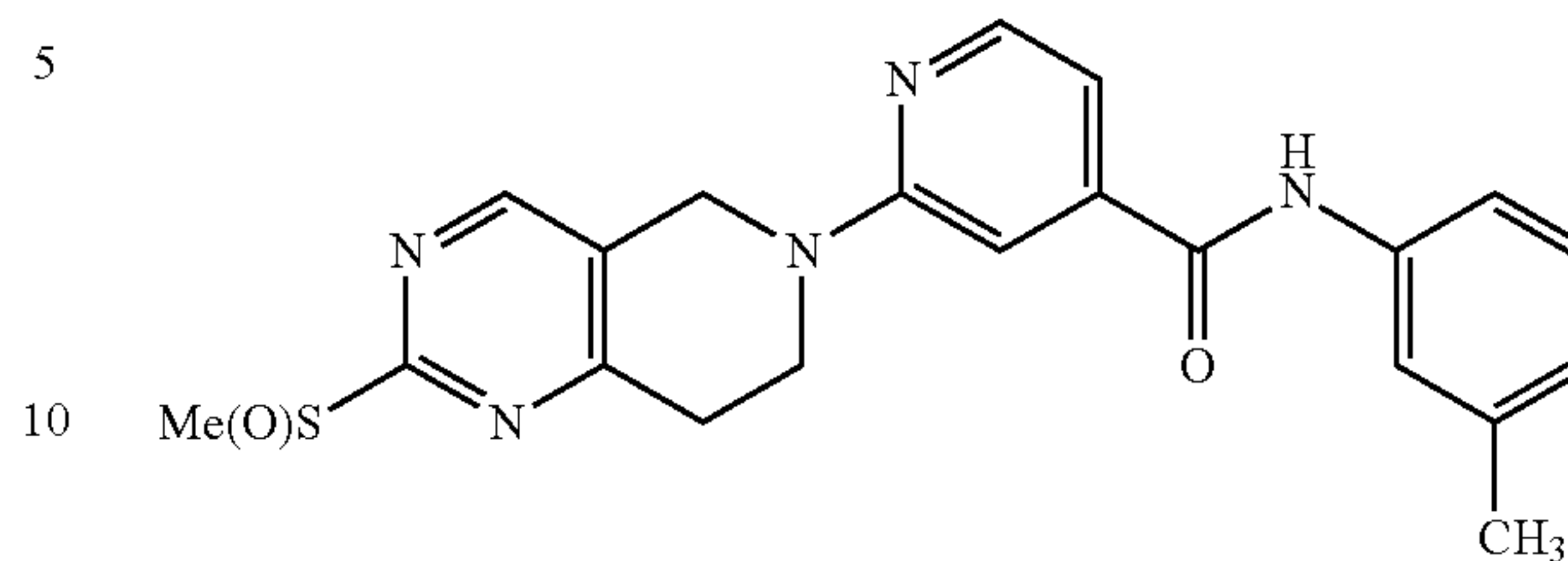


2-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-phenylisonicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 109, 2-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]-N-phenylisonicotinamide was converted to the title compound.

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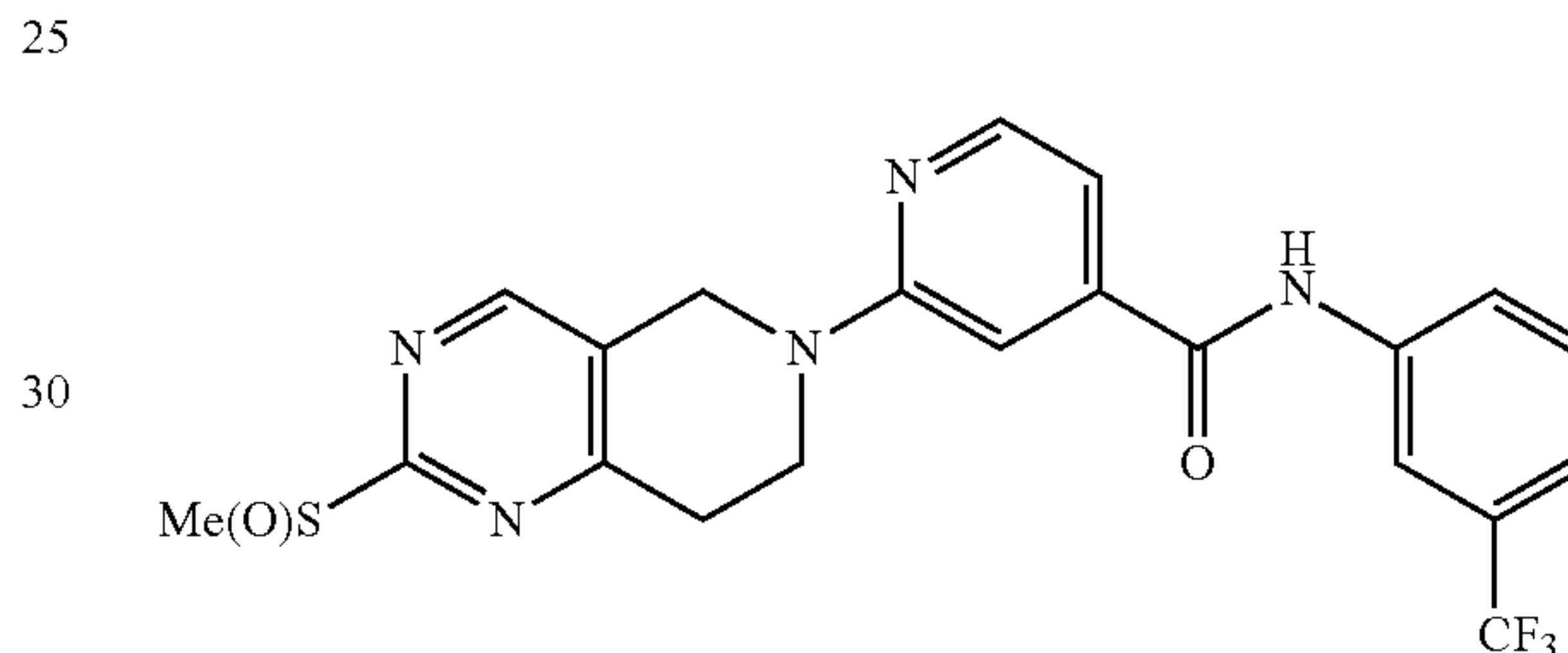
## EXAMPLE 122



2-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(m-tolyl)isonicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 109, N-(3-methylphenyl)-2-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]isonicotinamide was converted to the title compound.

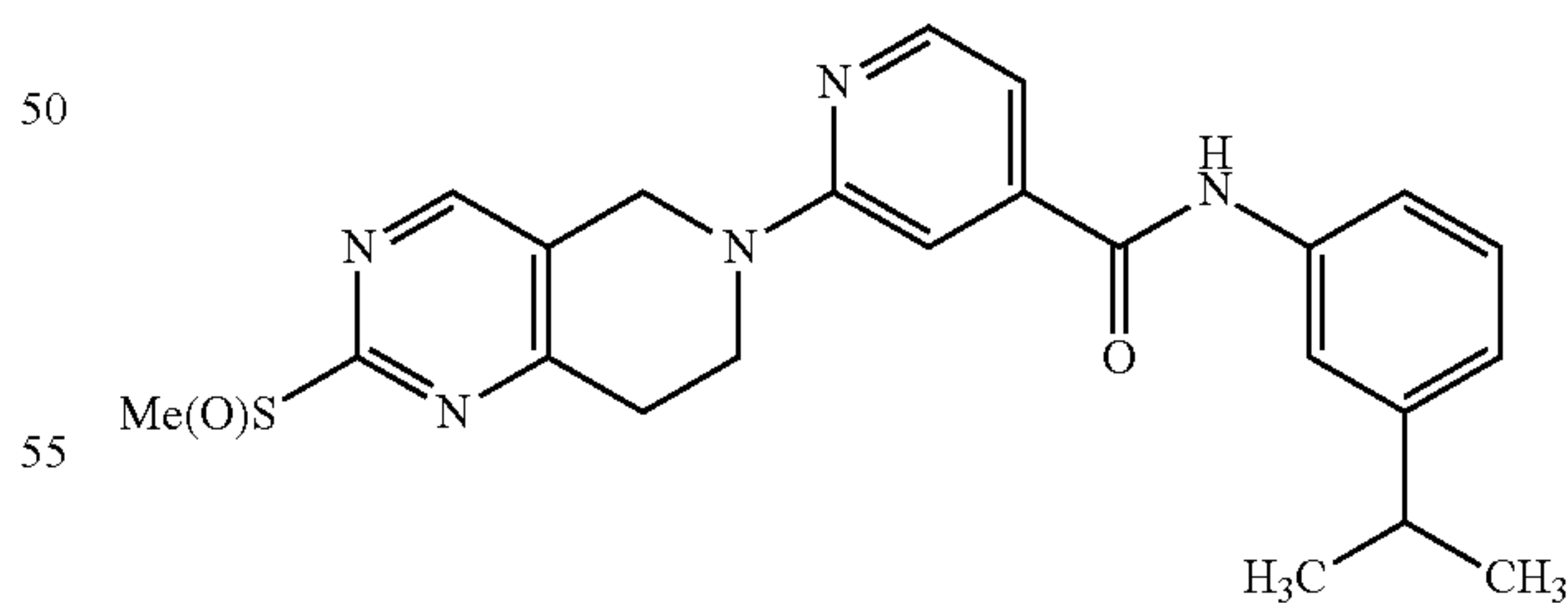
## EXAMPLE 123



2-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)isonicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 109, 2-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]isonicotinamide was converted to the title compound.

## EXAMPLE 124



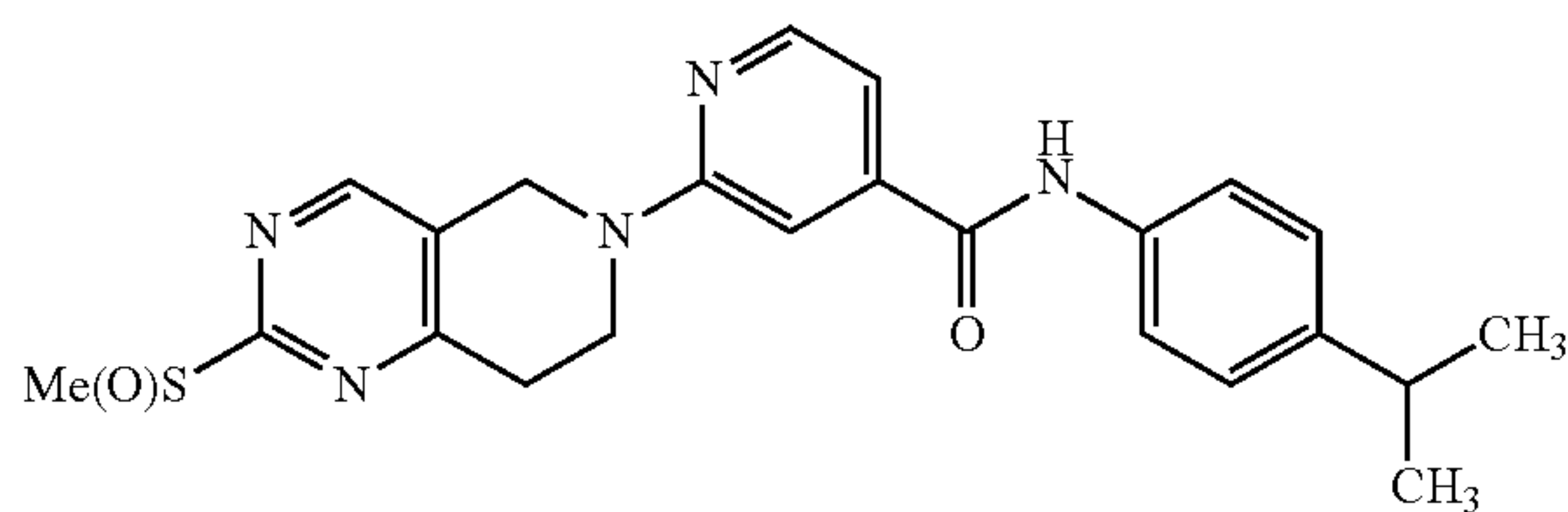
N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-2-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)isonicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 109, N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-2-(2-methylsulfanyl-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-isonicotinamide was converted to the title compound.



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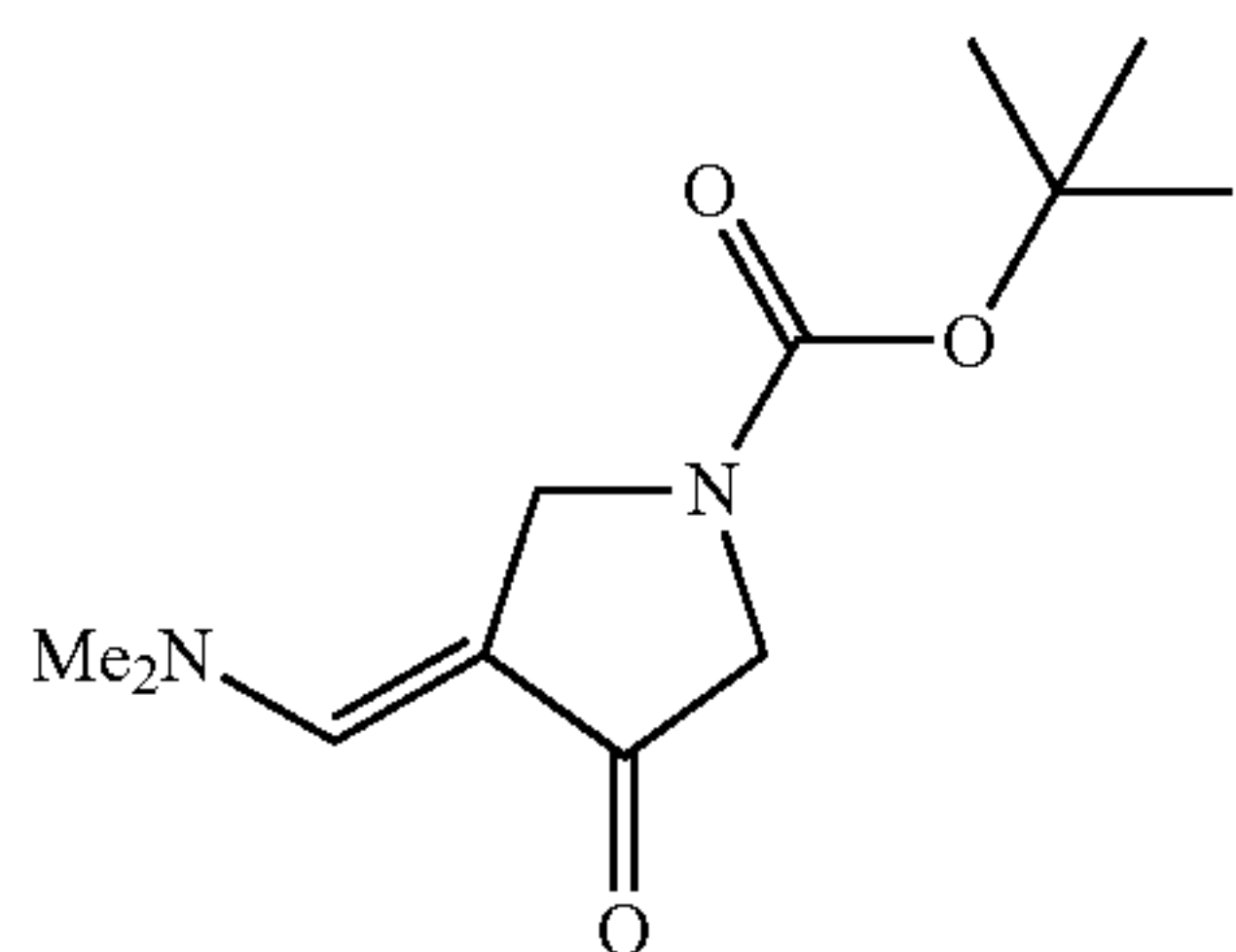
## EXAMPLE 125



N-(4-isopropylphenyl)-2-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)isonicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 109, N-(4-Isopropyl-phenyl)-2-(2-methylsulfanyl-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-isonicotinamide was converted to the title compound.

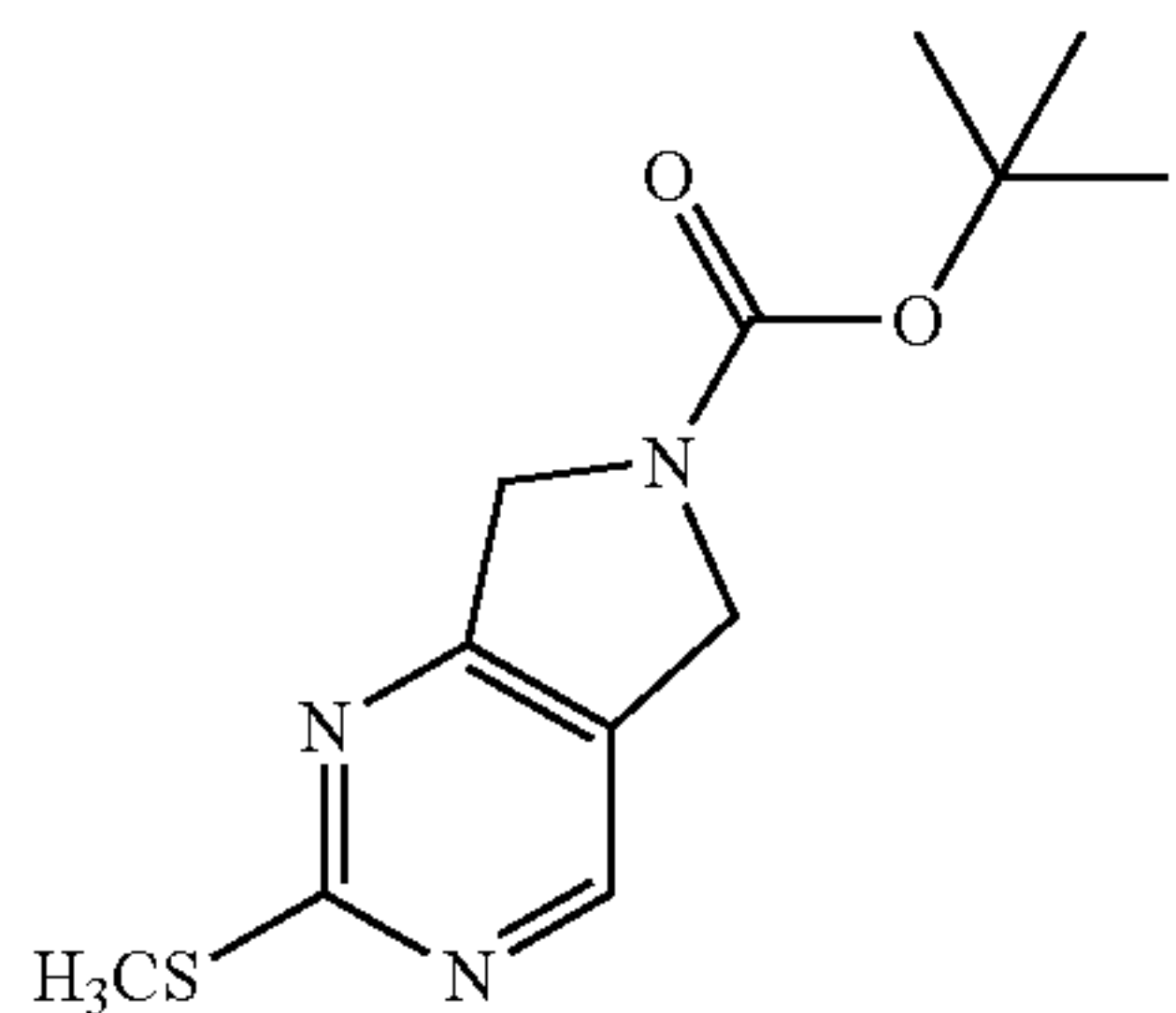
## PREPARATION 31



3-Dimethylaminomethylene-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester

A solution of tert-butyl 3-oxopyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (25.0 g, 135 mmol), dimethylformamide dimethylacetal (27 mL, 202 mmol) and 1,4-dioxane (170 mL) was heated at 100° C. for 17 hours. The dioxane was removed in vacuo. The resulting red solid was triturated with hexanes (180 mL) for one hour, and filtered. The solid was rinsed with hexanes (2x80 mL) and air dried. Chromatography on silica gel eluting with dichloromethane:methanol 39:1 then 19:1 to give the title compound (15.04 g, 46%).

## PREPARATION 32



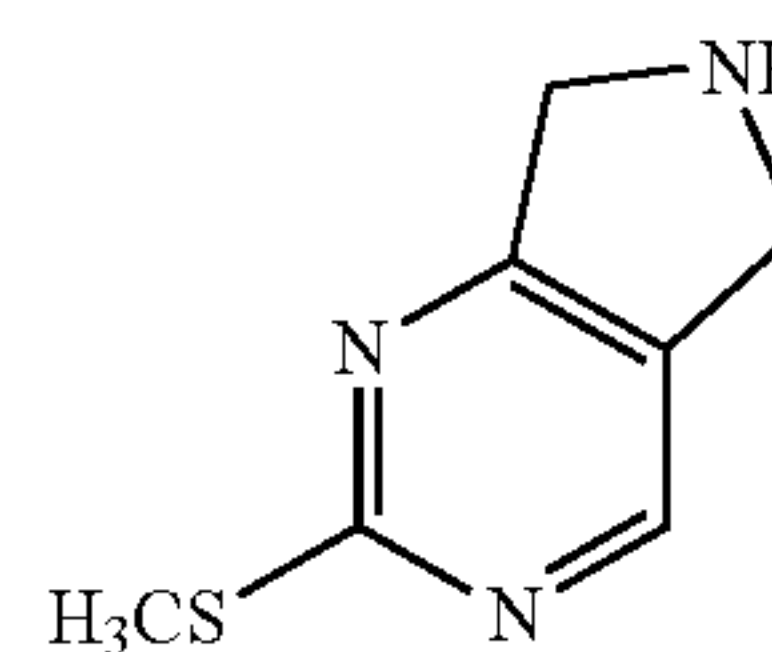
tert-butyl 2-(methylthio)-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidine-6-carboxylate

A suspension of 2-methyl-2-thiopseudourea hemisulfate (3.79 g, 21.2 mmol) in ethanol (30 mL) was cooled in an ice

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bath. A solution of sodium ethoxide in ethanol (7.1 mL, 21 mmol, ~3 M) was added. The mixture was stirred for 50 minutes. A solution of 3-dimethylaminomethylene-4-oxo-pyrrolidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (1.70 g, 7.07 mmol) in ethanol (10 mL) was added and the mixture was heated at 80° C. for 16 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo from the cooled mixture. The residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and aqueous sodium bicarbonate. After separation, the aqueous layer was further extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and evaporated. The resulting oil was chromatographed on silica gel (40 g) eluted with ethyl acetate to give the title compound (1.43 g, 76%).

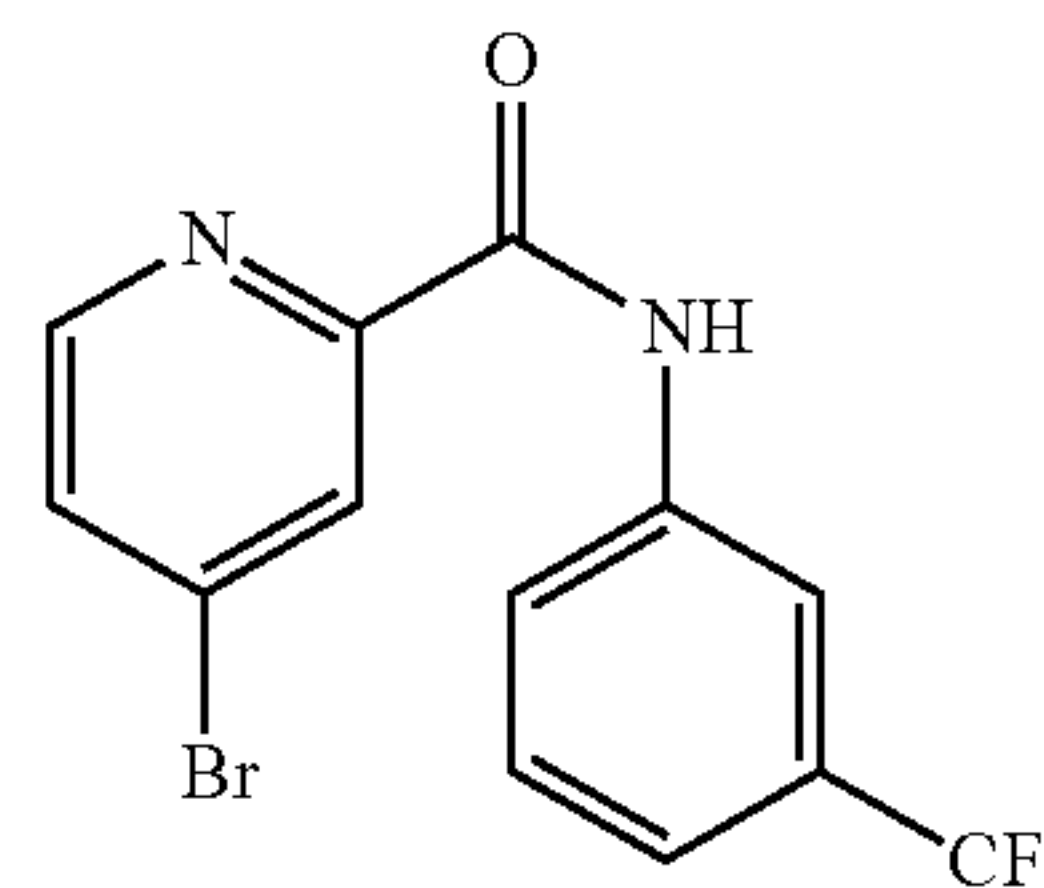
## PREPARATION 33



2-(Methylthio)-6,7-dihydro-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidine

To a solution of tert-butyl 2-(methylthio)-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidine-6-carboxylate (1.43 g, 5.36 mmol) in dichloromethane (10 mL) was added a solution of trifluoroacetic acid (4.0 mL, 52 mmol) in dichloromethane (5 mL). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. The dichloromethane was removed in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in water, treated with 5M sodium hydroxide to pH=14 and extracted with dichloromethane (5x10 mL). The organic layer was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>) filtered and evaporated to give the title compound (870 mg, 97%).

## PREPARATION 34



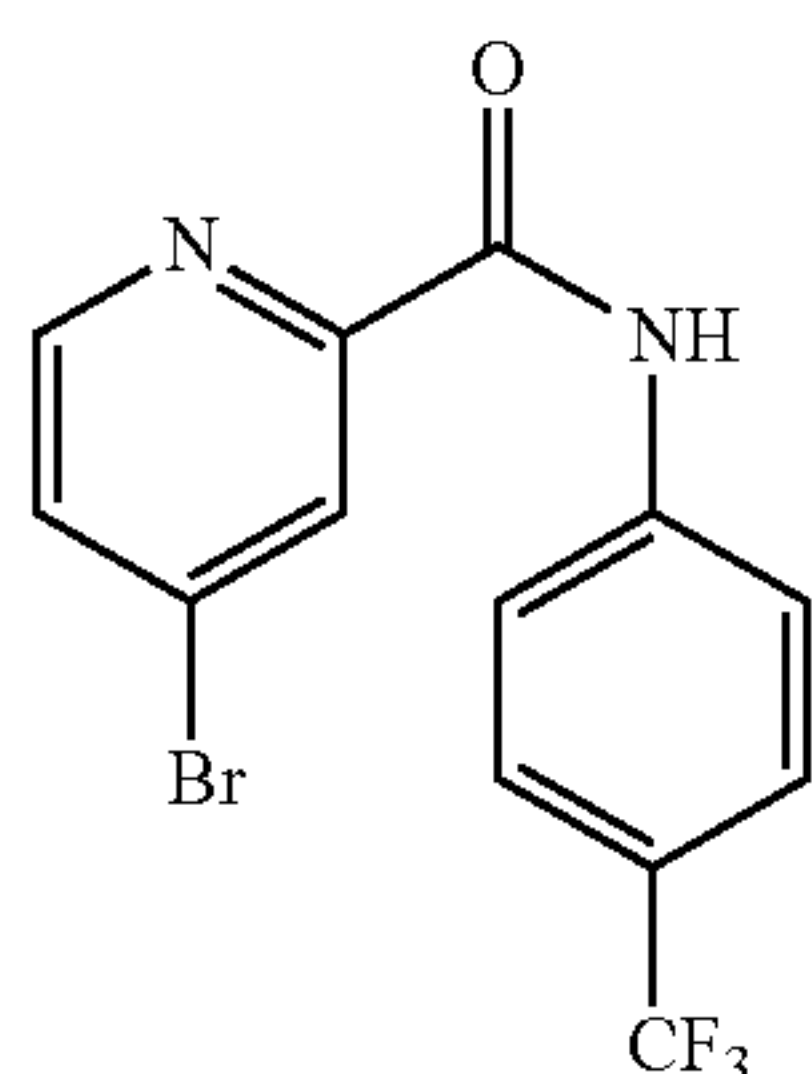
4-Bromo-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)picolinamide

To a suspension of 4-bromo-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (1.00 g, 5.00 mmol) in dimethylformamide (5 mL) was added 1-methylmorpholine (1.1 mL, 10 mmol) and O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HATU) (2.37 g, 6.23 mmol). The mixture became an orange solution after 10 minutes. 3-Trifluoromethylaniline (0.5 mL, 5.5 mmol) was added and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 21 hours. The dimethylformamide was evaporated in vacuo and the residue was triturated with water. The resulting solid was filtered and washed twice with water and then vacuum dried at 40° C. to give a crude residue. Chromatography on silica gel (40 g), sample applied in

**161**

dichloromethane and eluted with hexanes:ethyl acetate (1:1) gave the title compound (1.306 g, 76%).

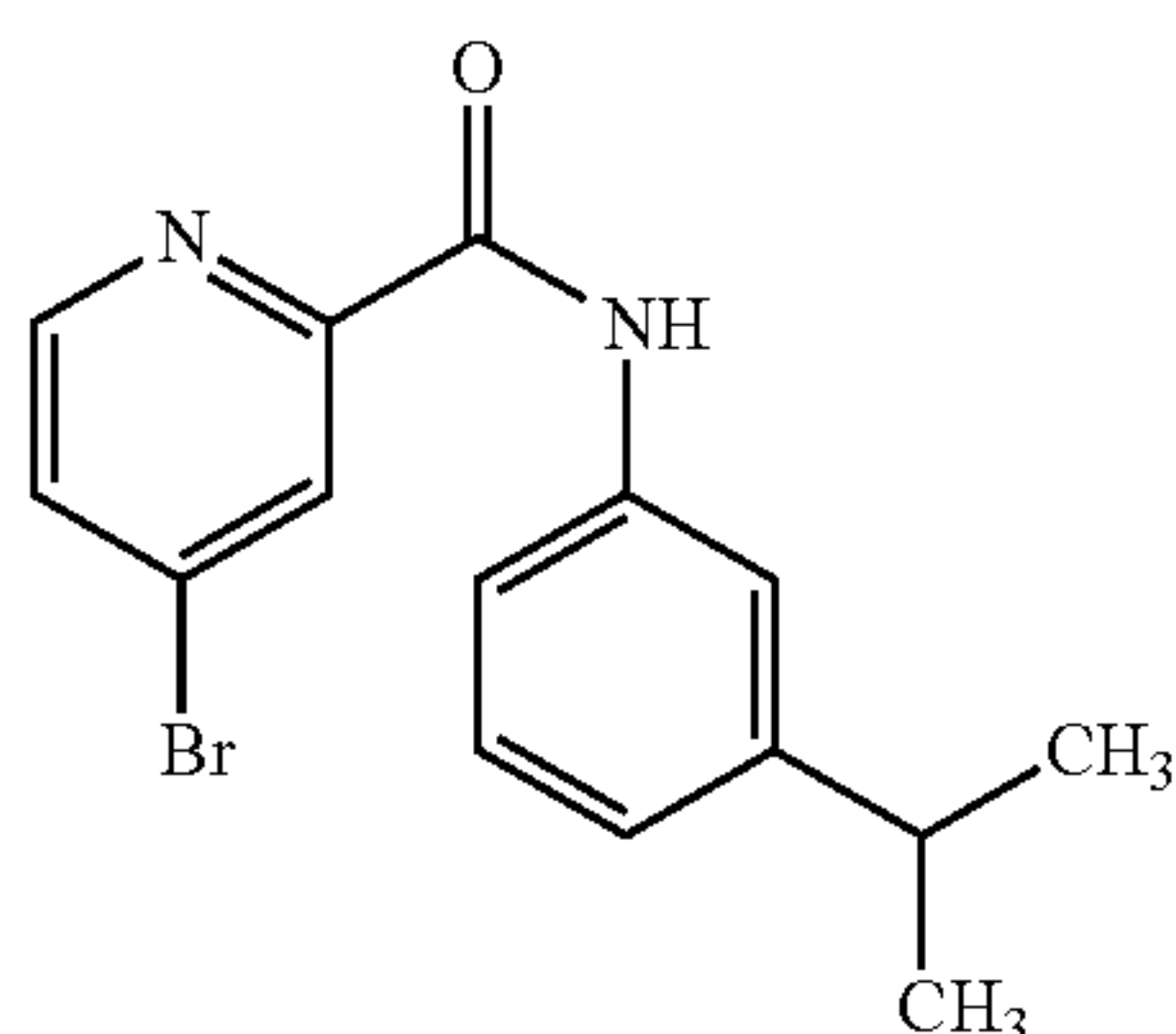
## PREPARATION 35



## 4-Bromo-N-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)picolinamide

In a manner similar to that describe in Preparation 34, 4-bromo-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid and 4-trifluoromethyl-aniline were converted to the title compound.

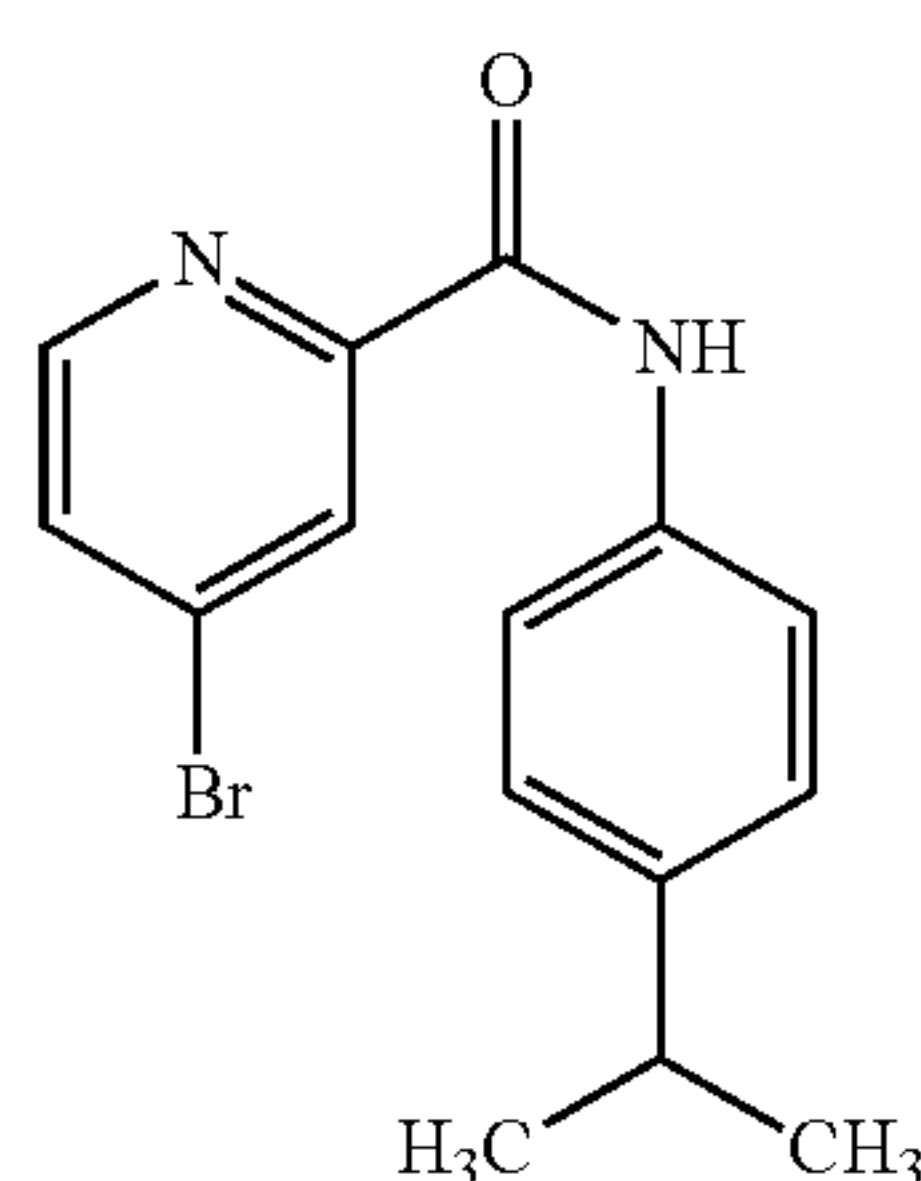
## PREPARATION 36



## 4-bromo-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)picolinamide

In a manner similar to that describe in Preparation 34, 4-bromo-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid and 3-isopropylaniline were converted to the title compound.

## PREPARATION 37

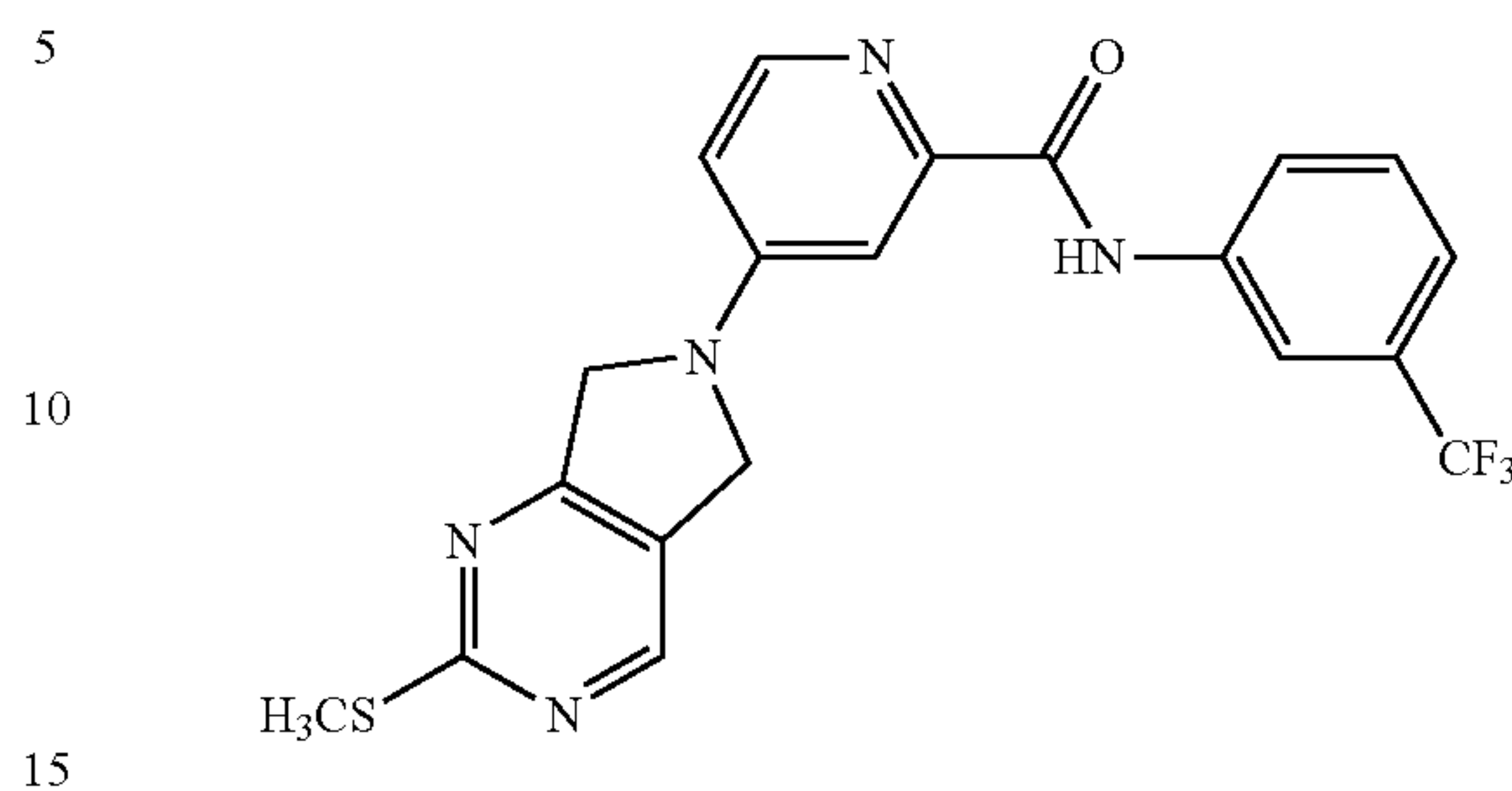


## 4-bromo-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)picolinamide

In a manner similar to that describe in Preparation 34, 4-bromo-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid and 4-isopropylaniline were converted to the title compound.

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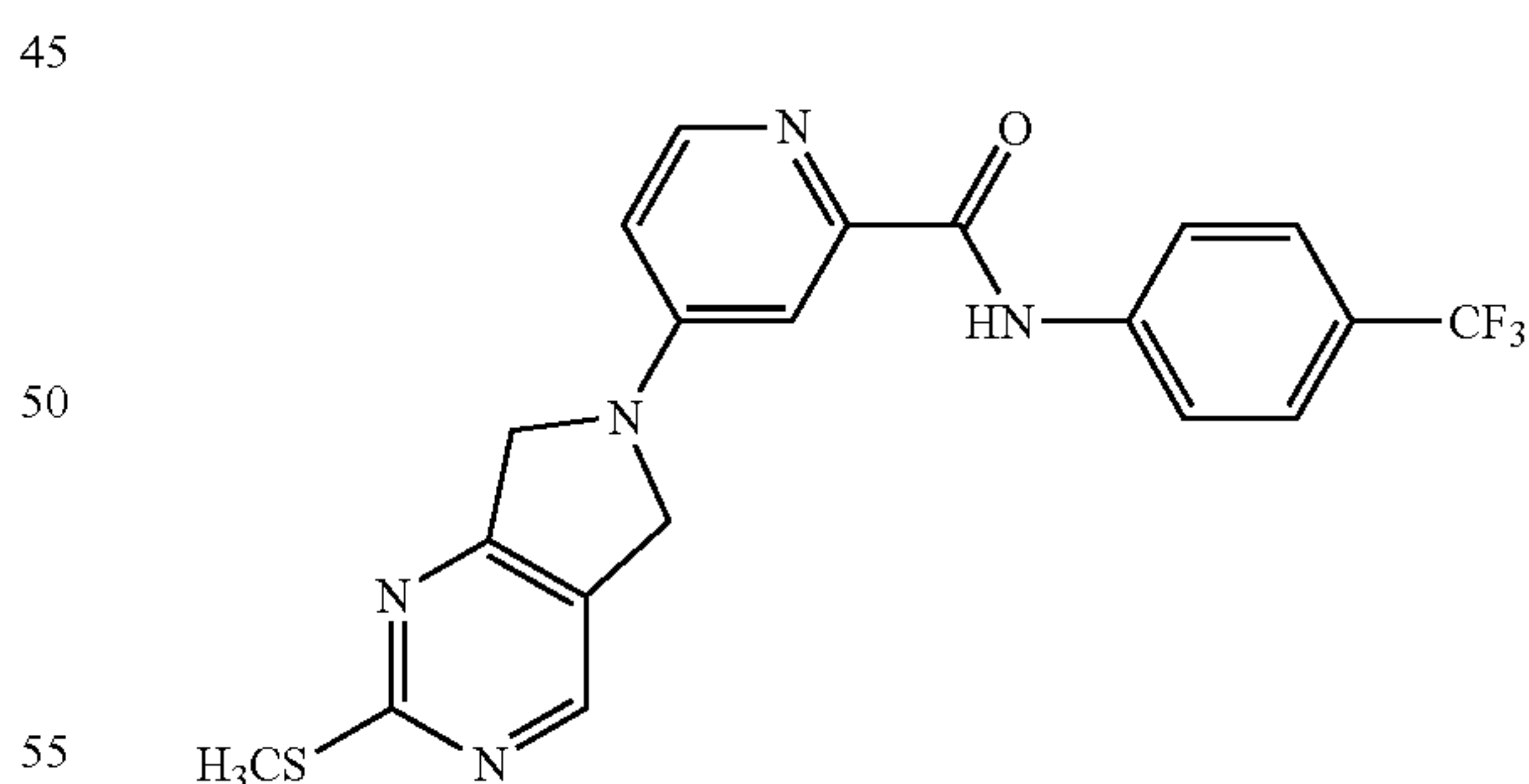
## EXAMPLE 126



## 4-(2-Methylsulfonyl-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-amide

To a toluene (5 mL) solution of 4-Bromo-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)picolinamide (172 mg, 0.50 mmol) and 2-(Methylthio)-6,7-dihydro-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidine (84 mg, 0.50 mmol) was added cesium carbonate (325 mg, 1.00 mmol). The mixture was purged with nitrogen and then ( $\pm$ )-2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthalene (31 mg, 0.05 mmol) and palladium(II) acetate (11 mg, 0.05 mmol) were added. The reaction was capped and heated at 100° C. for 7 hours. The cooled mixture was filtered. The solid was rinsed twice with ethyl acetate then with chloroform:methanol (9:1). The combined filtrate was evaporated in vacuo. The solid was triturated with hexanes:ethyl acetate (1:1) followed by ethyl acetate:methanol (9:1) and gave the title compound (96 mg). The filtrate was chromatographed on silica gel (12 g) eluted with hexanes:ethyl acetate (1:1) and gave additional title compound (25 mg). The total amount of the title compound obtained was 120 mg (0.28 mmol, yield 56%).

