



US008855288B2

(12) **United States Patent**
Huang et al.

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 8,855,288 B2**
(45) **Date of Patent:** ***Oct. 7, 2014**

(54) **MONITORING AND OVERRIDING
FEATURES FOR TELEPHONE SERVICE
SYSTEM**

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(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this
patent is extended or adjusted under 35
U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.
This patent is subject to a terminal dis-
claimer.

(21) Appl. No.: **13/678,729**

(22) Filed: **Nov. 16, 2012**

(65) **Prior Publication Data**
US 2013/0070920 A1 Mar. 21, 2013

Related U.S. Application Data

(63) Continuation of application No. 12/235,072, filed on
Sep. 22, 2008, now Pat. No. 8,335,305, and a
continuation of application No. 11/087,905, filed on
Mar. 23, 2005, now Pat. No. 7,433,456, and a
continuation of application No. 09/873,943, filed on
Jun. 4, 2001, now Pat. No. 6,914,970.

(51) **Int. Cl.**
H04M 3/42 (2006.01)
H04M 3/436 (2006.01)
H04M 3/54 (2006.01)
H04M 3/533 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC *H04M 3/436* (2013.01); *H04M 3/533*
(2013.01); *H04M 2203/4563* (2013.01); *H04M*
3/54 (2013.01)
USPC **379/208.01**; 379/211.02
(58) **Field of Classification Search**
USPC 379/208.01, 211.02, 211.01, 211.03,
379/211.04, 213.01, 210.01, 210.02,
379/215.01, 207.01, 202.01
See application file for complete search history.

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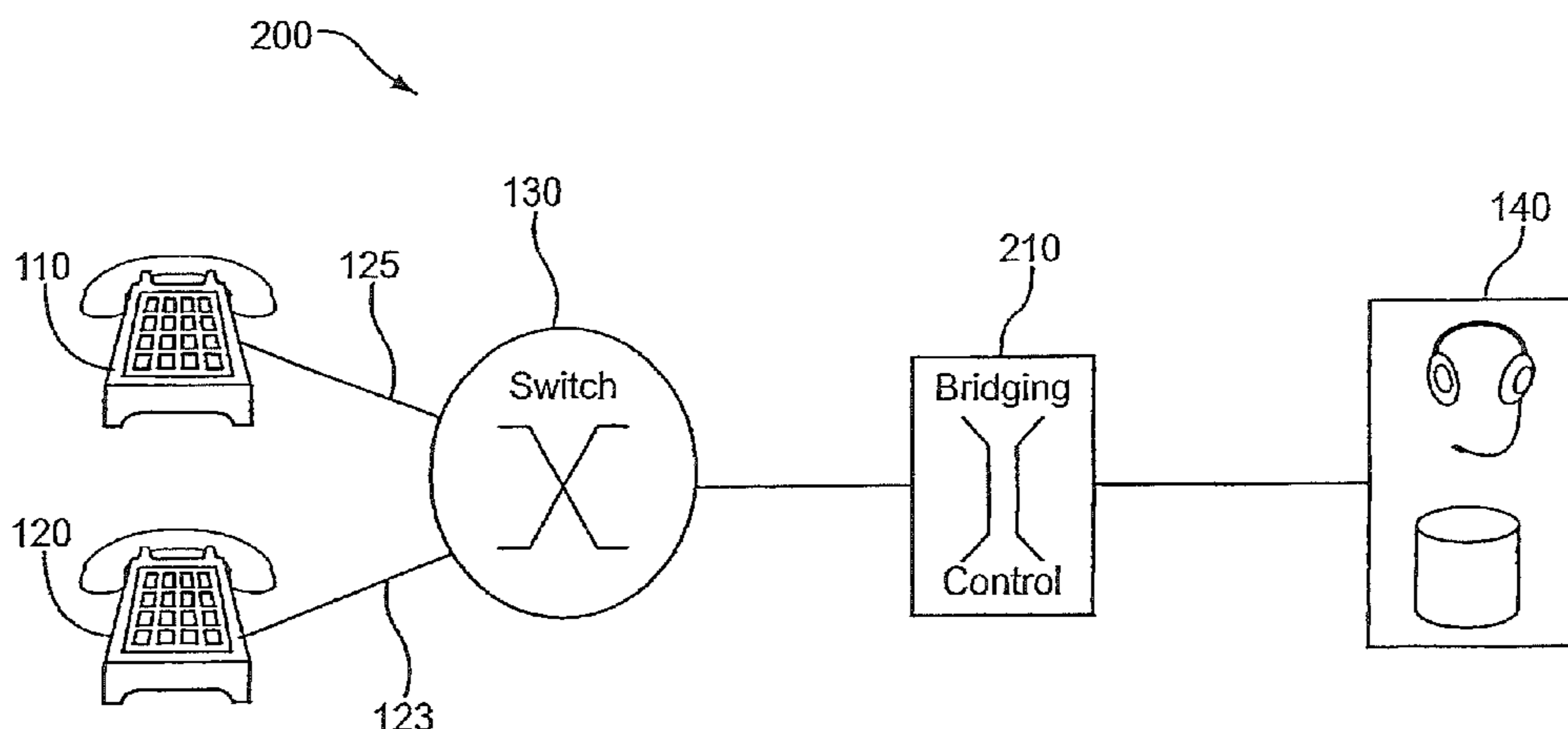
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A system and method are disclosed for a user to monitor
and/or override a forwarded call. Typically, the forwarded call
was initially an incoming call from a caller to the user and
thereafter forwarded to a remote service system, such as a
remote messaging system. The system and method determine
a redirecting number from which the incoming call was for-
warded. The system and method then initiates a second call to
the user and a voice path is established connecting the for-
warded call to the second call. Thereafter, the user is notified,
for example, with a distinct ring at the user's telephone, of the
option that the user may monitor and override the forwarded
call. The system and method can also execute procedures to
actuate the options elected by the user.

