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(54) **SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR POPULATING A COMPUTER-AIDED DESIGN PROGRAM'S DATABASE WITH DESIGN PARAMETERS**

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700/14, 182, 97; 716/1, 11; 345/420
See application file for complete search history.

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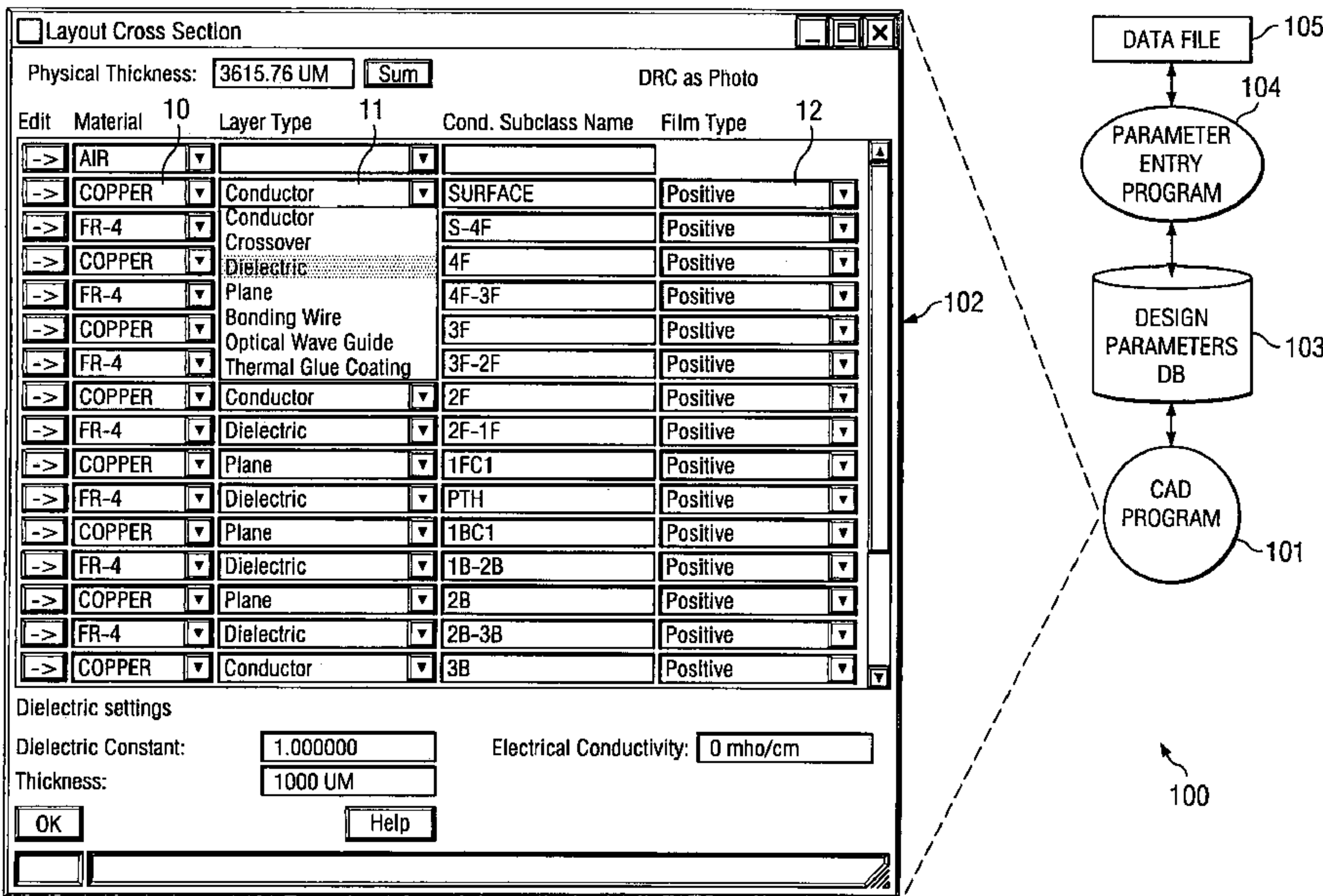
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

According to at least one embodiment, a method comprises generating a data file having design parameters for an electrical design, and with a computer-executable program, accessing the data file and populating a computer-aided design (CAD) program's database with the design parameters.

28 Claims, 4 Drawing Sheets



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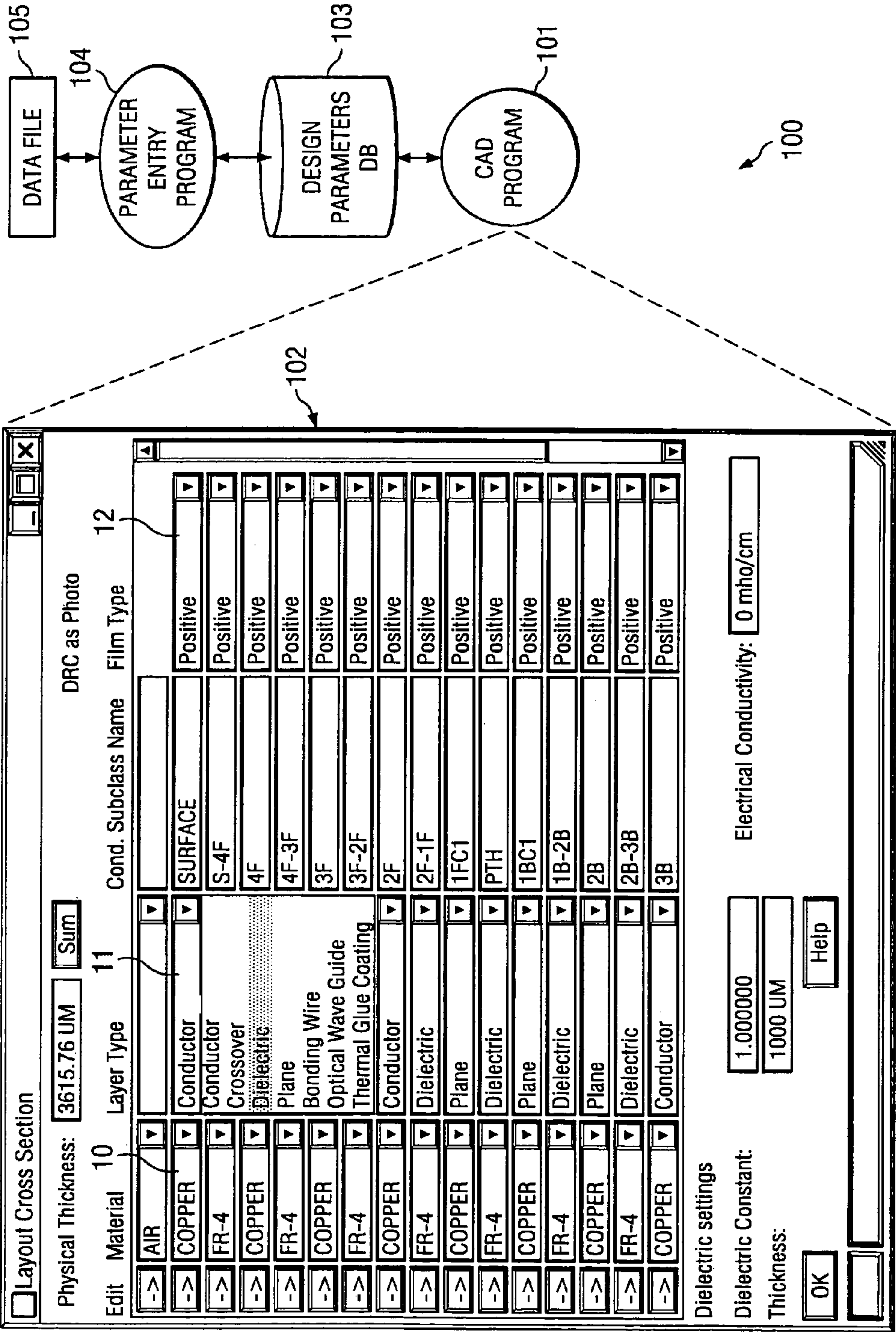
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FIG. 1



