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# United States Patent [19] Henshall

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[54] AIRPLANE PASSENGER AND LAP CHILD RESTRAINT SYSTEM

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[52] U.S. Cl. .... **297/468**; 297/464; 297/465; 297/485; 280/801.1

[58] Field of Search ..... 297/468, 485, 297/464, 465; 280/801.1

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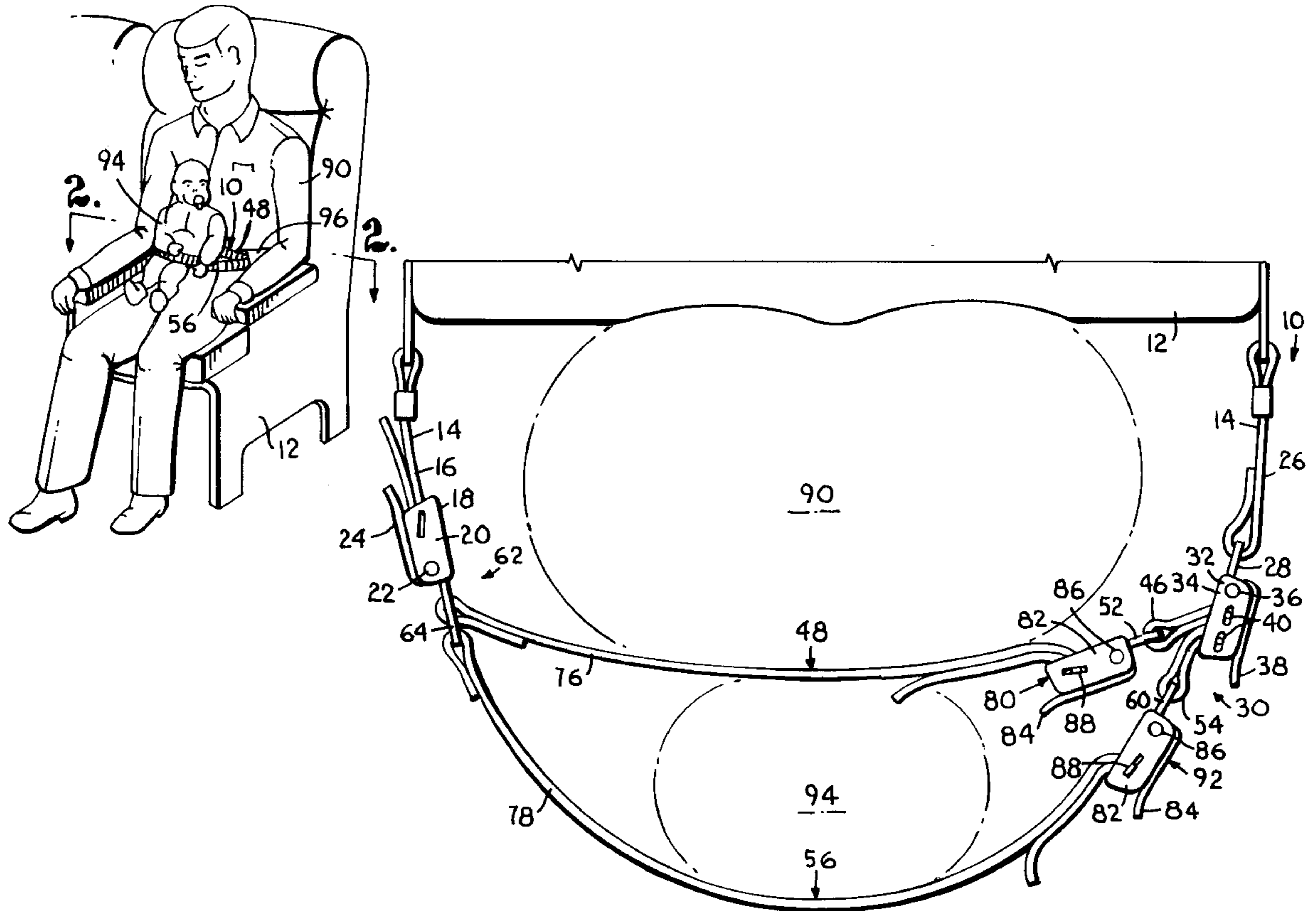
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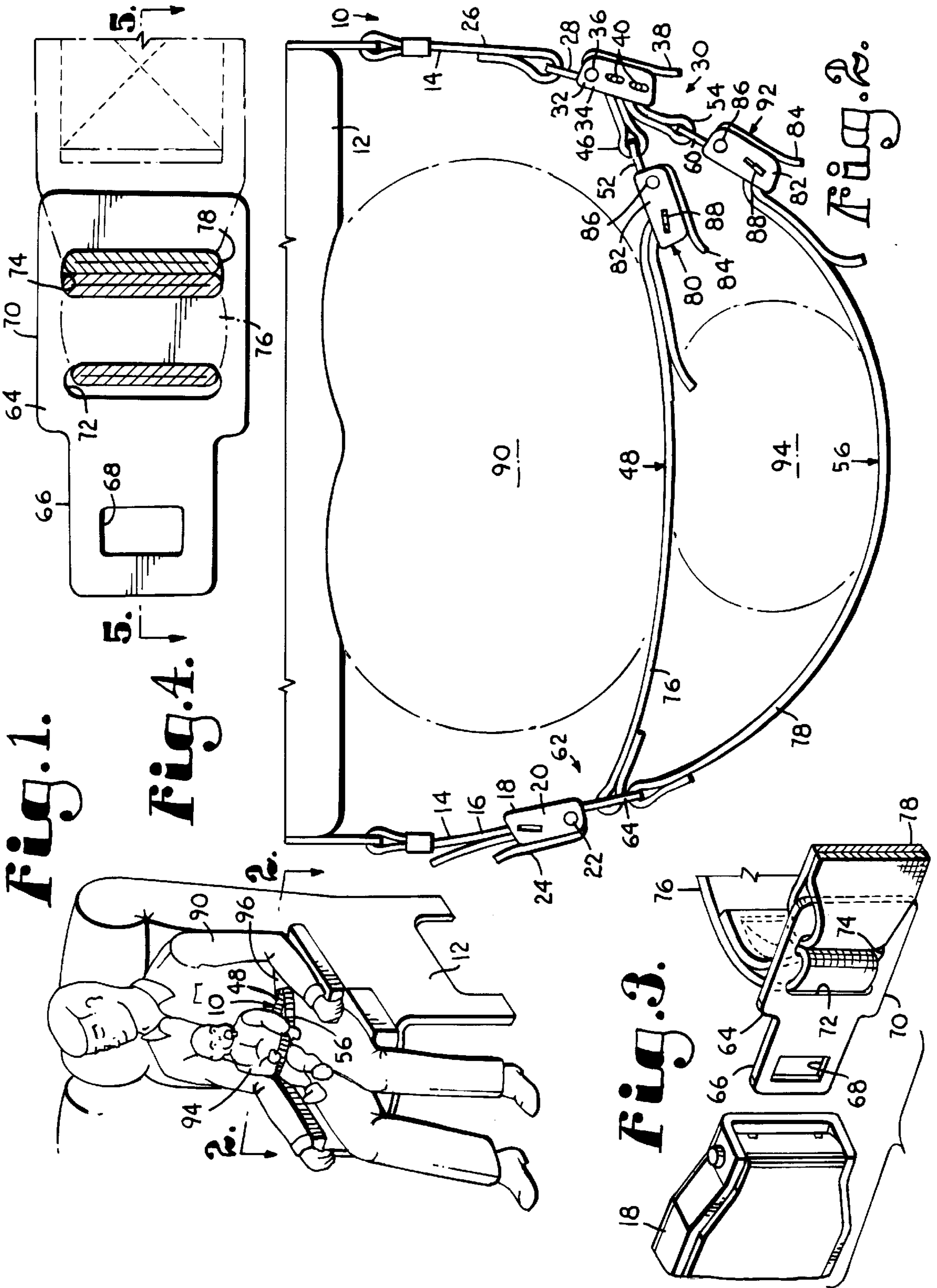
Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Shook, Hardy & Bacon

