



US005586766A

United States Patent [19]

[11] Patent Number: 5,586,766

Forte et al.

[45] Date of Patent: Dec. 24, 1996

[54] BLACKJACK GAME SYSTEM AND METHODS

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[73] Assignee: Casinovations, Inc., Spokane, Wash.

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[21] Appl. No.: 439,687

[22] Filed: May 12, 1995

Related U.S. Application Data

[63] Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 242,229, May 13, 1994, abandoned.

[51] Int. Cl.⁶ A63F 9/00

[52] U.S. Cl. 273/309; 463/13; 463/12; 463/1

[58] Field of Search 273/85 CP, 138 A, 273/274, 292, 309; 364/412; 463/1, 9, 12, 13, 30, 31, 36, 35

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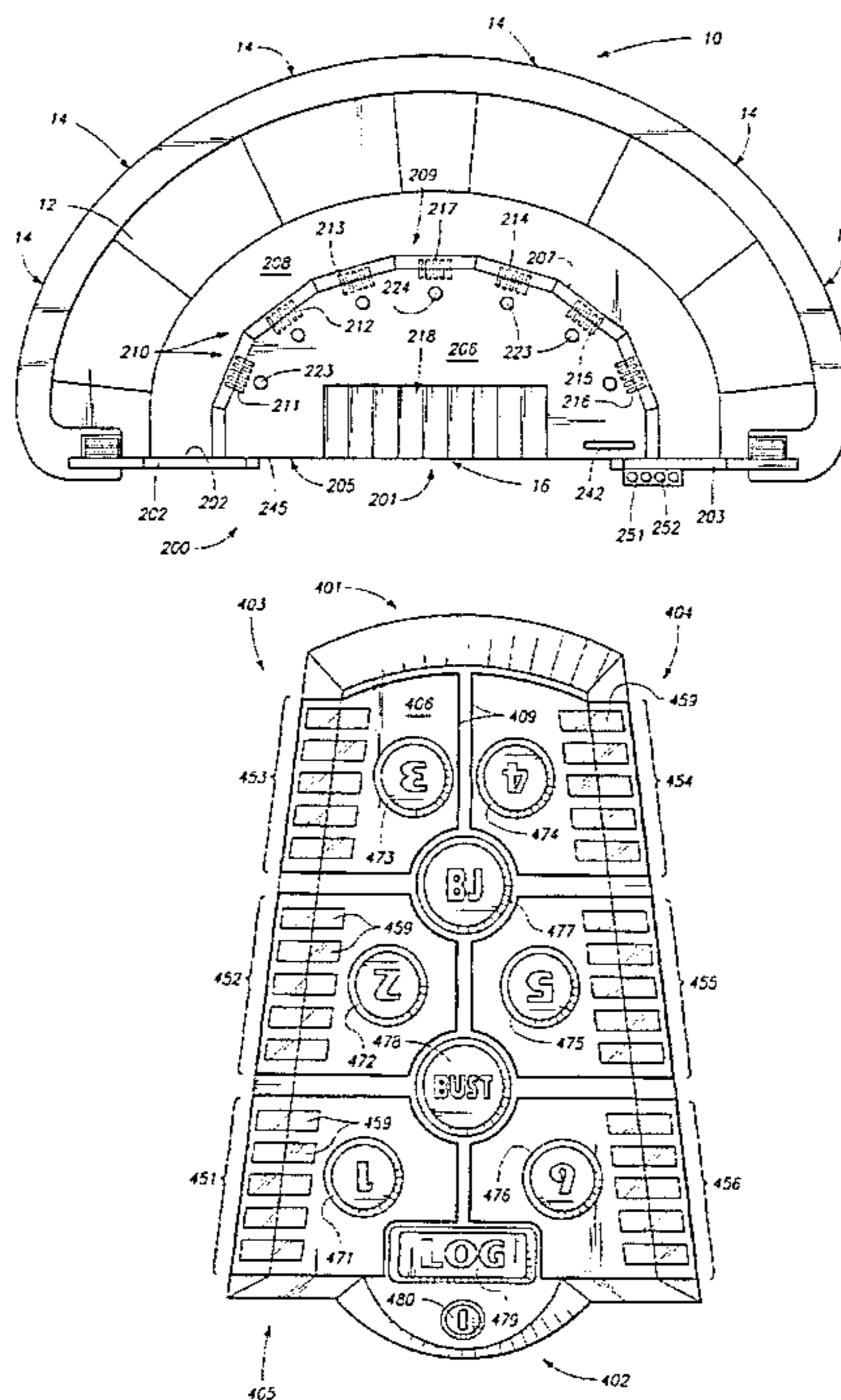
[57] ABSTRACT