## EXAMPLE 127



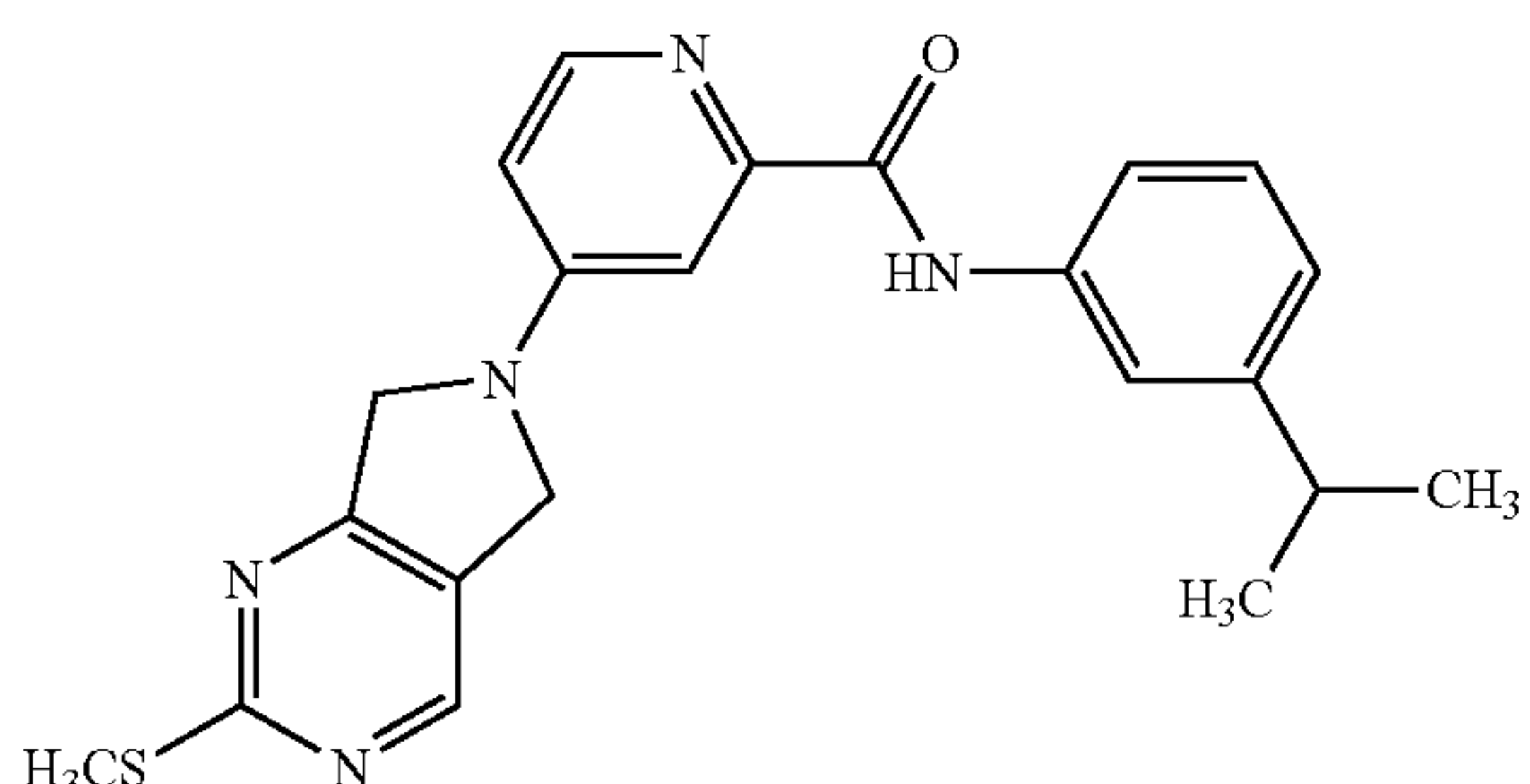
## 4-(2-Methylsulfonyl-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-amide

In a manner similar to that describe in Example 126, 2-(methylthio)-6,7-dihydro-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidine and 4-Bromo-N-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)picolinamide were converted to the title compound.



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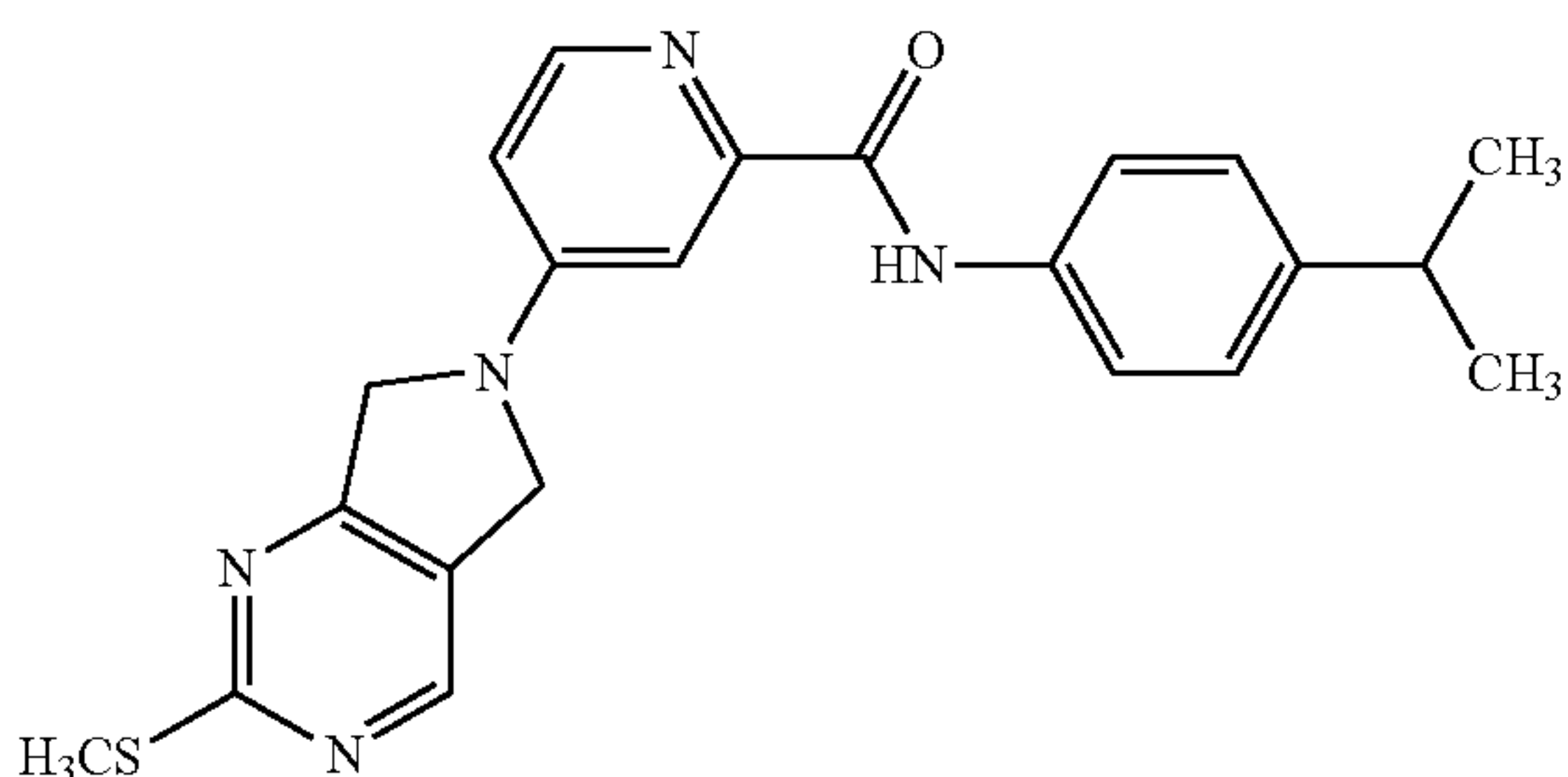
## EXAMPLE 128



4-(2-Methylsulfanyl-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (3-isopropylphenyl)-amide

In a manner similar to that describe in Example 126, 2-(methylthio)-6,7-dihydro-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidine and 4-bromo-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)picolinamide were converted to the title compound.

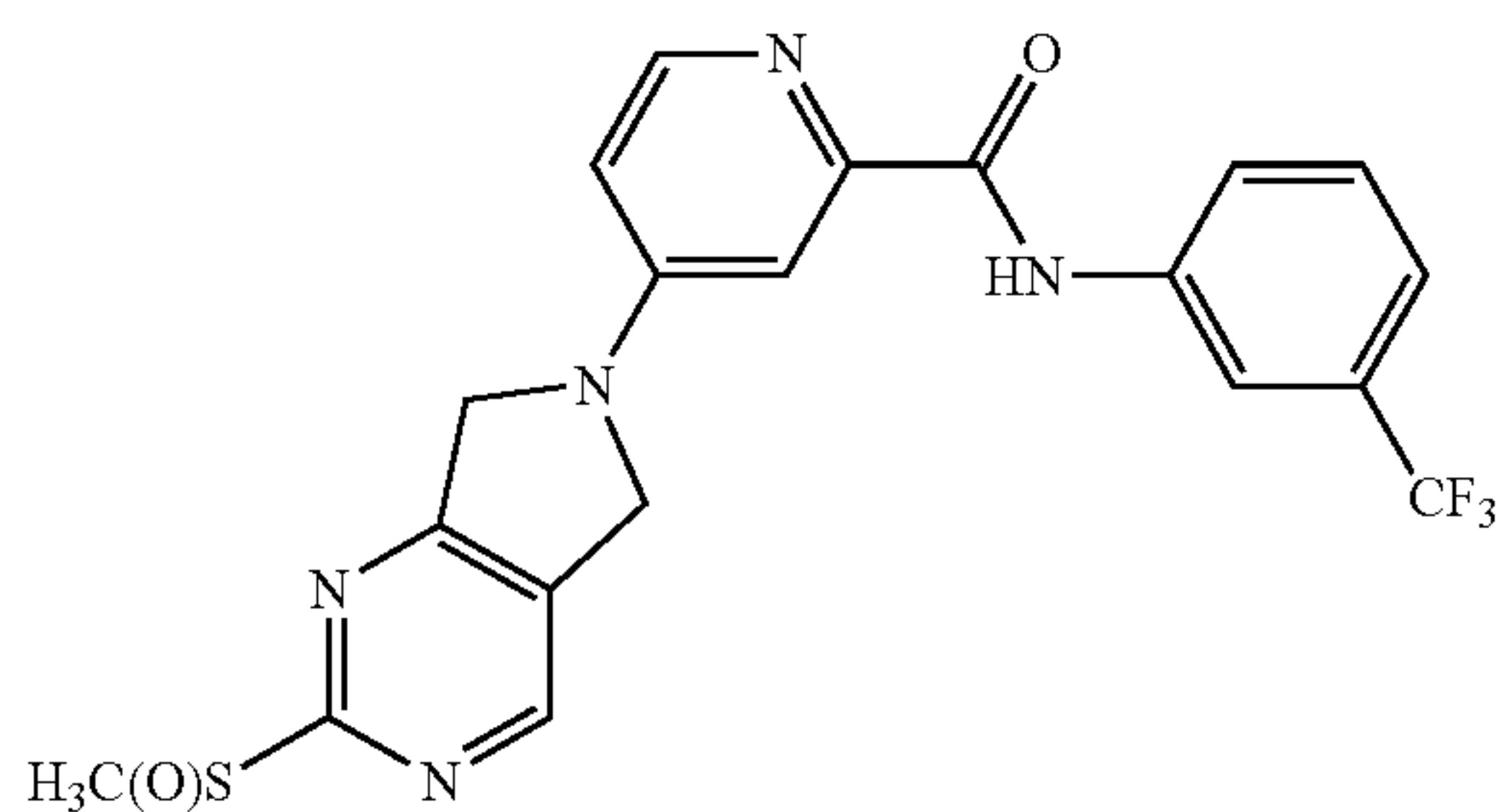
## EXAMPLE 129



4-(2-Methylsulfanyl-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (4-isopropylphenyl)-amide

In a manner similar to that describe in Example 126, 2-(methylthio)-6,7-dihydro-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidine and 4-bromo-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)picolinamide were converted to the title compound.

## EXAMPLE 130



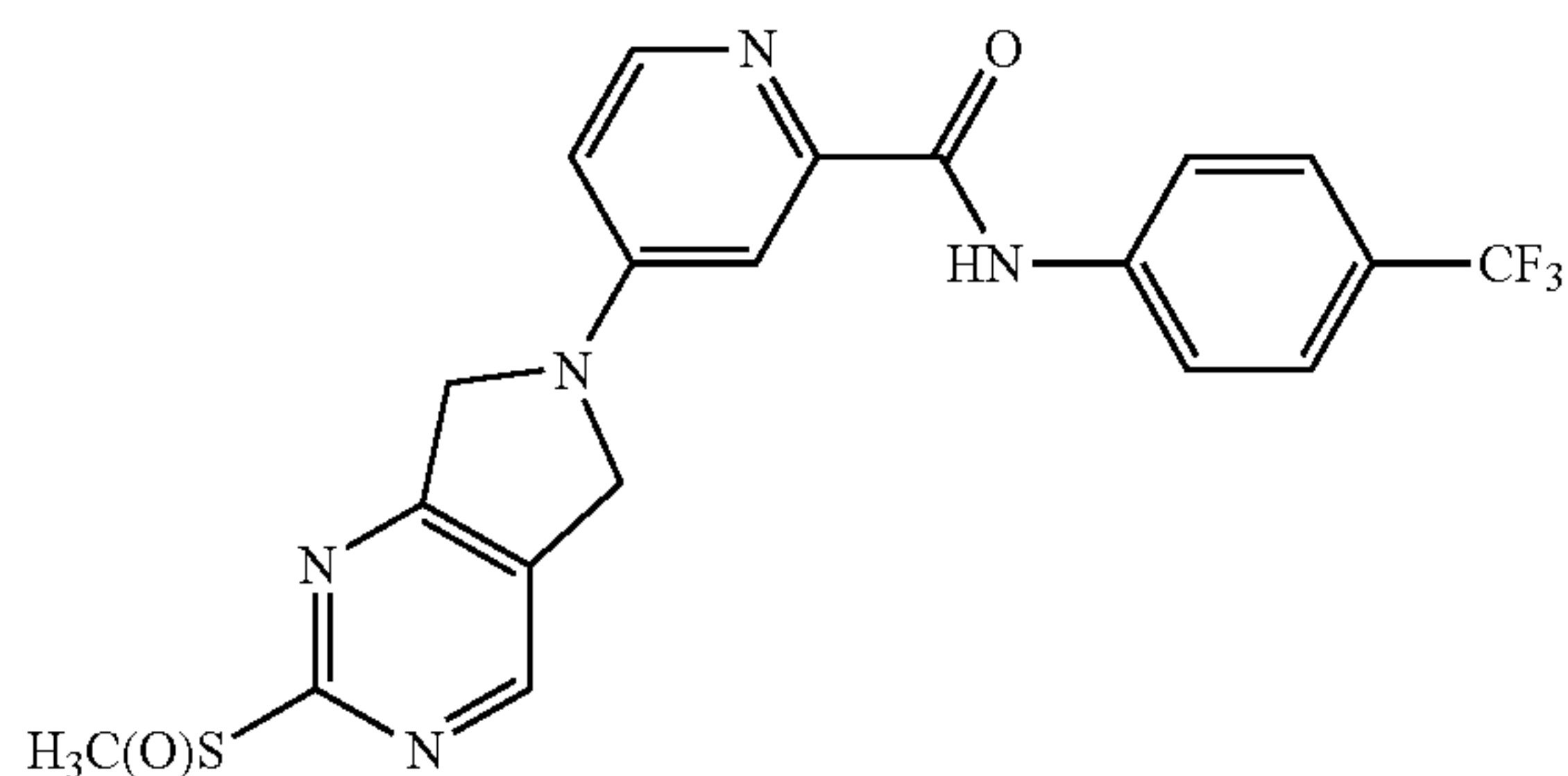
4-(2-(Methylsulfinyl)-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6(7H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)picolinamide

A slurry of 4-(2-Methylsulfanyl-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (3-trifluoroethyl-phenyl)-amide (120 mg, 0.28 mmol) and potassium

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peroxomonosulfate (Oxone®, 184 mg, 0.30 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (10 mL) and water (4 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. To the reaction was added saturated aqueous sodium bisulfite and saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate to adjust the pH to 7. The mixture was extracted with chloroform. The extract was washed with water, dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and evaporated. The resulting solid was dissolved in dichloromethane:methanol (19:1), filtered and applied to chromatography on silica gel (12 g) and eluted with dichloromethane:methanol (19:1) and gave the title compound (15 mg, 0.032 mmol) and 4-(2-(methylsulfonyl)-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6(7H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)picolinamide (18 mg, 0.040 mmol).

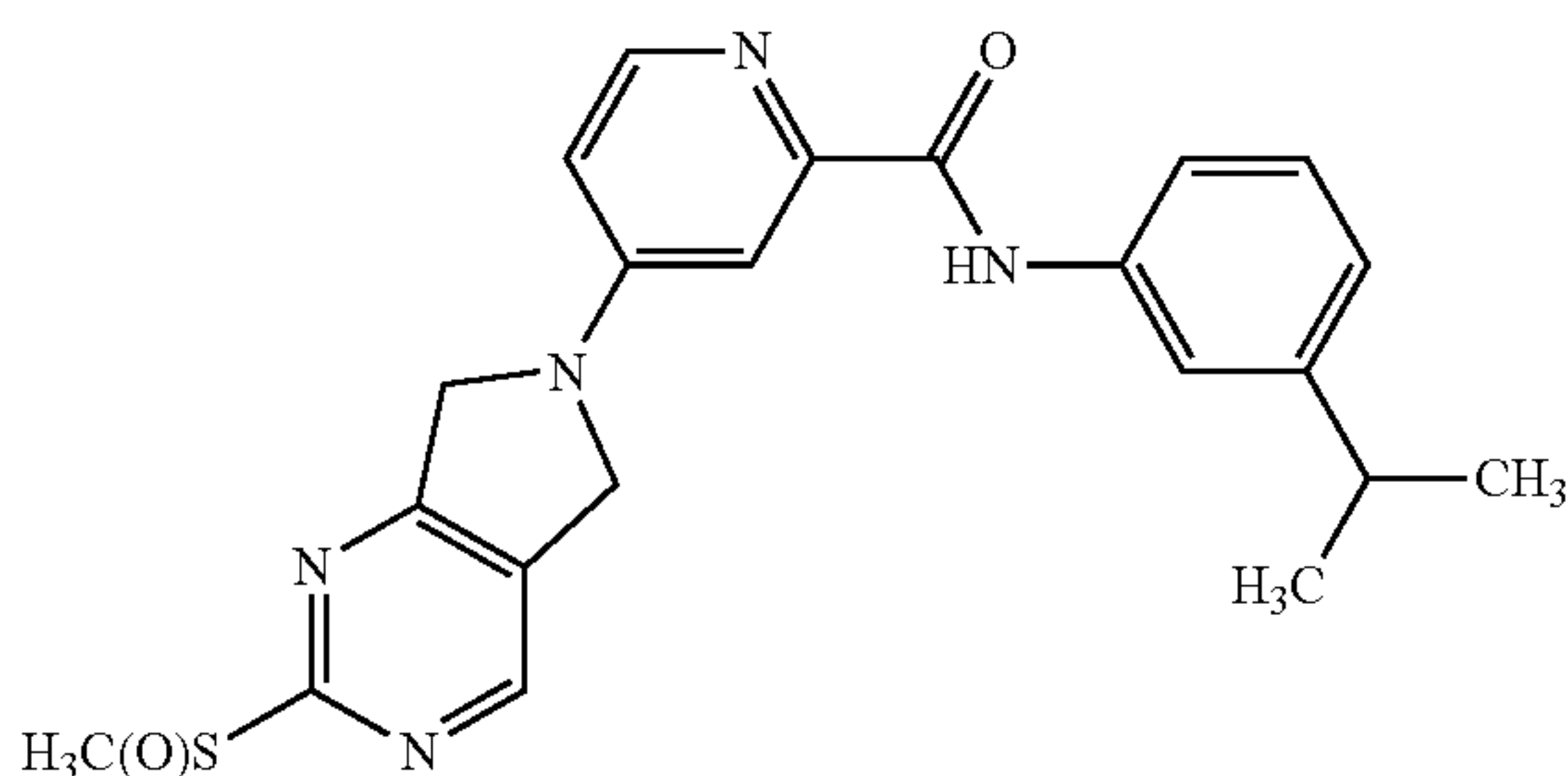
## EXAMPLE 131



4-(2-Methylsulfanyl-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-amide

In a manner similar to that describe in Example 130, 4-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6(7H)-yl)-N-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)picolinamide was converted to the title compound.

## EXAMPLE 132

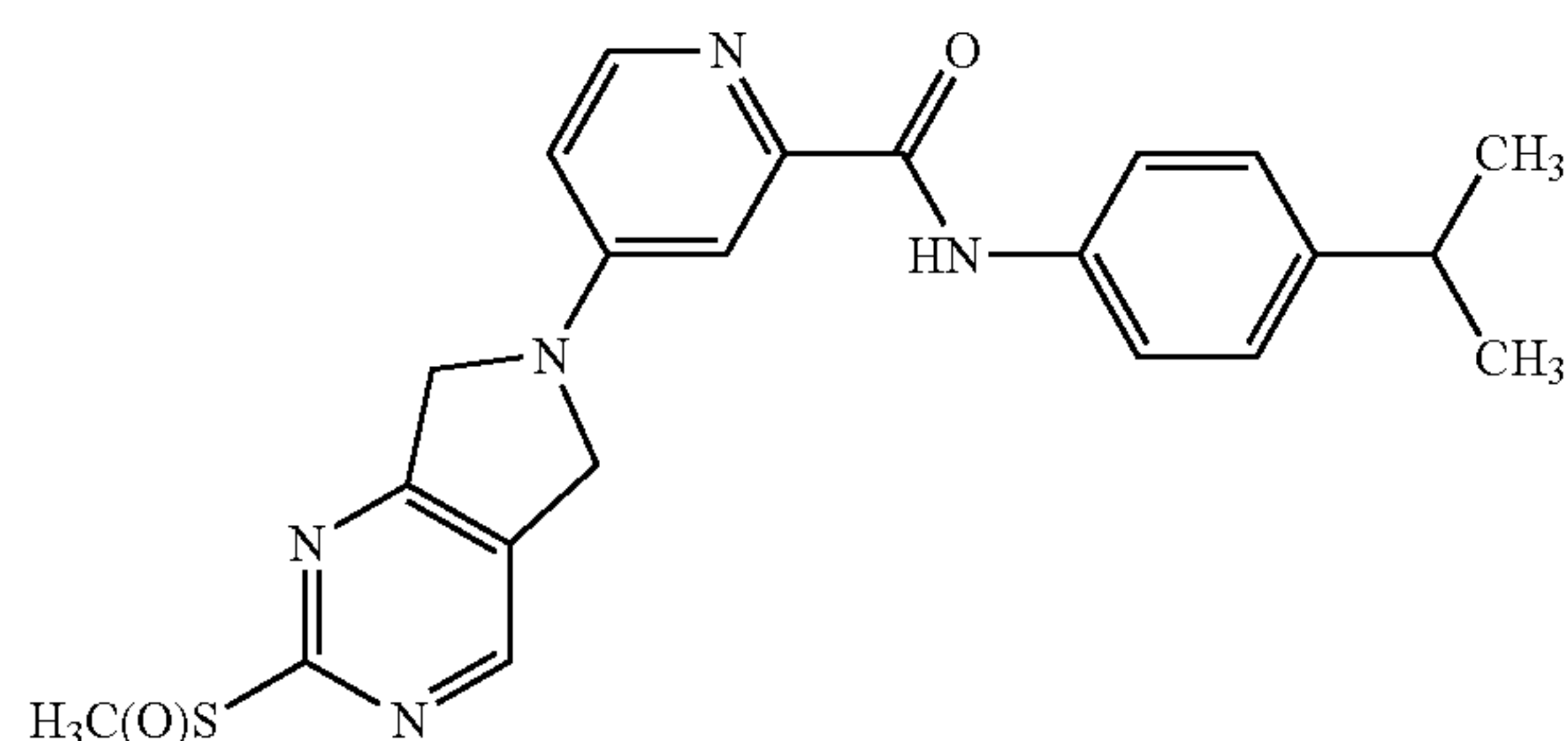


N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6(7H)-yl)picolinamide

In a manner similar to that describe in Example 130, 4-(2-Methylsulfanyl-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (3-isopropyl-phenyl)-amide was converted to the title compound.

## 165

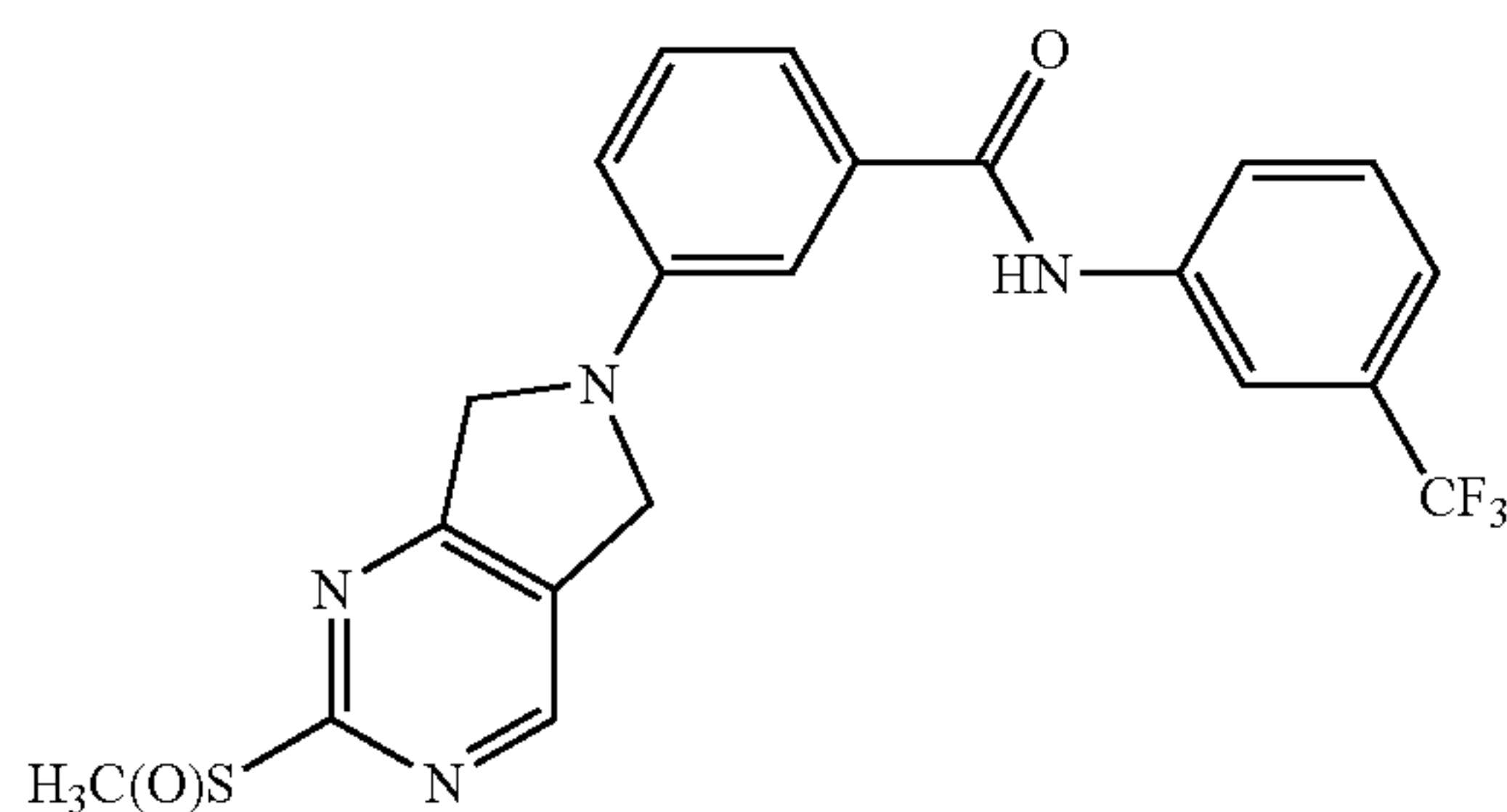
## EXAMPLE 133



N-(4-isopropylphenyl)-4-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6(7H)-yl)picolinamide

In a manner similar to that describe in Example 130, 4-(2-Methylsulfanyl-5,7-dihydro-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (4-isopropyl-phenyl)-amide was converted to the title compound.

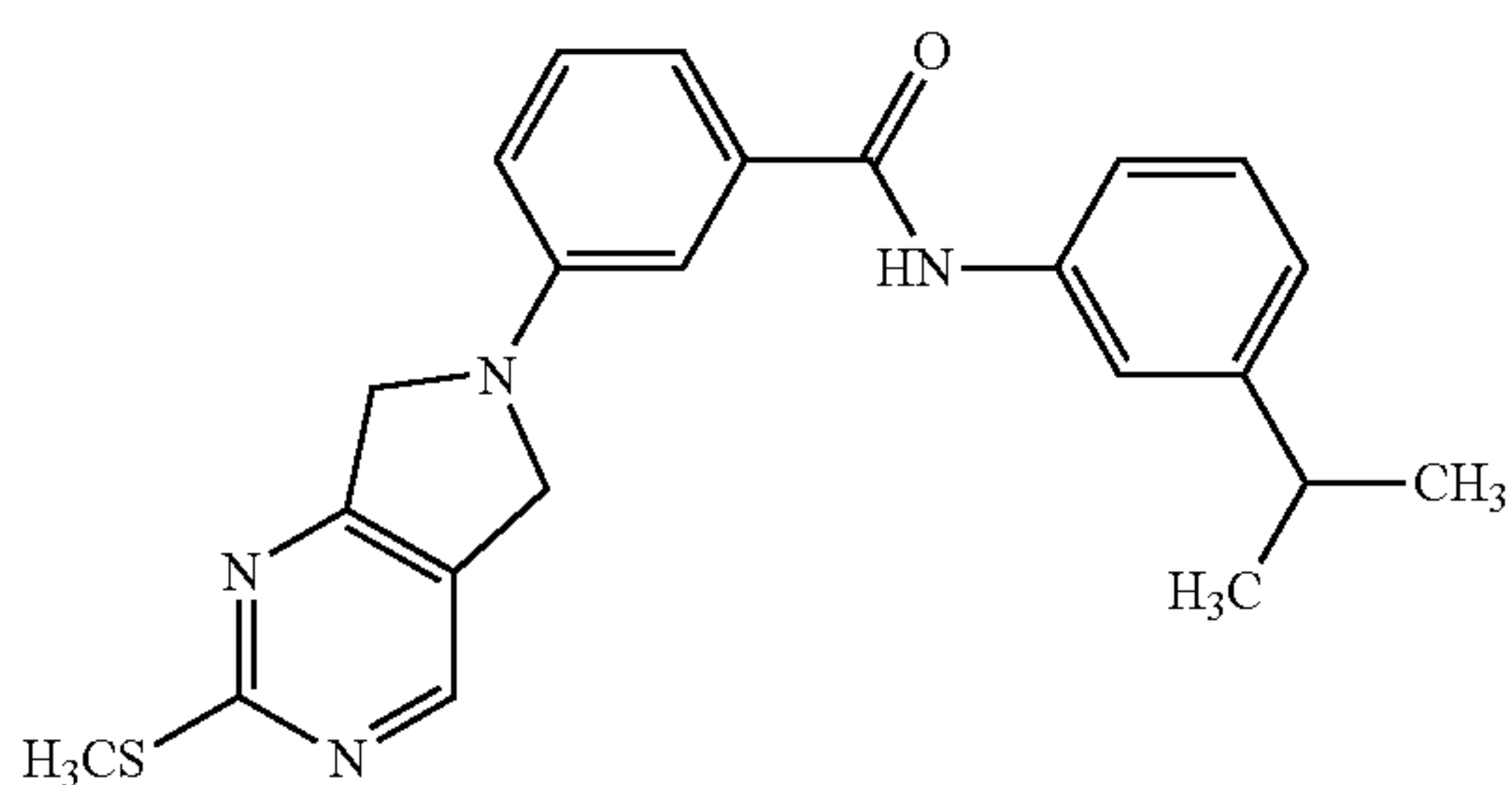
## EXAMPLE 134



3-[2-(methylthio)-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide

In a manner similar to that describe in Example 126, 2-(methylthio)-6,7-dihydro-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidine and 3-Bromo-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide were converted to the title compound.

## EXAMPLE 135

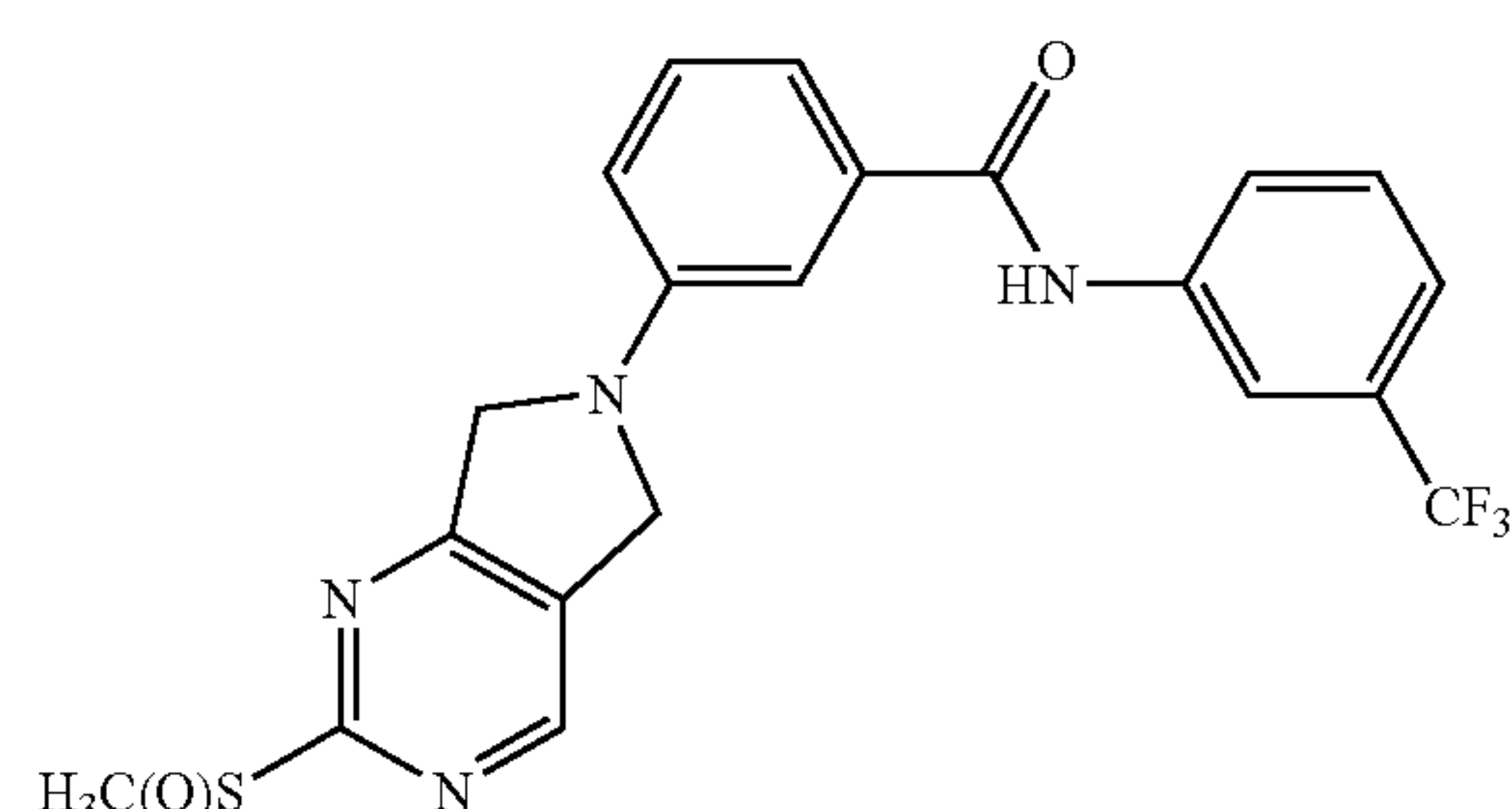


N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-3-[2-(methylthio)-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]benzamide

In a manner similar to that describe in Example 126, 2-(methylthio)-6,7-dihydro-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidine and 3-bromo-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)benzamide were converted to the title compound.

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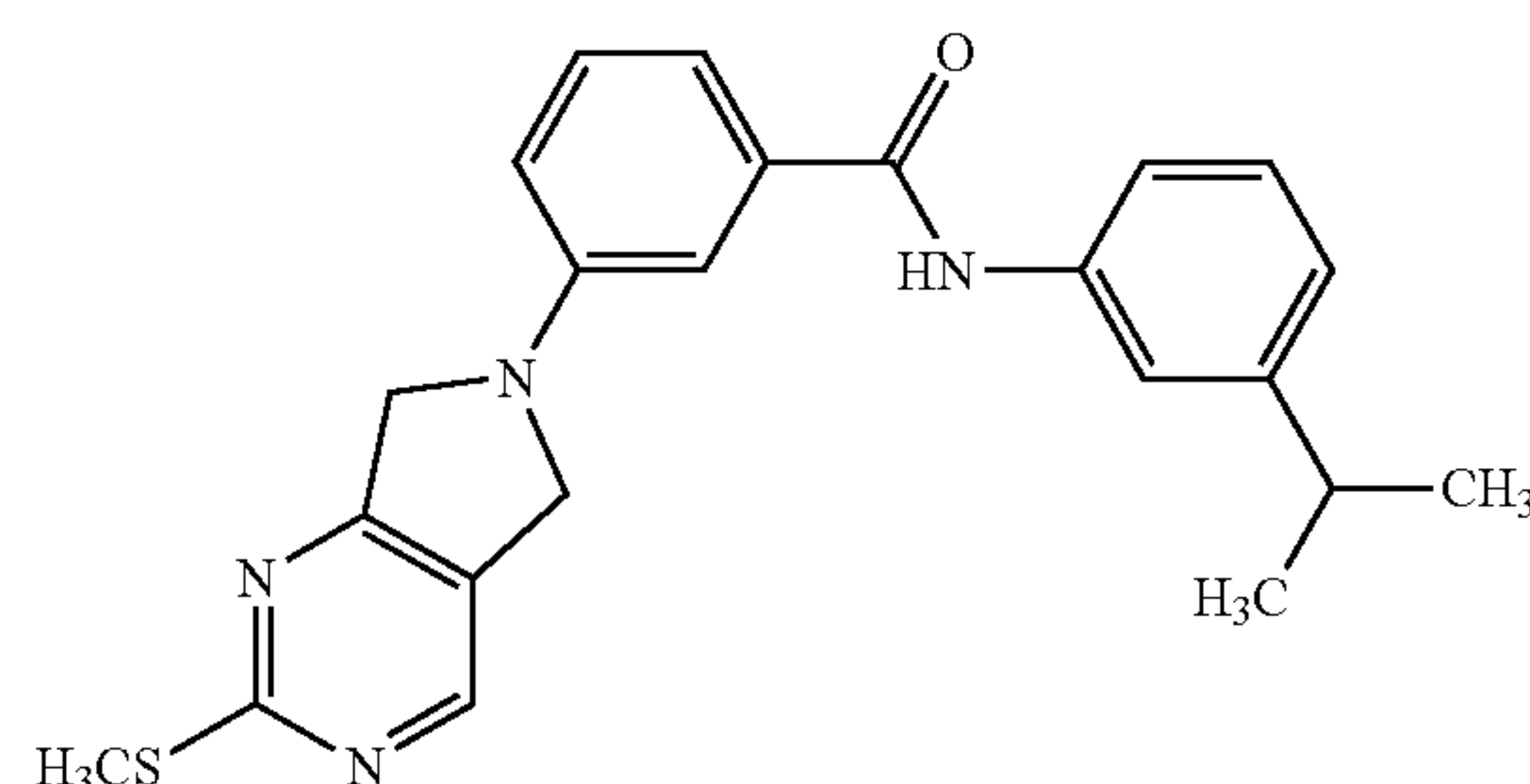
## EXAMPLE 136



3-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6(7H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)benzamide

In a manner similar to that describe in Example 130, 3-[2-(methylthio)-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide was converted to the title compound.

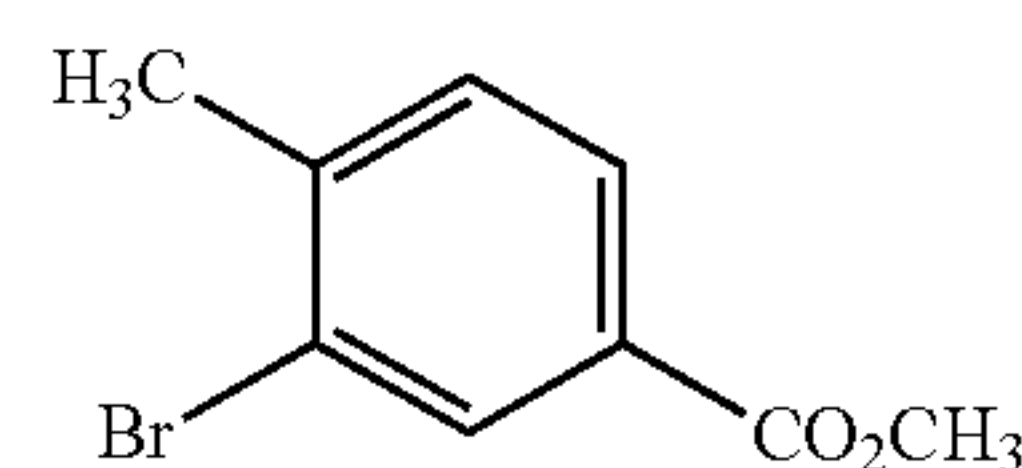
## EXAMPLE 137



N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-3-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6(7H)-yl)benzamide

In a manner similar to that describe in Example 130, N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-3-[2-(methylthio)-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]benzamide was converted to the title compound.

