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(54) **APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR TRANSMITTING DOCUMENTS BETWEEN A SERVER COMPUTER AND A CLIENT COMPUTER**

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(52) **U.S. Cl.** **709/203; 709/245**

(58) **Field of Search** 709/200, 232, 709/245, 203, 223, 224, 227, 217-219, 247; 707/10, 1, 6, 103; 705/26

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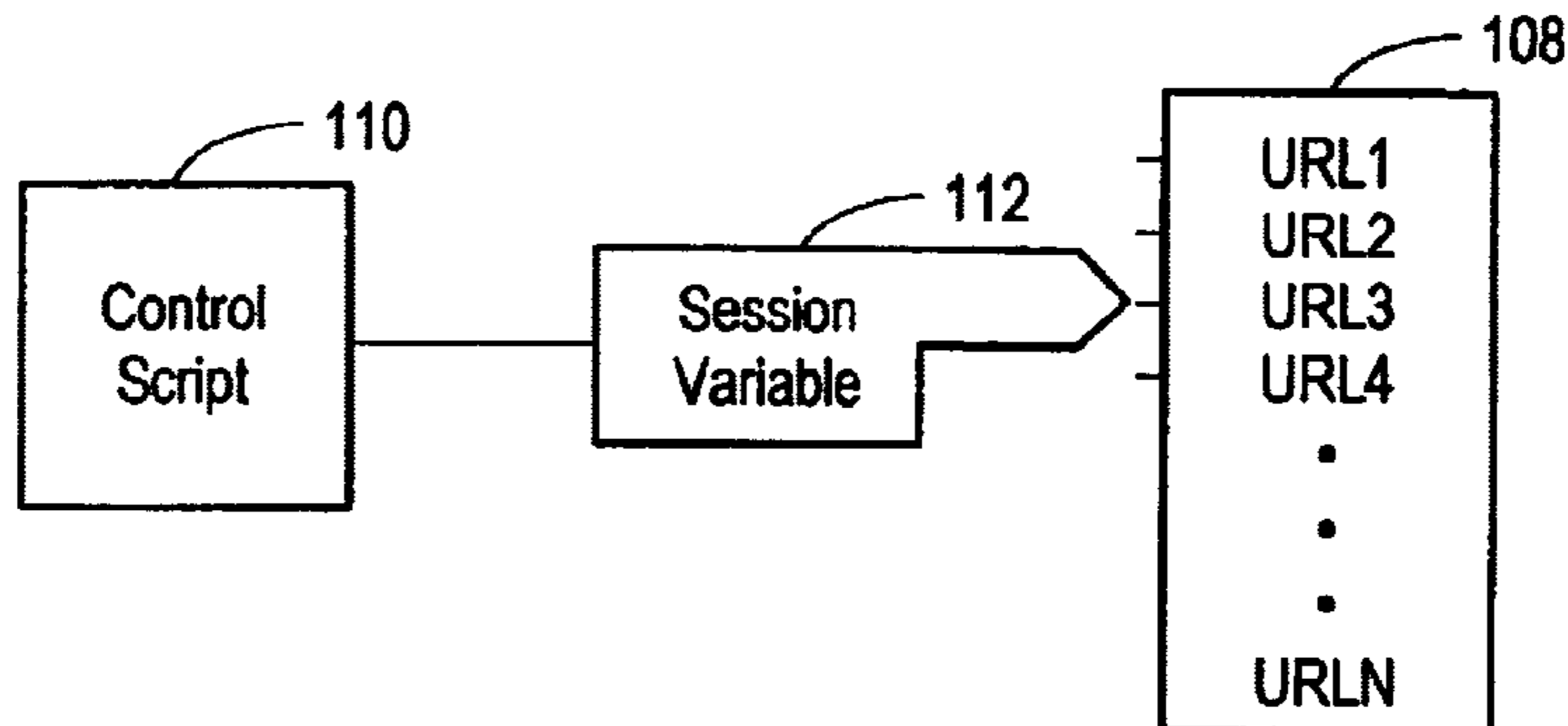
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

An apparatus for transmitting a set of documents from a server computer to a client computer utilizes a document list of document identifiers for automatically and repetitively transmitting selected documents from the server computer to the client computer. To that end, the apparatus first receives a first download request from the client computer. Once the request is received, then the document list is accessed to identify the identifier of a first document in the document list. Once identified, the first document and a controller are transmitted to the client computer. The controller controls the client computer to transmit a second download request to the server computer after a predetermined condition is satisfied. The predetermined condition may be the passing of a predetermined amount of time and the controller is a tag with in the first document.