18 Claims, 3 Drawing Sheets



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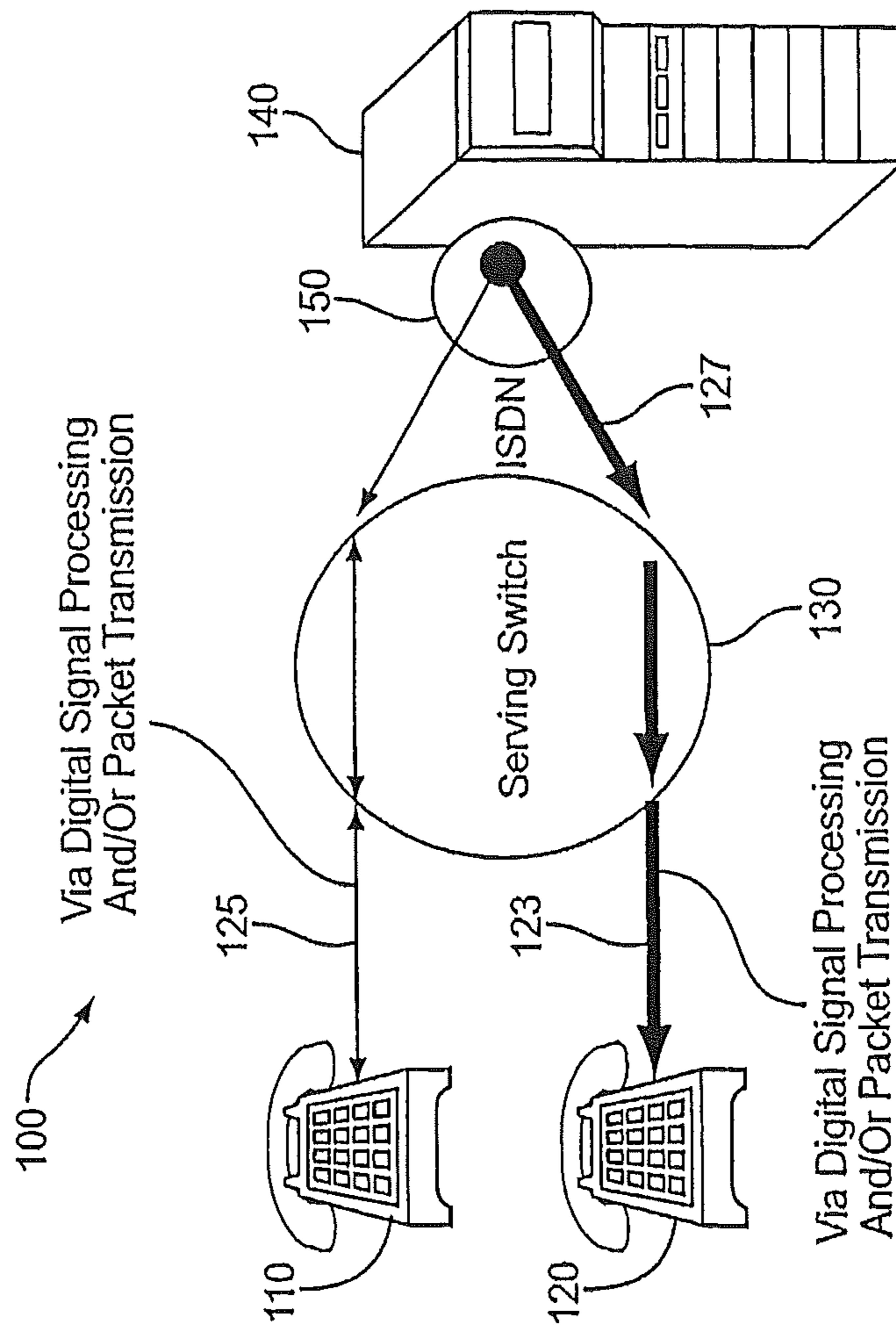


