



US007718697B2

(12) **United States Patent**  
**Drace et al.**

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 7,718,697 B2**  
(45) **Date of Patent:** **May 18, 2010**

(54) **METHOD FOR TREATING GLAUCOMA  
COMPRISING ADMINISTERING  $\alpha$ -LIPOIC  
ACID**

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(\*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this  
patent is extended or adjusted under 35  
U.S.C. 154(b) by 1280 days.

(21) Appl. No.: **11/006,007**

(22) Filed: **Dec. 7, 2004**

(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2005/0137123 A1 Jun. 23, 2005

**Related U.S. Application Data**

(60) Provisional application No. 60/530,436, filed on Dec.  
17, 2003.

(51) **Int. Cl.**  
**A61K 31/19** (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.** ..... **514/557**

(58) **Field of Classification Search** ..... None  
See application file for complete search history.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

The present invention provides compositions and methods for  
treating glaucoma, ocular hypertension, and age-related  
macular degeneration. More specifically, the present inven-  
tion describes the use of agents that down-regulate expression  
of tanis and/or p21<sup>Waf1/Cip1/Sd1</sup> genes to treat such disorders  
of the eye.

**1 Claim, No Drawings**

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**METHOD FOR TREATING GLAUCOMA  
COMPRISING ADMINISTERING  $\alpha$ -LIPOIC  
ACID**

This application claims priority from the provisional appli-  
cation, U.S. Patent Application Ser. No. 60/530,436 filed Dec.  
17, 2003.

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

**1. Field of the Invention**

The present invention relates to the field of diagnosis and  
treatment of glaucoma. More specifically, the invention pro-  
vides methods and compositions for treating ocular hyperten-  
sion, glaucoma and age-related macular degeneration  
(ARMD) and for identifying therapeutic agents to treat these  
blinding diseases.

**2. Description of the Related Art**

There are a number of ocular conditions that are caused by,  
or aggravated by, damage to the optic nerve head, degenera-  
tion of ocular tissues, and/or elevated intraocular pressure.  
For example, "glaucomas" are a group of debilitating eye  
diseases that are a leading cause of irreversible blindness in  
the United States and other developed nations. Primary Open  
Angle Glaucoma ("POAG") is the most common form of  
glaucoma. The disease is characterized by the degeneration of  
the trabecular meshwork, leading to obstruction of the normal  
ability of aqueous humor to leave the eye without closure of  
the space (e.g., the "angle") between the iris and cornea  
(Vaughan, D. et al., (1992)). A characteristic of such obstruc-  
tion in this disease is an increased intraocular pressure  
("IOP"), resulting in progressive visual loss and blindness if  
not treated appropriately and in a timely fashion. The disease  
is estimated to affect between 0.4% and 3.3% of all adults  
over 40 years old (Leske, M. C. et al. (1986); Bengtsson, B.  
(1989); Strong, N. P. (1992)). Moreover, the prevalence of the  
disease rises with age to over 6% of those 75 years or older  
(Strong, N. P., (1992)).

Glaucoma affects three separate tissues in the eye. The  
elevated IOP associated with POAG is due to morphological  
and biochemical changes in the trabecular meshwork (TM), a  
tissue located at the angle between the cornea and iris. Most  
of the nutritive aqueous humor exits the anterior segment of  
the eye through the TM. The progressive loss of TM cells and  
the build-up of extracellular debris in the TM of glaucoma-  
tous eyes leads to increased resistance to aqueous outflow,  
thereby raising IOP. Elevated IOP, as well as other factors  
such as ischemia, cause degenerative changes in the optic  
nerve head (ONH) leading to progressive "cupping" of the  
ONH and loss of retinal ganglion cells and axons. The  
detailed molecular mechanisms responsible for glaucoma-  
tous damage to the TM, ONH, and the retinal ganglion cells  
are unknown.

Twenty years ago, the interplay of ocular hypertension,  
ischemia and mechanical distortion of the optic nerve head  
were heavily debated as the major factors causing progression  
of visual field loss in glaucoma. Since then, other factors  
including excitotoxicity, nitric oxide, absence of vital neu-  
rotrophic factors, abnormal glial/neuronal interplay and  
genetics have been implicated in the degenerative disease  
process. The consideration of molecular genetics deserves  
some discussion insofar as it may ultimately define the  
mechanism of cell death, and provide for discrimination of  
the various forms of glaucoma. Within the past 8 years, over  
15 different glaucoma genes have been mapped and 7 glau-  
coma genes identified. This includes six mapped genes  
(GLC1A-GLC1F) and two identified genes (MYOC and

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OPTN) for primary open angle glaucoma, two mapped genes  
(GLC3A-GLC3B) and one identified gene for congenital  
glaucoma (CYP1B1), two mapped genes for pigmentary dis-  
persion/pigmentary glaucoma, and a number of genes for  
developmental or syndromic forms of glaucoma (FOXC1,  
PITX2, LMX1B, PAX6).

