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Rodriguez

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(54) **EYE PILLOWS WITH ADJUSTABLE STRAP**

(76) Inventor: **Andrea Janine Rodriguez**, 655
Edgewood Ave., Mill Valley, CA (US)
94941

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1997.

(51) **Int. Cl.⁷** **A61F 5/00**

(52) **U.S. Cl.** **606/204.25; 606/204.15**

(58) **Field of Search** 2/13, 15; 128/858;
606/201, 204.25, 204.15, 204

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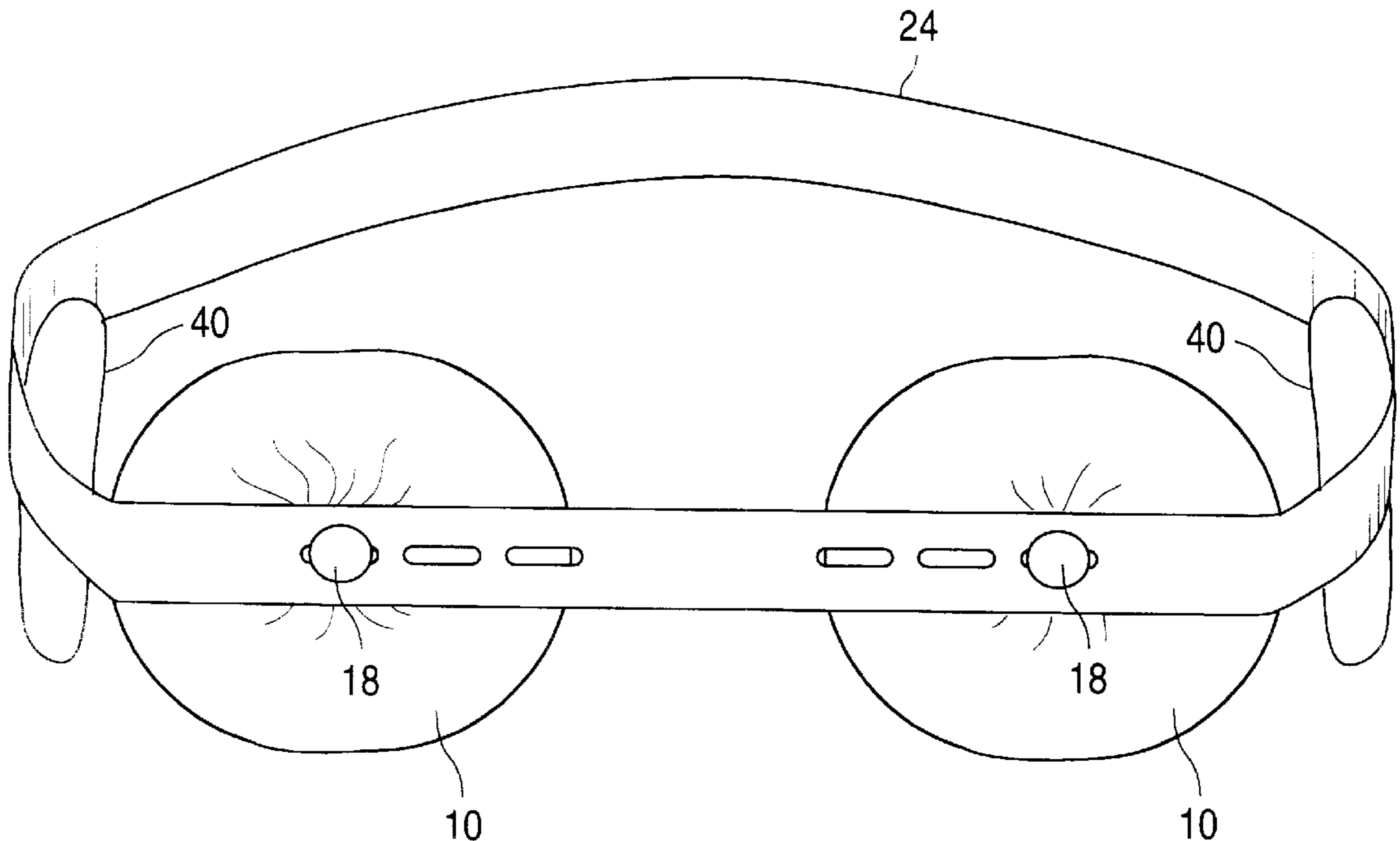
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Primary Examiner—Glenn K. Dawson
(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—Limbach & Limbach LLP

(57) **ABSTRACT**

The eye pillows of the present invention, used for therapeutic treatment of a user's eye and accu-pressure points around the user's eye, each include a hollow shell formed of a pliable material, and a predetermined amount of particulate material having a predetermined weight contained in the shell. The amount and weight of the particulate material and the pliability of the shell are selected so that when the pillow is placed over a user's eye, the shell conforms to, fills in, and applies evenly distributed pressure to the eye socket around the user's eye, including evenly distributed pressure to accu-pressure points around the eye. The pillows can be individually applied, connected together with a strap or head band, or even removably or integrally attached to a larger pillow or mask.