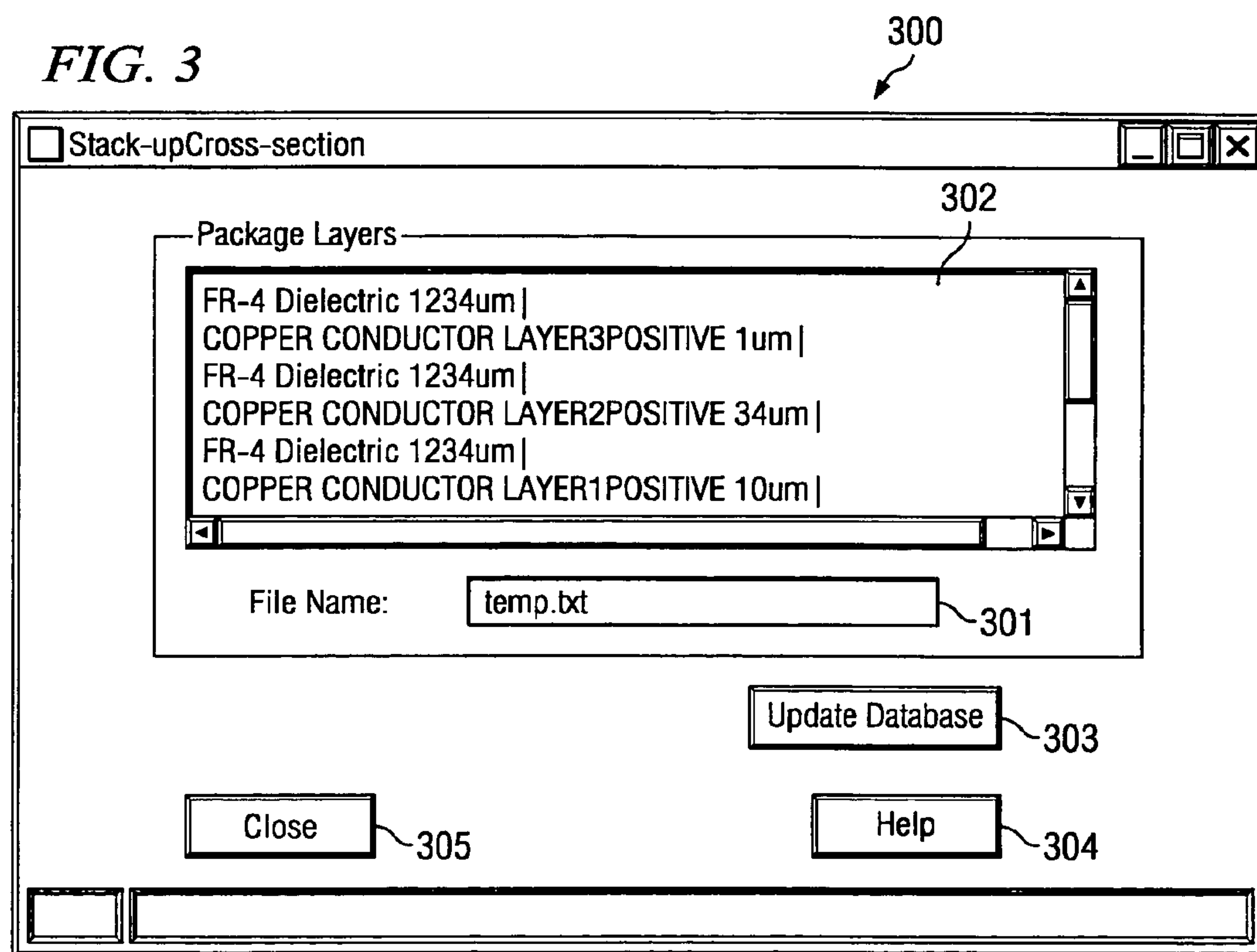
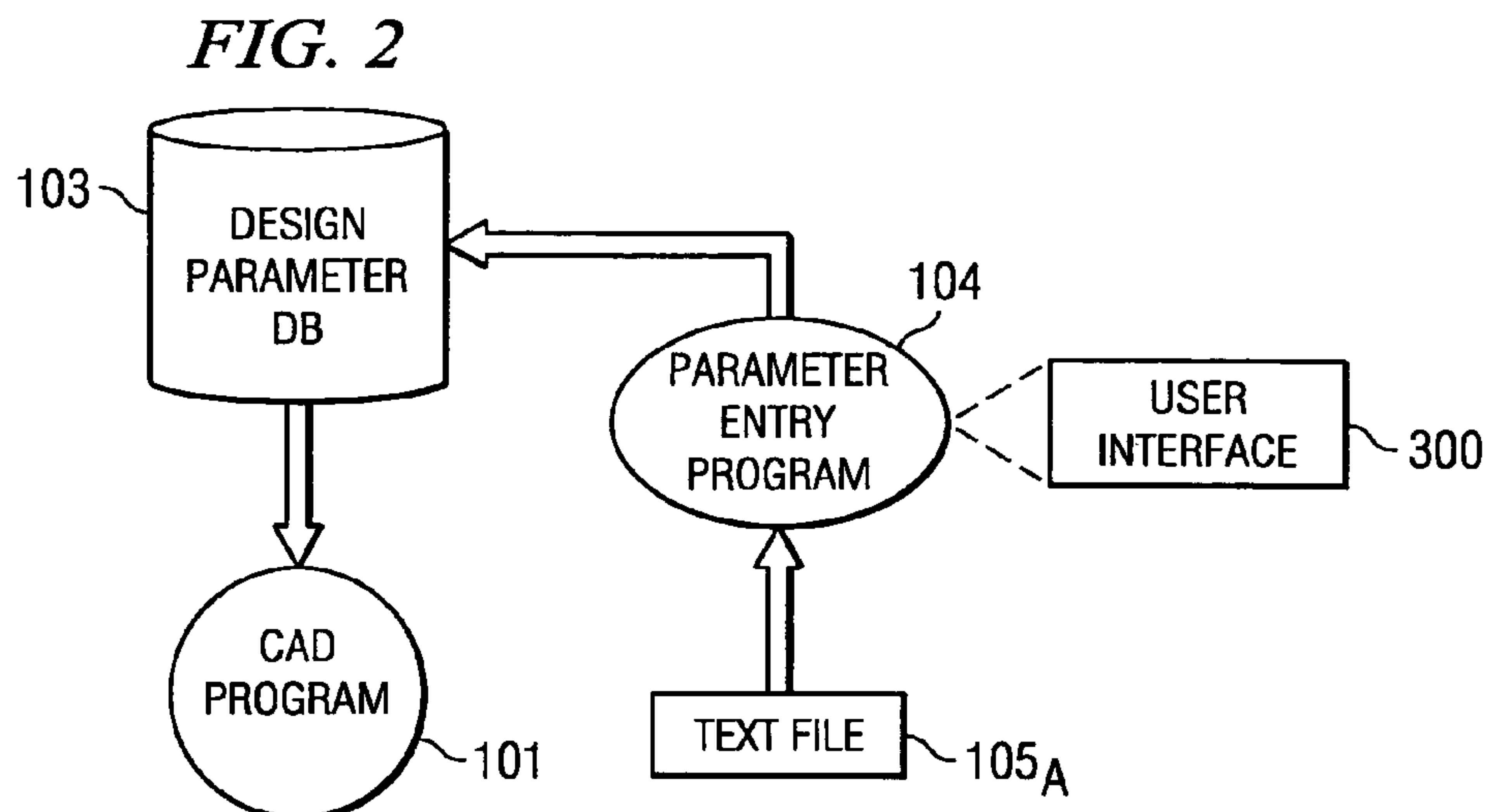