FIG. 1

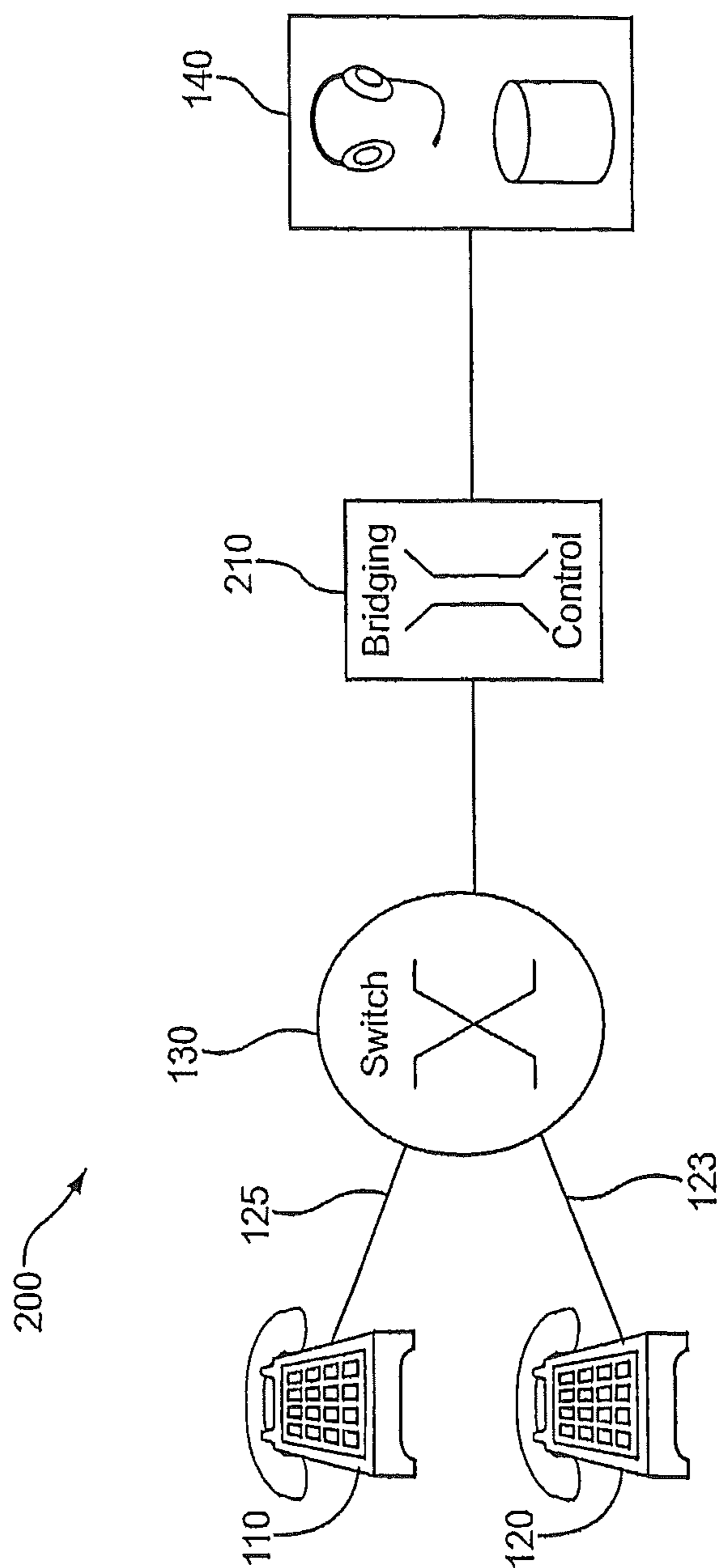


FIG. 2

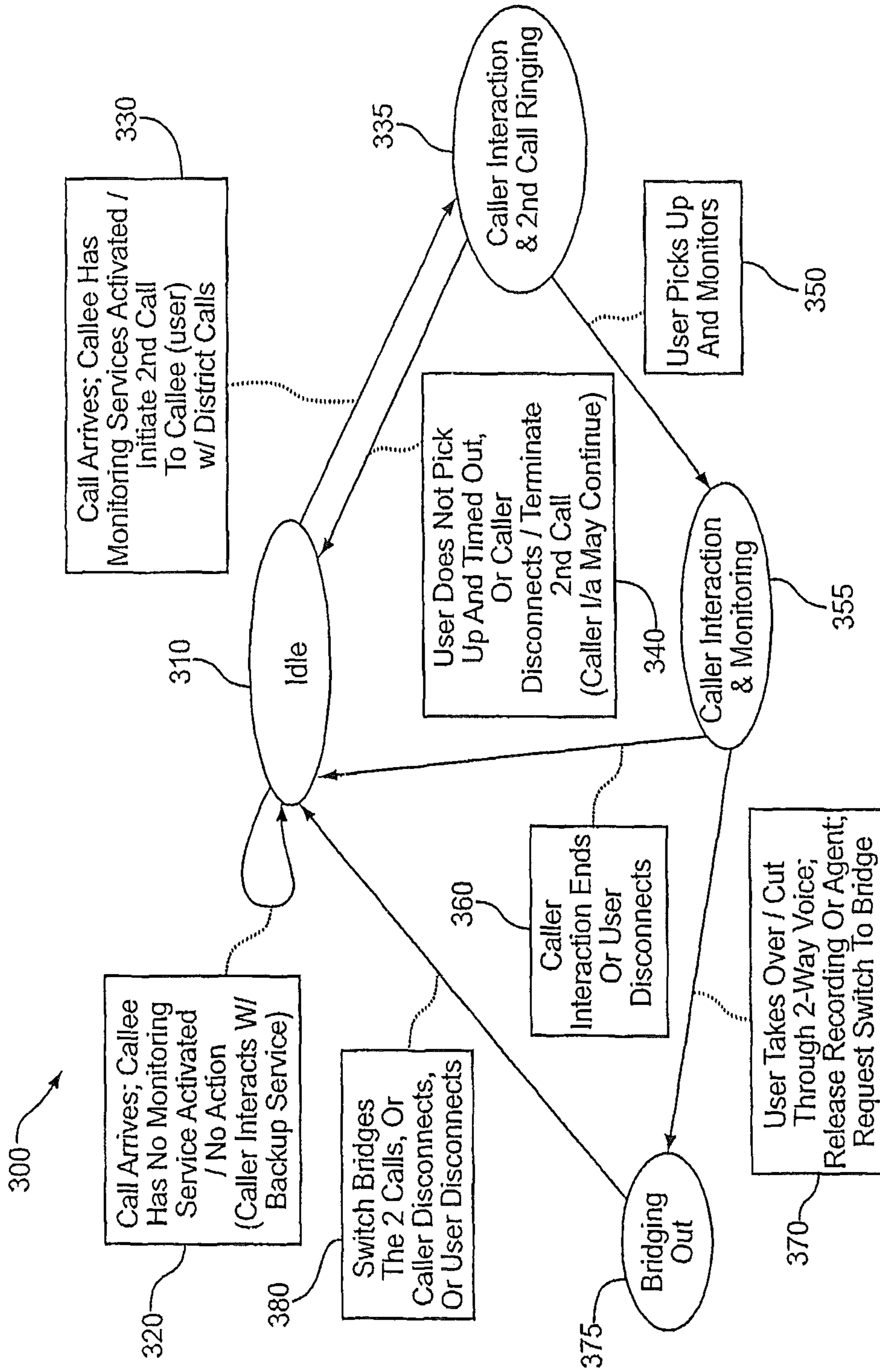


FIG. 3

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MONITORING AND OVERRIDING FEATURES FOR TELEPHONE SERVICE SYSTEM

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/235,072 filed Sep. 22, 2008, the contents of which are incorporated by reference herein in their entirety, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/087,905 filed Mar. 23, 2005, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,433,456, the contents of which are incorporated by reference herein in their entirety, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/873,943 filed Jun. 4, 2001, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,914,970, the contents of which are incorporated by reference herein in their entirety.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The invention relates to a system and method for a user to monitor and override a backup call receiving system or service to which an incoming telephone call intended for the user has been forwarded.

BACKGROUND

A call to a telephone user is sometimes forwarded to a service such as messaging service or assisting agent service. Such services are typically provided by a telephony service system external to the switch that serves the user's telephone line. Compared to a home answering machine, these service systems may be advantageous since they can provide more storage capacity and enable record tracking and post-call processing such as information redistribution.

Unlike the home answering machine, however, these service systems typically do not provide a way for the user to listen to the forwarded call while the interaction between the caller and the service system is in progress, e.g., while the caller is leaving a message with a messaging service system. Thus, the user cannot monitor and/or override the handling of the call like they would be able to do on a home answering machine. Yet, the user of the messaging service or assisting agent service often desires such monitoring and/or overriding of the service.

Some switch vendors provide a screening function from a serving switch which alerts the user about a call intercepted by a messaging or attendant system, and allows the user to screen the call. The cost of this switch function, however, is typically prohibitive. Another difficulty of the switch approach is that a switch operator cannot determine whether a call has been forwarded to a backup service system for which screening options are desired, or to another destination where such options are not desired. Moreover, most switches today do not include a call screening function and the call screening function is not available to users and/or call backup service providers served by such switches.

Thus, there is a need for an improved call monitoring and overriding system and method to handle the calls forwarded to a service system.