9 Claims, 5 Drawing Sheets



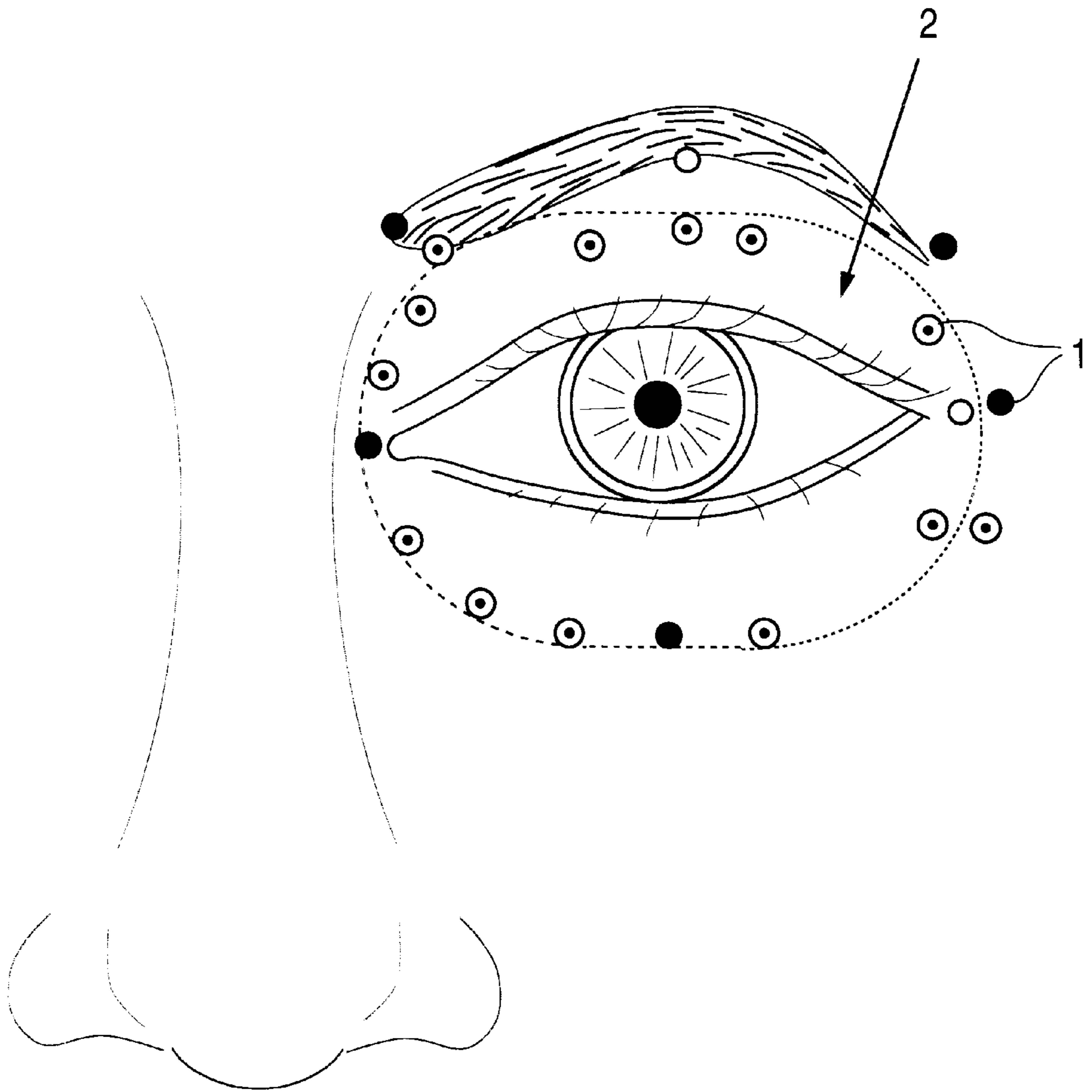


FIG. 1

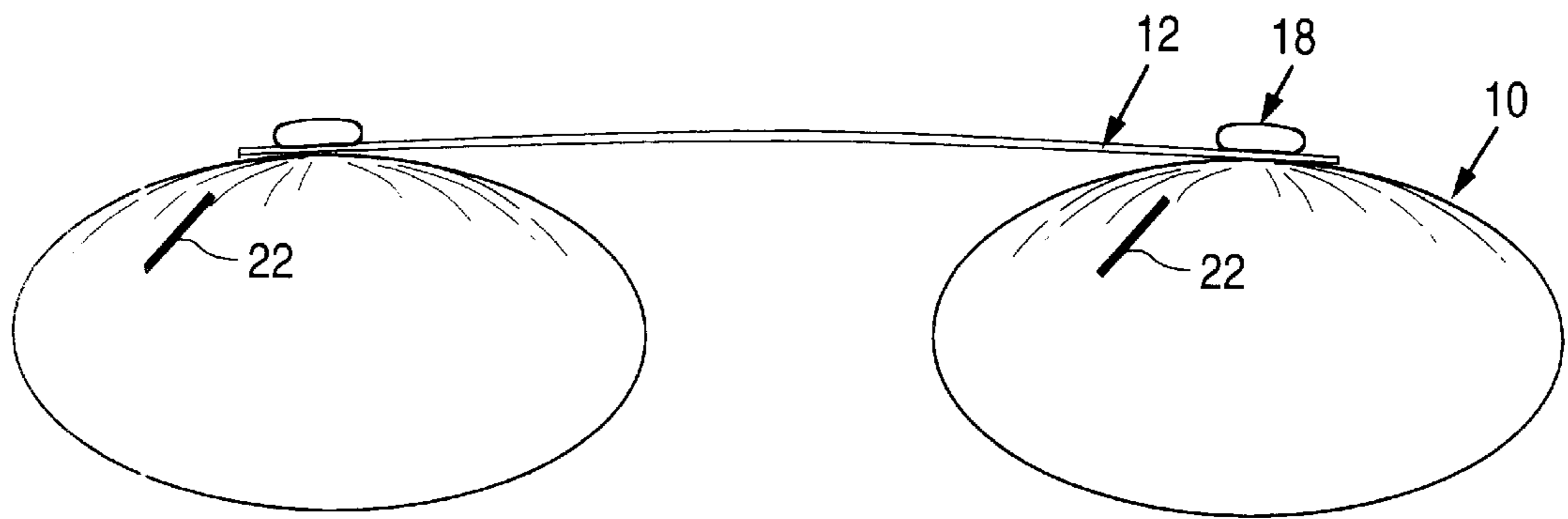


FIG. 2A

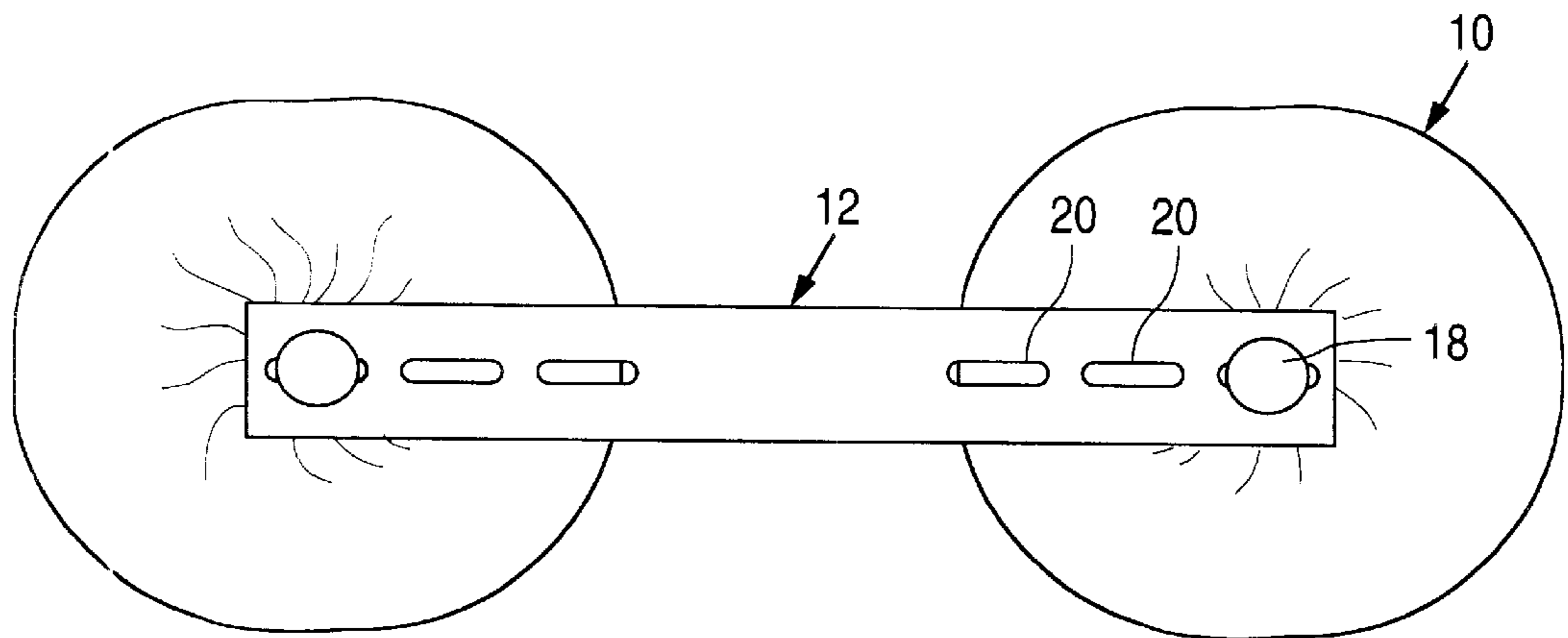


FIG. 2B

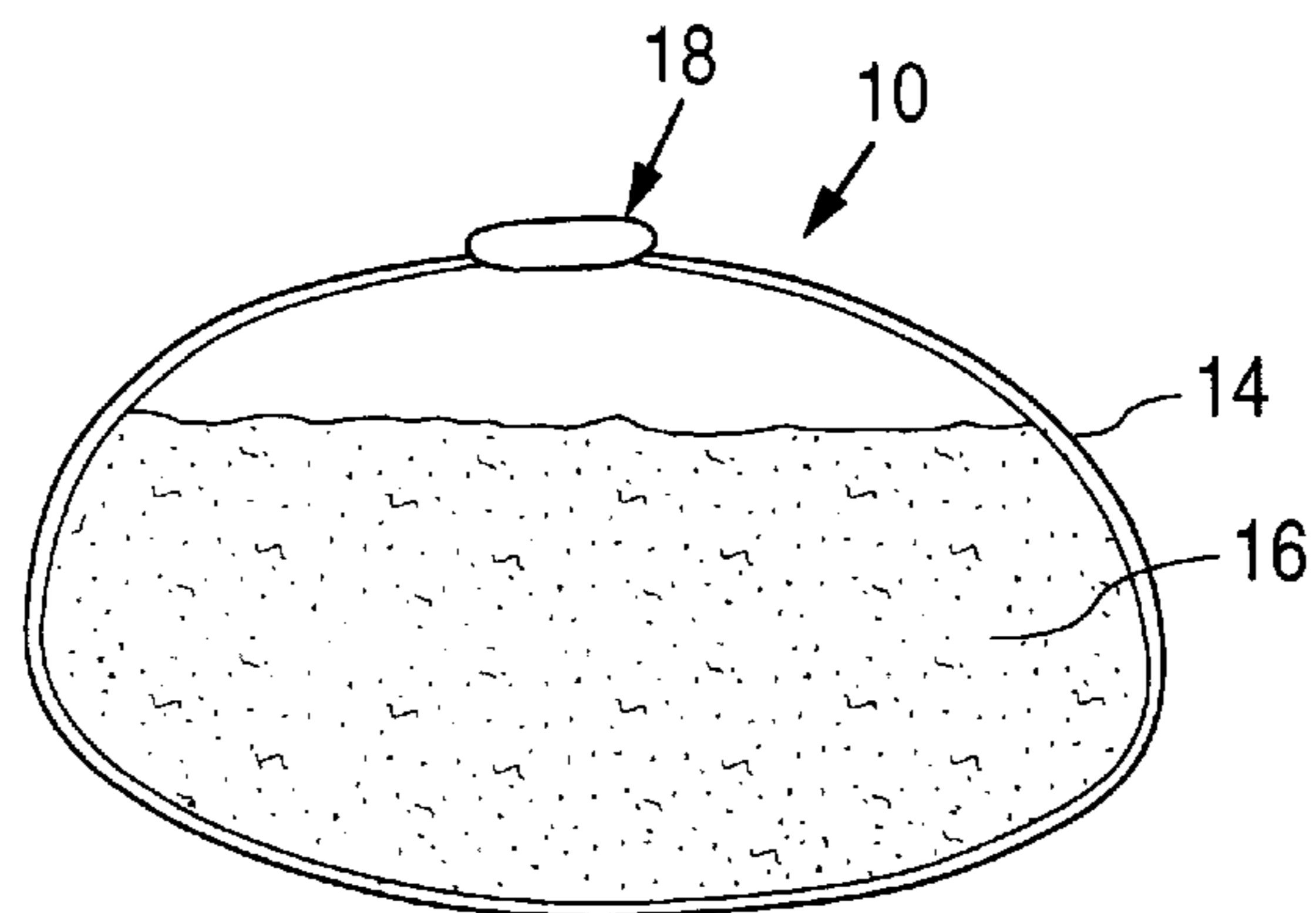


FIG. 2C

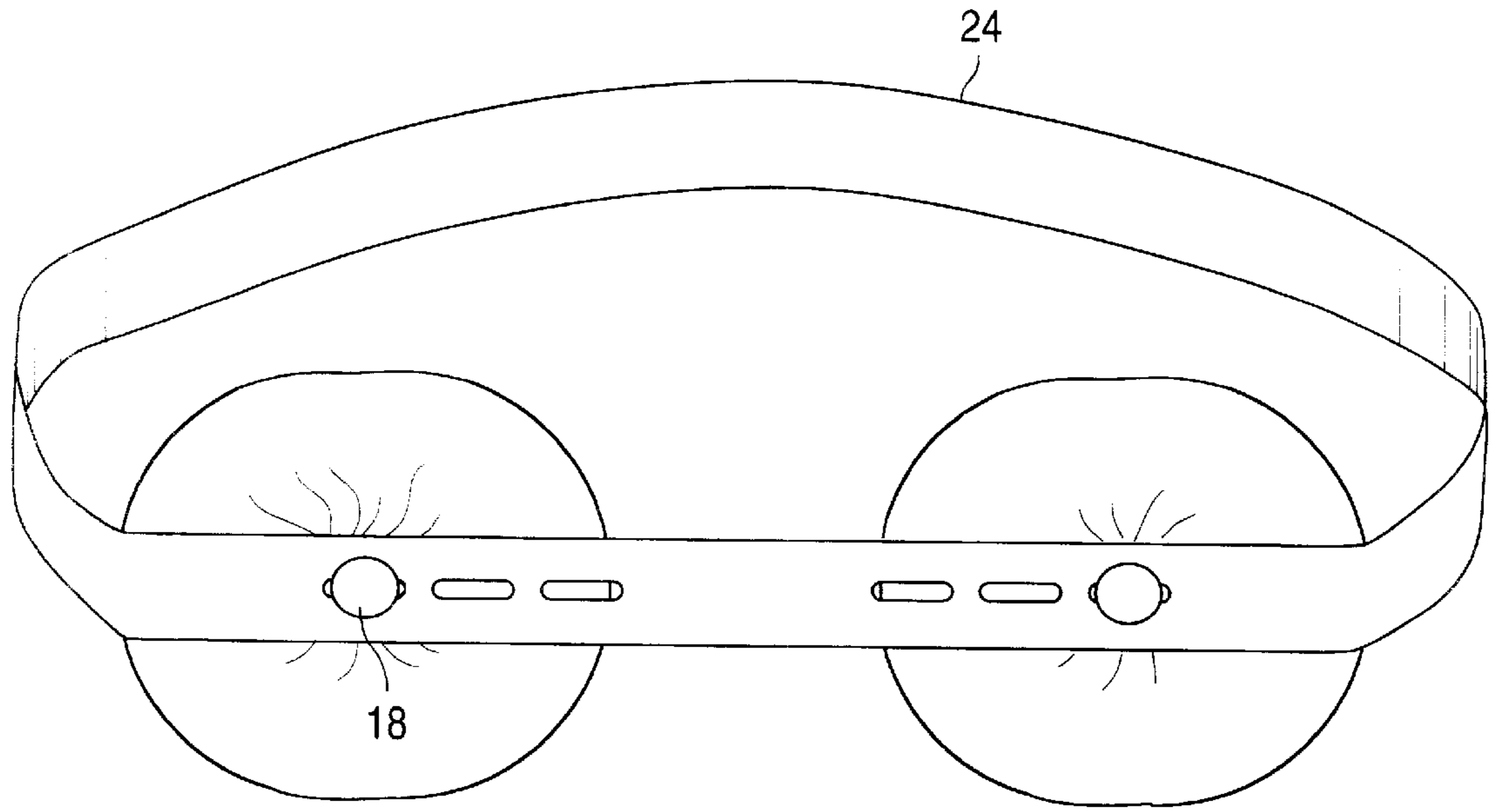


FIG. 3

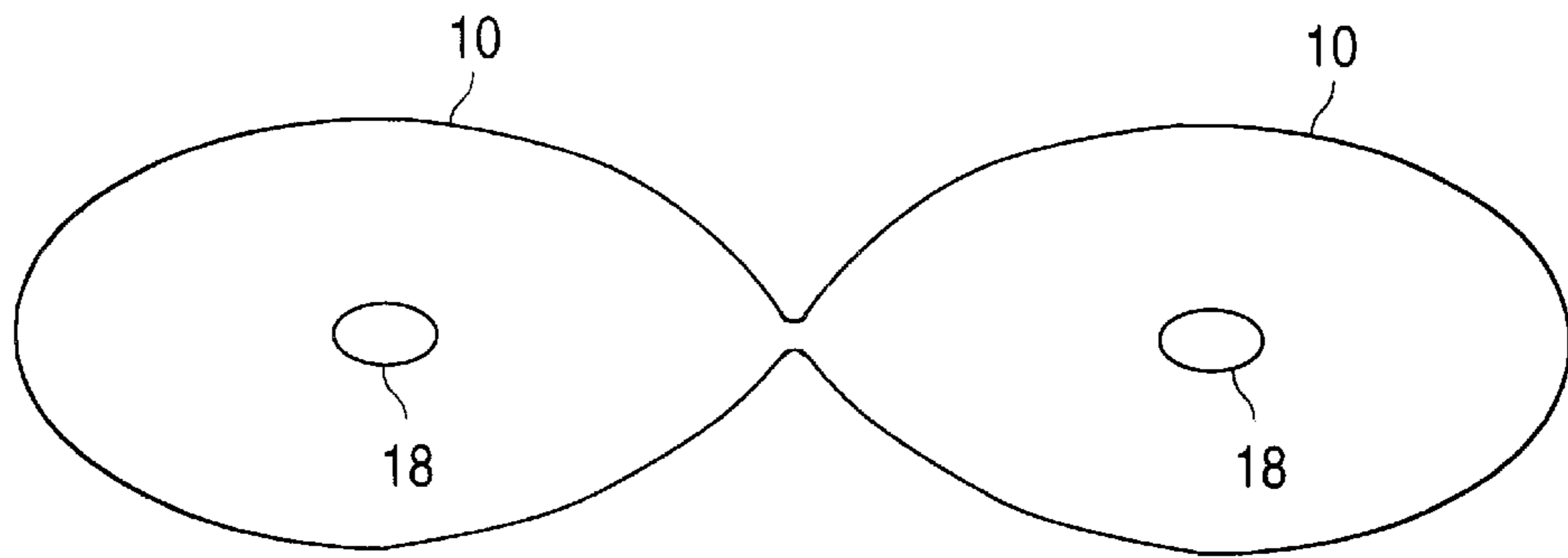


FIG. 4

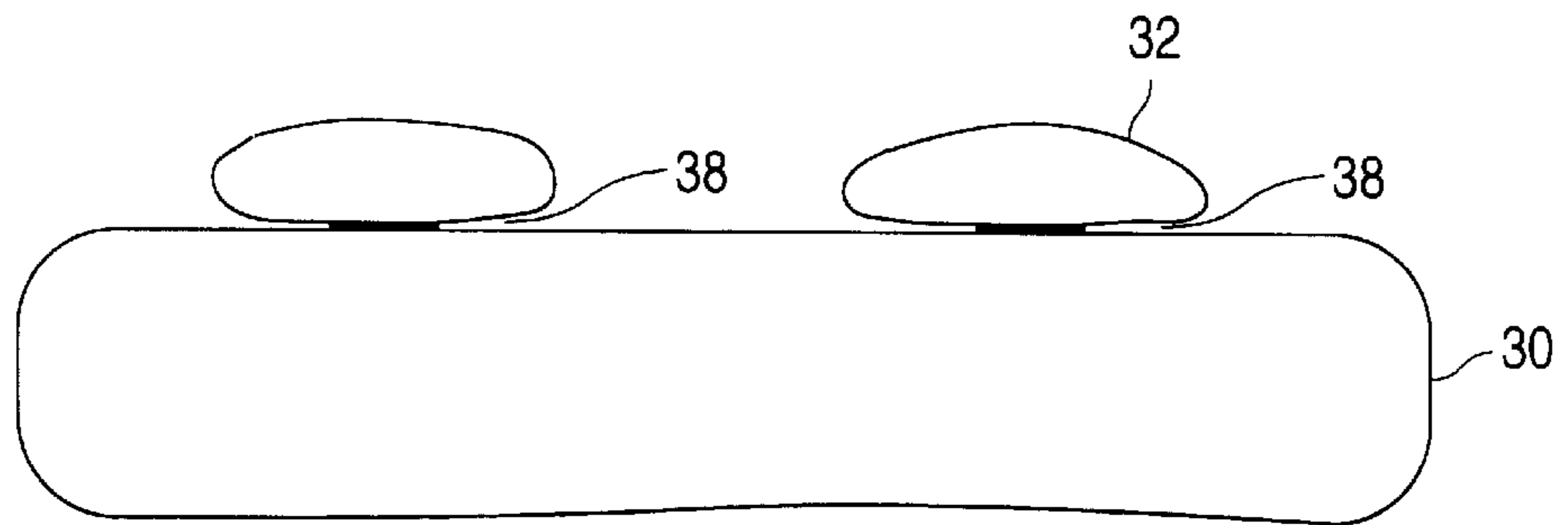


FIG. 6

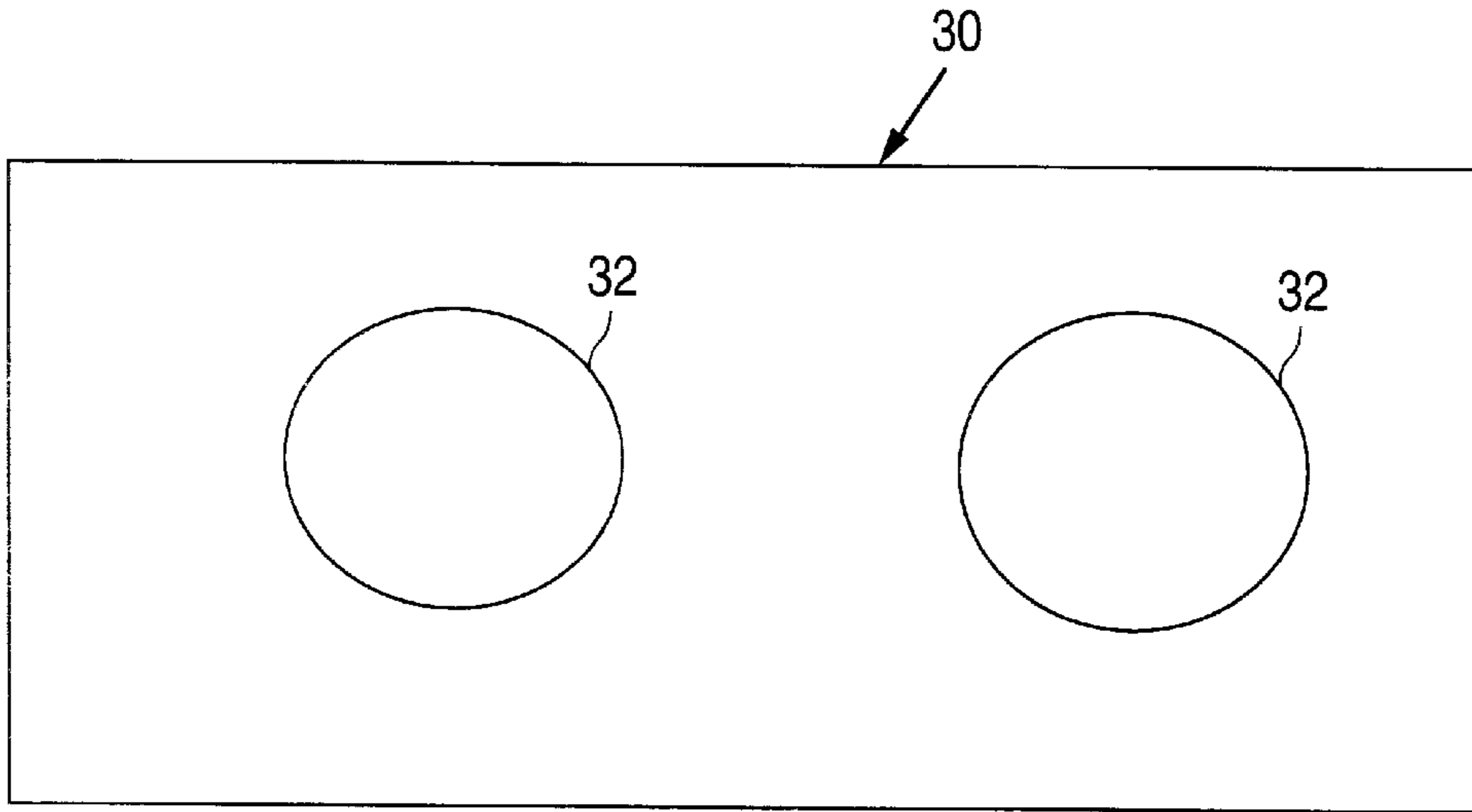


FIG. 5A

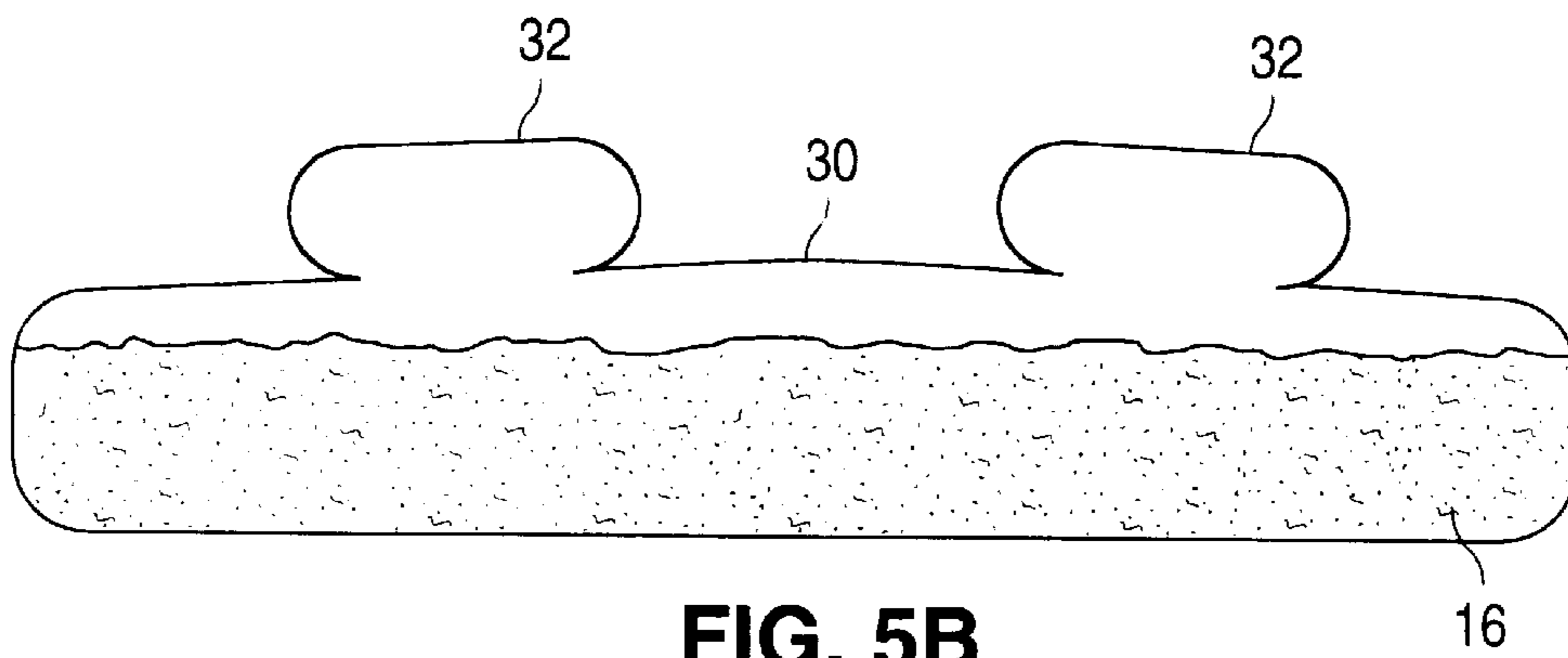


FIG. 5B

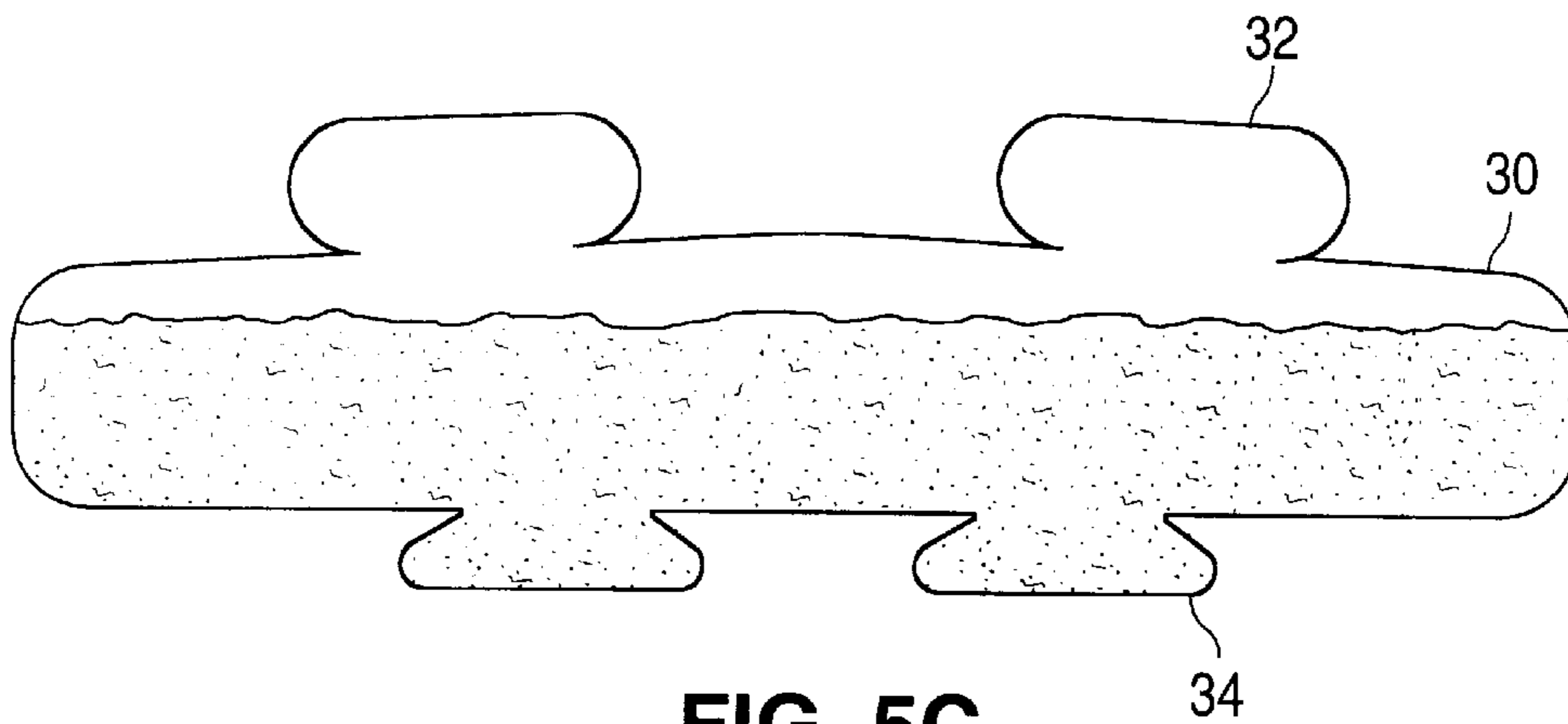


FIG. 5C

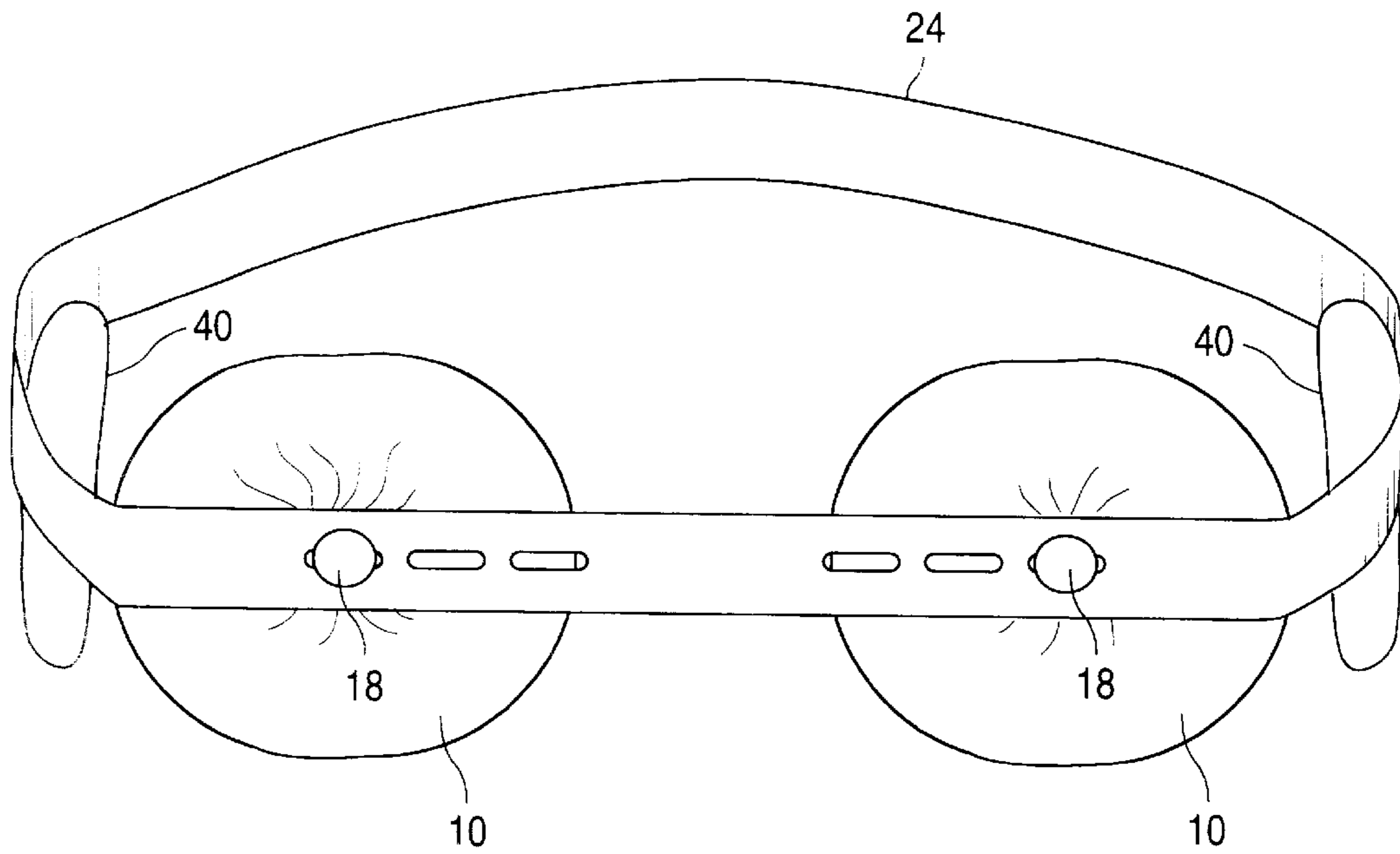


FIG. 7

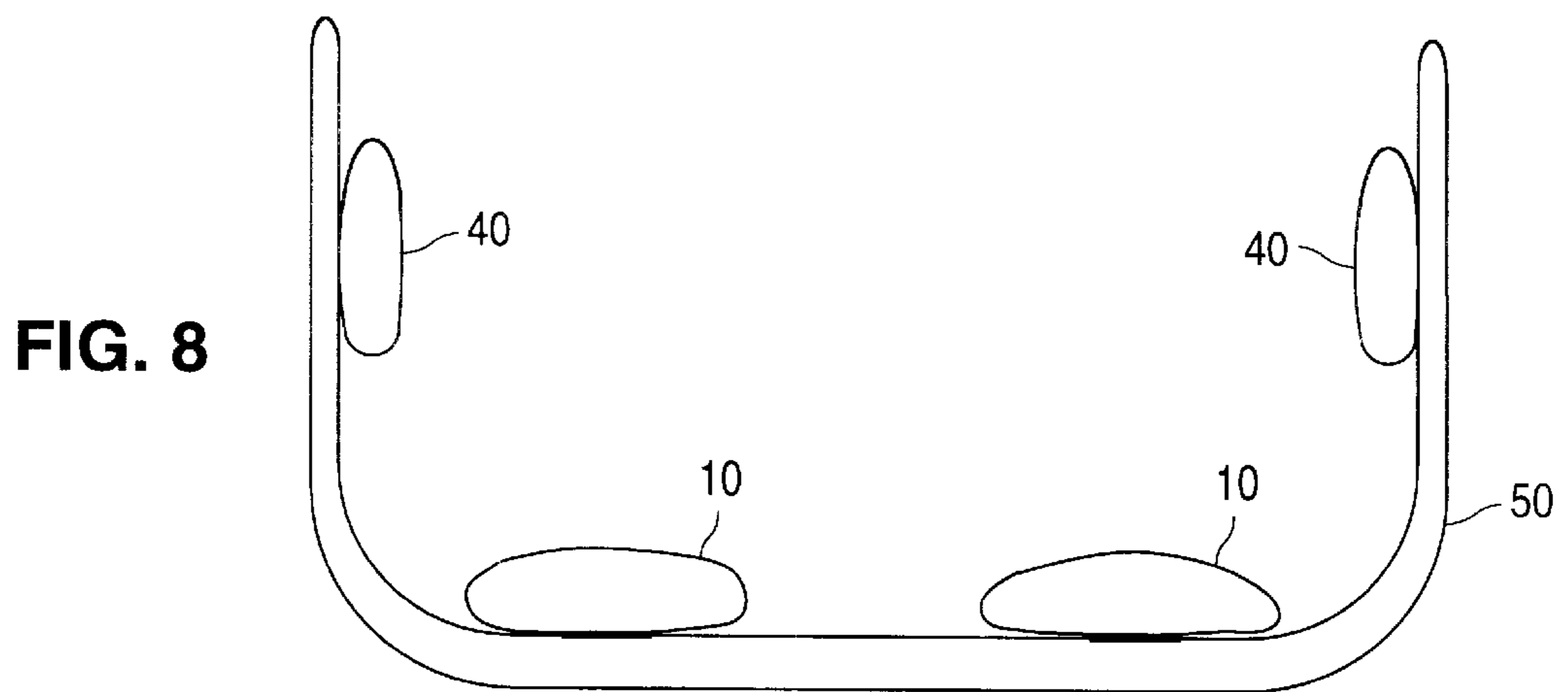


FIG. 8

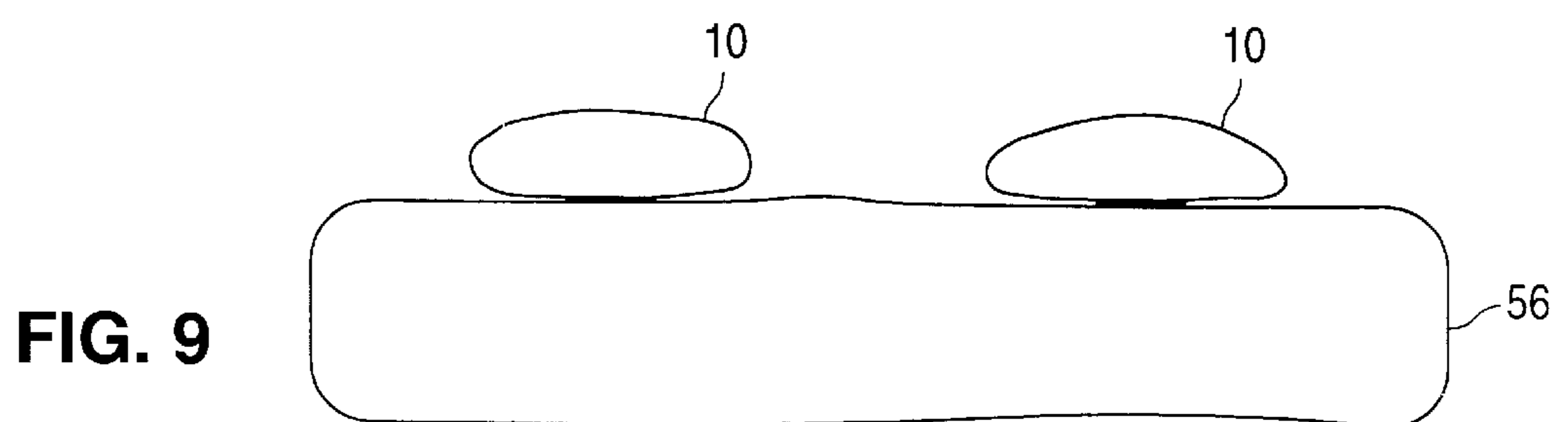


FIG. 9

EYE PILLOWS WITH ADJUSTABLE STRAP

This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provision Application No. 60/068,266, filed Dec. 19, 1997, entitled "Eye Bags/Pillows with Adjustable Headstraps".

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to eye pillows for soothing and treating the accu-pressure points around the eye, and more particularly to eye pillows that provide evenly distributed and adjustable pressure to the eyelid and eye socket area while providing full access to a user's face for bodywork and facial treatments without leveraged pressure over the nose, forehead and temple areas but with multifaceted interchangeable use.