Thus, each form of glaucoma may have a unique pathology  
and accordingly a different therapeutic approach to the man-  
agement of the disease may be required. For example, a drug  
that effects the expression of enzymes that degrade the extra-  
cellular matrix of the optic nerve head would not likely pre-  
vent RGC death caused by excitotoxicity or neurotrophic  
factor deficit. In glaucoma, RGC death occurs by a process  
called apoptosis (programmed cell death). It has been specu-  
lated that different types of insults that can cause death may  
do so by converging on a few common pathways. Targeting  
downstream at a common pathway is a strategy that may  
broaden the utility of a drug and increase the probability that  
it may have utility in the management of different forms of the  
disease. However, drugs that effect multiple metabolic path-  
ways are more likely to produce undesirable side-effects.  
With the advent of gene-based diagnostic kits to identify  
specific forms of glaucoma, selective neuroprotective agents  
can be tested with the aim of reducing the degree of variation  
about the measured response.

Glaucoma is currently diagnosed based on specific signs of  
the disease (characteristic optic nerve head changes and  
visual field loss). However, over half of the population with  
glaucoma are unaware they have this blinding disease and by  
the time they are diagnosed, they already have irreversibly  
lost approximately 30-50% of their retinal ganglion cells.  
Thus, improved methods for early diagnosis of glaucoma are  
needed.

Current glaucoma therapy is directed to lowering IOP, a  
major risk factor for the development and progression of  
glaucoma. However, none of the current IOP lowering thera-  
pies actually intervenes in the glaucomatous disease process  
responsible for elevated IOP and progressive damage to the  
anterior segment continues. This is one possible reason why  
most patients become "resistant" to conventional glaucoma  
therapies. Thus, what is needed is a therapeutic method for  
altering (by inhibiting or even reversing) the disease process.

Another blinding disease is age-related macular degenera-  
tion (ARMD) that affects the outer retina, retinal pigmented  
epithelial cells, Bruch's membrane, and the choroid. (Ambati  
et al. 2003). The hallmarks of this disease are diffuse and focal  
thickening of the Bruch's membrane due to deposition of  
lipoproteins (drusen) leading to retinal dysfunction culminat-  
ing in retinal detachment and loss of vision. Other lipopro-  
teins, such as Tanis gene receptor and SAA, may also be  
deposited at the Bruch's membrane to exacerbate the pathol-  
ogy and retinal dysfunction.

There are several reports suggesting that primary amyloi-  
dosis may be associated with glaucoma. For example, it was  
found that amyloid was deposited in various ocular tissues  
including the vitreous, retina, choroid, iris, lens, and trabecu-  
lar meshwork in primary systemic amyloidosis patients  
(Schwartz et al. 1982). Ermilov et al. (1993) reported that in  
478 eyes of 313 patients (aged 25 years to 90 years) with  
cataracts, glaucoma, and/or diabetes mellitus, 66 (14%) of the  
eyes contained amyloid-pseudoexfoliative amyloid (PEA)  
proteins. Krasnov et al. (1996) reported that 44.4% of 115  
patients with open-angle glaucoma revealed extracellular  
depositions of amyloid proteins. Finally, amyloidosis was  
revealed in the sclera in 82% of the cases and in the iris in 70%  
of the cases. A number of clinical conditions, including  
Alzheimer's disease, exhibit abnormal amyloid deposits in



tissues associated with the disease. However, amyloids are molecularly heterogeneous and encoded by different amyloid genes. The previous reports are unclear regarding which amyloid(s) might be associated with glaucoma.

To date, more than 100 genes have been mapped or cloned that may be associated with retinal degeneration. The pathogenesis of retinal degenerative diseases such as age-related macular degeneration (ARMD) and retinitis pigmentosa (RP) is multifaceted and can be triggered by environmental factors in those who are genetically predisposed. One such environmental factor, light exposure, has been identified as a contributing factor to the progression of retinal degenerative disorders such as ARMD (Young 1988). Photo-oxidative stress leading to light damage to retinal cells has been shown to be a useful model for studying retinal degenerative diseases for the following reasons: damage is primarily to the photoreceptors and retinal pigment epithelium (RPE) of the outer retina (Noell et al. 1966; Bressler et al. 1988; Curcio et al. 1996); they share a common mechanism of cell death, apoptosis (Ge-Zhi, et al. 1996; Abler et al. 1996); light has been implicated as an environmental risk factor for progression of ARMD and RP (Taylor et al. 1992; Naash et al. 1996); and therapeutic interventions which inhibit photo-oxidative injury have also been shown to be effective in animal models of neurodegenerative retinal disease (LaVail et al. 1992; Fakforovich et al. 1990).

