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**Eskey**

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(54) **IMAGING APPARATUS AND METHODS**

6,547,234 B1 \* 4/2003 Quesnel ..... 271/9.08

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JP 03143845 A \* 6/1991 ..... B65H/3/44

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(21) Appl. No.: **10/147,251**

(57) **ABSTRACT**

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(51) **Int. Cl.**<sup>7</sup> ..... **B65H 3/44**

Apparatus and methods for selectively picking two or more types of imaging media in an imaging apparatus having only a single pick roller while simultaneously supporting each type of imaging media on the imaging apparatus, wherein such media is ready for picking. The imaging media can be supported in respective media trays while supported on the imaging apparatus. The apparatus includes an actuating mechanism that is configured to selectively position each of the media trays relative to the pick roller, one-at-a-time, to facilitate picking by the pick roller of the selected imaging media. Methods include simultaneously supporting a plurality of types of imaging media on an imaging device having a single pick roller, and selectively picking either the first imaging media or the second imaging media from the respective media tray.

(52) **U.S. Cl.** ..... **271/9.08; 271/9.12; 271/9.11; 271/162; 271/9.03**

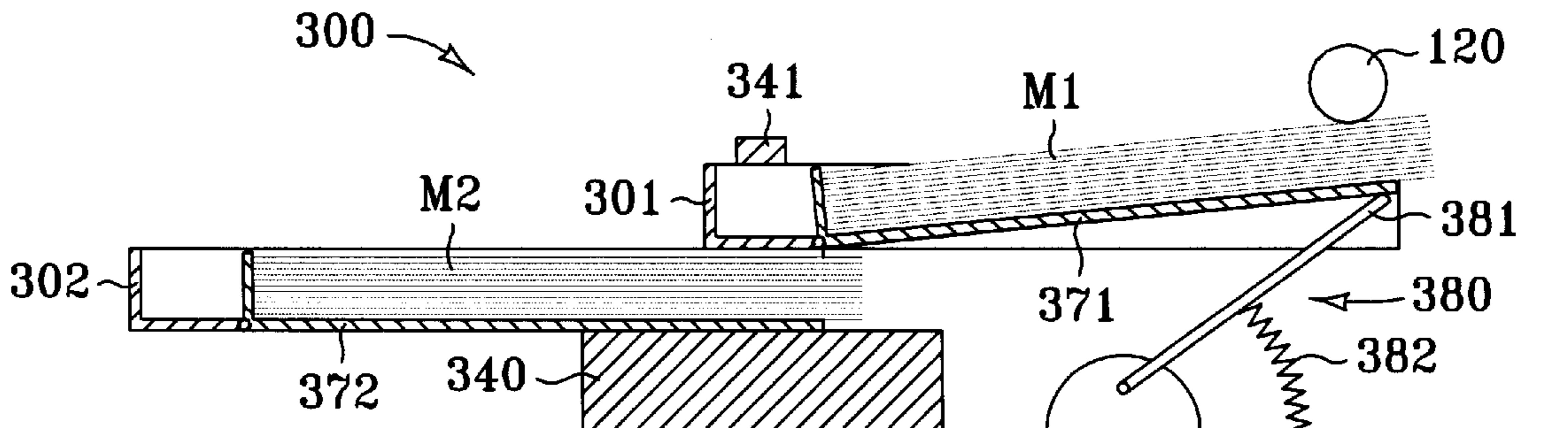
(58) **Field of Search** ..... 271/9.05, 9.07, 271/9.08, 9.11, 9.12, 126, 160, 162

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**11 Claims, 4 Drawing Sheets**