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Many types of eye masks, pillows and compresses have been developed to cover a user's eyes to aid in sleeping as well as apply pressure on the user's face for therapeutic effect.

Eye masks were developed to keep light out while the user rested or slept. They are designed to be lightweight and non cumbersome. Due to their lightweight construction, a strap can effectively be used to keep them secure while the user sits or lies down.

Eye pillows were developed to block out light, but also provide additional therapeutic benefits. A single eye pillow is generally rectangular or oval in shape, much heavier than eye masks, and spans over and provides weighted coverage on the forehead, cheeks, eyes, nose and temple area.

Eye pillows can be made of a pliable material and filled with a particulate material such as flax seed. The pillows can be heated or cooled to provide the desired effect when laid across the user's face while the user is on their back. Due to their heavy weighted coverage, the user must remain in a stationary position on their back to prevent the pillow from falling off. Alternately, a head strap can be used to keep the pillow on the user in a sleeping or sitting position, but such a strap is largely unsuccessful. Herbal mixtures can be added to the pillows to provide aroma therapy for increased states of relaxation and pain relief. Eye pillows are generally used for short naps, relaxation times and during therapeutic bodywork sessions while the user lies stationary on their back. However, it must be removed when the therapist works on the user's face or turns the user on their side or stomach.

One drawback to conventional eye pillows is that they fail to provide even pressure distribution around the eye because they leave a gap around the eye socket thereby causing an unbalance feeling on the part of the user. Most of the pressure is applied on the forehead, nose bridge, cheeks and/or temples, with very little pressure applied inside the eye socket. There are a number of accu-pressure points that exist around the eye socket. It has been found that evenly distributed pressure applied to these accu-pressure points increases the beneficial treatments of eye strain, headaches, sinus problems, and cosmetic problems such as puffy eyes and dark circles. Such pressure also increases circulation and creates a soothing and comforting effect on the user. Evenly

