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Spatafora

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(54) **MACHINE AND METHOD FOR APPLYING LABELS TO PACKETS**

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(52) **U.S. Cl.** **156/566**; 156/571; 156/475; 53/136.1

(58) **Field of Classification Search** 156/556, 156/566, DIG. 1-DIG. 4, 571, 475; 53/136.1
See application file for complete search history.

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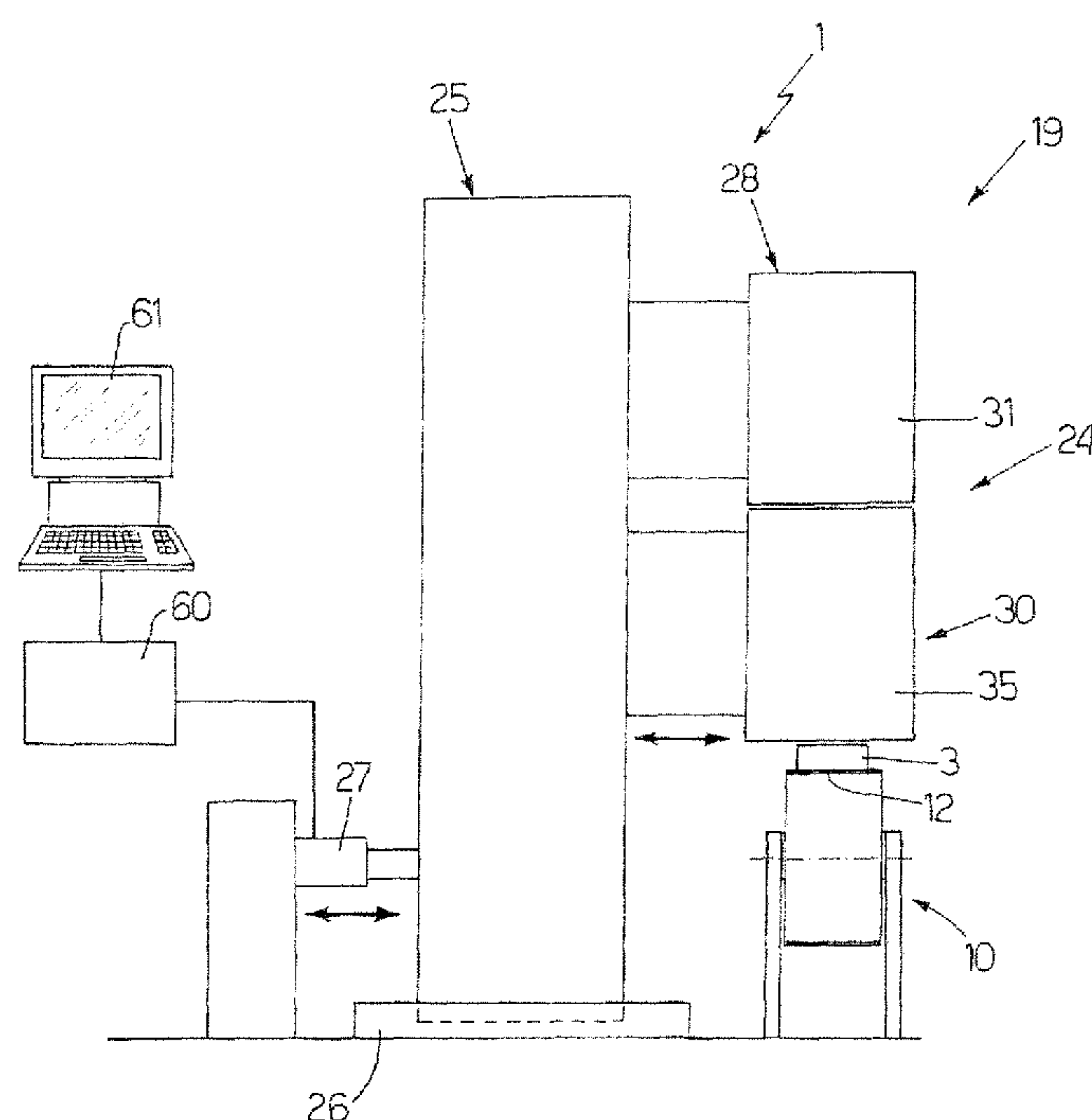
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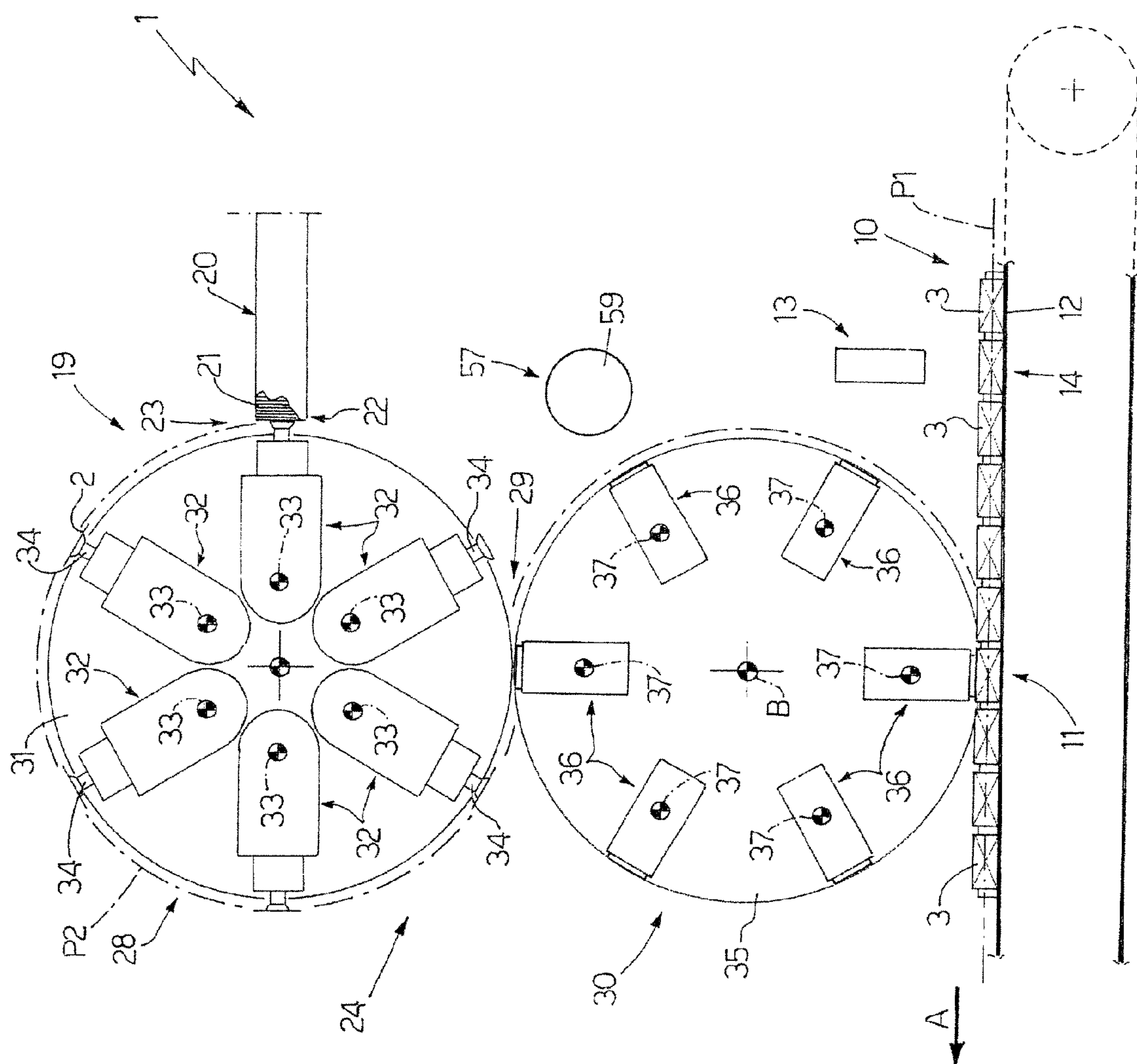
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A machine for applying inland revenue stamps to packets of cigarettes, the machine having a conveying device for feeding the packets along a given path through an application station; and a feed device for feeding the stamps to the application station, and applying each stamp to a given portion of a respective packet; the feed device being movable crosswise to the travelling direction to adjust the given portion of the packet to which the stamp is applied.