60 Claims, 2 Drawing Sheets



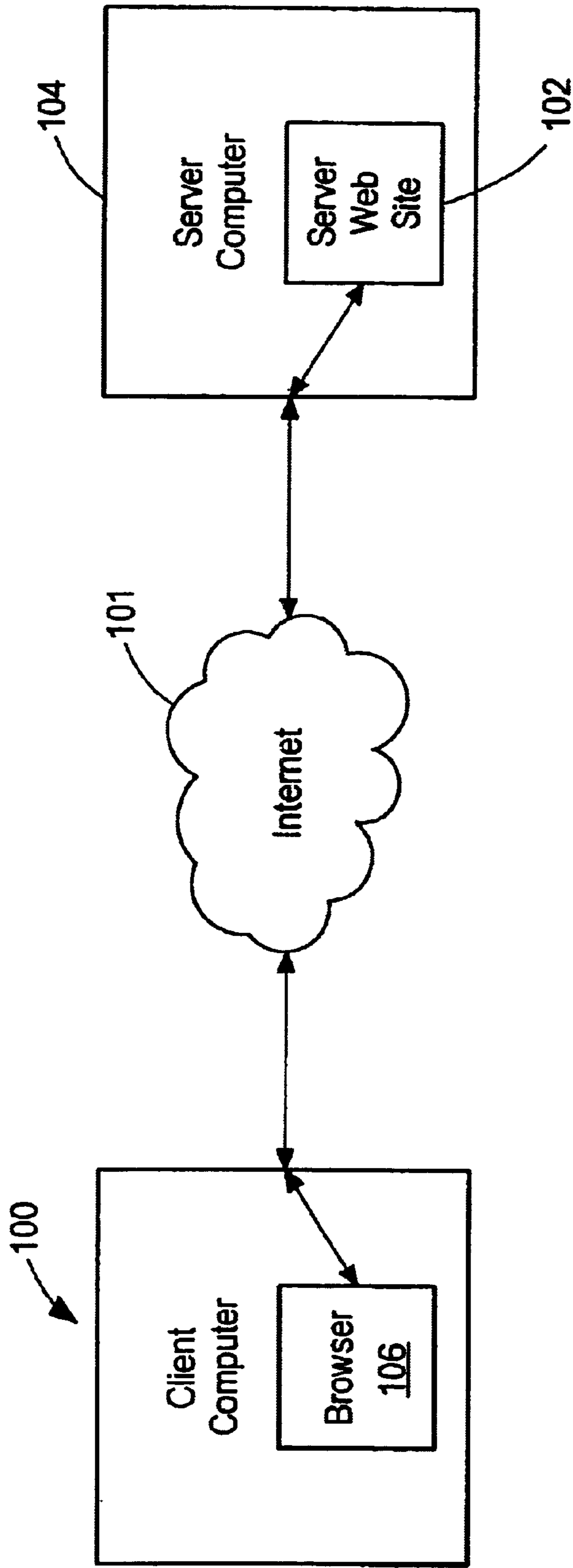


FIG. 1

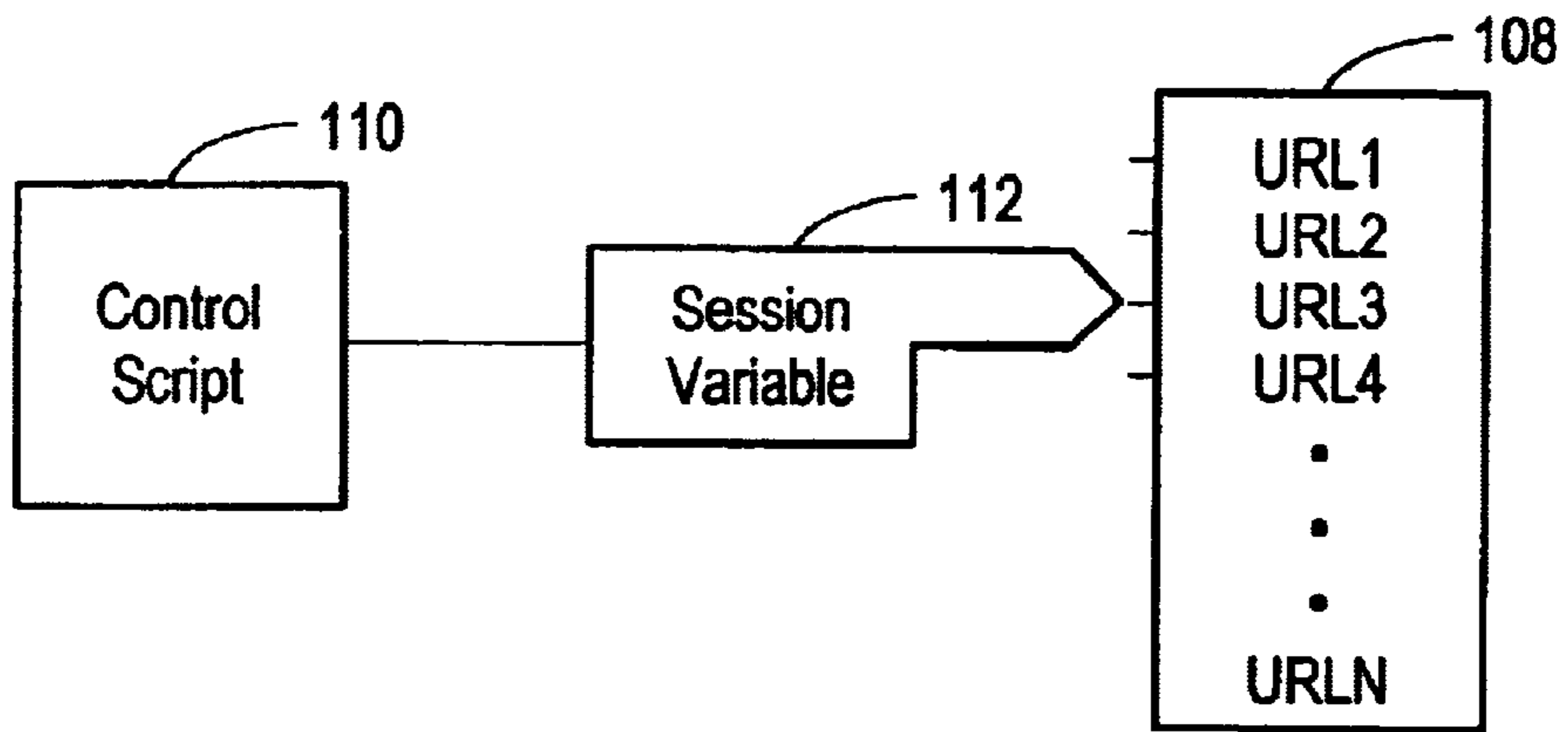


FIG. 2

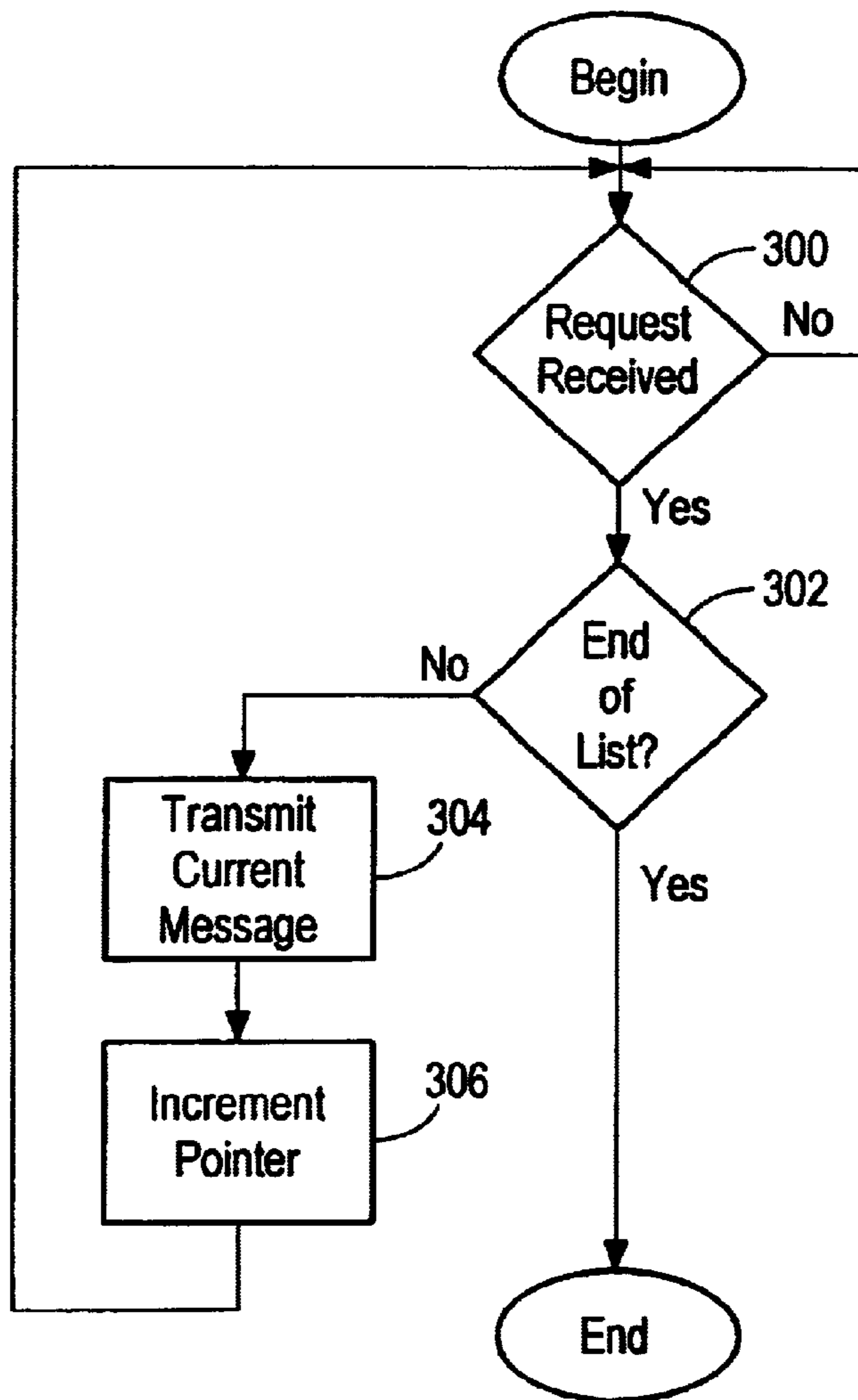


FIG. 3

**APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR
TRANSMITTING DOCUMENTS BETWEEN A
SERVER COMPUTER AND A CLIENT
COMPUTER**