applied pressure on the eyelid itself can also be quite soothing as well as successfully alleviating certain types of headaches. These pressure points 1 around the eye socket 2 are illustrated in FIG. 1. An eye pillow draped across the face of a user fails to provide even pressure on the accu-pressure points around the eye socket. In fact, the accu-pressure points below the eyebrow and along the nose and inner eye are especially difficult to access because for most people, the eye socket is most recessed at those locations. Thus, a flat pillow design simply cannot rest on the user's forehead and nose while still applying even pressure to these hard to access accu-pressure points.

Shaped masks have been developed to block out light and some provide pressure in and around the eye. Such masks have been made out of foam, or even filled with a liquid gel that can be heated or cooled before use. These masks are shaped to fit around the nose to better access the eye socket. However, the problem with these shaped masks is that they still cannot provide sufficiently even pressure to all accu-pressure points around and on the eye for most users. The shape, size and depth of eye sockets, and the spacing between eye sockets, varies widely among different users. A generic shaped mask simply cannot reliably apply the desired evenly applied pressure to all the accu-pressure points for various users.

It is also desirable either during use, or from use to use, to vary the pressure distribution applied in the eye socket by the mask. However, shaped masks in general have a fixed shape that does not allow sufficient variations of pressure distributions by the user.

Eye pillows and shaped masks are often used by therapists during face massage and other body work to relax the patient. However, the therapists need to access the rest of the patient's face, when doing a facial massage, as well as move the patient during non-facial therapy. Sometimes the therapist needs to access the eye socket itself. Conventional eye pillows and masks block access to the patient's face, and tend to fall off or shift when the patient is moved. Therapists are forced to remove the pillows and masks in order to provide a comprehensive therapy session, which diminishes the relaxation effects of the treatment and can cause distress due to the rapid change of state. Straps used to hold the pillows and masks in place tend to uncomfortably exert pressure from the cheek bones all the way to the back of the head, including the temple area, further blocking a therapists' access to the patient's face and head areas. Tight head straps necessary to hold such pillows in place tend to be uncomfortable and hold the pillow too tightly onto the user's face.