16 Claims, 9 Drawing Sheets





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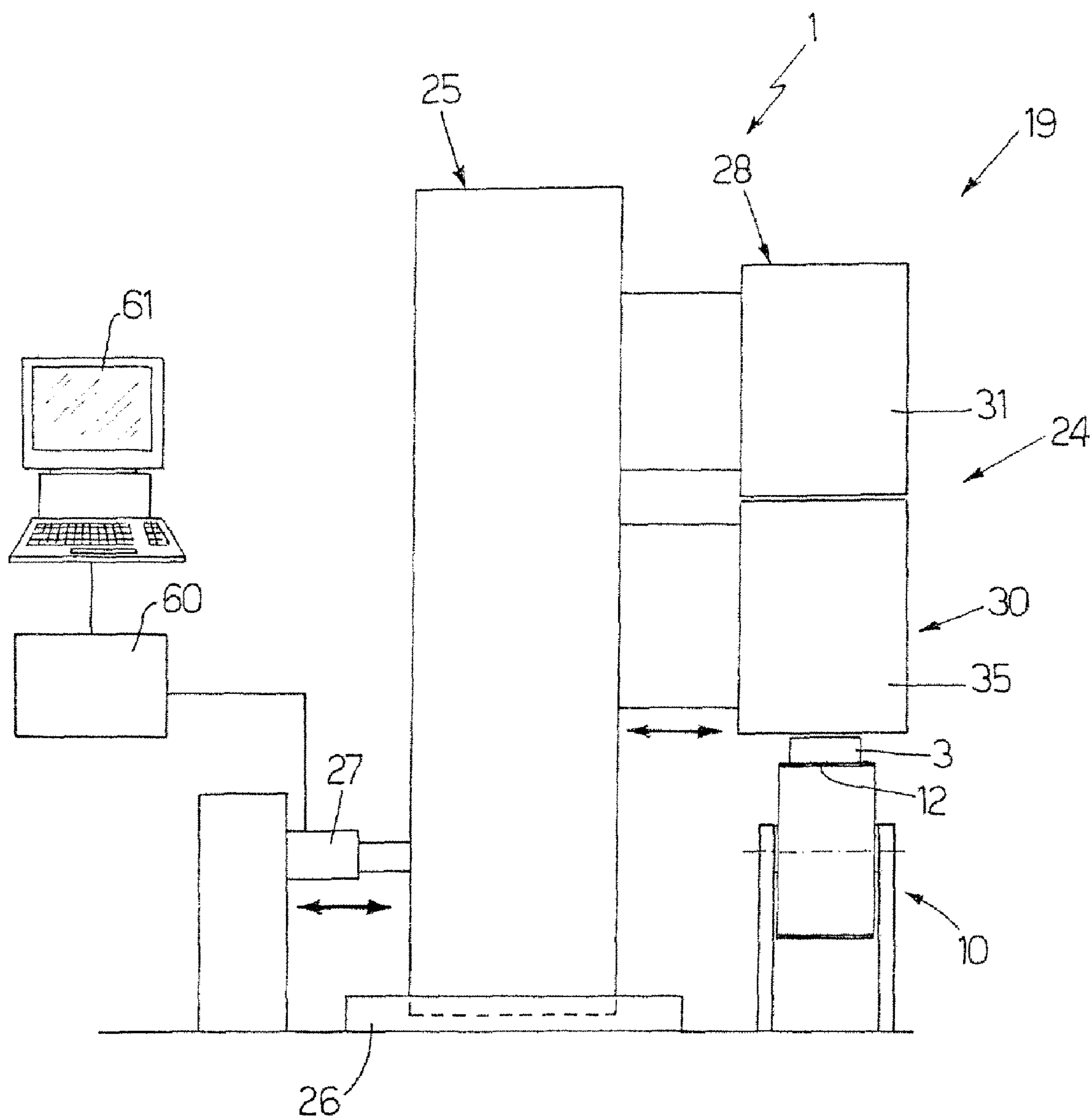
