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(54) **SYSTEM, METHOD AND COMPUTER PROGRAM PRODUCT FOR COPYING DATA**

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**G06F 11/00** (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.** ..... 714/6; 711/162

(58) **Field of Classification Search** ..... None  
See application file for complete search history.

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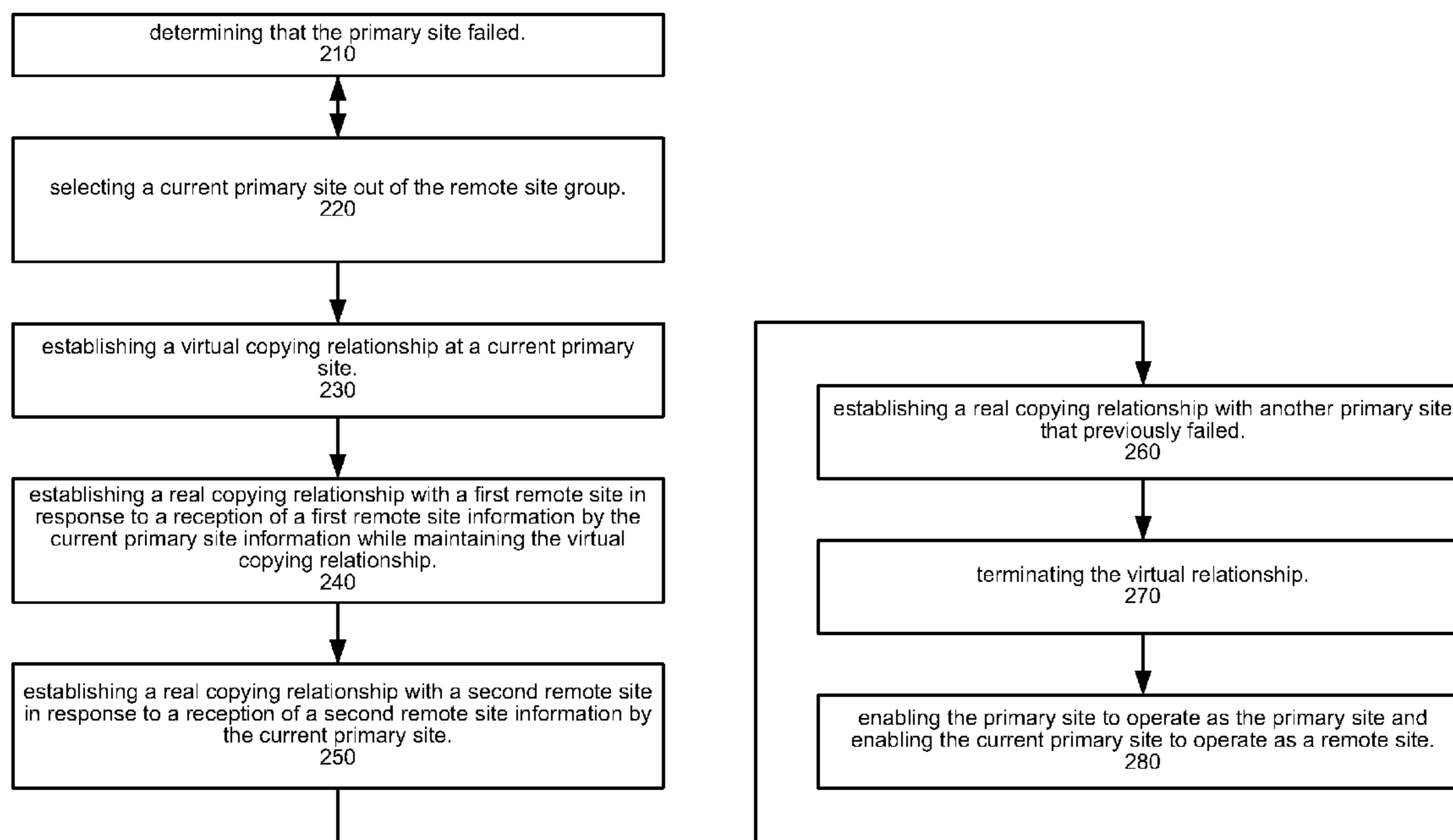
\* cited by examiner

*Primary Examiner*—Christopher S McCarthy

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A method, system and computer program product for copying data are provided. The method includes: establishing a virtual copying relationship at a current primary site; and establishing a real copying relationship with a first remote site in response to a reception of a first remote site information by the current primary site information while maintaining the virtual copying relationship.

**30 Claims, 10 Drawing Sheets**



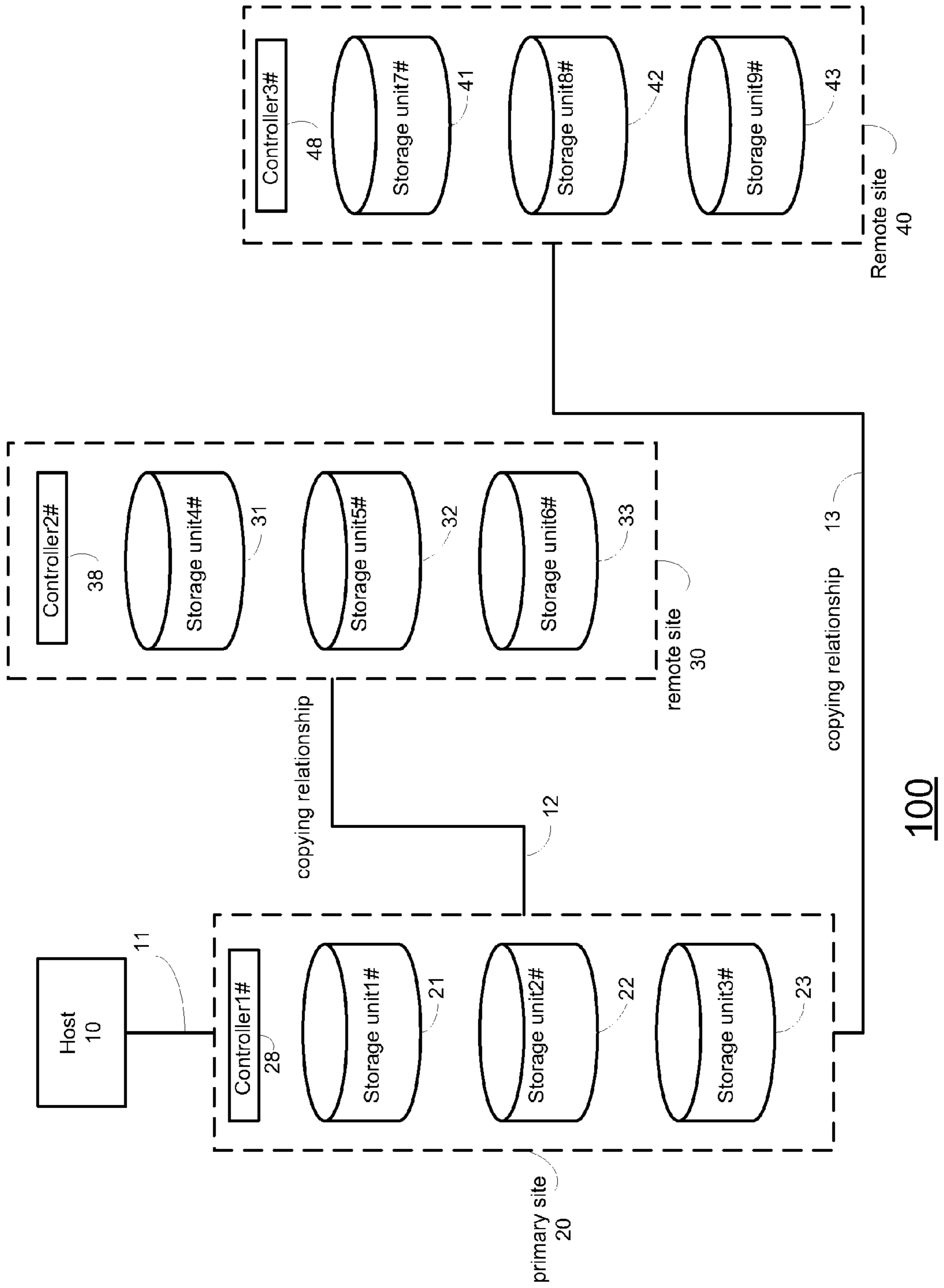
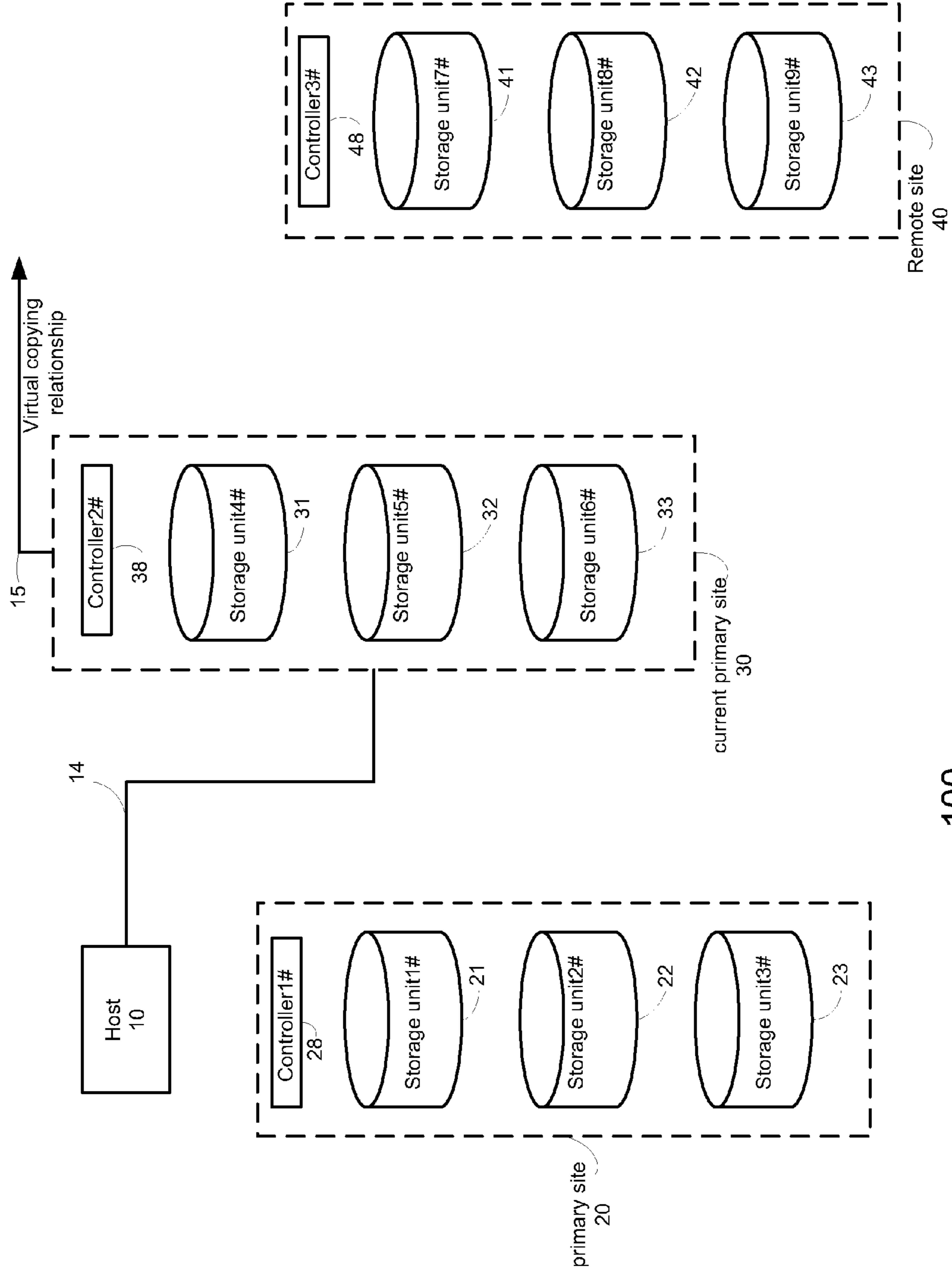