BRIEF SUMMARY

A system and method are disclosed for a user to monitor on a call-by-call basis a call forwarded to a system or service, such as a remote messaging system. In addition, the user may elect to override the service to which the call has been for-

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warded, i.e., to connect to the caller and disconnect the system service. Typically, the forwarded call was initially an incoming call from a calling party to the user and thereafter forwarded to a remote service system. Since the service system is remotely located, the user cannot otherwise screen the forwarded call as he or she could with a home answering machine. A monitoring and service system overriding function can be added as a component of the service system or it can be an independent subsystem used in conjunction with the service system.

Thus, after an incoming call is forwarded, the monitoring and service system overriding function determines a redirecting number of the user from which the incoming call was forwarded. The monitoring and service system overriding function then initiates a second call to the user and establishes a one-way voice path connecting the forwarded call to the second call. Thereafter, the user is notified, for example, with a distinct ring at the user's telephone, that the user may monitor the forwarded call via the established one-way voice path. The user may pick up the phone to do so, and may then choose to connect directly to the caller via a two-way voice path, and disconnect the forwarded call from the remote service.

Further aspects and advantages of the invention are discussed below in conjunction with the preferred embodiments.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a block diagram of an exemplary system for providing a monitoring and service system overriding feature according to the preferred embodiments.

FIG. 2 is a block diagram of an alternate system for providing the monitoring and service system overriding feature according to the preferred embodiments.

FIG. 3 is a state diagram illustrating the functionality of an application that provides the monitoring and service system overriding feature according to the preferred embodiments.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

A call monitoring and service system overriding system is provided in a communication environment that allows a system user ("user") to monitor and, at the user's option, connect to a call that has been forwarded to a remote service system. The remote service system may be, for example, a backup system such as a messaging system, an answering service, a third party's phone and a unified messaging system. For simplicity of description, the term telephone system is used herein where the term communication environment could also be used. Also, the term telephone line is used herein, where the term communication line could be otherwise used. The telephone line can be a line shared by telephone and data network access services, or can be another telephone line, or other lines, physically or logically separate.

FIG. 1 illustrates a communication environment, such as telephone system **100**. The telephone system **100** connects via telephone lines a calling party ("caller") **110** to a called party, i.e., a user **120** of monitoring and overriding service. A serving switch **130** connects a calling party telephone line **125** to the called party's telephone line **123** to direct an incoming call from the caller **110** to the user **120**.

When the user's telephone is busy, the user does not otherwise answer the incoming call, or as set up by the user, the incoming call is forwarded to a remote service system **140**. Telephony trunks capable of conveying caller and redirecting numbers, such as Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) trunks, connect the serving switch **130** to the remote

service system **140**. The remote service system **140** includes a message system, for example, voice-mail, and an answering service automatic call distribution system, such as when a call center agent answers the forwarded call and takes a message. Other types of remote service systems **140** could also be used, such as, automatically sending the call to a third party's phone, e.g., a colleague's phone, or sending the call to a unified messaging service. The unified messaging service is a service that allows for the storage and retrieval of message in various media formats and that, for example, converts an e-mail text message to a voice message or vice versa.

To provide for the monitoring and service system overriding service without a screening function included in the serving switch, a bridge and control component **150** is added to the remote service system **140**. The bridge and control component **150** determines if the called party of a given forwarded call has the monitoring and/or overriding service registered and activated. The bridge and control component **150** also alerts the user about the monitoring opportunity. The bridge and control component **150** bridges the user **120** into the monitoring session and can detect the user's intention to override the service system. If the user **120** indicates a desire to override the service system, the bridge and control component **150** sets up two-way voice path between the caller and the user and requests the serving switch **130** to directly connect the caller **110** and user **120**. The user **120** can signal his or her election to override the forwarded call by, for example, pressing a telephone key or speaking into the telephone handset.

