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**Chin**

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(54) **CONTROLLABLE POWER-ECONOMIZING EXTENSION SOCKETS**

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(76) Inventor: **Yi-Ho Chin**, P.O. Box 90, Tainan City, Taiwan (CN)

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(\* ) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 125 days.

*Primary Examiner*—Brian Sircus  
*Assistant Examiner*—Robert L. DeBeradinis

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(52) **U.S. Cl.** ..... **307/125; 307/11; 307/31; 307/38; 307/39; 307/139**

(58) **Field of Search** ..... 307/11, 31, 139, 307/38, 39

(57) **ABSTRACT**

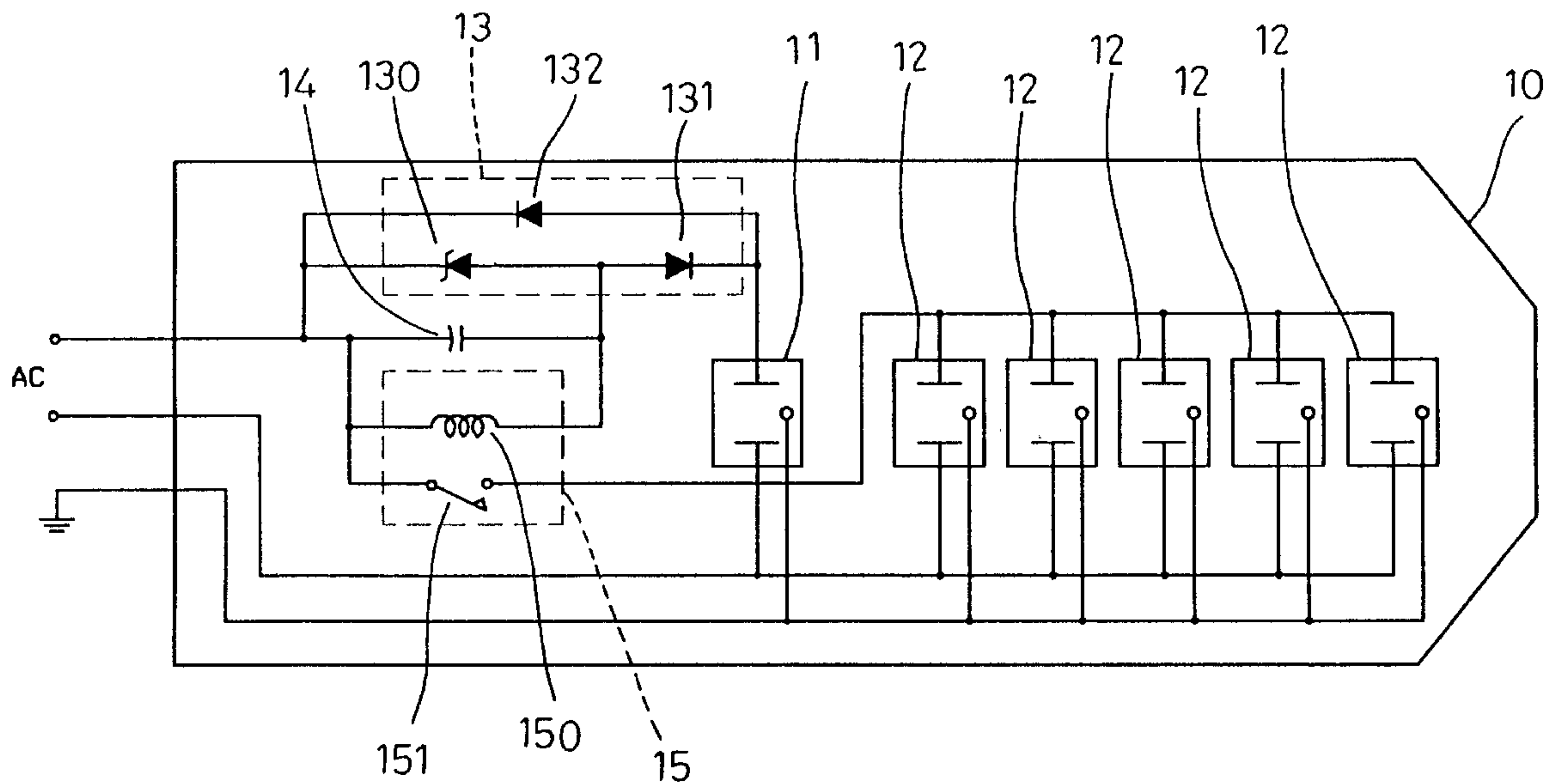
A controllable power-economizing extension sockets includes a socket body, a main control socket and plural interactive sockets formed properly spaced apart in the socket body, a voltage stabilizer, and a capacitor and an electro-magnetic switch connected between the input terminal of power and the main control socket. The electro-magnetic switch is connected to each of interactive sockets to form a control circuit. The voltage stabilizer supplies a constant voltage to let the electro-magnetic switch operate to let the interactive sockets for peripheral electric or electronic appliances turned on or off synchronously with the main control socket.