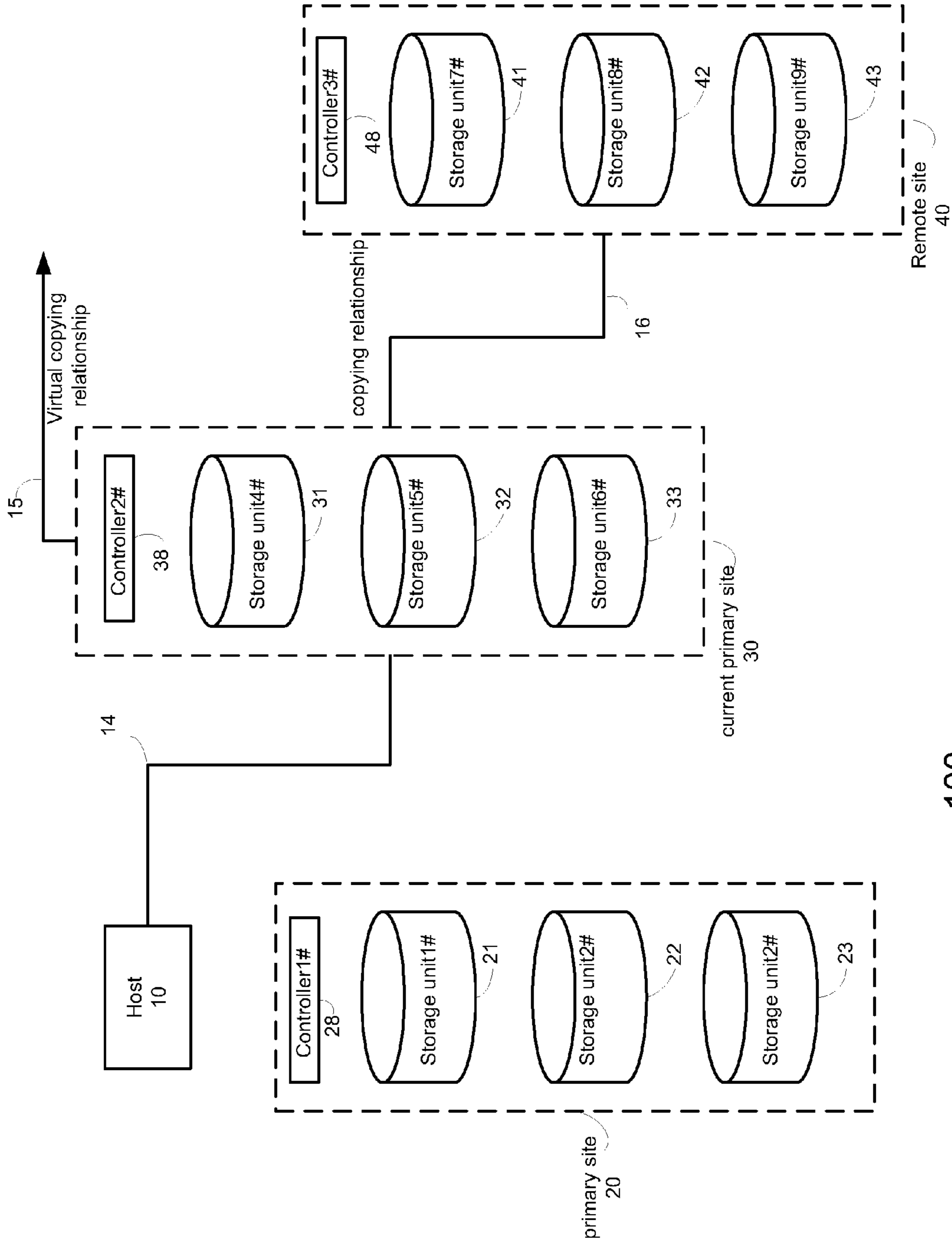
FIGURE 1

100



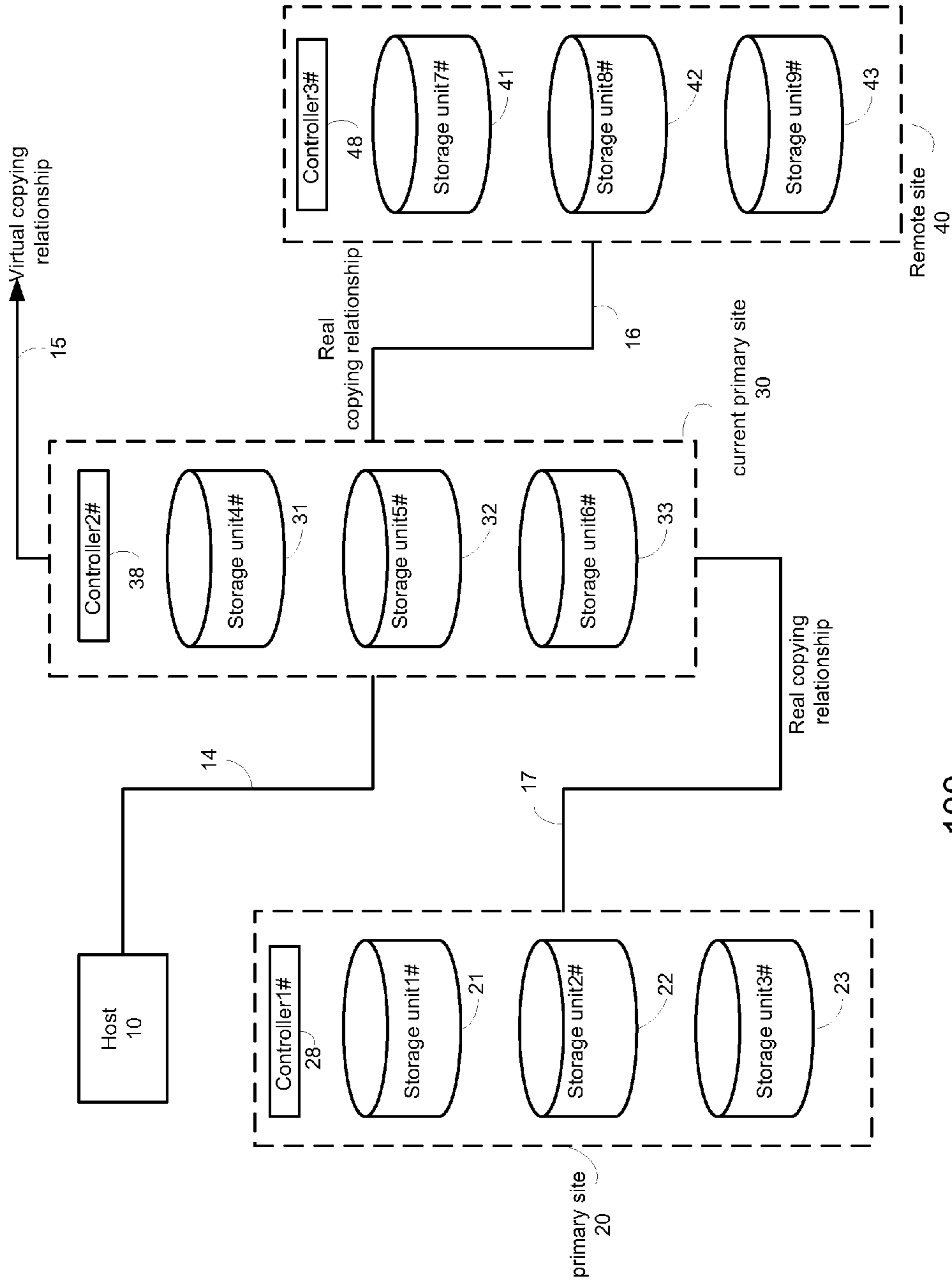
100

FIGURE 2



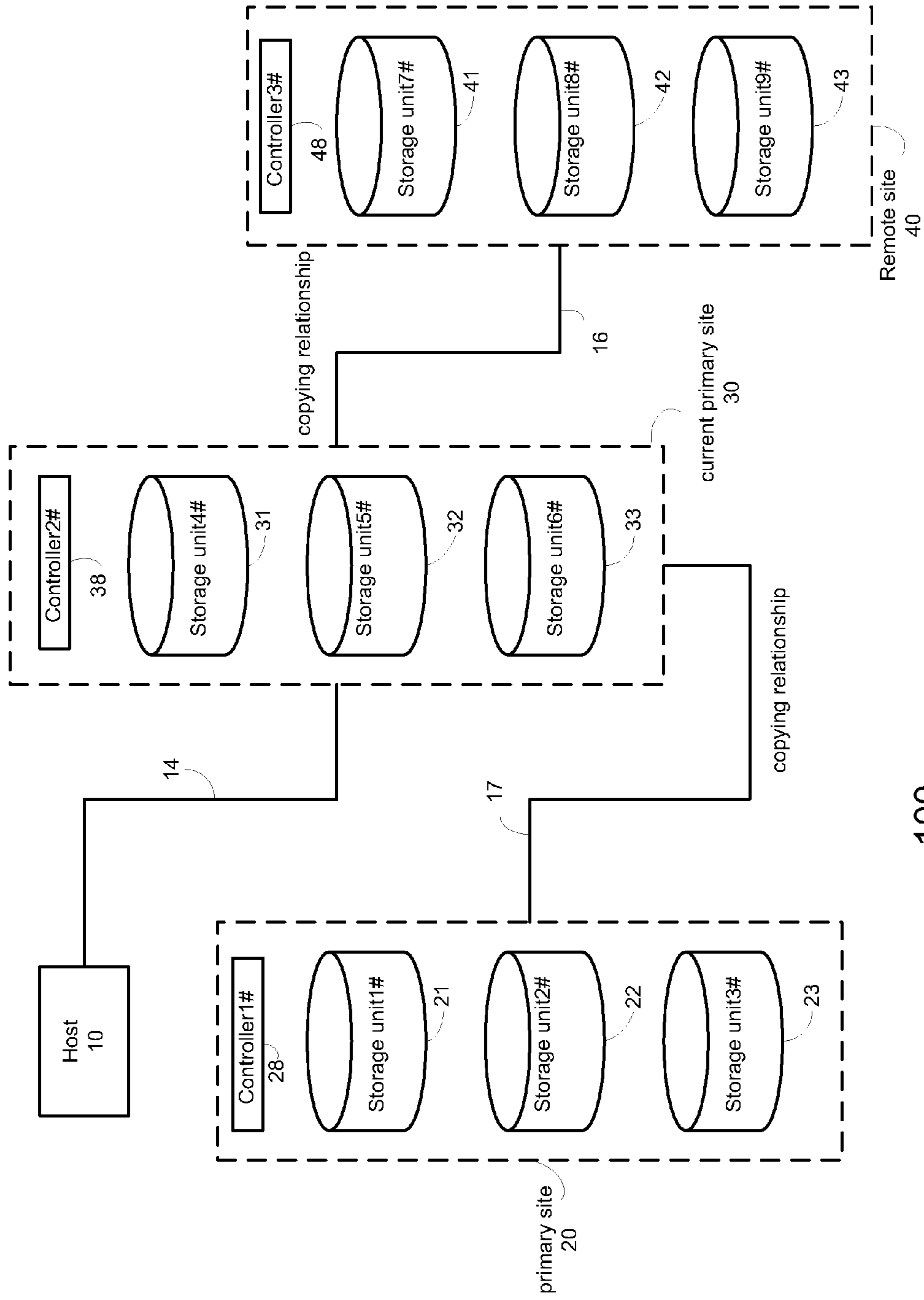
100

FIGURE 3