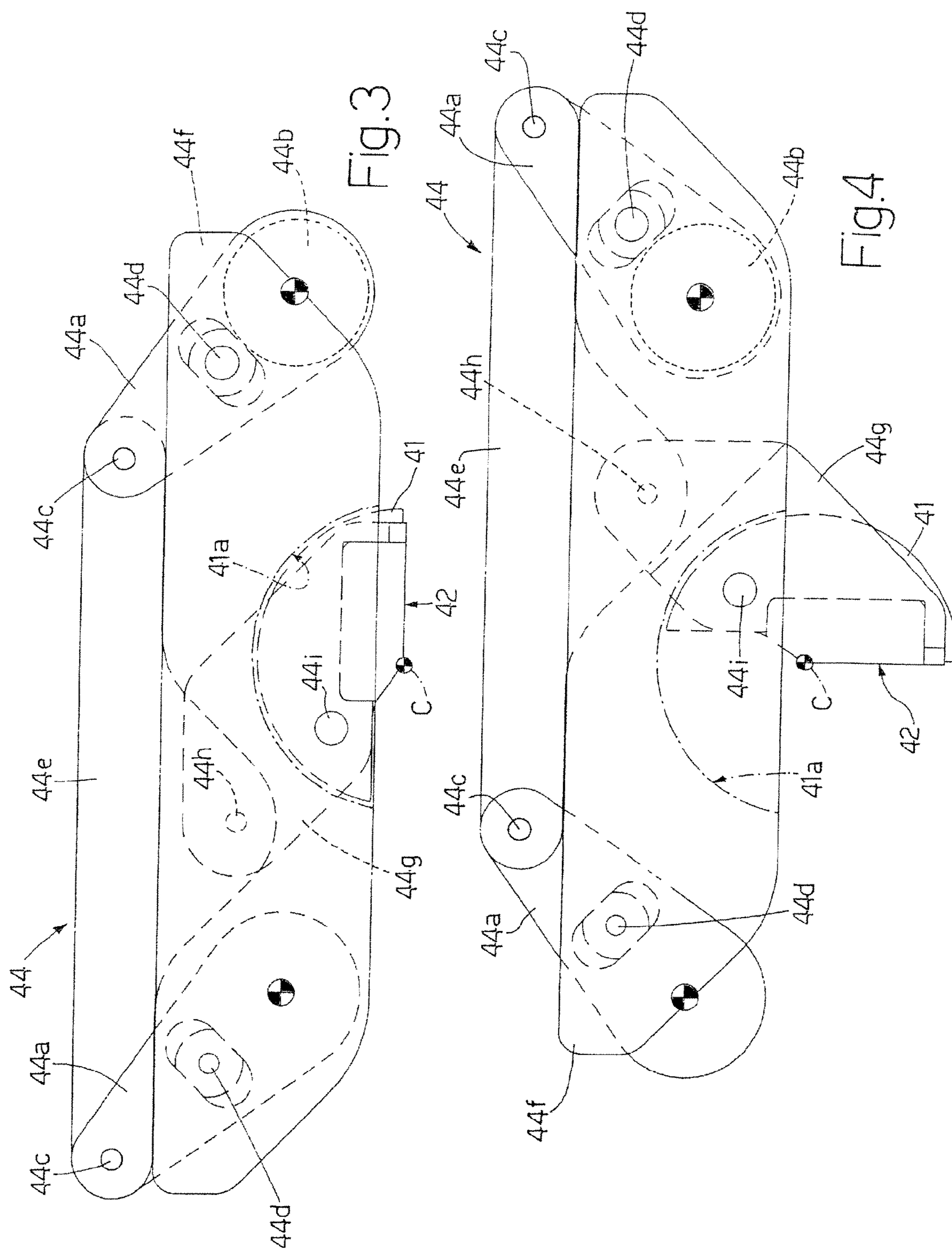
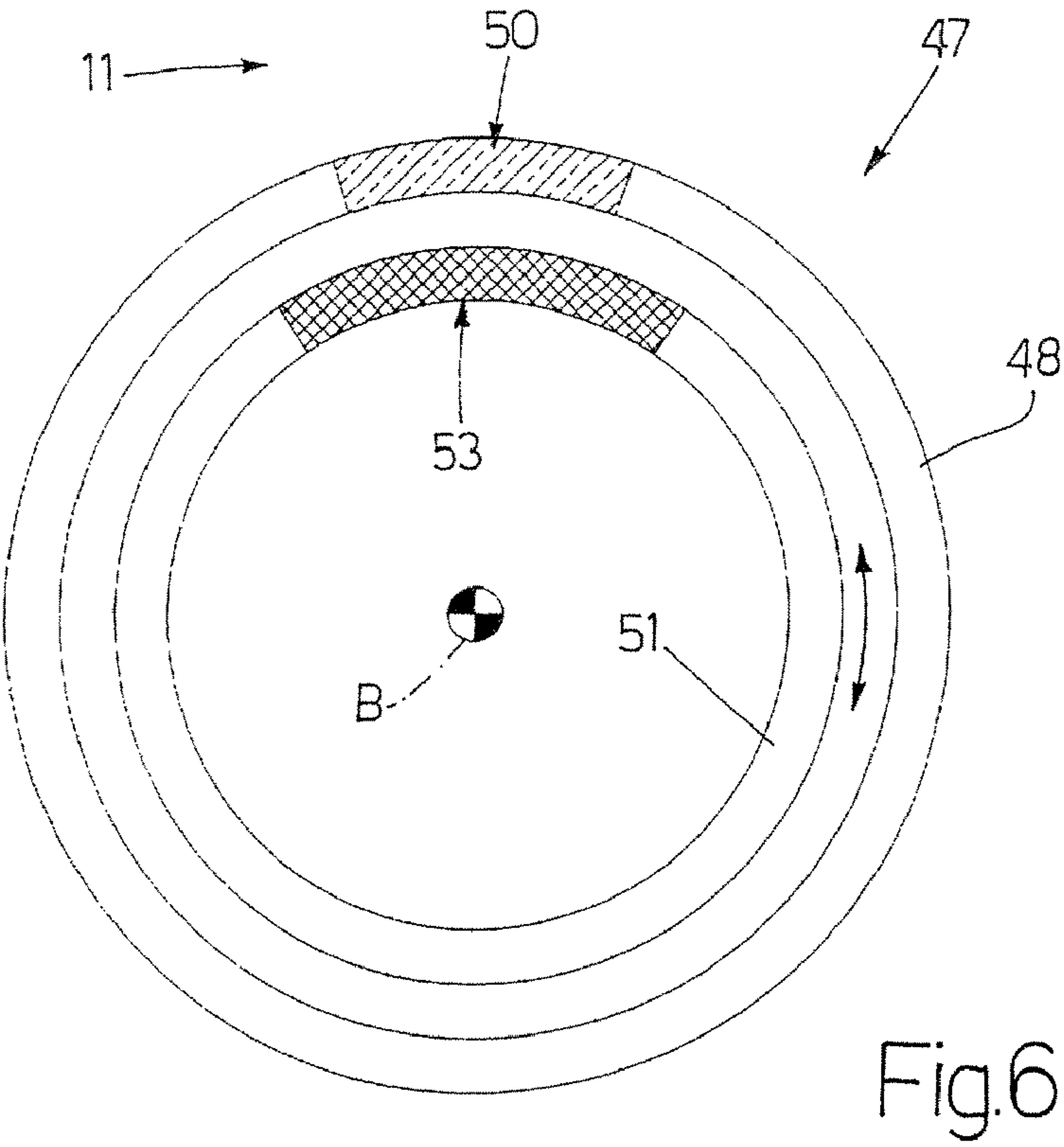
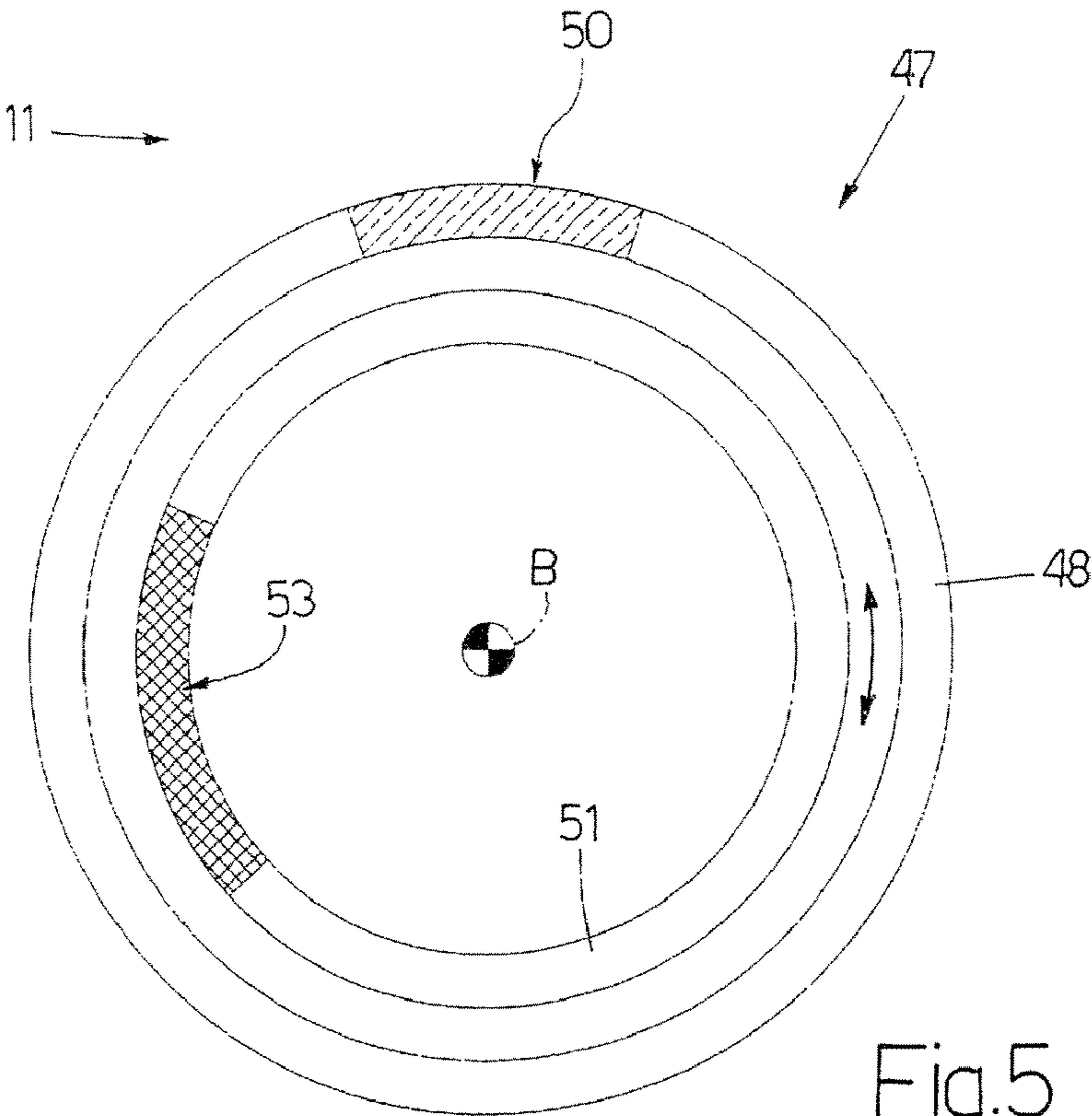