To date, there are no approved effective therapies for the treatment of ocular neovascular diseases which do not include the destruction of healthy viable tissue. There are certainly no therapies specifically directed at eliminating or inhibiting the deposition and accumulation of amyloid proteins, drusen or amyloid-like proteins including SAA on the Bruch's membrane in the retina as in ARMD. Such accumulation of amyloid and/or drusen and other lipoproteins including SAA causes retinal dysfunction by several mechanisms including disruption of retinal pigmented epithelial (RPE) cell function due to thickening of Bruch's membrane, and RPE detachment resulting in rapid loss of visual acuity followed by macular atrophy and retinal detachment (Ciulla et al. 1998). Additionally, the deposited drusen and/or amyloid proteins including SAA could exert direct neurotoxic effects on the RPE cells and neighboring cells in the retina akin to the well known toxic effects of such amyloid proteins and amyloid/lipid complexes observed in brain cell death as in Alzheimer's disease (Lambert et al. 1998; Liu and Schubert 1997; Pike et al. 1993; Nakagami et al. 2002) in retina (Jen et al. 1998). Although panretinal photocoagulation is the current medical practice for the treatment of diabetic retinopathy and ARMD and is effective in inhibiting retinal neovascularization, this procedure destroys healthy peripheral retinal tissue. This destruction of healthy tissue decreases the retinal metabolic demand and thereby reduces retinal ischemia driven neovascularization. Photodynamic therapy (PDT) is a procedure in which a photoactivatable dye is given systemically followed by laser activation of the dye in the eye at the site of new blood vessel formation (Asrani & Zeimer 1995; Asrani et al. 1997; Husain et al. 1997; Lin et al. 1994). The photoactivated drug generates free oxygen radicals which seal the newly formed blood vessels and thereby prevent or reduce their growth, at least temporarily. This procedure has been used in patients with the exudative form of macular degeneration and many patients show regression of their subretinal neovascular membranes. Unfortunately, it appears that the PDT-induced inhibition of retinal neovascularization is risky, expensive and provides transient and temporary relief lasting only 6-12 weeks (Gragoudas et al. 1997; Sickenberg et al. 1997; Thomas et al. 1998).

Thus, there is an urgent need for therapeutic methods for altering (by inhibiting or even reversing) the disease processes of glaucoma and ARMD.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention overcomes these and other drawbacks of the prior art by providing methods to diagnose and compositions to treat ocular hypertension, glaucoma and ARMD. The present invention overcomes these and other drawbacks of the prior art by providing compositions and methods for treating ARMD by sequestering and/or degrading Tanis gene product protein (TGPP) and/or p21<sup>Waf1/Cop1/Sdi1</sup> gene product protein (p21GPP) in ocular tissues at the back of the eye, specifically at the Bruch's membrane, outer retina, macula and sub-retinal space. In addition, compositions and methods to prevent the generation of TGPP and/or p21GPP and/or to prevent the neurotoxic effects of such gene product proteins are provided to treat ARMD. In one aspect, the present invention provides a method for treating ARMD by administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a composition comprising an agent that sequesters TGPP or p21GPP in ocular tissue and/or an agent that degrades TGPP or p21GPP in ocular tissue. Such sequestration and/or degradation modulates the expression of the TGPP and p21GPP, such that the patient's condition is treated. In addition, agents that stop or reduce the initial activation of Tanis and p21<sup>Waf1/Cop1/Sdi1</sup> genes and/or prevent nerve cell death due to the presence of TGPP or p21GPP would also be useful to treat the patient's ARMD condition. In preferred embodiments, the agent will be a small molecular weight molecule, antibody, protein, peptide, peptidomimetic, or nucleic acid.

Preferably, the agents for use in the compositions and methods of the present invention will mainly be chosen from the following:

Compounds that may be useful for preventing the production of TGPP or p21GPP would include:  $\gamma$ -secretase inhibitors such as talsaclidine (Hock et al. 2003), Xanomeline, 3-(2-6-chloropyrazinyl)-1-azabicyclo(2.2.2)octane (L-689660), 1-benzyl-4-(1-(1 carbamoyl-2-phenylethylcarbamoyl-3-methylbutylcarbamoyl)-2-hydroxy-5-phenylpentyl)carbamoyl-2-butynyl)trimethylammonium Chloride (McN-A-343), 5-propargyloxycarbonyl-1,4,5,6-tetrahydropyrimidine hydrochloride (CDD-0097), fenchylamine, Z-leu-leu-leu-CHO (MG132), Boc-Phe $\Psi$ Phe-Leu-Val-OMe (WPE-111-31C, where  $\Psi$  is the pseudopeptide bond containing the hydroxyethyl group), (MW-11-36C/26A), Boc-Val-Ile-NH—CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)—C(=O)—CH(F<sub>2</sub>)—C(=O)—NH-Val-Ile-OMe (MW-167), CM-265, lactacystin, DNPS1 and N—[N-(3,5-difluorophenacetyl)-L-alanyl]-S-phenylglycine t-butyl ester (DAFT) (Lanz et al. 2003). Other compounds of use may include the statin family, e.g. pravastatin, atorvastatin (see Burns and Duff 2003) and presenilinase inhibitors such as pepstatin A (Xia 2003) and talsaclidine (Hock et al. 2003).

Compounds that may be useful for promoting degradation of TGPP or p21GPP may include glycoaminoglycans and congo red (*J. Neurochem.* 70: 292-298 [1998]).

Compounds that may be useful for promoting sequestration or clearance of TGPP or p21GPP may include gelsolin and ganglioside GM1 (Matsuoka et al. 2003). In addition, antibodies raised against drusen, and/or amyloid proteins and/or against amyloid-like proteins would be useful for sequestration and clearance of the former detrimental pro-



teins as has been shown in the brain (Schenk et al. 1999; Janus et al. 2000; Morgan et al. 2000).

Compounds that may be useful for preventing or diminishing the neurotoxic effects of TGPP or p21GPP include RS-0466 (Nakagami et al. 2002c; Nakagami et al. 2002b), V-type ATPase inhibitors (bafilomycin and concanamycin; Kane et al. 1999), tachykinin peptides and their non-peptide analogs (Yankner et al. 1990),  $\alpha$ -lipoic acid (Zhang et al. 2001), propentofylline (Koriyama et al. 2003), glycogen synthase kinase-3 $\beta$  (GSK-3 $\beta$ ) inhibitors (Eldar-Finkelman 2002; Caricasole et al. 2003), memantine (Frankiewicz and Parsons 1999), mixed cyclin-dependent kinase-GSK3 $\beta$  inhibitors (Damien et al. 2001), COX-2 inhibitors (Xiang et al. 2002) and propentofylline (Koriyama et al. 2003).

The present invention further provides a method of treating glaucoma by administering a composition containing a p21<sup>Waf1/Cip1/Sdi1</sup> gene product protein (see below) inhibitor and/or inhibitors of CDK1, CDK2, CDK5 and CDK9, and inhibitors of cJAK and ASRK-1 including the following agents: olomoucine, roscovitine, purvalanol, kenpaullone, alsterpaullone, indirubins, flavopiridol, staurosporine and analogs and derivatives of the above compounds.

In one aspect, the present invention provides a method for treating glaucoma by administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a composition comprising an agent that interacts with a gene encoding a serum amyloid A (SAA) receptor (SEQ ID NO:12), wherein said interaction decreases the expression of SAA (SEQ ID NO:1).

In another aspect, the present invention provides a method for treating glaucoma by administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a composition comprising a Tanis antagonist.

In preferred aspects, the agent for use in the methods of the invention is a peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor  $\alpha$  (PPAR $\alpha$ ) agonist, tachykinin peptide or non-peptide analogs thereof, or  $\alpha$ -lipoic acid. More preferably, the agent is fenofibrate, Wy-14643, (4-chloro-6-(2,3-xylidino)-2-pyrimidinylthiol)-acetic acid), ciprofibrate, 2-bromohexadecanoic acid, bezafibrate and ciglitizone, bafilomycin or concanamycin.

In yet another aspect, the invention provides a method for treating glaucoma by administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a composition comprising a p21 antagonist.

The present invention further provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a Tanis antagonist and a pharmaceutical carrier.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Glaucoma is a heterogeneous group of optic neuropathies that share certain clinical features. The loss of vision in glaucoma is due to the selective death of retinal ganglion cells in the neural retina that is clinically diagnosed by characteristic changes in the visual field, nerve fiber layer defects, and a progressive cupping of the ONH. One of the main risk factors for the development of glaucoma is the presence of ocular hypertension (elevated intraocular pressure, IOP). IOP also appears to be involved in the pathogenesis of normal tension glaucoma where patients have what is often considered to be normal IOP. The elevated IOP associated with glaucoma is due to elevated aqueous humor outflow resistance in the trabecular meshwork (TM), a small specialized tissue located in the iris-corneal angle of the ocular anterior chamber. Glaucomatous changes to the TM include a loss in TM cells and the

deposition and accumulation of extracellular debris including proteinaceous plaque-like material. In addition, there are also changes that occur in the glaucomatous optic nerve head (ONH). In glaucomatous eyes, there are morphological and mobility changes in ONH glial cells. In response to elevated IOP and/or transient ischemic insults, there is a change in the composition of the ONH extracellular matrix and alterations in the glial cell and retinal ganglion cell axon morphologies.