There is a need for a eye pillow that evenly applies pressure on the accu-pressure points around the eye, and applies adjustable pressure on the eye itself, despite the different eye socket shapes and separations among various users. There is also a need for such an eye pillow to accommodate variations in the pressure distribution around the socket during use, to not exert pressure onto other parts of the user's head, to not block access to the user's face, to not require tight head straps to stay in place, and to provide multifaceted and interchangeable use for various therapeutic uses.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention solves the aforementioned problems by providing pillows filled with particulate fill and

made of such a pliable material to conform to and fill into a user's eye socket for evenly dispersed pressure over the eye lid and the pressure points adjacent thereto.

Specifically, the eye pillow of the present invention, used for therapeutic treatment of a user's eye and accu-pressure points around the user's eye, include a first pillow that has a first hollow shell formed of a pliable material, and a predetermined amount of particulate material having a predetermined weight and contained in the first shell. The amount and weight of the particulate material and the pliability of the first shell are selected so that when the first pillow is placed over a user's eye, the first shell conforms to, fills in, and applies evenly distributed pressure to the eye socket around the user's eye, including evenly distributed pressure to accupressure points around the eye.

Other objects and features of the present invention will become apparent by a review of the specification, claims and appended figures.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a front view of the accu-pressure points around a human eye.

FIG. 2A is a side view of the eye pillows of the present invention.

FIG. 2B is a top view of the eye pillows of the present invention.

FIG. 2C is a side cross-sectional view of an eye pillow of the present invention.

FIG. 3 is a perspective view of the pillows of the present invention attached to a head strap.

FIG. 4 is a side view of an alternate embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 5A is a top view of a second alternate embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 5B is a cross-sectional side view of the second alternate embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 5C is a cross-sectional side view of the second alternate embodiment of the present invention with a second set of pillows formed thereon.

FIG. 6 is a side view of a third alternate embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 7 is a perspective view of a fourth alternate embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 8 is a top view of a fifth alternate embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 9 is a side view of a sixth alternate embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The present invention is a pair of eye pillows that comfortably conform to, and exert evenly distributed and adjustable pressure to, the eye socket of a user.

The eye pillows **10** of the present invention are illustrated in FIGS. 2A–2B, and are removably attached to each other by a strap **12**. The pillows **10** are made of a bag shaped shell **14** of pliable material, such as silk, and contain a particulate based fill **16** such as flax seed as illustrated in FIG. 2C.

Buttons **18** are attached to the top of the pillows **10** for engaging button holes **20** of strap **12**. Closable access openings **22** can be formed in the shell **14** for adding or removing the amount of particulate fill **16** in pillows **10**, or even removing all of the particulate fill **16** so pillows **10** can be washed. Openings **22** are preferably held closed with hook and fabric (Velcro™), a zipper, snaps, buttons, etc.

The size of each pillow **10**, and the amount and weight of the particulate fill **16** therein, are selected so that when the pillow **10** is placed in an eye socket, it fully conforms to and fills into the eye socket by its own weight and pliability, thereby exerting even pressure throughout the eye socket (including on all the accu-pressure points and on the eye lid itself). The pillows **10** also block out all the incoming light.

Ideally, strap **12** loosely drapes over the user's nose during use while allowing the pillows **10** to be placed properly and fully conform into the eye socket. Separation between the pillows **10** is adjustable using buttons **18** and the various button holes **20**. Since the pillows **10** fully conform into each eye socket, the eye sockets themselves hold the pillows **10** in place, thus allowing a user to move around a bit while on their back. A therapist can access all areas of the face and head, including working underneath the pillow and on the eye sockets (by lifting up on one edge of the pillow **10**) without removing the pillow and disrupting the therapeutic effect thereof on the user. Prior art masks and pillows require removal in order to allow access to these areas.

If the user does plan on using the pillows **10** while not lying on their back, then strap **12** can be replaced by a head strap **24**, as illustrated in FIG. 3. Head strap **24** secures to the top elevated portion of eye pillows **10** (at buttons **18**) and around the head, thus providing a space that does not contact the temple area. When the user wears the eye pillows **10** with the buttons **18** facing away from the eyes, head strap **24** will pass over, but not contact, with the temple areas of the user's head. This allows a therapist access to all areas of the face, including the temple area, without having to remove the eye pillows. It also allows the user to sit up or lie on their side or stomach while wearing pillows **10**. Moreover, since the pillows **10** are conformed into the eye sockets, less pressure needs to be exerted by head strap **24** to maintain proper pillow position. Thus, tight uncomfortable head straps are avoided for better comfort.

Straps **12/24** can be removed altogether so that both pillows **10** can be worn without any straps, such as for sunbathing (no tan lines), facials, etc. Alternately, one of the pillows **10** can be used by itself. For example, if a user has an injury to a single eye which needs treatment, one of the pillows **10** can be removed from straps **12/24** and placed over that single eye. This individual pillow **10** can, with or without straps **12/24**, also be used on the "third eye" accu-pressure point located between the eyebrows for meditation purposes.

Silk is preferably used for the shell **14**. However, any material can be used for the material of shell **14** so long as it is pliable enough to allow pillow **10** to fully conform into the eye socket and is soothing to the eye. It is also preferable that the shell **14** sufficiently conduct heat into or out of pillow **10** for its cooling or heating effect, and/or allow any aroma of the particulate fill **16** to emanate therethrough. Examples of such materials include: cotton, rayon,

polyester, hemp, velvet, terry cloth, Gortex™, gauze, spandex, thin rubber, latex, pliable plastic, cellophane, alathon, elastic, etc.

Particulate fill **16** is preferably flax seed, which has sufficient weight to conform pillow **10** to the eye socket while providing the necessary pressure distribution to all the accu-pressure points around the eye. Particulate fill has the additional advantage of allowing the user to manipulate pillow **10** to change the particulate distribution in pillow **10**, thus changing the pressure distribution of pillow **10** onto the eye socket. It is preferable that the particulate fill **16** have thermal conductivity and heat capacity characteristics for temperature therapy (through shell **14**) by providing a cooling or heating effect. For example, by placing the pillows **10** in a freezer before use, a cooling effect can be created. Alternately, by placing the pillows **10** in a microwave oven before use, a heating effect can be created.

The particulate fill **16** can further include herbal mixtures to provide aroma therapy for increased states of relaxation and pain relief. While flax seed is an ideal particulate fill, other particulate materials that can be used include beads, sand, herbs, grains, etc. It is important to loosely fill the pillow **10** with particulate fill **16**. Overfilling or underfilling the pillow **10** will reduce the pillow's ability to conform to the users eye socket during use. The particulate fill **16** should fill up the pillow **10** between about one third full to about three quarters full to maintain adequate weight, mobility and adjustability of pillows **10**. Straps **12** or **24** can be made of any of the materials used to make pillow **10**, and additionally cording, string, and/or ribbon can be used.

While strap **12** is shown as being removably attached by buttons **18** to pillows **10**, other attachment mechanisms could be used instead, such as hook and fabric (Velcro™), hook and eye, snaps, or even permanent stitching. In addition, removable and washable pillow cases can be attached around pillows **10** to keep them clean. These pillow cases can enclose around pillows **10** in a removable fashion, for example, by elastic strips, synch strings, etc., so the pillow cases can be removed and washed. Alternately, swatches of material can be placed over the eye socket before pillows **10** are inserted.

FIG. **4** illustrates an alternate embodiment of the present invention, where a pair of pillows **10** are attached together, with no strap. The point at which the pillows are attached together could allow communication of particulate fill **16** from one pillow to travel to the other pillow to adjust the relative weight distribution between the two pillows.

FIGS. **5A–5B** illustrates second alternate embodiment of the present invention. A large pillow **30** (for covering the user's face) is formed integrally with a pair of smaller eye pillows **32** (for filling in the eye sockets), so that particulate fill **16** therein freely flows between pillow **30** and pillows **32**. This embodiment is ideal for therapy that calls for even pressure not only in the eye sockets, but also on parts of the face nearby the eye sockets. This embodiment allows the user to move the particulate fill **16** in pillow **30** and pillows **32** until there is the desired distribution of even pressure on the eye socket, nose, forehead, temple and/or cheeks. The heavier pillow **30** is held in place by pillows **32** conformed in and filled into the eye sockets. The back side of pillow **30** gives the user the versatility of using a flat pillow without

any eye pillows extending therefrom. Additionally, a second pair of pillows **34** can be integrally formed into the opposite side of the pillow **30** as shown in FIG. **5C**. The second pair of pillows **34** can have a different spacing and/or size for versatility.