[57] **ABSTRACT**

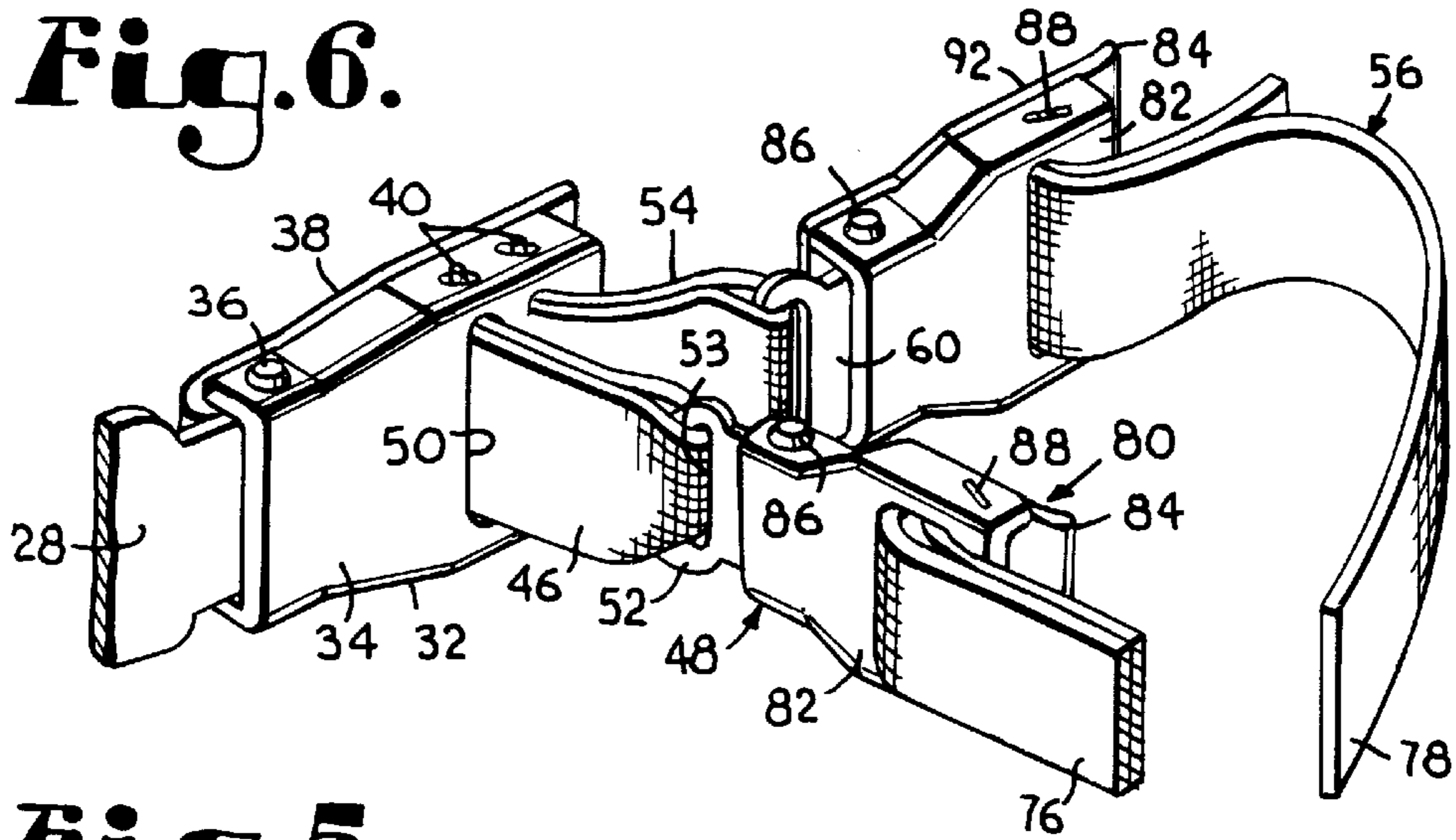
An airplane passenger restraint system is provided that cooperates with an existing seat belt of an airplane seat where the seat belt has two straps which are releasably coupled together. The system includes a first dual strap assembly that can be coupled to one of the straps of the seat belt which has a first section of a first passenger strap and a first section of a second passenger strap. The first sections of the first and second passenger straps each have a first part of a coupling mechanism attached thereto. A second dual strap assembly is provided that can be coupled to the other of the straps of the seat belt, the second strap assembly having a second section of a first passenger strap and a second section of a second passenger strap. The second sections of the first and second passenger straps each have a second part of a coupling mechanism attached thereto which can be matingly coupled to the first parts of the coupling mechanism. The strap assemblies can be coupled to the existing seat belt, and the first and second sections of the first passenger strap may be coupled across a first passenger and the first and second sections of the second passenger strap may be coupled across a second passenger to secure both the first and the second passenger within the airplane seat.