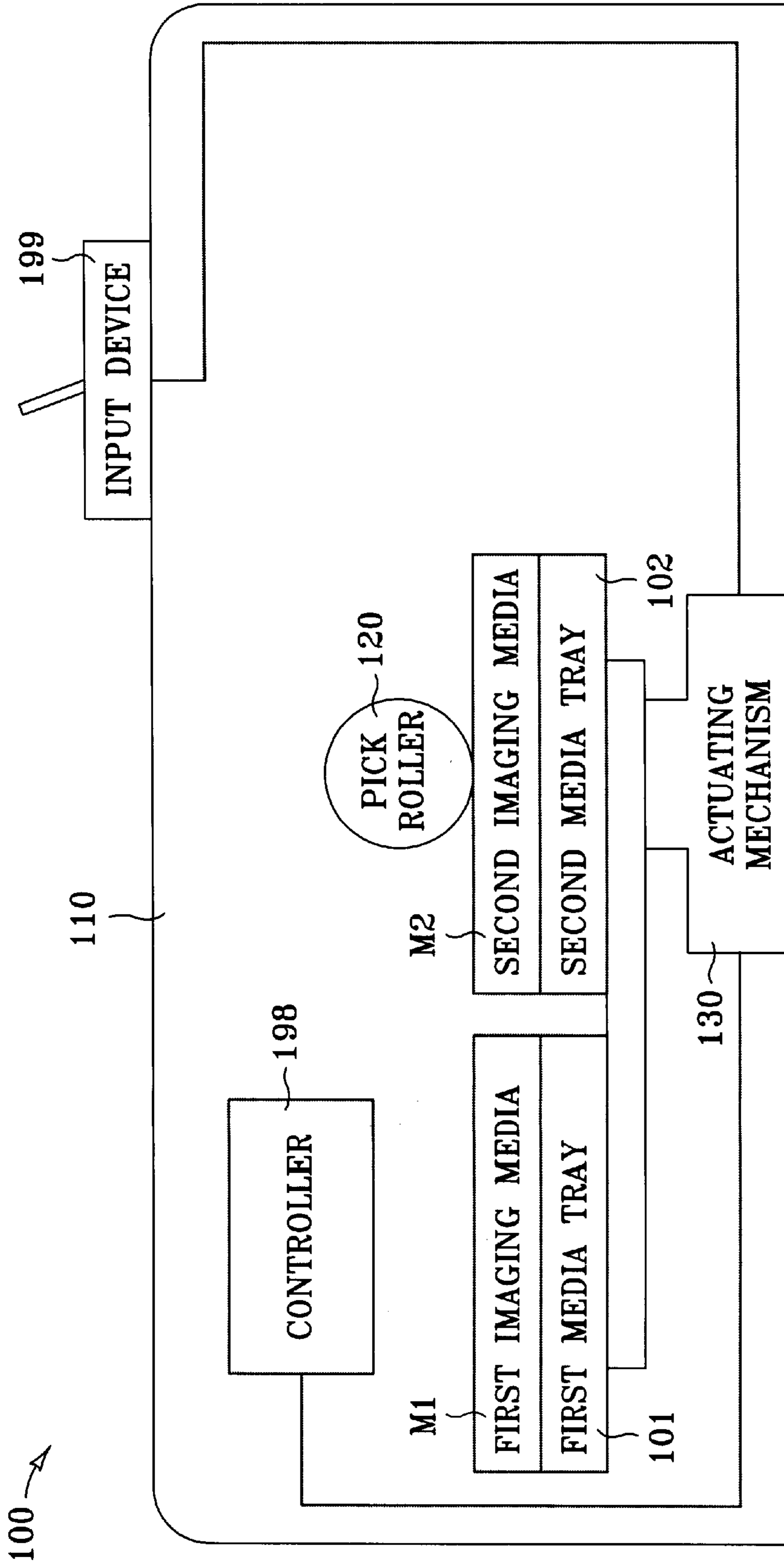


FIG. 1

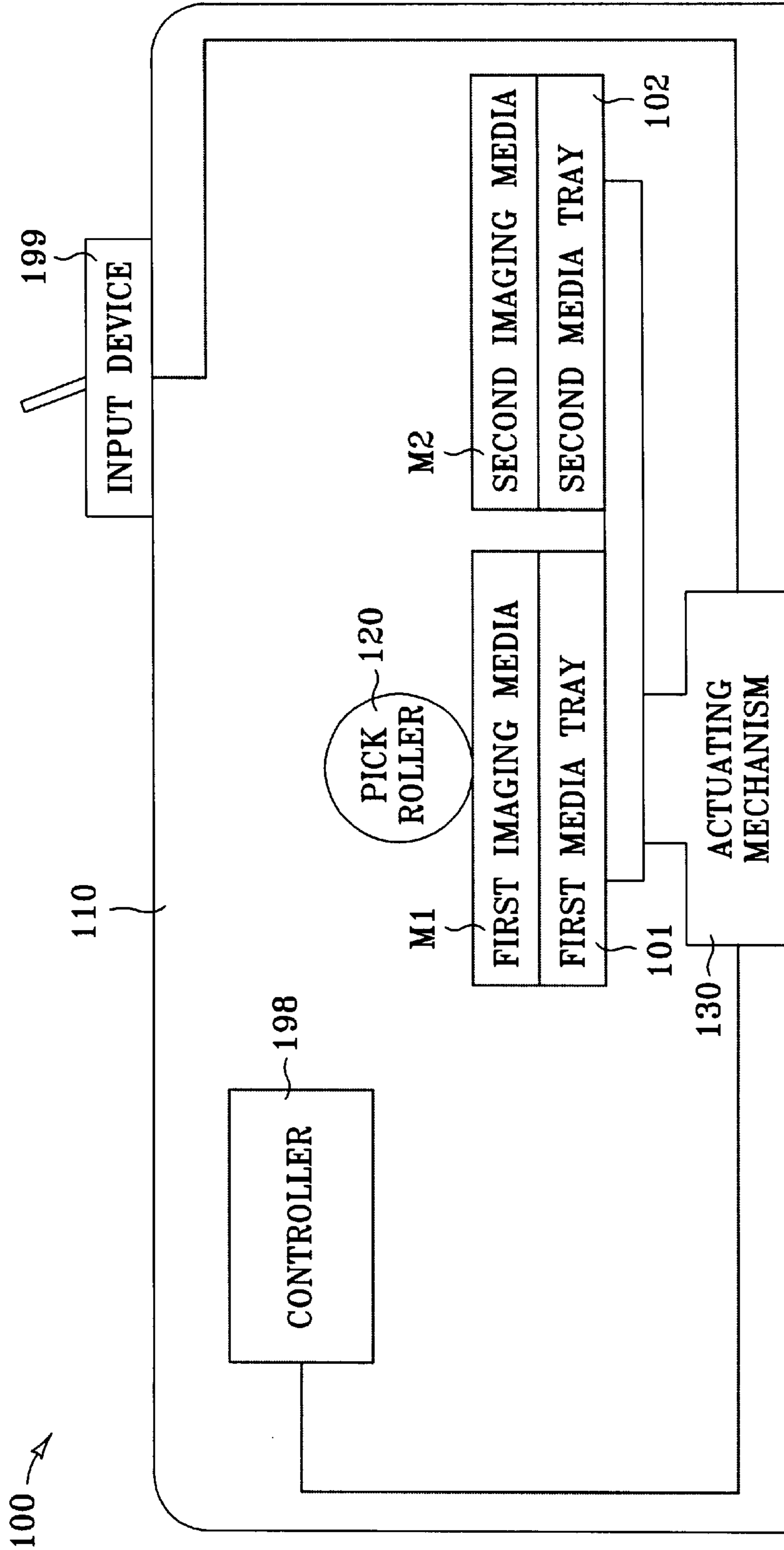


FIG. 2

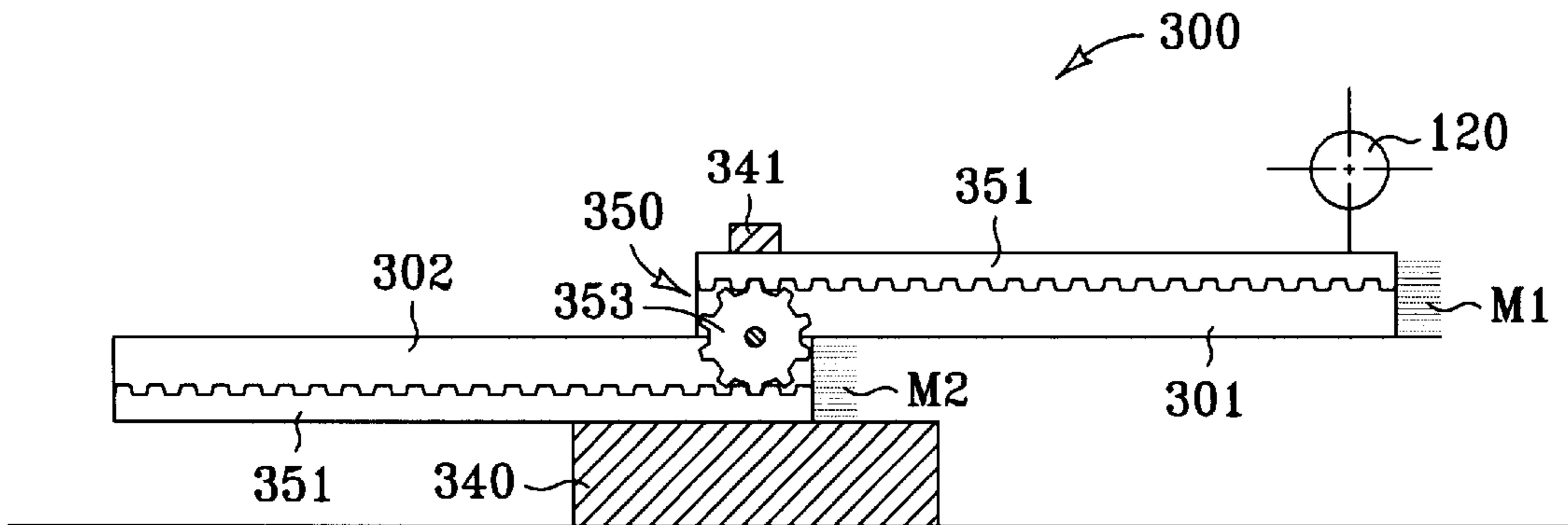


FIG. 3

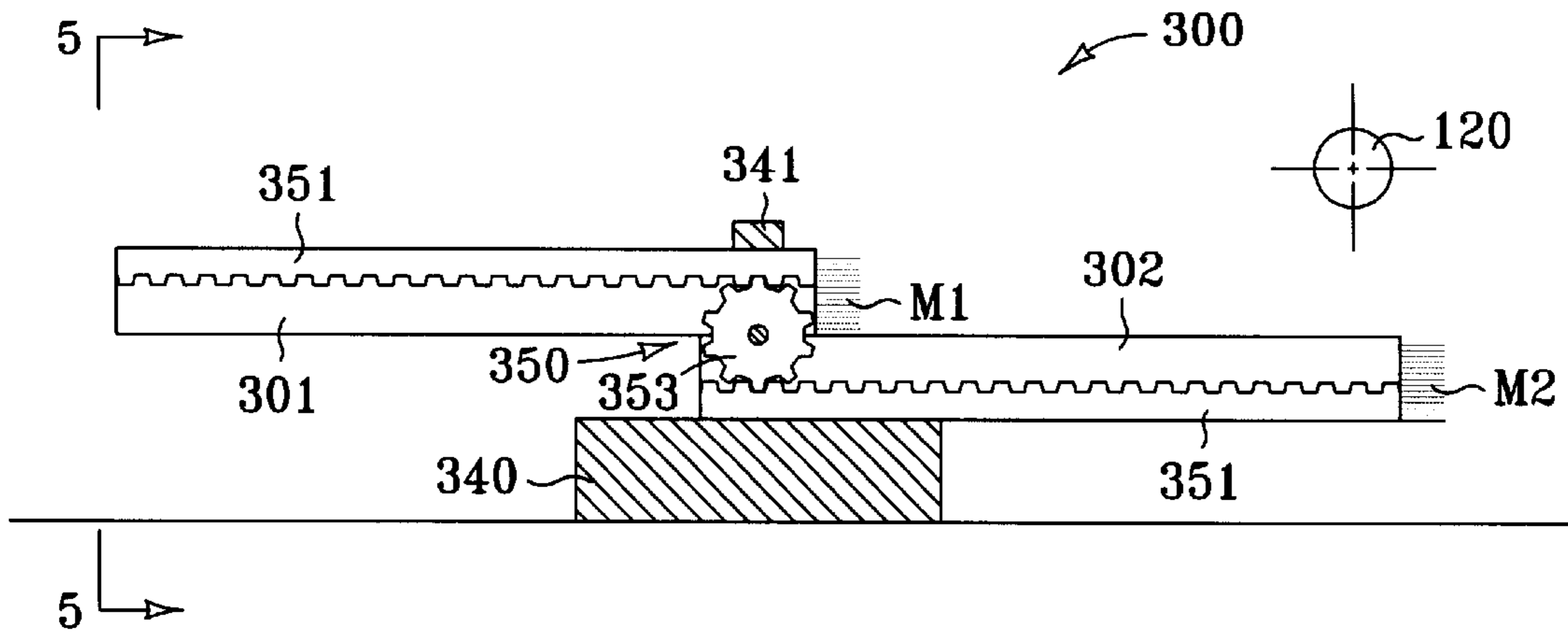


FIG. 4

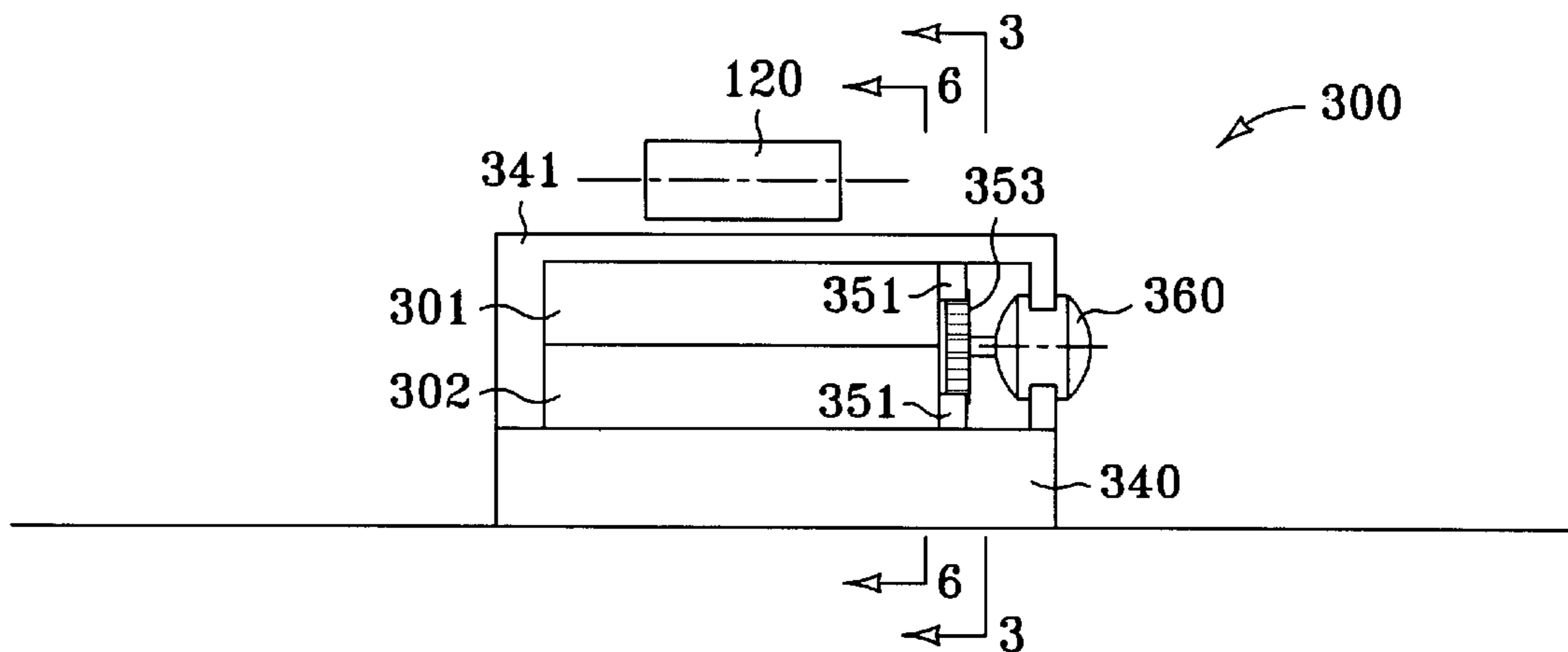


FIG. 5

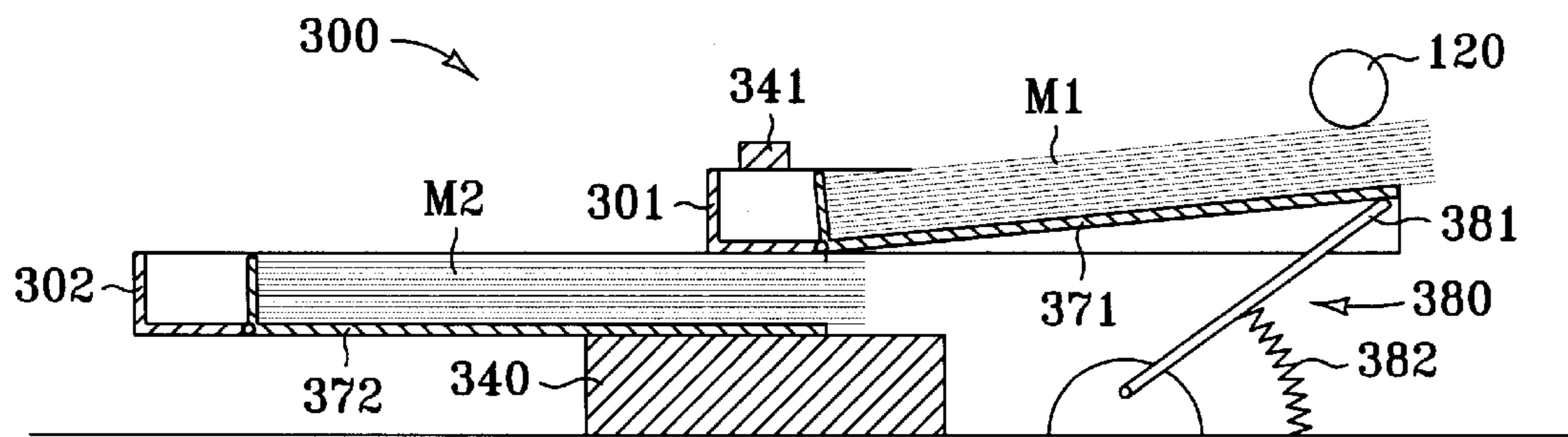


FIG. 6

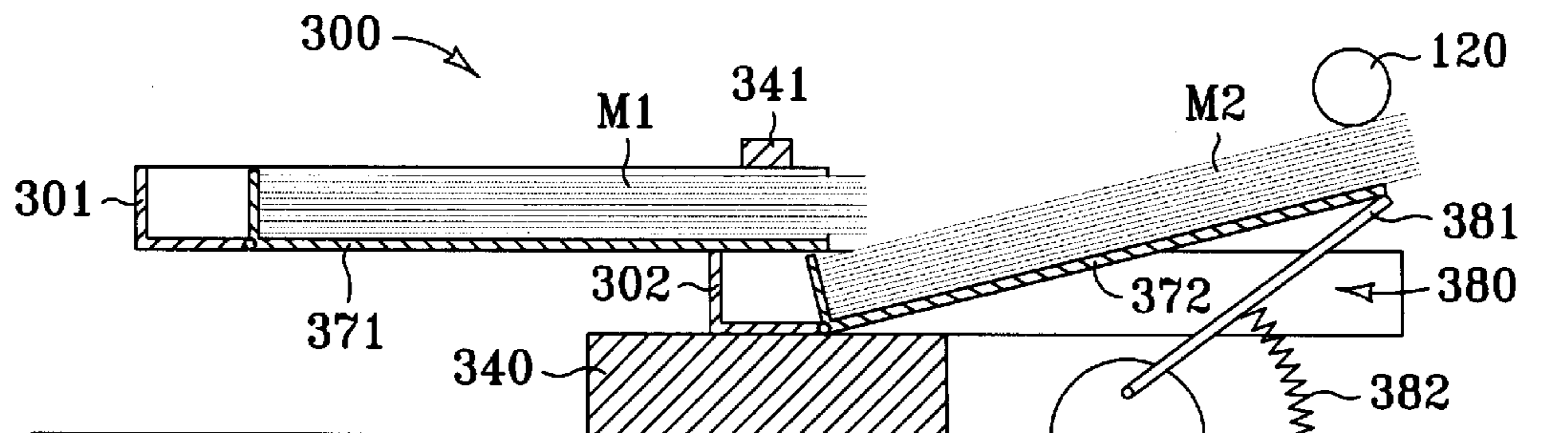


FIG. 7

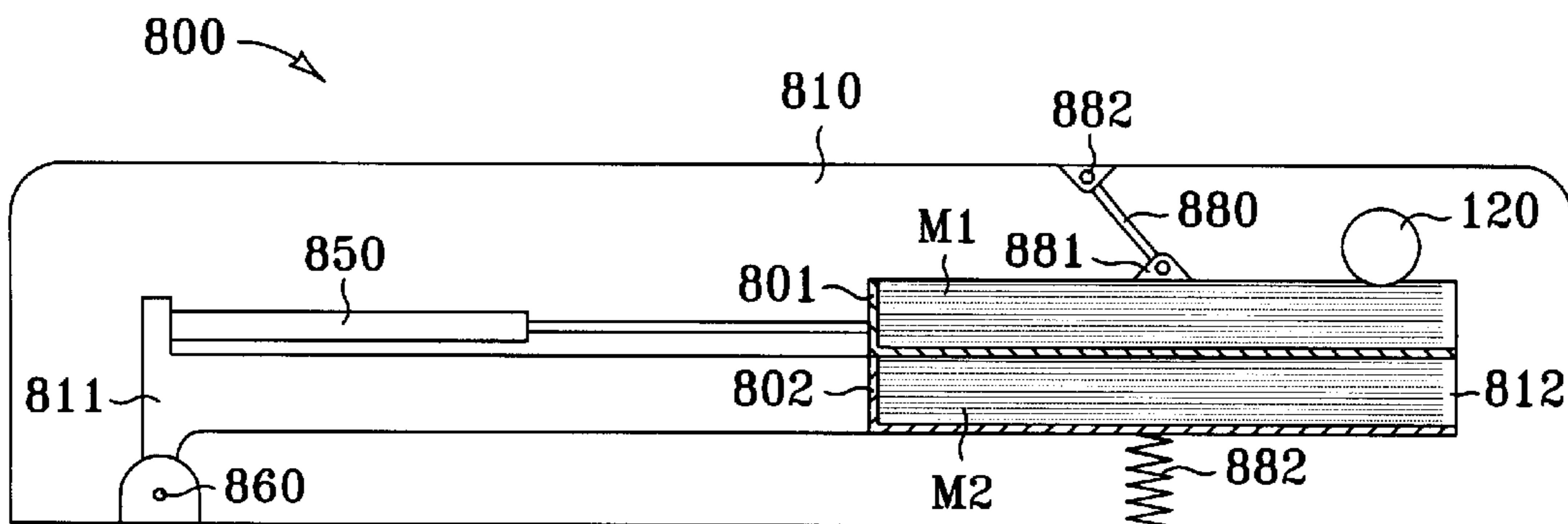


FIG. 8

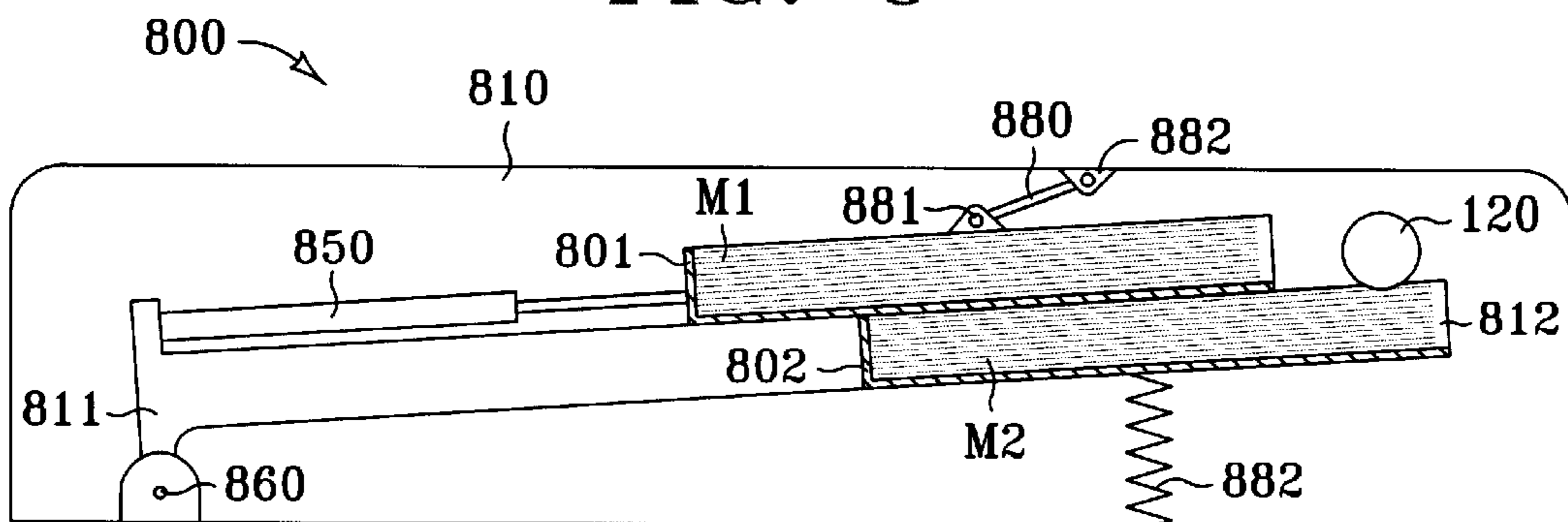


FIG. 9

**IMAGING APPARATUS AND METHODS****FIELD OF THE INVENTION**

The invention claimed and disclosed herein pertains to imaging apparatus and methods, and more specifically, to apparatus and methods for supporting multiple types of imaging media on an imaging device having only one pick roller.

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

Various forms of imaging devices are known in the art. Imaging devices are those devices that are configured to produce an image on an imaging media. Imaging devices are known by various names in accordance with specific applications thereof, which include those of printers, facsimile machines, photocopiers, and the like. Imaging devices can also include integral units (commonly known as "all-in-one" devices) which combine the functionality of two or more of the aforementioned exemplary imaging devices. Imaging media that is used in conjunction with the production of images is generally in the form of paper sheets, but can be in other forms such as plastic transparency sheets, envelopes, cardstock, and labels. In order to form an image, an imaging device deposits a substance such as ink, dye, toner, or the like onto the imaging media to form the image.