PRIORITY

This application claims priority from copending U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/074,920, filed Feb. 17, 1998, entitled "APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR TRANSMITTING DOCUMENTS BETWEEN A SERVER COMPUTER AND A CLIENT COMPUTER", the disclosure of which is incorporated herein, in its entirety, by reference.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention generally relates to data transmission networks and, more particularly, to transmitting data between a client computer and a server computer.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The World Wide Web is a collection of server computers connected to the Internet that utilize the Hypertext Transfer Protocol ("HTTP"). HTTP is a known application protocol that provides users with access to documents (e.g., web pages) written in a standard mark-up page description language-known as Hypertext Markup Language ("HTML"). HTTP is used to transmit HTML web pages between a remote computer (e.g., a server) and a local computer in a form that is understandable to browser software (e.g., Netscape Navigator™, available from Netscape Communications Corporation of Mountain View, Calif.) executing on the local computer. A local computer ("client computer") "accesses" a web page by downloading the HTML code that makes up the web page. Once downloaded, the browser software interprets the HTML within the page, and displays a graphical representation of the page (defined by the HTML code) upon a client-side display device.

Like most software, browser software and server software typically are tested prior to distribution. Currently, browser and server software often are tested by manually downloading many web pages onto a client computer in a repetitive fashion. It is not uncommon for a single page to be downloaded several hundred times for such testing purposes. In a similar manner, computer graphical subsystems (e.g., the INTENSE 3D® graphics accelerator, available from Intergraph Corporation of Huntsville, Ala.) commonly are tested by manually and repetitively downloading graphics intensive web pages. Both testing processes require that a person manually download each of the required pages, however, thus increasing the ultimate cost of the product being tested.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In accordance with one aspect of the invention, an apparatus for transmitting a set of documents from a server computer to a client computer utilizes a document list of document identifiers for automatically and repetitively transmitting selected documents from the server computer to the client computer. To that end, the apparatus first receives a first download request from the client computer. Once the request is received, then the document list is accessed to identify the identifier of a first document in the document list. Once identified, the first document and a controller are transmitted to the client computer. The controller controls the client computer to transmit a second download request to the server computer after a predetermined condition is

satisfied. In some embodiments, the predetermined condition is the passing of a predetermined amount of time and the controller is a tag within the first document.

In accordance with other aspects of the invention, in response to receipt of the second download request, the server again accesses the document list to identify the identifier of a second document in the document list. Once identified, the second document is transmitted to the client computer. In preferred embodiments, the document list is stored in memory of the server computer, and includes a plurality of sublists that are directed to documents having at least one preselected attribute (e.g., the existence of graphical images in the document). In additional embodiments, an information displayer also is transmitted to the client computer after the identifier of the first document is identified. The information displayer controls the client computer to display information relating to each of the documents received by the client computer.

In accordance with another aspect of the invention, the document is a World Wide Web page and the server is a World Wide Web server. In such case, the identifier is a uniform resource locator.

In accordance with still another aspect of the invention, an apparatus and method of transmitting a set of documents from a server to a client computer utilizes a selector that, in response to receipt of a download request message, selects one of the set of documents based upon information not in the download request. For example, the download request message may include a request to download the selector itself, or it may be a message that merely requests that the selector provide transmit any document (i.e., one of the documents in the set of documents). Accordingly, in preferred embodiments, the download message includes no address information identifying the selected document to be transmitted.

In still other aspects of the invention, the apparatus is a computer program product for use on a computer system. The computer program product includes a computer usable medium having computer readable program code thereon.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The foregoing and advantages of the invention will be appreciated more fully from the following further description thereof with reference to the accompanying drawings wherein:

FIG. 1 schematically shows a commonly used network arrangement in which a client computer system may communicate with a network site via the Internet.

FIG. 2 shows a preferred embodiment of the invention in which a control script maintains the state of a document list.

FIG. 3 shows a preferred process utilized by a server computer for automatically uploading web pages to the client computer.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED
EMBODIMENTS

FIG. 1 schematically shows a commonly used network arrangement in which a (local) client computer system **100** may communicate with a network site via the Internet **101**. When utilized with a preferred embodiment of the invention, the network site is a World Wide Web site ("web site **102**") on a server computer system **104** that may be accessed by browser software **106** on the client computer system **100**. The web site **102** preferably includes server software, and one or more web pages that may be downloaded by the browser **106** onto the client computer **100**.

In accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention, selected web pages at the web site **102** are serially and automatically downloaded onto the client computer **100**. To that end, the HTML code of each of the selected web pages first is modified to include a controller such as, for example, a "META-REFRESH" tag (see below). As discussed in greater detail below, the controller causes the client computer **100** to issue a subsequent download request to the server **104** for another network document (i.e., a web page). Once modified to include the controller, the uniform resource locator ("URU") of each such modified web page is added to a document list **108**. FIG. 2 shows one embodiment of such a document list **108** having "N" web pages. Each of the web pages identified in the document list **108** is transmitted to the client computer **100** by means of a control script **110** (i.e., a software program on the server computer **104**). As discussed in greater detail below, the control script **110** preferably utilizes a session variable **112** to determine the order in which each of the selected web pages in the document list **108** are to be transmitted to the client computer **100**.

FIG. 3 shows a preferred process utilized by the server computer **104** for automatically uploading web pages from the server computer **104** to the client computer **100**. It should be noted that the entire apparatus for performing such process preferably is located on the server computer **104**. Accordingly, the client computer **100** requires no specialized software or other apparatus to perform the process. In alternative embodiments, the apparatus may be located remotely from the server computer **104**.