It has been found that the expression of Serum Amyloid A (SAA) mRNA is significantly upregulated in glaucomatous TM tissues and cells. The differential expression seen has been verified using Affymetrix gene chips by real time quantitative polymerase chain reaction (QPCR). This is the first time SAA has been shown to be expressed in the TM (U.S. application Ser. No. 60/530,430).

Human SAA comprises a number of small, differentially expressed apolipoproteins encoded by genes localized on the short arm of chromosome 11. There are four isoforms of SAAs. SAA1 (SEQ ID NO:2), encoded by SEQ ID NO:1, and SAA2 (SEQ ID NO:4), encoded by SEQ ID NO:3, are known as acute phase reactants, like C-reactive protein, that is, they are dramatically upregulated by proinflammatory cytokines. The 5'UTR promoter regions of SAA1 and SAA2 genes are also provided (SEQ ID NO:12 and SEQ ID NO:13, respectively). SAA3 (SEQ ID NO:5) is a pseudogene and SAA4 (SEQ ID NO:6) is a low level endogenously expressed gene encoding endogenous SAA4 (SEQ ID NO:7). SAA2 has two isoforms, SAA2 $\alpha$  (SEQ ID NO:9), encoded by SEQ ID NO:8, and SAA2 $\beta$  (SEQ ID NO:11), encoded by SEQ ID NO:10, which differ by only one amino acid. SAA1 and SAA2 proteins are 93.5% identical at the amino acid level (SEQ ID NO:2 and SEQ ID NO:4, respectively) and these genes are 96.7% identical at the nucleotide level (SEQ ID NO:1 and SEQ ID NO:3, respectively).

SAA functions as an apolipoprotein and is expressed in a number of tissues in addition to the liver (Miida et al. 1999). However, over-expression of SAA1 or SAA2 leads to the formation of linear fibrils in amyloid deposits, which can lead to pathogenesis and thus many types of diseases (Uhlir and Whitehead 1999; Liang et al. 1997). SAA plays an important role in infections, inflammation, and in the stimulation of tissue repair. SAA concentration may increase up to 1000-fold following inflammation, infection, necrosis, and decline rapidly following recovery. Thus, serum SAA concentration is considered to be a useful marker with which to monitor inflammatory disease activity. Hepatic biosynthesis of SAA is up-regulated by pro-inflammatory cytokines, leading to an acute phase response. Chronically elevated SAA concentrations are a prerequisite for the pathogenesis of secondary amyloidosis, a progressive and sometimes fatal disease characterized by the deposition in major organs of insoluble plaques composed principally of proteolytically cleaved SAA. This same process also may lead to atherosclerosis. There is a requirement for both positive and negative SAA control mechanisms to maintain homeostasis. These mechanisms permit the rapid induction of SAA expression to fulfill host-protective functions, but they also must ensure that SAA expression is rapidly returned to baseline levels to prevent amyloidosis. These mechanisms include modulation of promoter activity involving, for example, the inducer nuclear factor kB (NF-kB) and its inhibitor I $\kappa$ B, up-regulation of transcription factors of the nuclear factor for interleukin-6 (NF-IL6) family, and transcriptional repressors such as yin and yang 1 (YY1). Post-transcriptional modulation involving changes in mRNA stability and translation efficiency permit further up- and down-regulatory control of SAA protein synthesis to be achieved. In the later stages of the AP response,



SAA expression is effectively down-regulated via the increased production of cytokine antagonists such as the interleukin-1 receptor antagonist (IL-1Ra) and of soluble cytokine receptors, resulting in less signal transduction driven by pro-inflammatory cytokines (Jensen and Whitehead, 1998).

There are several reports suggesting that primary amyloidosis may be associated with glaucoma. For example, it was found that amyloid was deposited in various ocular tissues including the vitreous, retina, choroid, iris, lens, and TM in primary systemic amyloidosis patients (Schwartz et al. 1982). Ermilov et al. (1993) reported that in 478 eyes of 313 patients, aged 25 years to 90 years, with cataracts, glaucoma, and/or diabetes mellitus, 66 (14%) of the eyes contained amyloid-pseudoexfoliative amyloid (PEA). Krasnov et al. (1996) reported that 44.4% of 115 patients with open-angle glaucoma revealed extracellular depositions of amyloid. Amyloidosis was revealed in the sclera in 82% of the cases and in the iris in 70% of the cases. A number of clinical conditions, including Alzheimer's disease, exhibit aberrant amyloid tissue deposits associated with disease. However, amyloids are molecularly heterogeneous and encoded by different amyloid genes. The previous reports are unclear regarding which amyloid(s) are associated with glaucoma.