FIG. **2** shows an alternate communication environment, such as telephone system **200**, that also uses the call monitoring and overriding service of the preferred embodiments. The caller **110** connects to the user **120** via the telephone system **200**. Telephone line **125** connects the caller **110** to the serving switch **130** and the serving switch **130** connects the caller **110** to the user **120** via the telephone line **123**. Unlike the configuration shown in FIG. **1**, the serving switch **130** is not directly connected to the remote service system **140**, but connects through a bridge and control subsystem **210**. The bridge and control subsystem **210** contains hardware, software, and data necessary to accomplish the monitoring and service system overriding functions of the forwarded call without modifying the original remote service system **140**. The bridge and control subsystem **210** functions similarly to the bridge and control component **150** in FIG. **1**.

FIG. **3** shows a state diagram illustrating an application **300** that enables call monitoring and service system overriding functions according to the preferred embodiments. It should be noted that this diagram depicts a state machine for a single user handled by the monitoring and service overriding function, but the function can simultaneously handle multiple independent users. The application **300** includes a program or process that resides on software, firmware or hardware, or combinations thereof. The application preferably resides with the bridging and control function as a subsystem **210** or as a component **150** in the remote service system **140**.

To utilize the monitoring and overriding service, the user **120** preferably registers via a registration procedure. The registration procedure records that the user desires the ability to monitor and override calls forwarded from their telephone line **123**. The user **120** preferably can also deregister from the monitoring and overriding service, and can activate or deactivate the service when registered. Various mechanisms can be used to register with or deregister (or activate or deactivate) from the monitoring and overriding service, including the user manually registering or deregistering with the service using a telephone. Other methods for registering and dereg-

istering the user **120** could also be used, such as the user **120** using a world-wide web session to register with or deregister from the service.

Returning to FIG. **3**, at state **310**, the application **300** resides in an idle state before a call is forwarded to the remote service system **140**. At block **320**, the call arrives at the bridging and control subsystem **210** or component **150** with the condition that the called party is not registered as a monitoring service user **120** or the user has deactivated the monitoring service. In this case the service system interacts with the caller **110** normally, and the monitoring and overriding service is not invoked. The application **300** remains at the idle state (state **310**).

In a preferred embodiment, to determine whether the called party is registered with the service and the service is activated, call-processing logic located at the bridging and control subsystem **210** or component **150** determines the called party's telephone number. For example, the call-processing logic can recognize a redirecting number in a call-setup-signaling message, which is the called party's telephone number. Thereafter, the called party's telephone number is compared with active registered users' telephone numbers to determine whether the called party is registered for the monitoring and overriding service.

At block **330**, a call arrives at the bridging and control subsystem **210** or the remote service system **140** and the called party is a registered and active user **120**. The application **300** initiates a second call to the user's telephone line **123** and connects the second call with the caller **110** via a one-way voice path. The one-way voice path allows the voice of the caller **110** to be audible to the user **120** without making the user's voice audible to the caller **110**. The user **120** can be notified of the second call with a distinct ring as directed by the application **300** and provided by the serving switch **130**. If the telephone line of user **120** is equipped with a caller identification (ID) device, the calling party's telephone information may appear as provided by the bridging and control subsystem **210** or component **150**.

At state **335**, the application **300** waits for a user interaction or for a timeout to occur while the caller **110** leaves a message with the remote service system **140** and the second call is being sent to the user **120**. At block **340**, when the user **120** fails to answer the second call before a determined time out period elapses or the caller **110** disconnects from the call, the application terminates the one-way voice path connection with the caller **110** and returns to the idle state (state **310**).

At block **350**, the user **120** answers the second call upon receipt of the second call. Thereafter, the user **120** can listen to the forwarded call, e.g., the interaction between the caller **110** and the remote service system **140** via the one-way voice path. The voice path can be implemented by the bridge and control subsystem **210** or the bridge and control component **150**. Those skilled in the art with appreciate that that voice path can be implemented in other ways, such as with digital signaling processing and packet voice transmission and processing. At state **355**, the application **300** waits while the user **120** monitors the caller's call to the remote answering service **140**.

Upon listening to the caller **110**, the user **120** can elect to override the forwarded call or disconnect from the call. At block **360**, if the user **120** disconnects from the forwarded call or the caller interaction with the remote service system **140** ends, the application **300** terminates the one-way voice path and enters the idle state (state **310**).