**14 Claims, 2 Drawing Sheets**

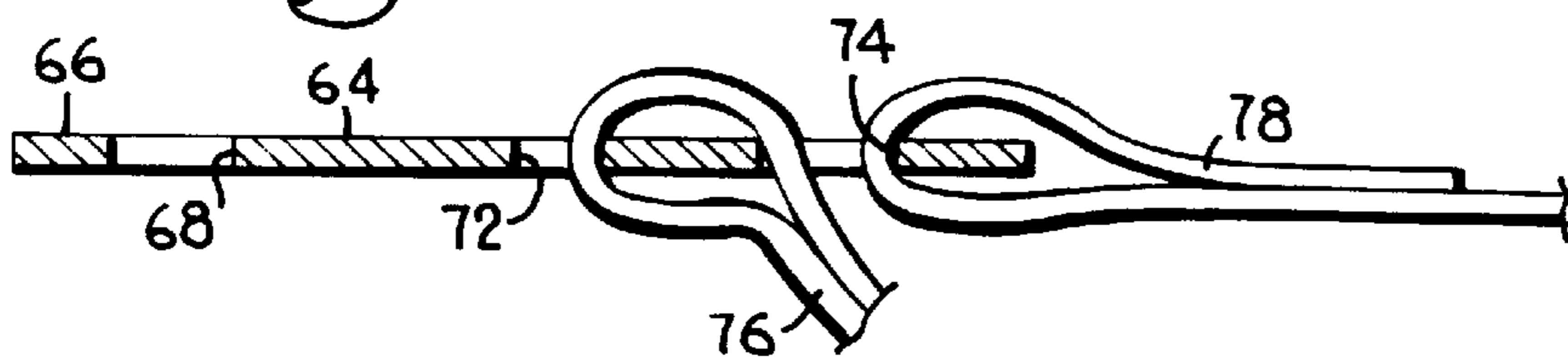