Prior art imaging devices are generally configured to accept more than one size and/or configuration of the imaging media in order to facilitate versatility of use. For example, a typical prior art imaging device can be configured to accept different sizes of paper sheets, and/or can be configured to accept envelopes in addition to letter-sized paper sheets. In general, the more basic economy imaging devices are configured to allow only one form of imaging media to be placed into the imaging device at a time. For example, a basic printer has only one imaging media tray that is adjustable so as to accept different sizes and types of imaging media.

In such a printer having only one media tray, the imaging media must be physically removed and replaced whenever the size or type of media is changed. For example, to print a document, a plurality of letter-sized paper sheets is placed into the media tray of the printer. The document is printed on the letter-sized sheets of paper. Then, to print an address on an envelope, the remaining letter-sized sheets of media are removed from the media tray, and an envelope is placed into the tray. The address is printed on the envelope. In order to print another document, the letter-sized imaging media would again be placed into the media tray of the printer.

Larger, more advanced imaging devices generally include a plurality of media trays for holding various types and/or sizes of imaging media or the like. For example, a typical prior art advanced printer generally has several media trays. In such a printer, one of the media trays is generally configured to hold standard letter-sized paper sheets, while another of the media trays is configured to hold legal-sized paper sheets. Yet another of the media trays can be configured to hold standard-sized envelopes. This type of arrangement can be advantageous because different types of imaging media and envelopes can be utilized in a single imaging device without the need for removal and replacement of the imaging media and/or envelopes each time a different type and/or size of media is called for.

However, with regard to these more advanced prior art imaging devices which employ a plurality of media trays, the media handling means which are configured to accom-

modate the multiple media trays can be overly complex and can occupy an extra amount of space. For example, such prior art imaging devices having a plurality of media trays employ a separate pick roller, and related drive and control system, for each media tray. In addition, multiple media paths and related media conveyance means are required to move each of the different types of media from the respective media tray to the imaging section where the image is transferred to the media.

What are needed then are imaging apparatus and methods which achieve the benefits to be derived from similar prior art methods and/or devices, but which avoid the shortcomings and detriments individually associated therewith.

**SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

The instant invention provides for supporting two or more types of imaging media on an imaging apparatus having only a single pick roller. That is, in accordance with various embodiments of the present invention, an imaging apparatus can employ a single pick roller to selectively pick one of two or more types of imaging media which are supported in respective media trays. This is accomplished by employing an actuating mechanism that is configured to selectively position any of the media trays relative to the pick roller so that the respective imaging media is presented to the pick roller for picking. These and other aspects and embodiments of the present invention will now be described in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings, wherein:

**DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

FIG. 1 is a schematic diagram which depicts an imaging apparatus in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 2 is a schematic diagram which depicts the imaging apparatus shown in FIG. 1, with the first and second media trays shown in different positions relative to the pick roller.

FIG. 3 is a side elevation sectional view of an imaging apparatus in accordance with another embodiment of the present invention, with some components not shown.

FIG. 4 is a side elevation sectional view of the imaging apparatus shown in FIG. 3, with the first and second media trays shown in different positions relative to the pick roller.

FIG. 5 is an end view of the imaging apparatus shown in FIGS. 3 and 4.

FIG. 6 is a side elevation sectional view of the imaging apparatus shown in FIGS. 3 through 5, with additional components shown.

FIG. 7 is a side elevation sectional view of the imaging apparatus shown in FIG. 6, with the first and second media trays shown in different positions relative to the pick roller.

FIG. 8 is a side elevation view of an imaging apparatus in accordance with yet another embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 9 is a side elevation view of the imaging apparatus shown in FIG. 8, with the first and second media trays shown in different positions relative to the pick roller.

**DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION**

Apparatus and methods in accordance with the instant invention provide for supporting multiple types of imaging media in respective media trays which, in turn, are supported on an imaging apparatus having only a single pick roller. Any of the imaging media can be selectively presented to the pick roller for picking.

That is, in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention, an imaging apparatus includes a first media tray configured to hold a first imaging media, and a second media tray configured to hold a second imaging media. The imaging apparatus also comprises a pick roller configured to selectively pick the first imaging media from the first media tray and the second media from the second media tray. In other words, the single pick roller is configured to selectively pick media from either the first media tray or the second media tray, one tray at a time. The movement of the first and second media trays can be facilitated by way of an actuating mechanism that is configured to control the movement of the first and second media trays relative to the pick roller.

In accordance with another embodiment of the present invention, an imaging apparatus includes a first media tray configured to hold a first imaging media, and a second media tray configured to hold a second imaging media. A pick roller is also included in the imaging apparatus, wherein the first media tray is configured to slide relative to the second media tray to facilitate selective presentation of the first imaging media and the second imaging media, one-at-a-time, to the pick roller for picking. An actuating mechanism can also be included, wherein the actuating mechanism is configured to control the movement of the first and second media trays relative to the pick roller.

Another imaging apparatus, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, includes a first media tray that has a first lift plate pivotally mounted to it, and wherein a first imaging media is supported on the first lift plate. Likewise, a second media tray is included that has a second lift plate pivotally mounted to it, wherein the second imaging media is supported on the second lift plate. An actuating mechanism can be included as well, wherein the actuating mechanism is configured to cause the first media tray to slide in a direction opposite of that of the second media tray. A lifting device is provided to contact the first and the second lifting plates, one-at-a-time, and to cause to pivot, the respective first and second lift plates. Such pivoting of the first and second lift plates results in presentation of the first and second imaging media, respectively, to a single pick roller on a selective basis.

In accordance with yet another embodiment of the present invention, a method of using a first imaging media and a second imaging media in an imaging device having a single pick roller includes supporting the first and the second imaging media on the imaging device simultaneously. The method also includes picking the first imaging media with the pick roller while the first and second media are simultaneously supported on the imaging device, and also includes picking the second imaging media with the pick roller while the first and second imaging media are simultaneously supported on the imaging device.

Turning now to FIG. 1, a schematic diagram is shown which depicts an imaging apparatus **100** in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention. The imaging apparatus comprises a first media tray **101** that is configured to hold a first imaging media **M1**. The imaging apparatus **100** also includes a second media tray **102** that is configured to hold a second imaging media **M2**.

A pick roller **120** is also included in the imaging apparatus **100**. The pick roller **120** is configured to selectively pick the first imaging media **M1** from the first media tray **101**, and is also configured to pick the second media **M2** from the second media tray **102**. That is, the single pick roller **120** is configured to pick both the first imaging media **M1** and the

second imaging media **M2** from the first and second media trays **101** and **102**, respectively.

Turning now to FIG. 2, another schematic diagram is shown which depicts the imaging apparatus **100** shown in FIG. 1. With reference now to both FIGS. 1 and 2, the use of the single pick roller **120** to pick the first and second imaging medias **M1** and **M2** is preferably facilitated by way of an actuating mechanism **130** that can be included in the imaging apparatus **100**. The actuating mechanism **130** is connected to the first media tray **101**, and can also be connected to the second media tray **102**.

The actuating mechanism **130** is configured to cause the first media tray **101** and the second media tray **102** to be positioned, one-at-a-time, relative to the pick roller **120** to thereby present the first imaging media **M1** and the second imaging media **M2**, respectively, to the pick roller for picking. That is, the actuating mechanism is configured to alternately present either the first imaging media **M1** or the second imaging media **M2** to the pick roller **120** for picking.

In other words, at any given point in time, either the first media tray **101** or the second media tray **102** is positioned so that either first imaging media **M1** or the second imaging media **M2**, respectively, is presented to the pick roller **120** for picking. For example, it can be assumed that, at a certain point in time, the first media tray **101** is positioned relative to the pick roller **120** so that the first imaging media **M1** is presented to the pick roller for picking. The first media tray **101** thus remains at this position while the pick roller **120** picks the required quantity of first imaging media **M1** from the first media tray.