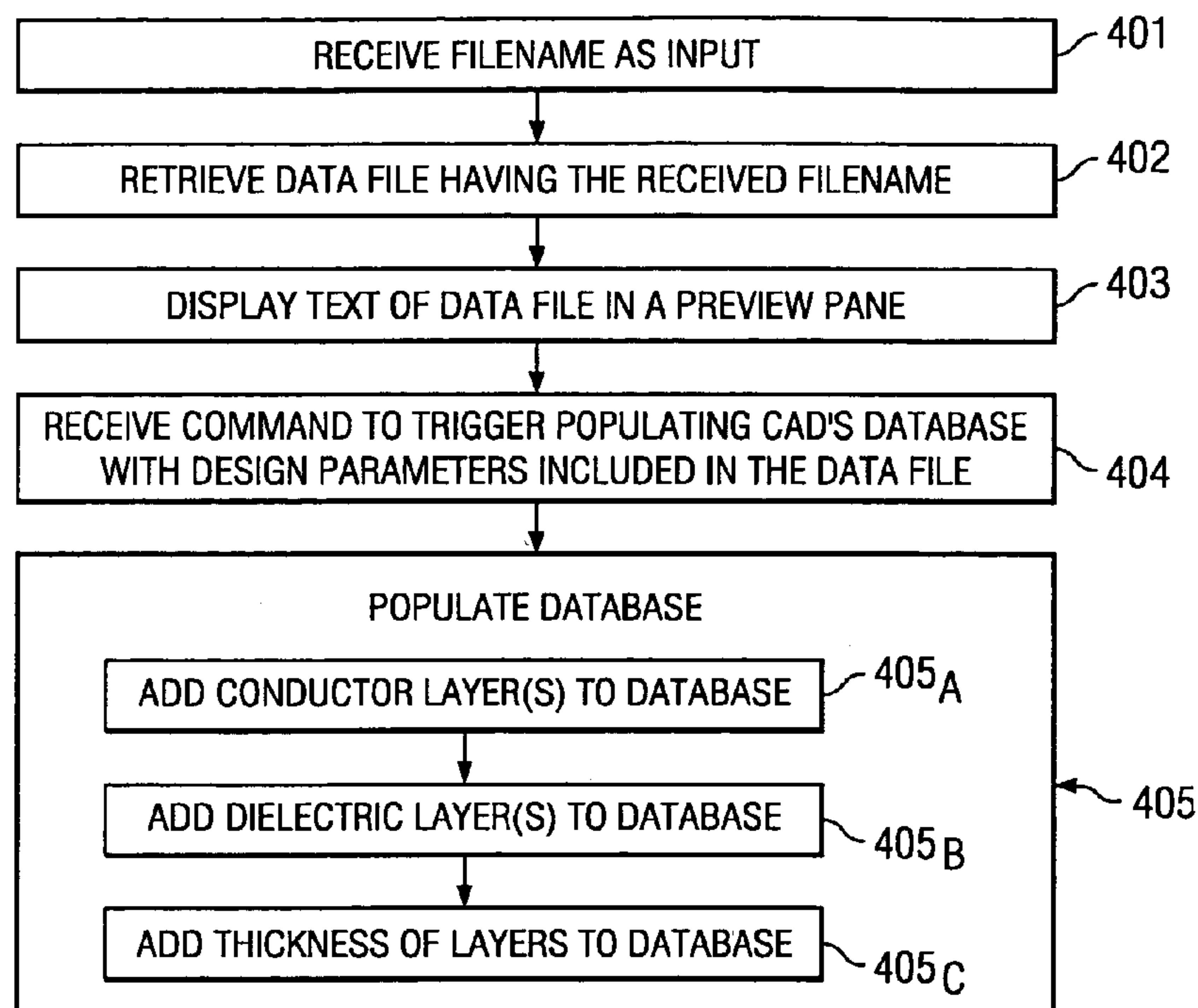
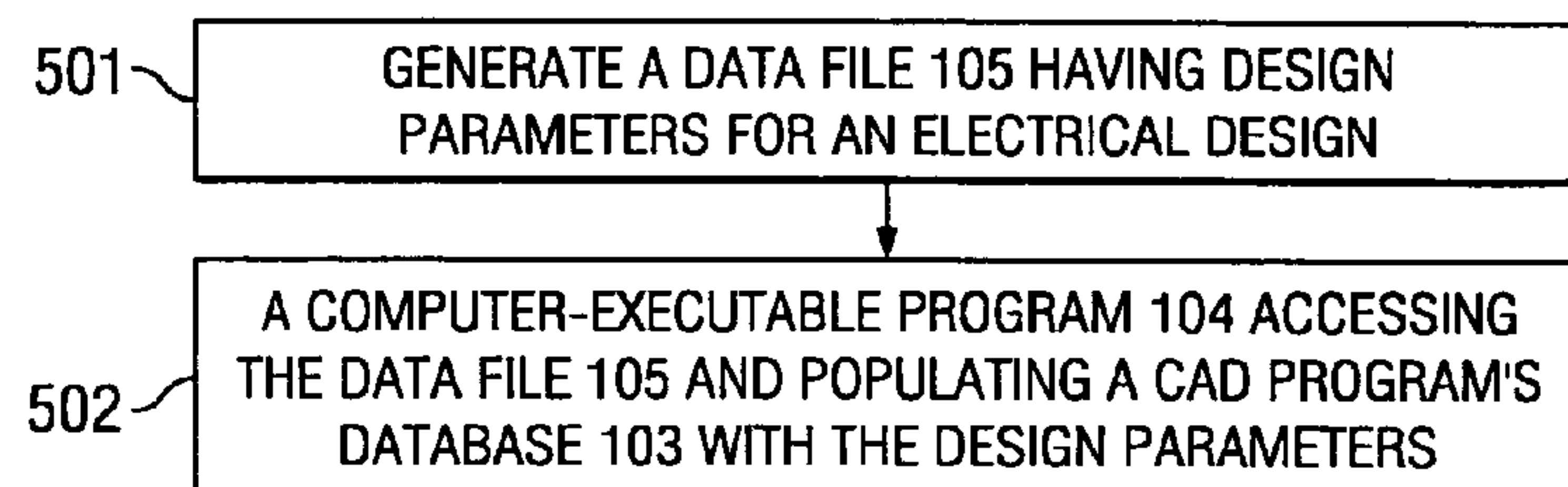
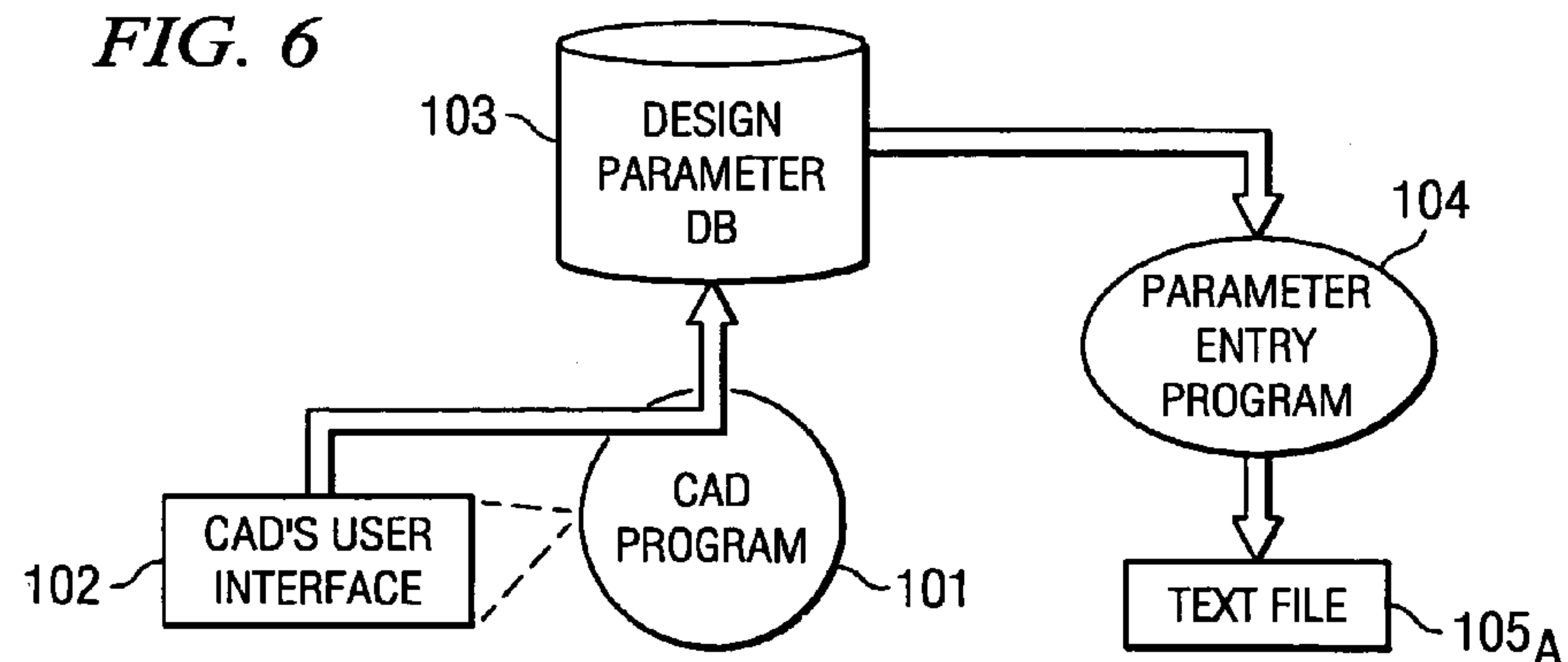