At block **370**, the user **120** elects to override the forwarded call. The user **120** can signal his or her election to override the forwarded call by, for example, pressing a telephone key or

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speaking into the telephone handset. The user may speak a command into the telephone handset or merely say anything, depending on how the application 300 is set up. The application 300, upon detecting the pressed key or the user's voice, provides a two-way voice path between the user 120 and the caller 110. The application 300 also preferably detaches the caller 110 from the remote service system 140, for example, the recording or attendant leg of the forwarded call.

The bridge and control subsystem 210 or component 150 can request the serving switch 130 to bridge out the forwarded call and connect the caller 110 directly with the user 120. At block 375, the application 300 waits for the serving switch 130 to bridge out. At block 380, when the serving switch 130 bridges out the forwarded call and connects the caller 110 directly with the user 120, the application 300 can return to the idle state (state 310). The application 300 also returns to the idle state (state 310) if the caller 110 or the user 120 disconnects from the call before the bridging out occurs.

While the invention has been described above by reference to various embodiments, it will be understood that many changes and modifications can be made without departing from the scope of the invention. It is therefore intended that the foregoing detailed description be understood as an illustration of the presently preferred embodiments of the invention, and not as a definition of the invention. It is only the following claims, including all equivalents, which are intended to define the scope of this invention.

What is claimed is:

1. A computer implemented method for handling an incoming call from a calling party to a user, comprising:

receiving the incoming call;

forwarding the incoming call to a remote service system;

determining with a bridge and control component a redirecting number to which the incoming call was forwarded, where the bridge and control component is located between the remote service system to which the incoming call was forwarded and a serving switch;

establishing a one-way voice path connecting the forwarded call to the user; and

notifying the user that the user may monitor the forwarded call;

wherein notifying the user comprises sending a distinct ring from the serving switch to the user;

wherein the one-way voice path is established using signal processing.

2. The method of claim 1 wherein the one-way voice path is established using digital signaling processing.

3. The method of claim 1 wherein the one-way voice path is established using packet voice transmission and processing.

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4. The method of claim 1 further comprising:
providing a two-way voice path between the user and the caller; and
detaching the remote service from the forwarded call.

5. The method of claim 4 wherein the two-way voice path is provided after the user elects to override the forwarded call.

6. The method of claim 5 wherein the user elects to override the forwarded call by pressing a telephone key.

7. The method of claim 5 wherein the user elects to override the forwarded call by speaking.

8. The method of claim 1 wherein the bridge and control component is incorporated with the remote service system.

9. The method of claim 1 wherein the bridge and control component is established independent of the remote service system.

10. The method of claim 1 wherein the determination of a redirecting number is accomplished independent of the serving switch.

11. A system that handles an incoming call from a calling party to a user, comprising:

at least one of a bridge and control component to determine a redirecting number to which the incoming call was forwarded, where the bridge and control component is located between the remote service system to which the incoming call was forwarded and a serving switch, and the bridge and control component establishes a one-way voice path connecting the forwarded call to the user;

wherein the bridge and control component directs the serving switch to send a distinct ring to the user to notify the user that the user may monitor the forwarded call;

wherein the one-way voice path is established using signal processing.

12. The system of claim 11 wherein the voice path is established using digital signaling processing.

13. The system of claim 11 wherein the voice path is established using packet voice transmission and processing.

14. The system of claim 11 wherein the bridge and control component directs the serving switch to provide a two-way voice path between the user and the caller and to detach the remote service from the forwarded call.

15. The system of claim 14 wherein the two-way voice path is provided after the user elects to override the forwarded call.

16. The system of claim 15 wherein the user elects to override the forwarded call by pressing a telephone key.

17. The system of claim 11 wherein the bridge and control component is incorporated with the remote service system.

18. The system of claim 11 wherein the determination of a redirecting number is accomplished independent of the serving switch.

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