When the second imaging media **M2** is needed at the pick roller **120** for picking, the actuating mechanism **130** is actuated so as to position the second media tray **102** relative to the pick roller so that the second imaging media is presented to the pick roller for picking. When the pick roller **120** finishes picking the required quantity of the second imaging media **M2**, and when the first imaging media **M1** is required at the pick roller for picking, the actuating mechanism **130** is actuated so as to position the first media tray **101** relative to the pick roller so that the first imaging media is presented to the pick roller for picking.

The actuating mechanism **130** can be configured to automatically change the positions of the first and second media trays **101** and **102** by way of an actuator (not shown) or the like, so as to alternately present the first imaging media **M1** and the second imaging media **M2** to the pick roller for picking. That is, the first imaging media **M1** and the second imaging media **M2** can be configured to be selectively alternately presented by the actuating mechanism to the pick roller **120** for picking in an automatic fashion by way of an actuator or the like (not show). Examples of how such an actuator can be so employed in conjunction with the present invention will be discussed below with regard to other embodiments of the present invention.

The imaging apparatus **100** can also include a controller **198** which is configured to automatically control the actuation of the actuating mechanism **130** in response to predetermined criteria. The predetermined criteria can be, for example, a signal from a host device (not shown) such as a personal computer or the like, to switch from one imaging media to the other. For example, in the case wherein the predetermined criteria is a signal from a personal computer, the signal can originate in a word processing program, wherein a specific type of imaging media is specified thereby.

More specifically, for example, a word processing program operating in a personal computer host device can

generate a signal which is sent to the controller **198**, wherein the signal specifies a change from the first imaging media **M1** to the second imaging media **M2**. Such a situation can arise in a case wherein a document is first printed on standard sheet media, and then an address is to be printed on envelope media.

In such a case, and by way of example only, predetermined criteria in the form of a signal originating from the word processing program is received by the controller **198**. In response, the controller **198** automatically controls the actuating mechanism **130** so as to present the standard sheet media (e.g. first imaging media **M1**) to the pick roller **120** for picking while the document is printed.

This is accomplished by causing the actuating mechanism **130** to position the respective media tray (e.g. first media tray **101**) relative to the pick roller **120**. When the required quantity of standard sheet media is picked by the pick roller **120**, the controller **198** controls the actuating mechanism **130** so as to then present the envelope media (e.g. second imaging media **M2**) to the pick roller **120** for picking while the address is printed on the envelope. When the required quantity of envelope media is picked by the pick roller **120**, and when the standard sheet media is again required at the pick roller, the controller **130** again repositions the first and second media trays **101** and **102** so that the standard sheet media is again presented to the pick roller **120** for picking.

Such control of the actuating mechanism **130** to alternately position the first and second media trays **101** and **102** relative to the pick roller **120** can alternatively, or additionally, be accomplished manually by way of an input device **199**. That is, the imaging apparatus **100** can comprise an input device **199** either in addition to, or as an alternative to, the controller **198**. The input device **199** is configured to control the actuation of the actuating mechanism in response to an input from an operator of the imaging apparatus **100**. For example, the input device **199** can be in the form of a switch or the like (not shown), which the operator can manipulate so as to position the first and second media trays **101** and **102** relative to the pick roller **120** in order to present the desired first or second imaging media **M1** and **M2** to the pick roller for picking.

In such a case, the operator can print a plurality of documents on the second imaging media **M2** by first positioning the second media tray **102** relative to the pick roller **120** so that the second imaging media is presented to the pick roller for picking, as is shown in FIG. **1**. The operator can then manipulate the input device **199** so that the actuating mechanism **130** changes the positions of the first and second media trays **101** and **102** to thereby present the first imaging media **M1** to the pick roller **120** for picking. The operator can then print a plurality of documents on the first imaging media **M1**.

As is seen from a study of FIGS. **1** and **2**, the imaging apparatus **100** can be configured so that the first media tray **101** and the second media tray **102** remain substantially parallel to one another. However, it is understood that the present invention is not intended to limit the first and second media trays **101** and **102** to being parallel to one another. Also, although the first and second media trays **101** and **102** are shown to be substantially aligned with one another, it is understood that the present invention is not intended to limit the first and second media trays to being aligned with one another, as will become apparent in later discussion.

Moving now to FIG. **3**, a side elevation sectional view is shown which depicts an imaging apparatus **300** in accordance with another embodiment of the present invention.

The imaging apparatus **300** comprises a first media tray **301** that is configured to hold the first imaging media **M1**. The imaging apparatus **300** also comprises a second media tray **302** that is configured to hold the second imaging media **M2**. As shown, the first imaging media **M1** and the second imaging media **M2** can each comprise a plurality of sheets of respective imaging media so as to form respective stacks of imaging media that are supported on the respective first and second media trays **301** and **302**.

The imaging apparatus **300** also comprises a pick roller **120** which is described above with respect to the imaging apparatus **100** which is shown in FIGS. **1** and **2**. As is further shown, the imaging apparatus **300** preferably comprises a chassis **340** on which the remainder of the apparatus can be supported. A frame **341** is also preferably included in the apparatus **300**, and is more preferably supported on the chassis. The frame **341** and the chassis **340** are preferably configured to remain stationary relative to the pick roller **120**. Furthermore, the frame **341** and the chassis **340** together can act to stabilize the first and the second media trays **301** and **302** as the trays move relative to the pick roller **120**. That is, the frame **341** preferably acts to maintain the functional alignment of the first and second media trays **301** and **302**.

As further shown in FIG. **3**, the first media tray **301** and the second media tray **302** are each preferably configured to function similarly to the first and second media trays **101** and **102** of the apparatus **100** which is described above and shown in FIGS. **1** and **2**. That is, the pick roller **120** is configured to selectively pick the first imaging media **M1** from the first media tray **301**, and is further configured to pick the second imaging media **M2** from the second media tray **302**, wherein respective imaging media is picked from one tray at a time.

Preferably, the first media tray **301** of the imaging apparatus **300** is slidably disposed upon the second media tray **302** of the apparatus. Accordingly, the first media tray **301** is configured to slide relative to the second media tray in order to facilitate selective presentation of the first imaging media **M1** and the second imaging media **M2**, one-at-a-time, to the pick roller for picking. That is, in the manner described above with respect to the imaging apparatus **100**, the imaging apparatus **300** is configured so that the first media tray **301** and the second media tray **302** can be positioned, one-at-a-time relative to the pick roller **120** to thereby present the first media **M1** and the second media **M2**, respectively, to the pick roller for picking.

In order to facilitate the alternate presentation of the first imaging media **M1** and the second imaging media **M2** to the pick roller **120**, the imaging apparatus **300** preferably comprises an actuating mechanism **350**. The actuating mechanism **350** comprises a gear rack **351** that is supported on the first media tray **301**. The actuating mechanism **350** also comprises a pinion gear **353** that is meshingly engaged with the gear rack **351**. As is seen from a study of FIG. **3**, the rotation of the pinion gear **353** causes the first media tray **301** to slide relative to the second media tray **302**.

Turning now to FIG. **4**, another side elevation sectional view is shown which depicts the imaging apparatus **300** that is shown in FIG. **3**. It is evident that FIGS. **3** and **4** are identical, with the exception that the first and second media trays **301** and **302** are shown in opposite positions relative to the pick roller **120**. As is also seen, the actuating mechanism **350** preferably comprises a pair of gear racks **351**, wherein one of the gear racks is supported on the first media tray **301**, and the other of the gear racks is supported on the second



media tray **302**. Accordingly, the pinion gear **353** is preferably meshingly engaged with each of the gear racks **351**.

It is understood from a study of FIGS. **3** and **4**, that an operator can manipulate the first and second media trays **301** and **302** so as to selectively and alternatively position each media tray relative to the pick roller **120** so that either the first media **M1** or the second media **M2** is presented to the pick roller for picking. That is, in accordance with the present invention, the first and/or second media trays **301** and **302** can be moved manually by an operator so as to selectively position either the first media tray **301** or the second media tray **302** at the pick roller **120** so as to present either the first media **M1** or the second media **M2** to the pick roller for picking.