The process begins at step **300** in which it is determined if a download request from the client computer **100** is received by the server computer **104**. For reasons discussed in detail below, the download request preferably is a request to download the control script **110**. Although not downloaded, the control script **110** performs a number of functions (noted below) upon receipt of the download request.

The first download request from the client computer **100** may be initiated in accord with many methods. For example, in preferred embodiments, the client computer **100** may download a home web page (from the server computer **104**) having a graphical user interface ("GUI") for initiating the request. The GUI may include a button having indicia such as "LAUNCH TEST" that, when selected, designates the control script **110** as the target web page to be downloaded. Once selected, a series of configuration menus may be displayed. In preferred embodiments, a "WEB PAGE TYPE" configuration menu may enable a user to select one or more of several types of web pages to download. Among those types of web pages are those with certain types of detailed graphical indicia, or those with plain text. Additional types of web pages also may be those having portions within the HTML code that are written in certain languages (e.g., JAVASCRIPT or PERL), or those having multimedia applications. A user may select the type of web page to download based upon the product being tested. For example, if testing a graphics subsystem, web pages with detailed graphical indicia may be selected. Conversely, if testing a network connection, web pages with plain text may be selected.

Accordingly, the first download request preferably is generated by selecting the "LAUNCH TEST" button, or in response to a call produced by a controller (e.g., a META-REFRESH tag) within a displayed page. In other embodiments, the first download request may be generated by a JAVA applet or other program.

Once the request is received, the process continues to step **302** in which the control script **110** determines if the session variable **112** is pointing to the end of the document list **108**. In preferred embodiments, the session variable **112** is included in the Microsoft INFORMATION SERVER™ server software, version 3.0, available from Microsoft Corp of Redmond, Wash. The INFORMATION SERVER™ server software typically is utilized with the Microsoft NT™ operating system, also available from Microsoft Corp. The control script **110** is programmed to manipulate the session variable **112** to point to the URL of a web page (in the list **108**) that is to be transmitted to the client computer **100** (i.e., the "current URL" or "current page"). Although a session variable **112** is discussed, however, it should be noted that other methods of determining the current URL in the document list **108** may be utilized. For example, the control script **110** may be written to include its own pointer. In other embodiments, the current URL may be maintained in a database or in a text file.

The control script **110** preferably is written in ACTIVE SERVER PAGE® language ("ASP"). In alternative embodiments, the control script **110** is written in PERL or JAVASCRIPT. Other known programming languages may be utilized in lieu of those mentioned.

The process ends if it is determined at step **302** that the end of the list **108** has been reached. Conversely, if it is determined at step **302** that the end of the list **108** has not been reached, then the process continues to step **304** in which the current page (i.e., the current page and its associated controller) is transmitted to the client computer **100**. Once the current page is transmitted, the process continues to step **306** in which the session variable **112** (i.e., the pointer) is incremented to the next URL in the list **108**. The process then loops back to step **300** in which the server computer **104** waits to receive another download request from the client computer **100**.

Preferred embodiments are not intended to be limited to a list as shown in FIG. 2. Other methods of utilizing a set of documents in the described manner may be employed. For example, documents may be dynamically modified and added to the set of documents, and then transmitted to the client computer **100**.

As noted above, the HTML code of each web page to be transmitted to the client computer **100** is modified to include a controller, such as the META REFRESH tag, that causes the client computer **100** to transmit a subsequent download request to the server computer **104** after the web page is downloaded. Accordingly, each web page transmitted to the client computer **100** preferably is modified. Absent such modification, preferred embodiments will not operate as desired. For more information on the META REFRESH tag, as well as other HTML tags, see, for example, the "HTML 4.0 Specification W3C Working Draft, Sep. 17, 1997" at <http://www.w3.org/VWD-html40/html40.txt>.

As is known in the art, the META REFRESH tag includes both a time variable and a target variable, and is located in the header portion of a web page. The time variable in each web page (preferably set by a preconfiguration utility) determines the total amount of time that the web page is to be displayed by the client computer **100**. The target variable in each page (also preferably set by a configuration utility) designates the web page or other document that is to be called upon expiration of the total amount of time designated by the time variable. In preferred embodiments, the target variable is set to the URL of the control script **110**. As mentioned above, the control script **110** responds to a

request from the client computer **100** at step **300** (FIG. **3**) by transmitting the next web page in the document list **108** to the client computer **100** if the end of the document list **108** has not been reached.

The time variable in the META REFRESH tag maybe set according to the type of web page in which the tag is utilized. For example, the time variable may be set to a relatively long time if the web page includes extensive graphical indicia. Conversely, the time variable may be set to a relatively short time if the web page merely includes plain text and no extensive graphical indicia.

Of course, the browser software **106** on the client computer **100** must support the META REFRESH tag when such tag is used as a controller. Accordingly, in preferred embodiments, the browser software **106** may be either of INTERNET EXPLORER™, version 2.0 or higher, available from Microsoft Corp, or NETSCAPE NAVIGATOR™, version 2.0 or higher, available from Netscape Communications Corporation. Both noted browser programs are preferred since both support the META REFRESH tag (i.e., HTML specification 3.2).