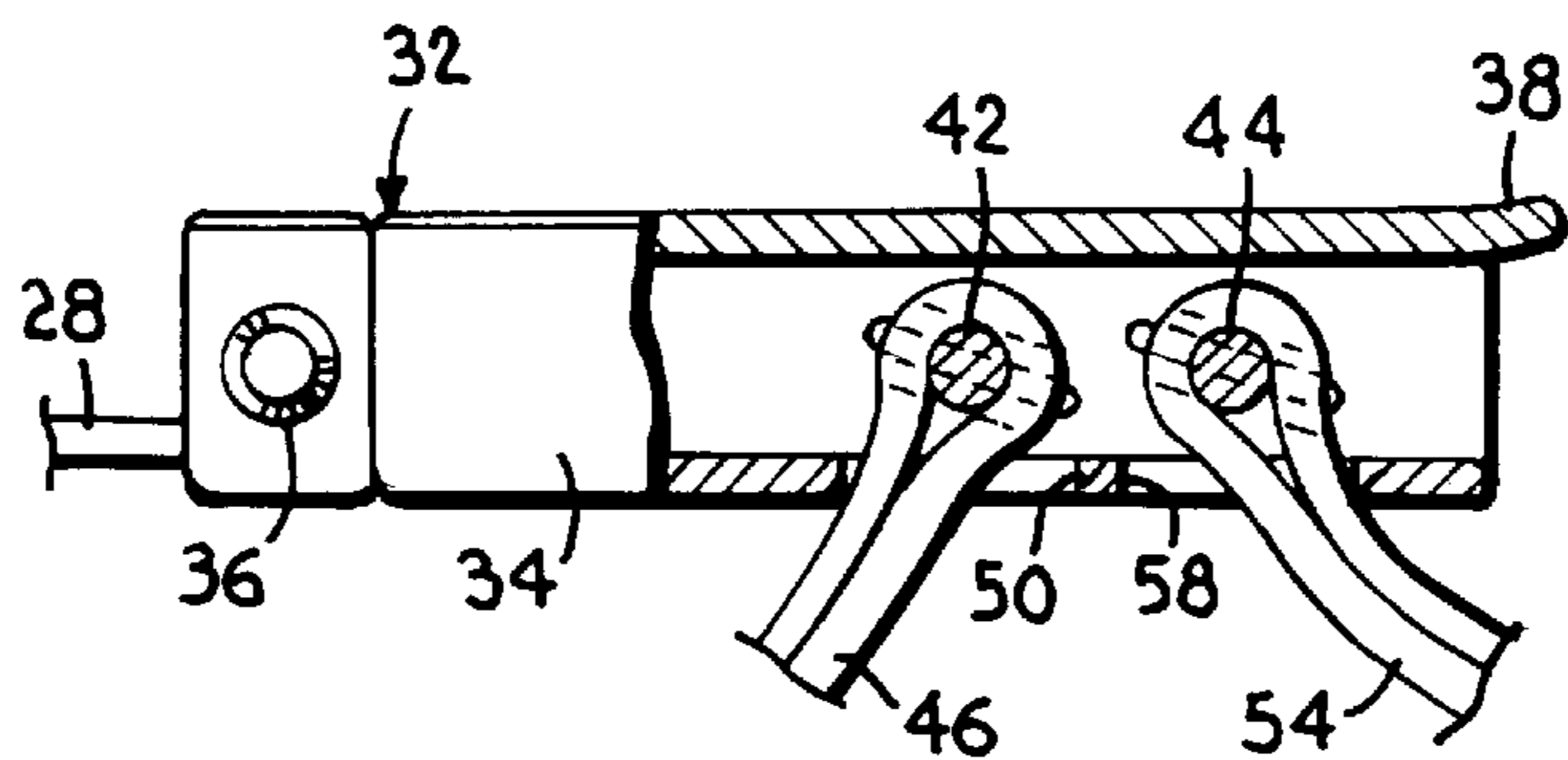
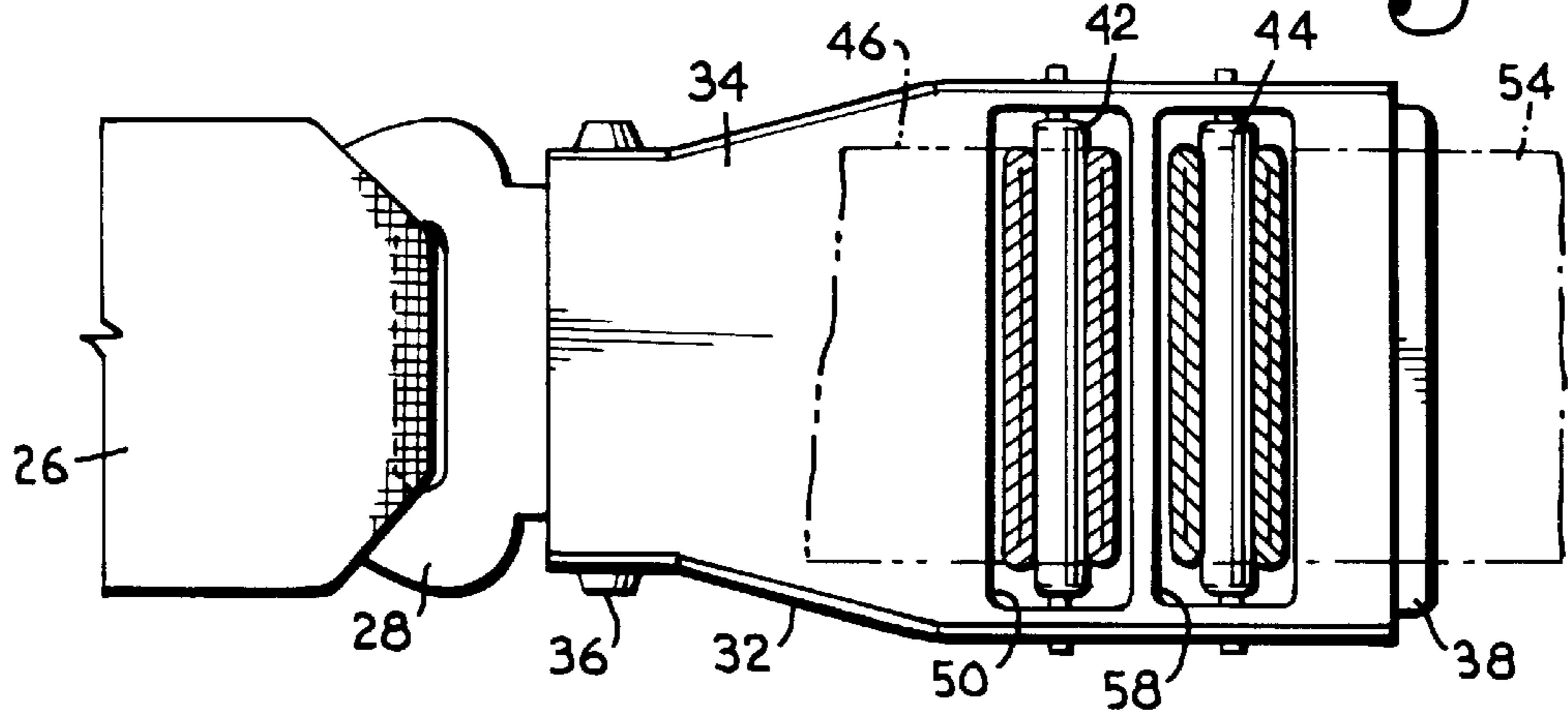
**Fig. 6.**