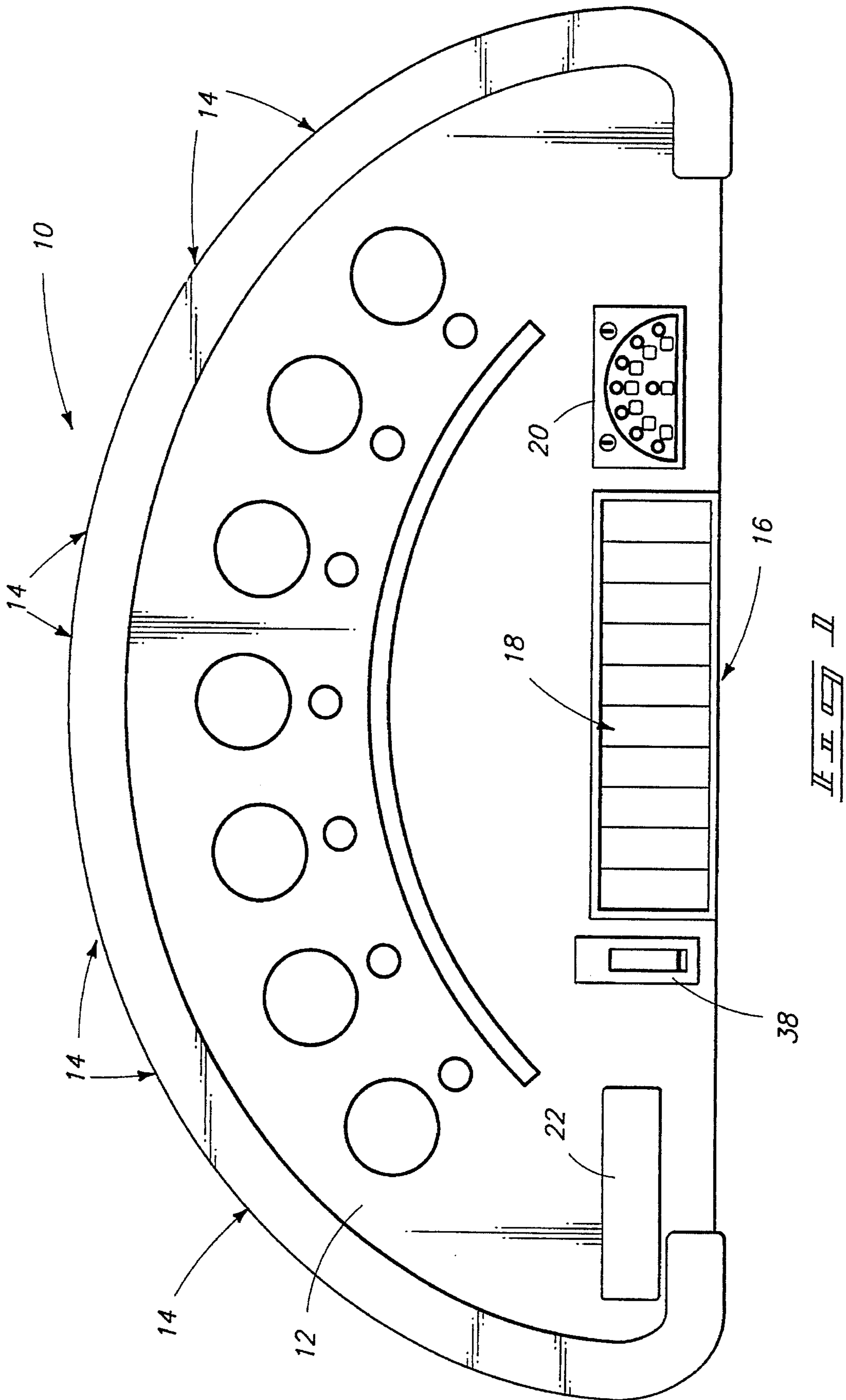
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A blackjack or other card game system having a plurality of player counters which count the blackjack hands or other player jackpot tally events dealt to players. The system also includes at least one dealer counter which counts the number of bust hands of the dealer or other dealer jackpot tally events. Displays are included for both the dealer and players to indicate the counts. The counters are typically zeroed at the end of each hand if a natural hand or bust have not occurred. Jackpots are awarded when the tally counts exceed predefined thresholds. Other rules can credit dealer counts to players or provide other effects. A tabletop retrofit game system is shown for mounting upon blackjack tables.