## PREPARATION 38



Methyl-3-bromo-4-methylbenzoate

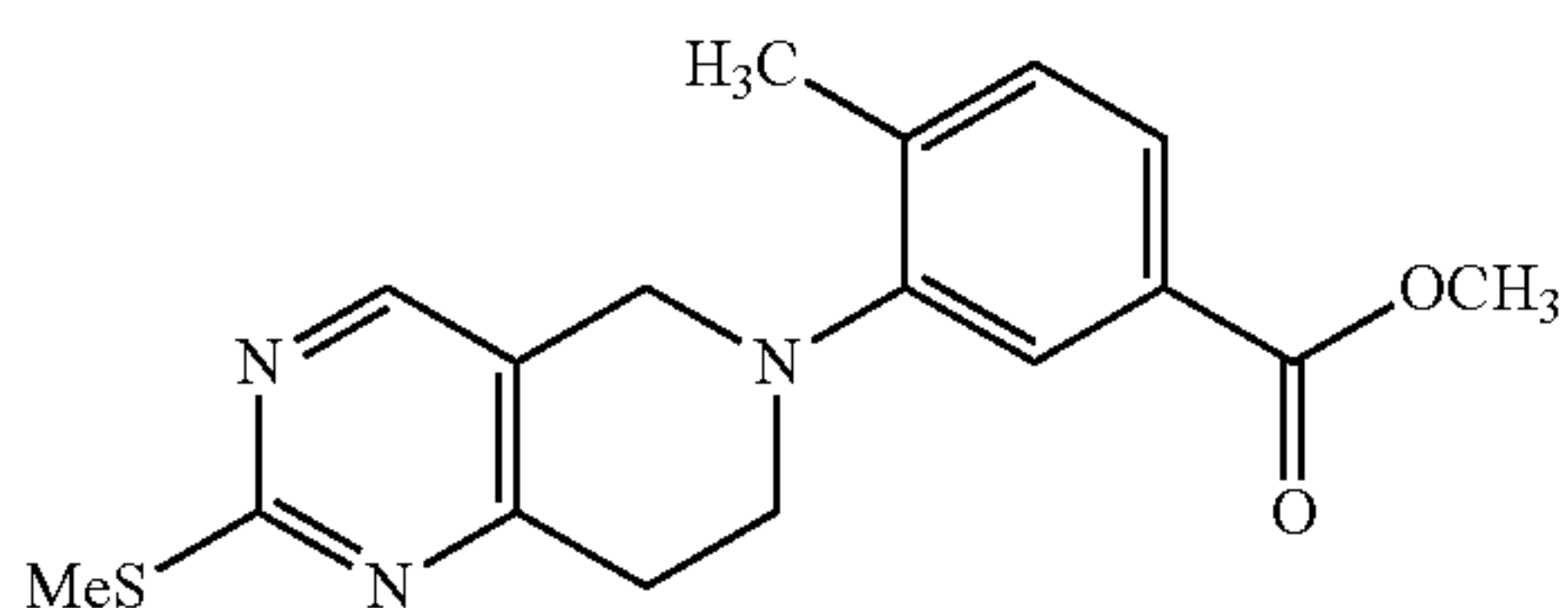
A suspension of 3-bromo-4-methylbenzoic acid (2.0 g, 9.30 mmol) in methanol (20 ml) was treated with sulfuric acid (0.04 ml) and the reaction mixture was stirred at 60° C. for 42 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated and the residue was taken up in ethyl acetate. The organic solution was



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washed with sat'd NaHCO<sub>3</sub>(aq.), dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated to give the title compound as an orange oil which was suitable for use without further purification (2.25 g, quant.).

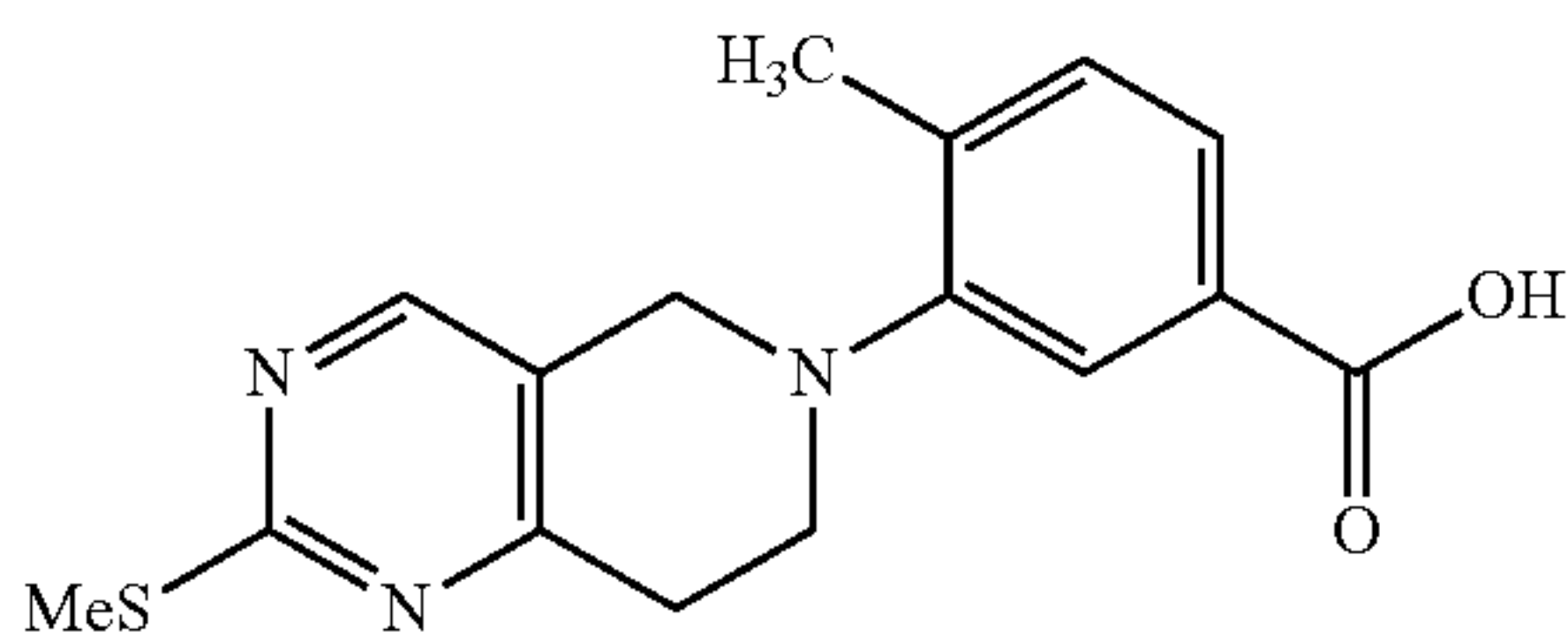
## PREPARATION 39



Methyl-4-methyl-3-[2-(methylsulfanyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]benzoate

A mixture of 2-(methylsulfanyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidine (100 mg, 0.552 mmol), methyl-3-bromo-4-methylbenzoate (126 mg, 0.552 mmol), palladium(II)acetate (12.4 mg, 0.0552 mmol), rac-BINAP (34.4 mg, 0.0552 mmol), and cesiumcarbonate (252 mg, 0.773 mmol) in toluene (10 ml) was heated at 100° C. for 18 hours. Upon cooling, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and the insolubles were filtered off (celite). The filtrate was concentrated and the residue was eluted through a flash column (silica gel 60, 230-400 mesh, 4:1 hexanes:EtOAc to 7:3 hexanes:EtOAc) to obtain the title compound as a light yellow, viscous oil which crystallized on standing (143 mg, 79%).

## PREPARATION 40

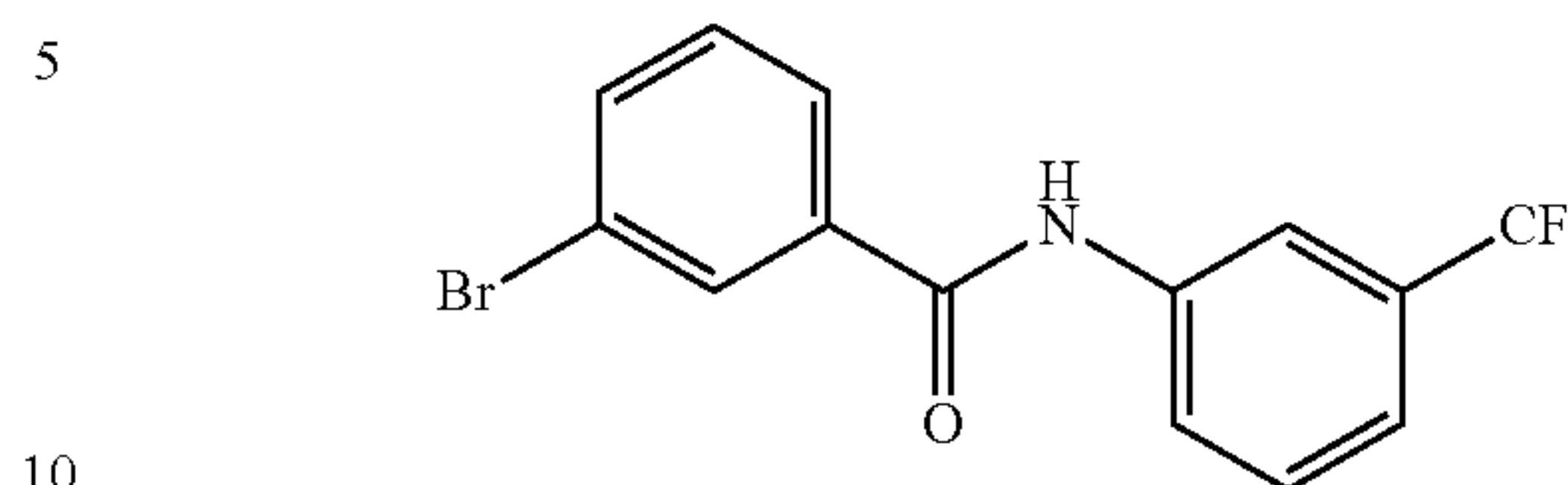


4-Methyl-3-[2-(methylsulfanyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]benzoic acid

A solution of methyl-4-methyl-3-[2-(methylsulfanyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]benzoate (82 mg, 0.249 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (5 ml) was treated with 1.0N NaOH(aq.) (0.748 ml, 0.748 mmol) and the reaction mixture was heated at 100° C. for 15 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was taken up in water. The aqueous mixture was washed with EtOAc and acidified to pH ~2-3 with 1.0N HCl(aq.). The white, amorphous precipitate which formed was collected, washed with water, and dried to give the title compound (67 mg, 87%).

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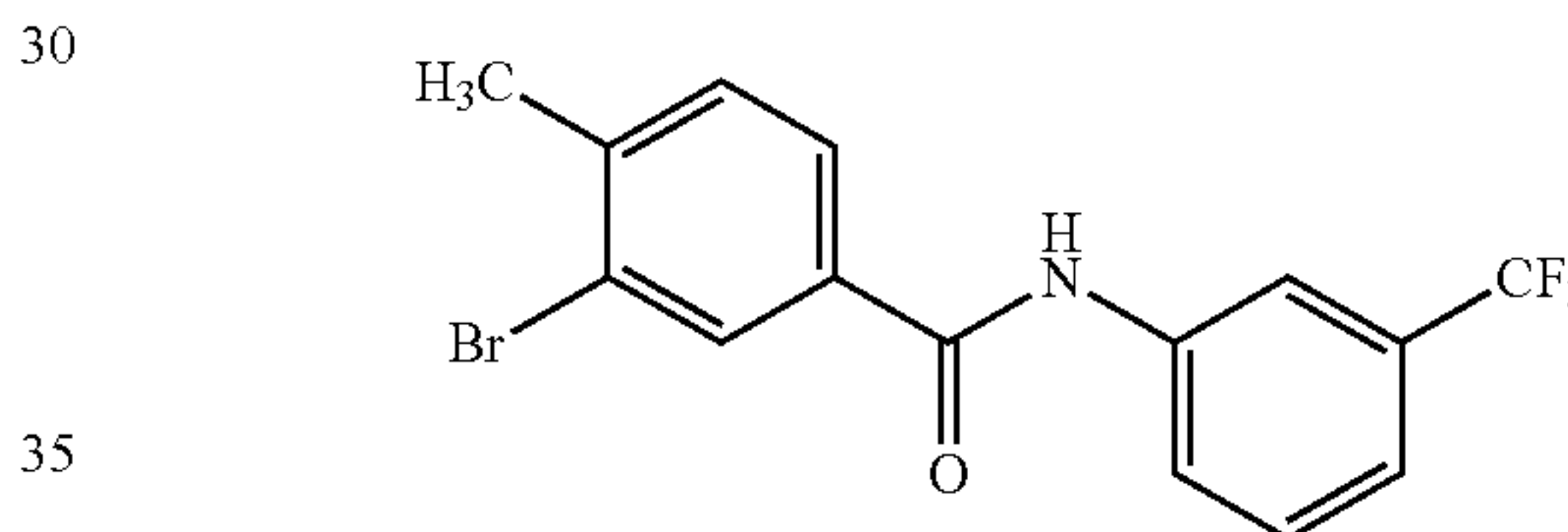
## PREPARATION 41



3-Bromo-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide

A mixture of 3-bromobenzoic acid (500 mg, 2.49 mmol), 3-(trifluoromethyl)aniline (0.31 ml, 2.49 mmol) and DIEA (2.06 ml, 12.45 mmol) in DMF (6 ml) was treated with HATU (1.04 g, 2.74 mmol) and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 22 hours. The reaction mixture was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water and the organic phase was washed with sat'd NaCl(aq.), dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated. Elution through a flash column (silica gel 60, 230-400 mesh, 4:1 hexanes:EtOAc) gave a yellow oil which solidified on standing (622 mg, 73%).

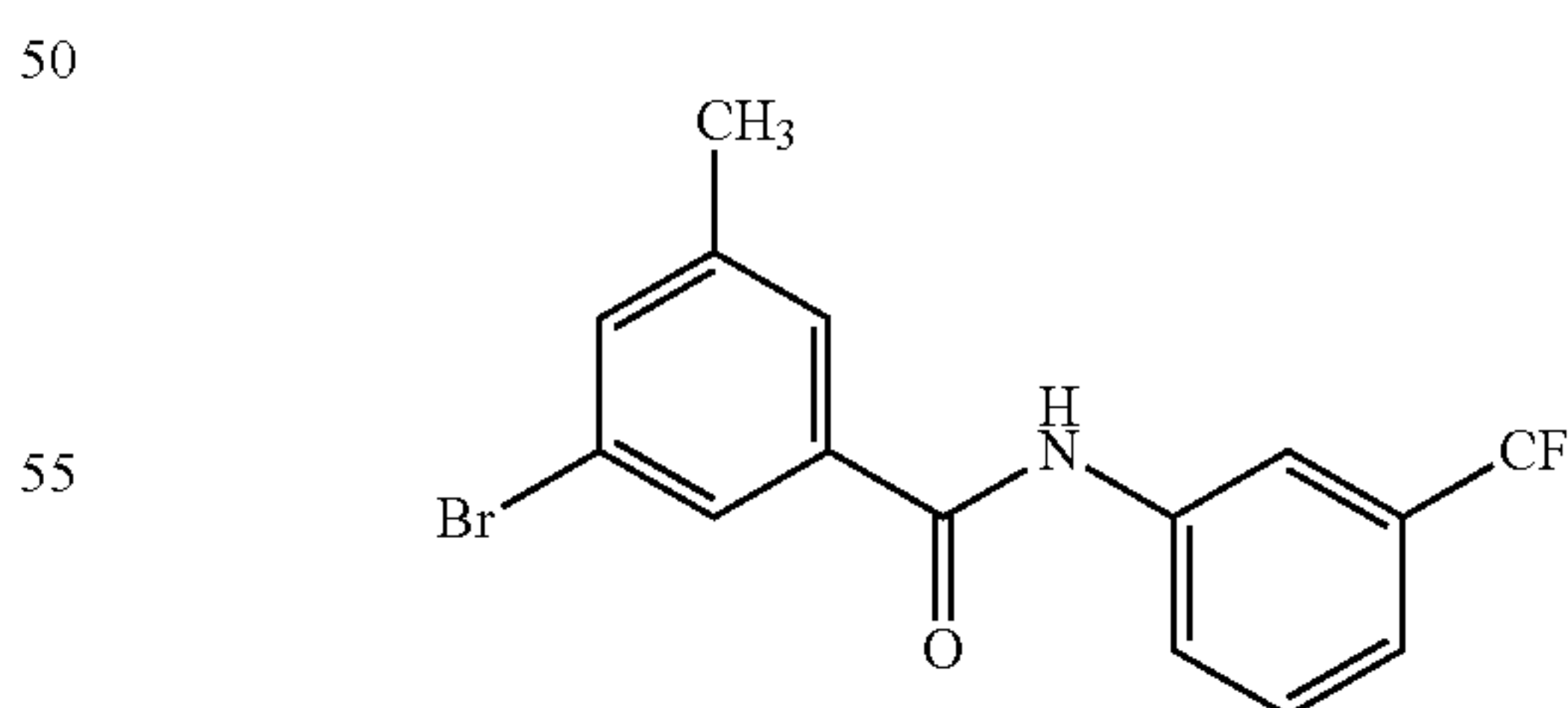
## PREPARATION 42



3-Bromo-4-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide

In a manner similar to that described in Preparation 41, 3-bromo-4-methylbenzoic acid (400 mg) and 3-(trifluoromethyl)aniline were converted to the title compound (410 mg, 62%).

## PREPARATION 43



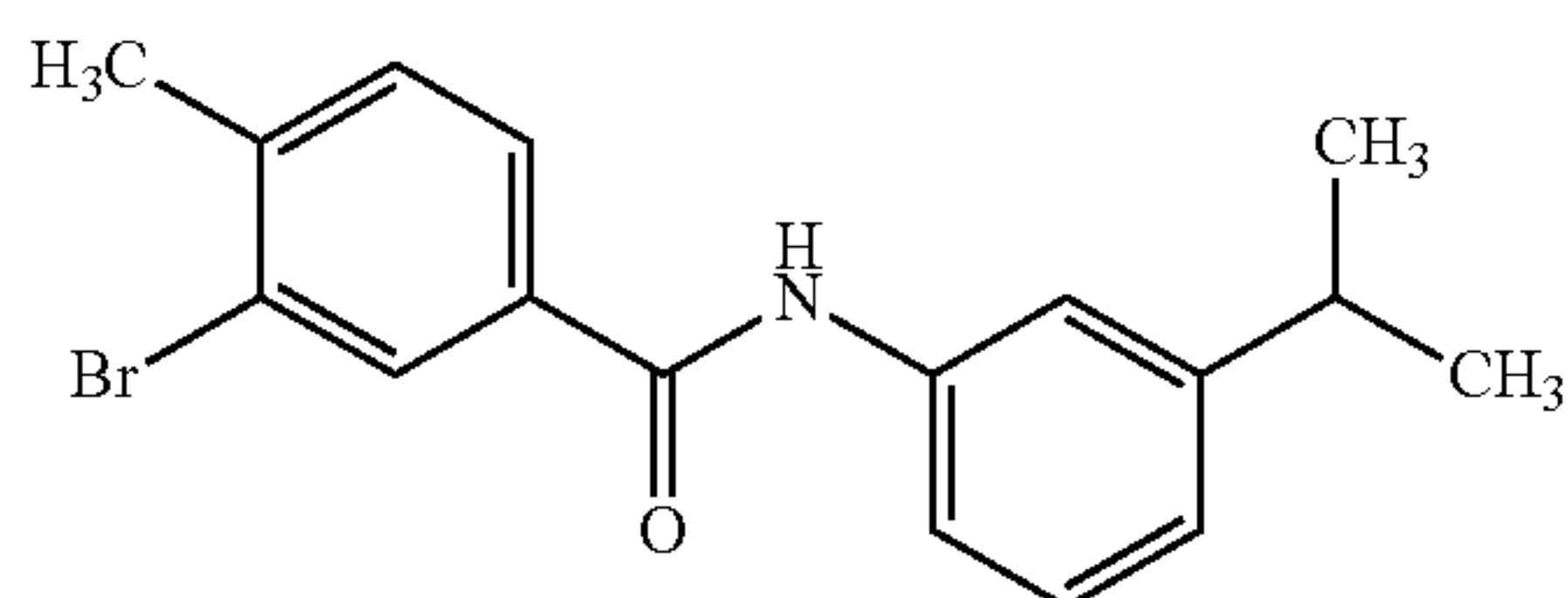
3-Bromo-5-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide

In a manner similar to that described in Preparation 41, 3-bromo-5-methylbenzoic acid (400 mg) and 3-(trifluoromethyl)aniline were converted to the title compound (388 mg, 58%).



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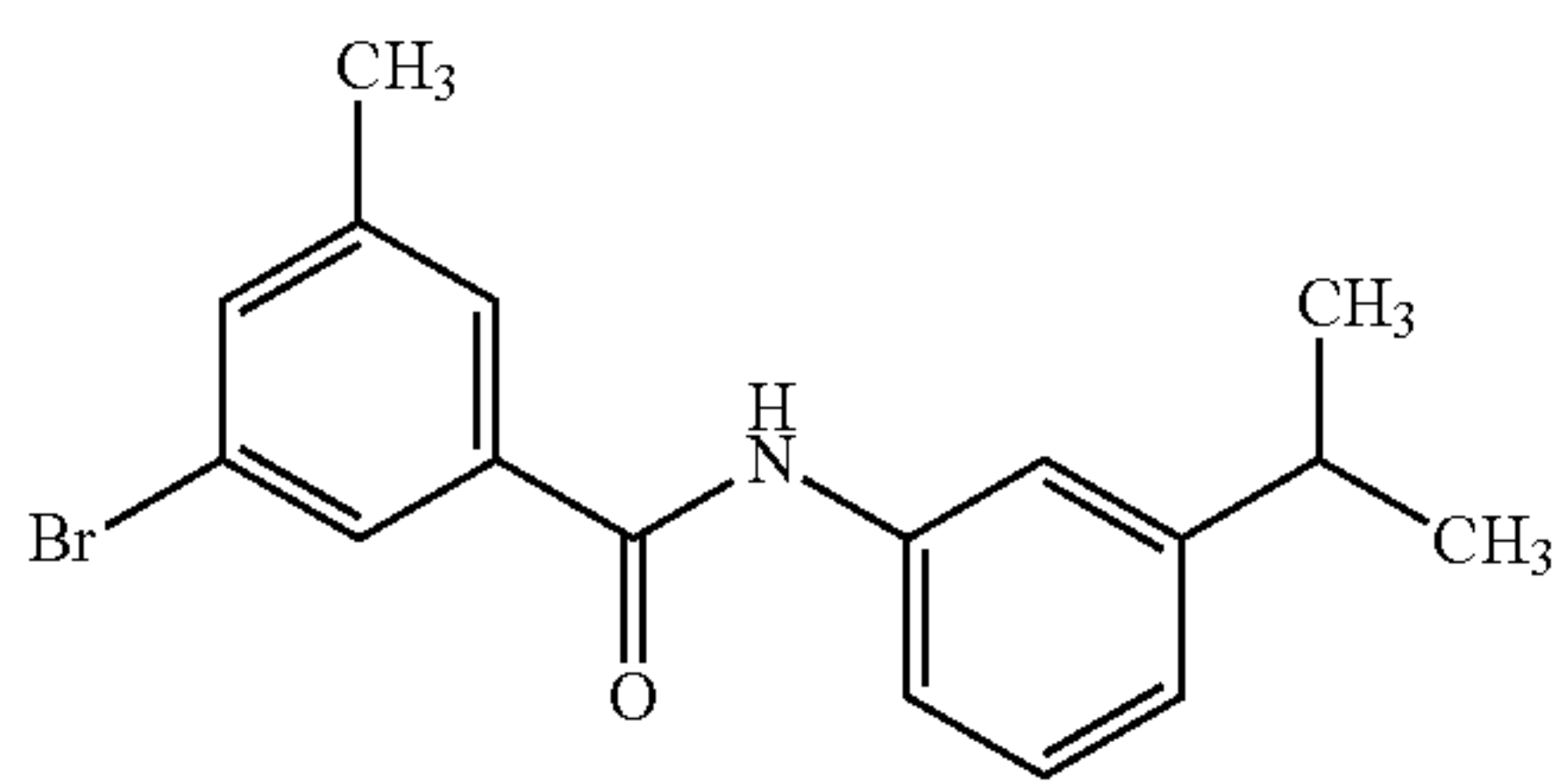
## PREPARATION 44



3-bromo-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methylbenzamide

In a manner similar to that described in Preparation 41, 3-bromo-5-methylbenzoic acid (400 mg) and 3-isopropylaniline were converted to the title compound (618 mg, 100%).

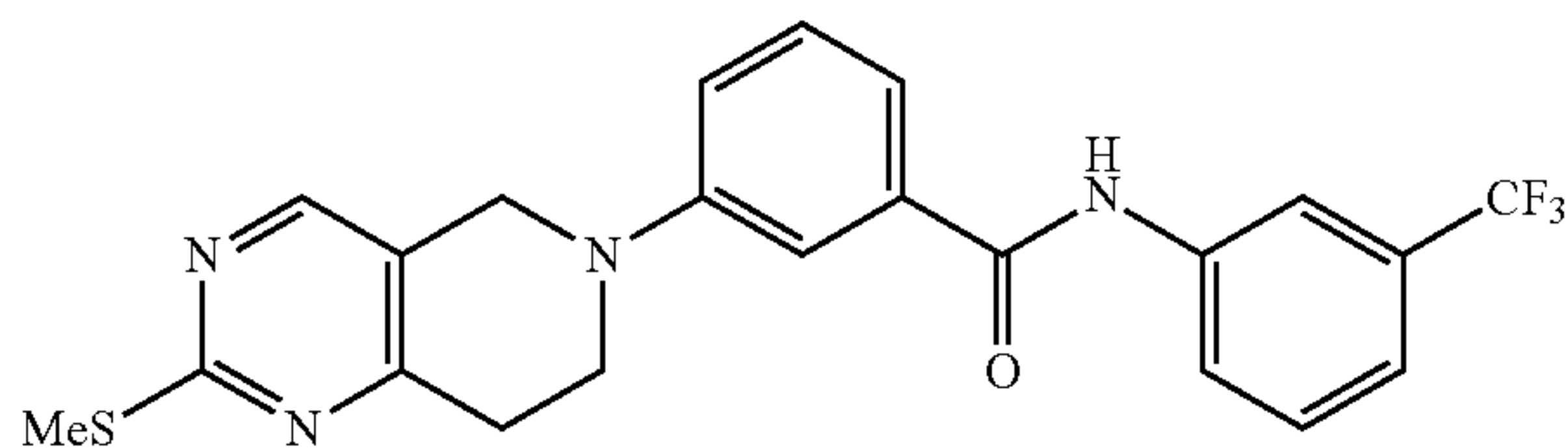
## PREPARATION 45



3-bromo-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-5-methylbenzamide

In a manner similar to that described in Preparation 41, 3-bromo-5-methylbenzoic acid (400 mg) and 3-isopropylaniline were converted to the title compound (615 mg, 99%).

## EXAMPLE 138



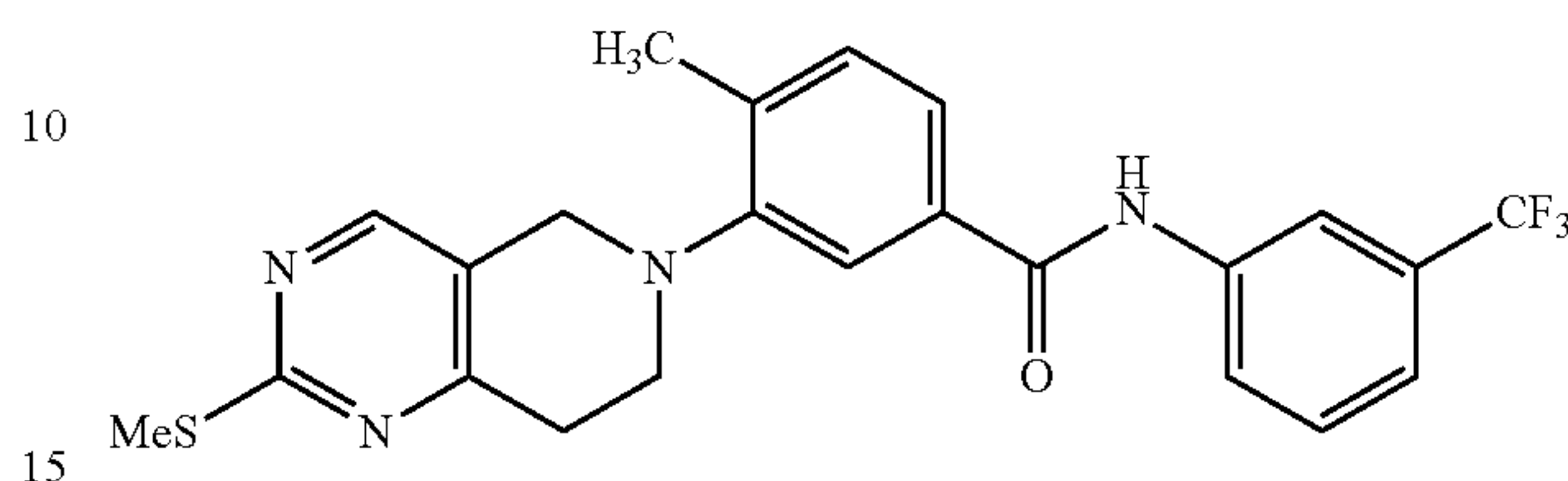
3-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide

A mixture of 3-bromo-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide (379 mg, 1.10 mmol), 2-(methylsulfanyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidine (200 mg, 1.10 mmol), RuPhos (15.4 mg, 0.033 mmol), Cl—RuPhos-Pd precatalyst (24 mg, 0.033 mmol), and sodium-*t*-butoxide (148 mg, 1.54 mmol) in anhydrous THF (30 ml) was heated at 80° C. under nitrogen for 21 hours. Upon cooling, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc and the insolubles were filtered off (celite). The filtrate was concentrated and the residue was

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eluted through a flash column (silica gel 60, 230-400 mesh, 1:1 hexanes:EtOAc) to obtain a yellow, crystalline solid (389 mg, 80%).

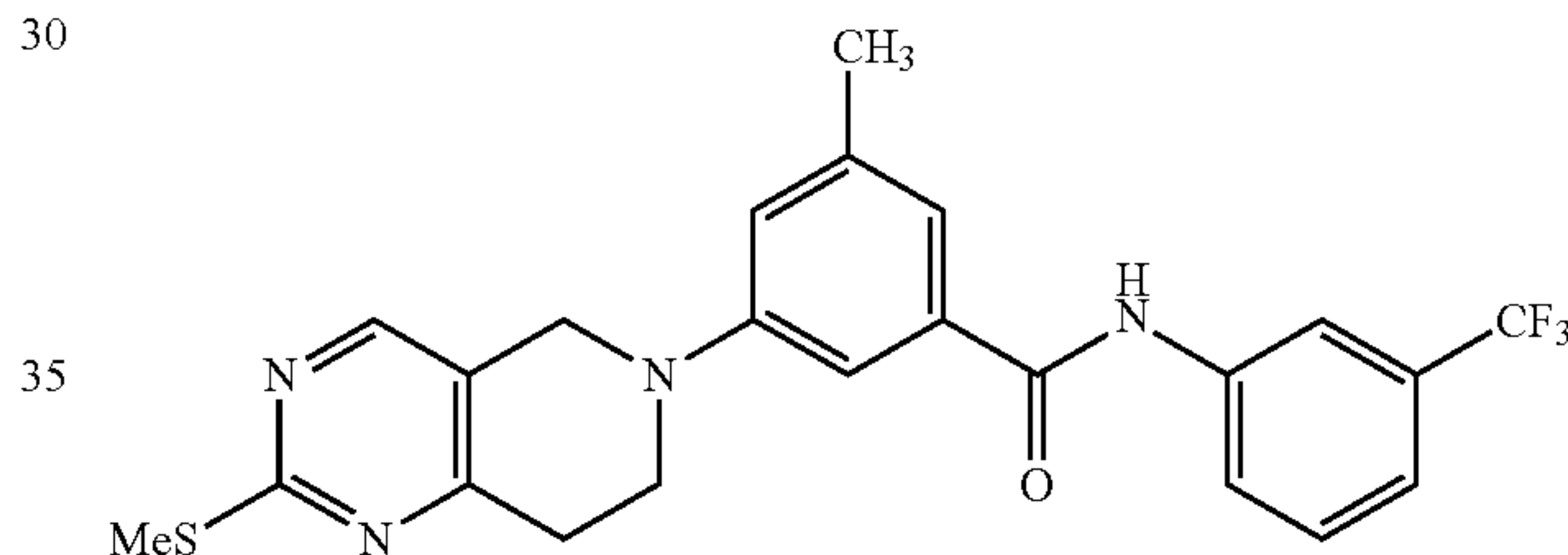
## EXAMPLE 139



4-methyl-3-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 138, 2-(methylsulfanyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidine and 3-bromo-4-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide were converted to the title compound.

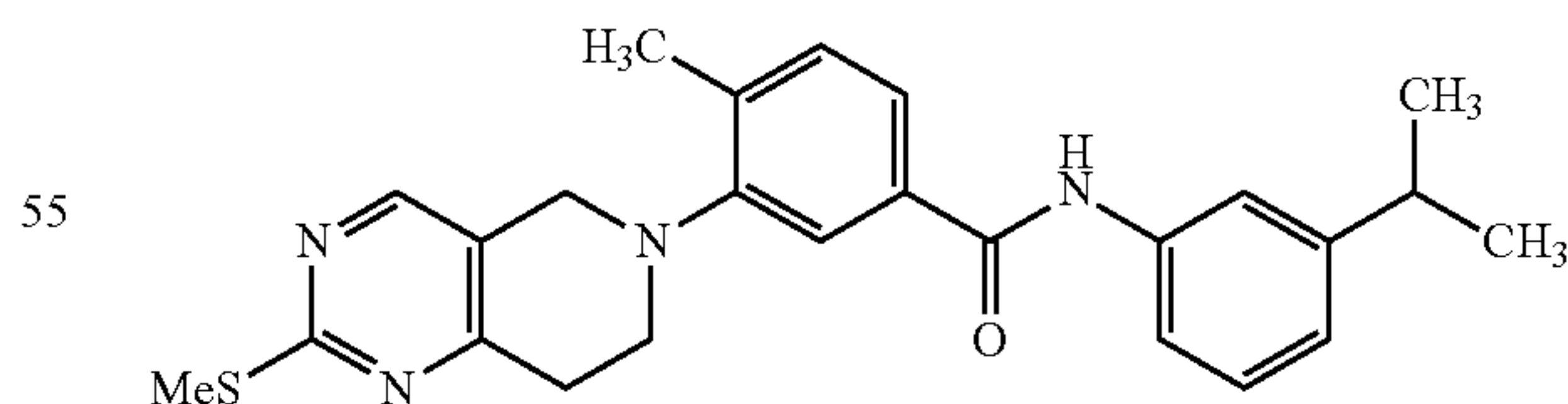
## EXAMPLE 140



3-methyl-5-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 138, 2-(methylsulfanyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidine and 3-bromo-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methylbenzamide were converted to the title compound.

## EXAMPLE 141



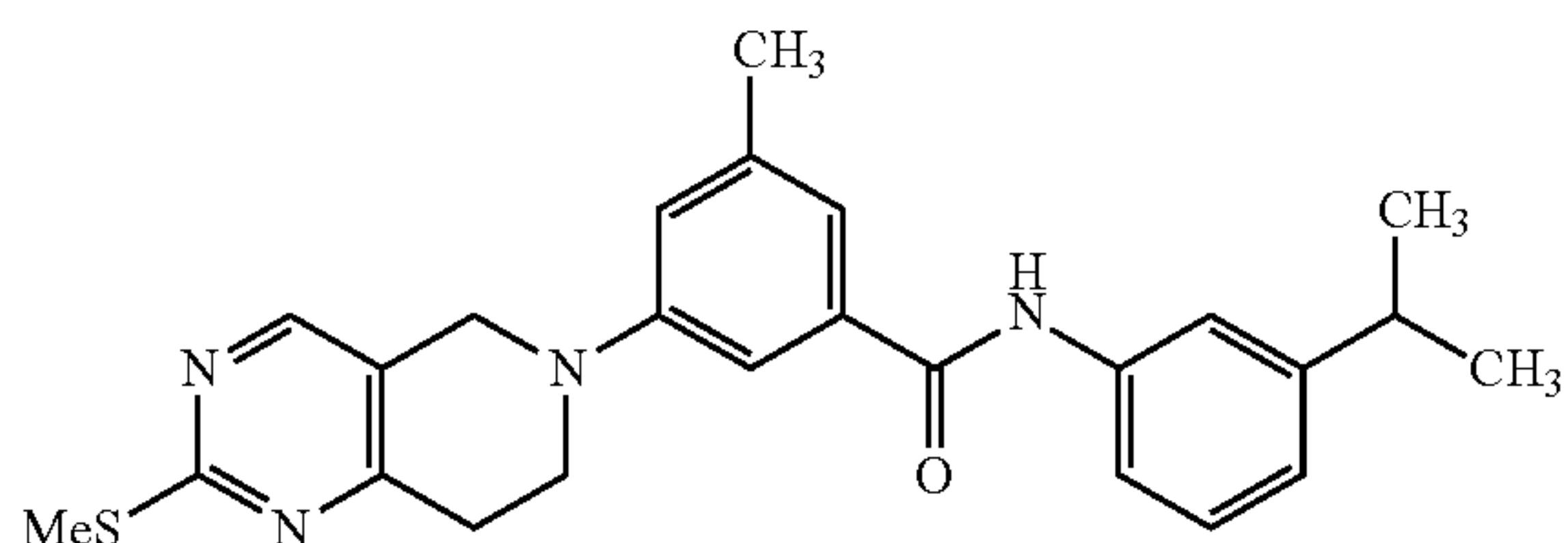
N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methyl-3-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]benzamide

A mixture of 4-methyl-3-[2-(methylsulfanyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]benzoic acid (67 mg, 0.212 mmol), 3-isopropylaniline (0.03 ml, 0.212 mmol) and N,N'-diisopropylethylamine (0.18 ml, 1.06 mmol) in DMF

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(1.0 ml) was treated with HATU (89 mg, 0.233 mmol). After stirring at room temperature for 1.5 hours, the reaction mixture was partitioned between water and ethyl acetate. The organic phase was washed with sat'd NaCl(aq.), dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated. Trituration of the residue with cold MeOH yielded the title compound as a white, crystalline solid (50 mg, 55%).

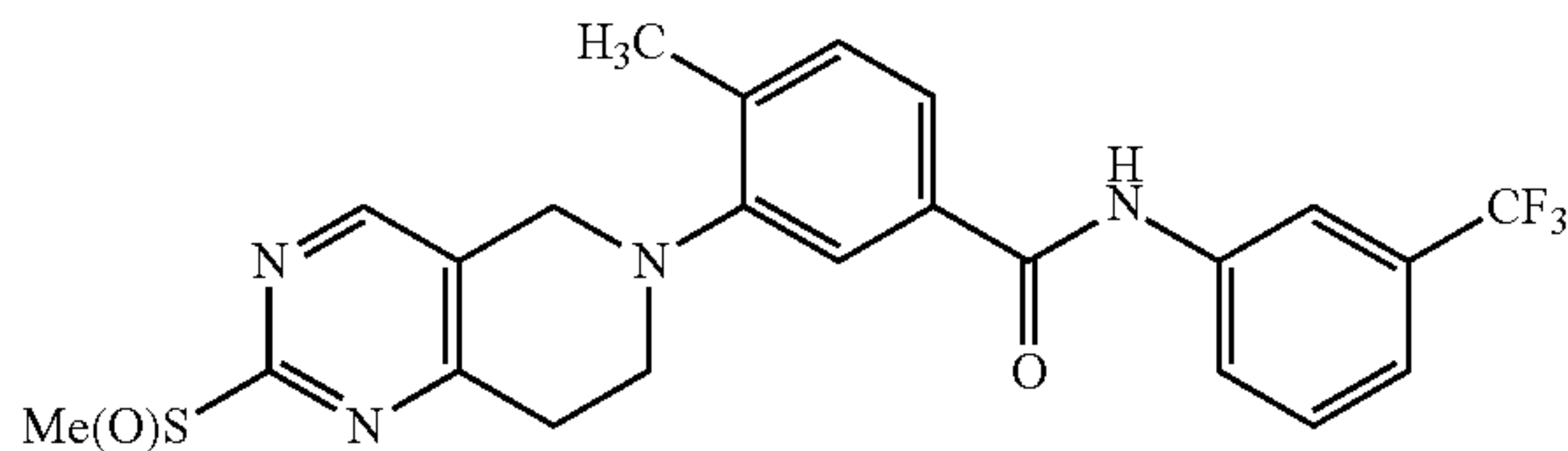
## EXAMPLE 142



N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-3-methyl-5-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]benzamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 138, 2-(methylsulfanyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidine and 3-bromo-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-5-methylbenzamide were converted to the title compound.

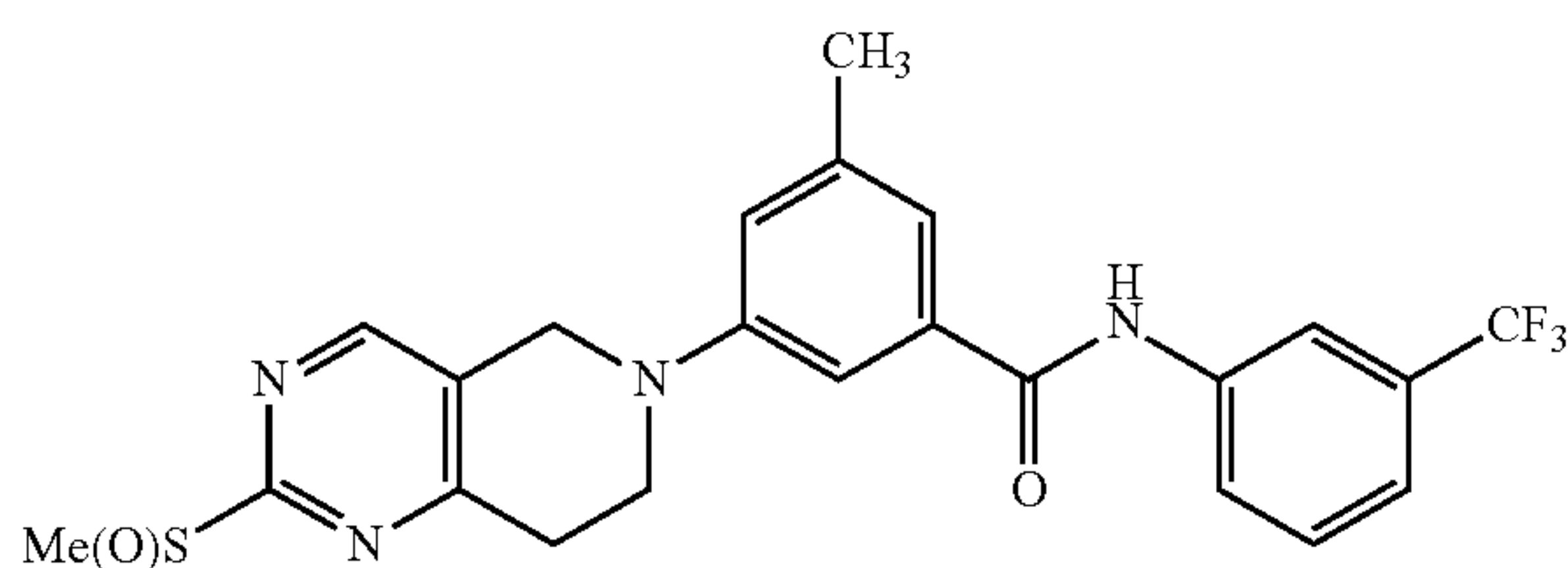
## EXAMPLE 143



4-methyl-3-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)benzamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 109, 4-methyl-3-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide was converted to the title compound.