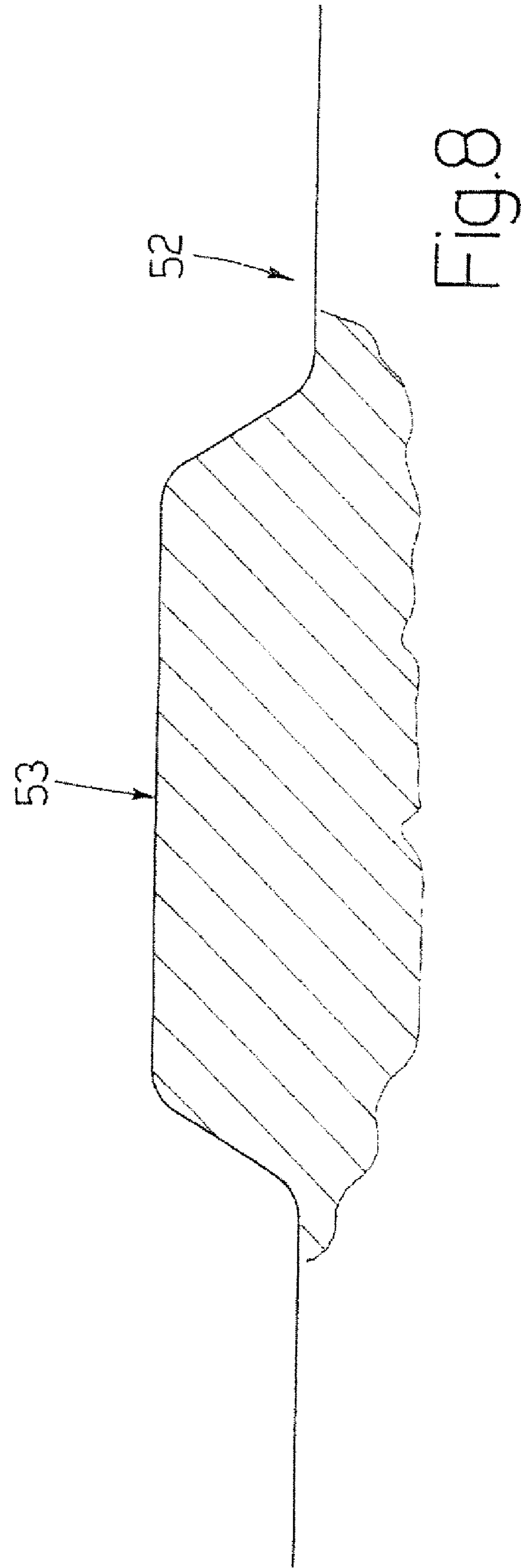
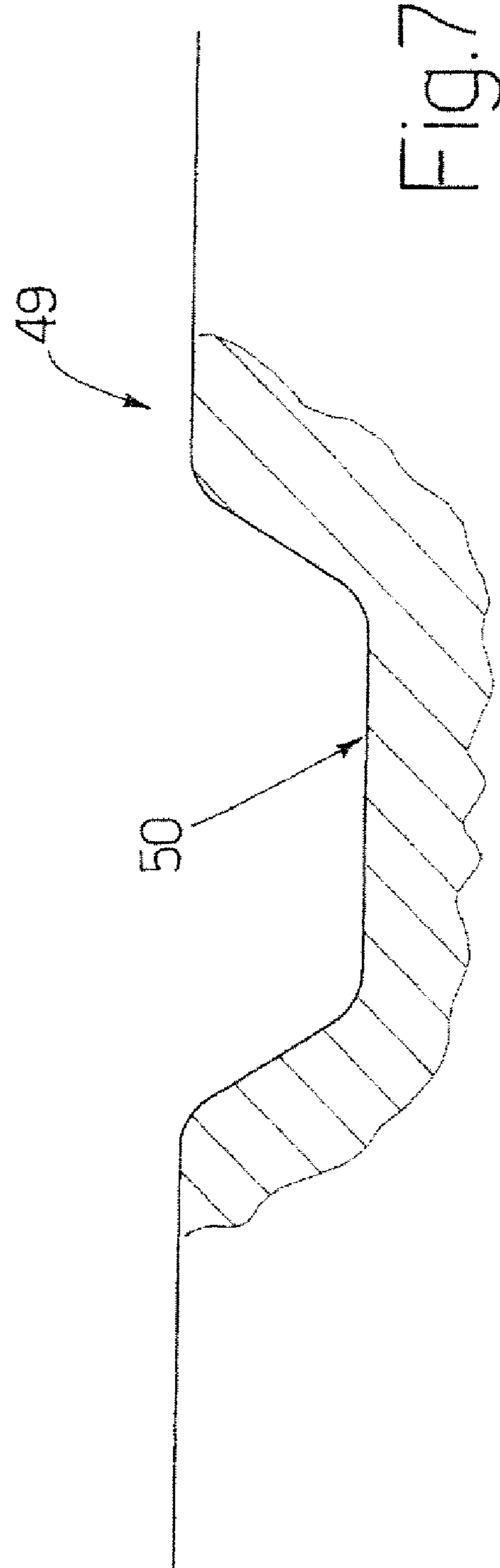
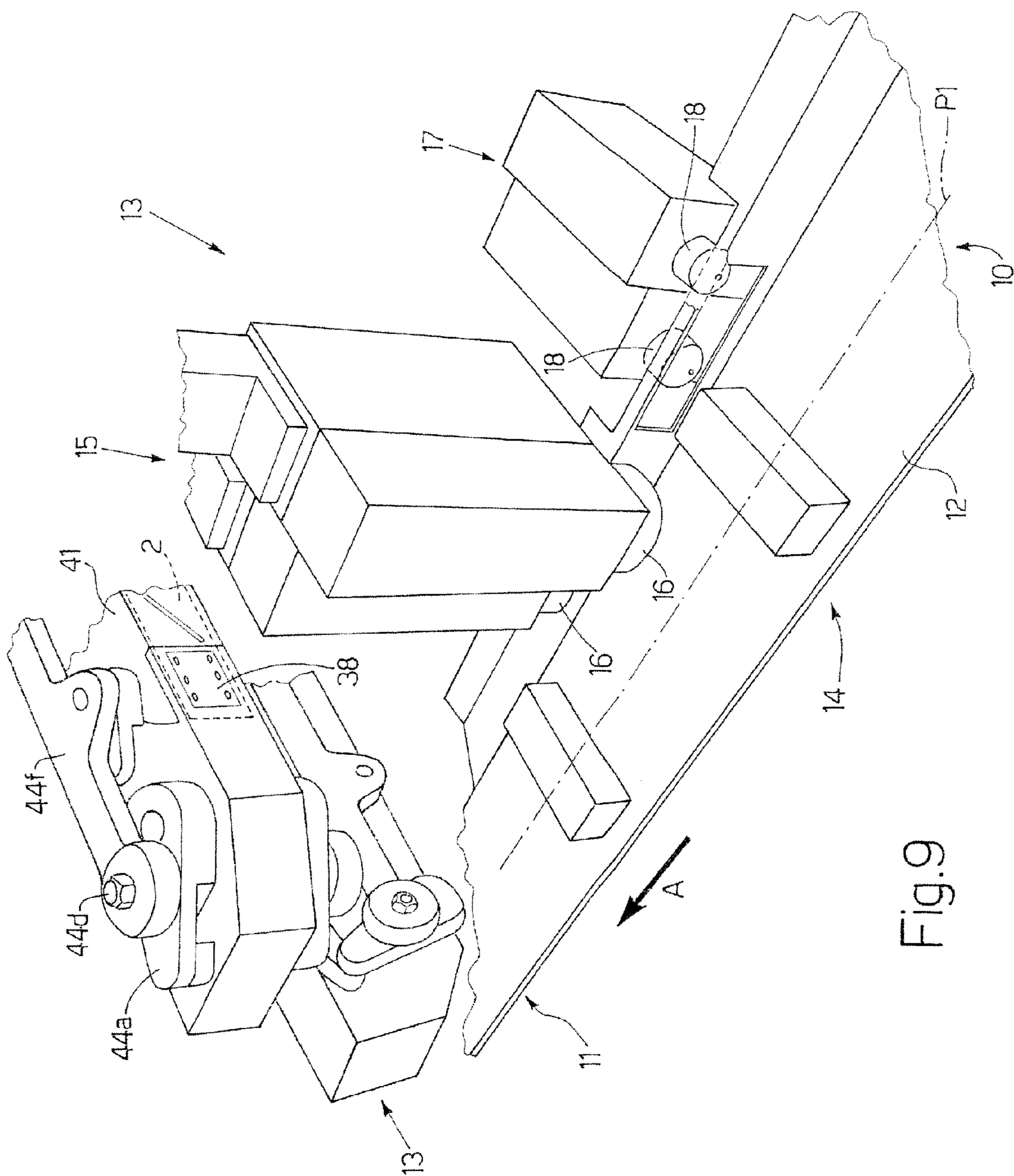