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9 Claims, 17 Drawing Sheets





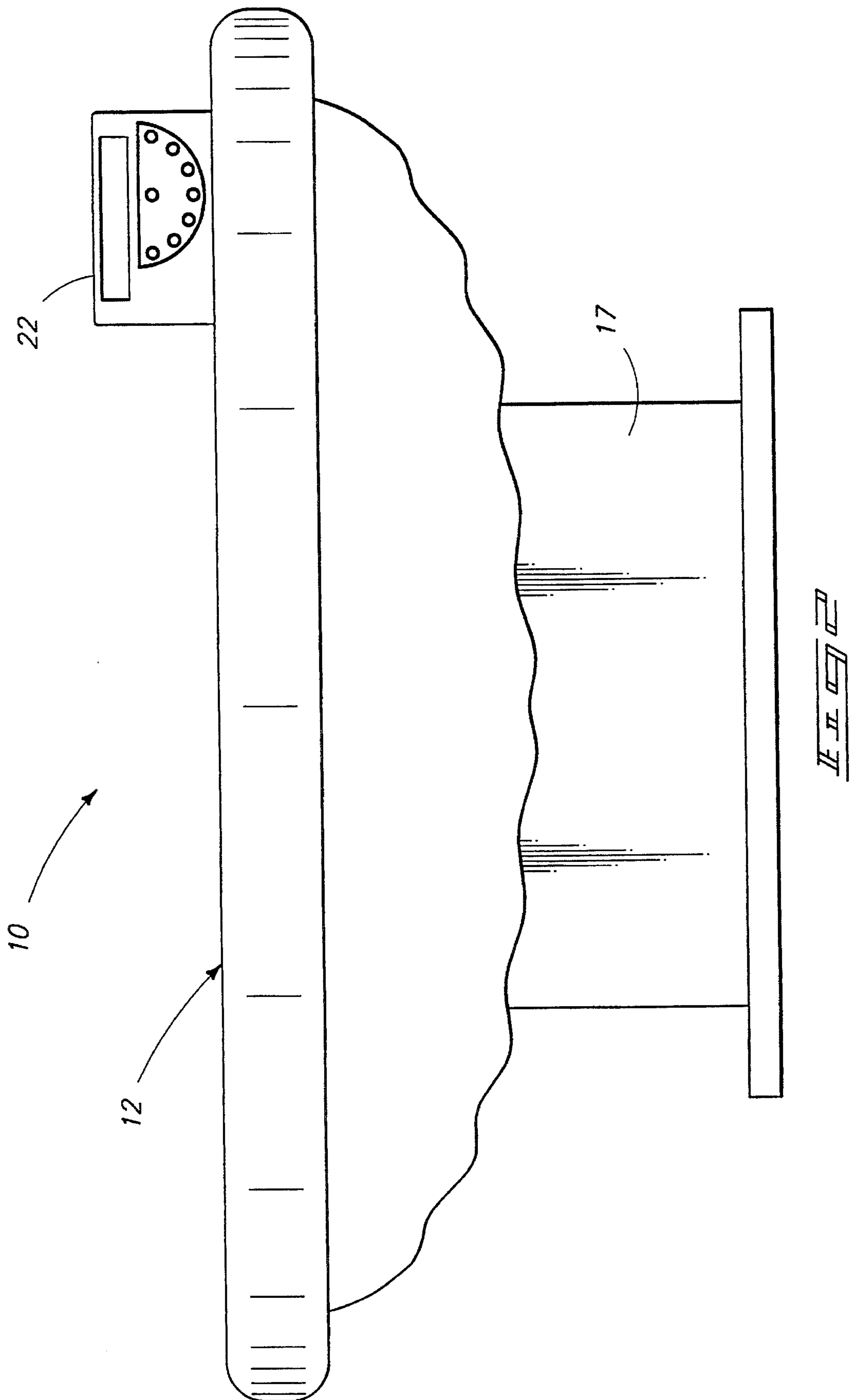


FIG. 2