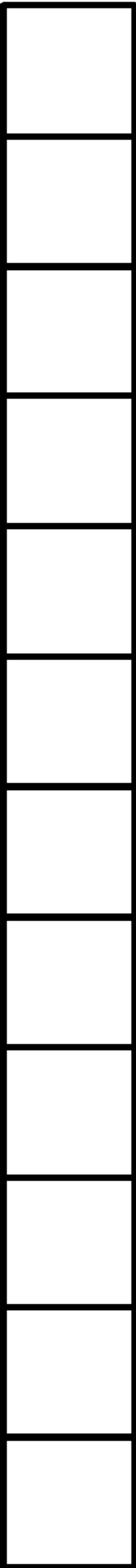
100

FIGURE 4

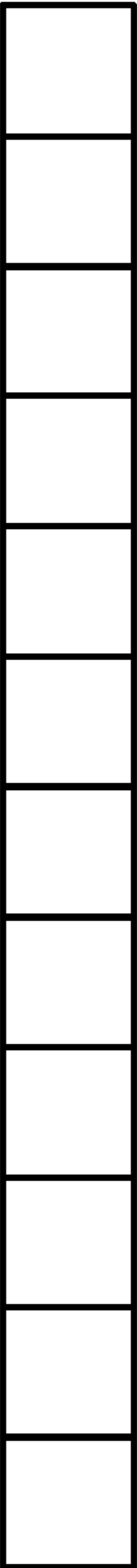


100

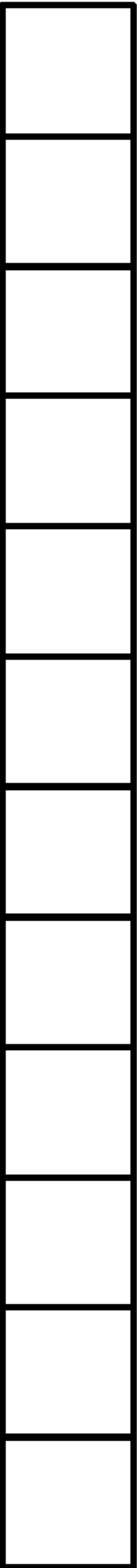
FIGURE 5