Turning now to FIG. **5**, an end view is shown of the apparatus **300** which is shown in FIGS. **3** and **4**. As is seen in FIG. **5**, the imaging apparatus **300** preferably comprises an actuator **360** that is configured to cause the pinion gear **353** to rotate. The actuator **360** can be, for example, a rotary actuator such as a stepper motor or the like. As is also seen, the frame **341** and the chassis **340** preferably surround both the first and second media trays **301** and **302** so as to stabilize the trays during movement thereof. It is understood that, for reasons of clarity, FIGS. **3** through **5** show only a portion of the components that are contemplated for inclusion into the imaging apparatus **300**, and that other components will be described below with reference to additional figures.

Returning now to FIGS. **3** and **4**, it is seen that, rotation of the pinion gear **353** in a first direction causes the first media tray **301** to move toward the pick roller **120**, while rotation of the pinion gear in a second direction opposite the first direction causes the first media tray to move away from the pick roller. Likewise, rotation of the pinion gear **353** in the first direction can cause the second media tray **302** to move away from the pick roller **120**, while rotation of the pinion gear in the second direction can cause the second media tray to move toward the pick roller.

Turning now to FIGS. **6** and **7**, respective side elevation sectional views are shown of the imaging apparatus **300** that is depicted in FIGS. **3** through **5**. As is evident from an examination of FIGS. **6** and **7**, additional components of the apparatus **300** are shown which are omitted from FIGS. **3** through **5** for reasons of clarity, as explained above. It is also understood that other components of the imaging apparatus **300** which are described above and shown in FIGS. **3** through **5** have been omitted from FIGS. **6** and **7** for reasons of clarity.

With reference to FIGS. **6** and **7**, the imaging apparatus **300** can additionally comprise a first lift plate **371** that is configured to support thereon the first imaging media **M1**. The first lift plate **371** is pivotally connected to the first media tray **301** so as to be pivotable relative thereto as shown. Likewise, the imaging apparatus **300** can also comprise a second lift plate **372** that is configured to support thereon the second imaging media **M2**. Similarly, the second lift plate **372** is pivotally connected to the second media tray **302** so as to be pivotable relative thereto as is also shown.

The apparatus **300** preferably comprises a lifting device **380** positioned as shown relative to the pick roller **120** and to the first and second media trays **301** and **302**. The lifting device **380** is configured to cause the first lift plate **371** and the second lift plate **372** to pivot, one-at-a-time, relative to the first media tray **301** and to the second media tray **302**, respectively, in order to facilitate presentation of the first imaging media **M1** and the second imaging media **M2**,

respectively, to the pick roller **120** for picking. The lifting device **380** preferably comprises a lifting member **381** that is configured to pivot relative to the first and second media trays **301** and **302**. The lifting device **380** also preferably comprises a biasing member **382** configured to contact the lifting member **381** and to thereby urge the lifting member toward the first lift plate **371** and toward the second lift plate **372** to facilitate pivoting thereof by the lifting member.

It is understood that the lifting device **380** can be a passive lifting device or an active lifting device. That is, the lifting device **380** can be configured to perform passively, wherein the biasing member **382** is a resilient member such as a spring or the like. In such a passively operational configuration, the lifting device **380** depends upon the movement of the first and second media trays **301** and **302** there against in order to perform its function. Alternatively, the lifting device **380** can be configured to perform actively, wherein the biasing member **382** is an actively controlled actuator or the like. In such an actively operational configuration, the lifting device functions actively in response to a signal from a controller or the like, such as the controller **198** shown in FIGS. **1** and **2**.

Thus, as shown in FIG. **6**, wherein the lifting device **380** is configured to operate passively, it is seen that the movement of the first media tray **301** toward the pick roller **120** causes the first lift plate **371** to contact the lifting member **381**, and to thereby pivot so as to present the first media **M1** to the pick roller **120**. Likewise, as shown in FIG. **7**, movement of the second media tray **302** toward the pick roller **120** causes the second lift plate **372** to contact the lifting member **381**, and to thereby pivot so as to present the second media **M2** to the pick roller **120**.

It is also seen, with reference to FIGS. **3** and **4** as well as FIGS. **6** and **7**, that rotation of the pinion gear **353** in a first direction causes the first imaging media **M1** to be presented to the pick roller **120**, while rotation of the pinion gear in a second direction opposite the first direction causes the second imaging media **M2** to be presented to the pick roller **120**. As explained above, such rotation of the pinion gear **353** can be caused by manual movement by an operator of the first and/or second media trays **301** and **302**, or by automatic rotation of the pinion gear by way of the actuator **360**.

Now moving to FIGS. **8** and **9**, respective side elevation views are shown in which an imaging apparatus **800** is depicted in accordance with yet another embodiment of the present invention. The imaging apparatus **800** comprises a first media tray **801** configured to hold the first imaging media **M1**. A second media tray **802** is also included in the imaging apparatus **800**, wherein the second media tray is configured to hold a second imaging media **M2**. The imaging apparatus also comprises a pick roller **120** that is configured to selectively pick the first imaging media **M1** from the first media tray **801**, and the second imaging media **M2** from the second media tray **802**, wherein the respective media is picked from one tray at a time.

The imaging apparatus **800** also preferably comprises an actuating mechanism **880** that is connected to the first media tray **801**. The actuating mechanism **880** is preferably configured to cause the first media tray **801** and the second media tray **802** to be positioned, one-at-a-time, relative to the pick roller **120** to thereby present the first imaging media **M1** and the second imaging media **M2** to the pick roller for picking. That is, the imaging apparatus **800** is configured to selectively alternately present the first imaging media **M1** and the second imaging media **M2** to the pick roller.

Preferably, the apparatus **800** also comprises a chassis **810** that is configured to serve as a structural support for one or more components of the apparatus. The pick roller **120** is preferably operationally supported on the chassis **810** as shown. The second media tray **802** is also preferably movably supported on the chassis **810**, while the first media tray **801** is slidably supported on the second media tray. That is, the first media tray **801** is preferably supported on the second media tray **802** so as to slide relative thereto as suggested by an examination of both FIGS. **8** and **9**.

More specifically, sliding the first media tray **801** in a first direction relative to the second media tray **802** results in presentation of the first imaging media to the pick roller for picking. Likewise, sliding the first media tray **801** in a second direction, which is opposite of the first direction, results in presentation of the second imaging media **M2** to the pick roller **120** for picking.

A pivot axis **860** can be defined on the second media tray **802**, as shown. The second media tray **802** can thus be pivotally connected to the chassis **810** and thereby configured to pivot about the pivot axis **860**. As is seen from a study of both FIGS. **8** and **9**, movement of the first media tray **801** relative to the second media tray **802** causes the second media tray to pivot about the pivot axis **860**. This pivoting of the second media tray **802** as the result of movement relative thereto of the first media tray **801** can be achieved by way of the operation of the actuating mechanism **880**.

Preferably, the actuating mechanism **880** is in the form of an elongated member, as shown. The actuating mechanism **880**, in the form of an elongated member, has a first end **881** that is pivotally connected to the first media tray **801**, and a distal opposite second end **882** that is pivotally connected to the chassis **810**. Thus, as is seen from an examination of both FIGS. **8** and **9**, the actuating mechanism **880** causes the first media tray **801**, when sliding relative to the second media tray **802**, to move in a substantially arcuate manner about the second end **882** and relative to the chassis **810**.

It is understood that the actuating mechanism **880** can be configured in any of several possible manners. For example, as an alternative to the configuration of the actuating mechanism **880** which is described above and shown in FIGS. **8** and **9**, the actuating mechanism can comprise a cam surface (not shown) and a cam follower (not shown). More specifically, in such an alternative configuration, the cam surface can be supported or defined on the chassis **810**. Likewise, the cam follower can be mounted on the first media tray **801** and configured to follow the cam surface as the result of movement of the first media tray relative to the second media tray **802**.