## EXAMPLE 144



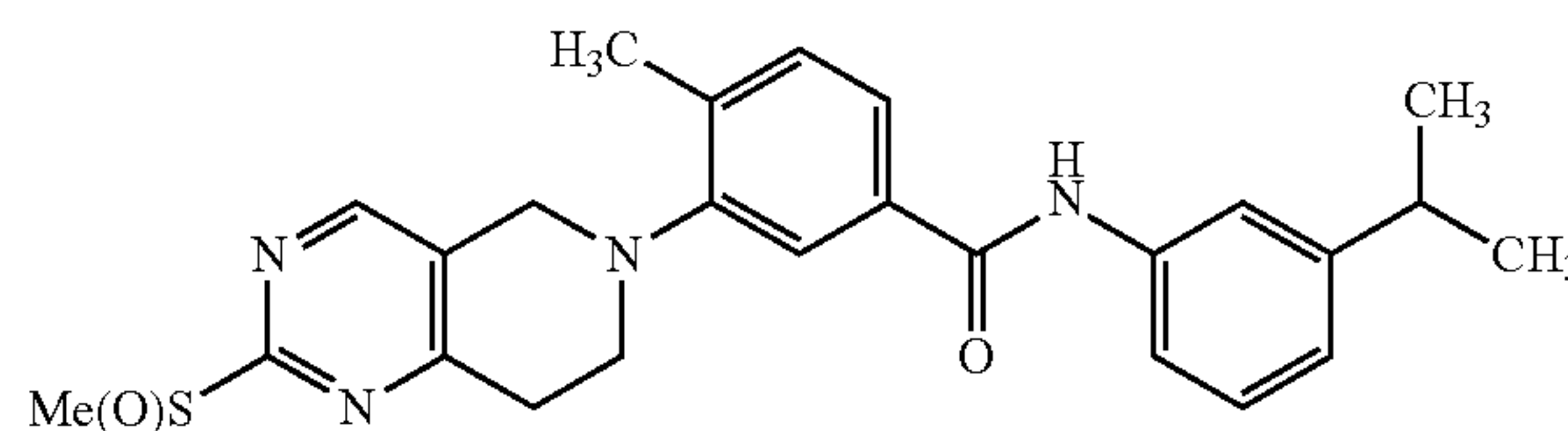
3-methyl-5-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)benzamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 109, 3-methyl-5-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyri-

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midin-6(5H)-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide was converted to the title compound.

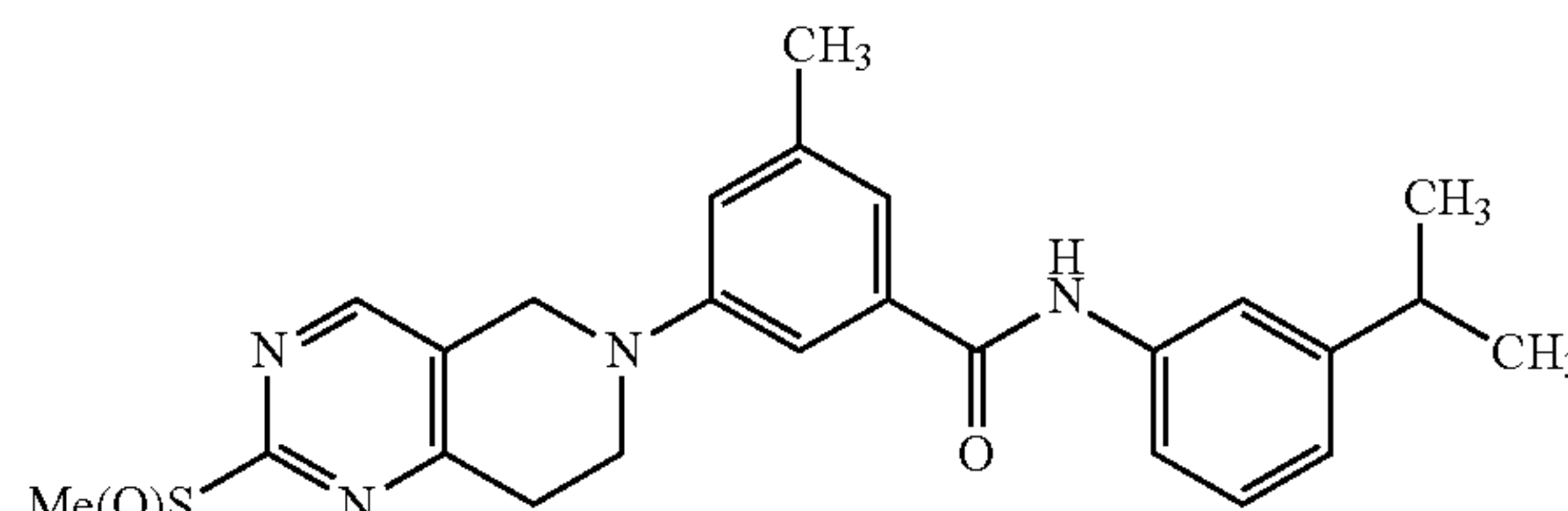
## EXAMPLE 145



N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methyl-3-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 109, N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methyl-3-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]benzamide was converted to the title compound.

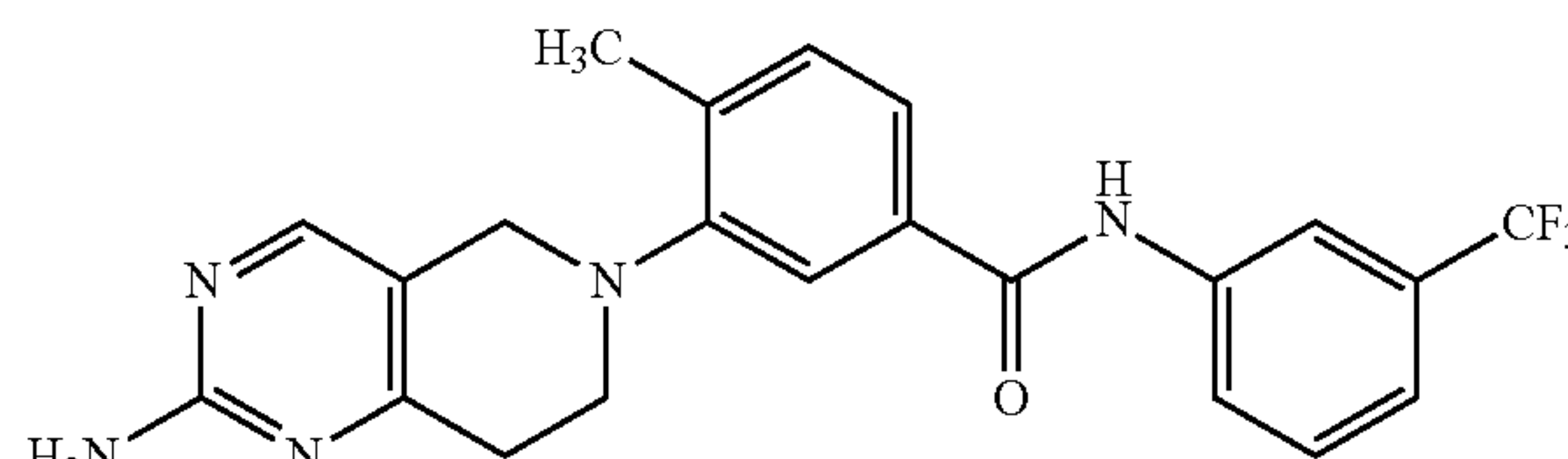
## EXAMPLE 146



N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-3-methyl-5-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 109, N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-3-methyl-5-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]benzamide was converted to the title compound.

## EXAMPLE 147



3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-4-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide

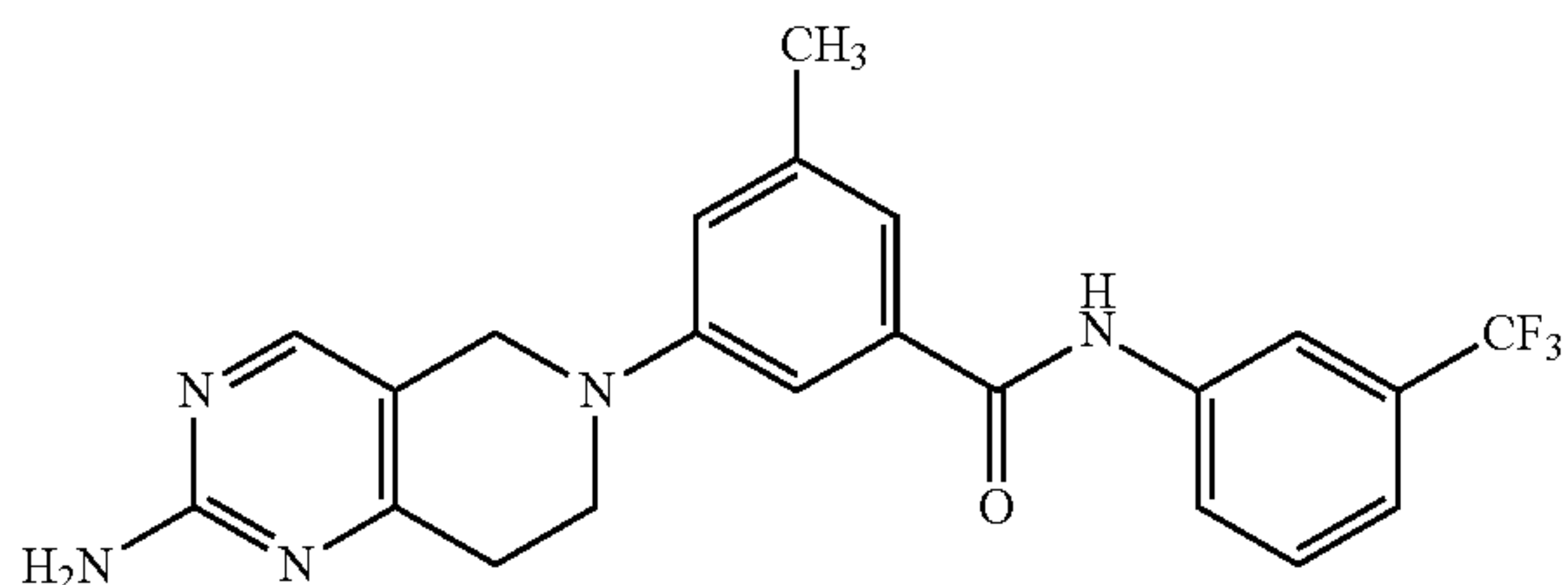
In a manner similar to that described for Example 82, 4-methyl-3-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]



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pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)benzamide was converted to the title compound.

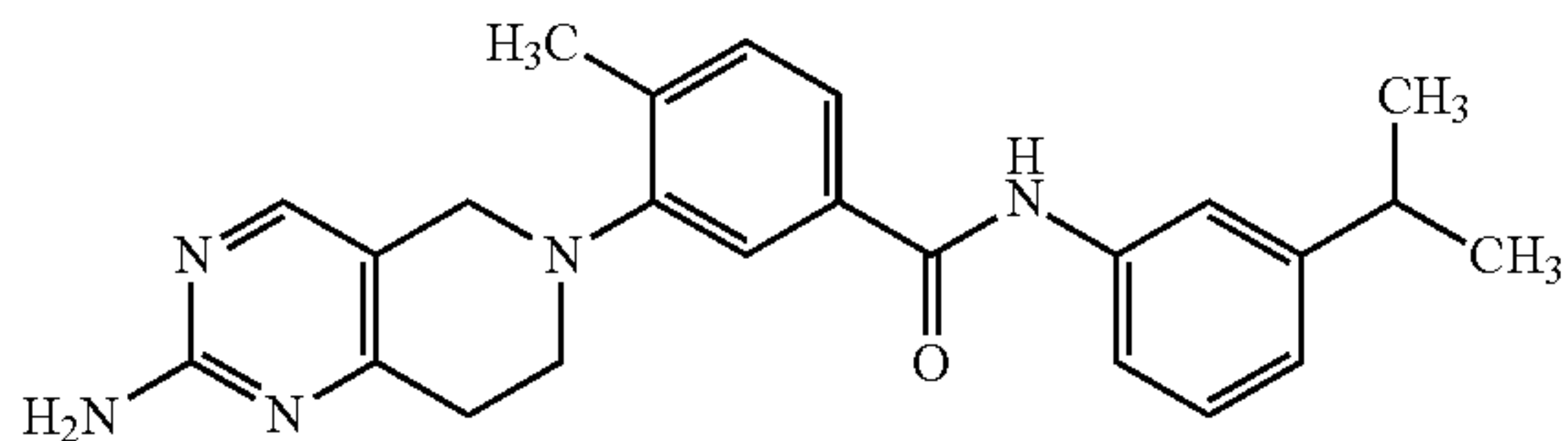
## EXAMPLE 148



3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-5-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 82, 3-methyl-5-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)benzamide was converted to the title compound.

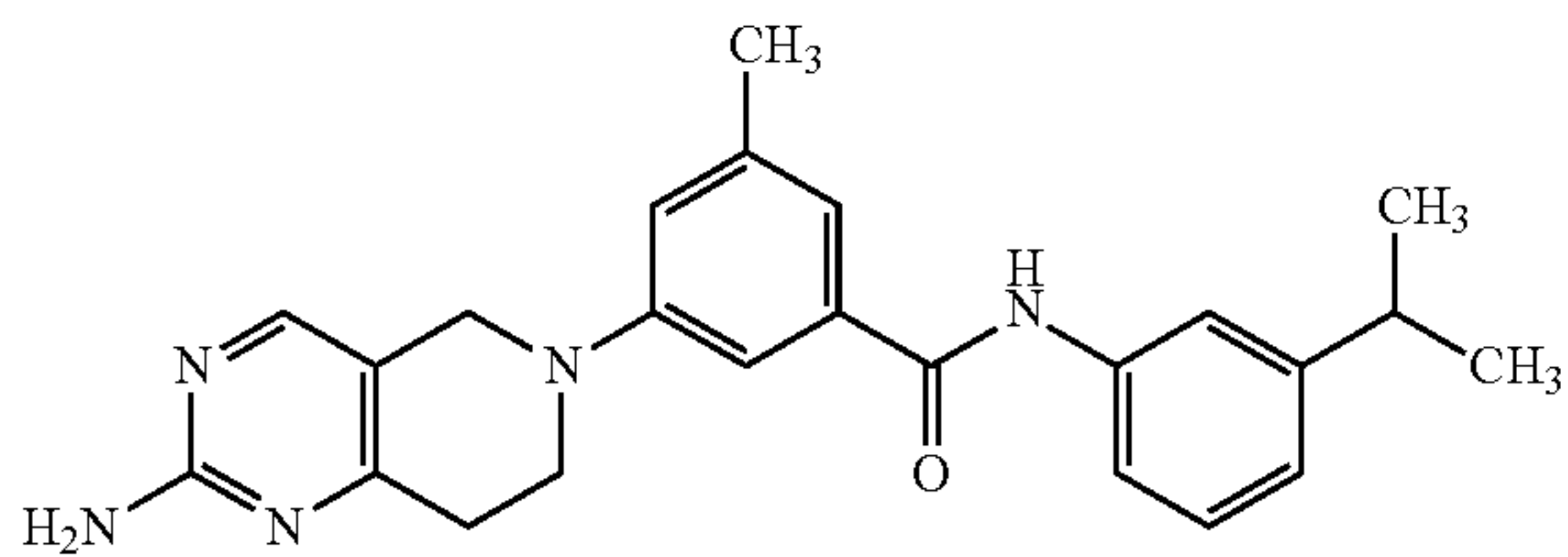
## EXAMPLE 149



3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methylbenzamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 82, N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methyl-3-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzamide was converted to the title compound.

## EXAMPLE 150



3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-5-methylbenzamide

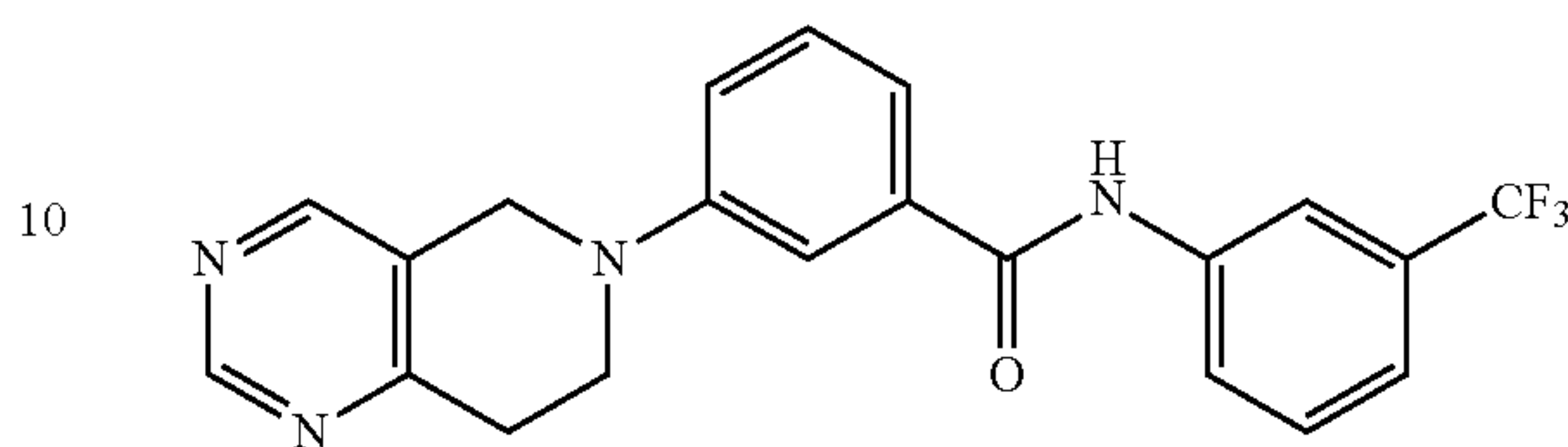
In a manner similar to that described for Example 82, N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-3-methyl-5-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-

## 174

dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzamide was converted to the title compound.

## EXAMPLE 151

5

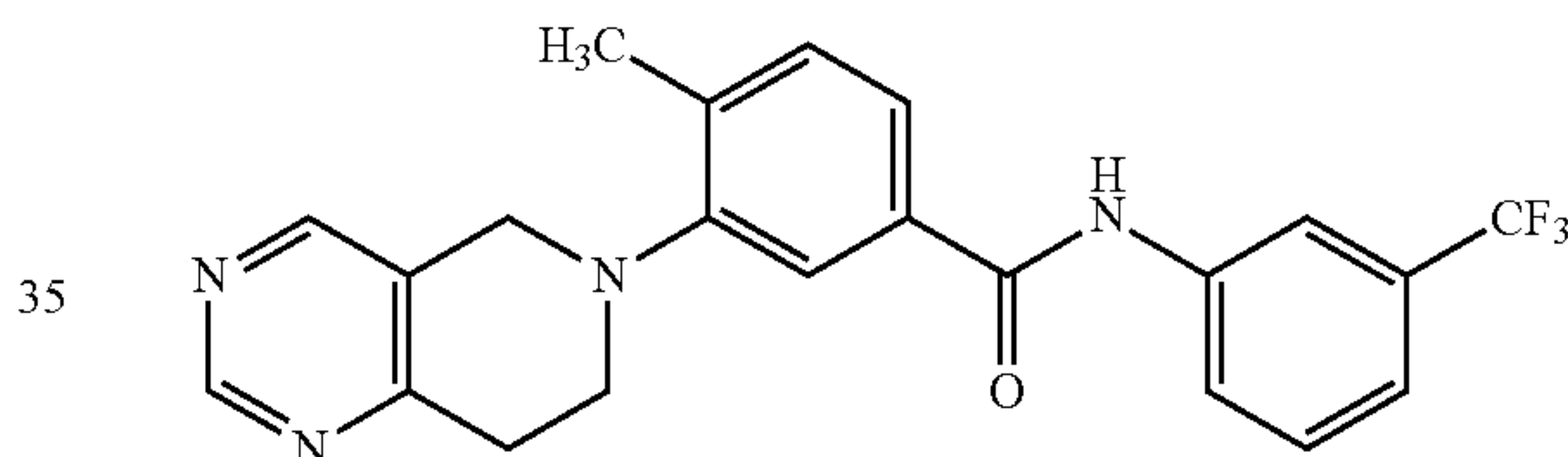


3-(7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide

A suspension of 3-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide 3 (150 mg, 0.337 mmol) in ethanol (15 ml) was treated with Raney Nickel (~150 mg, slurry in water) and the reaction mixture was stirred under 1 atm. H<sub>2</sub> at 60° C. for 18 hours. The catalyst was filtered off (celite) and the filtrate was concentrated. Elution through a flash column (silica gel 60, 230-400 mesh, EtOAc) gave the title compound as a yellow oil which solidified to a glass (84 mg, 63%).

## EXAMPLE 152

30

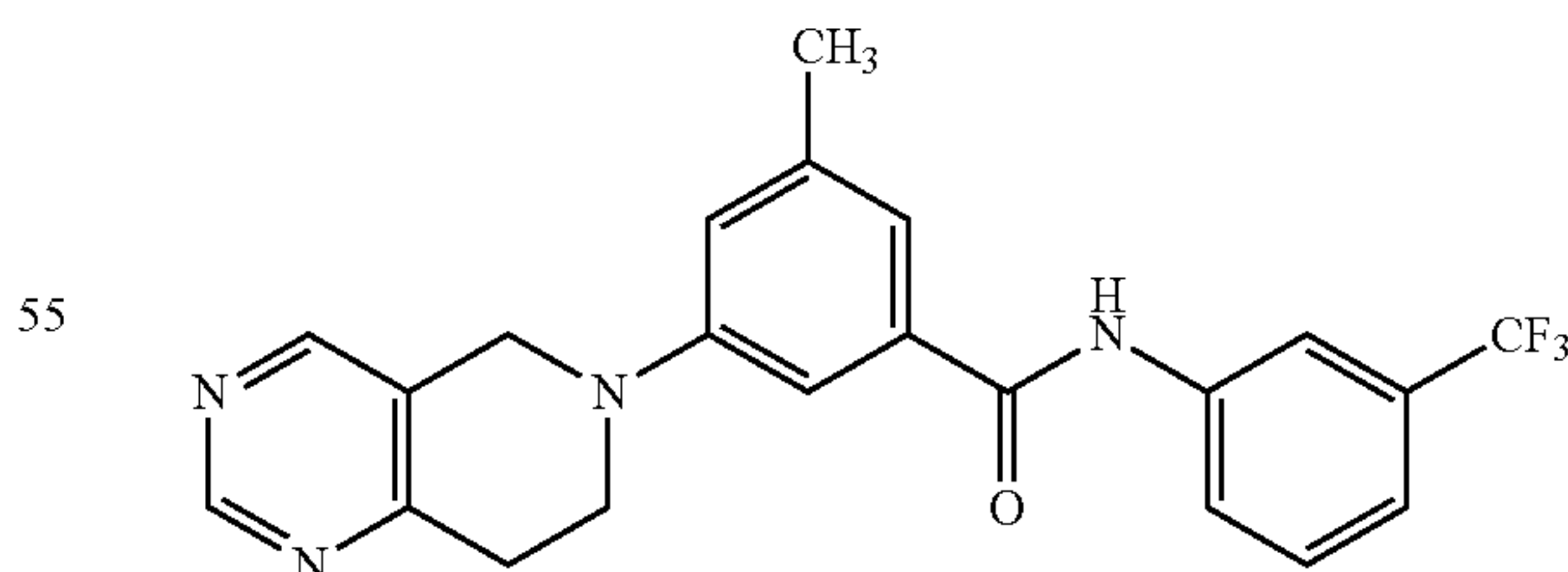


3-(7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-4-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide

In a manner similar to Example 151, 4-methyl-3-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide was converted to the title compound

## EXAMPLE 153

50

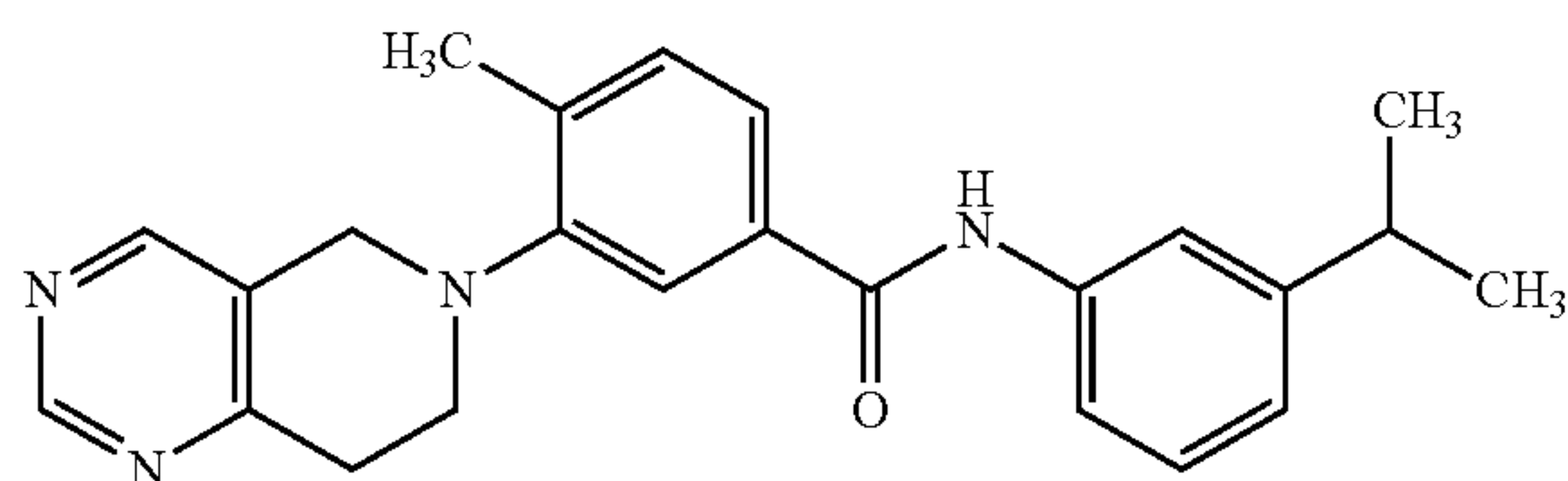


3-(7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-5-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide

In a manner similar to Example 151, 3-methyl-5-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide was converted to the title compound



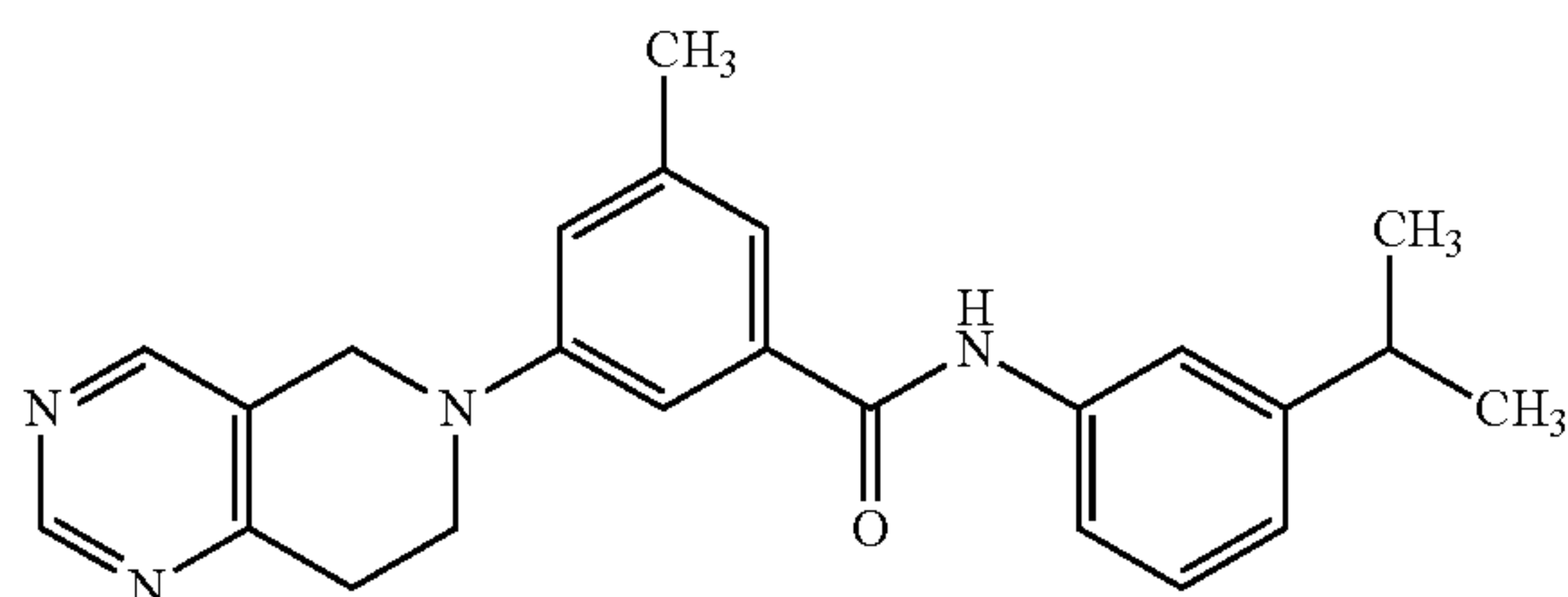
**175**  
EXAMPLE 154



3-(7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methylbenzamide

In a manner similar to Example 151, N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methyl-3-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]benzamide was converted to the title compound

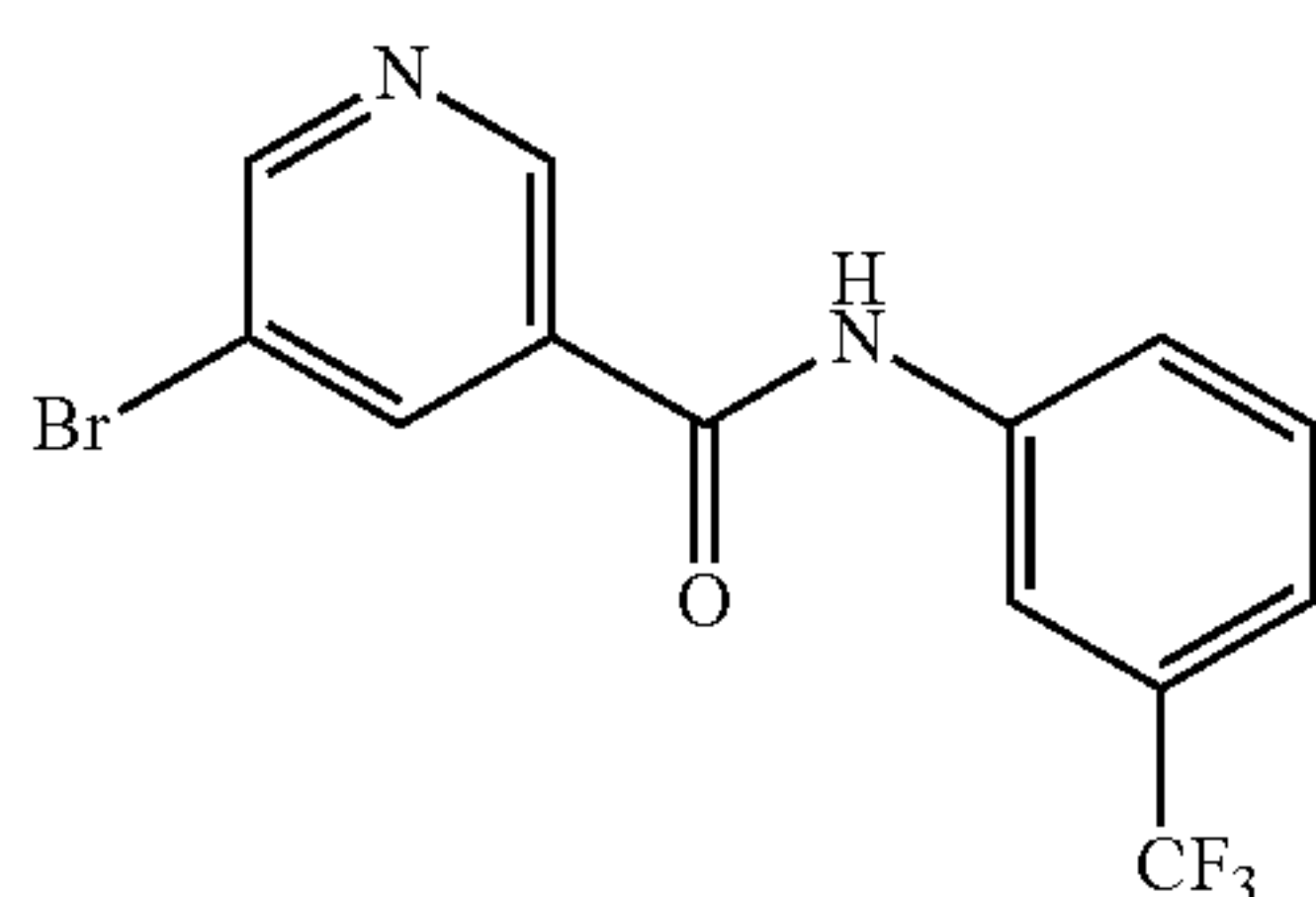
EXAMPLE 155



3-(7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-5-methylbenzamide

In a manner similar to Example 151, N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-3-methyl-5-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]benzamide was converted to the title compound.

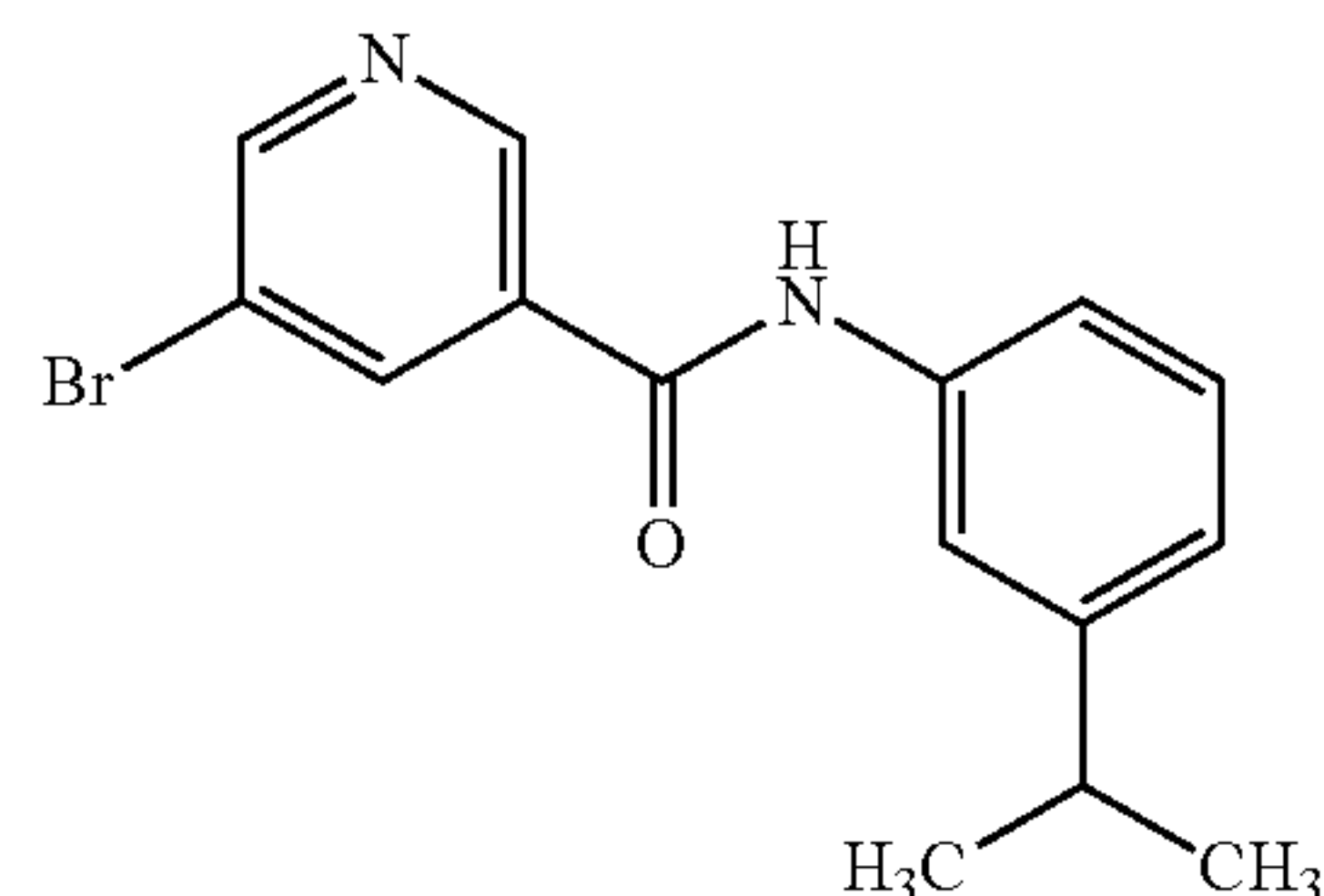
PREPARATION 46



5-bromo-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)nicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described in Preparation 17, 5-bromonicotinic acid and 3-trifluoromethylaniline were converted to the title compound

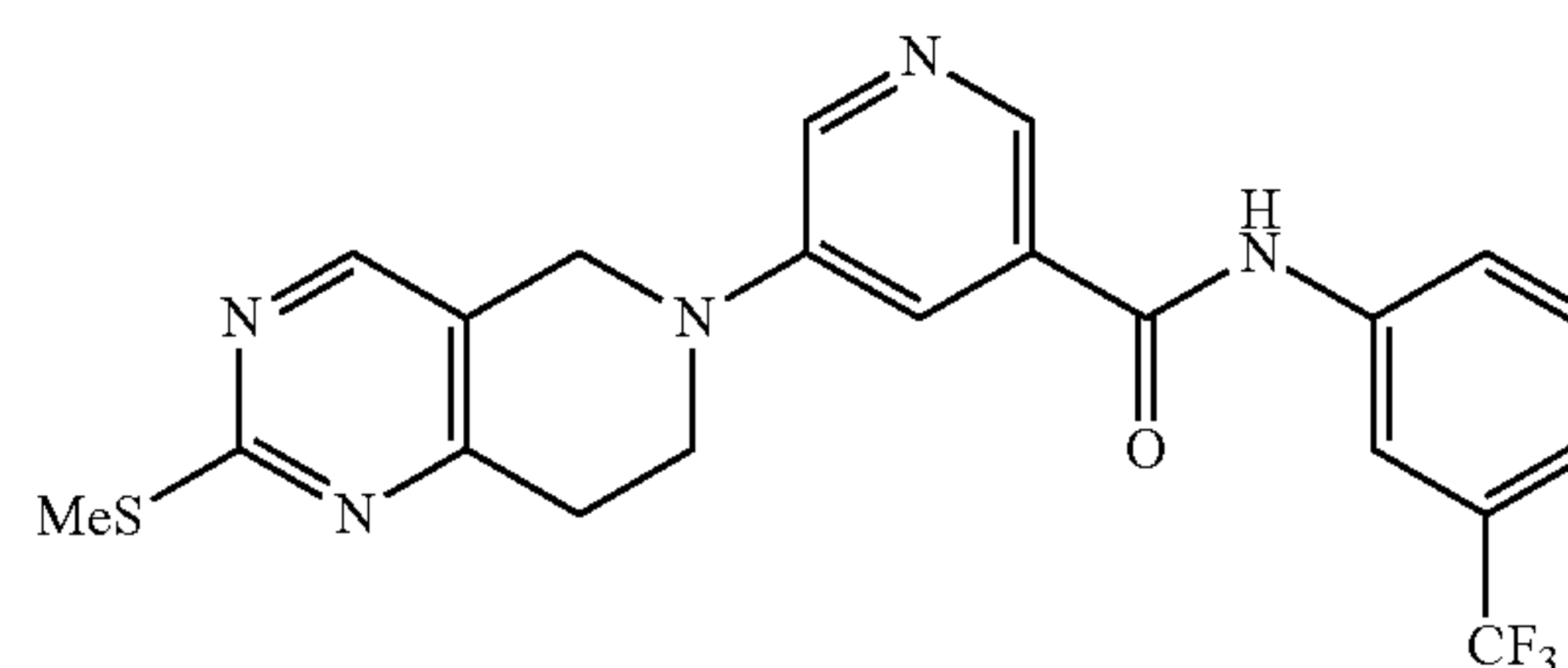
**176**  
PREPARATION 47



5-bromo-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)nicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described in Preparation 17, 5-bromonicotinic acid and 3-isopropylaniline were converted to the title compound

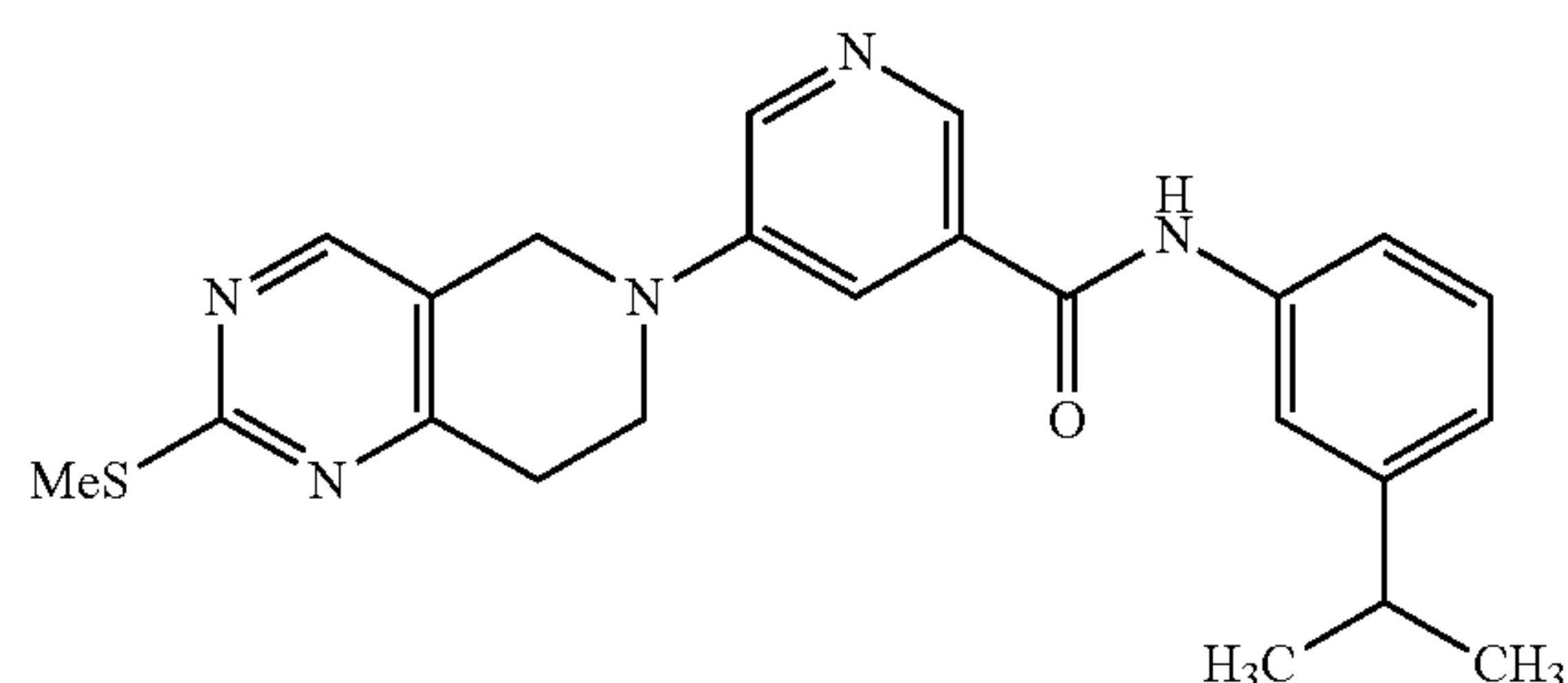
EXAMPLE 156



5-(2-Methylsulfanyl-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)nicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 138, 2-(methylsulfanyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidine and 5-bromo-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)nicotinamide were converted to the title compound.