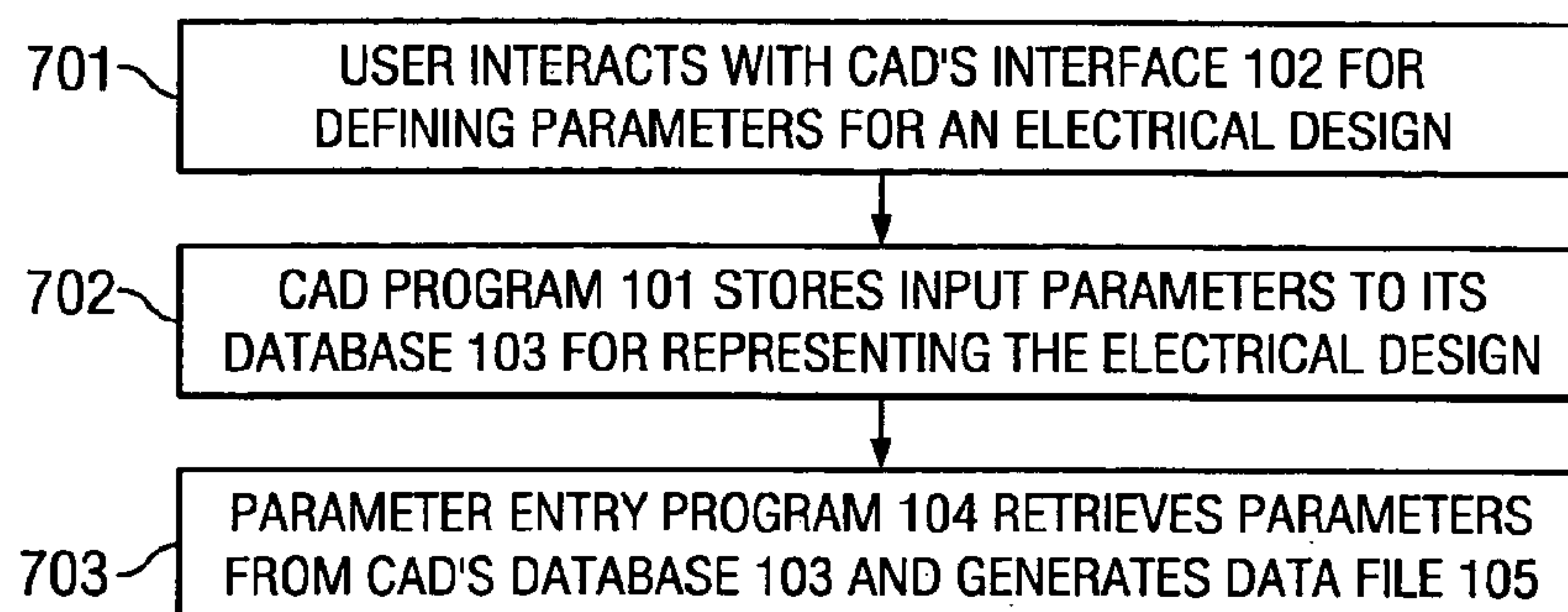
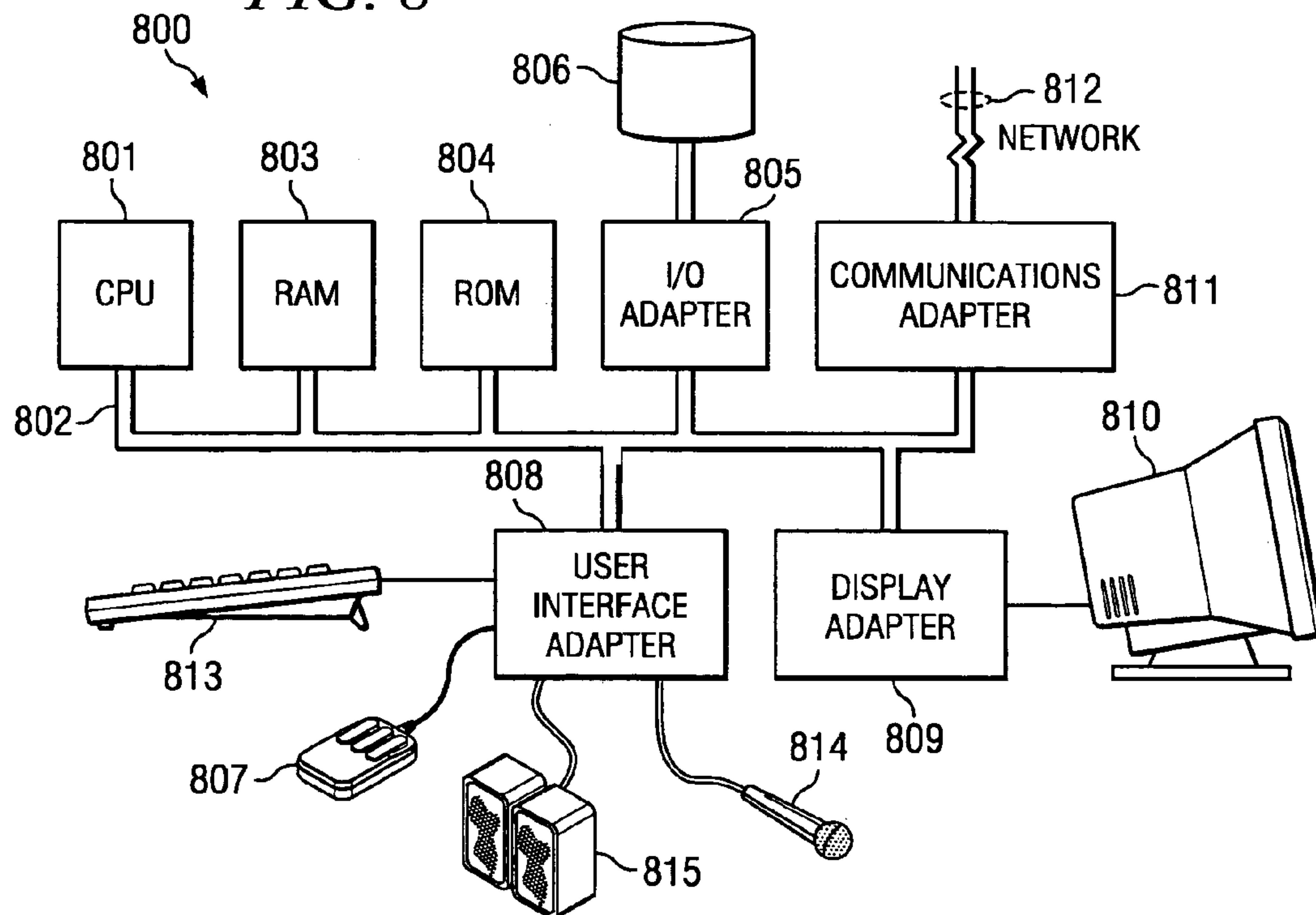
FIG. 4*FIG. 5**FIG. 6*