As a view of FIGS. **8** and **9** reveals, the second media tray **802** can have a first end **811** and an opposite distal second end **812**. The second imaging media **M2** is preferably positioned proximate the second end **812** as shown, while the pivot axis **860** is preferably defined proximate the first end **811**. As is also revealed from a study of FIGS. **8** and **9**, movement of the first media tray **801** toward the second end of the second media tray **802** results in the presentation of the first media **M1** to the pick roller **120**, while movement of the first media tray toward the first end **811** of the second media tray results in presentation of the second media **M2** to the pick roller. As is further seen, the first media tray **801** and the second media tray **802** preferably remain substantially parallel to one another.

The imaging apparatus **800** preferably comprises a biasing member **882** which is connected between the chassis **810**

and the second media tray **802**. The biasing member **882** is preferably configured to bias the second media tray **802** toward the pick roller **120**. The imaging apparatus **800** also preferably comprises an actuator **850**. The actuator **850** is preferably connected to the first media tray **801** and is configured to selectively cause the first media tray to slide relative to the second media tray **802** to facilitate presentation of the first media **M1** and the second media **M2**, one-at-a-time, to the pick roller **120** for picking. It is understood that the actuator **850** can have one of many possible alternative positions and configurations other than that specifically shown.

As shown, the actuator **850** can be in the form of a linear actuator as shown, which can include, for example, a hydraulic or pneumatic cylinder assembly, a linear motor, or the like. The actuator **850**, when configured as a linear actuator, can be connected between the first media tray **801** and the second media tray **802** as shown. Alternatively, the actuator **850**, when configured as a linear actuator, can be connected, by way of pivot connections (not shown), between the first media tray **801** and the chassis **810**.

As yet a further alternative, the actuator **850** and the actuating mechanism **880** can be integrated with one another. For example, the actuating mechanism **880** can be alternatively replaced by a rotary actuator (not shown) connected between the chassis **810** and the first media tray **801**, and which is configured to serve as both the actuating device as well as the actuator to move the first media tray relative to the second media tray **802**.

In accordance with yet another embodiment of the present invention, a method of using a first imaging media and a second imaging media in an imaging apparatus having a pick roller is disclosed. The method includes supporting the first imaging media and the second imaging media on the imaging apparatus simultaneously. While the first imaging media and the second imaging media are supported simultaneously on the imaging apparatus, the first imaging media is picked by the pick roller. Likewise, the second imaging media is also picked by the pick roller while the first imaging media and the second imaging media are supported simultaneously on the imaging apparatus.

That is, while the first imaging media and the second imaging media are supported on the imaging apparatus, the first imaging media is presented to the pick roller for picking by moving the first imaging media into contact with the pick roller. When the second imaging media is to be picked, the first imaging media is moved out of contact with the pick roller, and the second imaging media is presented to the pick roller by moving the second imaging media into contact with the pick roller.

While the above invention has been described in language more or less specific as to structural and methodical features, it is to be understood, however, that the invention is not limited to the specific features shown and described, since the means herein disclosed comprise preferred forms of putting the invention into effect. The invention is, therefore, claimed in any of its forms or modifications within the proper scope of the appended claims appropriately interpreted in accordance with the doctrine of equivalents.

What is claimed is:

1. An imaging apparatus, comprising:

- a first media tray configured to hold a first imaging media;
- a second media tray configured to hold a second imaging media, wherein the first media tray is slidably disposed upon the second media tray; and,
- a pick roller, wherein the first media tray is configured to slide relative to the second media tray to facilitate

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selective presentation of the first imaging media and the second imaging media, one-at-a-time, to the pick roller for picking;

a pair of gear racks, wherein one of the gear racks is supported on the first media tray and the other of the gear racks is supported on the second media tray; and, a pinion gear meshingly engaged with both of the gear racks, wherein rotation of the pinion gear in a first direction causes the first imaging media to be presented to the pick roller, and rotation of the pinion gear in a second direction opposite the first direction causes the second imaging media to be presented to the pick roller.

**2.** An imaging apparatus, comprising:

a first media tray having a first lift plate pivotally mounted thereto, wherein the first lift plate is configured to support thereon a first imaging media;

a second media tray having a second lift plate pivotally mounted thereto, wherein the second lift plate is configured to support thereon a second imaging media, wherein the first media tray is slidably mounted on the second media tray and configured to slide relative thereto;

an actuating mechanism configured to control movement of the first media tray relative to the second media tray;

a lifting device comprising a lifting member and a biasing member, wherein the lifting member is biased toward the first and second lifting plates by the biasing member to thereby contact the first lift plate and the second lift plate, one-at-a-time, and as the result of movement of the first media tray relative to the second media tray, wherein such contact of the lifting member with the first lifting plate and the second lifting plate results in pivoting of the first lifting plate and the second lifting plate, respectively; and,

a pick roller, wherein the pivoting of the first lift plate and the second lift plate results in presentation of the first imaging media and the second imaging media, respectively, one-at-a-time, to the pick roller for picking.

**3.** The imaging apparatus of claim **2**, wherein the actuating mechanism comprises:

a pair of gear racks, wherein one of the gear racks is supported on the first media tray and the other of the gear racks is supported on the second media tray;

a pinion gear meshingly engaged with each of the gear racks, wherein:

rotation of the pinion gear causes the first media tray to slide relative to the second media tray;

rotation of the pinion gear in a first direction causes the first imaging media to be presented to the pick roller; and,

rotation of the pinion gear in a second direction opposite of the first direction causes the second imaging media to be presented to the pick roller.

**4.** An imaging apparatus, comprising:

a chassis;

a pick roller operationally supported on the chassis;

a first media tray configured to hold a first imaging media;

an actuating mechanism operatively connected between the chassis and the first media tray; and,

a second media tray movably supported on the chassis, and configured to hold a second imaging media, wherein:

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the first media tray is slidably supported on the second media tray;

the first media tray is slidable in a first direction relative to the second media tray;

the first media tray is slidable in a second direction relative to the second media tray;

sliding of the first media tray in the first direction results in presentation of the first imaging media to the pick roller for picking; and,

sliding of the first media tray in the second direction results in presentation of the second imaging media to the pick roller for picking.

**5.** The imaging apparatus of claim **4**, and wherein:

a pivot axis is defined on the second media tray;

the second media tray is pivotally connected to the chassis and thereby configured to pivot about the pivot axis; and,

movement of the first media tray relative to the second media tray causes the second media tray to pivot about the pivot axis.

**6.** The imaging apparatus of claim **4**, and wherein:

the second media tray has a first end and an opposite distal second end;

the second imaging media is positioned proximate the first end of the second media tray;

the first media tray, when sliding in the first direction, moves toward the first end of the second media tray; and,

the first media tray, when sliding in the second direction, moves toward the second end of the second media tray.

**7.** The imaging apparatus of claim **5**, and wherein:

the second media tray has a first end and an opposite distal second end;

the second imaging media is positioned proximate the first end of the second media tray;

the pivot axis is positioned proximate the second end of the second media tray;

the first media tray, when sliding in the first direction, moves toward the first end of the second media tray; and,

the first media tray, when sliding in the second direction, moves toward the second end of the second media tray.

**8.** The imaging apparatus of claim **7**, and further comprising an actuator that is configured to cause the second media tray to move relative to the first media tray.

**9.** The imaging apparatus of claim **4**, and wherein the actuating mechanism is substantially in the form of an elongated member having a first end pivotally connected to the first media tray, and a distal opposite second end pivotally connected to the chassis, wherein operation of the actuating mechanism causes the first media tray to move in a substantially arcuate manner relative to the chassis.

**10.** The imaging apparatus of claim **4**, and wherein the first media tray and the second media tray remain substantially parallel to one another.

**11.** The imaging apparatus of claim **4**, and further comprising a biasing member connected between the chassis and the second media tray, and configured to bias the second media tray toward the pick roller.