SAA gene expression is elevated significantly in glaucomatous TM tissues. Increased SAA may be involved in the generation of elevated IOP and damage to the optic nerve leading to vision loss in glaucoma patients.

The Tanis gene (SEQ ID NO:14) is a recently identified gene that encodes a membrane protein (SEQ ID NO:15) said to bind to SAA (Walder et al. 2002). It is believed that therapeutic intervention of the interaction between SAA and its putative receptor, encoded by the Tanis gene, may modulate SAA expression levels and/or receptor-mediated SAA signaling. Methods for the identification of agents that interfere with this interaction and their use for the treatment of ocular hypertension, glaucoma and ARMD are also provided herein.

It has also recently been discovered that a gene called p21<sup>Waf1/Cip/Sdi1</sup> (SEQ ID NO:16) activates SAA and activates the gene APP that produces amyloid protein which forms plaques in the brain that are hallmarks of Alzheimer's disease (Chang et al 2000; Kindy et al. 1999; Johan et al. 1997). In addition, p21<sup>Waf1/Cip/Sdi1</sup>-induced gene expression results in over production of extracellular matrix (ECM) proteins including fibronectin-1, plasminogen activator inhibitor, tissue-type plasminogen activator, integrin  $\beta$ 3 (Chang et al. 2000) which may be contributive factors in the glaucomatous situation. Likewise, p21<sup>Waf1/Cip/Sdi1</sup>-induced connective tissue growth factor and galectin-3 (Chang et al. 2000) may also play significant roles in deposition of ECM proteins and other components of ECM in the anterior eye segment leading to ocular hypertension and glaucoma. Therefore, it is believed that inhibition of p21<sup>Waf1/Cip/Sdi1</sup> gene would be useful in the treatment of the pathophysiology of glaucoma. Interestingly, since p21<sup>Waf1/Cip/Sdi1</sup> gene expression results in natural inhibition of cyclin-dependent kinases (CDK) (Chang et al. 2000), and since p21<sup>Waf1/Cip/Sdi1</sup> was reported to bind c-Jun amino-terminal kinase (cJAK), apoptosis-signal-regulating kinase 1 (ASRK-1) and Gadd45 (Chang et al. 2000), it follows that inhibitors of these kinases would also act as p21<sup>Waf1/Cip/Sdi1</sup> antagonists. Accordingly, inhibitors of CDK1, 2, 5 and 9, and inhibitors of cJAK and ASRK-1 would be useful for treating ocular hypertension, glaucoma and ARMD. Agents which may modulate the interaction of SAA and its putative receptor and the TGPP or p21GPP include, but are not limited to, peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor  $\alpha$  (PPAR $\alpha$ ) agonists, tachykinin peptides and their non-peptide analogs, and  $\alpha$ -lipoic acid. PPAR $\alpha$  agonists include arachidonic acid, linoleic acid, docosahexaenoic acid, eicosapentaenoic acid, 8(S)-HETE, ( $\pm$ )ibuprofen,

indomethacin, leukotriene B<sub>4</sub>, meclofenamate, prostaglandin A<sub>1</sub>, prostaglandin A<sub>2</sub>, prostaglandin D<sub>1</sub>, prostaglandin D<sub>2</sub>, prostaglandin J<sub>2</sub>, 15-deoxy- $\Delta$ <sup>12</sup>-prostaglandin J<sub>2</sub>, WY 14643, ciglitizone, carbaprostacyclin and prostacyclin. Examples of preferred agents for use in the present invention include fenofibrate, WY 14643, (4-chloro-6-(2,3-xylylidino)-2-pyrimidinylthiol)-acetic acid), ciprofibrate, 2-bromohexadecanoic acid, bezafibrate, ciglitizone, bafilomycin, and concanamycin.

In another aspect the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a Tanis gene product protein inhibitor and/or Tanis gene inhibitor or a p21<sup>Waf1/Cip/Sdi1</sup> gene inhibitor or p21<sup>Waf1/Cip/Sdi1</sup> gene product protein inhibitor and a pharmaceutical carrier.