Fig.2









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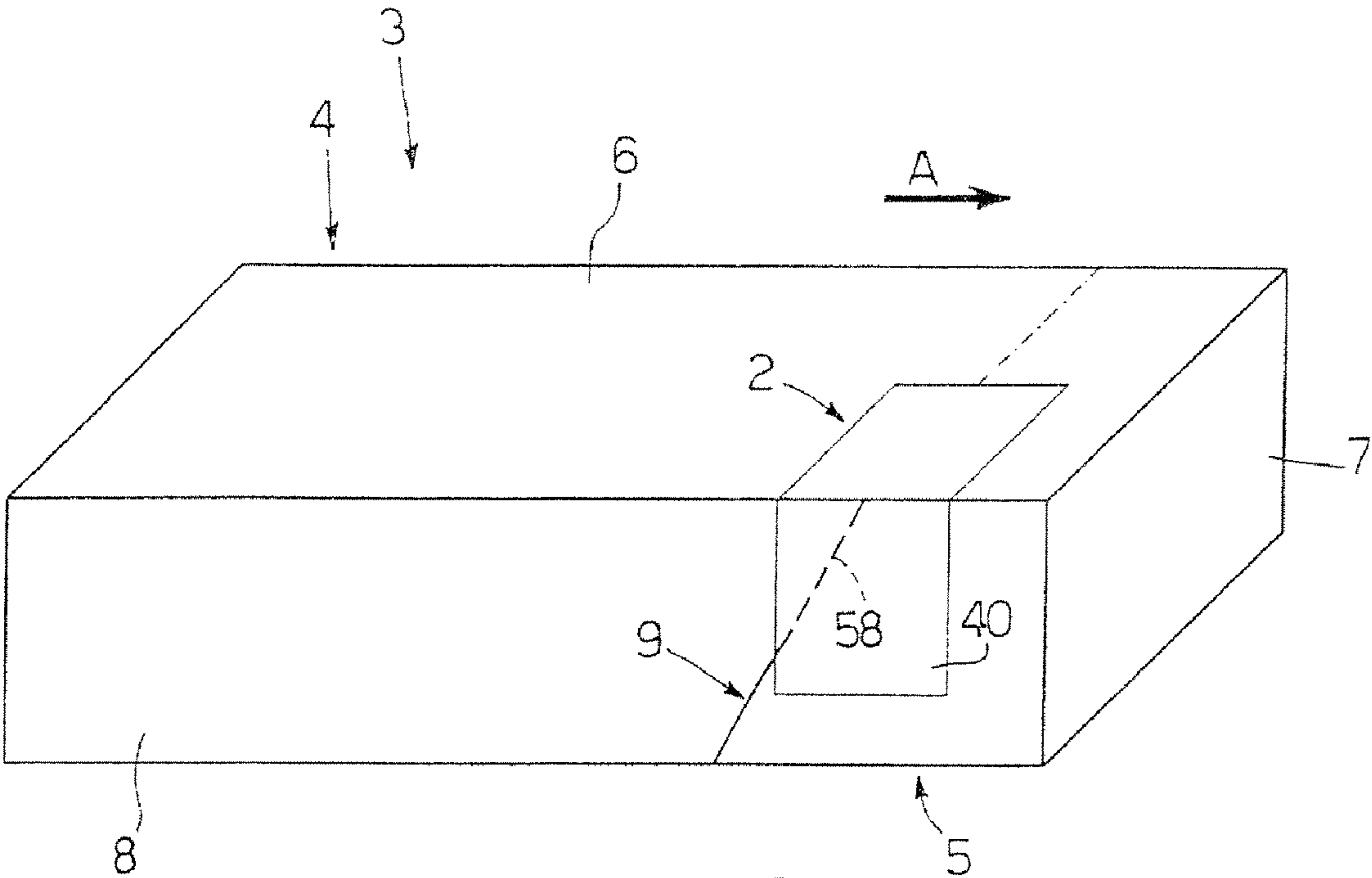


Fig.10

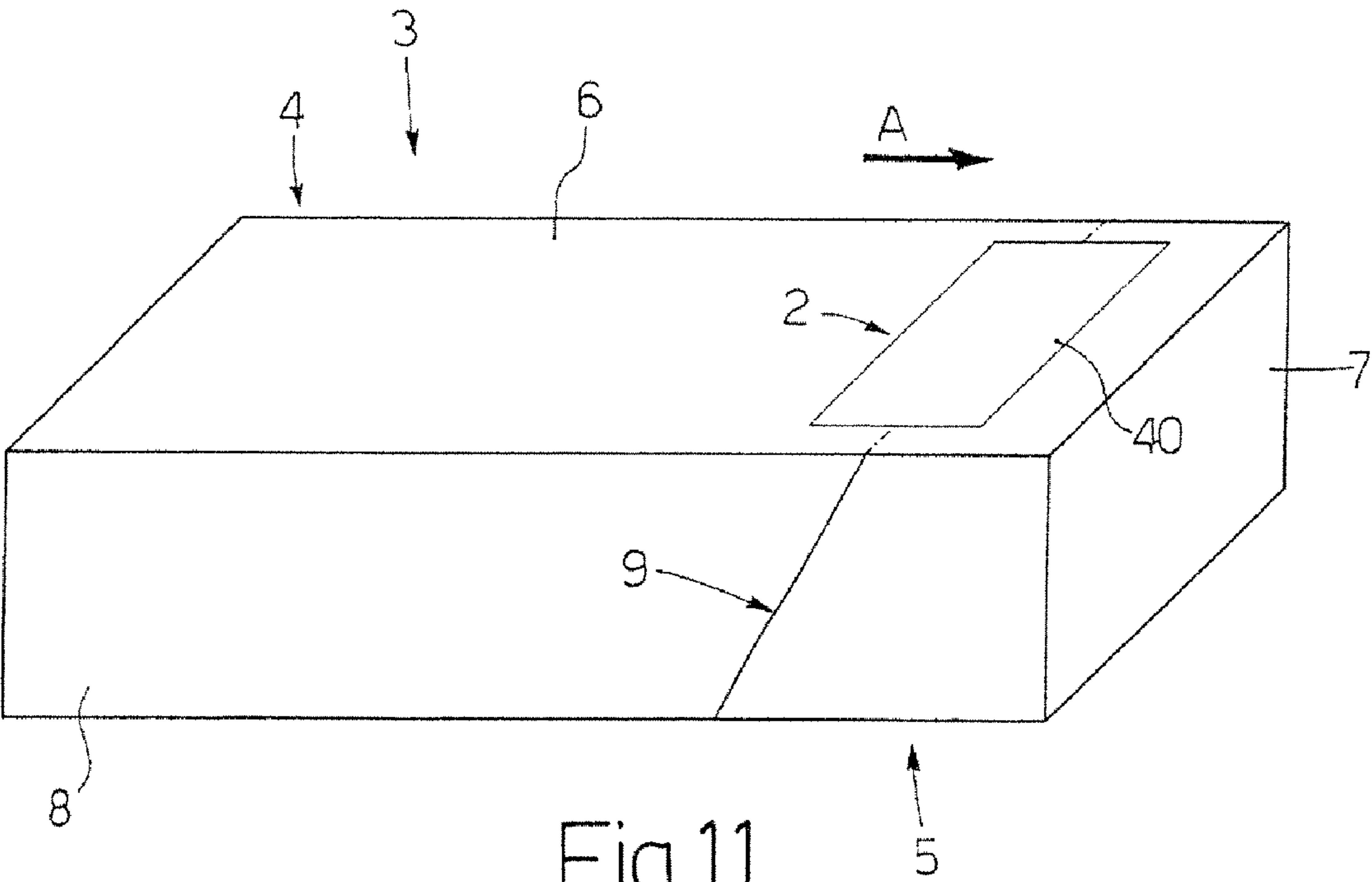
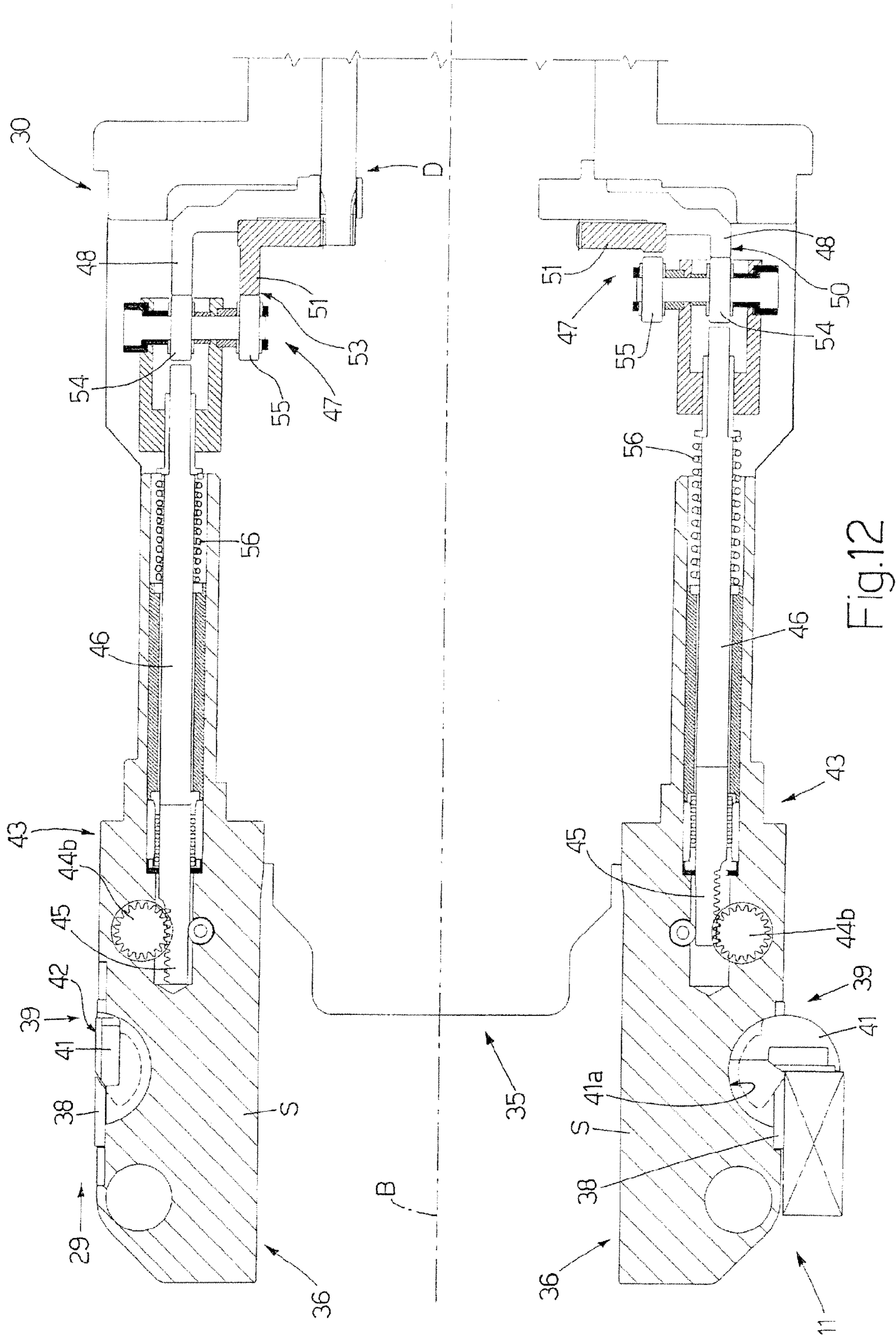
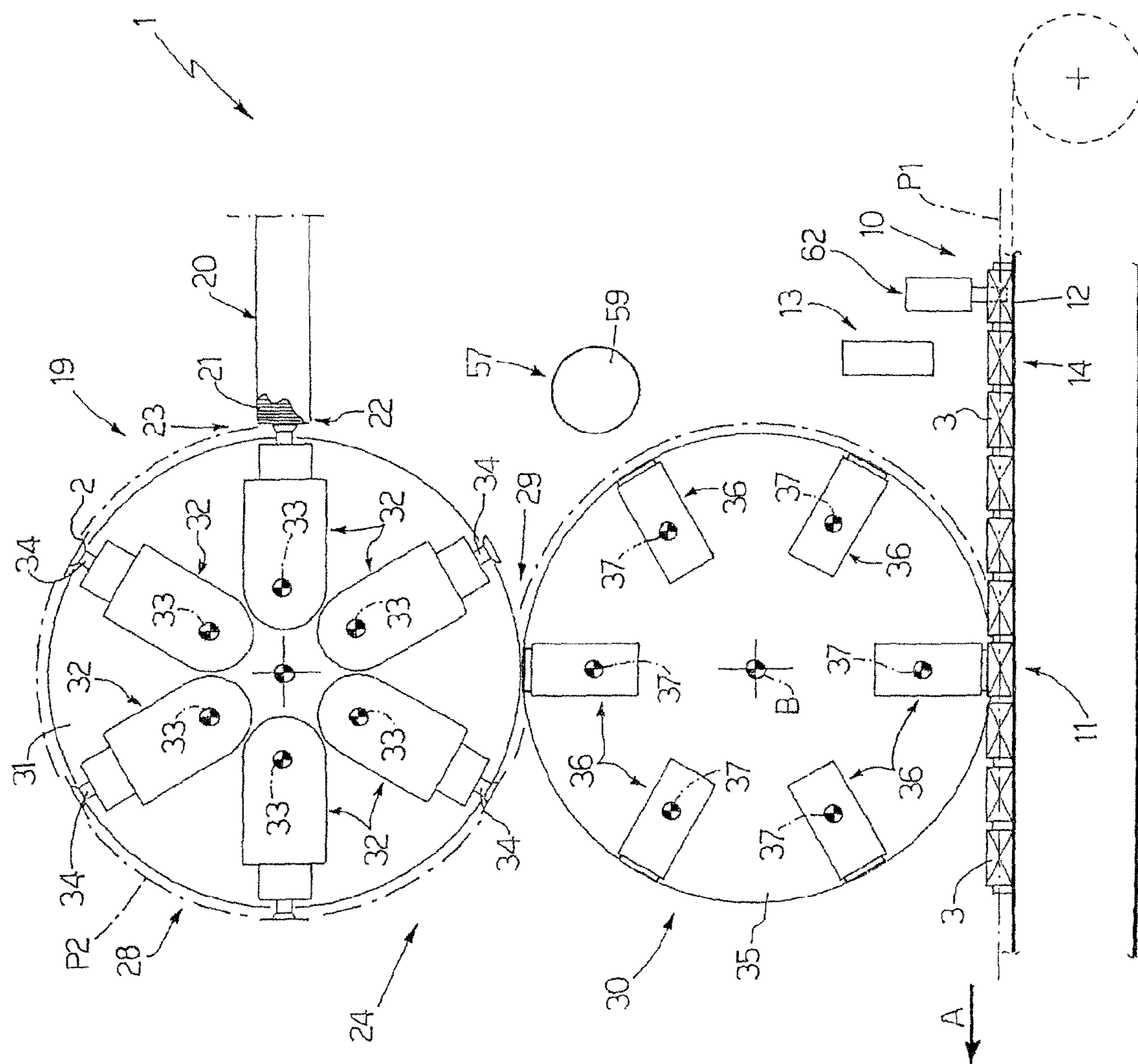