In alternative embodiments, other types of controllers may be utilized in lieu of the META REFRESH tag. For example, a Java applet may be utilized to perform the function of setting a time interval and initiating another request. The controller may be either a part of the HTML code of the transmitted web page, or an independent, freely operating program that may be executed by the browser **106**, operating system, or other software executing on the client computer **100**.

The document list **108** preferably is created by first determining which web pages are to be in the document list **108** for the client computer **100**, and then modifying the HTML code in such web pages to include the META REFRESH tag. Web pages are selected to be in the list **108** based upon the groups of web pages selected by the user in the WEB PAGE TYPE configuration menu. In alternative embodiments, a client computer **100** having appropriate access rights to the server computer **104** may upload a web page to the document list **108**. Such web page may be from any source such as, for example, another web server. Once uploaded to the server computer **104**, such web page first is modified by the control script **110** to include the META REFRESH tag, and then added to the document list **108**.

In other embodiments, an information displayer may be transmitted to the client computer **100** to display the results of the test in a results window on a display device coupled to the client computer **100**. Such test results may include the number of pages accessed by the client computer **100**, the time that each page is displayed by the display device, and the total amount of time that the test executed. The results window may be displayed when the "LAUNCH TEST" button is selected. The information in the results window may be updated any predetermined time interval such as, for example, every five seconds. In preferred embodiments, the information displayer is a web page that initially is transmitted to the client computer **100** with the home page. In a manner similar to the web pages being downloaded, the results window (web page) preferably includes a META REFRESH tag and thus, is periodically updated by the server **104**.

The server computer **104** may simultaneously perform the document transmission process as shown in FIG. **3** with a plurality of client computers (not shown). In such case, the control script **110** simultaneously performs the process shown in FIG. **3** for each session that is being conducted

with each of the plurality of client computers. More particularly, the control script **110** creates a separate document list **108** for each client session, and then increments the session variable **112** for each list **108**, as necessary, to maintain the state of each session.

Preferred embodiments of the invention enable a client computer **100** to utilize two or more servers that each include a local control script **110**. In particular, each server may include a GUI that initiates the process shown in FIG. **3**. Once the end of the document list **108** on a first server computer **104** is reached, the document list **108** on a second server computer **104** may be accessed and traversed by the control script **110** that is local to the second server computer **104**. This may be accomplished by setting the target variable in the META REFRESH tag in the last web page in the first server document list **108** to the control script **110** on the second server computer **104**. In other embodiments, the target field in the META REFRESH tags of, transmitted web pages may be set to alternate between control scripts on different remote server computers **104**.

It should be noted that although preferred embodiments of the invention have been described in terms of the World Wide Web, other embodiments of the invention may be practiced with other types of networks. Accordingly, the description of various embodiments of the invention in terms of the World Wide Web is not intended to limit the scope of the invention.

Preferred embodiments of the invention may be implemented as a computer program product for use with a computer system. Such implementation may include a series of computer instructions fixed either on a tangible medium, such as a computer readable media (e.g., a diskette, CD-ROM, ROM, or fixed disk) or transmittable to a computer system, via a modem or other interface device, such as a communications adapter connected to a network over a medium. Medium may be either a tangible medium (e.g., optical or analog communications lines) or a medium implemented with wireless techniques (e.g., microwave, infrared or other transmission techniques). The series of computer instructions embodies all or part of the functionality previously described herein with respect to the system. Those skilled in the art should appreciate that such computer instructions can be written in a number of programming languages for use with many computer architectures or operating systems. Furthermore, such instructions may be stored in any memory device, such as semiconductor, magnetic, optical or other memory devices, and may be transmitted using any communications technology, such as optical, infrared, microwave, or other transmission technologies. It is expected that such a computer program product may be distributed as a removable media with accompanying printed or electronic documentation (e.g., shrink wrapped software), preloaded with a computer system (e.g., on system ROM or fixed disk), or distributed from a server or electronic bulletin board over the network (e.g., the Internet or World Wide Web).

Although various exemplary embodiments of the invention have been disclosed, it should be apparent to those skilled in the art that various changes and modifications can be made which will achieve some of the advantages of the invention without departing from the true scope of the invention. These and other obvious modifications are intended to be covered by the appended claims.

We claim:

1. An apparatus for transmitting a set of documents from a server computer to a client computer, the apparatus comprising:

an input that receives download request messages from the client computer;

a selector that, in response to receipt of a download request message, selects one of the set of documents based upon information not in the download request, the download request message including no address information identifying the selected one of the set of documents; and

an output that forwards both a controller and the selected one of the set of documents to the client computer, when executing on the client computer, the controller commanding the client computer to generate and transmit a download request message to the server computer.

2. The apparatus as defined by claim 1 further comprising: a document modifier that adds the controller to documents in the set of documents.

3. The apparatus as defined by claim 1 wherein the download request-messages request to download the selector.

4. The apparatus as defined by claim 1 wherein the set of documents includes no more than one document, the selector selecting the one document a preselected number of times.

5. The apparatus as defined by claim 1 wherein in response to receipt of a download request message, the selector determines if additional documents in the set are to be selected, the document selector not selecting any additional documents in the set if determined that additional documents are not to be selected.

6. The apparatus as defined by claim 1 wherein the controller is a tag incorporated into each document in the set of documents.