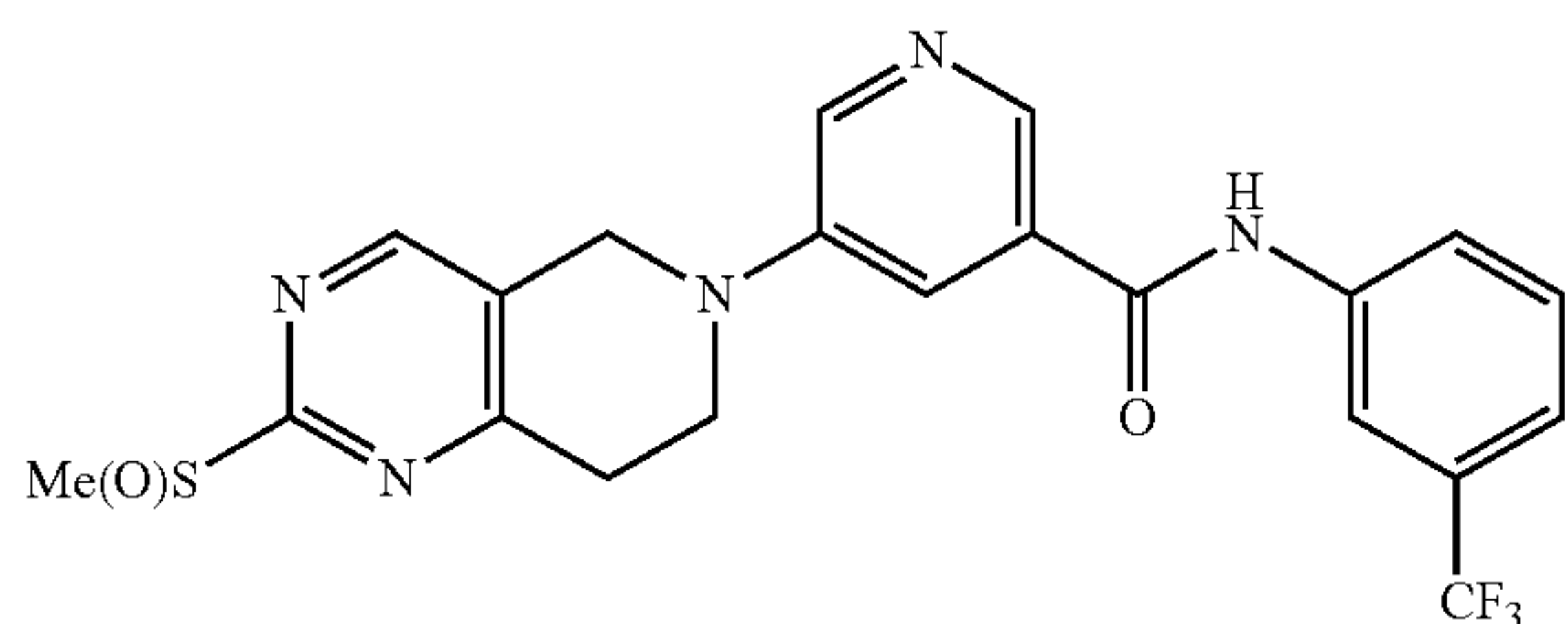
EXAMPLE 157



N-(3-Isopropylphenyl)-5-(2-methylsulfanyl-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)nicotinamide

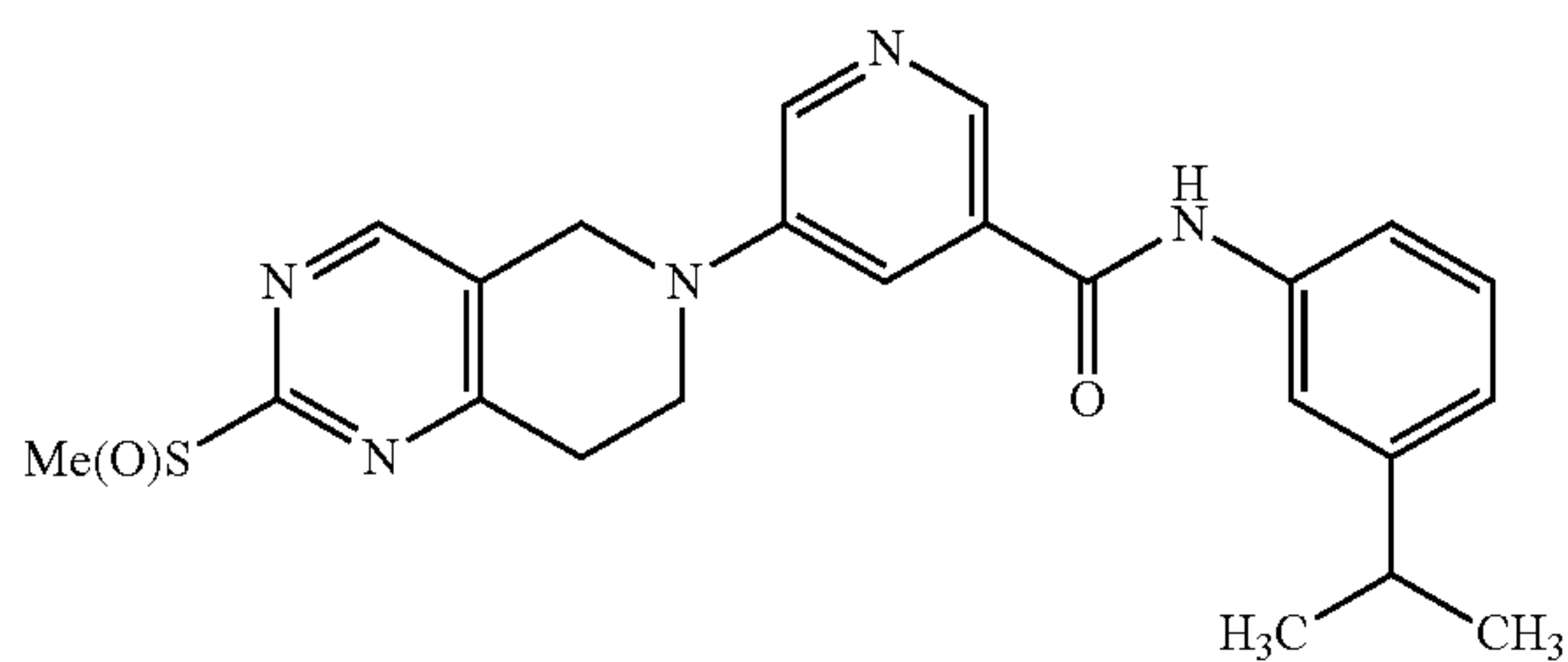
In a manner similar to that described for Example 138, 2-(methylsulfanyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidine and 5-bromo-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)nicotinamide were converted to the title compound.

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EXAMPLE 158



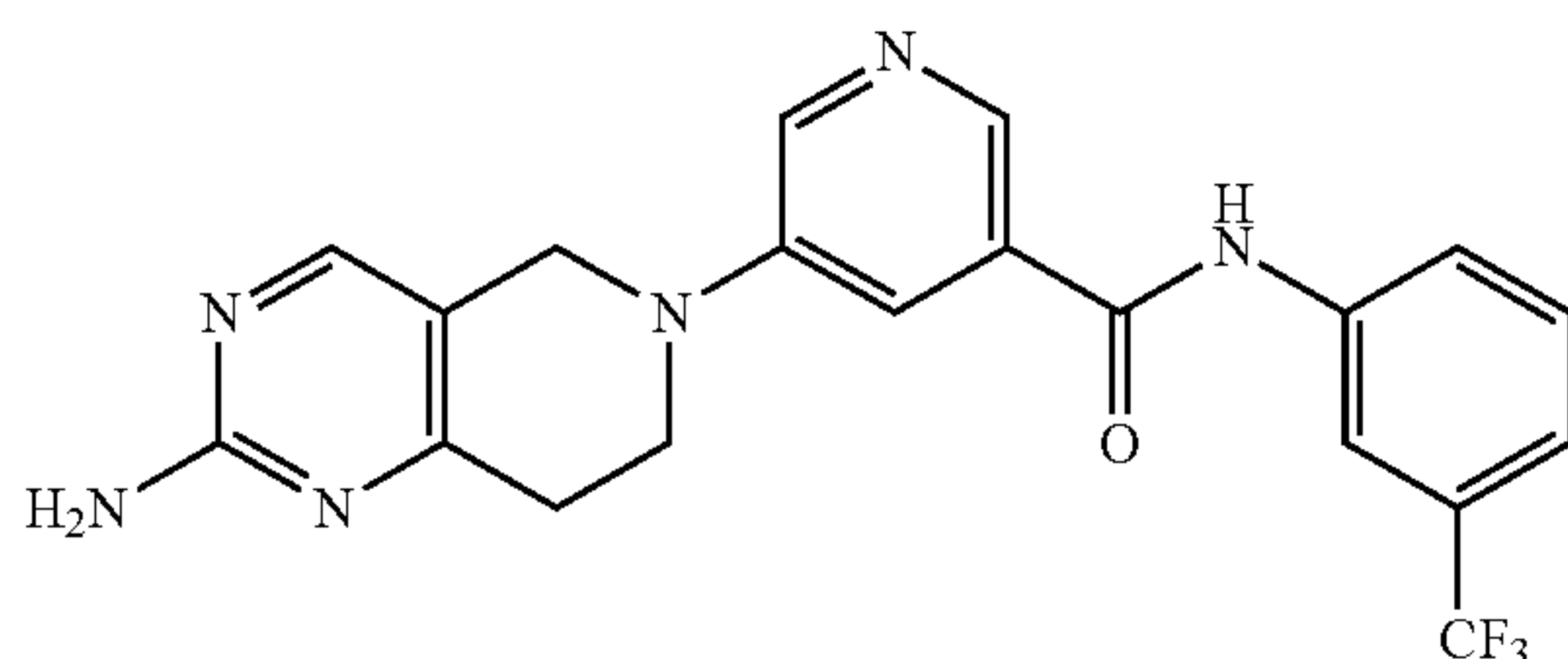
5-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)nicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 109, 5-(2-Methylsulfonyl-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-N-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-nicotinamide was converted to the title compound.



N-(3-Isopropyl-phenyl)-5-(2-methanesulfinyl-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-nicotinamide

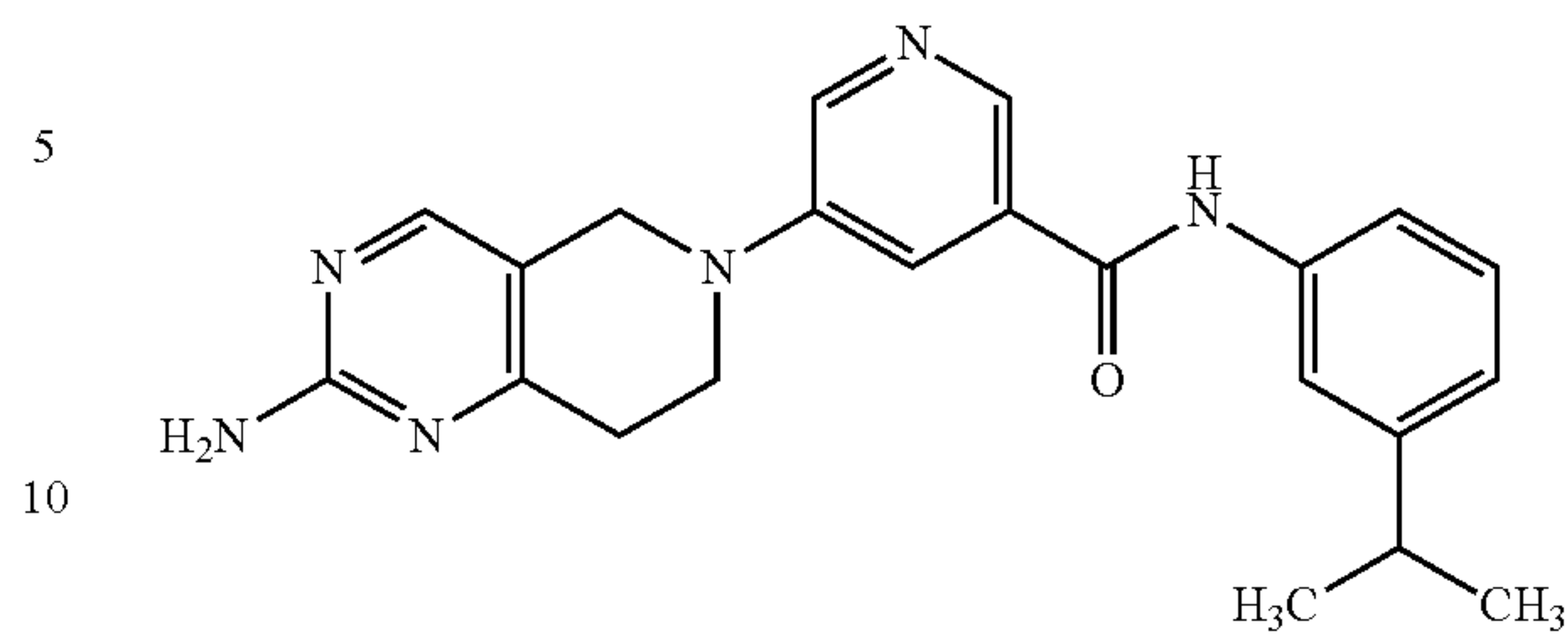
In a manner similar to that described for Example 109, N-(3-Isopropyl-phenyl)-5-(2-methylsulfonyl-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-nicotinamide was converted to the title compound.



5-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]nicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 82, 5-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)nicotinamide was converted to the title compound.

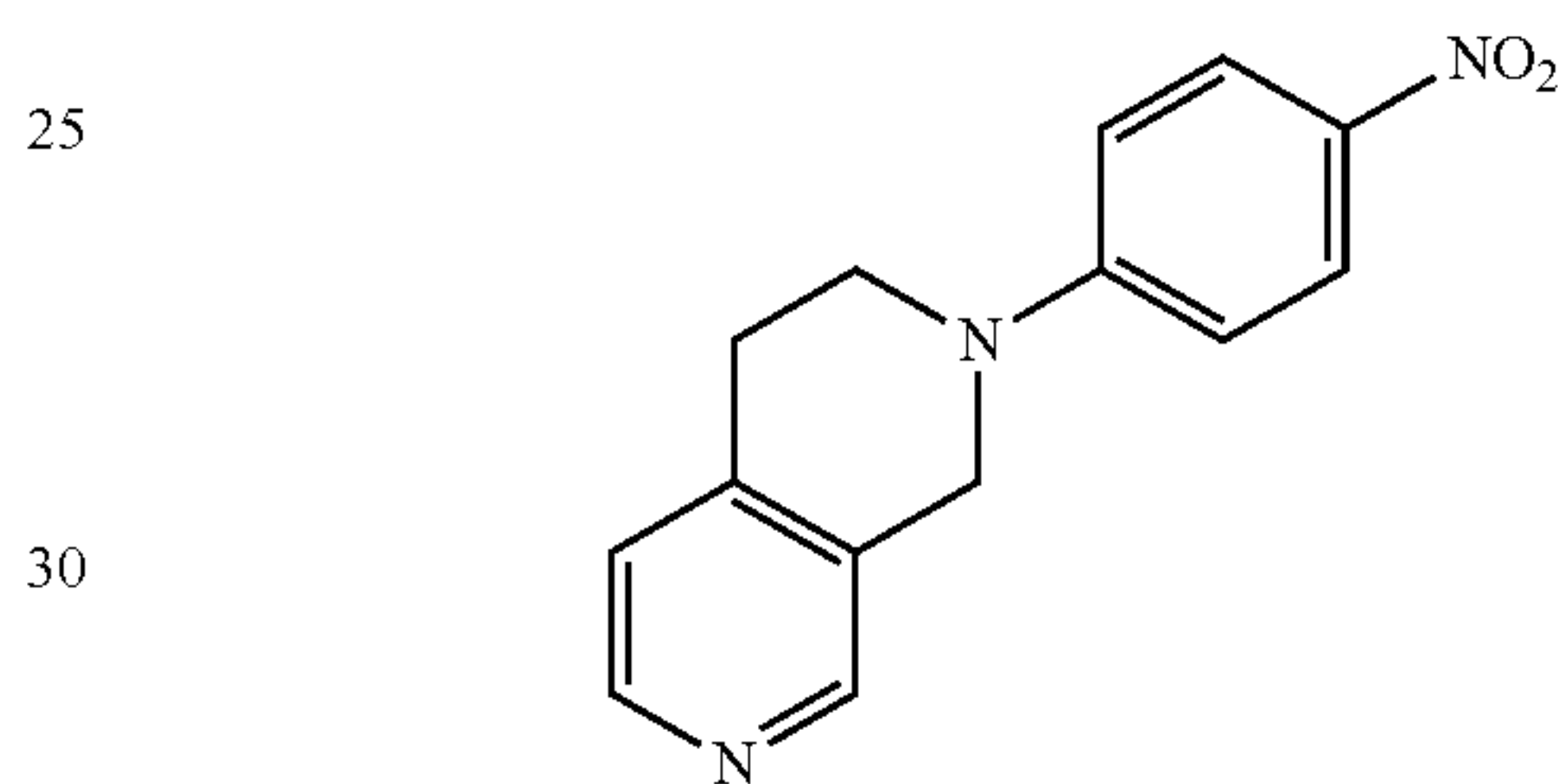
**178**  
EXAMPLE 161



5-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)nicotinamide

In a manner similar to that described for Example 82, N-(3-Isopropyl-phenyl)-5-(2-methanesulfinyl-7,8-dihydro-5H-pyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)-nicotinamide was converted to the title compound.

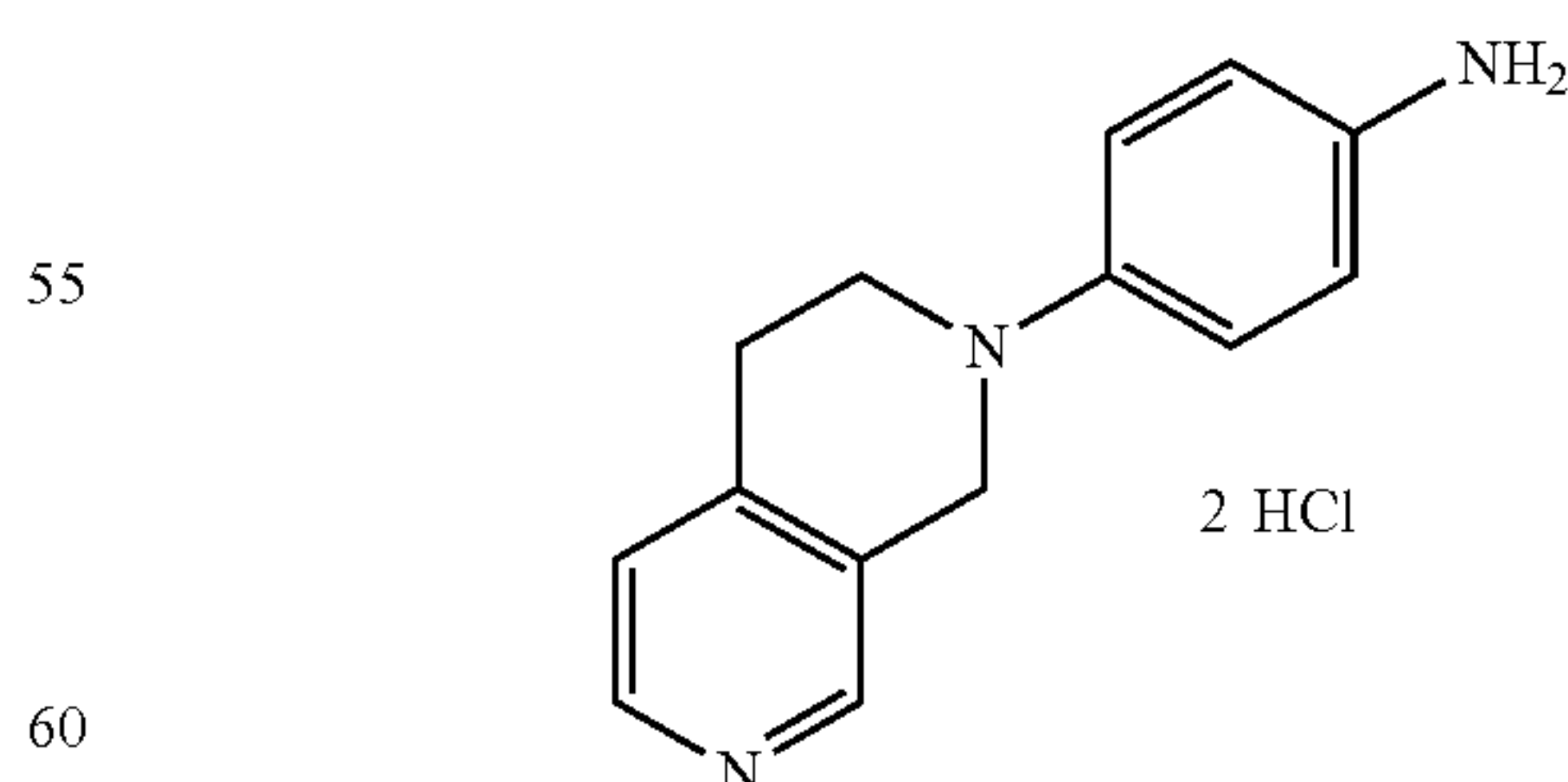
PREPARATION 48



2-(4-nitrophenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine

Commercially available 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine hydrochloride (14.5 g; 0.085 moles), 4-fluoronitrobenzene (18.0 g; 0.13 moles) and potassium carbonate (37.5 g, 0.27 moles) in anhydrous DMF (100 mL) were heated at 80° C. for 18 hours, cooled and partitioned between ethyl acetate (500 mL) and water (1 L). The layers were separated and the aqueous layer re-extracted with ethyl acetate (300 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with water (400 mL), brine, dried over sodium sulfate and evaporated in vacuo. Chromatography of the residue on silica (250 g) eluting with 20% ethyl acetate in DCM then 7.5% methanol in ethyl acetate gave the title compound (15 g) as an orange solid.

PREPARATION 49



4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)aniline dihydrochloride

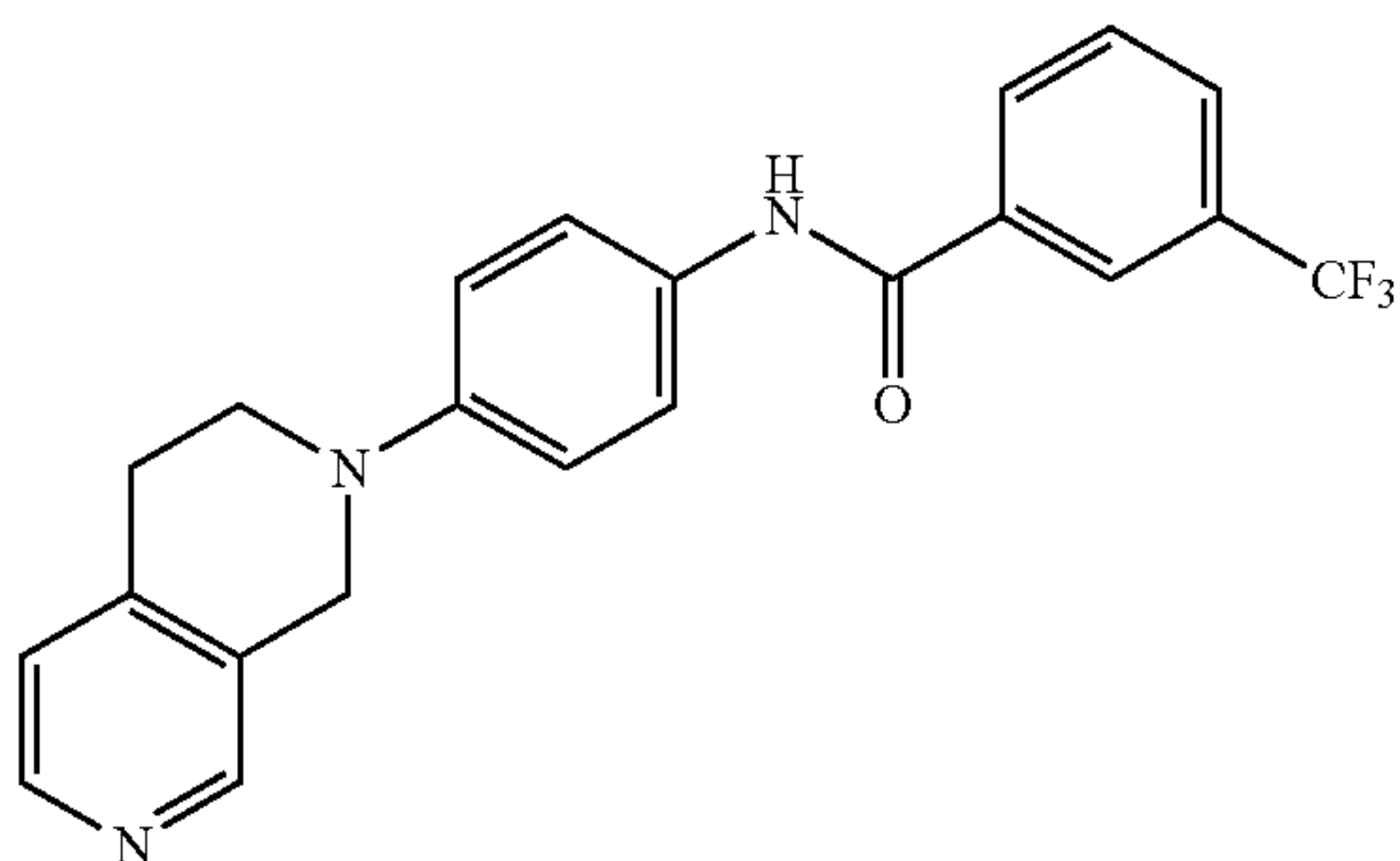
A solution of 2-(4-nitrophenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine (11.5 g; 0.045 mol) in IMS (230 mL) was



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hydrogenated under a hydrogen balloon in the presence of 10% Pd/C (1.2 g). After 3.5 hours tlc analysis indicated the reaction was complete. The hydrogen atmosphere was replaced by argon and degassed DCM (100 mL) was added to re-dissolve the precipitated product. The mixture was filtered through Celite and washed through with degassed DCM:IMS (1:1; 200 mL). To the yellow filtrate was quickly added concentrated hydrochloric acid (40 mL) with stirring and a precipitate crashed out after a few seconds. After 10 minutes, the mixture was filtered, washed with 1:1 DCM:IMS then twice with ether. The off-yellow product was dried in vacuo at 50° C. to afford the title compound as a beige solid (11 g) m.p. >220° C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 8.82 (s, 1H), 8.68 (d, J=6.2 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.26-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.10-7.16 (m, 2H), 4.61 (s, 2H), 3.67 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.17 (t, J=5.7 Hz, 2H)

## EXAMPLE 162

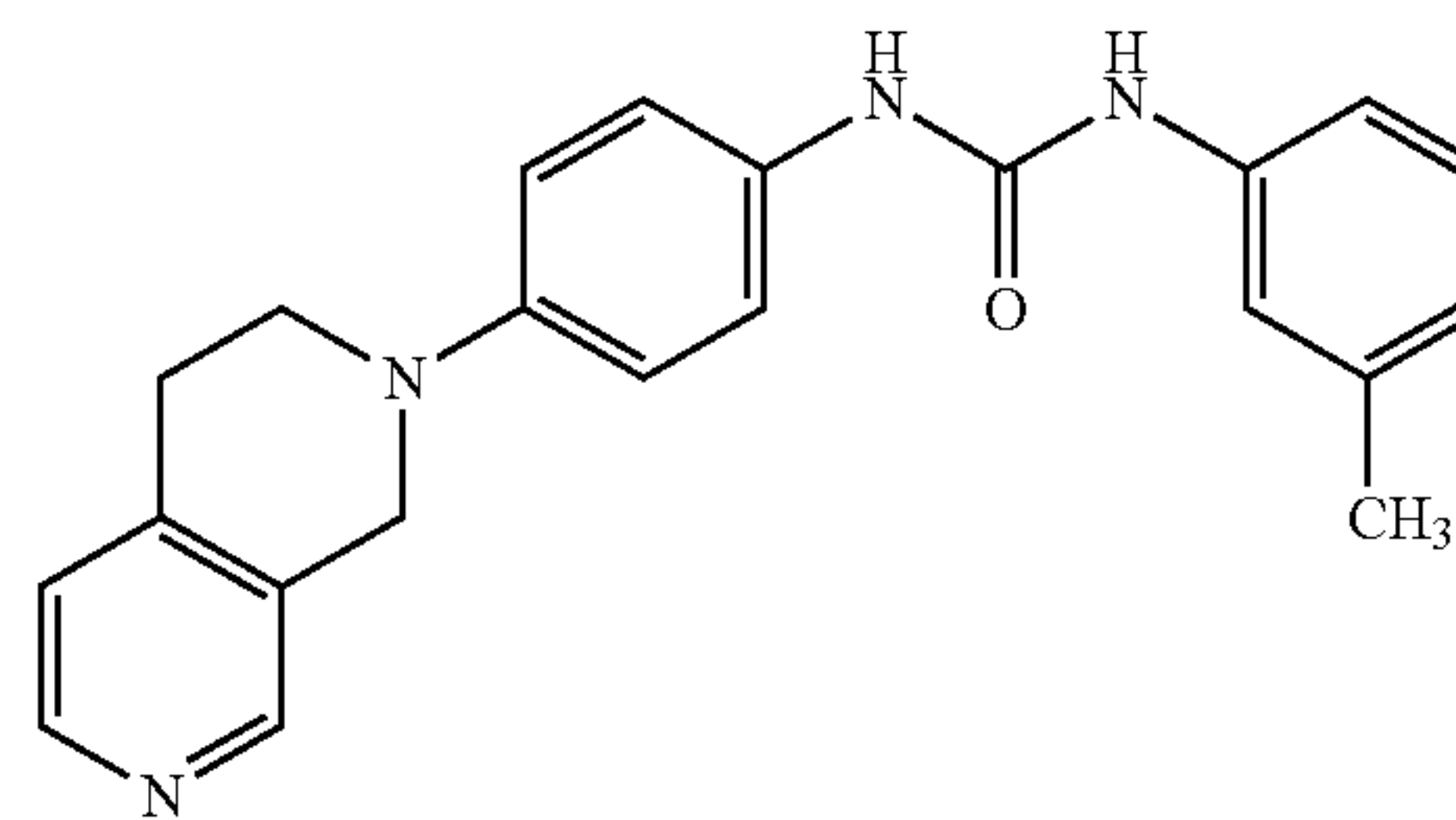


N-[4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)phenyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

To a mixture of 4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)aniline dihydrochloride (75.0 mg, 0.251 mmol) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.153 mL, 0.88 mmol) in 3.0 mL CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at rt was added 3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl chloride (0.041 mL, 0.277 mmol) and the reaction stirred for 15 min at rt. The reaction was evaporated, then partitioned between EtOAc and H<sub>2</sub>O/brine mixture, the EtOAc layer washed with aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution, brine, and dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The EtOAc solution was filtered past a silica gel plug, rinsed with EtOAc, and evaporated to a yellow solid. The solid was recrystallized from EtOAc/hexane to give the title compound as a light tan solid (83 mg, 83%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 10.28 (s, 1H), 8.44 (s, 1H), 8.32 (d, J=5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.23-8.30 (m, 2H), 7.95 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.74-7.80 (m, 1H), 7.61-7.68 (m, 2H), 7.19 (dd, J=5.0, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.03-7.09 (m, 2H), 4.40 (s, 2H), 3.54 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.93 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H).

## 180

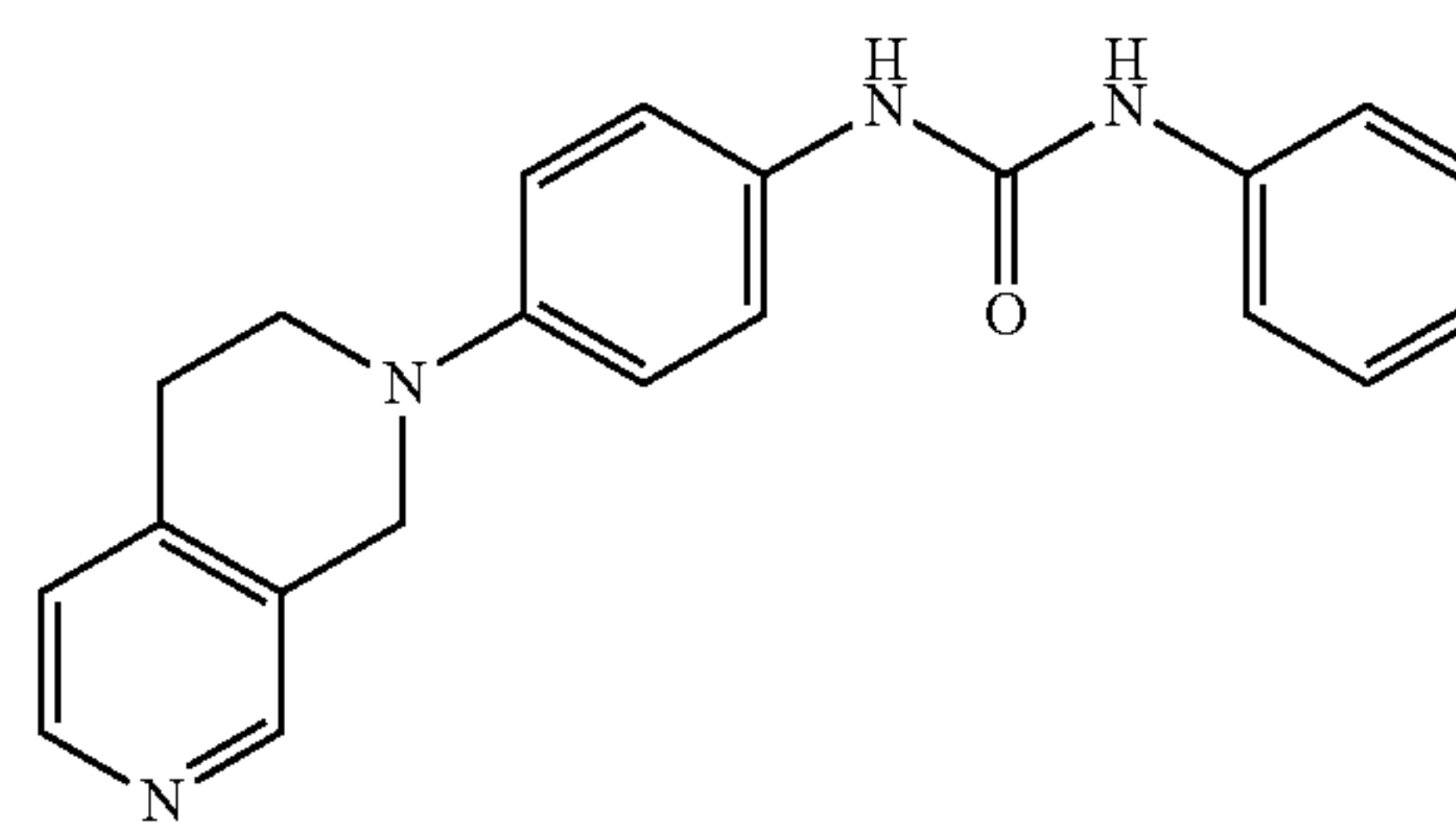
## EXAMPLE 163



1-[4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)phenyl]-3-(3-methylphenyl)urea

To a mixture of 4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)aniline dihydrochloride (75.0 mg, 0.251 mmol) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.109 mL, 0.63 mmol) in 3.0 mL CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at rt was added meta-tolyl isocyanate (0.047 mL, 0.377 mmol) and the reaction stirred at rt for 2 hours. The reaction was quenched with 1.0 mL MeOH, stirred for 15 min and then evaporated. The sample was partitioned between EtOAc and H<sub>2</sub>O/brine mixture, the EtOAc layer washed with aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution, brine, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and evaporated to a tan solid. The solid was chromatographed eluting with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, EtOAc, then 3% MeOH/EtOAc to give the title compound as a white solid (79 mg, 88%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 8.45 (s, 1H), 8.42 (s, 1H), 8.37 (s, 1H), 8.31 (d, J=5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.29-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.16-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.10-7.16 (m, 1H), 6.96-7.02 (m, 2H), 6.76 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (s, 2H), 3.47 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.91 (t, J=5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H).

## EXAMPLE 164



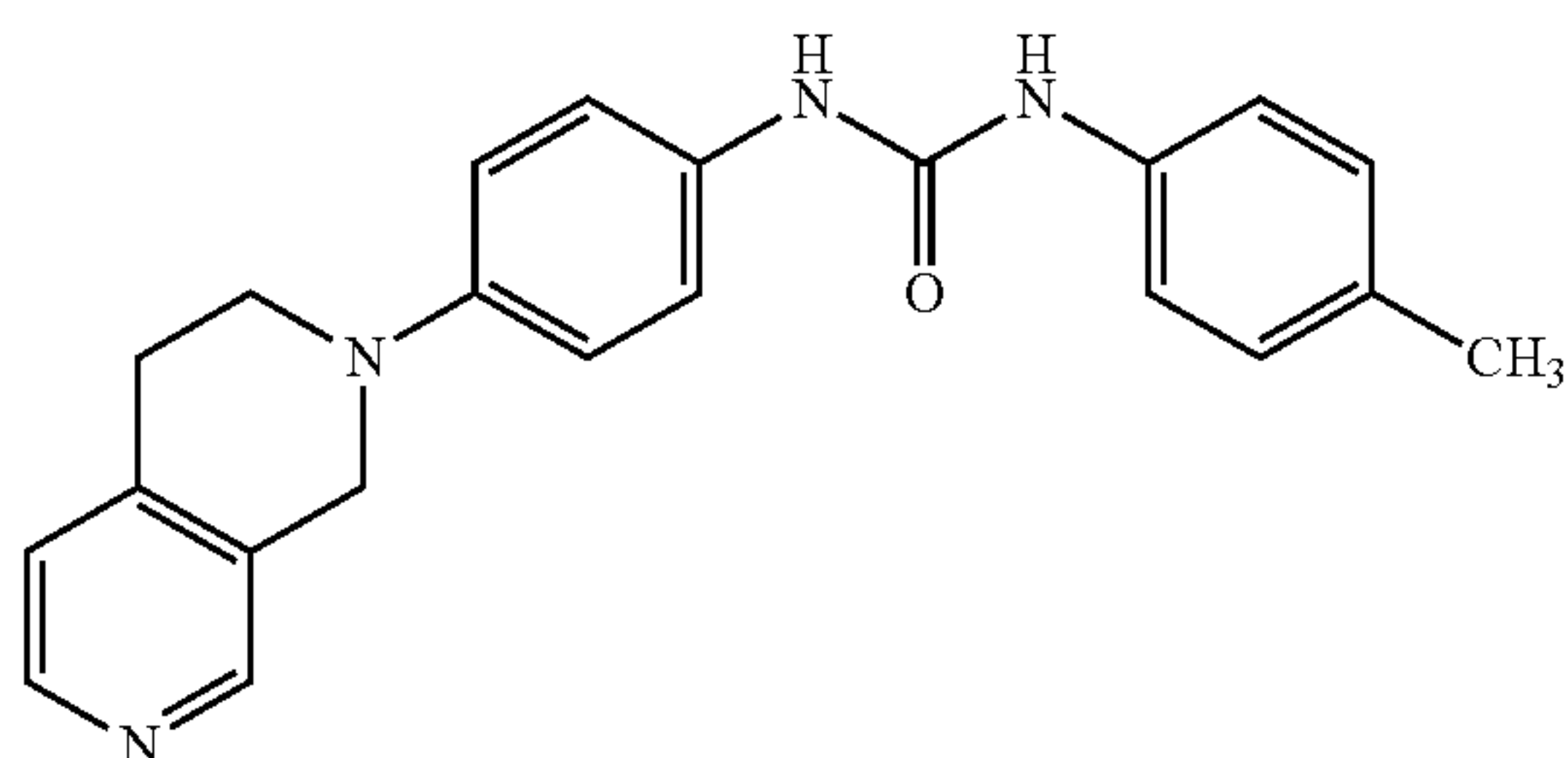
1-[4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)phenyl]-3-phenylurea

In a manner similar to that described in Example 163, 4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)aniline dihydrochloride (75.0 mg, 0.251 mmol) and phenyl isocyanate (0.041 mL, 0.377 mmol) were reacted to give the title compound as an off-white solid (52 mg, 60%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>): 8.53 (s, 1H), 8.42 (s, 1H), 8.39 (s, 1H), 8.31 (d, J=4.7 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (t, J=7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (d, J=5.0 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (t, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (s, 2H), 3.47 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.91 (t, J=5.7 Hz, 2H).



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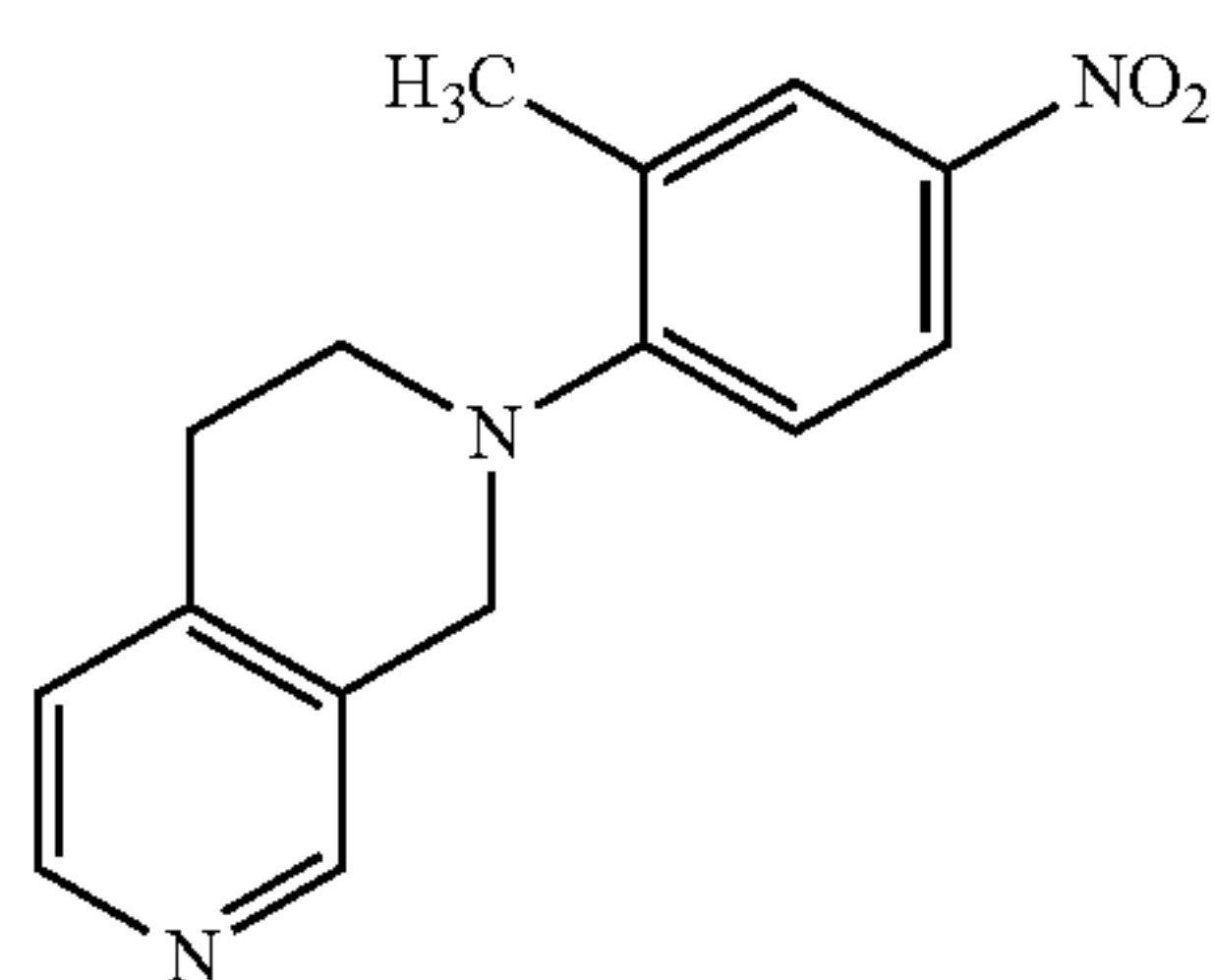
## EXAMPLE 165



1-[4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)phenyl]-3-(4-methylphenyl)urea

In a manner similar to that described in Example 163, 4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)aniline dihydrochloride (75.0 mg, 0.251 mmol) and para-tolyl isocyanate (0.047 mL, 0.377 mmol) were reacted to give the title compound as a white solid (64 mg, 71%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 8.42 (s, 2H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 8.31 (d, J=5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.29-7.34 (m, 4H), 7.17 (d, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.95-7.02 (m, 2H), 4.33 (s, 2H), 3.47 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.91 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H).