FIG. **6** illustrates a third alternate embodiment of the present invention, where the pillow **30** of FIGS. **5A** and **5B** is formed non-integrally with the pair of eye pillows **32**, so the particulate fill **16** does not flow freely between the pillows **32** and pillow **30**. This embodiment is ideal in that pillows **32** can be removably attached to pillow **30** (i.e. with Velcro™ pads **38**) so that the separation of pillows **32** can be adjusted for proper fit, or pillows **32** can be removed altogether from pillow **30** and either used alone or with a strap as shown in FIGS. **2A–B** or **3** for further versatility and multifaced use.

FIG. **7** illustrates a fourth alternate embodiment of the present invention, where temple pillows **40** are added to the inside of head strap **24** of the embodiment in FIG. **3**, to apply soothing pressure and cooling/heating therapy to the temples of the user.

FIG. **8** illustrates a fifth alternate embodiment of the present invention, where pillows **10** and temple pillows **40** are attached to a head band **50**. Head band **50** connects pillows **10** (which are conformed into the eye sockets) to temple pillows **40** (through which headband **50** exert pressure) to pillows **10** and **40** stay in place. Head band **50** is preferably made of plastic or metal wire.

FIG. **9** illustrated a sixth alternate embodiment of the present invention, where pillows **10** are attached to a solid mask **56**, which is constructed of cotton, foam or other comfortable and preferably compressible material.

It is to be understood that the present invention is not limited to the embodiments described above and illustrated herein, but encompasses any and all variations falling within the scope of the appended claims. For example, the pillows can be formed in any shape that fills the eye socket during use, including the following shapes: bag, cat-eye, rectangular, square, etc.

What is claimed is:

1. An eye pillow for therapeutic treatment of a user's eye, eye socket, and accu-pressure points around the user's eye, comprising:

a first pillow that includes:

a first hollow shell formed of a pliable material, and a predetermined amount of particulate material, having a predetermined weight, contained in the first shell, wherein the amount and weight of the particulate material and the pliability of the first shell are selected so that when the first pillow is placed over a user's eye, the first shell conforms to, fills in, and applies evenly distributed pressure to the eye socket around the user's eye, including evenly distributed pressure to accu-pressure points around the eye;

a second pillow that includes:

a second hollow shell formed of a pliable material, a predetermined amount of particulate material, having a predetermined weight, contained in the second shell,

wherein the amount and weight of the particulate material and the pliability of the second shell are selected so that when the second pillow is placed

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over a user's eye, the second shell conforms to, fills in, and applies evenly distributed pressure to the eye socket around the user's eye, including evenly distributed pressure to accu-pressure points around the eye;

one of a strap and a head bandis-connected to the first and second shells; and

a third pillow attached to the first and second pillows, the third pillow being larger than the first and second pillows.

2. An eye pillow for therapeutic treatment of a user's eye, eye socket, and accu-pressure points around the user's eye, comprising:

a first pillow that includes:

a first hollow shell formed of a pliable material, and a predetermined amount of particulate material, having a predetermined weight, contained in the first shell, wherein the amount and weight of the particulate material and the pliability of the first shell are selected so that when the first pillow is placed over a user's eye, the first shell conforms to, fills in, and applies evenly distributed pressure to the eye socket around the user's eye, including evenly distributed pressure to accu-pressure points around the eye;

a second pillow that includes:

a second hollow shell formed of a pliable material, a predetermined amount of particulate material, having a predetermined weight, contained in the second shell, and

wherein the amount and weight of the particulate material and the pliability of the second shell are selected so that when the second pillow is placed over a user's eye, the second shell conforms to, fills in, and applies evenly distributed pressure to the eye socket around the user's eye, including evenly distributed pressure to accu-pressure points around the eye;

a third pillow that includes:

a third hollow shell formed of a pliable material, particulate material contained in the third shell; and

wherein the first and second pillows are removably attached to the third shell.

3. An eye pillow for therapeutic treatment of a user's eye, eye socket, and accu-pressure points around the user's eye, comprising:

a first pillow that includes:

a first hollow shell formed of a pliable material, and a predetermined amount of particulate material, having a predetermined weight, contained in the first shell,

wherein the amount and weight of the particulate material and the pliability of the first shell are selected so that when the first pillow is placed over a user's eye, the first shell conforms to, fills in, and applies evenly distributed pressure to the eye socket around the user's eye, including evenly distributed pressure to accu-pressure points around the eye;

a second pillow that includes:

a second hollow shell formed of a pliable material, a predetermined amount of particulate material, having a predetermined weight, contained in the second shell, and

wherein the amount and weight of the particulate material and the pliability of the second shell are selected so that when the second pillow is placed over a user's eye, the second shell conforms to, fills

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in, and applies evenly distributed pressure to the eye socket around the user's eye, including evenly distributed pressure to accu-pressure points around the eye;

a third pillow that includes:

a third hollow shell formed of a pliable material, particulate material contained in the third shell; and

wherein the first and second pillows are integrally formed with the third pillow so that the particulate material freely flows between the third shell and the first and second shells.

4. The eye pillow of claim 3, further comprising:

a fourth pillow that includes:

a fourth hollow shell formed of a pliable material, a predetermined amount of particulate material, having a predetermined weight, contained in the fourth shell, and

wherein the amount and weight of the particulate material and the pliability of the fourth shell are selected so that when the fourth pillow is placed over a user's eye, the fourth shell conforms to, fills in, and applies evenly distributed pressure to the eye socket around the user's eye, including evenly distributed pressure to accu-pressure points around the eye;

a fifth pillow that includes:

a fifth hollow shell formed of a pliable material, a predetermined amount of particulate material, having a predetermined weight, contained in the fifth shell, and

wherein the amount and weight of the particulate material and the pliability of the fifth shell are selected so that when the fifth pillow is placed over a user's eye, the fifth shell conforms to, fills in, and applies evenly distributed pressure to the eye socket around the user's eye, including evenly distributed pressure to accu-pressure points around the eye;

wherein the third shell has a front and a back surface, the first and second pillows are integrally formed with the front surface of the third shell so that the particulate material freely flows between the third shell and the first and second shells, and wherein the fourth and fifth pillows are integrally formed with the back surface of the third shell so that the particulate material freely flows between the third shell and the fourth and fifth shells.

5. The eye pillow of claim 4, wherein the third pillow is significantly larger than the first and second pillows.

6. The eye pillow of claim 4, wherein the first and second pillows are spaced apart a distance that is different from a spacing between the fourth and fifth pillows.

7. The eye pillow of claim 6, wherein the first and second pillows have a different size than the fourth and fifth pillows.

8. An eye pillow for therapeutic treatment of a user's eye, eye socket, temple and accu-pressure points around the user's eye, comprising:

a first pillow that includes:

a first hollow shell formed of a pliable material, and a predetermined amount of particulate material, having a predetermined weight, contained in the first shell,

wherein the amount and weight of the particulate material and the pliability of the first shell are selected so that when the first pillow is placed over

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a user's eye, the first shell conforms to, fills in, and applies evenly distributed pressure to the eye socket around the user's eye, including evenly distributed pressure to accu-pressure points around the eye;

a second pillow that includes:

a second hollow shell formed of a pliable material, a predetermined amount of particulate material, having a predetermined weight, contained in the second shell,

wherein the amount and weight of the particulate material and the pliability of the second shell are selected so that when the second pillow is placed over a user's eye, the second shell conforms to, fills in, and applies evenly distributed pressure to the eye socket around the user's eye, including evenly distributed pressure to accu-pressure points around the eye;

one of a strap and a head band is connected to the first and second shells; and

at least one additional pillow that includes:

an additional hollow shell formed of a pliable material, a predetermined amount of particulate material, having a predetermined weight, contained in the additional shell,

wherein the one strap and head band supporting the first and second pillows over the user's eyes, and supporting the additional pillow over the user's temple.

9. An eye pillow for therapeutic treatment of a user's eye, eye socket, and accu-pressure points around the user's eye, comprising:

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a first pillow that includes:

a first hollow shell formed of a pliable material, and a predetermined amount of particulate material, having a predetermined weight, contained in the first shell, wherein the amount and weight of the particulate material and the pliability of the first shell are selected so that when the first pillow is placed over a user's eye, the first shell conforms to, fills in, and applies evenly distributed pressure to the eye socket around the user's eye, including evenly distributed pressure to accu-pressure points around the eye;

a second pillow that includes:

a second hollow shell formed of a pliable material, and a predetermined amount of particulate material, having a predetermined weight, contained in the second shell;

wherein the amount and weight of the particulate material and the pliability of the second shell are selected so that when the second pillow is placed over a user's eye, the second shell conforms to, fills in, and applies evenly distributed pressure to the eye socket around the user's eye, including evenly distributed pressure to accu-pressure points around the eye, and wherein the first and second pillows are integrally formed with each other so that the particulate material freely flows between the first and second shells.

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