7. The apparatus as defined by claim 1 wherein the controller commands the client computer to generate and transmit a download request message to the server computer after a predetermined condition is satisfied.

8. The apparatus as defined by claim 1 wherein each document is identified by a document identifier, the apparatus further comprising:

memory that stores a list of the set of documents, the list having the document identifier of each document in the set of documents, the selector accessing the list to select the selected document.

9. The apparatus as defined by claim 1 wherein the controller is incorporated into at least one document in the set of documents.

10. The apparatus as defined by claim 1 wherein the server computer includes a retriever that retrieves the selected document for forwarding to the client computer.

11. The apparatus as defined by claim 10 wherein the retriever is server software.

12. The apparatus as defined by claim 1 wherein the selector is a control script.

13. The apparatus as defined by claim 1 wherein the selector executes on the server computer.

14. The apparatus as defined by claim 1 wherein the one of the set of documents is selected based upon a pointer that points to the one of the set of documents.

15. The apparatus as defined by claim 1 wherein the download request message is forwarded to the selector by the server computer.

16. The apparatus as defined by claim 1 wherein the selected one of the set of documents is a web page that, after being forwarded to the client computer, is interpreted and graphically displayed upon a client-side display device.

17. A computer program product for use on a computer system for transmitting a set of documents from a server computer to a client computer, the computer program product comprising a computer usable medium having computer readable program code thereon, the computer readable program code comprising:

program code for receiving download request messages from the client computer;

program code that, in response to receipt of a download request message, selects one of the set of documents based upon information not in the download request, the download request message including no address information identifying the selected one of the set of documents; and

program code for forwarding both a controller and the selected one of the set of documents to the client computer, when executing on the client computer, the controller commanding the client computer to generate and transmit a download request message to the server computer.

18. The computer program product as defined by claim 17 further comprising:

program code for adding the controller to documents in the set of documents.

19. The computer program product as defined by claim 17 wherein the download request messages request to download the selector.

20. The computer program product as defined by claim 17 wherein the controller is incorporated into at least one document in the set of documents.

21. The computer program product as defined by claim 17 wherein the server computer includes program code for retrieving the selected document for forwarding to the client computer.

22. The computer program product as defined by claim 21 wherein the program code for retrieving is server software.

23. The computer program product as defined by claim 17 wherein the program code for selecting is a control script.

24. The computer program product as defined by claim 17 wherein the program code for selecting executes on the server computer.

25. The computer program product as defined by claim 17 wherein the one of the set of documents is selected based upon a pointer that points to the one of the set of documents.

26. The computer program defined by claim 17 wherein the selected one of the set of documents is a web page that, after being forwarded to the client computer, is interpreted and graphically displayed upon a client-side display device.

27. An apparatus for transmitting a set of documents from a server computer to a client computer, each document having a controller that commands the client computer to generate and transmit a download request message, the server having server software for retrieving documents on the server computer, the apparatus comprising:

an input that receives download request messages from the client computer;

a selector that, in response to receipt of a download request message, selects one of the set of documents and commands the server software to retrieve the selected one of the set of documents, the download request message including no address information identifying the selected one of the set of documents; and

an output that forwards the selected one of the set of documents to the client computer.

28. The apparatus as defined by claim **27** further comprising:

a document modifier that adds the controller to documents in the set of documents.

29. The apparatus as defined by claim **27** wherein each download message is a request to download the selector.

30. The apparatus as defined by claim **27** wherein the selected one of the set of documents is a web page that, after being forwarded to the client computer, is interpreted and graphically displayed upon a client-side display device.

31. A method of transmitting a set of documents from a server computer to a client computer, each document in the set of documents being identified by an identifier in a document list, the method comprising:

receiving a first download request from the client computer;

accessing, in response to receiving the first download request, the document list to identify the identifier of a first document in the document list, the first download request including no address information identifying the first document; and

transmitting the first document and a controller to the client computer after the identifier of the first document is identified, the controller commanding the client computer to transmit a second download request to the server computer after a predetermined condition is satisfied.

32. The method as defined by claim **31** further including: receiving the second download request from the client computer;

accessing, in response to receiving the second download request, the document list to identify the identifier of a second document in the document list;

transmitting the second document to the client computer after the identifier of the second document is identified.

33. The method as defined by claim **31** wherein the controller is a tag within the first document.

34. The method as defined by claim **31** wherein the predetermined condition is the passing of a predetermined amount of time.

35. The method as defined by claim **31** wherein the document list includes a plurality of sublists, each sublist being directed to documents having at least one preselected common attribute.

36. The method as defined by claim **31** further comprising:

transmitting an information displayer to the client computer after the identifier of the first document is identified, the information displayer controlling the client computer to display information relating to each of the set of documents received by the client computer.

37. The method as defined by claim **31** wherein the document is a World Wide Web page and the server computer includes a World Wide Web server.

38. The method as defined by claim **31** further comprising:

accessing a pointer that points to the identifier of the first document; and

moving the pointer to point to another document in the list.

39. The method as defined by claim **31** further comprising:

adding a new document identifier identifying a new document to the document list, the new document being in the set of documents after the new document identifier is added to the document list.

40. The method as defined by claim **31** wherein the first document is a web page that, after being transmitted to the client computer, is interpreted and graphically displayed upon a client-side display device.