## PREPARATION 50

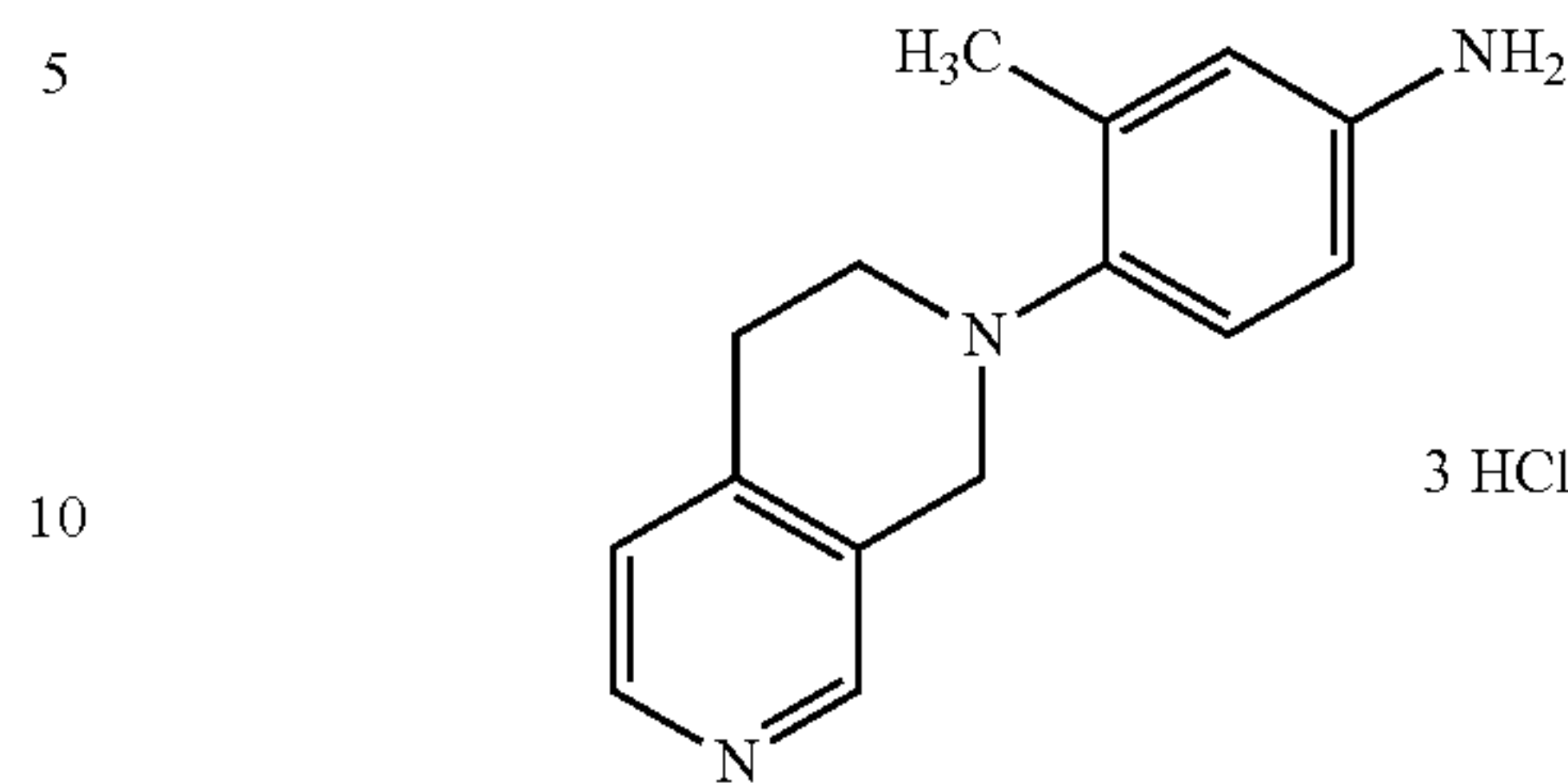


2-(2-methyl-4-nitrophenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine

A mixture of commercially available 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine dihydrochloride (456 mg, 2.2 mmol), 2-fluoro-5-nitrotoluene (512 mg, 3.3 mmol), and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (2.0 mL, 11.4 mmol) in 8.0 mL DMSO was heated at 115° C. for 20 hours. The reaction was added to a H<sub>2</sub>O/brine mixture, then extracted with EtOAc. The EtOAc portion was washed with a H<sub>2</sub>O/brine mixture, aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and evaporated to an oil. An impure sample from a previous reaction (1.0 mmol scale) was combined, and then chromatographed eluting with CHCl<sub>3</sub>/EtOAc to give the title compound as a yellow solid (365 mg, 42% combined yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 8.40-8.43 (m, 2H), 8.05-8.11 (m, 2H), 7.14 (d, J=5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (s, 2H), 3.36 (t, J=5.7 Hz, 2H), 3.04 (t, J=5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H).

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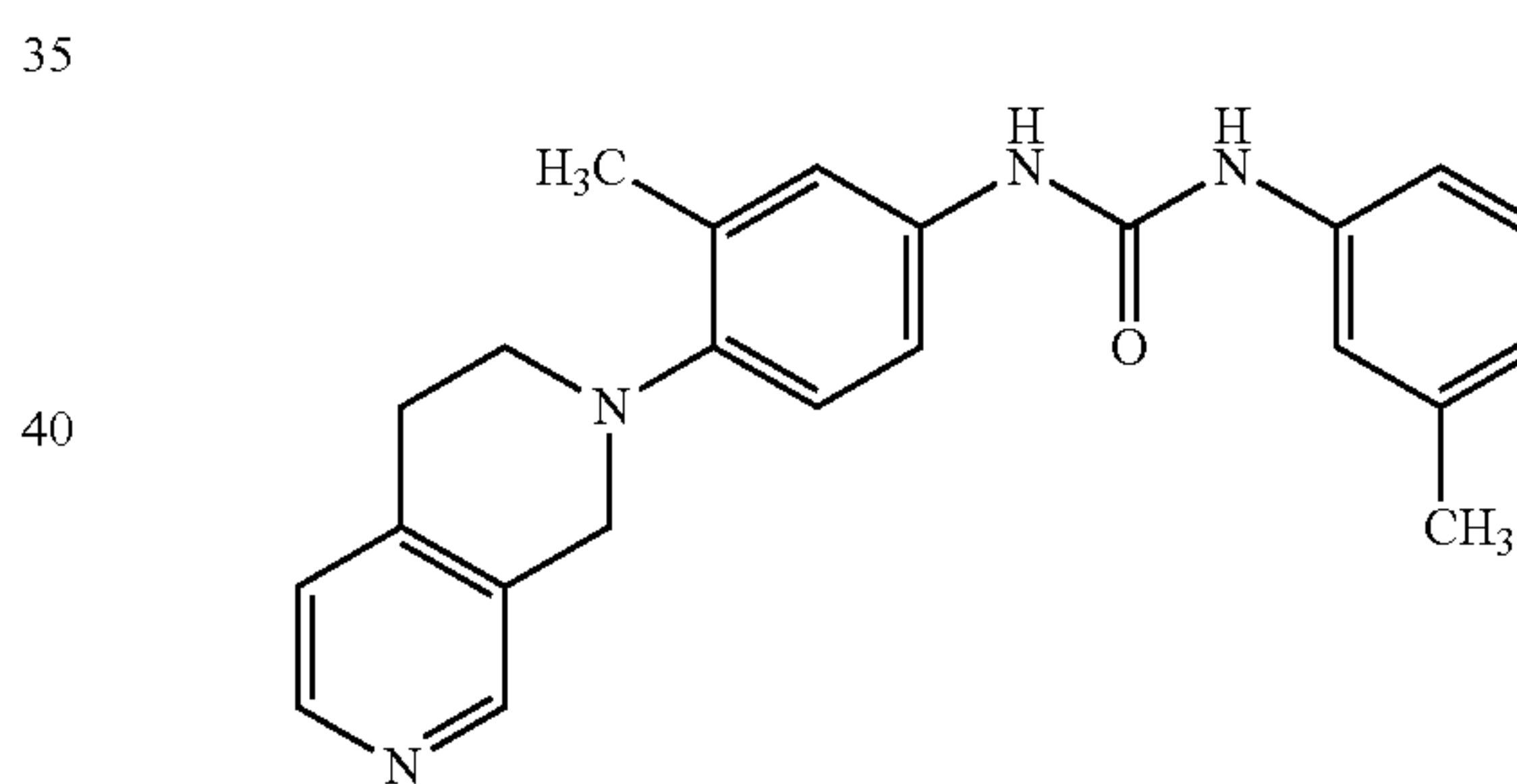
## PREPARATION 51



4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)-3-methylaniline trihydrochloride

A mixture of 2-(2-methyl-4-nitrophenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine (23 mg, 0.085 mmol) and platinum oxide (10 mg) in 2 mL MeOH was hydrogenated using 55 PSI hydrogen. After 18 hours, the mixture was filtered past Celite into a solution of MeOH containing excess aqueous HCl. The MeOH solution was evaporated, chased with MeOH and then EtOAc to give the title compound as a beige solid (27 mg, 93%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ: 8.72 (s, 1H), 8.62 (dd, J=6.0, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (d, J=6.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24-7.37 (m, 3H), 4.35 (s, 2H), 3.35 (s, 4H), 2.40 (s, 3H).

## EXAMPLE 166

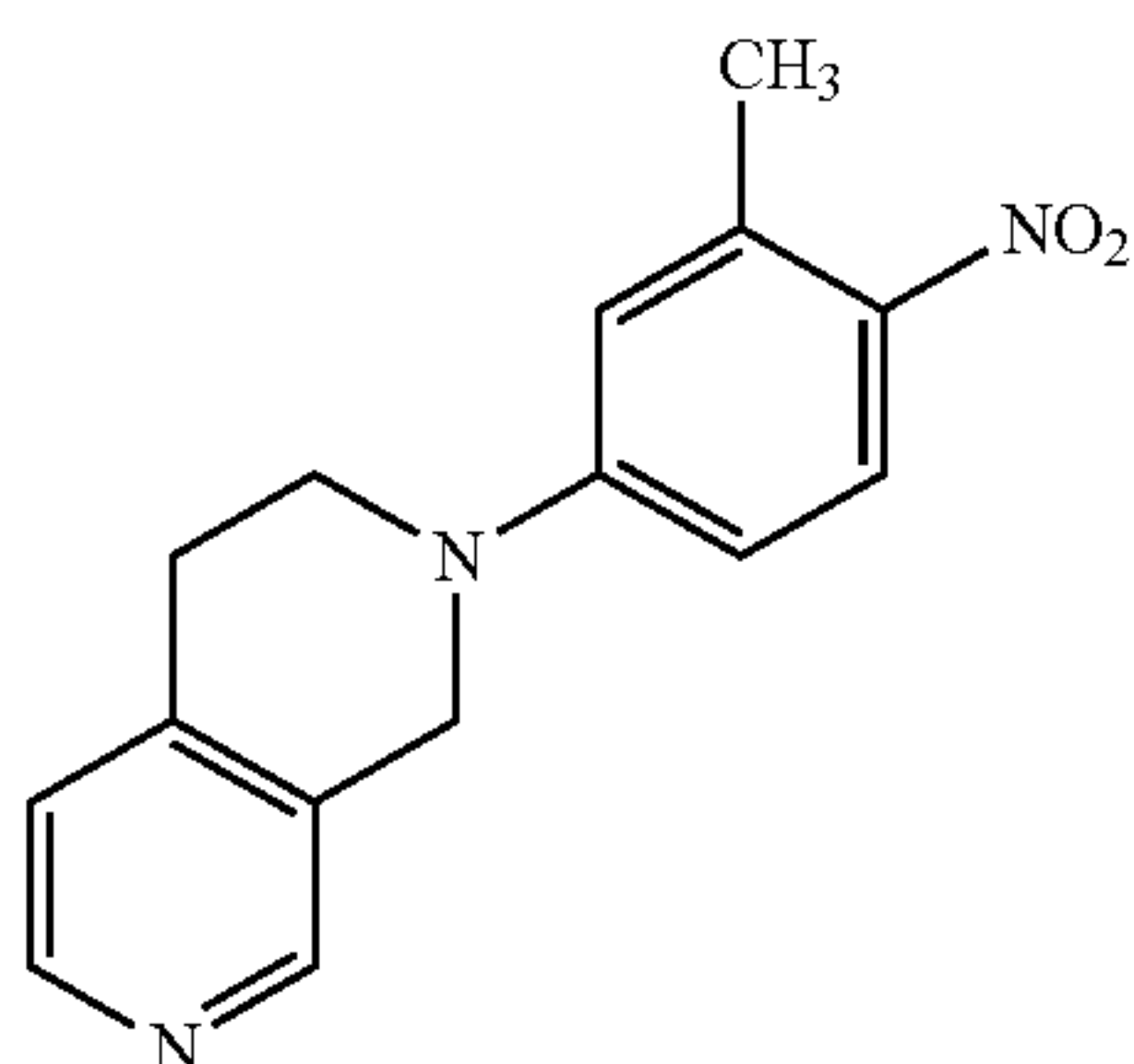


1-[4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)-3-methylphenyl]-3-(3-methylphenyl)urea

To a mixture of 4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)-3-methylaniline trihydrochloride (24.7 mg, 0.071 mmol) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.043 mL, 0.25 mmol) in 1.0 mL CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at rt was added meta-tolyl isocyanate (0.013 mL, 0.106 mmol) and the reaction stirred at rt for 1.5 hours. The reaction was quenched into a brine/aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution, then extracted with EtOAc. The EtOAc layer was washed with brine/aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and evaporated to an oily solid. The oil was chromatographed eluting with CHCl<sub>3</sub>/EtOAc plus 0.5% MeOH to give the title compound as a faint yellow solid (26 mg, 97%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (Acetone-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 8.35 (s, 1H), 8.32 (d, J=5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.93 (s, 1H), 7.29-7.40 (m, 4H), 7.08-7.17 (m, 3H), 6.80 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (s, 2H), 3.15-3.20 (m, 2H), 2.97-3.03 (m, 2H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 2.29 (s, 3H).

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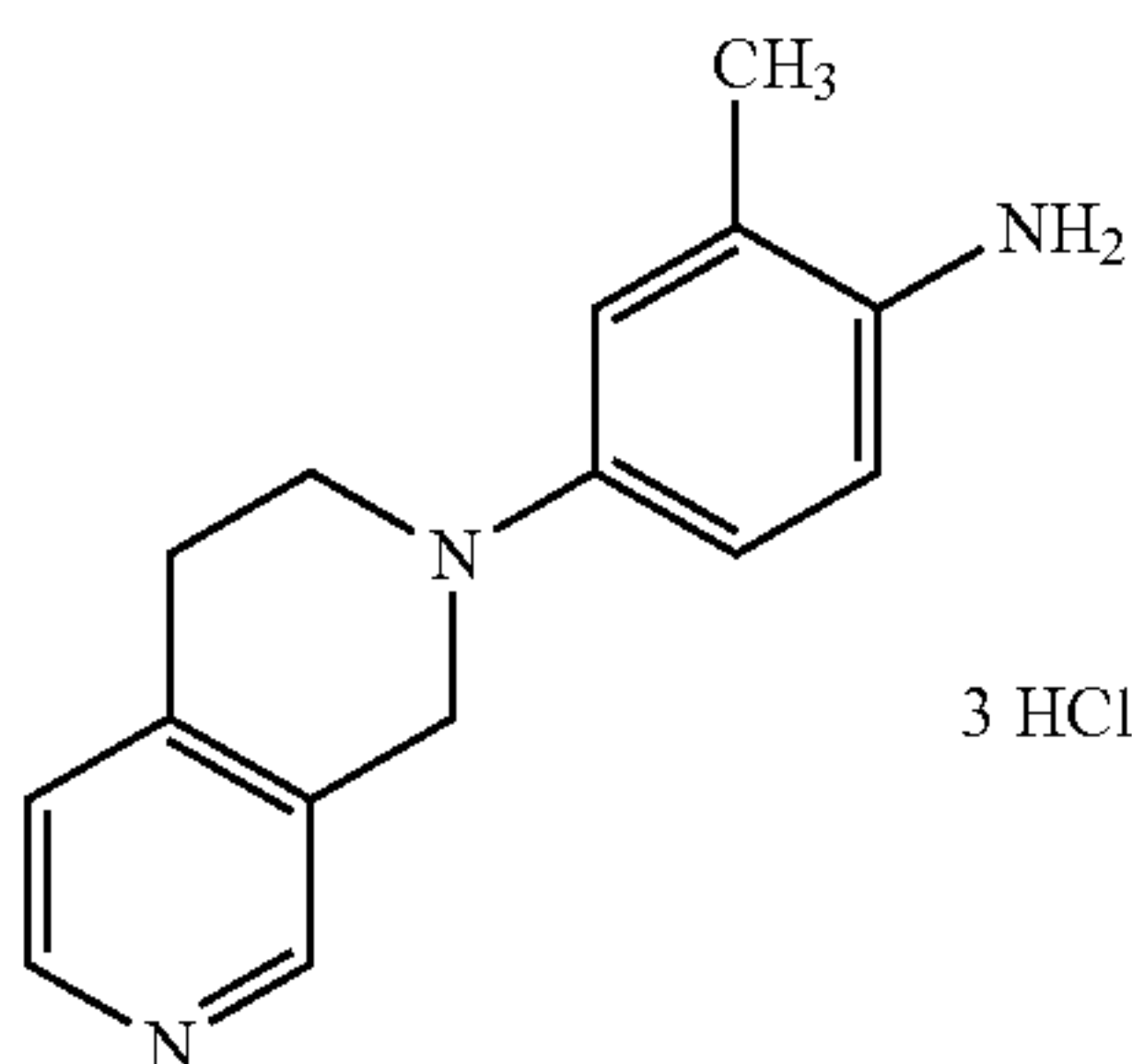
## PREPARATION 52



2-(3-methyl-4-nitrophenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine

A mixture of commercially available 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine dihydrochloride (207 mg, 1.0 mmol), 5-fluoro-2-nitrotoluene (0.244 mL, 2.0 mmol), and  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$  (0.53 g, 5.0 mmol) in 3.0 mL NMP was heated at 110° C. for 2.5 hours. The solids were filtered off and then rinsed with EtOAc. The EtOAc portion was washed with a  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ /brine mixture,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , brine, dried with anhydrous  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ , and evaporated to an oil. The oil was chromatographed eluting with  $\text{CHCl}_3$ /EtOAc and the resulting solid triturated with EtOAc/hexane to give the title compound as a yellow solid (123 mg, 45%).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$ : 8.48 (s, 1H), 8.44 (d,  $J=5.3$  Hz, 1H), 8.14 (d,  $J=9.1$  Hz, 1H), 7.15 (d,  $J=5.0$  Hz, 1H), 6.76 (dd,  $J=9.2, 2.8$  Hz, 1H), 6.68 (d,  $J=2.9$  Hz, 1H), 4.58 (s, 2H), 3.71 (t,  $J=5.9$  Hz, 2H), 3.01 (t,  $J=5.9$  Hz, 2H), 2.68 (s, 3H)

## PREPARATION 53

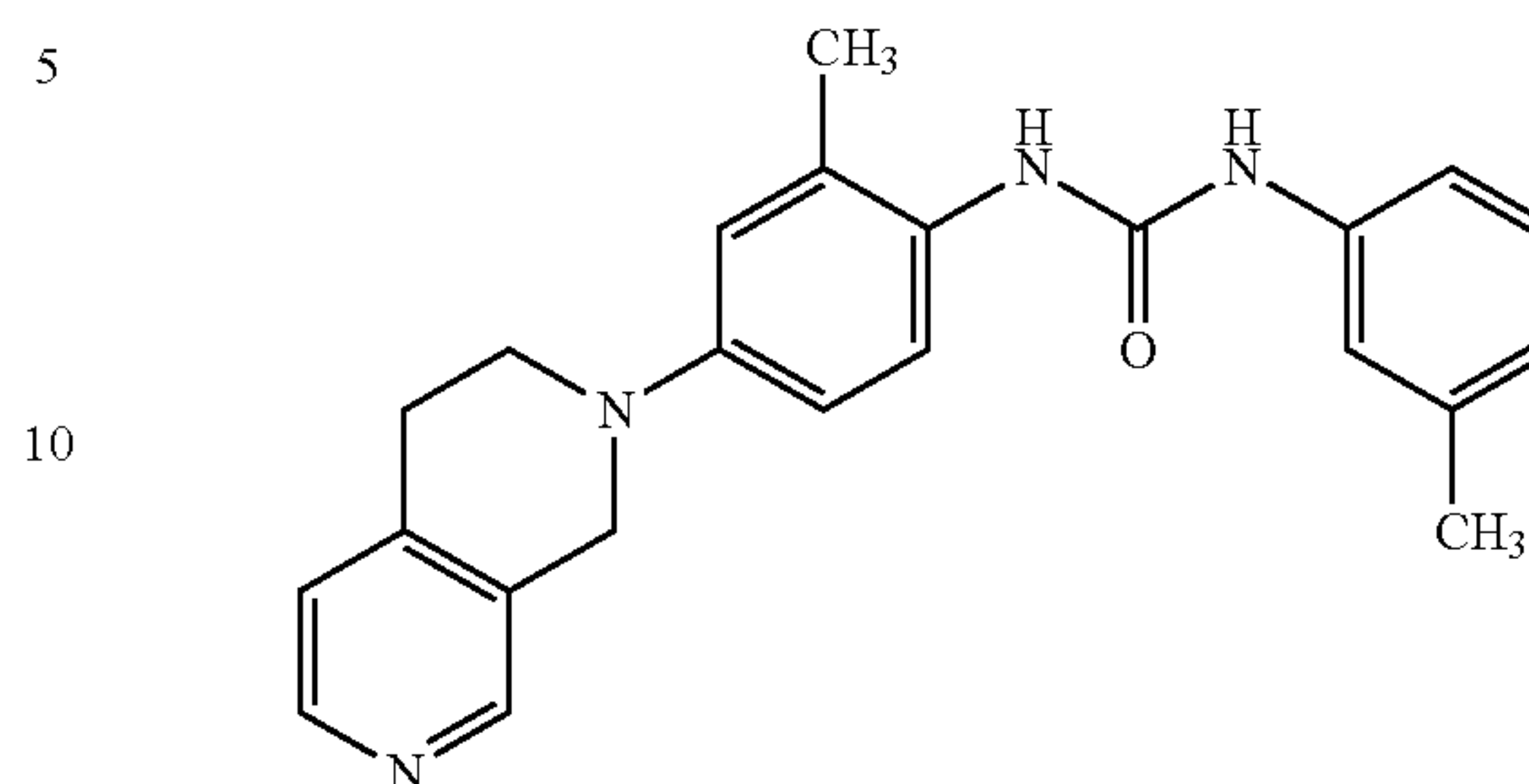


4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)-2-methylaniline trihydrochloride

In a manner similar to that describe in Preparation 163, 2-(3-methyl-4-nitrophenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine (114 mg, 0.42 mmol) was hydrogenated to give the title compound as a light beige solid (148 mg, 100%).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{DMSO-d}_6$ )  $\delta$ : 8.82 (s, 1H), 8.69 (d,  $J=6.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.89 (d,  $J=6.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d,  $J=8.8$  Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d,  $J=2.6$  Hz, 1H), 6.94 (dd,  $J=8.8, 2.6$  Hz, 1H), 4.61 (s, 2H), 3.66 (t,  $J=5.9$  Hz, 2H), 3.17 (t,  $J=5.9$  Hz, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H)

## 184

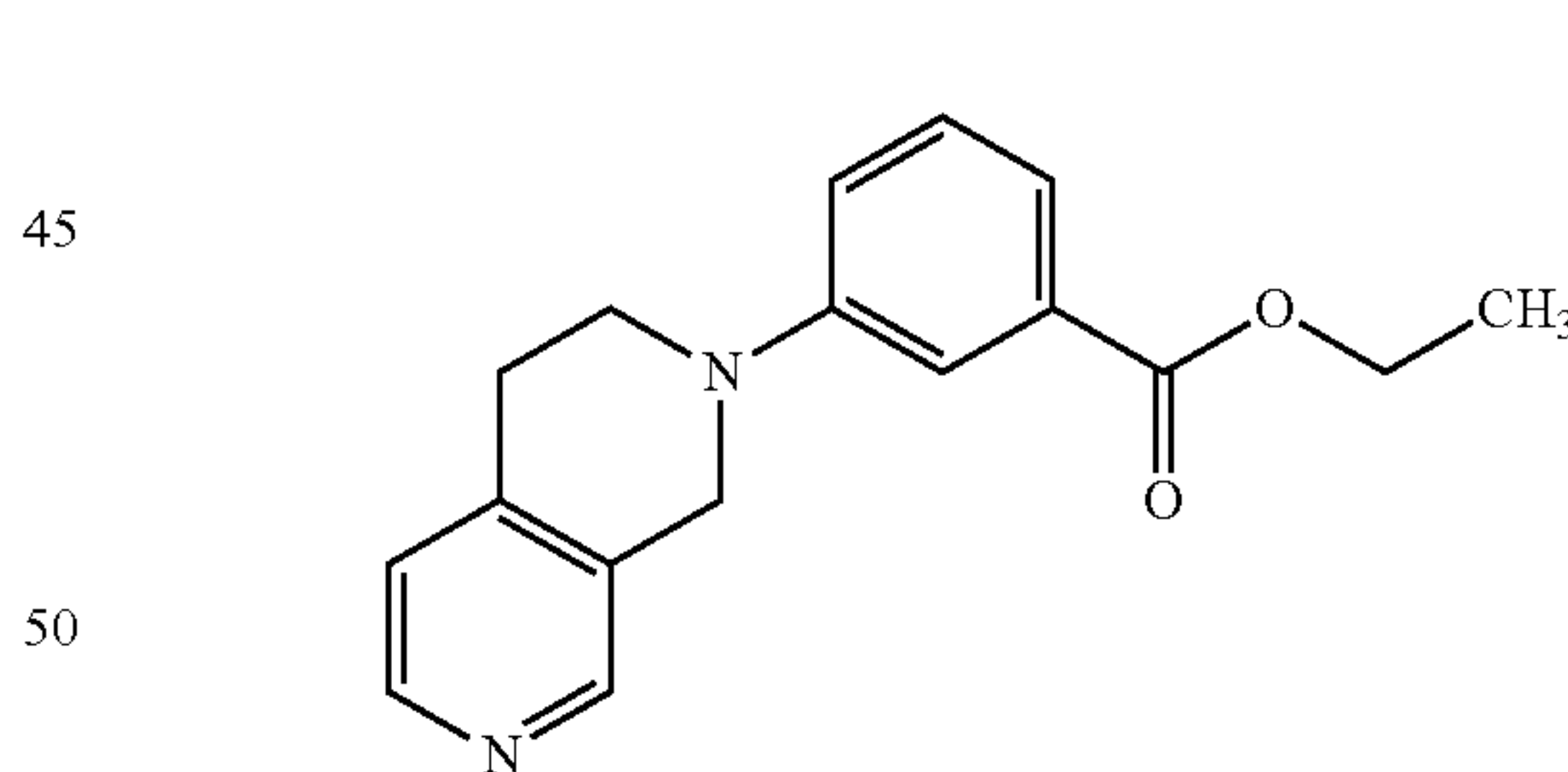
## EXAMPLE 167



1-[4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)-2-methylphenyl]-3-(3-methylphenyl)urea

To a mixture of 4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)-2-methylaniline trihydrochloride (35 mg, 0.10 mmol) and  $\text{N,N}$ -diisopropylethylamine (0.061 mL, 0.35 mmol) in 1.5 mL  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  at rt was added meta-tolyl isocyanate (0.019 mL, 0.15 mmol) and the reaction stirred at rt for 3 hours. The reaction was quenched into a brine/aqueous  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$  solution, then extracted with EtOAc. The EtOAc layer was washed with brine/aqueous  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$  solution, dried with anhydrous  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ , and evaporated to a solid. The solid was triturated with EtOAc and then with 20%  $\text{CHCl}_3$ /EtOAc to give the title compound as a beige solid (21 mg, 56%).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{Acetone-d}_6$ )  $\delta$ : 8.44 (s, 1H), 8.31 (d,  $J=5.0$  Hz, 1H), 8.07 (s, 1H), 7.56-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.38 (m, 1H), 7.26-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.08-7.16 (m, 2H), 6.92-6.95 (m, 1H), 6.87-6.92 (m, 1H), 6.75-6.80 (m, 1H), 4.39 (s, 2H), 3.55 (t,  $J=5.9$  Hz, 2H), 2.98 (td,  $J=5.9, 0.9$  Hz, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H), 2.26 (s, 3H)

## PREPARATION 54



Ethyl 3-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)benzoate

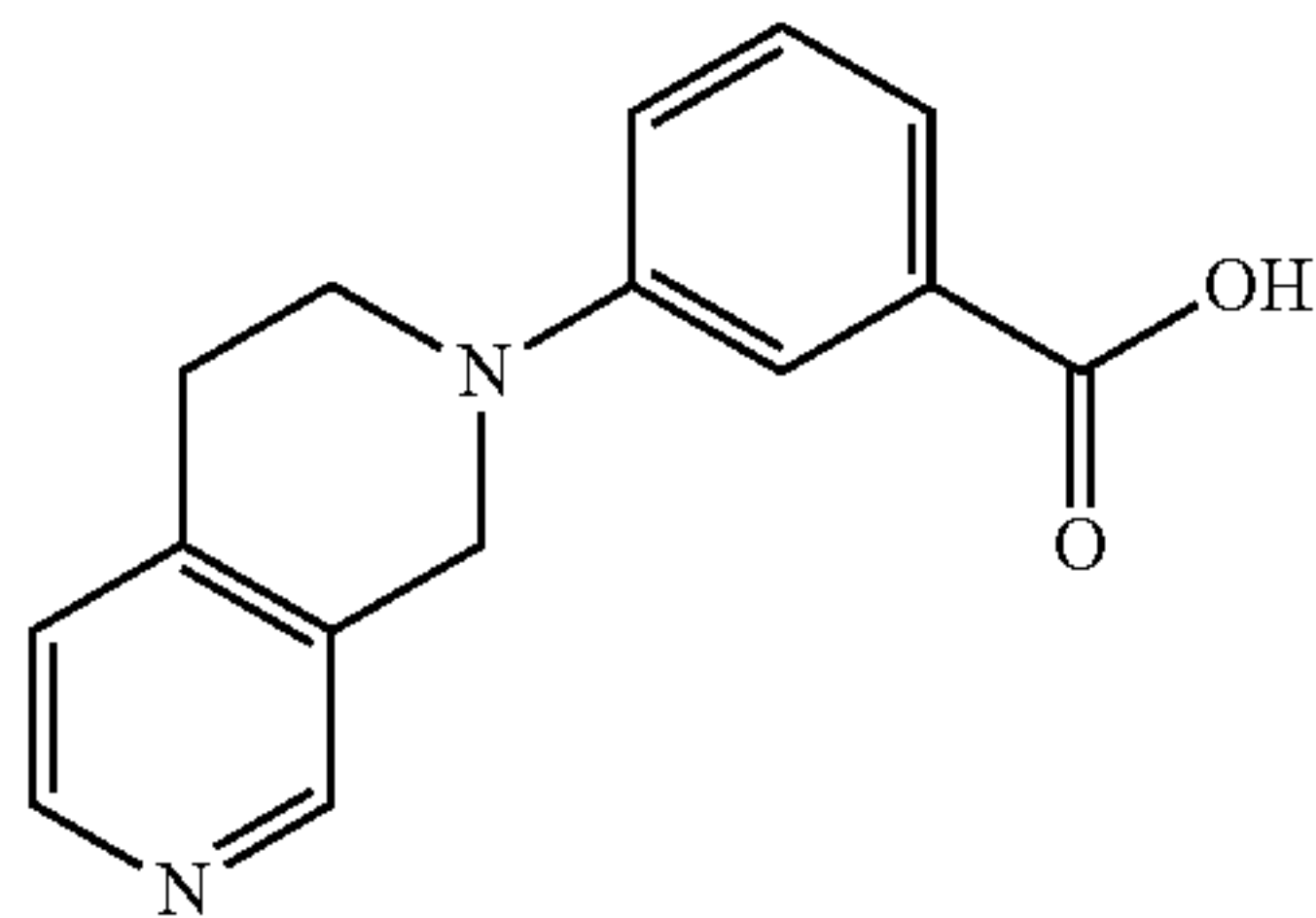
A mixture of 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine dihydrochloride (41.4 mg, 0.20 mmol), cesium carbonate (326 mg, 1.0 mmol), and triethylamine (0.056 mL, 0.40 mmol) in 2.0 mL dioxane was warmed until the amine starting material had dissolved. The reaction filtrate was transferred into another reaction vial and the following added: a spatula portion of cesium carbonate, ethyl 3-bromobenzoate (0.032 mL, 0.20 mmol), palladium acetate (2.2 mg, 0.01 mmol) plus catalytic  $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ , and  $\text{RAC-BINAP}$  (6.2 mg, 0.01 mmol).



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The reaction was heated at 95° C. for 17 hours, filtered, and evaporated to an oil. The oil was chromatograph eluting with CHCl<sub>3</sub>/EtOAc to give the title compound as a light yellow oil (3.2 mg, 6%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 8.46 (s, 1H), 8.39 (d, J=5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (dd, J=2.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (dt, J=7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (t, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (dd, J=8.4, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (d, J=5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.46 (s, 2H), 4.39 (q, J=7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.62 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (t, J=5.7 Hz, 2H), 1.38-1.44 (m, 3H).

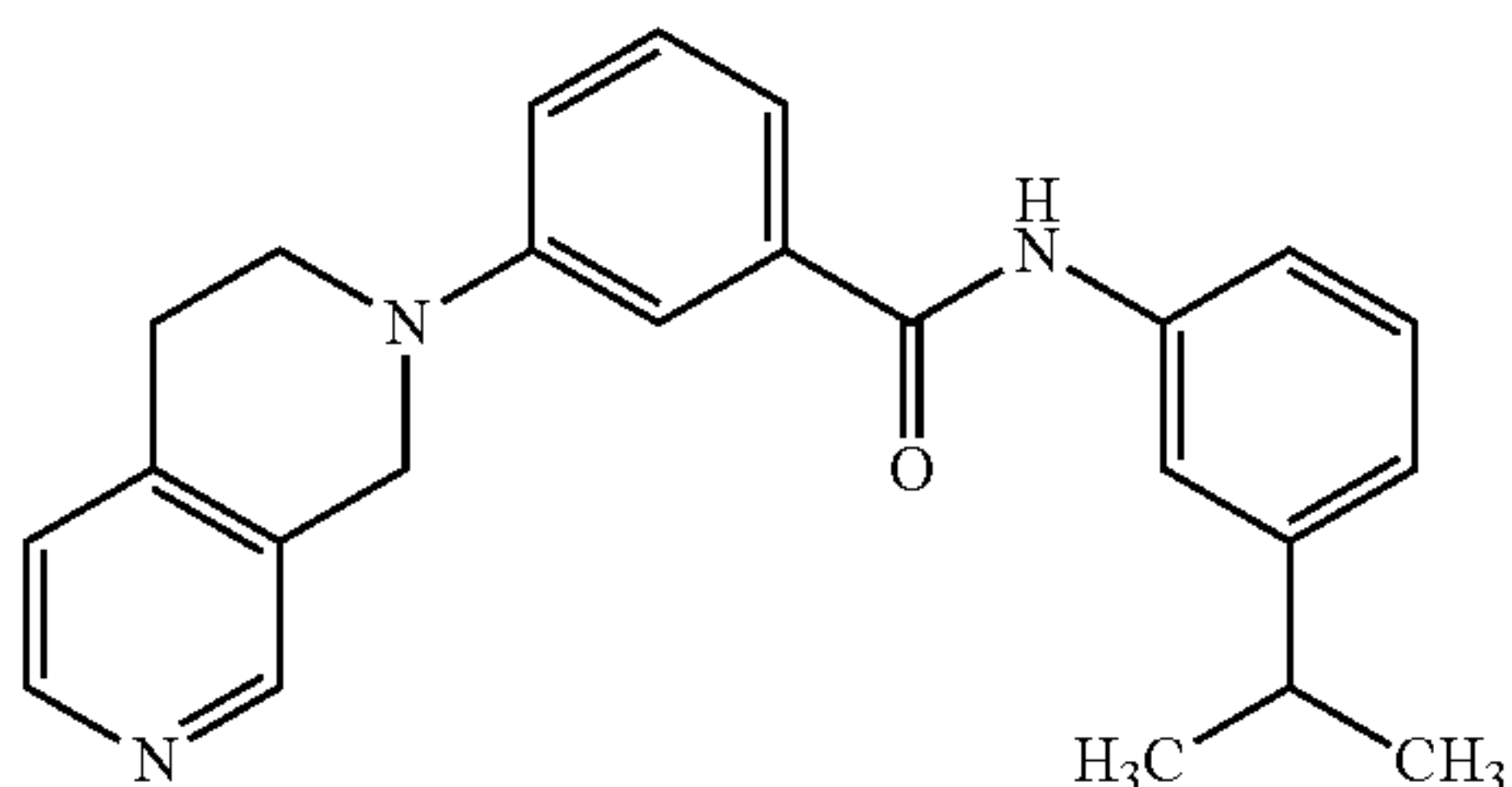
## PREPARATION 55



3-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)benzoic acid

A mixture of ethyl 3-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)benzoate (51 mg, 0.18 mmol) and 0.5 mL 1.0 M NaOH in 2.0 mL dioxane was heated at 70° C. for 2.3 hours. The pH of the reaction was adjusted to pH 5 using glacial acetic acid. The mixture was evaporated and then chased with MeOH to give a yellow solid film. An impure lot from a previous reaction was combined, and this material triturated with EtOAc. The remaining solid was dissolved in MeOH, and then Bio-rad AG1-X8 basic resin (hydroxide form) was added. The mixture was filtered and the resin rinsed with MeOH and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The product was eluted from the resin using 10% formic acid in MeOH. The solvent was evaporated, chased with MeOH and EtOAc to give the title compound (used as is for the next step) as a yellow solid (49 mg). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ: 8.42 (s, 1H), 8.29 (d, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.68-7.70 (m, 1H), 7.48-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.33-7.39 (m, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J=2.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, J=4.7 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (s, 2H), 3.64 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.04 (t, J=5.6 Hz, 2H).

## EXAMPLE 168



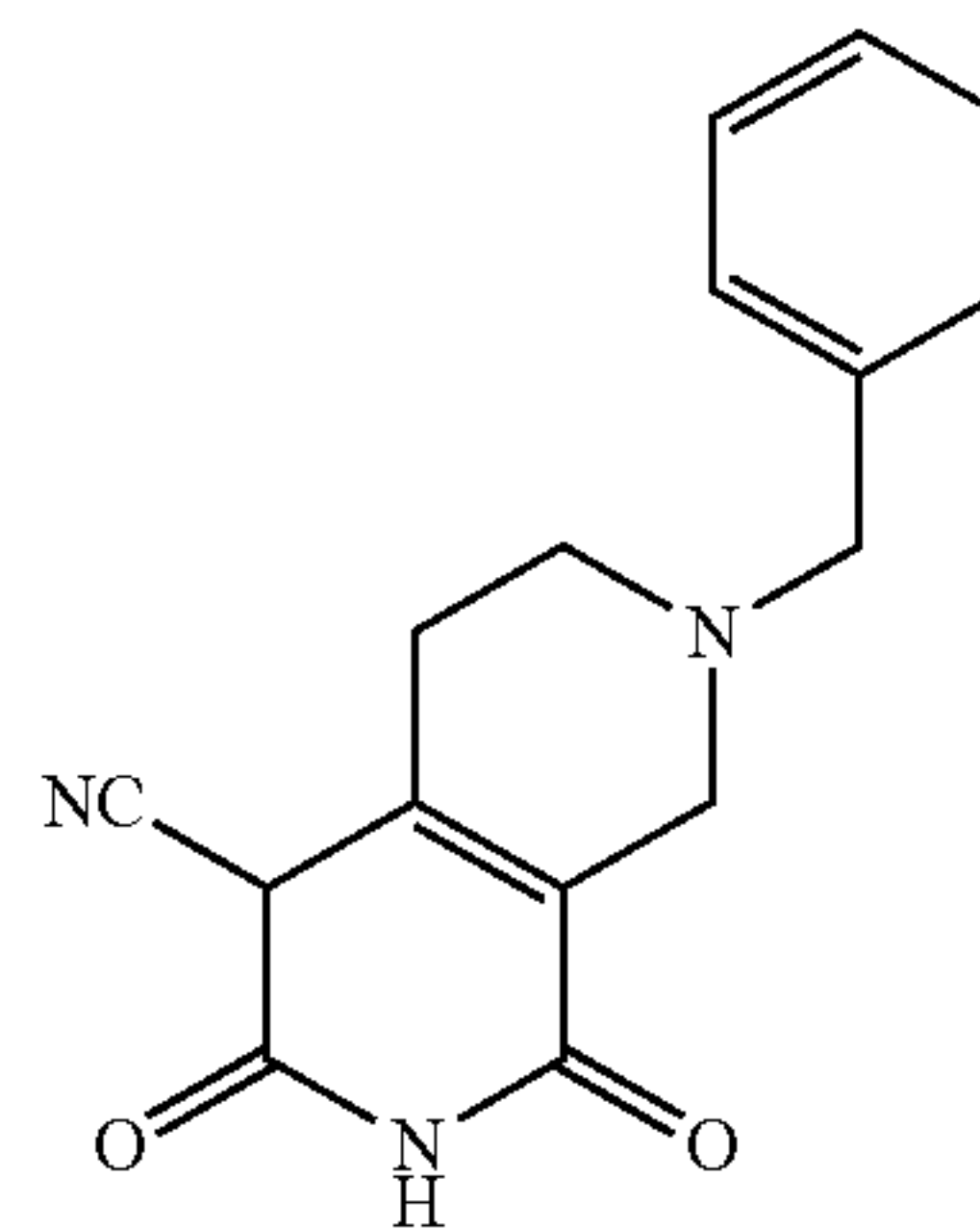
3-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)benzamide

To a mixture of 3-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)benzoic acid (15.0 mg, 0.059 mmol), triethylamine (0.016 mL, 0.12 mmol) and catalytic DMAP in 1.0 mL 1,2-dichlo-

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roethane at rt was added propylphosphonic anhydride solution (50 wt % in EtOAc, 0.046 mL, 0.077 mmol). After 8 min at rt, 3-isopropylaniline (0.015 mL, 0.106 mmol) was added and the reaction stirred at rt for 18 hours. Then additional 3-isopropylaniline (0.015 mL) and propylphosphonic anhydride solution (0.030 mL) was added and the reaction continued for an additional 3 hours. The reaction was quenched into brine/dilute aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution, extracted with EtOAc, the EtOAc layer washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, brine/dilute aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and rotary evaporated to an oil. The oil was chromatographed eluting with CHCl<sub>3</sub>/EtOAc to give the title compound as a light yellow solid (13 mg, 57%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 8.42 (s, 1H), 8.38 (d, J=5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.55-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.47 (ddd, J=8.1, 2.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.40 (m, 1H), 7.29 (t, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.21-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.08-7.14 (m, 2H), 7.01-7.05 (m, 1H), 4.46 (s, 2H), 3.63 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.85-3.02 (m, 3H), 1.27 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 6H).