First data structure 110



Second data structure 112



Third data structure 114

FIGURE 6

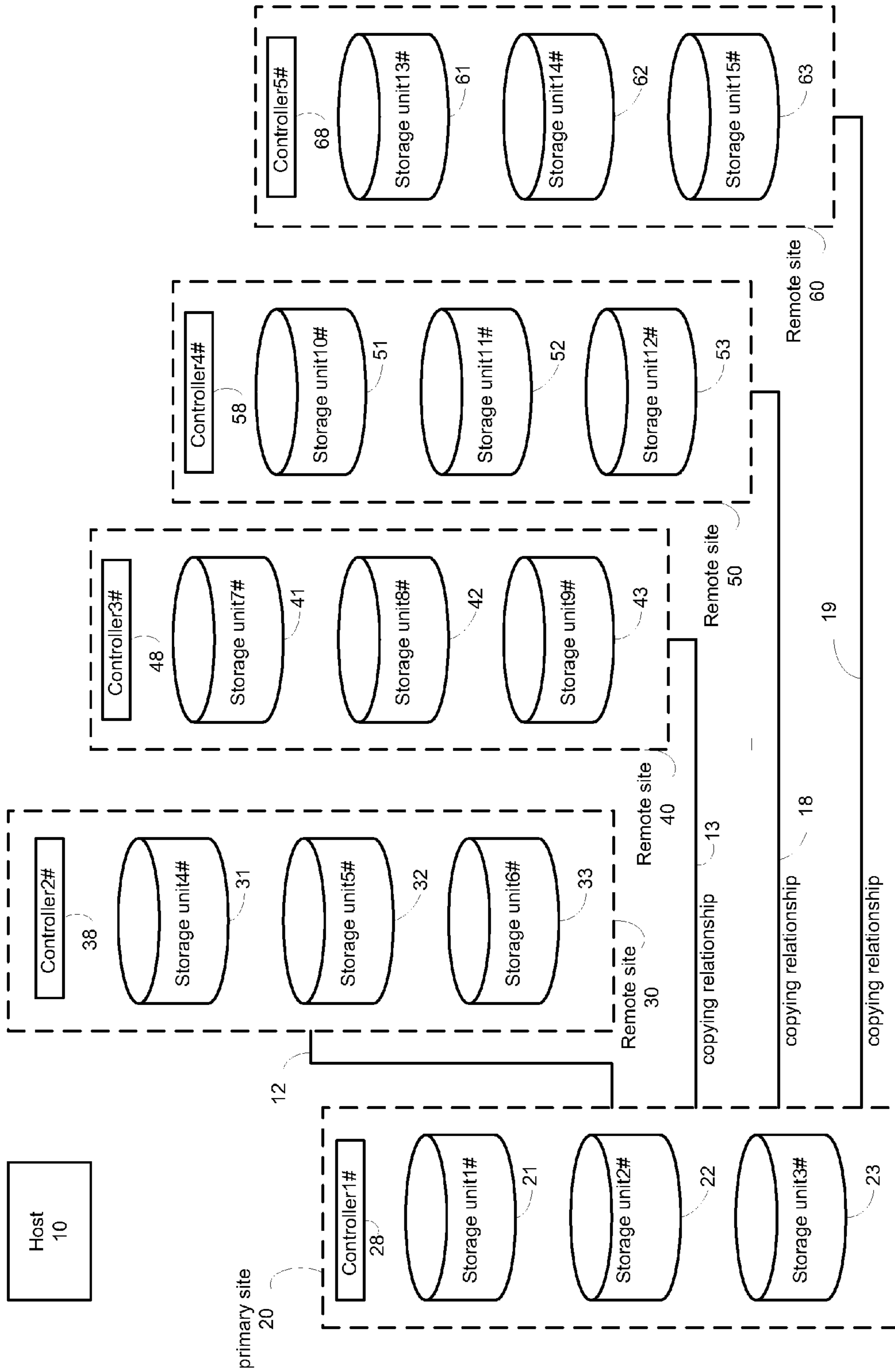
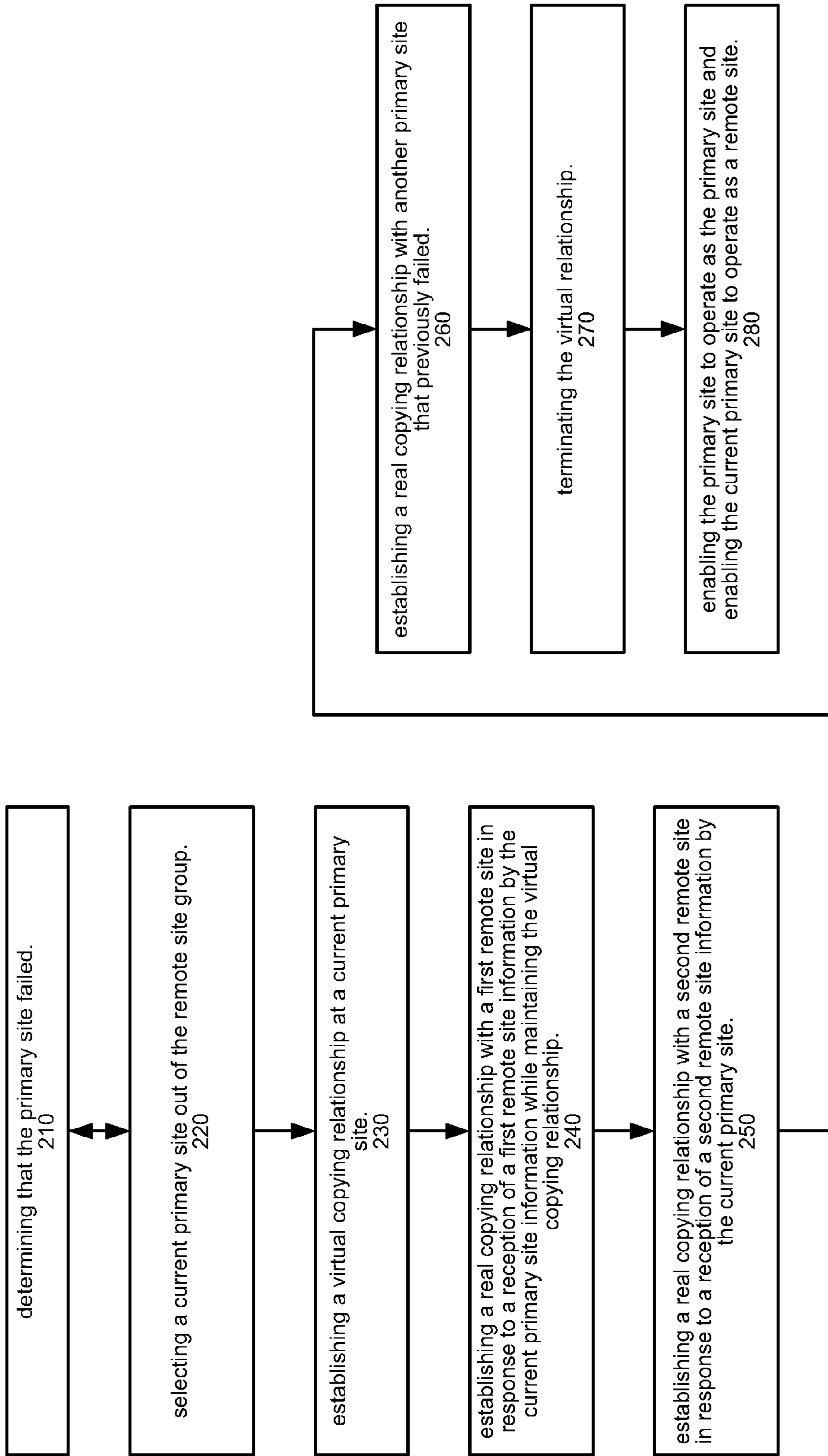