41. An apparatus for transmitting a set of documents from a server computer to a client computer, each document in the set of documents being identified by an identifier in a document list, the apparatus comprising:

a receiver for receiving a first download request from the client computer;

means for accessing, in response to receiving the first download request, the document list to identify the identifier of a first document in the document list, the first download request including no address information identifying the first document; and

means for causing the server computer to transmit the first document and a controller to the client computer after the identifier of the first document is identified, the controller controlling the client computer to transmit a second download request to the server computer after a predetermined condition is satisfied.

42. The apparatus as defined by claim **41** further including:

means for receiving the second download request from the client computer;

means for accessing, in response to receiving the second download request, the document list to identify the identifier of a second document in the document list; and

means for causing the server computer to transmit the second document to the client computer after the identifier of the second document is identified.

43. The apparatus as defined by claim **41** wherein the controller is a tag within the first document.

44. The apparatus as defined by claim **41** wherein the document list includes a plurality of sublists, each sublist being directed to documents having at least one preselected common attribute.

45. The apparatus as defined by claim **41** further comprising:

means for causing the server computer to transmit an information displayer to the client computer after the identifier of the first document is identified, the information displayer controlling the client computer to display information relating to each of the set of documents received by the client computer.

46. The apparatus as defined by claim **41** further including:

a pointer that points to the identifier of the first document; and

an incrementer that moves the pointer to point to another document in the list.

47. The apparatus as defined by claim **41** further including:

means for adding a new document identifier identifying a new document to the document list, the new document being in the set of documents after the new document identifier is added to the document list.

48. The apparatus as defined by claim **41** wherein the first document is a web page that, after being transmitted to the client computer, is interpreted and graphically displayed upon a client-side display device.

49. A computer program product for use on a computer system for transmitting a set of documents from a server computer to a client computer, each document in the set of

documents being identified by an identifier in a document list, the computer program product comprising a computer usable medium having computer readable program code thereon, the computer readable program code including:

program code for receiving a first download request from the client computer;

program code for accessing, in response to receiving the first download request, the document list to identify the identifier of a first document in the document list, the first download request including no address information identifying the first document; and

program code for causing the server computer to transmit the first document and a controller to the client computer after the identifier of the first document is identified, the controller controlling the client computer to transmit a second download request to the server computer after a predetermined condition is satisfied.

50. The computer program product as defined by claim **49** further including:

program code for receiving the second download request from the client computer;

program code for accessing, in response to receiving the second download request, the document list to identify the identifier of a second document in the document list; and

program code for causing the server computer to transmit the second document to the client computer after the identifier of the second document is identified.

51. The computer program product as defined by claim **49** wherein the controller is a tag within the first document.

52. The computer program product as defined by claim **49** wherein the predetermined condition is the passing of a predetermined amount of time.

53. The computer program product as defined by claim **49** wherein the document list includes a plurality of sublists, each sublist being directed to documents having at least one preselected common attribute.

54. The computer program product as defined by claim **49** further comprising:

program code, for causing the server computer to transmit an information displayer to the client computer after the identifier of the first document is identified, the information displayer controlling the client computer to display information relating to each of the set of documents received by the client computer.

55. The computer program product as defined by claim **49** wherein the document is a World Wide Web page and the server computer includes a World Wide Web server.

56. The computer program product as defined by claim **49** further including:

program code for accessing a pointer to the list that points to the identifier of the first document; and

program code for moving the pointer to point to another document in the list.

57. The computer program product as defined by claim **49** further including:

program code for adding a new document identifier identifying a new document to the document list, the new document being in the set of documents after the new document identifier is added to the document list.

58. The computer program as defined by claim **49** wherein the first document is a web page that, after being transmitted to the client computer, is interpreted and graphically displayed upon a client-side display device.

59. An apparatus for transmitting a set of documents from a server computer to a client computer, the apparatus comprising:

a document list having at least one identifier, each identifier in the list identifying one of the set of documents; and

a list manager to receive a download request originating from the client computer and responsively access the list to identify a first identifier, the list manager controlling the server computer to transmit a copy of the document identified by the first identifier to the client computer, the download request message including no address information identifying the document,

the list manager transmitting a controller to the client computer in response to receipt of the download request, the controller controlling the client computer to transmit a second download request to the server computer after a predetermined condition is satisfied.

60. The apparatus as defined by claim **59** wherein the document is a web page that, after being forwarded to the client computer, is interpreted and graphically displayed upon a client-side display device.

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(12) INTER PARTES REVIEW CERTIFICATE (326th)

**United States Patent
Davis et al.**

**(10) Number: US 6,615,233 K1
(45) Certificate Issued: Feb. 5, 2018**

**(54) APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR
TRANSMITTING DOCUMENTS BETWEEN
A SERVER COMPUTER AND A CLIENT
COMPUTER**

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**(73) Assignee: VANTAGE POINT TECHNOLOGY,
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INTER PARTES REVIEW CERTIFICATE
U.S. Patent 6,615,233 K1
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Certificate Issued Feb. 5, 2018

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AS A RESULT OF THE INTER PARTES
REVIEW PROCEEDING, IT HAS BEEN
DETERMINED THAT:

Claims 1-3, 6-13, 15-17, 27, 31, 49 and 59 are cancelled. ⁵

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