Fig.11





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MACHINE AND METHOD FOR APPLYING LABELS TO PACKETS

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims the benefit of Italian patent application No. BO2007A 000129, filed Feb. 27, 2007.

The present invention relates to a machine and method for applying objects to containers in the tobacco industry.

More specifically, the present invention relates to a machine for applying objects, normally labels, to containers in the tobacco industry. The machine comprises a conveying device for feeding a container in a travelling direction along a given path through an application station; and a feed device for feeding one object at a time along a feed path from a transfer station to the application station, and which comprises at least one gripping assembly for retaining the object and applying the object to a given portion of the container.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Known machines of the type described above often comprise a gumming device located along the feed path and having one or more spray nozzles for spraying the object with adhesive.

Known machines of the type described above have the drawback of not being very versatile, and involving complicated adjustment and part changes in the event of a change in the size and/or type of container to which the object is applied. Moreover, the machines must be stopped frequently to remove fouling by the adhesive caused, for example, by off-target adhesive spray and/or the formation of so-called adhesive strands.

Machine stoppages to carry out the above jobs inevitably reduce the overall output rate of the machines.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is an object of the present invention to provide a machine and method for applying labels to containers in the tobacco industry, designed to at least partly eliminate the drawbacks of the known art, and which, at the same time, are cheap and easy to implement.

According to the present invention, there are provided a machine and method for applying objects to containers in the tobacco industry, as claimed in the attached Claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

A non-limiting embodiment of the present invention will be described by way of example with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

FIG. 1 shows a schematic front view of a machine for applying labels to packets in the tobacco industry, in accordance with the present invention;

FIG. 2 shows a schematic side view of the FIG. 1 machine;

FIGS. 3 and 4 show a schematic detail of the FIG. 1 machine in two different operating positions;

FIGS. 5 and 6 show, schematically, component parts of the FIG. 1 machine in two different operating positions;

FIGS. 7 and 8 show schematic profiles of the FIGS. 5 and 6 component parts;

FIG. 9 shows a schematic view in perspective, with parts removed for clarity, of part of the FIG. 1 machine;

FIGS. 10 and 11 show views in perspective of packets to which a label has been applied;

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FIG. 12 shows a schematic section of a detail of the FIG. 2 machine;

FIG. 13 shows, schematically, a variation of the FIG. 1 machine.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Number 1 in FIG. 1 indicates as a whole a machine for applying labels 2 (in particular, inland revenue stamps) to packets 3 of cigarettes (not shown).

With reference to FIGS. 10 and 11, packet 3 is a rigid, hinged-lid type, and comprises a cup-shaped body 4 and a lid 5. When lid 5 is closed, packet 3 comprises a front wall (not shown); a rear wall 6; a bottom wall (not shown); a top wall 7; and two lateral walls 8 (only one shown). Lid 5 and cup-shaped body 4 are connected by a hinge (shown by a dot-and-dash line) on rear wall 6, and are separated by a parting line 9 extending across the front wall (not shown) and lateral walls 8. In FIGS. 10 and 11, packet 3 is shown as positioned on conveying device 10.