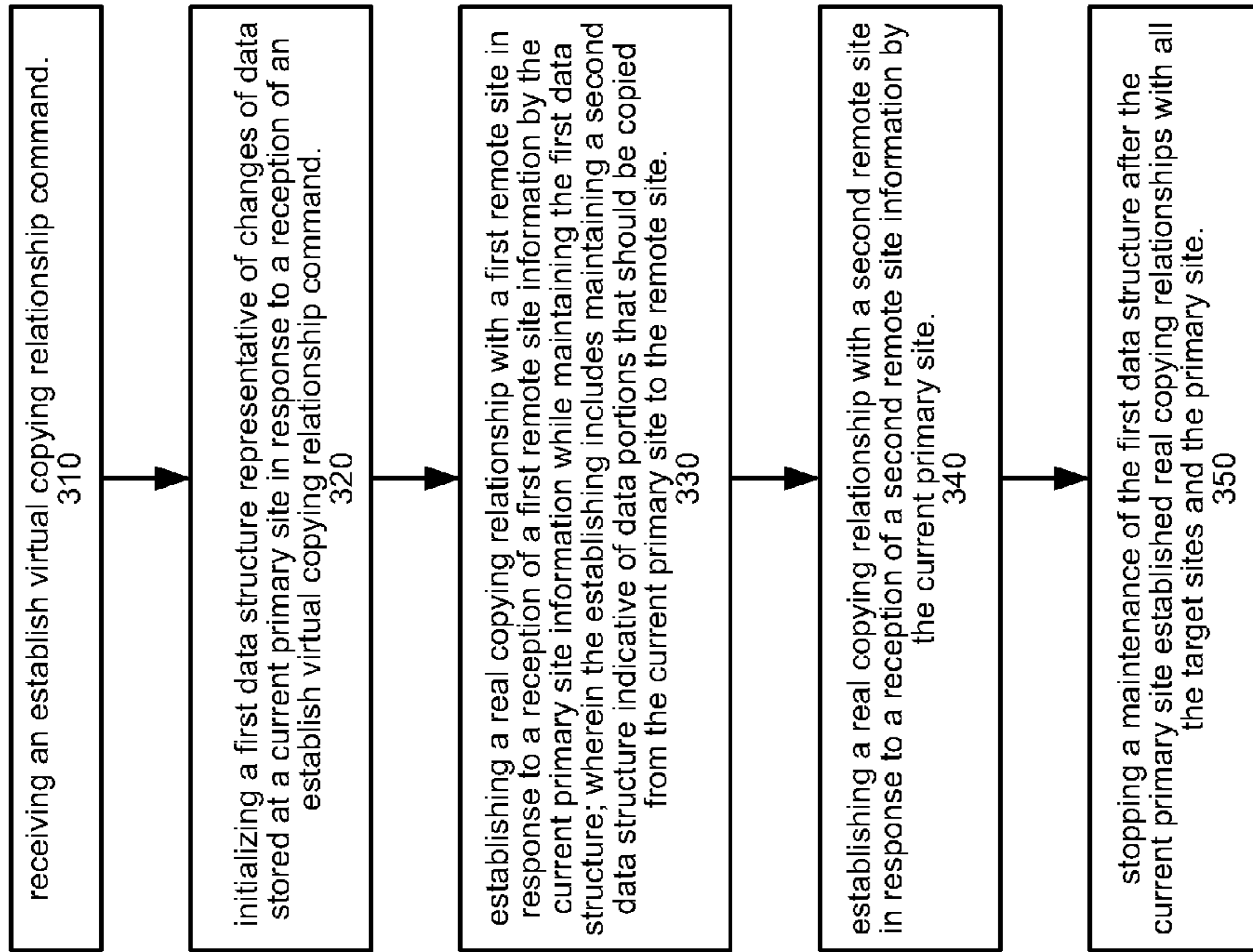
FIGURE 7





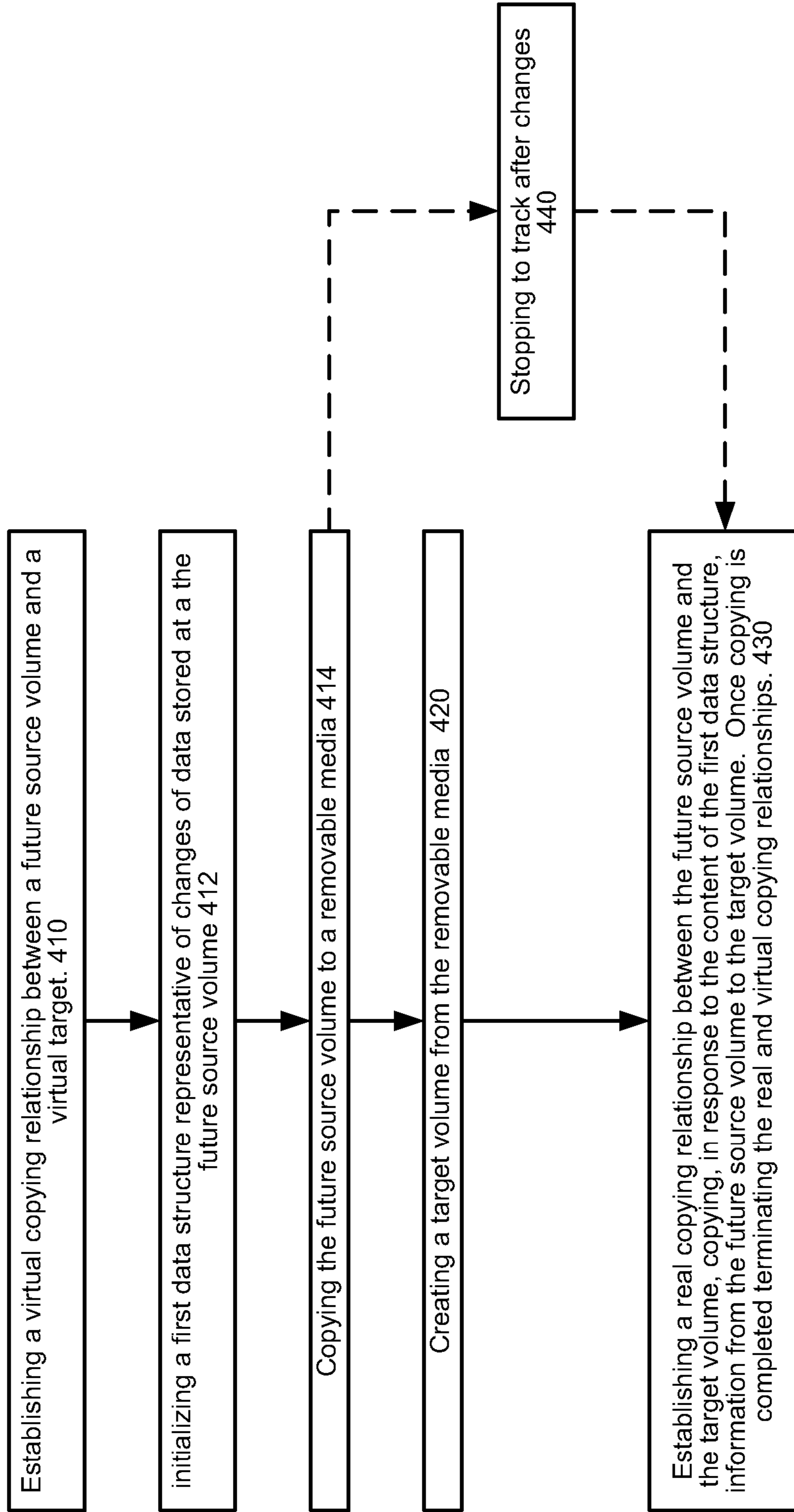
200

Figure 8



300

Figure 9



400

Figure 10

## SYSTEM, METHOD AND COMPUTER PROGRAM PRODUCT FOR COPYING DATA

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to methods, systems and computer program products for copying data.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The importance of data has increased during the last decade while the cost of data storage medium has decreased, thus motivating data storage vendors to provide data protection schemes that are based upon duplication of data.

One of these protection schemes is known as mirroring. Mirroring involves repetitively generating one or more duplicates of data. A real copying relationship can be established between one production (or primary) site and one or more remote (or secondary) sites. In a multiple remote site environment data from a single production site is mirrored on multiple remote sites.

The following patent and patent application, all being incorporated herein by reference provide various example of some state of the art data protection schemes: U.S. Pat. No. 6,957,362 of Armangau, U.S. patent application publication serial number 2005/0071708 of Bartfai et al. and U.S. patent application publication serial number 2003/0126387 of Watanabe.

An establishment of a real copying relationship between a primary site and a remote site requires that the primary site receives remote site information that may include, for example, a remote site address, a remote site identifier, a remote site communication and storage configuration and the like.

Mirroring in a multiple remote site environment as well as in a single remote site environment requires a synchronization process that can be time consuming.

A multiple remote site environment is more robust than a single remote site environment. Once the primary site fails one of the remote sites becomes (at least until the primary site is recovered) a current primary site.

In many cases the current primary site is not aware of all the remote site information, and a learning period is required for gaining the remote site information. During this learning period the current primary site can request the remote site information from the remote sites.

In various prior art solutions, once the learning period ends the current primary site performs a full-volume synchronization during which it sends its entire content to the remote sites.

There is a need to provide efficient methods, systems and computer program products for copying data.

### SUMMARY OF THE PRESENT INVENTION

In accordance with a first aspect of the present invention a computer program product and a method for copying data are provided. The method includes: establishing a virtual copying relationship at a current primary site; and establishing a real copying relationship with a first remote site in response to a reception of a first remote site information by the current primary site information while maintaining the virtual copying relationship.

Conveniently, the method includes establishing a real copying relationship with a second remote site in response to a reception of a second remote site information by the current primary site.

Conveniently, the method includes tracking changes of data stored in the current primary site.

Conveniently, the establishing of a real copying relationship with a remote site is followed by tracking changes of data stored in the current primary site that occur after the establishment of the real copying relationship.

Conveniently, the establishing of a virtual copying relationship at a current primary site is responsive to a reception of an establish virtual copying relationship command.

Conveniently, the method includes terminating the virtual copying relationship after the current primary site establishes real copying relationships with all the target sites.

Conveniently, the method includes establishing a virtual copying relationship immediately after another primary site fails.

Conveniently, the method includes establishing a real copying relationship with the other primary site after the other primary site recovers.

In accordance with a second aspect of the present invention a system for copying data is provided. The system includes a current primary site, wherein the current primary site comprises a controller coupled to at least one storage unit; wherein the controller is adapted to establish a virtual copying relationship, and to establish a real copying relationship with a first remote site in response to a reception of a first remote site information by the current primary site information while maintaining the virtual copying relationship.

In accordance with a third aspect of the present invention a computer program product and a method for copying data are provided. The method includes: initializing, in response to a reception of an establish virtual copying relationship command, a first data structure representative of changes of data stored at a current primary site; and establishing a real copying relationship with a first remote site in response to a reception of a first remote site information while maintaining the first data structure; wherein the establishing comprises maintaining a second data structure indicative of data portions that should be copied from the current primary site to the first remote site.