## PREPARATION 56



7-Benzyl-1,3-dioxo-1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8-octahydro-[2,7]-naphthyridine-4-carbonitrile

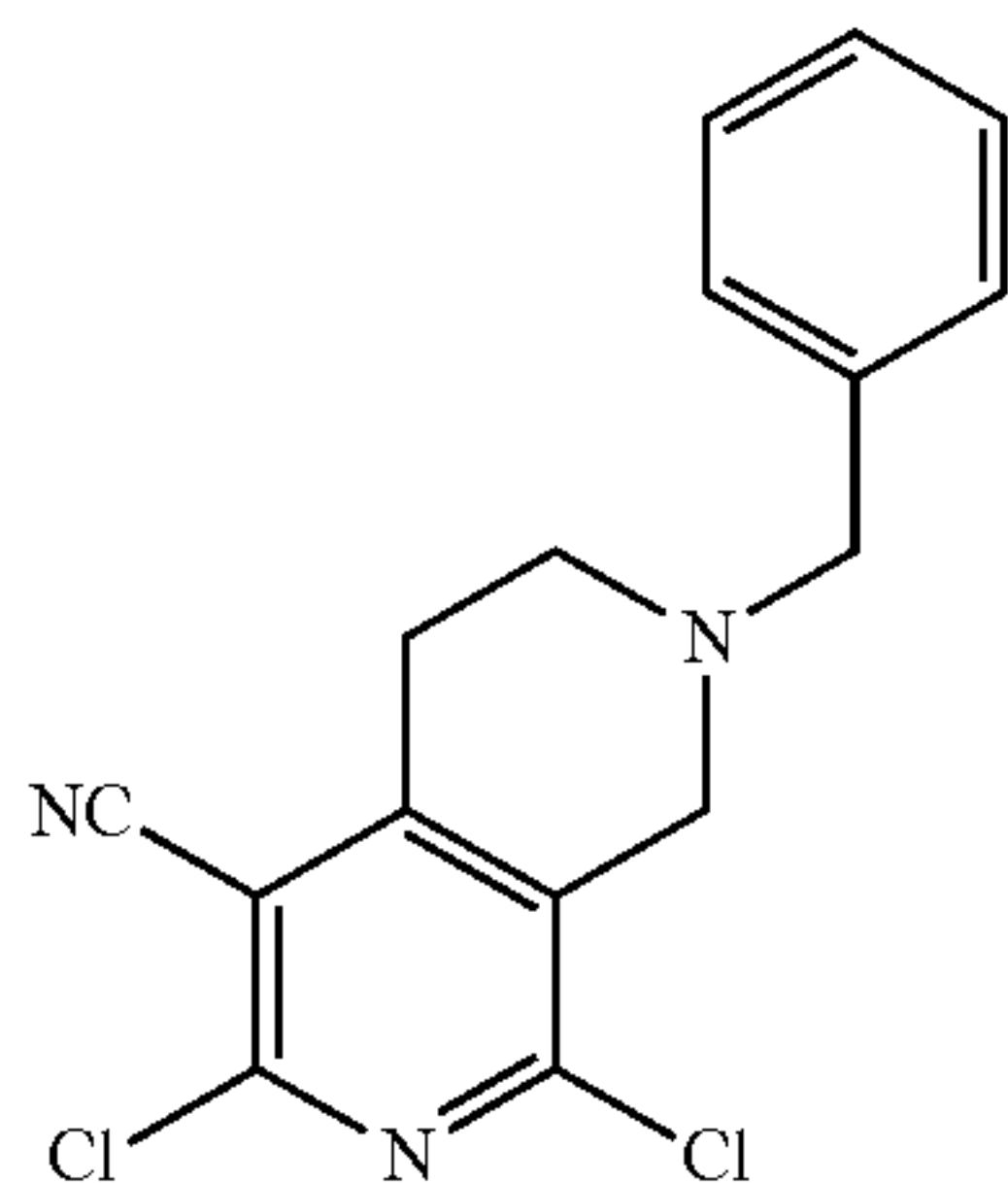
In a 5 L 3-necked flask equipped with a mechanical stirrer and a dropping funnel was placed ethyl 1-benzyl-4-oxo-3-piperidinecarboxylate hydrochloride, (199.3 g, 0.67 mol) in dichloromethane (1.5 L). To this suspension was added saturated sodium bicarbonate (1.5 L) over one hour. After the solid dissolved, the organic layer was separated, washed with brine (250 mL), filtered through 1 PS filter paper and concentrated under reduced pressure to give 160.5 g (92%) of ethyl 1-benzyl-4-oxo-3-piperidinecarboxylate as an oil. NMR 60 MHz, (CDCl<sub>3</sub>), δ 7.3 (s, 5H), 4.2 (q, 2H), 3.6 (s, 2H), 2.3-3.6 (m, 6H), 1.3 (t, 3H).

In a 5 L 3-necked flask equipped with a mechanical stirrer, and a condenser was placed above free base (160 g, 0.613 mol) in methanol (1.2 L). The cyanoacetamide (51.5 g, 0.613 mol) was added followed by addition of a potassium hydroxide solution in methanol (42.9 g, 0.77 mol of KOH in 800 mL MeOH). The resulting mixture was stirred and heated to reflux on steam-bath. The product was started to form as a white solid after few minutes. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 4 hr and cooled to room temperature overnight. The white solid was collected and filter cake was washed with methanol (300 mL). The white solid was transferred into a 2 L 3-necked flask equipped with a mechanical stirrer with the aid of warm water (2 L of 55° C.). The resulting mixture was stirred and acidified to pH=6 with acetic acid (about 35 mL). After 1 hr stirring, the white solid was collected, washed with water (500 mL), pressed well with a rubber dam and air dried in a hood overnight to give 147 g (85%) of the title compound. <sup>1</sup>H NMR 60 MHz, (hot d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO), δ 10.3 (br s, 1H), 7.4 (s, 5H), 4.4 (s, 2H), 3.8 (s, 2H), 3.4 (br s, 3H), 2.7 (m, 2H).



## 187

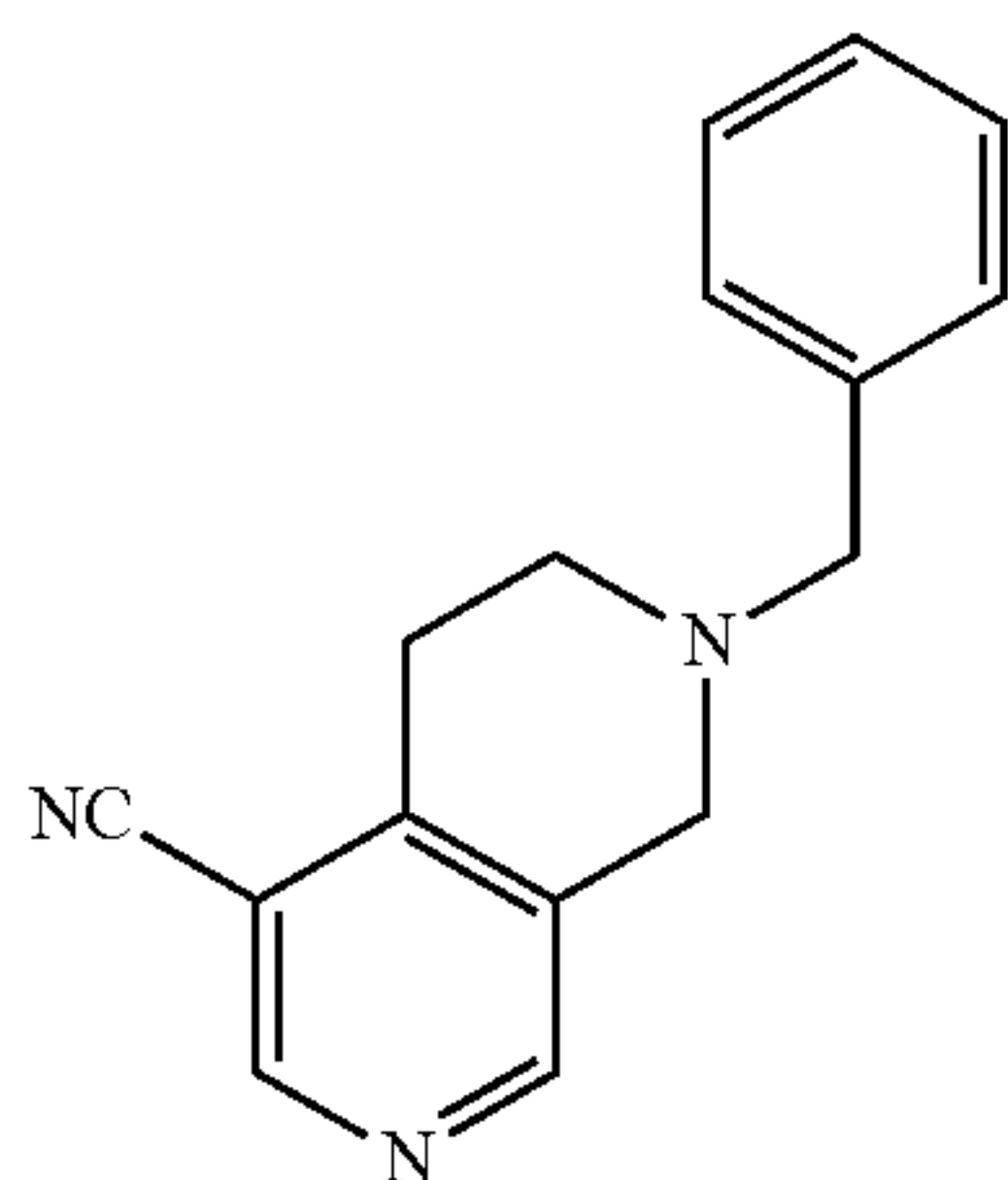
## PREPARATION 57



7-Benzyl-1,3-dichloro-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-[2,7]-naphthyridine-4-carbonitrile

A 300 mL glass pressure vessel was charged with 7-benzyl-1,3-dioxo-1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8-octahydro-[2,7]-naphthyridine-4-carbonitrile (17.56 g, 0.0625 mol) and phosphorus oxychloride (60 mL). The vessel was sealed and heated at 180° C. for 4 hr. This process was repeated three more times. All material in these processes were combined and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (1.2 L) and added into a 5 L 3-necked flask equipped with a mechanical stirrer containing ice (about 300 g). The resulting mixture was basified to pH=9-10 by adding approximately 650 mL 20% aqueous sodium hydroxide solution. During this addition more ice was added to keep internal temperature under 30° C. The mixture was stirred for 15 min and then was filtered to remove a gel type particle. The organic layer was separated, washed with brine (250 mL), filtered through 1 PS filter paper and concentrated under reduced pressure. The oily residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (400 g) with anhydrous sodium sulfate (75 g) on top packed with hexane. The column was eluted with 200 mL portions of 15% ethyl acetate in hexane followed by 35% ethyl acetate in hexane to give the title compound (70.8 g, 89%) as an oil which solidified on standing. <sup>1</sup>H NMR 60 MHz, (CDCl<sub>3</sub>), δ 7.3 (s, 5H), 3.7 (s, 2H), 3.6 (s, 2H), 3.0 (m, 4H).

## PREPARATION 58



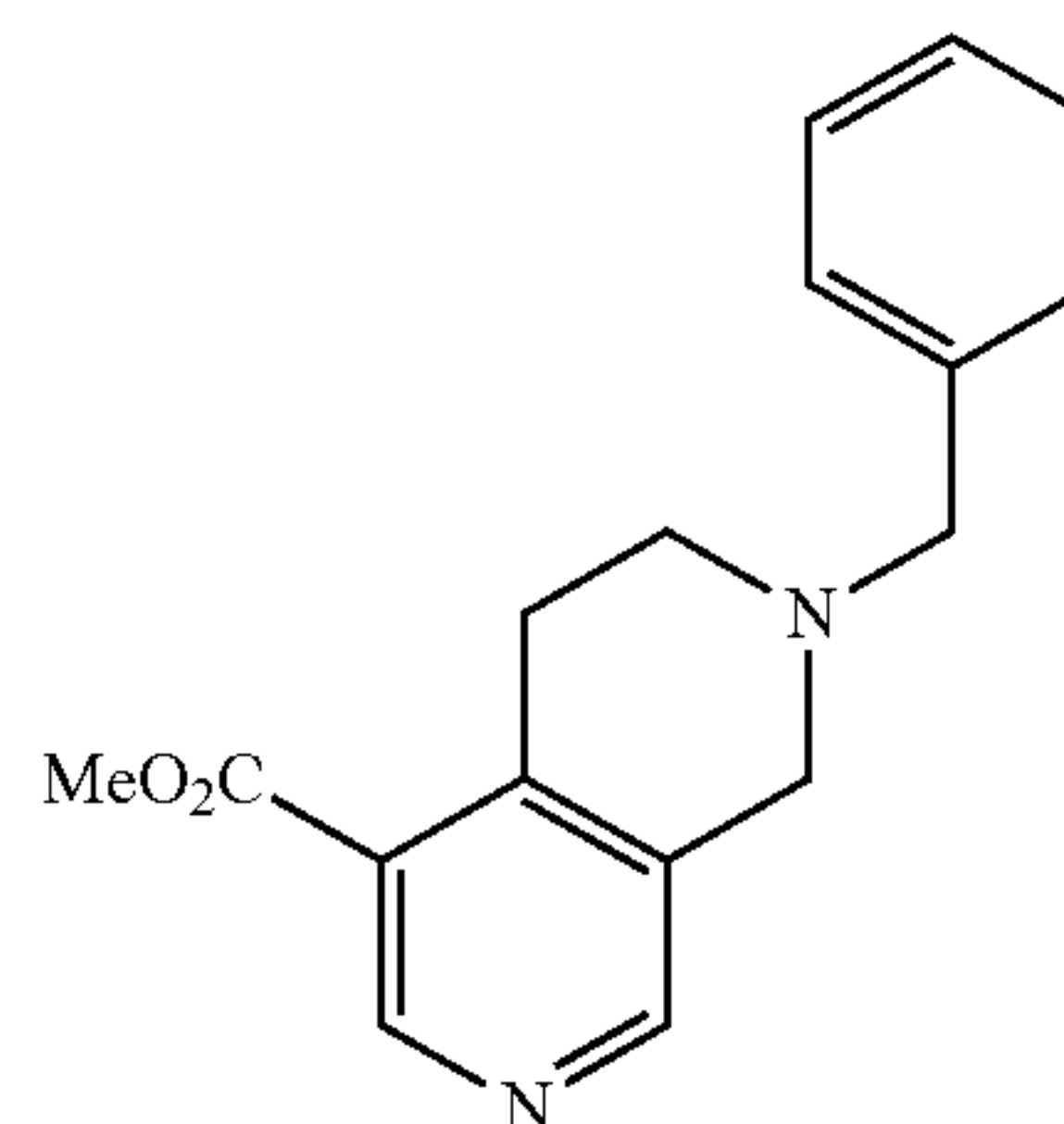
7-Benzyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-[2,7]-naphthyridine-4-carbonitrile

A mixture of 7-benzyl-1,3-dichloro-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-[2,7]-naphthyridine-4-carbonitrile (70 g, 0.22 mol) and triethy-

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lamine (70 mL) in methanol (1 L) was placed in a 2.5 L hydrogenation bottle and hydrogenated over 10% Pd/C (15 g) for 3 hr. The reaction mixture was filtered to remove catalyst. The catalyst on filter paper was washed with methanol (100 mL). The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to give an oil. The oil was dissolved in dichloromethane (500 mL), washed with water (2×200 mL), brine (200 mL), dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate (10 g), filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to give an oil. The oil was placed under high vacuum line overnight to give the title compound (48.5 g, 88%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR 60 MHz, (CDCl<sub>3</sub>), δ 8.5 (s, 1H), 8.3 (s, 1H), 7.3 (s, 5H), 3.7 (s, 2H), 3.6 (s, 2H), 2.8 (m, 4H).

## PREPARATION 59



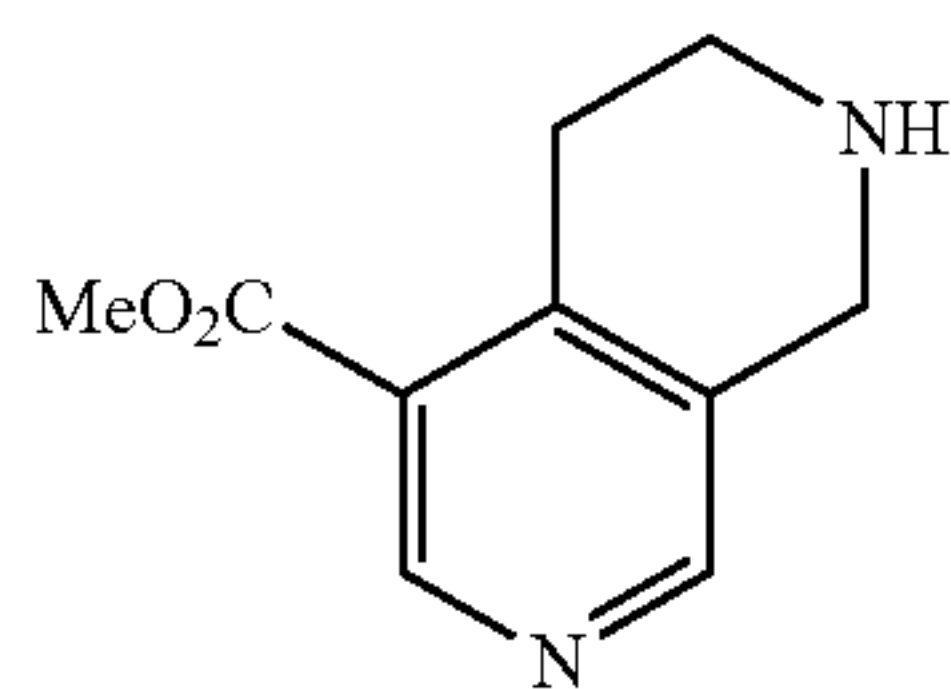
7-Benzyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-[2,7]naphthyridine-4-carboxylic acid methyl ester

In a 1 L copper flask was placed 7-benzyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-[2,7]-naphthyridine-4-carbonitrile (44.8 g, 0.18 mol) in ethanol (200 mL). A solution of sodium hydroxide (36 g, 0.9 mol) in water (200 mL) was added and the resulting mixture was refluxed for 8 hr. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. To the residue was added ethanol (150 mL) and toluene (150 mL) and concentrated under reduced pressure. This process was repeated three times. Finally methanol (150 mL) and toluene (150 mL) were added and concentrated under reduced pressure. The solid residue was further dried under high vacuum line overnight. To the residue was added a solution of 30% sulfuric acid in methanol (w/w, 800 mL) and refluxed for 24 hr. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and filtered to remove white solid (inorganic salt). The solid on filter paper was washed with methanol (100 mL) and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. To the residue was added ice (300 g) and basified with ammonium hydroxide (175 mL, 28-38% ammonia). The mixture was extracted with dichloromethane (2×250 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (150 mL), filtered through 1 PS filter paper and concentrated to give a brown oil. The oil was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (500 g) with anhydrous sodium sulfate (50 g) on top packed with hexane. The column was eluted with 200 mL portions of 25% ethyl acetate in hexane followed by 50% ethyl acetate in hexane. The eluent containing product was concentrated to give the title compound (39.1 g, 77%) as an oil which solidified on standing. <sup>1</sup>H NMR 60 MHz, (CDCl<sub>3</sub>), δ 8.8 (s, 1H), 8.2 (s, 1H), 7.3 (s, 5H), 3.8 (s, 3H), 3.6 (s, 2H), 3.5 (s, 2H), 3.2 (m, 2H), 2.6 (m, 2H).



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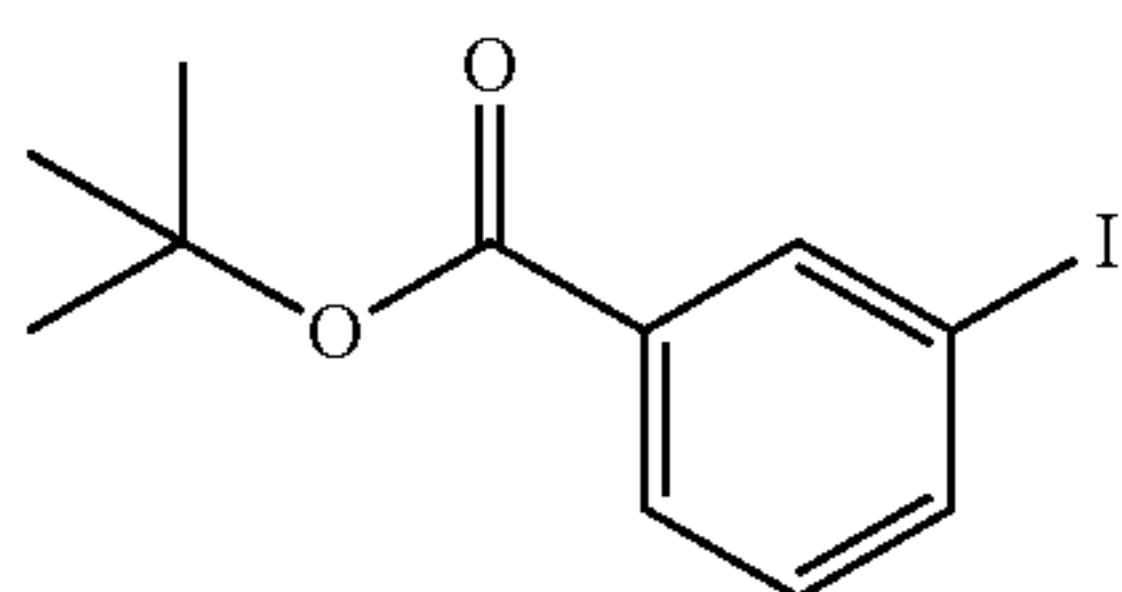
## PREPARATION 60



5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-[2,7]naphthyridine-4-carboxylic acid methyl ester

In a 2 L 3-necked flask equipped with a mechanical stirrer and condenser was placed 7-benzyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-[2,7]naphthyridine-4-carboxylic acid methyl ester (11.28 g, 0.04 mol) in methanol (500 mL). To this solution was added ammonium formate (37.8 g, 0.6 mol) and 10% Pd/C (11 g, 50% water wet). The resulting mixture was stirred and heated to reflux for 15 min. The reaction mixture was filtered through glass microfiber filter paper. The catalyst on filter paper was washed with hot methanol (200 mL). The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to give a solid residue. The residue was purified by flash chromatography over silica gel (120 g) with anhydrous sodium sulfate (15 g) on top packed with hexane. The column was eluted with 100 mL portions of dichloromethane for fractions 1-4, 5% of (10% ammonia in methanol) in dichloromethane for fractions 6-9, and 10% of (10% ammonia in methanol) in dichloromethane for fractions 10-18. All fractions checked by TLC [10% of (10% ammonia in methanol) in dichloromethane]. The product was eluted in fractions 11-16 to give the title compound (6.1 g, 79%) as a light yellow solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR 60 MHz, (CDCl<sub>3</sub>), δ 8.8 (s, 1H), 8.2 (s, 1H), 4.0 (s, 2H), 3.8 (s, 3H), 3.0 (s, 4H), 1.7 (s, 1H).

## PREPARATION 61



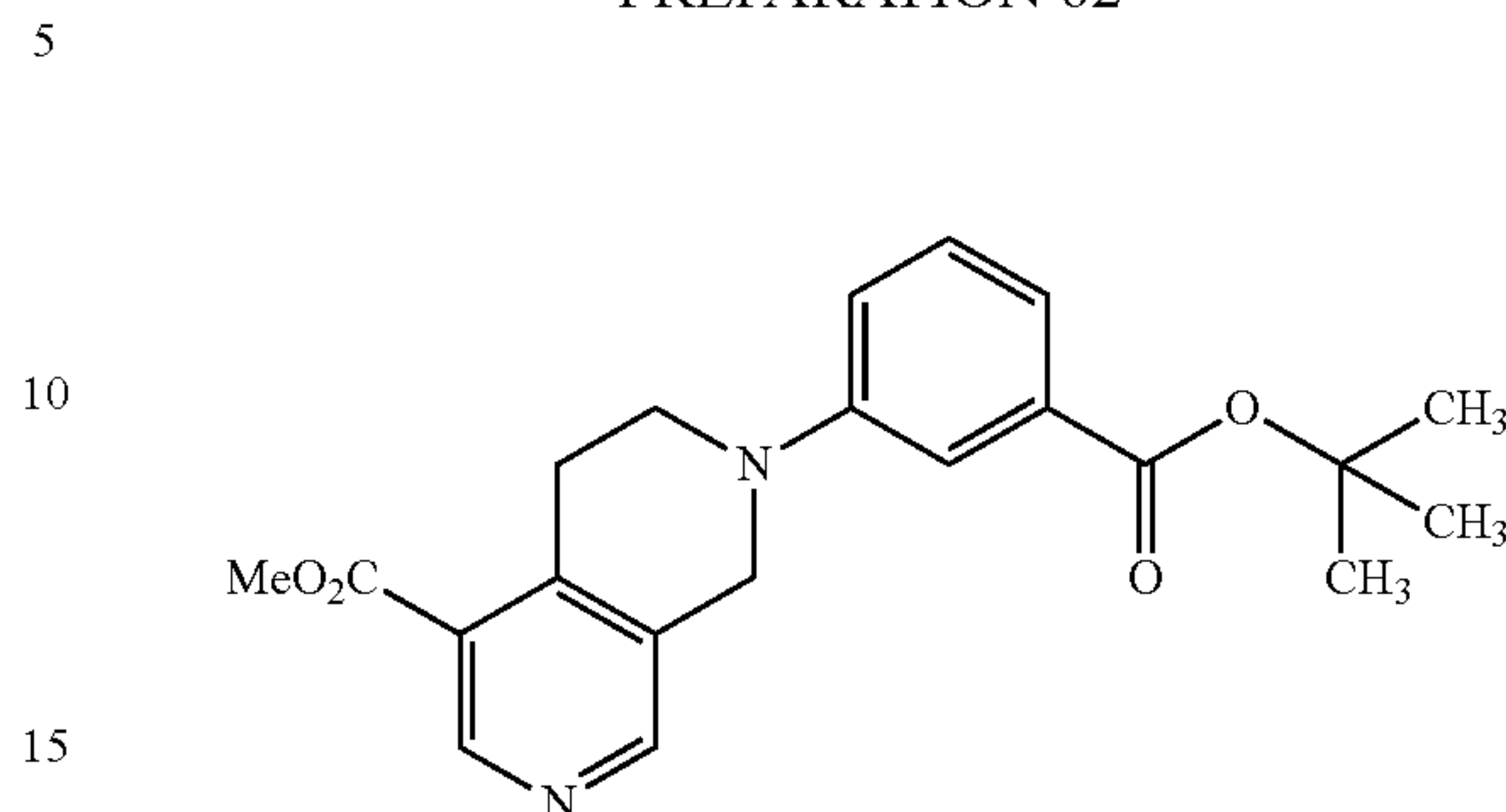
3-iodobenzoic acid tert-butyl ester

To a solution of 3-iodobenzoic acid (50 g, 0.2 mol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (250 mL) was added solid 1,1'-carbonyldiimidazole (32.4 g, 0.2 mol) over 15 min. The resulting mixture was heated at 40° C. for 1 hr, then was added tert-butyl alcohol (29.6 g, 0.4 mol) and 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene (30.4 g, 0.2 mol) and heated at 40° C. overnight. The reaction was cooled to room temperature, diluted with water (500 mL) and extracted with hexane (2×500 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with water (2×400 mL), brine (250 mL), dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate (15 g), filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure

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to give the title compound (56 g, 92%) as an oil. NMR 60 MHz, (CDCl<sub>3</sub>), δ 8.3 (m, 1H), 7.8 (m, 2H), 7.0 (m, 1H), 1.6 (s, 9H).

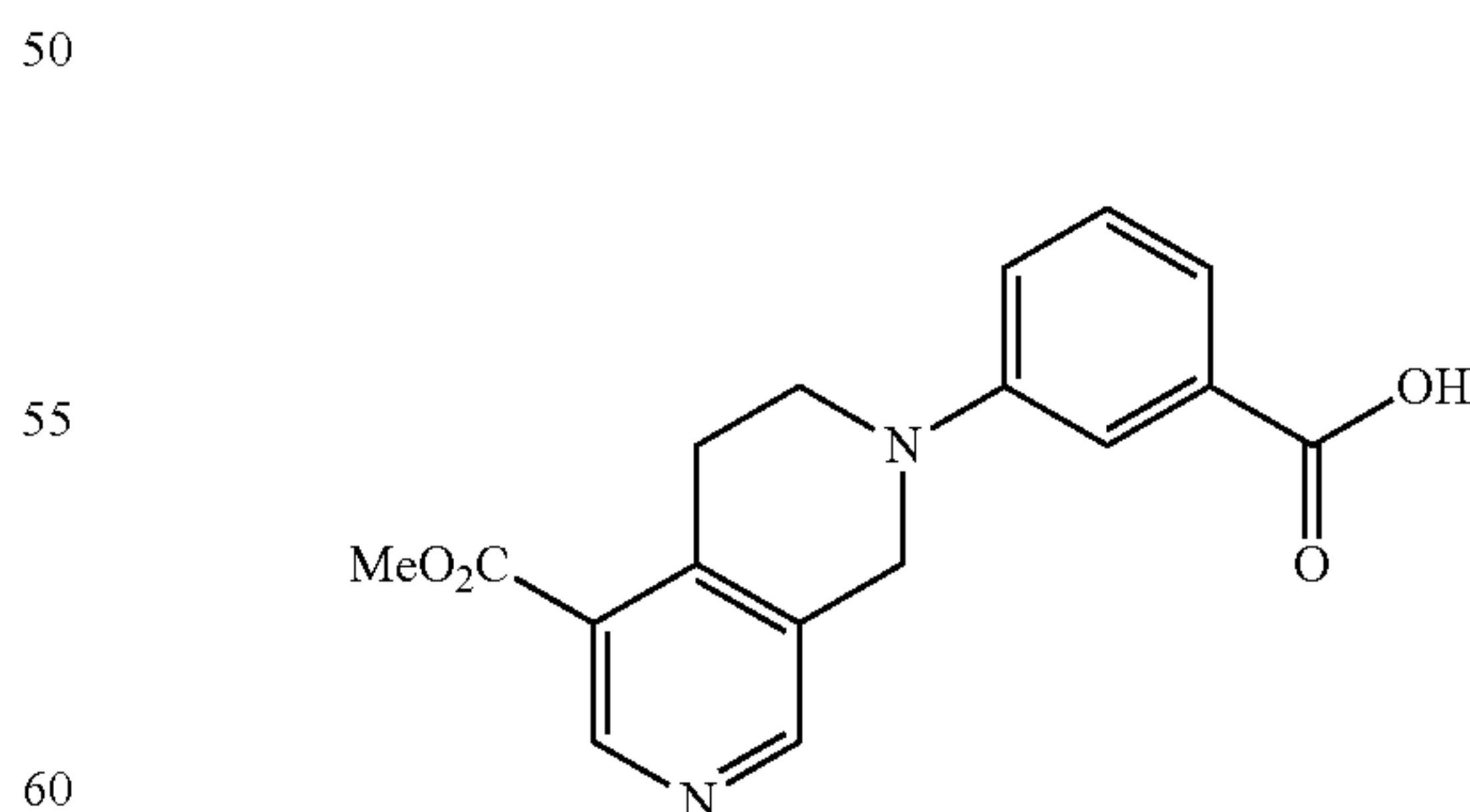
## PREPARATION 62



7-(3-tert-Butoxycarbonyl-phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-[2,7]naphthyridine-4-carboxylic acid methyl ester

A 1 L glass pressure vessel was charged with 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-[2,7]naphthyridine-4-carboxylic acid methyl ester (5.38 g, 0.028 mol) and 3-iodobenzoic acid tert-butyl ester (12.8 g, 0.042 mol) in toluene (300 mL). The solution was stirred and sparged with argon for 10 min. Palladium(II) acetate (0.38 g, 0.00168 mol, 6 mole %) and cesium carbonate (18.3 g, 0.056 mol) were added and sparged with argon for an additional 10 min. (±)-2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)1,1'-binaphthalene (0.96 g, 0.00336 mol, 12 mole %) was added and the vessel was sealed and heated at 100° C. overnight. HPLC analysis and TLC (ethyl acetate:hexane; 1:1) showed the reaction was complete. The reaction mixture was filtered and filter paper was washed with ethyl acetate (250 mL). The filtrate was washed with water (250 mL). The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with ethyl acetate (2×150 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3×100 mL), filtered through 1 PS filter paper and concentrated under reduced pressure to give an oil. The oil was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (125 g) with anhydrous sodium sulfate (25 g) on top packed with hexane. The column was eluted with 100 mL portions of 10% ethyl acetate in hexane for fractions 1-5, 25% ethyl acetate in hexane for fractions 6-16, 35% ethyl acetate in hexane for fractions 17-24, and 40% ethyl acetate in hexane for fractions 25-32. All fractions checked by TLC. The product was eluted in fractions 19-28 to give the title compound (6.9 g, 67%) as a viscous oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR 60 MHz, (CDCl<sub>3</sub>), δ 9.0 (s, 1H), 8.6 (s, 1H), 7.4 (m, 5H), 4.5 (s, 2H), 4.0 (s, 3H), 3.6 (m, 4H), 1.7 (s, 9H).

## PREPARATION 63



3-[5-(methoxycarbonyl)-3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl]benzoic acid

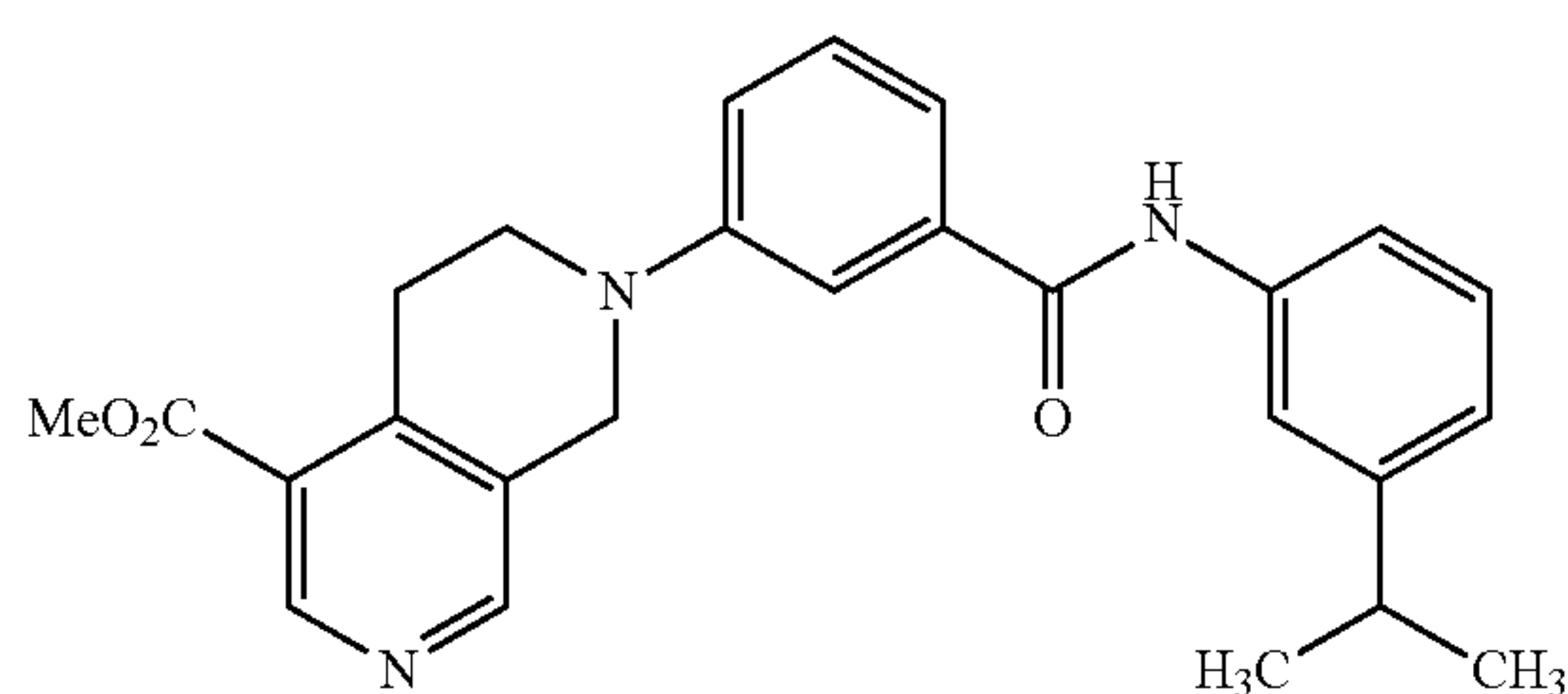
A mixture of 7-(3-tert-Butoxycarbonyl-phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-[2,7]naphthyridine-4-carboxylic acid methyl



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ester (6.9 g, 0.0188 mol) and 98% formic acid (30 mL) was heated at 50° C. for 4 hr and at 30° C. overnight. HPLC analysis showed the reaction was not complete. It was heated at 50° C. for an additional 1.5 hr. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. Diluted with dichloromethane (200 mL) and cooled to 0° C. To the mixture (liquid and solid) was added saturated sodium bicarbonate until to get a pH=5-6 at 0° C. The solid was collected, washed with water (50 mL), dichloromethane (50 mL) and air dried. The solid was triturated with acetone (50 mL) for 30 min. The yellow-green solid was collected and dried in a drying pistol with refluxing acetone overnight to give the title compound (3.86 g, 66%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR 300 MHz (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO), δ 13 (brs, 1H), 8.8 (s, 1H), 8.65 (s, 1H), 7.5 (m, 4H), 4.5 (s, 2H), 3.8 (s, 3H), 3.6 (t, 2H), 3.2 (t, 2H).

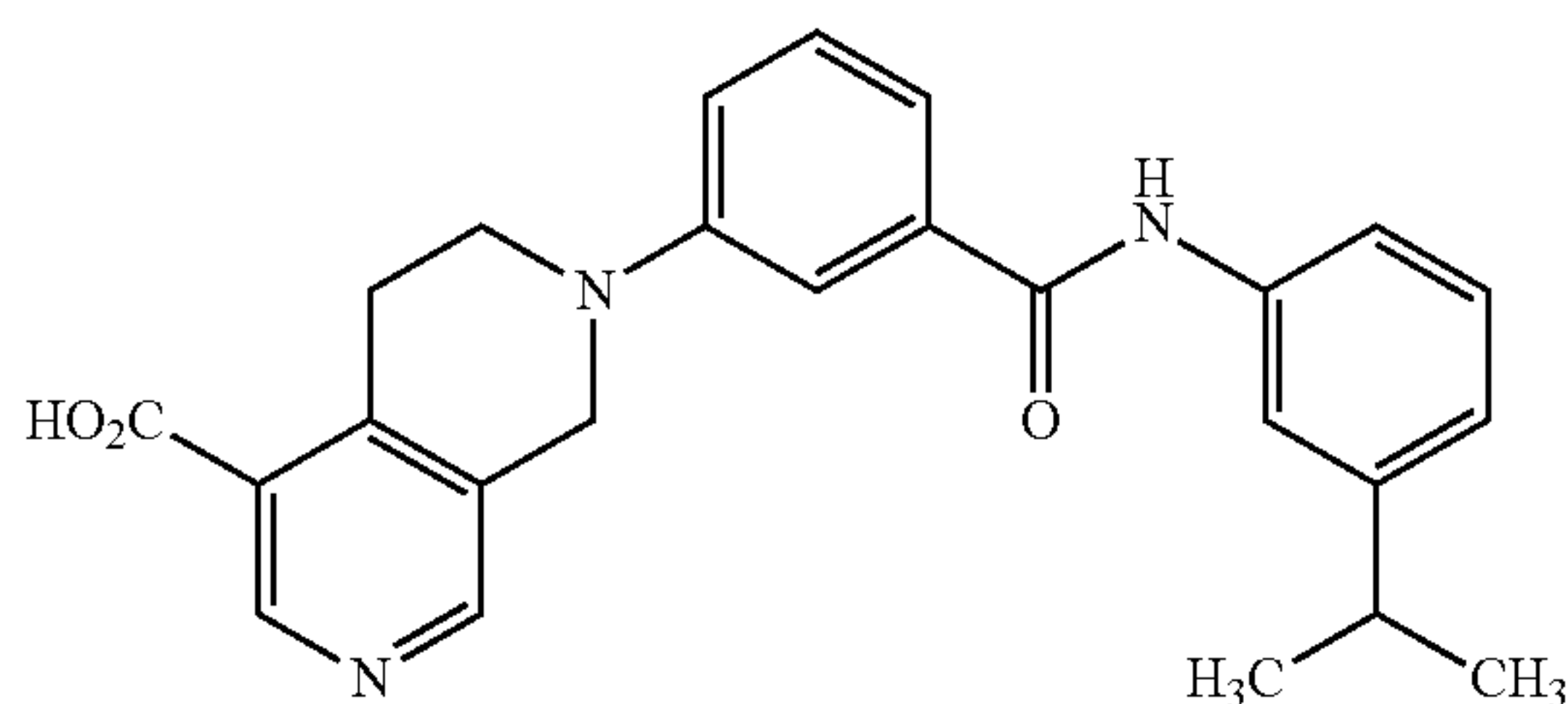
## EXAMPLE 169



Methyl 7-(3-((3-isopropylphenyl)amino)carbonyl)phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxylate

To a mixture of 3-[5-(methoxycarbonyl)-3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl]benzoic acid (63 mg, 0.20 mmol), triethylamine (0.056 mL, 0.40 mmol), and catalytic DMAP in 2.0 mL 1,2-dichloroethane at rt was added propylphosphonic anhydride solution (50 wt % in EtOAc, 0.143 mL, 0.24 mmol). After 10 min at rt, 3-isopropylaniline (0.042 mL, 0.30 mmol) was added and the reaction stirred at rt for 1 hour. The reaction was quenched into aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, extracted with EtOAc, the EtOAc layer washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, dilute aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, brine, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and rotary evaporated. This material was chromatographed eluting with CHCl<sub>3</sub>/EtOAc to give the title compound as a light yellow solid (59 mg, 68%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (Acetone-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 9.39 (br. s., 1H), 8.89 (s, 1H), 8.66 (s, 1H), 7.72-7.74 (m, 1H), 7.66-7.71 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.00 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (s, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.66-3.71 (m, 2H), 3.37 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.91 (spt, J=6.9 Hz, 1H), 1.25 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 6H)

## EXAMPLE 170



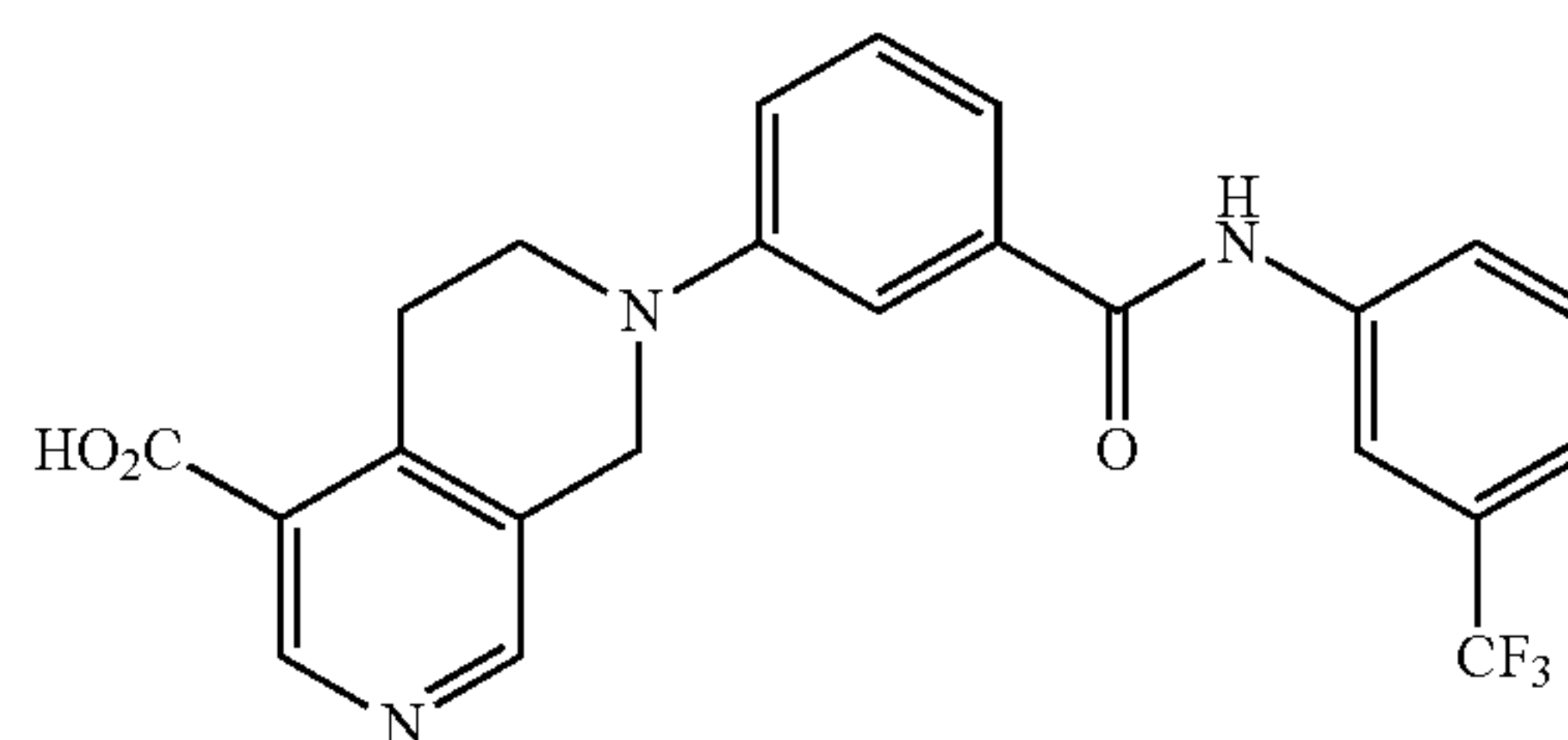
7-(3-((3-isopropylphenyl)amino)carbonyl)phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxylic acid