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**1 Claim, 2 Drawing Sheets**



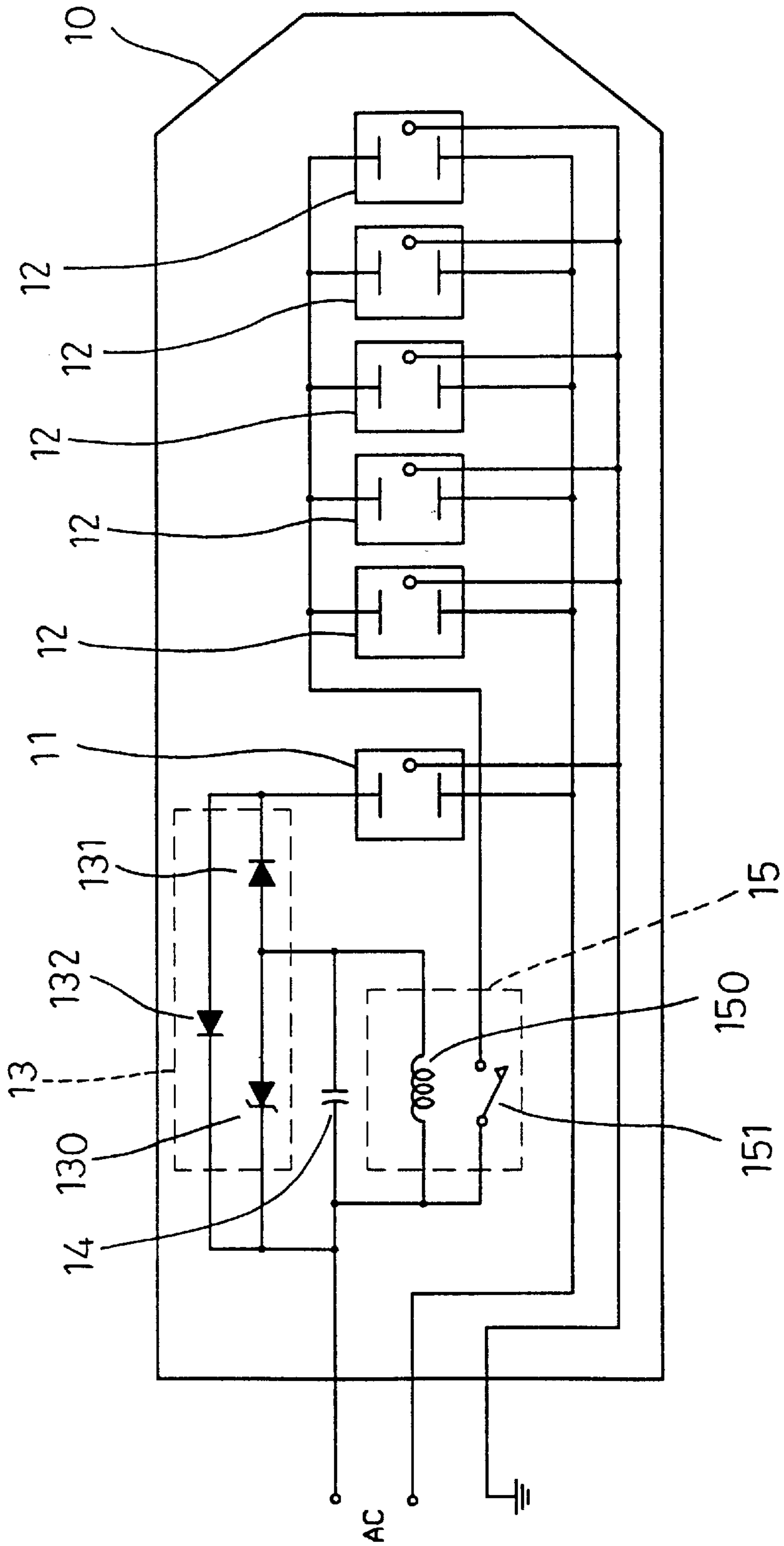


FIG. 1

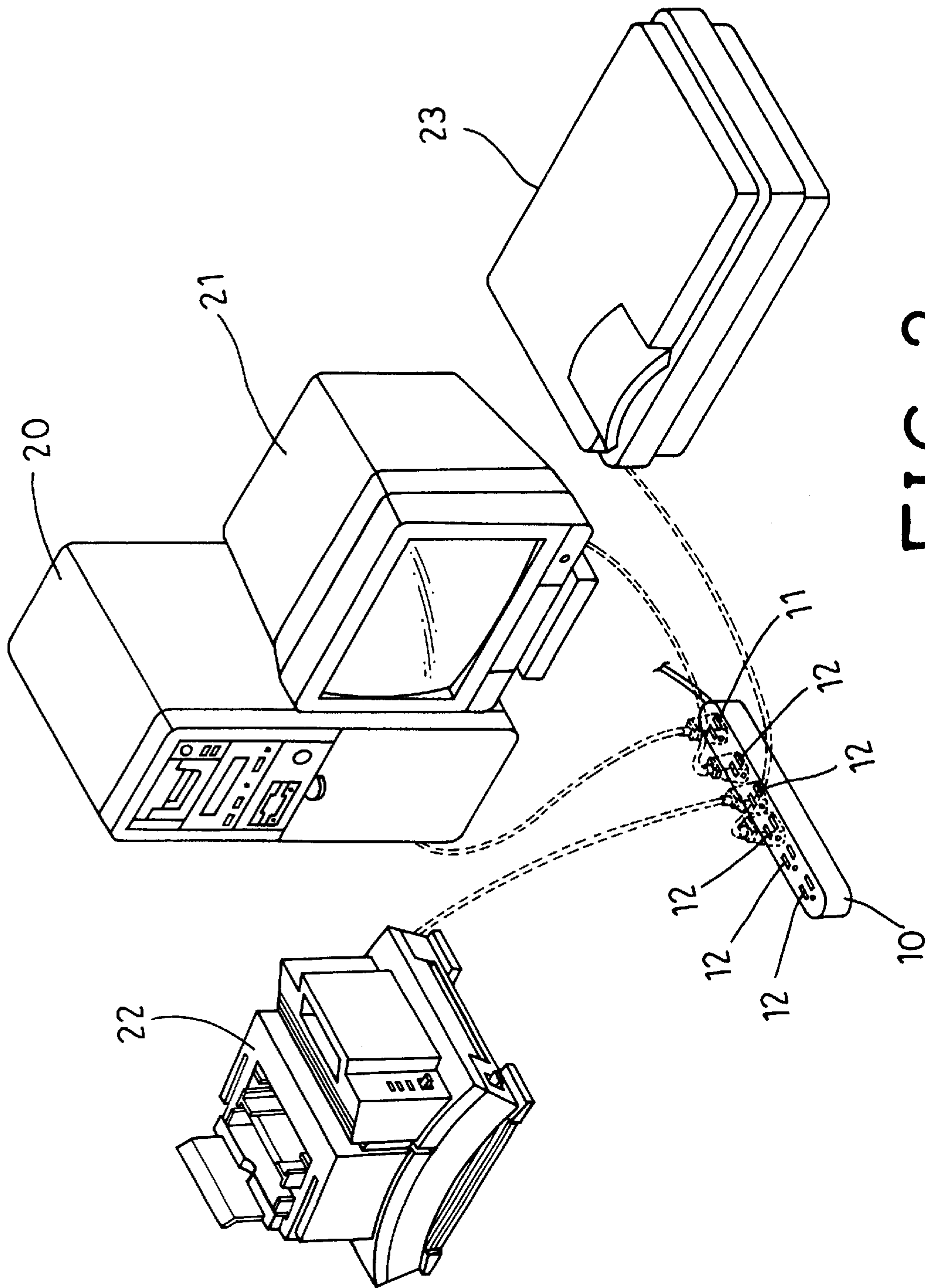


FIG. 2



## CONTROLLABLE POWER-ECONOMIZING EXTENSION SOCKETS

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

#### 1. Field of the Invention

This invention relates to controllable power-economizing extension sockets, particularly to one provided with a simple AC control circuit to turn on or off synchronously all the power sources of peripheral appliances when a main appliance is turned on or off, simple in handling and economizing power as well.

#### 2. Description of the Prior Art

At present most conventional extension sockets are provided with a plurality of sockets for various plugs of electric and electronic appliances to insert to get power. Though they are convenient to use, when plugs are inserted therein with power not yet turned on, a circuit is already formed to continually consume a little current, resulting in waste of power and expenditure. IN addition, electric or electronic appliances having their plugs inserted in the extension sockets may shorten their usable life due to long-term use. So users often pull out the plugs of the electric or electronic appliances or may not pull out owing to the location of the extension sockets, but only turn off the switches of the electric or electronic appliances. Nevertheless, computers are extremely popular now, with many peripheral appliances used at the same time by utilizing extension sockets. However, if a user is too lazy, not turning off all the power for all appliances the person uses, the person wastes power and accordingly its expense.