In accordance with a fourth aspect of the present invention a system for copying data is provided. The system includes a current primary site, wherein the current primary site comprises a controller coupled to at least one storage unit; wherein the controller is adapted to initialize a first data structure representative of changes of data stored at a current primary site in response to a reception of an establish virtual copying relationship command; and to establish a real copying relationship with a first remote site in response to a reception of a first remote site information by the current primary site information while maintaining the first data structure; wherein the establishing comprises maintaining a second data structure indicative of data portions that should be copied from the current primary site to the remote site.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention will be understood and appreciated more fully from the following detailed description taken in conjunction with the drawings in which:

FIG. 1 illustrates a multiple remote site environment, according to an embodiment of the invention;

FIG. 2 illustrates a multiple remote site environment immediately after a primary site failed, according to an embodiment of the invention;

## 3

FIG. 3 illustrates a multiple remote site environment after a real copying relationship is established between a current primary site and between a remote site, according to an embodiment of the invention;

FIG. 4 illustrates a multiple remote site environment after real copying relationships are established between the current primary site and between the remote site and the primary site, according to an embodiment of the invention;

FIG. 5 illustrates a multiple remote site environment after the virtual copying relationship was terminated, according to an embodiment of the invention;

FIG. 6 illustrates three data structures, according to an embodiment of the invention;

FIG. 7 illustrates a multiple remote site environment, according to another embodiment of the invention;

FIG. 8 illustrates a method for copying data, according to an embodiment of the invention;

FIG. 9 illustrates a method for copying data, according to an embodiment of the invention;

FIG. 10 illustrates a method for copying data, according to an embodiment of the invention

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Methods, systems and computer program products for copying data are provided. Conveniently, once a primary site fails a current primary site is selected and that current primary site can immediately establish a virtual copying relationship. Once that current primary site receives remote site information it can establish a real copying relationship with that remote site. Conveniently, the virtual copying relationship is maintained until a predefined termination event occurs. Typically the termination occurs after all the remote sites as well as a recovered primary site establish real copying relationships with the current primary site.

A copying relationship can be a mirroring relationship but this is not necessarily so. An example of a copying relationship that is not a mirroring relationship is explicitly provided in FIG. 10 that illustrates a method that includes establishing a virtual copying relationship between a future source volume (that may be a primary site or may be included in a primary site) and between a virtual target.

It is noted that once a real copying relationship is established information can be copied.

Conveniently, the establishment of the virtual copying relationship involves tracking data changes that occur after the primary site failed. The virtual copying relationship can be established at the current primary site even if the current primary site is not aware of any remote site information or even if only some of the remote site information is known.

According to an embodiment of the invention if the current primary site can communicate with N remote sites then the current primary site maintains (N+1) data structures, whereas a first data structure is associated with the establishment (and maintenance) of the virtual copying relationship and N data structures are associated with the N remote sites.

Conveniently, a data structure associated with a certain site (out of a remote site or the primary site) is initialized when a real copying relationship is established between the current primary site and that certain site. The initialization includes copying the content of the first data structure associated with the virtual copying relationship at the moment that real mirror connection is established.

Conveniently, each data structure that is associated with a certain site reflects which data portion (such as a data track, a data block, a data section and the like) should be copied from the current primary site to the certain site. This data structure

## 4

is updated in response to changes in the data stored at the current primary site and to data portions that were transferred to the certain site.

Conveniently, when the host writes to the current primary site the current primary site should update up to N+1 data structures such as to reflect these write operation.

According to an embodiment of the invention the various remote sites and even primary sites include storage units that are included within a multiple storage unit system, such as but not limited to the TotalStorage Enterprise Storage Server (ESS) of IBM™.

It is further noted that once a real copying relationship is established data can be copied from one site to another by using synchronous copying techniques, asynchronous copying techniques or a combination thereof. One prior art asynchronous remote data copying system and method is illustrated at U.S. Pat. No. 5,657,440 of Micka et al. that is incorporated herein by reference.

According to an embodiment of the invention a system for copying data in a multiple remote site environment is provided. The system includes a current primary site, wherein the current primary site includes a controller that is connected to at least one storage unit. The temporal storage unit is adapted to (i) establish a virtual copying relationship immediately after a primary site fails, and to (ii) establish a real copying relationship with a first remote site in response to a reception of a first remote site information (by the current primary site information) while maintaining the virtual copying relationship.

The following methods, systems and computer readable products can be applied in multiple remote site environments, in single remote site environments, in response to a failure of a primary site, or in order to speed up a synchronization process that is initialized regardless of a failure of a primary site. Only for simplicity of explanation the following figures illustrate multiple remote site environments and virtual copying processes that are initialized after a failure of a primary site.

FIG. 1 illustrates multiple remote site environment 100, according to an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 1 illustrates two remote sites although the invention can be applied mutatis mutandis in environments that include a single remote site or more than two remote sites.

Environment 100 includes host 10, primary site 20, remote sites 30 and 40. It is assumed that these components are functional. Host 10 communicates with primary site 20, as indicated by line 11. Primary site 20 maintains real copying relationships with remotes sites 30 and 40, as indicated by lines 12 and 13.

Environment 100 or only a portion of this environment can be regarded as a system for copying data in a multiple remote site environment. For example, the system can include remote site 30. Yet for another example, the system can include remote site 30 as well as one or more links or channels between remote site 30 and between remote site 40, host 10 and primary site 20.

According to an embodiment of the invention the system can be adapted to mirror data in a multiple remote site environment. The system includes a current primary site that includes a controller that is connected to at least one storage unit that can form one or more sites. The controller is adapted to (i) immediately initialize a first data structure representative of changes of data stored at a current primary site in response to a reception of an establish virtual copying relationship command, and to (ii) establish a real copying relationship with a first remote site in response to a reception of a first remote site information by the current primary site infor-

## 5

mation while maintaining the first data structure. The establishing includes maintaining a second data structure indicative of data portions that should be copied from the current primary site to the remote site.

Referring back to FIG. 1, each site includes three storage units, but this is not necessarily so. Primary site 20 includes a controller (“controller #1”) 28, and three storage units (“storage unit #1”, “storage unit #2” and “storage unit #3”) 21-23. Remote site 30 includes a controller (“controller #2”) 38, and three storage units (“storage unit #4”, “storage unit #5” and “storage unit #6”) 31-33. Remote site 40 includes a controller (“controller #3”) 48, and three storage units (“storage unit #6”, “storage unit #8” and “storage unit #9”) 41-43.

Each storage unit can include a disk, but this is not necessarily so.

Remote site 30, when operating as a current primary site, maintains multiple data structures. These data structures can be stored within any storage unit of storage units 31-33, within controller 38 or within another memory unit, such as but not limited to an internal cache memory unit (not shown) of remote site 30.

It is noted that the maintenance of the real copying relationship can include performing continuous (or at least frequent) copies of data within primary site 20 to remote sites 30 and 40. Various prior art copying schemes can be applied.

It is further noted that the number of remote sites can exceed two, that the data source can differ from host 10, and that the various components can be connected to each other by various links, networks and the like. It is further noted that additional data protection schemes can be applied. These data protection schemes include using non-volatile memories, duplicating the primary site and at least one remote site and the like. Redundant power supply units as well as other components can also be used.

FIG. 2 illustrates multiple remote site environment 100 immediately after primary site 20 failed, according to an embodiment of the invention.

Immediately after primary site 20 failed remote site 30 becomes current primary site 30. It is noted that the failure may be followed by a very quick selection process of the current primary site. It is further noted that although in many cases the selection is predefined.

FIG. 2 illustrates environment 100 after an establish virtual copying relationship command is generated by controller 38, by host 10 or by any other component of environment 100. It is noted that this establish virtual connection command can be provided by primary site 20 if it is still able to generate such a command.

Current primary site 30 establishes (conveniently but not necessarily immediately establishes) a virtual copying relationship (illustrated by virtual link 15 and can receive data from host 10, as indicated by link 14).

It is noted that the virtual copying relationship can be established before the current primary site 30 is aware of the remote site information associated with remote site 40.

The establishment of the virtual copying relationship includes maintaining a data structure, such as first data structure 110 of FIG. 6, that tracks data changes in current primary site 30. The first data structure 110 can be a bit map whereas each bit represents a data portion that is changed by host 10 after the virtual copying relationship is established.

It is noted that an establish virtual copying relationship command can have various formats, usually responsive to the instruction format of the processor that has to execute this command. Various fields, flags or control bits can be used to indicate that a virtual relationship should be established. The

## 6

establish virtual copying command can resemble the establish real copying relationship command but this is not necessarily so.

FIG. 3 illustrates multiple remote site environment 100 after a real copying relationship is established between current primary site 30 and between remote site 40, according to an embodiment of the invention.

At this stage a real copying relationship is established between current primary site 30 and remote site 40. This relationship is established after current primary site 30 receives remote site 40 information.