Machine 1 (FIGS. 1 and 2) comprises a conveying device 10 for feeding packets 3 horizontally in a travelling direction A along a given path P1 through an application station 11, where labels 2 are each applied to a given portion of a respective packet 3.

Conveying device 10 (FIG. 9) comprises a belt 12, on which are formed a number of seats, each for housing a respective packet 3.

Machine 1 also comprises a gumming device 13 located along given path P1, at a gumming station 14 upstream from application station 11, to apply adhesive to the given portion of each packet 3 to which respective label 2 is to be applied.

Gumming device 13 comprises an applicator 15 in turn comprising two spray nozzles 16, which are oriented substantially vertically downwards, and each emit two jets of adhesive onto wall 6 of each packet 3. Gumming device 13 also comprises an applicator 17 in turn comprising two spray nozzles 18, which are oriented substantially horizontally, and each emit two jets of adhesive onto one of lateral walls 8 of each packet 3.

Spray nozzles 16 are offset horizontally with respect to both the travelling direction A and a direction perpendicular to travelling direction A.

Spray nozzles 18 are offset vertically, i.e. one of spray nozzles 18 is located higher than the other.

Given the relatively large size of walls 6, 7 and 8 as compared with labels 2, there is very little likelihood of the adhesive jets missing packets 3 and fouling machine 1.

In embodiments not shown, applicator 15 and/or applicator 17 release/releases the adhesive in contact with packet 3; in which case, an actuating unit (not shown) is preferably provided at gumming station 14 to move packet 3, crosswise to travelling direction A, to and from a position contacting applicator 15 (and/or applicator 17). Alternatively, the actuating unit (not shown) moves applicator 15 (and/or applicator 17), crosswise to travelling direction A, to and from a position contacting packet 3.

In actual use, as each packet 3 travels through gumming station 14, packet 3 and applicator 15 (and/or applicator 17) are moved with respect to each other, crosswise to travelling direction A, to bring packet 3 and applicator 15 (and/or applicator 17) into contact with each other; at which point, adhesive supply is activated and then cut off. Once the adhesive supply is cut off, packet 3 and applicator 15 (and/or applicator 17) are moved with respect to each other, crosswise to travelling direction A, to detach packet 3 and applicator 15 (and/or applicator 17).

The above method provides for fast, effective cleaning of applicator **15** (and/or applicator **17**), and so reducing the likelihood of adhesive strands forming and fouling the machine.

Machine **1** also comprises a feed assembly **19** for feeding labels **2** to application station **11**. Feed assembly **19** comprises a substantially horizontal hopper **20** containing a stack **21** of labels **2**, and having an outlet **22** at a transfer station **23**; and a feed device **24**, which withdraws labels **2** one at a time from outlet **22**, feeds labels **2** along a feed path **P2**, and applies each label **2** to a respective packet **3** at application station **11**.

In different embodiments not shown, machine **1** has no hopper **20**, and labels **2** are cut off a strip at transfer station **23**.

With reference to FIG. **2**, feed assembly **19** comprises a frame **25**, to which feed device **24**, hopper **20**, and gumming device **13** are fitted; guides **26** crosswise to direction **A**, and along which frame **25** runs in use; and a hydraulic actuator **27** for moving frame **25** crosswise, in particular, perpendicularly to direction **A**.

Moving feed assembly **19** crosswise to direction **A** provides for rapidly and effectively adjusting the portion of each packet **3** to which respective label **2** is applied.

Feed device **24** (FIGS. **1** and **2**) comprises a transfer unit **28** for conveying labels **2** successively and one at a time from transfer station **23** to a transfer station **29**; and an application unit **30** for conveying labels **2** from transfer station **29** to application station **11**, and applying labels **2** to packets **3**.

Transfer unit **28** comprises a wheel **31** having a number of—in the example shown, six—gripping assemblies **32** equally spaced along the periphery of wheel **31**; and each gripping assembly **32** is mounted to oscillate about a respective axis **33**, and has a suction head **34** for engaging a respective label **2** by suction at each operating cycle. In actual use, as wheel **31** rotates, gripping assemblies **32** oscillate about respective axes **33** at stations **23** and **29** to compensate for the rotation of wheel **31** and facilitate transfer of labels **2** to and from suction heads **34**.

In preferred embodiments, hopper **20** and transfer unit **28** are designed as described in Italian Patent Application BO2006A000721, to which full reference is made herein.

Application unit **30** comprises a wheel **35** rotating about a respective axis **B** and having a number of—in the example shown, six—gripping assemblies **36** equally spaced along the periphery of wheel **35**; and each gripping assembly **36** is fitted integrally to wheel **35**, and has a suction head **38** for engaging a respective label **2** by suction at each operating cycle.

In alternative embodiments, each gripping assembly **36** is mounted to oscillate about a respective axis **37** substantially parallel to axis **B**; in which case, as wheel **35** rotates, gripping assemblies **36** oscillate about respective axes **37** at stations **29** and **11** to compensate for the rotation of wheel **35** and facilitate transfer of labels **2** to and from suction heads **38**.

With particular reference to FIGS. **3**, **4** and **12**, each gripping assembly **36** comprises a folding member **39** for folding a portion **40** of a relative label **2** onto the lateral wall **8** of respective packet **3** at each operating cycle, so that label **2** assumes the FIG. **10** configuration on packet **3**. Each folding member **39** comprises a movable block **41**, which has a flat surface **42** and is moved, in use, by an actuating device **43** of feed device **24** to rotate between a rest position (shown in FIG. **3** and in the top half of FIG. **12**), in which flat surface **42** and respective suction head **38** define a supporting surface for the flat label **2** to be folded, and a work position (shown in FIG. **4** and in the bottom half of FIG. **12**), in which flat surface **42** forms an angle of less than 180°, and in particular of about 90°, with respect to said supporting surface.

Actuating device **43** comprises an articulated parallelogram **44** (FIGS. **3** and **4**) which links movable block **41** to a rack **45** of a transmission rod **46**, so as to rotate movable block **41** about a virtual axis **C**.

Articulated parallelogram **44** comprises two cranks **44a** fitted in oscillating manner to a supporting body **S** of gripping assembly **36**; one of cranks **44a** is integral with a gear **44b** meshing with rack **45**; and each crank **44a** is connected in oscillating manner, by respective pins **44c**, **44d** to two connecting rods **44e**, **44f** crosswise to cranks **44a**. Articulated parallelogram **44** also comprises a crank **44g** connected in oscillating manner to connecting rods **44e**, **44f** by respective pins **44h**, **44i**. Crank **44g** is integral with movable block **41**, which is substantially semicylindrical and housed in a substantially semicircular seat **41a** formed in supporting body **S**.

With particular reference to FIGS. **5** to **8**, actuating device **43** also comprises a cam system **47** for activating and deactivating folding member **39**, and which comprises a substantially circular cam **48** having a first profile **49** with a groove **50**; and a substantially circular cam **51** having a second profile **52** with a projection **53** longer than or the same length as groove **50**. Cams **48** and **51** are coaxial with wheel **35**, and groove **50** is located at application station **11**.

Actuating device **43** also comprises a known electric motor (not shown) for rotating cam **51** about axis **B** via a connecting mechanism **D** (shown partly in FIG. **12**).

Transmission rod **46** extends substantially parallel to axis **B**, and comprises two cam followers **54**, **55** located at the opposite end of transmission rod **46** to rack **45**, and which cooperate with cams **48**, **51** respectively. Actuating device **43** also comprises a spring **56** coaxial with transmission rod **46**, and which exerts pressure on transmission rod **46** to push cam followers **54**, **55** towards cams **48**, **51**.

In actual use, as wheel **35** rotates about axis **B**, cam follower **54** runs along cam **48** to determine the position of rack **45**.

When cams **48** and **51** are positioned with respect to each other as shown in FIG. **5**, i.e. with groove **50** and projection **53** out of line, cam follower **54** engages groove **50** at application station **11** to move transmission rod **46** longitudinally. As it does so, transmission rod **46** transmits motion, via rack **45**, to articulated parallelogram **44**, which in turn rotates movable block **41** about virtual axis **C** to fold portion **40**.

When cams **48** and **51** are positioned with respect to each other as shown in FIG. **6**, i.e. with groove **50** and projection **53** in line, cam follower **55** engages projection **53** at application station **11** to prevent transmission rod **46** from moving longitudinally, and so disable folding member **39**.