The Compounds of this invention, can be incorporated into various types of ophthalmic formulations for delivery to the eye (e.g., topically, intracamerally, or via an implant). The Compounds are preferably incorporated into topical ophthalmic formulations for delivery to the eye. The Compounds may be combined with ophthalmologically acceptable preservatives, surfactants, viscosity enhancers, penetration enhancers, buffers, sodium chloride, and water to form an aqueous, sterile ophthalmic suspension or solution. Ophthalmic solution formulations may be prepared by dissolving a Compound in a physiologically acceptable isotonic aqueous buffer. Further, the ophthalmic solution may include an ophthalmologically acceptable surfactant to assist in dissolving the Compound. Furthermore, the ophthalmic solution may contain an agent to increase viscosity, such as, hydroxymethylcellulose, hydroxyethylcellulose, hydroxypropylmethylcellulose, methylcellulose, polyvinylpyrrolidone, or the like, to improve the retention of the formulation in the conjunctival sac. Gelling agents can also be used, including, but not limited to, gellan and xanthan gum. In order to prepare sterile ophthalmic ointment formulations, the active ingredient is combined with a preservative in an appropriate vehicle, such as, mineral oil, liquid lanolin, or white petrolatum. Sterile ophthalmic gel formulations may be prepared by suspending the Compound in a hydrophilic base prepared from the combination of, for example, carbopol-974, or the like, according to the published formulations for analogous ophthalmic preparations; preservatives and tonicity agents can be incorporated.

The Compounds are preferably formulated as topical ophthalmic suspensions or solutions, with a pH of about 4 to 8. The establishment of a specific dosage regimen for each individual is left to the discretion of the clinicians. The Compounds will normally be contained in these formulations in an amount 0.01% to 5% by weight, but preferably in an amount of 0.05% to 2% and most preferably in an amount 0.1 to 1.0% by weight. The dosage form may be a solution, suspension microemulsion. Thus, for topical presentation 1 to 2 drops of these formulations would be delivered to the surface of the eye 1 to 4 times per day according to the discretion of a skilled clinician.

The following examples are included to demonstrate preferred embodiments of the invention. It should be appreciated by those of skill in the art that the techniques disclosed in the examples which follow represent techniques discovered by the inventor to function well in the practice of the invention, and thus can be considered to constitute preferred modes for its practice. However, those of skill in the art should, in light of the present disclosure, appreciate that many changes can be made in the specific embodiments which are disclosed and still obtain a like or similar result without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention.



## Example 1

Formulation of Tanis Gene (TG) Inhibitor or TG Product Protein Inhibitor or p21<sup>Waf1/Cip1/Sdi1</sup> Gene Inhibitor or Inhibitor of p21<sup>Waf1/Cip1/Sdi1</sup> Gene Product Protein for Topical Ocular Application

1% suspension or solution of Tanis gene inhibitor (TGI) or inhibitor of Tanis gene product protein (TGPPi) or p21<sup>Waf1/Cip1/Sdi1</sup> gene inhibitor (p21GI) or inhibitor of p21G product protein (p21GPPI) for topical ocular application:

Description	Conc.	Units	Purpose
TGI or TGPPi or p21GI or p21GPPI	1%	W/V%	active ingredient
hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	0.5%	W/V %	viscosity modifier (2910) (E4M), USP
dibasic sodium phosphate (anhydrous), usp	0.2%	W/V %	buffering agent
sodium chloride, usp	0.75%	W/V %	tonicity agent
disodium edta (edetate disodium), usp	0.01%	W/V %	chelating agent
polysorbate 80, nf	0.05%	W/V %	wetting agent
benzalkonium chloride, nf	0.01%	W/V %	preservative
sodium hydroxide, nf	q.s. pH	W/V %	pH adjust
hydrochloric acid, nf	q.s. pH	W/V %	pH adjust
purified water, usp	q.s. 100%	W/V %	vehicle

In similar other examples, TGI or TGPPi or p21GI or p21GPPI will be substituted by agents that sequester or degrade the above or agents that prevent the toxic effects of the above.

Methods to measure the potency or efficacy of agents that can inhibit the secretion of SAA from cultured cells involve the use of an enzyme-linked immunosorbant assay (ELISA) for human SAA as described by Yamada et al. (2000) and using human peripheral monocytes and monocytic leukaemic cell-line THP-1. In addition, methods to determine the potency and efficacy of agents to inhibit gene expression of p21<sup>Waf1/Cip1/Sdi1</sup> can be studied using standard methods described by Chang et al. (2000).

All of the compositions and/or methods disclosed and claimed herein can be made and executed without undue experimentation in light of the present disclosure. While the compositions and methods of this invention have been described in terms of preferred embodiments, it will be apparent to those of skill in the art that variations may be applied to the compositions and/or methods and in the steps or in the sequence of steps of the method described herein without departing from the concept, spirit and scope of the invention. More specifically, it will be apparent that certain agents which are both chemically and structurally related may be substituted for the agents described herein to achieve similar results. All such substitutions and modifications apparent to those skilled in the art are deemed to be within the spirit, scope and concept of the invention as defined by the appended claims.