The establishment of this real copying relationship includes maintaining another data structure, such as second data structure 112 of FIG. 6, that indicates which data portions should be sent from current primary site 30 to remote site 40. The second data structure can be a bit map whereas each bit represents a data portion that should be copied to remote site 40.

FIG. 4 illustrates multiple remote site environment 100 after real copying relationships are established between current primary site 30 and between remote site 40 and the primary site 20, according to an embodiment of the invention.

The establishment of the real copying relationship between current primary site 30 and primary site 20 includes maintaining a further data structure, such as third data structure 114 of FIG. 6, that indicates which data portions should be sent from current primary site 30 to primary site 20. The third data structure 114 can be a bit map whereas each bit represents a data portion that should be copied to primary site 20.

FIG. 5 illustrates multiple remote site environment 100 after the virtual copying relationship was terminated, according to an embodiment of the invention.

The termination can be responsive to a termination command, to an establishment of real mirror relations between current primary site 30 and remote site 40 as well as to primary site 20. Primary site 20 can act as a remote site of temporal remote site 30, but it can function as a primary site while current primary site resumes its activity as a remote site of primary site 20.

FIG. 6 illustrates three data structures, according to an embodiment of the invention.

As illustrated above a first data structure, such as data structure 110 can track changes in data stored within the current primary site while other data structures (112 and 114) can indicate which data portions should be copied from the current primary site to another site.

TABLE 3 illustrates an exemplary scenario of data update operations and the content of three exemplary data structures 110-114. For simplicity of explanation the following table will illustrate three bits of each data structure that correspond to exemplary data tracks denoted DT1-DT3. TPS is a temporal remote site 30 and RS is a remote site.

TABLE 1

Operation	Three bits of first data structure 110	Three bits of second data structure 112	Three bits of third data structure 114
Establish virtual copying relationship	0 0 0		
Host writes data to DT1 of TPS 30	0 0 1		
Establish a real copying relationship with RS 40	0 0 1	0 0 1	
Host writes data to DT2 of TPS 30	0 1 1	0 1 1	

TABLE 1-continued

Operation	Three bits of first data structure			Three bits of second data structure			Three bits of third data structure		
	110	111	100	112	111	100	114	113	102
Data from DT1 is copied to RS 40	0	1	1	0	1	0			
Establish a real copying relationship with RS 50	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1
Data from DT1 and DT2 is copied to RS 50	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Data from DT2 is copied to RS 40	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

FIG. 7 illustrates multiple remote site environment **101**, according to another embodiment of the invention.

Multiple remote site environment **101** of FIG. 7 differs from multiple remote site environment **100** of FIG. 1 by having two additional remote sites **50** and **60** that have a real copying relationships with primary site **20**, as indicated by lines **18** and **19**.

Remote site **50** includes a controller (“controller #4”) **58**, and three storage units (“storage unit #10”, “storage unit #11” and “storage unit #12”) **51-53**. Remote site **60** includes a controller (“controller #5”) **68**, and three storage units (“storage unit #13”, “storage unit #14” and “storage unit #15”) **61-63**.

It is noted that the copying relationships can be established in a serial manner and not necessarily in a parallel manner, as illustrated in FIGS. 1-5 and 7. Thus, for example, remote site **60** can store data that is a replica of the data stored in remote site **30** that in turn is a replica of data stored in primary site **20**. This can be established by establishing a real copying relationship between primary site **20** and remote site **30** as well as establishing a real copying relationship between remote sites **30** and **60**.

As soon as one of the other site information is known a real relationship (with partner information) can be established. When the real relationship is established the data that was tracked by the virtual copying relationship will be synchronized to the remote partner along with any new updates. The virtual copying relationship will continue to exist as long as it is not stopped explicitly.

FIG. 8 illustrates method **200** for copying data in a multiple remote site environment, according to an embodiment of the invention.

Method **200** starts by stage **210** of determining that a primary site failed. Before this failure the primary site maintained real mirror relations with multiple remote sites that can belong to a remote site group. The primary site can receive data from one or more data sources such as but not limited to a host computer.

It is noted that the determination (of said failure) can be responsive to a reception of a failure indication, as well as the absence of transmissions from the primary host. The determination can be made by the remote sites or by another component.

Stage **210** is followed by stage **220** of selecting a current primary site out of the remote site group. The selection can be responsive to a predefined criteria. For example, the selected current primary site can be the primary site that was previously tagged as a potential current primary site. It is noted that the selection can be responsive to various parameters.

Stage **220** is immediately followed by stage **230** of establishing a virtual copying relationship at a current primary site.

Conveniently, once this virtual copying relationship is established the current primary site can receive data from the data source. Accordingly, stage **230** can include sending the data source a data ready indication that indicates that the current primary site is ready to receive data.

Conveniently, stage **230** includes generating a first data structure that can indicate which data portions of the current primary site were altered after the primary site failed. Referring to FIG. 6 this data structure can be first data structure **110**.

Conveniently, stage **230** is followed by a reception of an establish virtual copying relationship command. This command can be generated by the current primary site (for example upon detection of the primary site failure) or by another component.

Conveniently, stages **220** and **230** occur immediately after stage **210**, but this is not necessarily so.

Stage **230** is followed by stage **240** of establishing a real copying relationship with a first remote site in response to a reception of a first remote site information (by the current primary site information) while maintaining the virtual copying relationship.

Conveniently, stage **240** includes generating a data structure that can indicate which data portions to copy from the current primary site to the first remote site. Referring to FIG. 6 this data structure can be second data structure **112**.

Stage **240** is followed by stage **250** of establishing a real copying relationship with a second remote site in response to a reception of a second remote site information by the current primary site. Conveniently, the virtual copying relationship is maintained during stage **250**. Referring to FIG. 6 this data structure can be third data structure **114**.

It is further noted that stages **240** and **250** can occur in parallel, depending upon the time in which the current primary site has the first remote site and second remote site information. If, for example the current primary site has a first remote site information and a second remote site information when the primary site fails then stages **240** and **250** can be executed in parallel to stage **230** or slightly after stage **230** is executed.

It is noted that if the current primary site can be connected to a single remote site then method **200** does not include stage **240**. It is further noted that method **200** can include multiple stages of establishing real copying relationships, depending upon the number of remote sites.

Stage **250** is followed by stage **260** of establishing a real copying relationship with another primary site that previously failed. This stage occurs after the previously failed primary site recovers from the failure.

Stage **260** can be followed by stage **270** of terminating the virtual copying relationship. It is noted that the termination can follow a completion of a data transfer process from the current primary site to the primary site such that the primary site stores an most updated copy of the data stored at the current primary site.

Conveniently, stage **270** is executed after an establishment of real copying relationships with all the remote sites and with the primary site.

Stage **270** can be followed by stage **280** of enabling the primary site to operate as the primary site and enabling the current primary site to operate as a remote site.

FIG. 9 illustrates method **300** for copying data, according to an embodiment of the invention.

Method **300** starts by stage **310** of receiving an establish virtual copying relationship command. This establish virtual copying relationship command can be received after a primary site has failed, but this is not necessarily so.

Stage 310 is followed by stage 320 of initializing (conveniently but not necessarily immediately initializing) a first data structure representative of changes of data stored at a current primary site in response to a reception of an establish virtual copying relationship command.

Stage 320 is followed by stage 330 of establishing a real copying relationship with a first remote site in response to a reception of a first remote site information by the current primary site information while maintaining the first data structure; wherein the establishing includes maintaining a second data structure indicative of data portions that should be copied from the current primary site to the remote site.

Stage 330 can be followed by stage 340 of establishing a real copying relationship with a second remote site in response to a reception of a second remote site information by the current primary site.

Stage 340 is followed by stage 350 of stopping a maintenance of the first data structure after the current primary site established real copying relationships with all the target sites and the primary site.

FIG. 10 illustrates method 400 for copying data, according to an embodiment of the invention.

Method 400 starts by stage 410 of establishing a virtual copying relationship between a future source volume (that may be a primary site or may be included in a primary site) and between a virtual target.

Stage 410 is followed by stage 412 of initializing a first data structure that is representative of changes in the data stored at the future source volume.

Stage 412 is followed by stage 414 of copying the future source volume to a removable media (such as a tape). Stage 414 is followed by stage 420 of creating a target volume from the removable media.

Stage 420 is followed by stage 430 of establishing a real copying relationship between the future source volume and the target volume, and copying, in response to the content of the first data structure, information from the future source volume to the target volume. This stage can start when the details (for example logical address) of the target volume is known to the future source volume.

It is noted that method 400 can include stage 440 of stopping to track after changes, and associating the data of the future source volume with a certain point in time. Stage 440 is illustrated as following stage 414 and preceding stage 430, but this is not necessarily so.

Furthermore, the invention can take the form of a computer program product accessible from a computer-usable or computer-readable medium providing program code for use by or in connection with a computer or any instruction execution system. For the purposes of this description, a computer-usable or computer readable medium can be any apparatus that can contain, store, communicate, propagate, or transport the program for use by or in connection with the instruction execution system, apparatus, or device.