Machine **1** also comprises a cutting device **57** fitted to frame **25** and located along feed path **P2** to form a tear line **58** in label **2**. Cutting device **57** comprises a drum **59** rotating about a respective axis substantially parallel to axis **B**; and drum **59** is fitted with one or more known blades (not shown); the cutting device **57**, in different embodiments, can be deactivated by stopping rotation of drum **59** and/or removing the blades (not shown) from drum **59**.

It is important to note that application unit **30** is fitted to frame **25** by means of a known worm (not shown), which allows the operator to move application unit **30** crosswise—in particular, perpendicularly—to travelling direction **A** to adjust the position of wheel **35** with respect to hopper **20** and wheel **31**, and hence the position of label **2** on respective suction head **38**, and the point along label **2** at which it is folded.

In some embodiments, cutting device **57** is fitted integrally to frame **25**, or is integral with application unit **30**. In further embodiments, the position of cutting device **57** with respect

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to hopper 20 and wheel 31 is adjustable independently by moving cutting device 57 crosswise—in particular, perpendicularly—to direction A by means of a respective known worm (not shown) connecting the cutting device to frame 25.

In some embodiments, applicator 15 (and/or applicator 17) (FIG. 9) is fitted integrally to frame 25, or is integral with application unit 30. In further embodiments, the position of applicator 15 (and/or applicator 17) with respect to hopper 20 and wheel 31 is adjustable independently by moving applicator 15 (and/or applicator 17) crosswise—in particular, perpendicularly—to direction A by means, for example, of a respective known worm (not shown) connecting the applicator to frame 25.

In the FIG. 13 variation, machine 1 is substantially identical to machine 1 described above, and differs solely by also comprising a pretreating device 62 located along given path P1, upstream from gumming device 13, and which provides for surface treating the given portion of each packet 3 to improve retention of the adhesive. More specifically, pretreating device 62 comprises a laser source for directing laser radiation onto said given portion to score and/or remove a surface layer (normally comprising plastic material and/or wax) of packet 3, and so produce a rough and/or porous given portion on packet 3.

Removing the surface layer of packet 3 reduces the likelihood of adhesive smears forming on packet 3 before, when, and/or after applying label 2.

In actual use, to switch production from a packet 3 with a folded label 2 (as shown, for example, in FIG. 10) to a packet 3 with a flat label 2 (as shown, for example, in FIG. 11), the operator enters the appropriate command in a central control unit 60 via an operator interface (Human Machine Interface—HMI) 61 (e.g. a touch screen, and/or a keyboard, and/or pushbutton panel with or without a screen).

At this point, central control unit 60 operates actuator 27 to move feed assembly 19 (in particular, feed device 24) crosswise to travelling direction A and towards conveying device 10 to adjust the portion of respective packet 3 to which each label 2 is applied.

Substantially at the same time, central control unit 60 activates the electric motor (not shown) to rotate cam 51 about axis B and align projection 53 with groove 50, thus deactivating folding members 39.

As will be clear from the above description and attached drawings, machine 1 is extremely versatile, by adjusting the position of labels 2 on respective packets 3, and switching rapidly and efficiently from production of a packet 3 with a folded label 2 (as shown, for example, in FIG. 10) to a packet 3 with a flat label 2 (as shown, for example, in FIG. 11), and vice versa, thus minimizing labour time and downtime of machine 1.

Though the above description and attached drawings refer to a conventional hinged-lid packet 3, the teachings of the present invention obviously also apply to any type of packet in the tobacco industry, such as a “soft” pack of cigarettes.

In alternative embodiments not shown, some of the longitudinal edges and/or transverse edges of packet 3 may be non-square rounded or bevelled edges. For example, the longitudinal edges may be non-square rounded or bevelled edges, or (as in the packet of cigarettes described in Patent Application EP-A1-0764595) the major transverse edges may be non-square rounded or bevelled edges. Alternatively, some longitudinal edges and transverse edges may be non-square, so as to have non-square rounded or bevelled longitudinal and transverse edges.

In a different embodiment not shown, packet 3 may resemble the packet of cigarettes described in Patent Appli-

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cation EP-A1-1066206; in which case, the front wall and/or rear wall 6 are/is outwardly convex, with a flat central portion and two curved creased lateral bands.

The teachings of the present invention obviously also apply to the manufacture of cartons of cigarettes.

The invention claimed is:

1. A machine for applying labels (2) to containers (3) in the tobacco industry, machine (1) comprising:

a conveying device (10) for feeding a container (3) in a traveling direction (A) along a given path (P1) through an application station (11); and

a feed assembly (19) for feeding one label (2) at a time along a feed path (P2) from a transfer station (23; 27) to the application station (11), and which comprises at least one gripping assembly (36) for retaining the label (2) and applying the label (2) to a given portion of the container (3) at the application station (11),

the feed assembly (19) being movable crosswise to the traveling direction (A) to adjust the given portion of the container (3) to which the label (2) is applied,

the feed assembly (19) comprising a store (20) of labels (2), and an application unit (30) for applying the label (2) to the container (3); the application unit (30) and the store (20) being movable with respect to each other crosswise to said traveling direction (A) and to said feed path (P2).

2. A machine as claimed in claim 1, wherein the gripping assembly (36) comprises at least a folding member (39) for folding a portion (40) of the relative label (2) at the application station (11).

3. A machine as claimed in claim 2, wherein the folding member (39) comprises a movable block (41) having a flat surface (42); and the feed assembly (19) comprises at least an actuating device (43) for moving the movable block (41) to rotate the movable block (41) between a rest position, in which the flat surface (42) defines a supporting surface for the flat label (2) to be folded, and a work position, in which the flat surface (42) forms an angle of less than 180° with the supporting surface.

4. A machine as claimed in claim 3, wherein the actuating device (43) comprises a cam system (47) for activating and deactivating the folding member (39).

5. A machine as claimed in claim 4, wherein the cam system (47) comprises a first cam (48) having a first profile (49) with a groove (50); a second cam (51) having a second profile (52) with a projection (53) longer than or the same length as the groove (50); a transmission member (46) for transmitting motion to the movable block (41), and which has a first and second cam follower (54, 55) cooperating with the first and second cam (48, 51) respectively; and contrasting means for pushing the first and second cam follower (54, 55) towards the first and second cam (48, 51) respectively; the first and second cam (48, 51) are movable with respect to each other; and the folding member (39) is deactivated when the projection (53) is aligned with the groove (50) so that the first cam follower (54) does not engage the groove (50).

6. A machine as claimed in claim 5, wherein the feed assembly (19) comprises a wheel (35) rotating about a respective axis (B); the first and second cam (48, 51) are substantially circular and coaxial with the wheel (35); and the feed assembly (19) comprises actuating means to rotate the second cam (51) about the axis (B).

7. A machine as claimed in claim 3, wherein the actuating device (43) comprises a motion transmission member (46); and an articulated parallelogram (44) linking the transmission member (46) to the movable block (41), and designed to rotate the movable block (41) about a virtual axis (C).

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8. A machine as claimed in claim 1, and comprising an actuator (27) for moving the feed assembly (19) crosswise to said traveling direction (A).

9. A machine as claimed in claim 1, wherein the feed assembly (19) comprises a feed device (24) for withdrawing one label (2) at a time from the store (20), and feeding the label (2) to the application station (11).

10. A machine as claimed in claim 1, wherein the feed device (24) comprises a transfer unit (28) located between the store (20) and the application unit (30) to withdraw the label (2) from the store (20) and feed the label (2) to the application unit (30).

11. A machine as claimed in claim 1, and comprising a cutting device (57) located along the feed path (P2) to form a tear line (58) on the label (2); the cutting device (57) being deactivatable.

12. A machine as claimed in claim 11, and comprising a gumming device (13) located along the given path (P1), upstream from the application station (11), to apply adhesive to the given portion of the container (3).

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13. A machine as claimed in claim 12, wherein the gumming device (13) comprises at least one applicator (15; 17) which releases adhesive in contact with the container (3).

14. A machine as claimed in claim 13, and comprising an actuating unit for moving the container (3) and the applicator (15; 17) with respect to each other, crosswise to the traveling direction (A), so that the applicator (15; 17) and the container (3) are brought to and from a position contacting each other.

15. A machine as claimed in claim 2, wherein the folding member (39) is deactivatable.

16. A machine as claimed in claim 1, wherein the application unit (30) comprises a suction head (38) for engaging the label (2); the application unit (30) and the store (20), being movable with respect to each other crosswise to said traveling direction (A) so as to adjust the position of the label (2) on the suction head (38).

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