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The following references, and the bibliography cited within these, to the extent that they provide exemplary procedural or other details supplementary to those set forth herein, are specifically incorporated herein by reference.

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## SEQUENCE LISTING

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 35          40          45
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 65          70          75          80
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 <212> TYPE: PRT  
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Arg Asp Met Trp Arg Ala Tyr Ser Asp Met Arg Glu Ala Asn Tyr Ile
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Gly Ser Asp Lys Tyr Phe His Ala Arg Gly Asn Tyr Asp Ala Ala Lys
 50           55           60
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Glu Asn Ile Gln Arg Leu Thr Gly His Gly Ala Glu Asp Ser Leu Ala  
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Phe Arg Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Glu Lys Tyr  
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 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 10

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 gagaatatcc agagactcac aggccgtggt gcggaggact cgctggccga tcaggctgcc 300  
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<210> SEQ ID NO 11  
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<400> SEQUENCE: 11

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Arg Asp Met Trp Arg Ala Tyr Ser Asp Met Arg Glu Ala Asn Tyr Ile  
35 40 45

Gly Ser Asp Lys Tyr Phe His Ala Arg Gly Asn Tyr Asp Ala Ala Lys  
50 55 60

Arg Gly Pro Gly Gly Ala Trp Ala Ala Glu Val Ile Ser Asn Ala Arg  
65 70 75 80

Glu Asn Ile Gln Arg Leu Thr Gly Arg Gly Ala Glu Asp Ser Leu Ala  
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Asp Gln Ala Ala Asn Lys Trp Gly Arg Ser Gly Arg Asp Pro Asn His  
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Phe Arg Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Glu Lys Tyr  
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 <211> LENGTH: 10001  
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<400> SEQUENCE: 12

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&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 14

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&lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 14

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<210> SEQ ID NO 15
<211> LENGTH: 204
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 15

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Tyr Gly Trp Tyr Ile Val Phe Ser Cys Ile Leu Leu Tyr Val Val Phe
35           40           45
Gln Lys Leu Ser Ala Arg Leu Arg Ala Leu Arg Gln Arg Gln Leu Asp
50           55           60
Arg Ala Ala Ala Ala Val Glu Pro Asp Val Val Val Lys Arg Gln Glu
65           70           75           80
Ala Leu Ala Ala Ala Arg Leu Lys Met Gln Glu Glu Leu Asn Ala Gln
85           90           95
Val Glu Lys His Lys Glu Lys Leu Lys Gln Leu Glu Glu Glu Lys Arg
100          105          110
Arg Gln Lys Ile Glu Met Trp Asp Ser Met Gln Glu Gly Lys Ser Tyr
115          120          125
Lys Gly Asn Ala Lys Lys Pro Gln Glu Glu Asp Ser Pro Gly Pro Ser
130          135          140
Thr Ser Ser Val Leu Lys Arg Lys Ser Asp Arg Lys Pro Leu Arg Gly
145          150          155          160
Gly Gly Tyr Asn Pro Leu Ser Gly Glu Gly Gly Gly Leu Ala Pro Gly
165          170          175
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<211> LENGTH: 10907
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 16

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20           25           30
Asp Cys Asp Ala Leu Met Ala Gly Cys Ile Gln Glu Ala Arg Glu Arg
35           40           45
Trp Asn Phe Asp Phe Val Thr Glu Thr Pro Leu Glu Gly Asp Phe Ala
50           55           60
Trp Glu Arg Val Arg Gly Leu Gly Leu Pro Lys Leu Tyr Leu Pro Thr
65           70           75           80
Gly Pro Arg Arg Gly Arg Asp Glu Leu Gly Gly Gly Arg Arg Pro Gly
85           90           95
Thr Ser Pro Ala Leu Leu Gln Gly Thr Ala Glu Glu Asp His Val Asp
100          105          110
Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Thr Leu Val Pro Arg Ser Gly Glu Gln Ala Glu
115          120          125
Gly Ser Pro Gly Gly Pro Gly Asp Ser Gln Gly Arg Lys Arg Arg Gln
130          135          140
Thr Ser Met Thr Asp Phe Tyr His Ser Lys Arg Arg Leu Ile Phe Ser
145          150          155          160
Lys Arg Lys Pro

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**53**

We claim:

1. A method for treating glaucoma, said method comprising topically administering to the eye of a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a composition

**54**

comprising a Tanis antagonist, wherein said Tanis antagonist is  $\alpha$ -lipoic acid and wherein the concentration of  $\alpha$ -lipoic acid in said composition is from 0.01% to 5% by weight.

\* \* \* \* \*