The medium can be an electronic, magnetic, optical, electromagnetic, infrared, or semiconductor system (or apparatus or device) or a propagation medium. Examples of a computer-readable medium include a semiconductor or solid-state memory, magnetic tape, a removable computer diskette, a random access memory (RAM), a read-only memory (ROM), a rigid magnetic disk and an optical disk. Current examples of optical disks include compact disk-read only memory (CD-ROM), compact disk-read/write (CD-R/W) and DVD.

A data processing system suitable for storing and/or executing program code will include at least one processor coupled directly or indirectly to memory elements through a system bus. The memory elements can include local memory

employed during actual execution of the program code, bulk storage, and cache memories which provide temporary storage of at least some program code in order to reduce the number of times code must be retrieved from bulk storage during execution.

Input/output or I/O devices (including but not limited to keyboards, displays, pointing devices, etc.) can be coupled to the system either directly or through intervening I/O controllers.

Network adapters may also be coupled to the system to enable the data processing system to become coupled to other data processing systems or remote printers or storage devices through intervening private or public networks. Modems, cable modem and Ethernet cards are just a few of the currently available types of network adapters.

Variations, modifications, and other implementations of what is described herein will occur to those of ordinary skill in the art without departing from the spirit and the scope of the invention as claimed.

Accordingly, the invention is to be defined not by the preceding illustrative description but instead by the spirit and scope of the following claims.

We claim:

1. A method for copying data, the method comprises:

establishing a virtual copying relationship at a current primary site so as to track changes in the data at the current primary site before receiving, at the current primary site, first remote site information identifying a first remote site to which the data are to be copied; and

establishing a real copying relationship with the first remote site, using the tracked changes, in response to a reception of the first remote site information by the current primary site while maintaining the virtual copying relationship.

2. The method according to claim 1 further comprising establishing a real copying relationship with a second remote site in response to a reception of a second remote site information by the current primary site.

3. The method according to claim 1 wherein the establishing a virtual copying relationship comprises tracking changes of data stored in the current primary site.

4. The method according to claim 1 wherein the establishing a real copying relationship with a remote site is followed by tracking changes of data stored in the current primary site that occur after the establishment of the real copying relationship.

5. The method according to claim 1 wherein the establishing of a virtual copying relationship at a current primary site is responsive to a reception of an establish virtual copying relationship command.

6. A method for copying data, the method comprises:

establishing a virtual copying relationship at a current primary site;

establishing a real copying relationship with one or more target sites in response to a reception of target site information by the current primary site information while maintaining the virtual copying relationship; and

terminating the virtual copying relationship after the current primary site establishes real copying relationships with all the target sites.

7. A method for copying data, the method comprises:

establishing a virtual copying relationship at a current primary site; and

establishing a real copying relationship with a first remote site in response to a reception of a first remote site information by the current primary site information while maintaining the virtual copying relationship,



## 11

wherein the virtual copying relationship is established immediately after another primary site fails.

8. The method according to claim 7 further comprising establishing a real copying relationship with the other primary site after the other primary site recovers.

9. A method for copying data, the method comprises:

initializing, in response to a reception of an establish virtual copying relationship command, a first data structure representative of changes of data stored at a current primary site so as to track changes in the data at the current primary site before receiving, at the current primary site, first remote site information identifying a first remote site to which the data are to be copied; and establishing a real copying relationship with the first remote site, using the tracked changes, in response to a reception of the first remote site information while maintaining the first data structure;

wherein the establishing comprises maintaining a second data structure indicative of data portions that should be copied from the current primary site to the first remote site.

10. The method according to claim 9 further comprising establishing a real copying relationship with a second remote site in response to a reception of a second remote site information.

11. A method for copying data, the method comprises:

initializing, in response to a reception of an establish virtual copying relationship command, a first data structure representative of changes of data stored at a current primary site; and

establishing a real copying relationship with a first remote site in response to a reception of a first remote site information while maintaining the first data structure; wherein the establishing comprises maintaining a second data structure indicative of data portions that should be copied from the current primary site to the first remote site,

further comprising stopping maintenance of the first data structure after the virtual copying relationship is terminated.

12. A system for copying data, the system comprises a current primary site, wherein the current primary site comprises a controller coupled to at least one storage unit;

wherein the controller is adapted to establish a virtual copying relationship so as to track changes in the data at the current primary site before receiving, at the current primary site, first remote site information identifying a first remote site to which the data are to be copied, and to establish a real copying relationship with the first remote site, using the tracked changes, in response to a reception of the first remote site information by the current primary site while maintaining the virtual copying relationship.

13. The system according to claim 12 wherein the current primary site is adapted to establish a real copying relationship with a second remote site in response to a reception of a second remote site information by the current primary site.

14. The system according to claim 12 wherein the current primary site is adapted to track changes of data stored in the at least one storage unit of the current primary site that occur after an establishment of the virtual copying relationship.

15. The system according to claim 12 wherein the current primary site is adapted to track changes of data stored in the current primary site that occur after an establishment of the real copying relationship.

16. The system according to claim 12 wherein the current primary site is adapted to establish the virtual copying rela-

## 12

tionship in response to a reception of an establish virtual copying relationship command.

17. A system for copying data, the system comprises a current primary site, wherein the current primary site comprises a controller coupled to at least one storage unit;

wherein the controller is adapted to establish a virtual copying relationship, and to establish a real copying relationship with one or more target sites in response to a reception of target site information by the current primary site information while maintaining the virtual copying relationship,

wherein the current primary site is adapted to terminate the virtual copying relationship after establishing real copying relationships with all the target sites.

18. A system for copying data, the system comprises a current primary site, wherein the current primary site comprises a controller coupled to at least one storage unit;

wherein the controller is adapted to establish a virtual copying relationship, and to establish a real copying relationship with a first remote site in response to a reception of a first remote site information by the current primary site information while maintaining the virtual copying relationship,

wherein the controller is adapted to establish the virtual copying relationship immediately after another primary site fails.

19. The system according to claim 18 wherein the current primary site is adapted to establish a real copying relationship with the other primary site after the other primary site recovers.

20. A system for copying data, the system comprises a current primary site, wherein the current primary site comprises a controller coupled to at least one storage unit;

wherein the controller is adapted to initialize a first data structure representative of changes of data stored at a current primary site in response to a reception of an establish virtual copying relationship command so as to track changes in the data at the current primary site before receiving, at the current primary site, first remote site information identifying a first remote site to which the data are to be copied; and to establish a real copying relationship with the first remote site, using the tracked changes, in response to a reception of the first remote site information by the current primary site information while maintaining the first data structure;

wherein the establishing comprises maintaining a second data structure indicative of data portions that should be copied from the current primary site to the remote site.

21. The system according to claim 20 wherein the current primary site is adapted to establish a real copying relationship with a second remote site in response to a reception of a second remote site information by the current primary site.

22. A system for copying data, the system comprises a current primary site, wherein the current primary site comprises a controller coupled to at least one storage unit;

wherein the controller is adapted to initialize a first data structure representative of changes of data stored at a current primary site in response to a reception of an establish virtual copying relationship command; and to establish a real copying relationship with one or more target sites in response to a reception of target site information by the current primary site information while maintaining the first data structure;

wherein the establishing comprises maintaining a second data structure indicative of data portions that should be copied from the current primary site to the target sites; and

## 13

wherein the current primary site is adapted to stop a maintenance of the first data structure after the current primary site establishes real copying relationships with all the target sites.

23. A computer program product comprising a computer usable medium storing a computer readable program, wherein the computer readable program when executed on a computer causes the computer to: establish a virtual copying relationship at a current primary site so as to track changes in the data at the current primary site before receiving, at the current primary site, first remote site information identifying a first remote site to which the data are to be copied, and establish a real copying relationship with the first remote site, using the tracked changes, in response to a reception of the first remote site information by the current primary site while maintaining the virtual copying relationship.

24. The computer program product according to claim 23, wherein the computer readable program when executed on a computer causes the computer to establish a real copying relationship with a second remote site in response to a reception of a second remote site information by the current primary site.

25. The computer program product according to claim 23, wherein the computer readable program when executed on a computer causes the computer to track changes of data stored in the current primary site.

## 14

26. The computer program product according to claim 23, wherein the computer readable program when executed on a computer causes the computer to track changes of data stored in the current primary site that occur after the establishment of the real copying relationship.

27. The computer program product according to claim 23, wherein the computer readable program when executed on a computer causes the computer to establish a virtual copying relationship at a current primary site in response to a reception of an establish virtual copying relationship command.

28. The computer program product according to claim 23, wherein the computer readable program when executed on a computer causes the computer to terminate the virtual copying relationship after an establishment of real copying relationships between the current primary site with all of one or more target sites.

29. The computer program product according to claim 23, wherein the computer readable program when executed on a computer causes the computer to establish a virtual copying relationship at a current primary site immediately after another primary site fails.

30. The computer program product according to claim 29, wherein the computer readable program when executed on a computer causes the computer to establish a real copying relationship with the other primary site after the other primary site recovers.

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