FIG. 7*FIG. 8*

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SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR POPULATING A COMPUTER-AIDED DESIGN PROGRAM'S DATABASE WITH DESIGN PARAMETERS

BACKGROUND

Computer-aided design (CAD) programs are commonly used for designing electronic devices, such as integrated circuits, printed circuit boards, microelectromechanical systems (MEMS), and nanoelectromechanical systems (NEMS). An example of such a CAD program is the Advanced Package Designer (APD) System available from Cadence Design Systems, Inc. The APD system provides an environment for the design and analysis of high-speed, high-density integrated circuit packages, multichip modules, and hybrids. This environment provides a framework for integrated circuit integration, physical layout, package modeling, interconnect routing, and analysis. The ALLEGRO® printed circuit board (PCB) layout system, which is also available from Cadence Design Systems, Inc., provides an interactive environment for designing complex and/or high-speed, multi-layer printed circuit boards.

CAD programs commonly handle such tasks as circuit synthesis, simulation, layout generation, and layout verification. CAD programs generally include an interface for receiving various parameters for a desired design from a user and for outputting a representation of the resulting design to the user (e.g., as a schematic diagram and/or a netlist). In this manner, CAD programs aid a developer in visualizing an electronic design.

Many electronic designs have a plurality of layers (or a "layer stackup"). Each layer of an electronic design may be of a conducting material (e.g., metal) or a dielectric material, as examples. For instance, conductor layer(s) may be included in a printed circuit board's stackup for forming routing layer(s) in which traces for routing electrical signals (e.g., data) between components of the printed circuit board may be formed. Dielectric layer(s) may be used for electrically isolating different conductor layers from each other.

In defining an electronic design, a user generally interacts with a CAD's interface to specify various parameters of the design. For instance, a user generally specifies the number of layers to be included in the design, as well as various parameters associated with each layer, such as the layer type (e.g., the type of material to be used for the layer), the layer's thickness, etc. The user interface of a CAD, such as the ADP and ALLEGRO® systems mentioned above, generally provides drop-down menus through which a user may progress for selecting various parameters of a design, such as the corresponding type and thickness of a layer. Once a design is created in a CAD, the user may interact with the CAD's interface to change parameters of the design. For instance, suppose that after a design is created in a CAD the user desires to change the thickness and/or material type of various layers of the design. In this case, the user may interact with the CAD's interface to select a layer and proceed through pull-down menus to change the layer's corresponding material type and/or thickness. The user may then repeat this procedure for each layer desired to be modified.

SUMMARY

According to at least one embodiment, a method comprises generating a data file having design parameters for an electrical design, and with a computer-executable program,

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accessing the data file and populating a computer-aided design (CAD) program's database with the design parameters.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 shows an example system according to an embodiment for populating a CAD's database with design parameters;

FIG. 2 shows an example flow of parameter data through the system of FIG. 1 for populating a CAD's database with such parameter data;

FIG. 3 shows an example user interface of the parameter entry program of FIG. 2;

FIG. 4 shows an operational flow diagram of the parameter entry program of FIG. 2 according to one embodiment;

FIG. 5 shows an operational flow diagram for populating a CAD's database with design parameters in accordance with at least one embodiment;

FIG. 6 shows an example flow of parameter data through the system of FIG. 1 for generating a data file with such parameter data in accordance with one embodiment;

FIG. 7 shows an operational flow diagram for generating the data file of FIG. 6 according to one embodiment; and

FIG. 8 shows an example computer system adapted according to one embodiment for populating a CAD's database with design parameters.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Turning to FIG. 1, an example system **100** according to an embodiment for populating a CAD's database with design parameters is shown. As shown, system **100** includes CAD program **101**, which may be any CAD program now known or later developed, such as the ADP and ALLEGRO® systems available from Cadence Design Systems, Inc. CAD program **101** provides user interface **102** for receiving various parameters for a desired design from a user and for outputting a representation of the resulting design to the user (e.g., as a schematic diagram and/or a netlist), a specific example of which is shown and described further below. CAD program **101** is communicatively coupled to a database **103** in which it stores design parameters, such as parameters associated with various layers of an electronic design (e.g., material type, thickness, etc.).

System **100** further comprises parameter entry program **104** that is operable to read design parameters from a data file **105** and populate the CAD's database **103** with those design parameters. For instance, information identifying the corresponding type and thickness for each of a plurality of layers for an electronic design may be included in data file **105**, and parameter entry program **104** is operable to populate database **103** with that information to enable CAD program **101** to generate a computer-representation (or "model") of the defined electronic design having those parameters. Accordingly, design parameters may be supplied to CAD program **101** via data file **105**, rather than requiring that a user manually enter such design parameters via the CAD program's interface **102**.