**Fig. 5.**



**Fig. 7.**



**Fig. 8.**

## AIRPLANE PASSENGER AND LAP CHILD RESTRAINT SYSTEM

### STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT

Not Applicable.

### CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

Not Applicable.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to seat belt restraining systems for vehicles, and more particularly to seat belt restraining systems for airplanes which can be used to selectively secure both an adult, and a child sitting in the lap of the adult.

With the convenience and speed offered by air travel, the popularity of air travel is ever increasing. This is especially true in an age where discount or special low fares are offered to travelers. Obviously, the safety of these passengers is a primary concern of those offering air travel services. One of the safety devices offered is the now well-known seat or lap belt. The seat belt has two straps, at least one of which is adjustable in length. These two straps are connected on one end to the airplane seat. The other end of one of the straps is equipped with a male buckle, and the other end of the remaining strap is equipped with a female buckle. The female buckle typically allows the length of the strap to be adjusted. In normal use, the male buckle is received within the female buckle so that the two straps are coupled together across a passenger's lap. The length of the straps may then be adjusted so that they fit securely across the lap of the passenger. The female buckle typically has a release tab which may be pulled upwardly to release the male buckle from the female buckle, thus separating the two straps and allowing the passenger to move about the cabin.

The above described seat belt works well when only one passenger occupies the seat at any one time. In fact, the seat belt is designed for use by only one passenger at a time. It is, however, becoming increasingly common for people to travel accompanied by infant children. If these children are young enough, an additional ticket is usually not required for the infant. On full flights, in which there are no extra seats available for convenient use by the infant, the adult traveling with the infant will hold the infant in his or her lap. In these situations, the infant will not have the benefit of the above described seat belt. This can be particularly disadvantageous if turbulent air is experienced or if there is some type of airplane accident.

One temptation for overcoming the above drawbacks is to adjust the seat belt to extend across both the adult and the infant. If, however, the infant is restless and it is desired to pass the infant from, for example, a father to a mother, both the mother and the father will be required to unfasten and adjust their respective seat belts. Moreover, the seat belt is not designed to operate across two persons and it is difficult to adjust the seat belt so that it fits securely across both people. In fact, it is currently not legal to employ such a method, and the adult will not be permitted to fasten the existing seat belt around both the adult and the passenger.

Therefore, a device is needed which overcomes the drawbacks and deficiencies of the existing arrangements discussed above.

### BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, it is an object of the present invention to provide an airplane passenger restraint system which can be used to secure both an adult and an infant within a single seat.

Another object of the invention is to provide an airplane passenger restraint system that can be conveniently coupled to the existing seat belt and which can be used to selectively secure both an adult and an infant within a single airplane seat.

A further object of the invention is to provide an airplane passenger restraint system to secure both an adult and an infant, where the restraint system uses components similar to those already in use within the airline industry.

A still further object of the invention is to provide an airplane passenger restraint system to secure both an adult and an infant which is equipped with a padding tube to further increase the comfort of both the adult and the infant.

According to the present invention, the foregoing and other objects are obtained by an airplane passenger restraint system that cooperates with an existing airplane passenger seat belt that has two straps which are releasably coupled together. The system includes a first dual strap assembly that can be coupled to one of the straps of the seat belt which has a first section of a first passenger strap and a first section of a second passenger strap. The first sections of the first and second passenger straps each have a first part of a coupling mechanism attached thereto. A second dual strap assembly is provided that can be coupled to the other of the straps of the seat belt, the second strap assembly having a second section of a first passenger strap and a second section of a second passenger strap. The second sections of the first and second passenger straps each have a second part of a coupling mechanism attached thereto which can be matingly coupled to the first parts of the coupling mechanism. The strap assemblies can be coupled to the existing seat belt, and the first and second sections of the first passenger strap may be coupled across a first passenger and the first and second sections of the second passenger strap may be coupled across a second passenger to secure both the first and the second passenger within the airplane seat.