A mixture of methyl 7-(3-((3-isopropylphenyl)amino)carbonyl)phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-

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carboxylate (298 mg, 0.694 mmol) and 1.0 M NaOH (3.5 mL, 3.5 mmol) in 8.0 mL dioxane was rapidly stirred at rt for 1.8 hours. The pH of the mixture was adjusted to pH 4 using 10% aqueous HCl, and then water added to form a yellow precipitant. The precipitant was filtered, washed with H<sub>2</sub>O then 30% EtOAc/hexane to give the title compound as a yellow solid (232 mg, 81%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> plus D<sub>2</sub>O) δ: 10.10 (s, 1H), 8.82 (s, 1H), 8.63 (s, 1H), 7.56-7.65 (m, 2H), 7.54 (s, 1H), 7.33-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.29 (m, 2H), 6.98 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 4.55 (s, 2H), 3.60-3.65 (m, 2H), 3.27 (t, J=5.4 Hz, 2H), 2.79-2.94 (m, 1H), 1.21 (d, J=6.7 Hz, 6H)

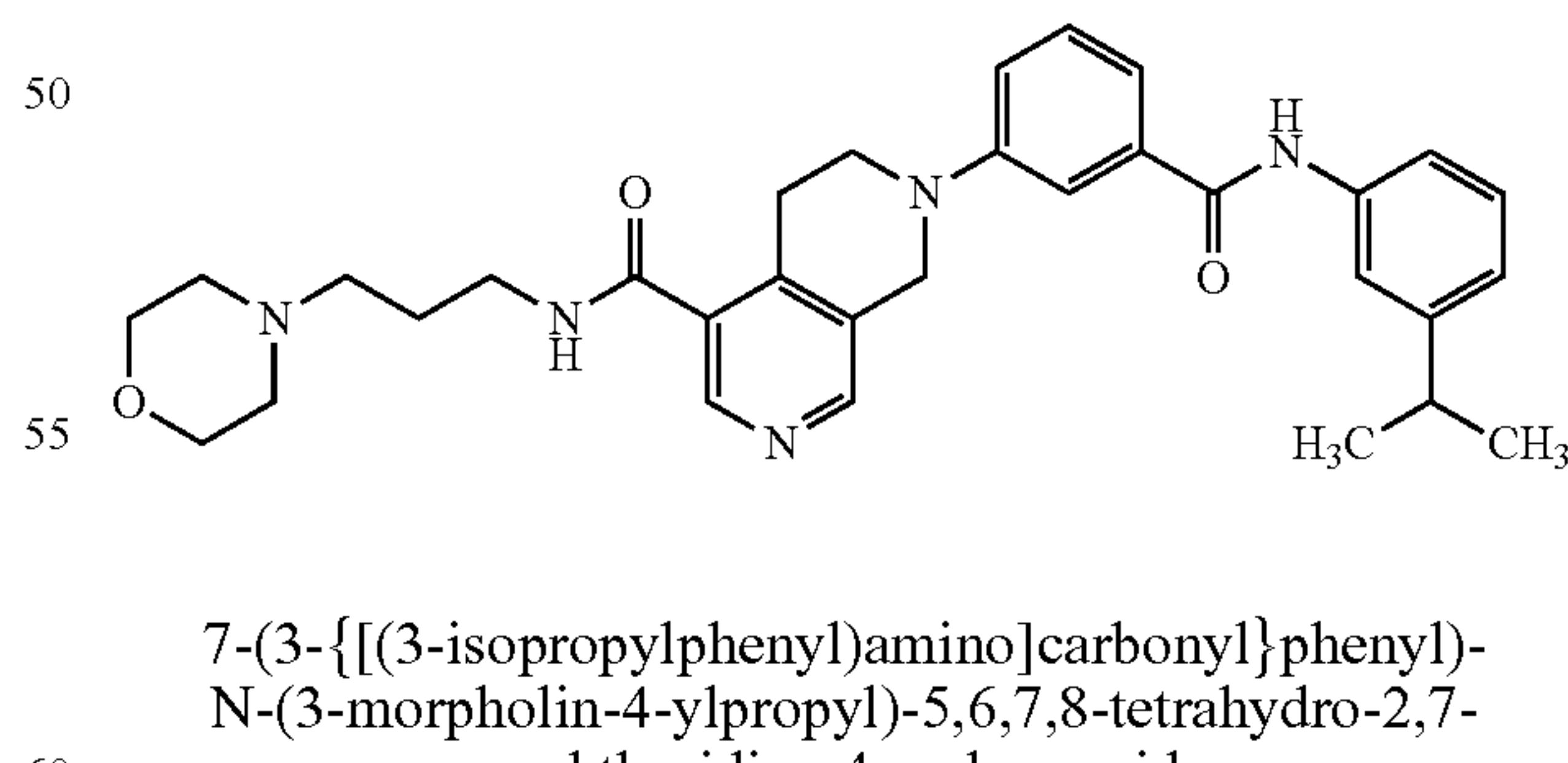
## EXAMPLE 171



Methyl 7-(3-((3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)amino)carbonyl)phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxylate

To a mixture of 3-[5-(methoxycarbonyl)-3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl]benzoic acid (63 mg, 0.20 mmol), triethylamine (0.084 mL, 0.60 mmol), and catalytic DMAP in 3.0 mL 1,2-dichloroethane at rt was added propylphosphonic anhydride solution (50 wt % in EtOAc, 0.143 mL, 0.24 mmol). After 5 min at rt, 3-(trifluoromethyl)aniline (0.037 mL, 0.30 mmol) was added and the reaction stirred at rt for 18 hours. The reaction was quenched with aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, extracted with EtOAc, the EtOAc layer washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, dilute aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, brine, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and rotary evaporated. This material was chromatographed eluting with CHCl<sub>3</sub>/EtOAc to give the title compound as a yellow solid (50 mg, 55%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (Acetone-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 9.75 (br. s., 1H), 8.89 (s, 1H), 8.66 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 8.09 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.60 (t, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.37-7.47 (m, 3H), 7.28-7.34 (m, 1H), 4.61 (s, 2H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 3.67-3.73 (m, 2H), 3.37 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H).

## EXAMPLE 172



7-(3-((3-isopropylphenyl)amino)carbonyl)phenyl)-N-(3-morpholin-4-ylpropyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxamide

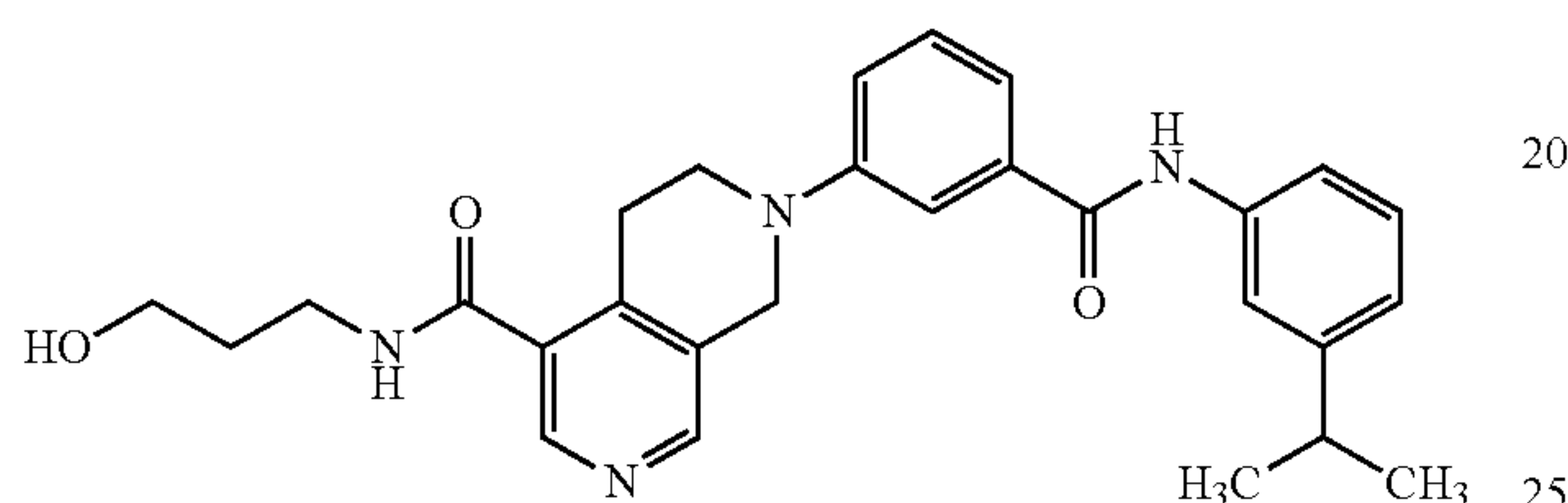
To a mixture of 7-(3-((3-isopropylphenyl)amino)carbonyl)phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxylic acid (25 mg, 0.06 mmol), triethylamine (0.017 mL, 0.12 mmol), and catalytic DMAP in 1.1 mL 1,2-dichloroethane at rt was added propylphosphonic anhydride solution (50 wt % in EtOAc, 0.043 mL, 0.072 mmol). After 5 min



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at rt, 3-morpholinopropylamine (0.011 mL, 0.072 mmol) was added and the reaction stirred at rt for 1.5 hours. The reaction was partitioned between EtOAc and brine/aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, the EtOAc layer washed with brine/aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and rotary evaporated. This material was chromatographed eluting with CHCl<sub>3</sub>/MeOH to give the title compound as an off-white solid (17 mg, 54%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 8.50 (s, 1H), 8.48 (s, 1H), 7.83-7.92 (m, 2H), 7.54 (d, J=4.7 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.41 (m, 1H), 7.20-7.33 (m, 2H), 7.13 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 4.50 (s, 2H), 3.52-3.63 (m, 8H), 3.23 (t, J=5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.87-2.98 (m, 1H), 2.56 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.47 (br. s., 4H), 1.75-1.85 (m, 2H), 1.27 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 6H)

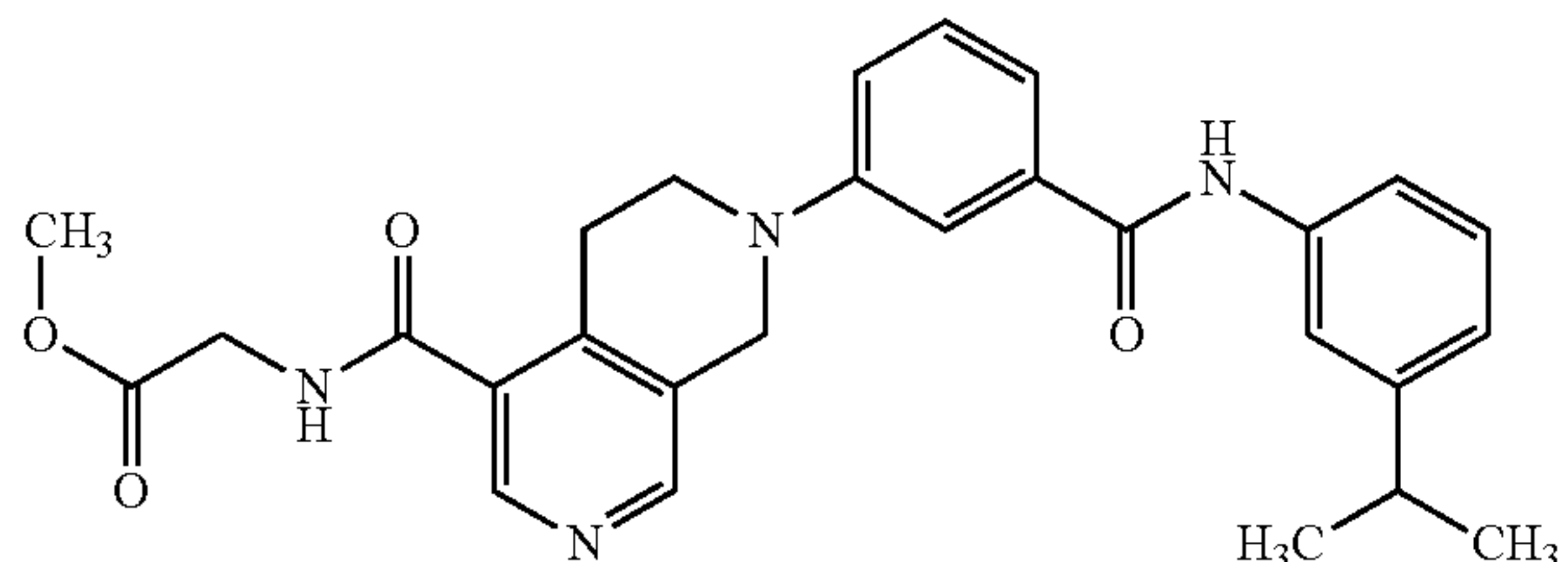
## EXAMPLE 173



N-(3-hydroxypropyl)-7-(3-((3-isopropylphenyl)amino)carbonyl)phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxamide

To a mixture of 7-(3-((3-isopropylphenyl)amino)carbonyl)phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxylic acid (47 mg, 0.113 mmol), triethylamine (0.047 mL, 0.34 mmol), and catalytic DMAP in 3.0 mL 1,2-dichloroethane at rt was added propylphosphonic anhydride solution (50 wt % in EtOAc, 0.081 mL, 0.136 mmol). After 5 min at rt, 3-amino-1-propanol (0.011 mL, 0.147 mmol) was added and the reaction stirred at rt for 2 hours. The reaction was quenched with aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, extracted with EtOAc, the EtOAc layer washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, brine, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and rotary evaporated. This material was chromatographed eluting with CHCl<sub>3</sub>/EtOAc plus 10% MeOH to give the title compound as a light yellow solid (20 mg, 37%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 8.46 (s, 1H), 8.41 (s, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.54 (s, 1H), 7.44-7.51 (m, 2H), 7.19-7.39 (m, 4H), 7.10 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (t, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (s, 2H), 3.78 (t, J=5.4 Hz, 2H), 3.53-3.65 (m, 4H), 3.17 (t, J=5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.86-2.97 (m, 1H), 1.77-1.86 (m, 2H), 1.27 (d, J=6.7 Hz, 6H)

## EXAMPLE 174



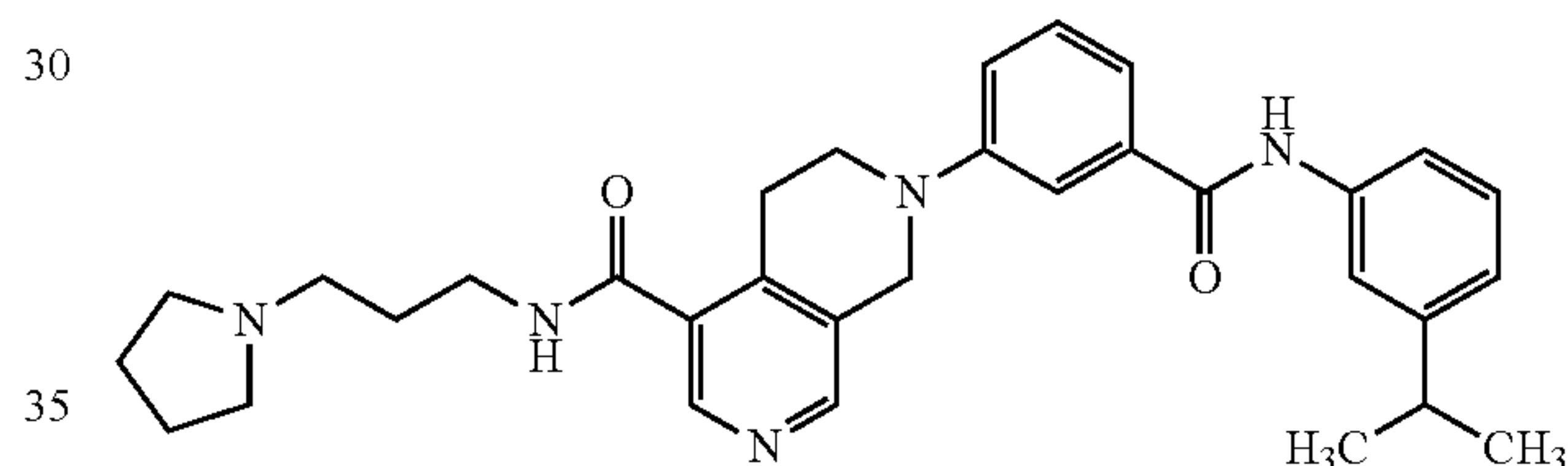
Methyl({[7-(3-((3-isopropylphenyl)amino)carbonyl)phenyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridin-4-yl}carbonyl)amino)acetate

To a mixture of 7-(3-((3-isopropylphenyl)amino)carbonyl)phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-

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carboxylic acid (40 mg, 0.096 mmol), N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.067 mL, 0.39 mmol), and catalytic DMAP in 2.5 mL 1,2-dichloroethane at rt was added propylphosphonic anhydride solution (50 wt % in EtOAc, 0.069 mL, 0.116 mmol). After 6 min at rt, glycine methyl ester hydrochloride (18.1 mg, 0.144 mmol) was added and the reaction stirred at rt for 4 hours. The reaction was quenched with aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, extracted with EtOAc, the EtOAc layer washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, brine, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and rotary evaporated. This material was chromatographed eluting with CHCl<sub>3</sub>/EtOAc plus 10% MeOH to give the title compound as a light yellow solid (30 mg, 64%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 8.55 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 7.93 (s, 1H), 7.53 (d, J=11.4 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.33-7.40 (m, 1H), 7.20-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.11 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (t, J=5.1 Hz, 1H), 4.47 (s, 2H), 4.24 (d, J=5.3 Hz, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.56-3.61 (m, 2H), 3.20 (t, J=5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.85-2.99 (m, 1H), 1.27 (d, J=6.7 Hz, 6H)

## EXAMPLE 175



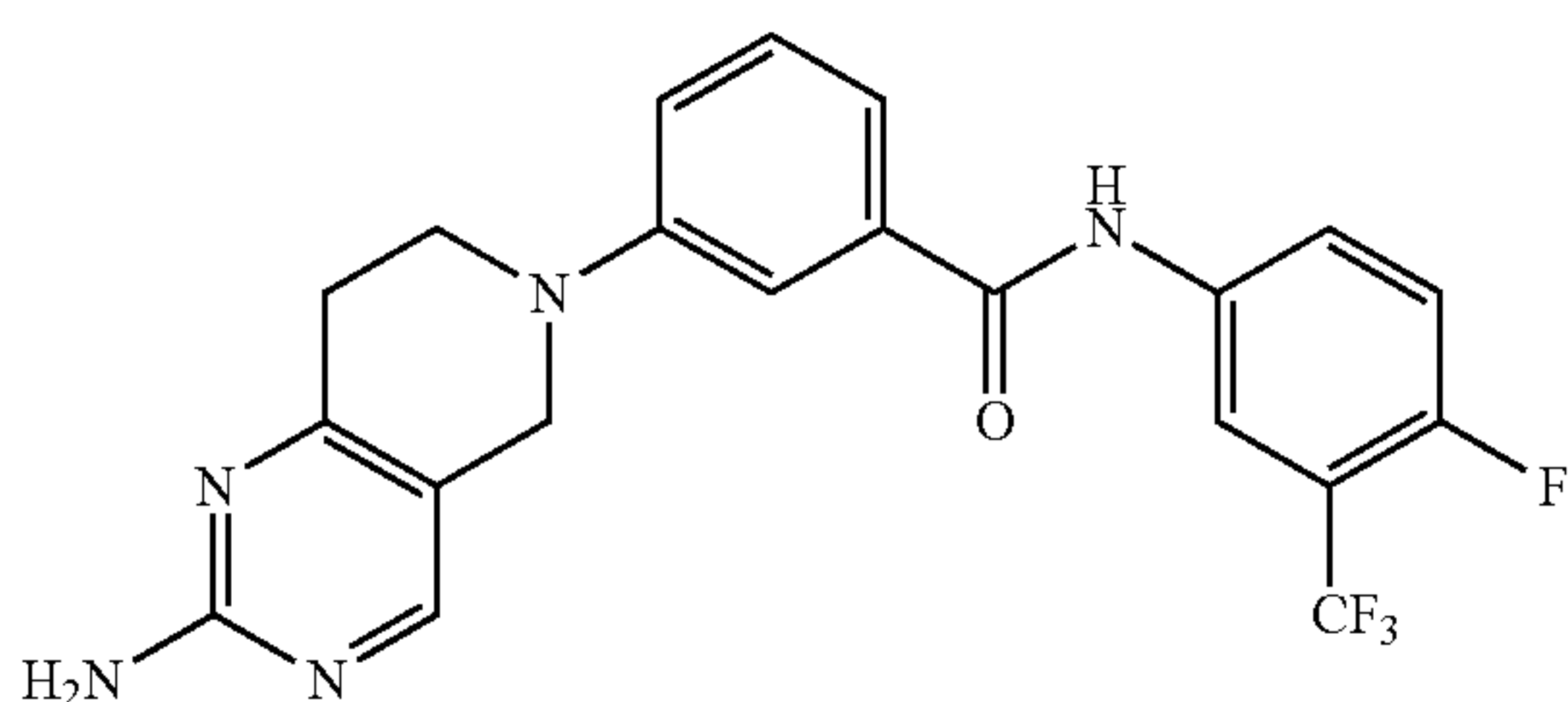
7-(3-((3-isopropylphenyl)amino)carbonyl)phenyl)-N-(3-pyrrolidin-1-ylpropyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxamide

To a mixture of 7-(3-((3-isopropylphenyl)amino)carbonyl)phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxylic acid (40 mg, 0.096 mmol), N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.050 mL, 0.29 mmol), and catalytic DMAP in 2.5 mL 1,2-dichloroethane at rt was added propylphosphonic anhydride solution (50 wt % in EtOAc, 0.069 mL, 0.116 mmol). After 6 min at rt, 1-(3-Aminopropyl)pyrrolidine (16.0 mg, 0.125 mmol) was added and the reaction stirred at rt for 4 hours. The reaction was quenched with aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, extracted with EtOAc, the EtOAc layer washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution, brine, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and rotary evaporated. The sample was triturated with EtOAc, and the filtrate chromatographed eluting with CHCl<sub>3</sub>/MeOH plus triethylamine to give the title compound as a light beige solid (27 mg, 53%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 8.50 (s, 1H), 8.36-8.44 (m, 2H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.58 (s, 1H), 7.46-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.39 (m, 1H), 7.22-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.10 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.46 (s, 2H), 3.53-3.61 (m, 4H), 3.22 (t, J=5.4 Hz, 2H), 2.77-2.97 (m, 7H), 1.82-1.99 (m, 6H), 1.27 (d, J=6.7 Hz, 6H)



## 195

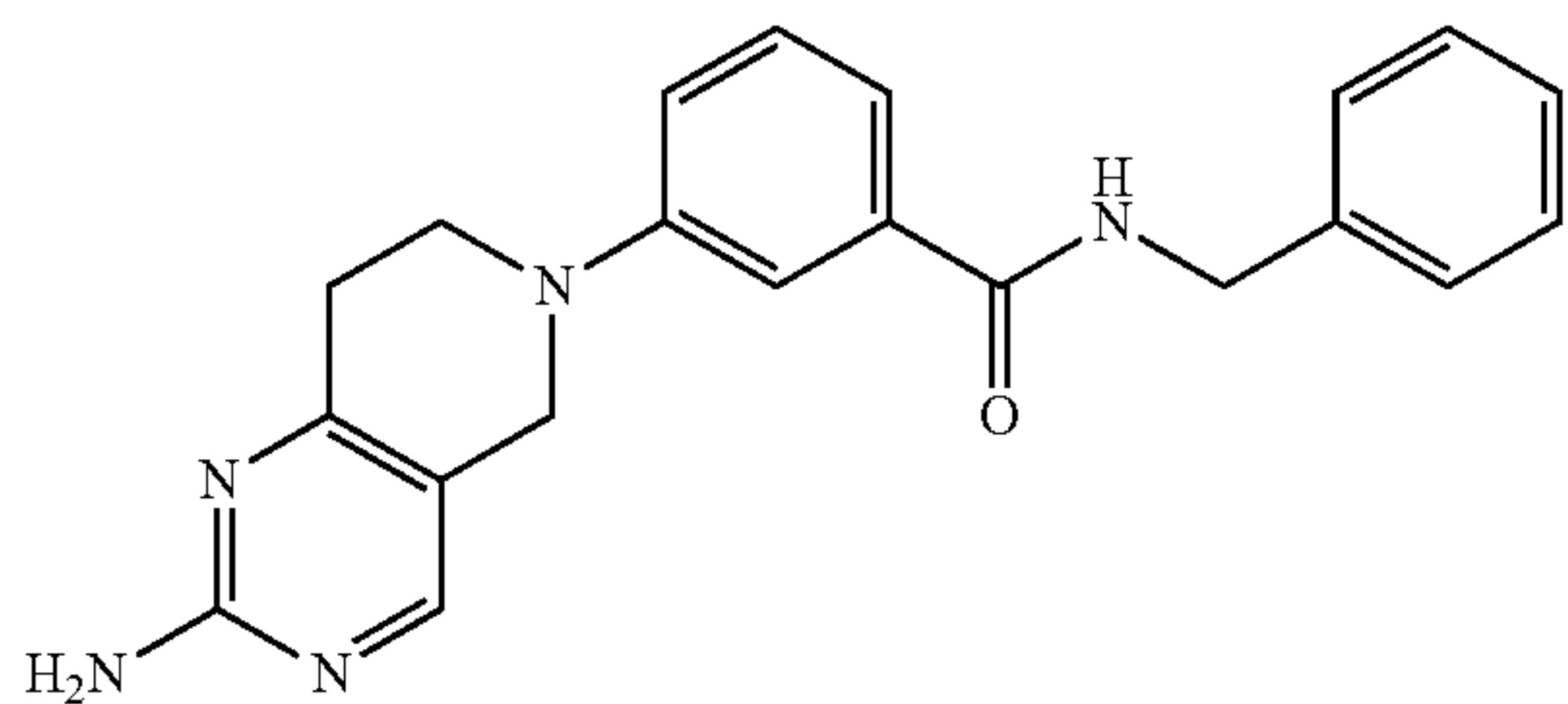
## EXAMPLE 176



3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-[4-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide

A mixture of 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzoic acid (54 mg, 0.20 mmol) and 1,1'-Carbonyldiimidazole (36 mg, 0.22 mmol) in 3.0 mL DMSO was stirred at rt for 5 minutes, and then heated at 60° C. for 25 minutes. Then 4-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)aniline (0.051 mL, 0.40 mmol) was added, and the reaction heated at 80° C. for 46 hours. Next, an additional 2 small drops of 4-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)aniline was added and the reaction heated at 160° C. for 1.5 hours. Upon cooling to rt, the reaction mixture was added to a solution of 35 mL H<sub>2</sub>O plus 5 mL brine, and the resulting precipitate filtered and rinsed with H<sub>2</sub>O and hexane/EtOAc. The precipitate was chromatographed using CHCl<sub>3</sub>/MeOH, and the resulting solid chromatographed again using EtOAc/MeOH to give the title compound as a yellow solid (8 mg, 9%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (Acetone-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 9.77 (br. s., 1H), 8.31 (dd, J=6.4, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 8.10-8.17 (m, 2H), 7.62-7.64 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.44 (m, 3H), 7.24-7.28 (m, 1H), 5.79 (br. s., 2H), 4.35 (s, 2H), 3.70 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.80-2.86 (m, 2H).

## EXAMPLE 177



3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-benzylbenzamide

To a mixture of 3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzoic acid (54 mg, 0.20 mmol), triethylamine (0.084 mL, 0.60 mmol), and catalytic DMAP in 4.5 mL CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at rt was added propylphosphonic anhydride solution (50 wt % in EtOAc, 0.131 mL, 0.22 mmol). After 5 min at rt, benzyl amine (0.023 mL, 0.21 mmol) was added and the reaction stirred at rt for 23 hours. The reaction was partitioned between EtOAc and aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution, the EtOAc layer washed with aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, H<sub>2</sub>O,

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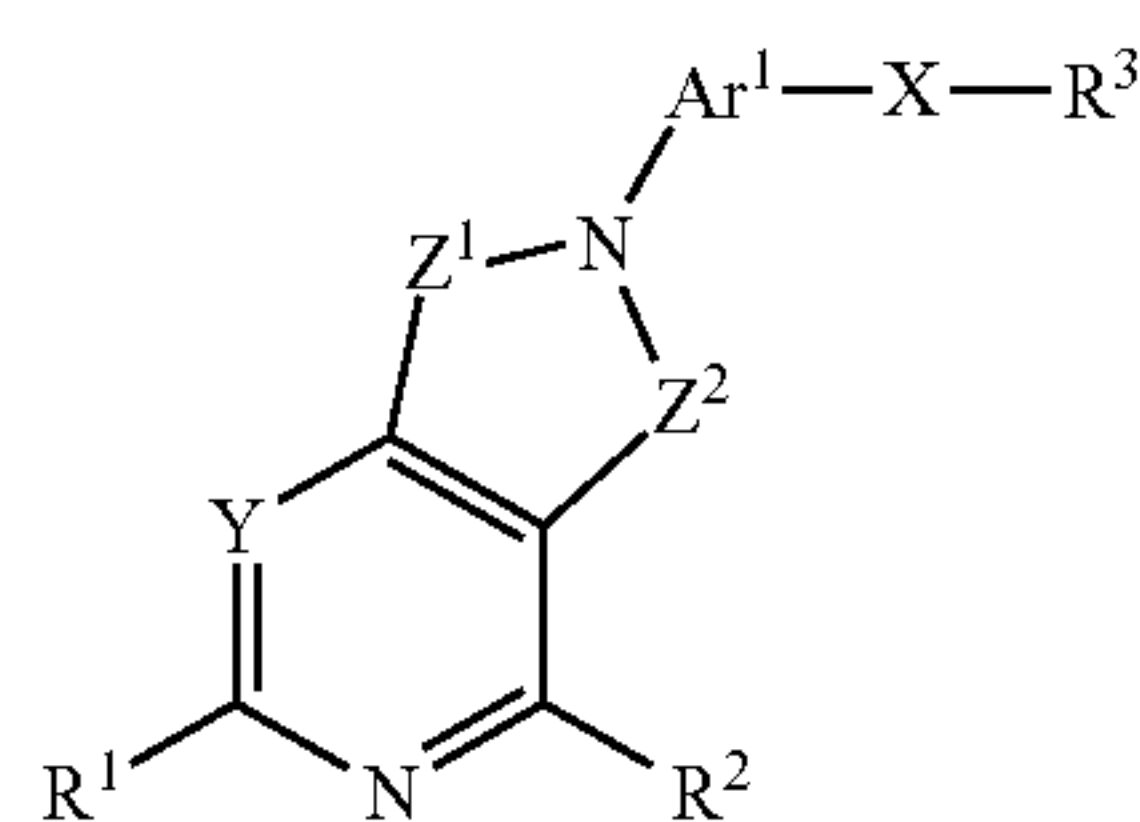
brine, dried with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated to a solid. The solid was chromatographed eluting with CHCl<sub>3</sub>/EtOAc plus 5% MeOH and then triturated with acetone/hexane to give the title compound as a light beige solid (20 mg, 28%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (Acetone-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 8.39 (br. s., 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 7.58 (br. s., 1H), 7.27-7.38 (m, 5H), 7.16-7.26 (m, 2H), 4.59 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.30 (s, 2H), 3.66 (t, J=5.3 Hz, 2H), 2.82 (t, J=5.3 Hz, 2H).

The present invention is not to be limited in scope by the exemplified embodiments which are intended as illustrations of single aspects of the invention only. Indeed, various modifications of the invention in addition to those described herein will become apparent to those skilled in the art from the foregoing description.

All references cited herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety. Also, the compounds of the present invention may be tested by the various in-vitro and in-vivo assays disclosed in such references to demonstrate the claimed utilities.

We claim:

1. A compound represented by general formula I:



wherein

X is —C(O)NR<sup>19</sup>— wherein R<sup>19</sup> is hydrogen or alkyl;

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of H, NH<sub>2</sub>, SR<sup>20</sup>, and S(O)R<sup>20</sup>;

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen;

R<sup>3</sup> is hydrocarbyl or substituted hydrocarbyl having at least 5 carbon atoms and selected from the group consisting of carbocyclic alkyl, alkyl (straight or branched chain), and carbocyclic aryl;

each R<sup>20</sup> independently is H or alkyl;

Z<sup>1</sup> is (CR<sup>4</sup>R<sup>5</sup>)<sub>n</sub>;

Z<sup>2</sup> is (CR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>m</sub>;

Y is N;

n is 2;

m is 1;

Ar<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, pyridyl, benzopyridyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, and oxazolyl; and

each R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are independently hydrogen; or a racemic mixture or enantiomer of said compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

2. The compound of claim 1 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is NH<sub>2</sub>, Ar<sup>1</sup> is phenyl, and R<sup>19</sup> is H.

3. The compound of claim 2, wherein R<sup>3</sup> is carbocyclic aryl.

4. The compound of claim 3, wherein said carbocyclic aryl is phenyl, which is optionally substituted with at least one group selected from the group consisting of straight or branched chain alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, and —O-heterocyclyl.

5. The compound of claim 2 wherein R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl and cycloalkyl.

6. The compound of claim 1 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is NH<sub>2</sub>, Ar<sup>1</sup> is phenyl, and R<sup>19</sup> is alkyl.



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7. The compound of claim 6 wherein R<sup>3</sup> is alkyl.

8. The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is NH<sub>2</sub>, Ar<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of pyridyl, benzopyridyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, and oxazolyl, each of which is optionally substituted with an alkyl; R<sup>19</sup> is H, and R<sup>3</sup> is carbocyclic aryl, which is phenyl.

9. The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of SR<sup>20</sup> and S(O)R<sup>20</sup>, Ar<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of carbocyclic aryl and pyridyl, each of which is optionally substituted with an alkyl; R<sup>19</sup> is H; and R<sup>3</sup> is carbocyclic aryl.

10. A compound selected from the group consisting of:

3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-phenylbenzamide;

3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)benzamide;

3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-methylphenyl)benzamide;

3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-tert-butylphenyl)benzamide;

3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide;

3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-methylphenyl)benzamide;

3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-methoxyphenyl)benzamide;

3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-ethylphenyl)benzamide;

3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-ethylphenyl)benzamide;

3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-propylphenyl)benzamide;

3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-{4-[(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)oxy]phenyl}benzamide;

3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-isopropylphenyl)benzamide;

3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(4-tert-butylcyclohexyl)benzamide;

3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(cyclohexylmethyl)benzamide;

3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3,3-dimethylbutyl)benzamide;

3-[2-(methylthio)-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide;

N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-3-[2-(methylthio)-5,7-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]benzamide;

3-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide;

4-methyl-3-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide;

4-methyl-3-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide;

N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methyl-3-[2-(methylthio)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl]benzamide;

4-methyl-3-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)benzamide;

N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methyl-3-(2-(methylsulfinyl)-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)benzamide;

3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-4-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide;

3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-5-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide;

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3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methylbenzamide;

3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-5-methylbenzamide;

3-(7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide;

3-(7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-4-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide;

3-(7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-5-methyl-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzamide;

3-(7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-4-methylbenzamide;

3-(7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)-5-methylbenzamide;

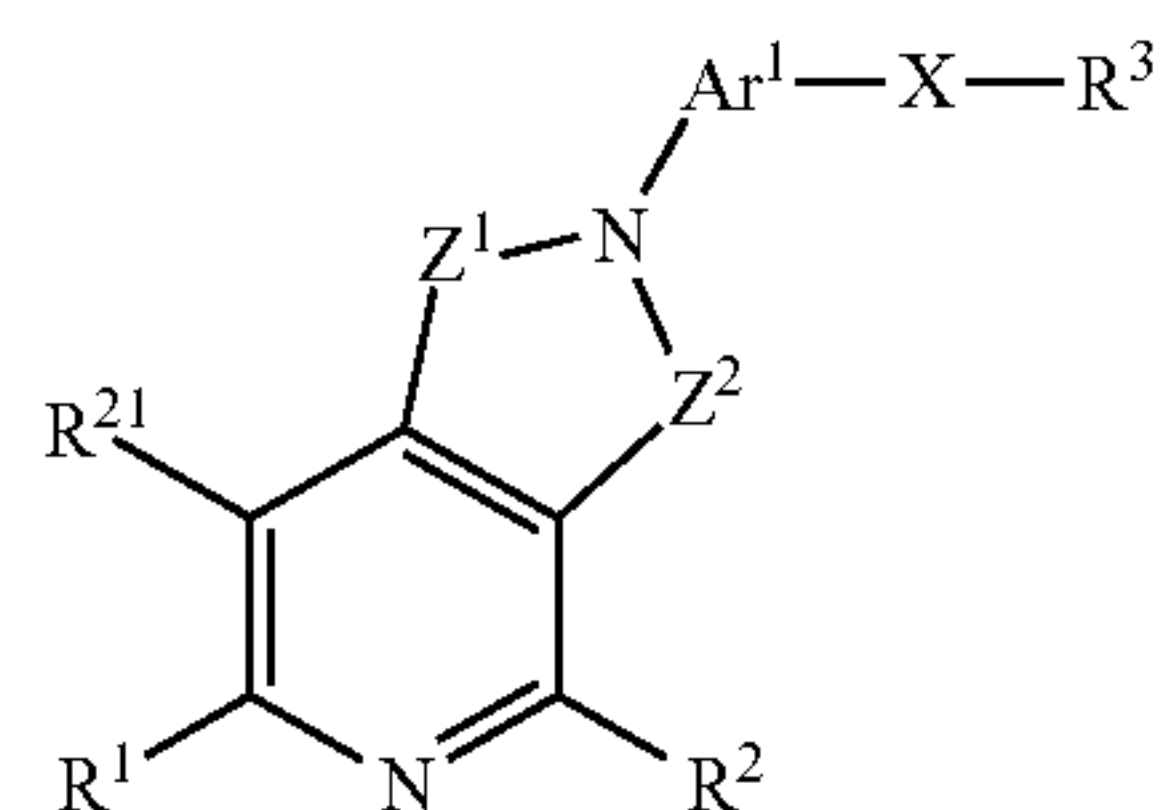
5-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]nicotinamide;

5-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)nicotinamide; and

3-(2-amino-7,8-dihydropyrido[4,3-d]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-N-benzylbenzamide; or a racemic mixture or enantiomer of said compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

11. A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one compound of claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, racemic mixtures compound of claim 1 or a racemic mixture or enantiomer of said compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

12. A compound of formula II



wherein:

X is selected from the group consisting of —C(O)NR<sup>19</sup>—, —N(R<sup>19</sup>)—C(O)—, and —N(R<sup>19</sup>)—C(O)—N(R<sup>19</sup>)—;

wherein:

each R<sup>19</sup> independently is hydrogen or alkyl;

R<sup>1</sup> is H or NH<sub>2</sub>;

R<sup>2</sup> is H or NH<sub>2</sub>;

R<sup>3</sup> is phenyl which is optionally substituted;

Z<sup>1</sup> is (CR<sup>4</sup>R<sup>5</sup>)<sub>n</sub>;

Z<sup>2</sup> is (CR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>m</sub>;

n is 2;

m is 1;

R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, and R<sup>7</sup> are independently H;

Ar<sup>1</sup> is phenyl which is optionally substituted;

R<sup>21</sup> is selected from the group consisting of: H, —C(=O)OR, and —C(=O)N(R<sup>20</sup>)(CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>10</sup>;

R is H or alkyl;

each R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are independently H or alkyl;

R<sup>20</sup> is H or alkyl;

p is 1, 2, 3, or 4; and

R<sup>10</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, heterocyclyl, and —C(=O)OR; or a racemic mixture or enantiomer of said compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

13. The compound of claim 12 wherein:

X is —N(R<sup>19</sup>)—C(O)—N(R<sup>19</sup>)—;

R<sup>19</sup> is H;



R<sup>3</sup> is phenyl which is optionally substituted with an alkyl;  
Ar<sup>1</sup> is phenyl which is optionally substituted with an alkyl;  
R<sup>3</sup> is phenyl which is optionally substituted with at least  
one substituent selected from the group consisting of  
alkyl; and

R<sup>21</sup> is H.

**14.** The compound of claim **12** wherein:

X is —C(O)NR<sup>19</sup>— wherein R<sup>19</sup> is H;

R<sup>3</sup> is phenyl which is optionally substituted with a substituent  
selected from the group consisting of alkyl and haloalkyl;

Ar<sup>1</sup> is unsubstituted phenyl;

R<sup>21</sup> is selected from the group consisting of H, —C(=O)  
OR, and —C(=O)N(R<sup>20</sup>)(CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>10</sup>;

R is H or alkyl;

each R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are independently H;

R<sup>20</sup> is H;

p is 1, 2, or 3; and

R<sup>10</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, heterocyclyl, and —C(=O)OR.

**15.** A compound selected from the group consisting of:

1-[4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)-3-methylphenyl]-3-(3-methylphenyl)urea;

1-[4-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)-2-methylphenyl]-3-(3-methylphenyl)urea;

3-(3,4-dihydro-2,7-naphthyridin-2(1H)-yl)-N-(3-isopropylphenyl)benzamide;

methyl 7-(3-{{(3-isopropylphenyl)amino}carbonyl}phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxylate;

7-(3-{{(3-isopropylphenyl)amino}carbonyl}phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxylic acid;

methyl 7-[3-({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino}carbonyl)phenyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxylate;

7-(3-{{(3-isopropylphenyl)amino}carbonyl}phenyl)-N-(3-morpholin-4-ylpropyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxamide;

N-(3-hydroxypropyl)-7-(3-{{(3-isopropylphenyl)amino}carbonyl}phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxamide; and

methyl({[7-(3-{{(3-isopropylphenyl)amino}carbonyl}phenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridin-4-yl]carbonyl}amino)acetate; and

7-(3-{{(3-isopropylphenyl)amino}carbonyl}phenyl)-N-(3-pyrrolidin-1-ylpropyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2,7-naphthyridine-4-carboxamide; or a racemic mixture or enantiomer of said compound or a pharmaceutically

acceptable salt thereof and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

**16.** A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one compound of claim **12** or a racemic mixture or enantiomer of said compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

**17.** A method for treating a disease selected from the group consisting of diabetic retinopathy, age-related macular degeneration, retinopathy of prematurity, pterygium, arthritis and restenosis, the method comprising the step of administering to the subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of at least one compound of claim **1** or a racemic mixture or enantiomer of said compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

**18.** A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one compound of claim **10** or a racemic mixture or enantiomer of said compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

**19.** A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one compound of claim **15** or a racemic mixture or enantiomer of said compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

**20.** A method for treating a disease selected from the group consisting of diabetic retinopathy, age-related macular degeneration, retinopathy of prematurity, pterygium, arthritis and restenosis, the method comprising the step of administering to the subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of at least one compound of claim **10** or a racemic mixture or enantiomer of said compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

**21.** A method for treating a disease selected from the group consisting of diabetic retinopathy, age-related macular degeneration, retinopathy of prematurity, pterygium, arthritis and restenosis, the method comprising the step of administering to the subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of at least one compound of claim **12** or a racemic mixture or enantiomer of said compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

**22.** A method for treating a disease selected from the group consisting of diabetic retinopathy, age-related macular degeneration, retinopathy of prematurity, pterygium, arthritis and restenosis, the method comprising the step of administering to the subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of at least one compound of claim **15** or a racemic mixture or enantiomer of said compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

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