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The main objective of the invention is to offer a kind of extension sockets, easily controllable in turning on and off switches of power and economizing power as well.

Another objective of the invention is to offer extension sockets of a less cost than conventional ones.

One more objective of the invention is to offer extension sockets applicable to various input voltages.

The man feature of the invention is a voltage stabilizer connected to the input of power and also to a main control socket of the extension sockets. The voltage stabilizer consists of a voltage-stabilizing element and a reverse diode connected in parallel, and a capacitor and an electromagnetic switch connected in parallel to two terminals of the voltage stabilizer. The contact switch of the electro-magnetic switch is connected to each of interactive sockets of the extension sockets. If the switch of a main appliance having its plug inserted in said main control socket is turned on or off, the voltage stabilizer supplies a constant voltage to operate the electro-magnetic switch, turning on or off synchronously all the interactive sockets in which the plugs of peripheral electric or electronic appliances are inserted.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

This invention will be better understood by referring the accompanying drawings, wherein:

FIG. 1 is a diagram of the circuit of controllable and power-economizing extension sockets in the present invention; and,

FIG. 2 is a perspective view of using the controllable power-economizing extension sockets of the invention connected to a computer and its peripheral appliances.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

The preferred embodiment of controllable and power-economizing extension sockets in the invention, as shown in FIG. 1, includes a socket body **10**, a main control socket **11** and a plurality of interactive sockets **12** formed properly spaced apart on the socket body **10**, a voltage stabilizer **13** fixed on the socket body **10** and connected to the main control socket electrically. The voltage stabilizer **13** consists of a voltage stabilizing element **130** and a first diode **131** connected forward between the main control socket **11** and the power input, and a second diode **132** connected reverse between the voltage stabilizing element **130** and the first diode **131**. Further, a capacitor **14** and an electro-magnetic switch **15** are respectively connected to two terminals of the voltage stabilizing element **130**, having a contact switch **151** connected to a terminal of each of the interactive sockets **12**, with the other terminal of each of the interactive sockets **12** connected in parallel to the other terminal of AC power.