Additional objects, advantages, and novel features of the invention will be set forth in part in the description which follows and in part will become apparent to those skilled in the art upon examination of the following, or may be learned by practice of the invention. The objects and advantages of the invention may be realized and obtained by means of the instrumentalities and combinations particularly pointed out in the appended claims.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWINGS

In the accompanying drawings which form a part of the specification:

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of an airline passenger restraint system used to secure an adult and infant within an airplane seat embodying the principles of the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a top view of the restraint system of FIG. 1 taken along line 2—2 of FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is a partial view of a portion of the restraint system shown in FIG. 1, showing a part of one component of the restraint system being coupled to an existing seat belt;

FIG. 4 is a partial front elevation view showing the male buckle end of the restraint system shown in FIG. 1;

FIG. 5 is a cross sectional view of the male buckle end, taken along line 5—5 of FIG. 4;

FIG. 6 is a partial view of a portion of the restraint system shown in FIG. 1, showing a part of one component of the restraint system being coupled to an existing seat belt;

FIG. 7 is a partial front elevation view of the restraint system showing the female buckle end of the restraint system coupled to an existing seat belt; and

FIG. 8 is a side elevation view showing the female buckle end of the restraint system coupled to an existing seat belt, with parts being broken away to show particular details of construction.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

An airplane passenger restraint system embodying the principles of this invention is broadly designated in the drawings by the reference numeral 10. With initial reference to FIG. 1, the restraint system is used to couple both an adult and an infant within an airplane seat 12. The airplane seat is equipped with a seat belt 14, as is known to those of skill in the art. As best seen in FIG. 2, seat belt 14 has a fabric strap 16 which is coupled on one end to seat 12 and has on its opposite end a female buckle end 18. Female buckle end 18 has a main body 20, a pivot rod 22 and a lift tab 24 which rotates about the pivot rod. Pivot rod 22 operates to couple lift tab 24 to main body 20. Lift tab 24 is biased to a closed position by a spring mechanism, as is known to those of skill in the art. The spring mechanism is coupled to a detent lock, which is pivoted away from main body 20 when lift tab 24 is pulled upwardly, as is known to those of skill in the art. Female buckle end 18 allows the passenger to adjust the length of fabric strap 16 in a conventional manner so that the seat belt is securely across the lap of the passenger.

Seat belt 14 further includes a fabric strap 26 which is coupled on one end to seat 12, on a side opposite the side to which strap 16 is coupled, and has on its opposite end a male buckle end 28. Male buckle end 28 has a cut-out therein that cooperates with the detent lock on female buckle end 18, so that when male buckle end 28 is received within female buckle end 18, the two buckles are secured together, as is known to those of skill in the art. To release male buckle end 28 from female buckle end 18, the passenger can lift upwardly on lift tab 24, which will remove the detent lock from the cut-out in male buckle end 28, uncoupling fabric strap 16 from fabric strap 26, thus allowing the passenger to leave his or her seat. Seat belt 14 is thus in use on existing airplanes to secure a passenger within seat 12.

Restraint system 10 cooperates with the above-described seat belt 14 in existing use and has a first dual strap assembly 30, as best seen in FIGS. 2 and 6 through 8. First assembly 30 has a female buckle end 32 that is similar in many respects to female buckle end 18. Female buckle end 32 has a main body 34, a pivot rod 36 and a lift tab 38 that is coupled to main body 34 via pivot rod 36. Female buckle end 32 has a spring mechanism and detent lock which are constructed as are the spring mechanism and detent lock on existing female buckle end 18. Female buckle end 32 can thus matingly receive male buckle end 28 of existing seat belt 14. Female buckle end 32 operates similarly to female buckle end 18 so that male buckle end 28 may be secured within female buckle end 32, and may be released by pulling upwardly on lift tab 38. Preferably, female buckle end 32 is made of the same material as female buckle end 18, which is known to those of skill in the art.

As best seen in FIGS. 6 and 7, main body 34 of female buckle end 32 has a pair of through holes 40 on each side thereof which are used to secure a first roller 42 and a second roller 44 within main body 34. In the prior art seat belt, only one roller is secured within the main body. In the present invention, first roller 42 acts as an anchor for a first section

46 of a first passenger strap 48. Main body 34 has a slot 50 therein which allows first section 46 to be disposed through slot 50 and around roller 42. First section 46 is a fabric strap and is preferably made from the same material that is used for fabric straps 16 and 26. Secured to first section 46 opposite roller 42 is a male buckle end 52. Male buckle end 52 is preferably constructed of the same material and to the same specifications as is prior art male buckle end 28. Male buckle end 52 thus has a strap passage 53, through which the fabric of first section 46 is passed. After being passed through passage 53, the fabric of first section 46, is stitched together in the form of a loop to couple male buckle end 52 to first section 46. Male buckle end 52 further has a cut-out therein, as in the prior art male buckle end 28.

Second roller 44 acts as an anchor for a first section 54 of a second passenger strap 56. First section 54 is preferably made from the same fabric that is used for straps 16 and 26. To accommodate the buckling of second passenger strap 56, first section 54 of second passenger strap 56 may be longer than first section 46 of first passenger strap 48. Main body 34 has a second slot 58 therein which allows first section 54 to be disposed through the slot and around roller 44. Secured to first section 54 opposite roller 44 is a male buckle end 60 that is similar in construction to male buckle end 52 and which is coupled to first section 54 in the same manner as male buckle end 52 is coupled to first section 46.