In certain embodiments, parameter entry program **104** is also operable to generate data file **105**. For instance, in certain embodiments, parameter entry program **104** is operable to access database **103**, retrieve design parameters therefrom, and populate data file **105** with the retrieved design parameters. Thus, a user may interact with the CAD's interface **102** to initially input design parameters for defining an electronic design, and those design parameters may be

stored to a data file **105**. Thereafter, the user may edit data file **105** and/or reuse data file **105** for populating database **103** for efficiently defining an electronic design to be modeled by CAD program **101**.

For instance, the example user interface **102** shown in FIG. **1** provides various input boxes for receiving user input specifying parameters associated with layers of an electronic design. For each of a plurality of layers, the interface **102** includes a text box for specifying the material type of the layer, the layer type, a subclass name, and a photo film type. A user may edit these fields for each layer. For instance, a text box **10** is provided for a layer for defining the material of the layer. The user may click on the input box to receive a drop-down menu from which the user may select the type of material for the layer, which is specified as COPPER in this example. A text box **11** is also provided for the layer for defining the layer type. As illustrated in FIG. **1**, the user may click on the input box **11** to receive a drop-down menu from which the user may select the type of material for the layer, such as Conductor, Crossover, Dielectric, Plane, Bonding Wire, Optical Wave Guide, and Thermal Glue Coating. Another text box **12** is provided for the layer for defining the photo film type of the layer. The user may click on the input box **12** to receive a drop-down menu from which the user may select the type of photo film for the layer, which is specified as POSITIVE in this example. Thus, a user may interact with the text boxes and associated drop down menus included in the CAD's interface **102** for inputting various parameters of layers of a desired electrical design.

In certain embodiments, parameter entry program **104** is operable to receive a CAD file (or a "CAD-dependent" file) for a design, and use such CAD file for generating data file **105**. For instance, once a first electronic design having a first set of parameters is created via CAD program **101**, such design (or model) may be stored as a CAD file, which may be later re-opened by CAD program **101**. In certain embodiments, parameter entry program **104** is operable to receive such a CAD file and generate data file **105** therefrom, which as described further below may be in CAD-independent format. Thereafter, the user may edit data file **105** and/or reuse data file **105** for populating database **103** for efficiently defining an electronic design to be modeled by CAD program **101**.

For instance, suppose a user desires to evaluate various different designs in which only the material type and/or thickness of various layers are changed for each design. The user may create the initial design via the CAD's interface **102**. Thereafter, the user may efficiently model each of the various other designs by editing the material type and thickness parameters in the data file **105**, and triggering parameter entry program **104** to populate the CAD's database **103** with those updated parameters for modeling each design. This provides a more efficient technique for populating the CAD's database **103** with design parameters than interacting with the drop-down menus of the CAD's interface **102** for specifying the type and thickness of each layer in each design desired to be modeled. According to certain embodiments, data file **105** is a simple text file that specifies the design parameters, such as the corresponding type and thickness for each layer of a design. In such embodiments, editing of the parameters may be performed efficiently via a text editor (using such techniques as find-and-replace operations, etc.). For instance, if a user desired to change all layers that were initially defined to have a thickness of 1234 micrometers (μm) to a thickness of 1000 μm , the user may perform a find-and-replace operation in the text file to efficiently update the parameters of the design, and the

updated parameters may then be populated into the CAD's database **103** for use by the CAD program **101** in generating a representation (or model) of the updated design.

In certain embodiments, data file **105** is in a CAD-independent format. For instance, in certain embodiments, data file **105** is a simple text file. Parameter entry program **104** is operable to generate a CAD-specific representation of the parameters defined in the CAD-independent file **105**. For instance, parameter entry program **104** is operable to populate database **103** with the parameter information from data file **105** (i.e., populate the appropriate fields of database **103** with corresponding parameter information from data file **105**). Also, because data file **105** may provide design parameters in a CAD-independent format, it may be used for inputting information for various different application programs, such as different CAD programs, simulation programs, debug programs, etc. For example, parameter entry program **104** may be operable to receive data file **105** and populate any one of a plurality of different application programs (such as different CAD programs, simulation programs, etc.) with the design parameter information contained in data file **105**.

While parameter entry program **104** and CAD program **101** are shown as separate programs in FIG. **1** (as well as in FIGS. **2** and **6** described below), in certain embodiments the functionality of parameter entry program **104** may be included in CAD program **101**. For instance, CAD program **101** may be operable to receive data file **105** for populating database **103**, and/or CAD program **101** may be operable to generate data file **105** in the manner described further herein.

FIG. **2** shows an example flow of design parameter data through the system of FIG. **1** for populating the CAD's database **103** with such design parameter data in accordance with one embodiment. In this example, design parameter information resides in a text file **105A**, and parameter entry program **104** retrieves such design parameter information and populates the CAD's database **103** with that design parameter information. CAD program **101** uses the design parameter information of database **103** to model (or generate a representation of) the corresponding electronic design.

An example text file **105A** that includes parameter information for a plurality of layers of an electronic design is provided below:

```
FR-4 Dielectric 1234  $\mu\text{m}$ 
COPPER CONDUCTOR LAYER3 POSITIVE 1  $\mu\text{m}$ 
FR-4 Dielectric 1234  $\mu\text{m}$ 
COPPER CONDUCTOR LAYER2 POSITIVE 34  $\mu\text{m}$ 
FR-4 Dielectric 1234  $\mu\text{m}$ 
COPPER CONDUCTOR LAYER1 POSITIVE 10  $\mu\text{m}$ 
FR-4 Dielectric 1234  $\mu\text{m}$ 
COPPER CONDUCTOR LAYER0 POSITIVE 99  $\mu\text{m}$ 
FR-4 Dielectric 1234  $\mu\text{m}$ 
```

Example Data File

In the example text file **105A** above, parameter information is provided for nine (9) layers of an electronic design (i.e., four conductor layers identified as layers **0–3**, and five dielectric layers). The parameter information identifies a stack that has a first layer (i.e., corresponding to the last line of the example data file) that is a dielectric type formed by material "FR-4" and has a thickness of 1234 μm . The next layer up in the stack ("LAYER0") is identified as a conductor type formed by copper material and has a thickness of 99 μm . As shown in the above example data file, this layer ("LAYER0") also has "POSITIVE" included in its identifi-

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cation, which identifies how the artwork representing this layer is generated in manufacturing (or the photo film type, as shown in the example user interface **102** of FIG. **1**). For instance, each layer of the electronic design may be thought of as a stencil, wherein “positive” or “negative” specifies whether a trace in that layer is the hole in the stencil or the solid part of the stencil. This information is typically used only by the manufacturer of the electrical design.

The next layer up in the stack is another dielectric type formed by material “FR-4” and has a thickness of 1234 μm . The next layer up in the stack (“LAYER1”) is identified as a conductor type formed by copper material and has a thickness of 10 μm . This LAYER1 is also identified as having a POSITIVE type artwork representation. The next layer up in the stack is another dielectric type formed by material “FR-4” and has a thickness of 1234 μm . The next layer up in the stack (“LAYER2”) is identified as a conductor type formed by copper material and has a thickness of 34 μm . This LAYER2 is also identified as having a POSITIVE type artwork representation. The next layer up in the stack is another dielectric type formed by material “FR-4” and has a thickness of 1234 μm . The next layer up in the stack (“LAYER3”) is identified as a conductor type formed by copper material and has a thickness of 1 μm . This LAYER3 is also identified as having a POSITIVE type artwork representation. Finally, the top layer in the stack is identified as a dielectric type formed by material “FR-4” having a thickness of 1234 μm .