As to using the controllable power-economizing extension sockets in the invention, as shown in FIG. 2, the plug of a computer **20** is inserted in the main control hole **11**, and those of a printer **22**, a scanner **23**, a screen **21**, etc. are inserted in the interactive sockets **12**. When the switch of the computer **20** is turned on, plus semi-circular current of AC flows through the voltage stabilizing element **130** and the first diode **131** to the main control socket **11**. Then the voltage stabilizing element **130** supplies a constant voltage to the capacitor **14**, which is charged to store electricity and excite magnetism to a coil **150**, producing magnetism by electricity to close the contact switch to let electricity flow through to the sockets **12** for use.

When AC power changes to minus semi-circular current, it flows through the main control socket **11**, the computer **20** and the second diode **132** and back to the power terminal, and the first diode **131** can ensure that the electricity stored in the capacity **14** during plus semi-circular current of AC is discharged to the coil **150** during minus semi-circular current so as to continue to excite magnetism of the coil **150**, with the contact switch **151** kept in the closed condition. Therefore, plus and minus semi-circular current alternately flow through the main control socket **11** to all the interactive sockets **12** to secure flow of electricity without fail.

In case that the main computer and its peripheral appliances are to be cut off, only turn off the switch of the main computer **20** to cut off power through the main control socket **11**, and then the voltage stabilizer **13** cannot supply voltage to the electro-magnetic switch **15**, with the coil **150** no longer excited to produce magnetism by electricity, triggering open the contact switch **151** and immediately cutting off electricity to the interactive sockets **12**. Thus, turning on or off the switch of the main computer **20** having its plug inserted in the main control socket **11** can turn on or off synchronously all the interactive sockets **12**.

The voltage needed for controlling all circuits is supplied by the voltage stabilizer **13**, which has the voltage stabilizing element **130** connected to plural diodes in series to acquire a constant voltage reduced, and possible to endure high current, whether it is 110V or 220V. In this way the voltage stabilizer **13** can supply a stabilized constant voltage to the electro-magnetic switch **15**, applicable to various voltage in different countries.

Further, the controllable power-economizing extension sockets in the invention also can apply to visual and acoustic equipment, with the most-frequently used appliance having its plug inserted in the main control socket **11**, such as main

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acoustic appliance or TV, and with a CD player, a DVD player, a cassette player, etc. having their plugs inserted in the interactive sockets 12.

What is claimed is:

1. A controllable power-economizing extension sockets 5 comprising:

- a socket body comprising,
  - a main control socket and
  - a plurality of interactive sockets spaced apart and connected in parallel; each input of each interactive 10 socket being connected to one electrode of an AC source;
  - a voltage stabilizer having one terminal connected to said main control socket and another terminal to another electrode of another electrode, said voltage 15 stabilizer consisting of
  - a voltage stabilizing element and a reverse diode connected in parallel to each other,

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a capacitor connected to two terminals of said voltage stabilizer in parallel,

an electro-magnetic switch connected to two terminals of said capacitor and said two parallel terminals in parallel, said electro-magnetic switch having a contact switch connected to an output of each of the interactive sockets,

wherein said voltage stabilizer supplies a constant voltage to said electro-magnetic switch to operate in case of a main electric or electronic appliance having its plug inserted in said main control socket turned on or off, said interactive sockets synchronously turned on or off with said main control socket,

wherein said electro-magnetic switch is a relay containing a coil and a switch; and said voltage stabilizing element is a Zener diode.

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