First dual strap assembly 30 can thus be coupled to fabric strap 26 and male buckle end 28 via female buckle end 32. Through the provision of strap assembly 30, restraint system 10 converts the seat belt 14 from one having only a single male buckle end to a dual male buckle end assembly.

Restraint system 10 further includes a second dual strap assembly 62, as best seen in FIGS. 2-5, that cooperates with first dual strap assembly 30, as more fully described below. Second dual strap assembly 62 has a male buckle end 64 which is preferably constructed of the same material as male buckle ends 28, 52 and 60. Male buckle end 64 is equipped with a fastening end 66 that has a cut-out 68 formed therein. Fastening end 66 is thus similar in construction to that of male buckle end 28. Fastening end 66 and cut-out 68 are constructed to be received within female buckle end 18. More specifically, the detent lock on female buckle end 18 will cooperate with cut-out 68 to couple female buckle end 18 to male buckle end 64. As best seen in FIG. 4, male buckle end 64 further has a strap end 70 that differs from that on male buckle end 28 in that a forward strap passage 72 and a rearward strap passage 74 are provided therein. As discussed above, male buckle end 28 has only a single strap passage 53 formed therein. Passages 72 and 74 allow a pair of straps to be coupled to male buckle end 64, rather than just a single strap.

Male buckle end 64 is coupled to a second section 76 of first passenger strap 48 and to a second section 78 of second passenger strap 56. As best seen in FIG. 5, the fabric of second section 76 is passed through forward strap passage 72 and then back through rearward strap passage 74. The fabric is stitched together to secure second section 76 to male buckle end 64. Similarly, the fabric of second section 78 is passed through rearward strap passage 74 and is brought back around male buckle end 64. The fabric is then stitched together to secure second section 78 to male buckle end 64. Male buckle end 64 thus has two straps extending therefrom, namely second section 76 and second section 78.

As best seen in FIGS. 2 and 6, second section 76 of first passenger strap 48 has a female buckle end 80 on the end opposite male buckle end 64. Female buckle end 80 is

preferably constructed just as female buckle end **18** is constructed and has a main body **82**, a lift tab **84**, and a pivot rod **86** which secures lift tab **84** to main body **82**. A spring mechanism and detent lock are provided, as in existing female buckle end **18**. Female buckle end **80** further has a strap roller mechanism **88** which allows second section **76** of first passenger strap **48** to be adjusted in length, as is known to those of skill in the art. Female buckle end **80** can thus receive male buckle end **52**, thus securing first section **46** and second section **76** of first passenger strap **48** to one another. As shown in FIGS. **1** and **2**, first passenger strap **48** can be fastened securely and low across the adult passenger **90**'s pelvis.

Second section **78** of second passenger strap **56** similarly has a female buckle end **92** on the end opposite male buckle end **64**. Female buckle end **92** is similar in all respects to female buckle ends **18** and **80**, in that main body **82**, lift tab **84** and pivot rod **86** are present. Similarly, female buckle end **92** will have a spring mechanism and detent lock, as well as a strap roller mechanism **88**. Female buckle end **92** can thus receive male buckle end **60**, thus securing first section **54** and second section **78** of second passenger strap **56** to one another. As shown in FIGS. **1** and **2**, second passenger strap **56** can be fastened around or across an infant passenger **94**.

As best seen in FIG. **1**, restraint system **10** can include a padding tube **96** which can be placed around passenger straps **48** and **56** to increase the comfort of both the adult and the infant.

In use, restraint system **10** will be coupled to the existing seat belt **14**. More specifically, first dual strap assembly **30** is coupled to male buckle end **28** of the existing seat belt. This is done by inserting male buckle end **28** into female buckle end **32**. Thereafter, second dual strap assembly **62** is coupled to the existing seat belt **14**. This is done by inserting male buckle end **64** into the existing female buckle end **18** of seat belt **14**. At this point, the adult passenger may be secured within seat **12**, and may secure himself or herself within the seat by coupling male buckle end **52** within female buckle end **80**. Thereafter, the adult may adjust second section **76** of first passenger strap **48** in length so that it fits securely and low across the adult's pelvis. Thereafter, the adult may position the infant in his or her lap and secure the infant with second passenger strap **56**. This is done by coupling male buckle end **60** within female buckle end **92**. The adult may thereafter adjust the length of second section **78** so that second passenger strap **56** is securely across the infant.

It can thus be seen that restraint system **10** can be coupled to existing seat belt **14** to selectively secure both an adult and an infant within an airplane seat. Restraint system **10** uses components and materials which are the same or similar to those currently in use, and is a convenient device to secure an infant and an adult within an airplane seat.

From the foregoing, it will be seen that this invention is one well adapted to obtain all of the ends and objects hereinabove set forth, together with other advantages which are inherent to the structure. It will be understood that certain features and subcombinations are of utility and may be employed without reference to other features and subcombinations. This is contemplated by and is within the scope of the claims.

Since many possible embodiments may be made of the invention without departing from the scope thereof, it is to be understood that all matter herein set forth or shown in the accompanying drawings is to be interpreted as illustrative and not in a limiting sense.