As shown in FIG. **2**, parameter entry program **104** may provide a user interface **300** for interacting with a user. For instance, a user may interact with such user interface **300** to specify the data file (file **105_A** in this example) to be used for populating the CAD’s database **103**. An example user interface **300** is shown in FIG. **3**. The example user interface **300** of FIG. **3** includes an input text box **301** for receiving identification of a data file to be used for populating the CAD’s database **103**. In this example, a filename “temp.txt” is supplied as the text file **105_A** that is to be used for populating the CAD’s database **103**. In this example, user interface **300** further comprises a preview pane **302** that displays text of the data file specified in text box **301**. Thus, the text of file “temp.txt” is displayed in preview pane **302** in the example of FIG. **3**. In this manner, a user may review the text in preview pane **302** to verify that “temp.txt” is the correct file desired to be used for populating the CAD’s database **103**. In certain embodiments, preview pane **302** provides editing capability whereby a user may edit the text of the displayed file by interacting with such preview pane **302**. For instance, a user may, in certain embodiments, perform common text-editing functions, such as find-and-replace, deletion of text, insertion of text, etc. via preview pane **302**.

User interface **300** further includes an “update database” button **303**, which when activated by a user (e.g., by clicking on the button with a pointer device, such as a mouse) triggers parameter entry program **104** to populate the CAD’s database with the design parameters of the specified data file (“temp.txt” in this example). User interface **300** further provides a “help” button **304**, which when activated by a user provides helpful information on various topics regarding usage of parameter entry program **104**. User interface **300** also provides a “close” button **305**, which when activated by a user closes the user interface window.

FIG. **4** shows an operational flow diagram of parameter entry program **104** of FIG. **2** according to one embodiment. In operational block **401**, parameter entry program **104** receives as input the filename of a data file **105** to be used

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for populating database **103** (such as filename “temp.txt” in FIG. **3**). In block **402**, parameter entry program **104** retrieves the data file having the received filename. In block **403**, parameter entry program **104** displays text of the retrieved data file in a preview pane **302**, such as shown in the example of FIG. **3** above. In block **404**, parameter entry program **104** receives a command to trigger populating the CAD’s database **103** with design parameters included in the data file. For instance, in the example of FIG. **3**, a user may activate the “update database” button **303** to trigger population of the CAD’s database **103** with the design parameters contained in the data file. Responsive to such received command, parameter entry program **104** populates the CAD’s database **103** with the design parameters of the data file, in block **405**.

As shown in FIG. **4**, populating the CAD’s database **103** may comprise populating various fields of the database with corresponding information contained in the data file **105**. For instance, in this example, parameter entry program **104** adds conductor layer(s) from the data file **105** to the appropriate fields of database **103** in block **405_A**, adds dielectric layer(s) from the data file **105** to the appropriate fields of database **103** in block **405_B**, and adds information identifying the corresponding thickness of each of the layers from the data file **105** to the appropriate fields of database **103** in block **405_C**. In accordance with at least one embodiment, parameter entry program **104** uses scripts to update/alter the CAD’s database **103** (i.e., to supply design information to such database **103**), wherein the scripts interact with the CAD program **101** duplicating the commands and entries a user would otherwise perform manually via interface **102** for supplying such design information to the CAD’s database **103**. Thus, while FIGS. **1**, **2**, and **6** show parameter entry program **104** as interacting with database **103**, in certain embodiments such interaction with database **103** is via CAD program **101**. In other words, parameter entry program **104** may interact with CAD program **101** to supply and/or retrieve design parameter information to/from database **103**. Accordingly, in certain embodiments, it appears to CAD program **101** that a user is interacting with interface **102** for supplying/retrieving design parameter information when in actuality parameter entry program **104** is interacting with CAD program **101** for supplying/retrieving such design parameter information.

FIG. **5** shows an operational flow diagram for populating a CAD’s database with design parameters in accordance with at least one embodiment. In operational block **501**, a data file **105** (e.g., a text file **105_A**) is generated having design parameters for an electrical design, such as parameters for layers of the electrical design (e.g., type, thickness, etc.). As described further below, in certain embodiments, the data file **105** may be generated using design parameters from the CAD’s database **103**. In block **502**, a computer-executable program **104** (referred to herein as a “parameter entry program”) accesses the data file **105** and populates the CAD program’s database **103** with the design parameters contained in such data file **105**.

Turning to FIG. **6**, an example flow of parameter data through the system of FIG. **1** for generating a data file **105** containing such parameter data in accordance with one embodiment is shown. In this example, a user interacts with user interface **102** (such as via the various drop-down menus shown in the example interface **102** of FIG. **1**) to supply design parameter information to CAD program **101**, and CAD program **101** populates database **103** with such database for generating a model of the corresponding electronic design. Parameter entry program **104** retrieves such design

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parameter information from the CAD's database 103 and generates a data file 105 (e.g., a text file 105_A in this example) that contains the design parameters.

FIG. 7 shows an operational flow diagram for generating the data file of FIG. 6 according to one embodiment. In operational block 701, a user interacts with the CAD's interface 102 for defining parameters for an electrical design. As described above, this is typically an inefficient process of interacting with drop-down menus for specifying parameters, such as material type and thickness, for each layer of an electrical design. In block 702, CAD program 101 stores input parameters to its database 103 for representing the electrical design. In block 703, parameter entry program 104 retrieves the parameter information from the CAD's database 103 and generates data file 105. For instance, responsive to a user's command to the parameter entry program 104, parameter entry program 104 may retrieve the design parameters for various layers of an electrical design and generate data file 105 (e.g., text file 105_A) containing such design parameters. Accordingly, a user may thereafter edit and/or use data file 105 for populating the CAD's database 103 with desired design parameters in a more efficient manner than interacting with the CAD's interface (e.g., drop-down menus) 102.

When implemented via computer-executable instructions, various elements of embodiments for populating a CAD's database with design parameters are in essence the software code defining the operations of such various elements. The executable instructions or software code may be obtained from a readable medium (e.g., a hard drive media, optical media, EPROM, EEPROM, tape media, cartridge media, flash memory, ROM, memory stick, and/or the like) or communicated via a data signal from a communication medium (e.g., the Internet). In fact, readable media can include any medium that can store or transfer information.

FIG. 8 illustrates an example computer system 800 adapted according to an embodiment for populating a CAD's database with design parameters. For instance, computer system 800 comprises an example system on which CAD program 101 and/or parameter entry program 104 may be implemented. Central processing unit (CPU) 801 is coupled to system bus 802. CPU 801 may be any general purpose CPU. Embodiments described above are not restricted by the architecture of CPU 801 as long as CPU 801 supports the inventive operations as described herein. CPU 801 may execute the various logical instructions according to embodiments described above. For example, CPU 801 may execute machine-level instructions according to the exemplary operational flows described above in conjunction with FIGS. 4, 5, and 7.