Having thus claimed the invention, what is claimed is:

**1.** An airline passenger restraint system adapted to secure an adult and an infant within an airline seat that is equipped with an existing seat belt having a first female buckle end and a first male buckle end, comprising:

a first dual strap assembly having a second female buckle end for mating connection to the first male buckle end of the seat belt, said first strap assembly having a first and a second passenger strap coupled to and extending from said second female buckle end, said passenger straps having respective ends spaced from said second female buckle end;

a first part of an attaching mechanism coupled to each of said passenger straps on said ends that are spaced from said second female buckle end; and

a second dual strap assembly having a second male buckle end for mating connection to the first female buckle end of the seat belt, said second strap assembly having a first and a second passenger strap coupled to and extending from said second male buckle end, said passenger straps each having ends spaced from said second male buckle end;

a second part of an attaching mechanism which adapted to be releasably coupled to said first part of the attaching mechanism;

wherein said first and second dual strap assemblies are adapted to be coupled to the existing seat belt, and said first passenger strap of said first strap assembly are adapted to be coupled to said first passenger strap of said second strap assembly to secure a first passenger within the airplane seat and said second passenger strap of said first strap assembly is adapted to be coupled to said second passenger strap of said second strap assembly to secure a second passenger within the seat.

**2.** The airline passenger restraint system of claim **1**, wherein said first part of said attaching mechanism comprises a third male buckle end and said second part of said attaching mechanism is a third female buckle end.

**3.** The airline passenger restraint system of claim **2**, wherein said third female buckle ends have a roller that allows the length of the first and second passenger straps of said second strap assembly to be adjusted.

**4.** The airline passenger restraint system of claim **3**, wherein said second passenger strap of said first strap assembly is longer than said first passenger strap of said first strap assembly.

**5.** The airline passenger restraint system of claim **4**, wherein said third female buckle ends are constructed substantially the same as said first female buckle end of the existing seat belt.

**6.** The airline passenger restraint system of claim **5**, wherein said third male buckle ends are constructed substantially the same as said first male buckle end of the existing seat belt.

**7.** The airline passenger system restraint system of claim **1**, further comprising a padding tube selectively surrounding the first and second passenger straps and that acts as a barrier between the passenger and the passenger straps to enhance the comfort of the passenger.

**8.** An airplane passenger restraint system for connection to an airplane seat, a passenger seat belt that has a first seat belt strap with a first female buckle end and a second seat belt strap with a first male buckle end, said first and second seat belt straps each being fixedly coupled to the airplane seat, said airplane passenger restraint comprising:

a first dual strap assembly having a second female buckle end adapted to receive the first male buckle end, the

first dual strap assembly having a first section of a first passenger strap and a first section of a second passenger strap adapted to be coupled coupled to said second female buckle end, said first section of said first passenger strap and said first section of said second passenger strap each having distal ends spaced from said second female buckle end, said distal ends each being equipped with a first part of an attaching mechanism; and

a second dual strap assembly having a second male buckle end adapted to be received within the first female buckle end, the second dual strap assembly having a second section of the first passenger strap and a second section of the second passenger strap adapted to be coupled to said second male buckle end, said second section of said first passenger strap and said second section of said second passenger strap each having distal ends spaced from said second male buckle end, said distal ends each being equipped with a second part of the attaching mechanism, said first and second parts of the attaching mechanisms being releasably coupled together;

wherein said first dual strap assembly is adapted to be coupled to said first male buckle end and said second dual strap assembly is adapted to be coupled to said first female buckle end, and said first and second sections of said first passenger strap are adapted to be coupled together to secure a first passenger within a seat and said first and second sections of said second passenger strap are adapted to be coupled together to secure a second passenger within the seat.

**9.** The airline passenger restraint system of claim **8**, wherein said first part of said attaching mechanism comprises a third male buckle end and said second part of said attaching mechanism comprises a third female buckle end.

**10.** The airline passenger restraint system of claim **9**, wherein said third female buckle ends have a roller that allows the length of the first and second passenger straps of said second strap assembly to be adjusted.

**11.** The airline passenger restraint system of claim **10**, wherein said second passenger strap of said first strap

assembly is longer than said first passenger strap of said first strap assembly.

**12.** The airline passenger restraint system of claim **11**, wherein said third female buckle ends are constructed substantially the same as said first female buckle end of the existing seat belt.

**13.** The airline passenger restraint system of claim **12**, wherein said third male buckle ends are constructed substantially the same as said first male buckle end of the existing seat belt.

**14.** An airplane passenger restraint system adapted to cooperate with an existing seat belt of an airplane seat where the seat belt has two straps which are releasably coupled together, the system comprising:

a first dual strap assembly adapted to be coupled to one of the straps of the seat belt, the first strap assembly having a first section of a first passenger strap and a first section of a second passenger strap, said first sections of said first and second passenger straps each having a first part of a coupling mechanism attached thereto;

a second dual strap assembly adapted to be coupled to the other of the straps of the seat belt, the second strap assembly having a second section of a first passenger strap and a second section of a second passenger strap, said second sections of said first and second passenger straps each having a second part of a coupling mechanism attached thereto which is adapted to be coupled to said first parts of said coupling mechanism;

wherein said first dual strap assembly is adapted to be coupled to one of the straps of the seat belt and the second dual strap assembly adapted to be coupled to the other of the straps of the seat belt, and said first and second sections of said first passenger strap are adapted to be coupled across a first passenger and said first and second sections of said second passenger strap adapted to be coupled across a second passenger to secure both the first and the second passenger within the airplane seat.

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