Computer system 800 also includes random access memory (RAM) 803, which may be SRAM, DRAM, SDRAM, or the like. Computer system 800 further includes read-only memory (ROM) 804 which may be PROM, EPROM, EEPROM, or the like. RAM 803 and ROM 804 hold user and system data and programs, as is well known in the art.

Computer system 800 also includes input/output (I/O) adapter 805, communications adapter 811, user interface adapter 808, and display adapter 809. I/O adapter 805, user interface adapter 808, and/or communications adapter 811 may, in certain embodiments, enable a user to interact with computer system 800 in order to input information, such as via user interface 102 of CAD program 101 and/or via interface 300 of parameter entry program 104. User interface adapter 808 couples user input devices, such as keyboard 813, pointing device 807, and microphone 814 and/or output

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devices, such as speaker(s) 815 to computer system 800. Display adapter 809 is driven by CPU 801 to control the display on display device 810 to, for example, display the user interface 102 of CAD program 101 and/or user interface 300 of parameter entry program 104.

I/O adapter 805 connects to storage device(s) 806, such as one or more of hard drive, compact disc (CD) drive, floppy disk drive, tape drive, etc. to computer system 800. The storage devices may be utilized when RAM 803 is insufficient for the memory requirements associated with storing data for CAD program 101 and/or parameter entry program 104, such as database 103 and/or data file 105. Communications adapter 811 is adapted to couple computer system 800 to a communication network 812, such as the Internet or other wide area network (WAN), a local area network (LAN), a telecommunication network, a wireless network, or any combination thereof, as examples. Thus, in certain embodiments, a user may interact with CAD program 101 and/or parameter entry program 104 from a remote computer via such communication network 812. Further, in certain embodiments, data file 105 and/or database 103 may be stored at a location remote to a computer on which parameter entry program 104 is executing, and parameter entry program 104 may access data file 105 and/or database 103 via communication network 812.

Embodiments described above are not limited to the architecture of example system 800. For example, any suitable processor-based device may be utilized, including without limitation personal computers, laptop computers, computer workstations, and multi-processor servers. Moreover, embodiments of parameter entry program 104 may be implemented on application specific integrated circuits (ASICs) or very large scale integrated (VLSI) circuits. In fact, persons of ordinary skill in the art may utilize any number of suitable structures capable of executing logical operations according to the embodiments described above.

What is claimed is:

1. A method comprising:

generating a data file having design parameters for an electrical design, wherein the data file includes the design parameters in a CAD-independent format; modifying said design parameters in said data file; and with a computer-executable program, accessing the modified data file and populating a computer-aided design (CAD) program's database with the modified design parameters.

2. The method of claim 1 wherein the design parameters include parameters for a plurality of layers of the electrical design.

3. The method of claim 1 wherein said generating comprises:

receiving user input specifying the design parameters.

4. The method of claim 3 wherein said receiving user input comprises:

receiving said user input via an interface of the CAD program.

5. The method of claim 4 wherein said generating further comprises:

retrieving the design parameters input via the interface of the CAD program; and

populating the data file with the design parameters.

6. The method of claim 1 wherein the electrical design comprises a design selected from the group consisting of: an integrated circuit design, a printed circuit board design, a microelectromechanical system (MEMS) design, and a nanoelectromechanical system (NEMS) design.

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7. The method of claim 1 wherein said generating comprises:

retrieving the design parameters from the CAD program's database; and

populating the data file with the design parameters. 5

8. A method comprising:

generating a data file having design parameters for an electrical design, wherein the data file is a text file; and

with a computer-executable program, accessing the data file and populating a computer-aided design (CAD) 10 program's database with the design parameters.

9. A system comprising:

a database;

a parameter entry program stored to computer-readable media and operable to access a data file and populate 15 the database with design parameters included in the data file for an electrical design, wherein the data file is in a CAD-independent format and is editable by an interface; and

a computer-aided design (CAD) program stored to computer-readable media, wherein the CAD program is 20 operable to communicatively access the database and retrieve the design parameters stored therein.

10. The system of claim 9 wherein the design parameters 25 comprise parameters for a stack of layers of the electrical design.

11. The system of claim 10 wherein the design parameters include at least one selected from the group consisting of: layer type and layer thickness.

12. The system of claim 11 wherein said layer type is any 30 selected from the group consisting of: metal, dielectric, crossover, plane, bonding wire, optical wave guide, and thermal glue coating.

13. The system of claim 9 wherein said electrical design 35 comprises a design selected from the group consisting of: an integrated circuit design, a printed circuit board design, a microelectromechanical system (MEMS) design, and a nanoelectromechanical system (NEMS) design.

14. The system of claim 9 wherein the parameter entry 40 program is part of the CAD program.

15. The system of claim 9 wherein the parameter entry program is a stand-alone program separate from the CAD 45 program.

16. A system comprising:

a database; 45

a parameter entry program stored to computer-readable media and operable to access a data file and populate the database with design parameters included in the data file for an electrical design, wherein the data file is 50 a text file; and

a computer-aided design (CAD) program stored to computer-readable media, wherein the CAD program is operable to communicatively access the database and retrieve the design parameters stored therein. 55

17. A system comprising:

computer-aided means for designing an electrical design that comprises a plurality of layers;

means for storing parameters for the plurality of layers, wherein the storing means is communicatively accessible by the computer-aided design means for representing said electrical design; and 60

means for accessing a data file and populating the storing means with said parameters, wherein said data file is a text file.

18. The system of claim 17 further comprising: 65 means for generating the data file.

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19. A method comprising:

interacting with an interface of a computer-aided design (CAD) program for defining parameters for an electrical design;

storing, by said CAD program, the parameters to a database for use in representing the electrical design;

retrieving, by a parameter entry program, the parameters from the database and generating a data file having at least a portion of the parameters for said electrical design, wherein the data file includes said at least a portion of the parameters in a CAD-independent format;

editing the parameters in the data file; and

with a computer-executable program, accessing the data file and populating the database with the edited parameters of the data file.

20. The method of claim 19 wherein said at least a portion of the parameters includes parameters for a plurality of layers of the electrical design.

21. A method comprising:

interacting with an interface of a computer-aided design (CAD) program for defining parameters for an electrical design;

storing, by said CAD program, the parameters to a database for use in representing the electrical design; and

retrieving, by a parameter entry program, the parameters from the database and generating a data file having at least a portion of the parameters for said electrical design, wherein the data file is a text file.

22. A computer comprising:

a data storage mechanism having software code for a parameter entry program stored thereto;

at least one processor for executing said software code to access a data file that is in CAD-independent format and populate a database with design parameters included in the data file for an electrical design, wherein said database is communicatively accessible by a computer-aided design (CAD) program for retrieving the design parameters stored in the database; and

a data storage mechanism having software code for a file editing program stored thereto, wherein the file editing program is executable by the at least one processor to provide an interface for enabling a user to edit the data file.

23. The computer of claim 22 comprising:

a data storage mechanism having said data file stored thereto.

24. The computer of claim 22 comprising:

a data storage mechanism having said database stored thereto.

25. The computer of claim 22 comprising:

a data storage mechanism having software code for said CAD program stored thereto, wherein said at least one processor is operable to execute said software code of said CAD program.

26. The computer of claim 22 wherein the parameter entry program is part of the CAD program.

27. The computer of claim 22 wherein the parameter entry program is a stand-alone program separate from the CAD program.

28. The computer of claim 22 wherein the file editing program comprises any selected from the group consisting of: text editor, word processor, and spreadsheet.