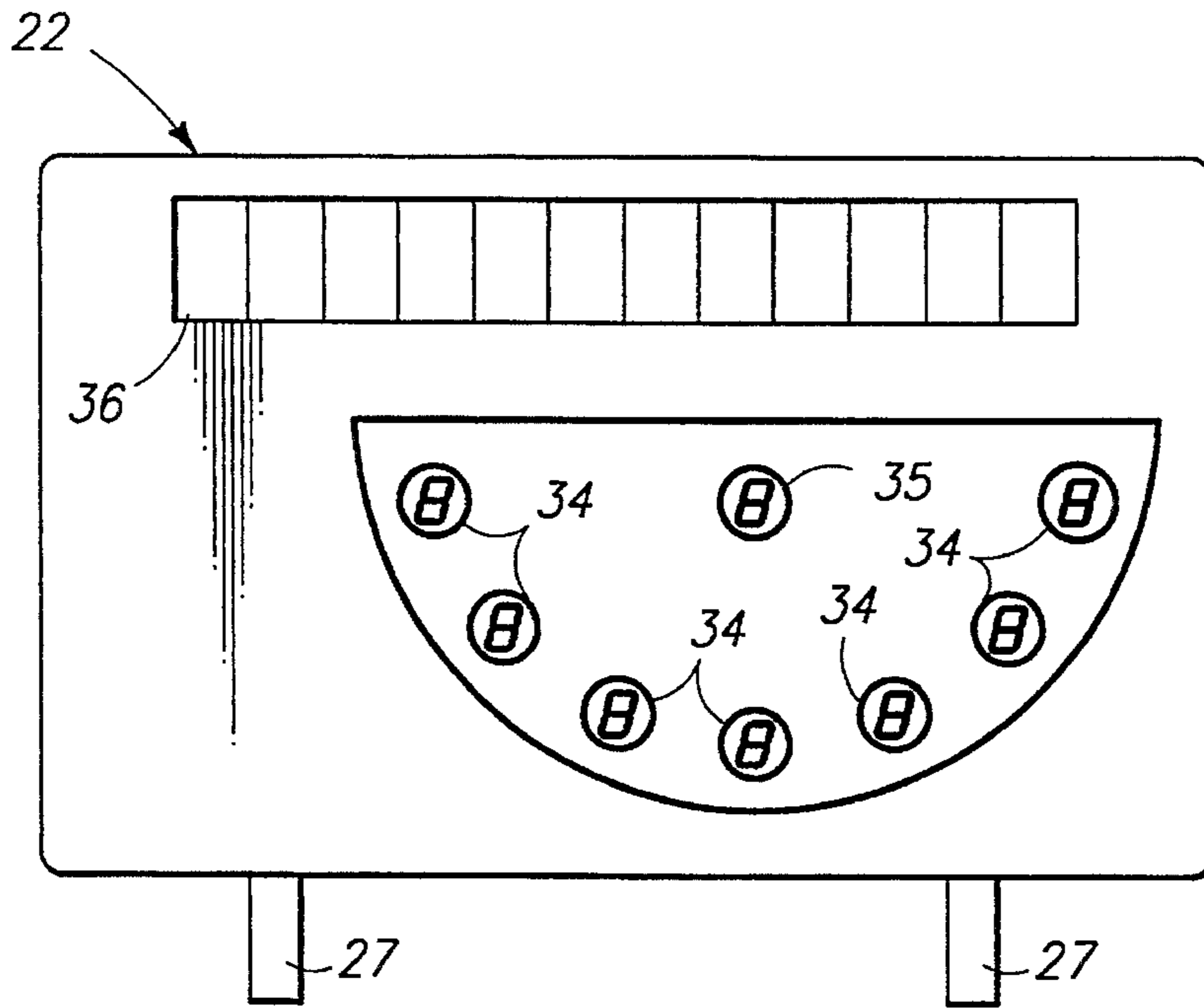


Fig. 3

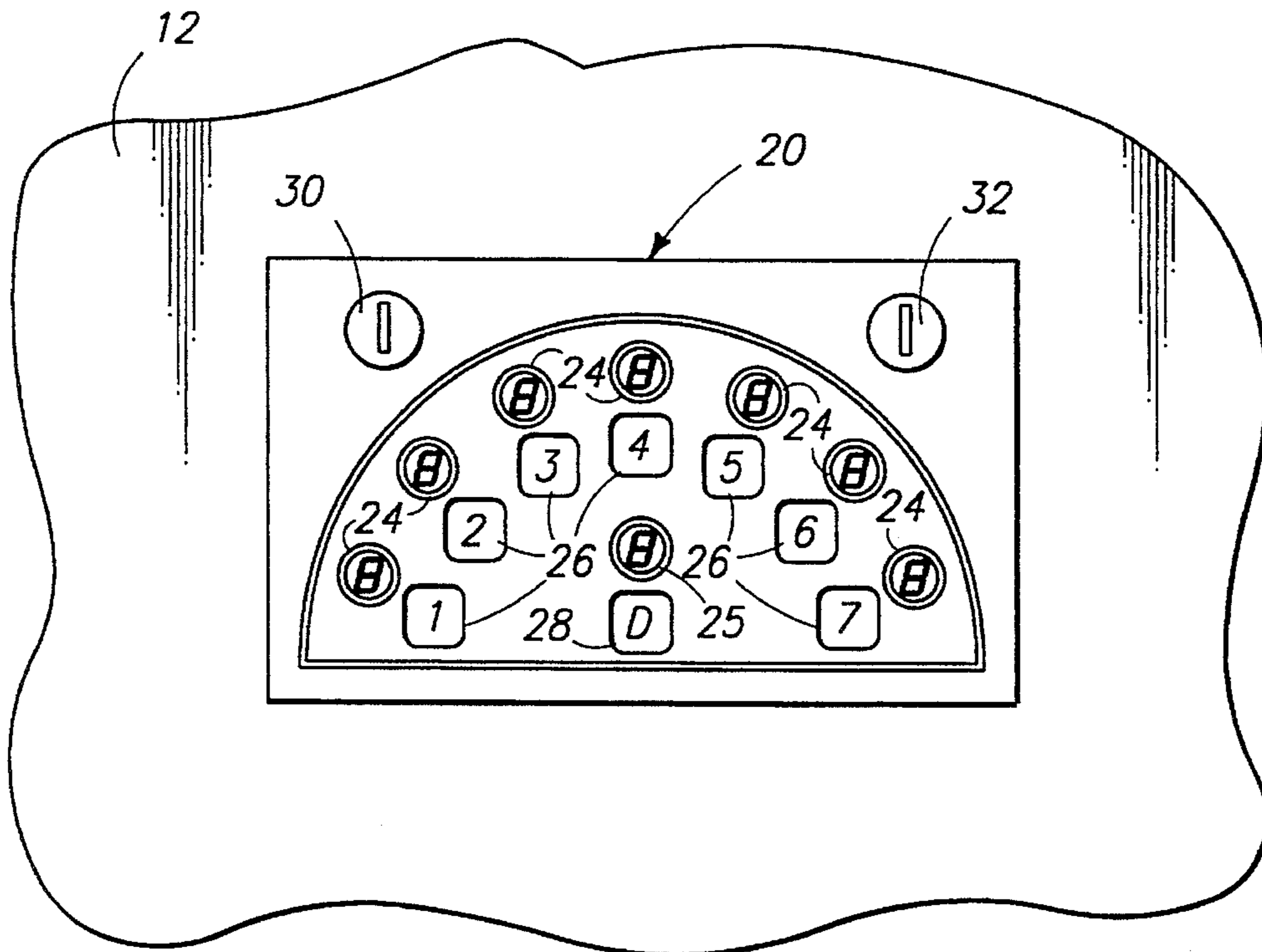
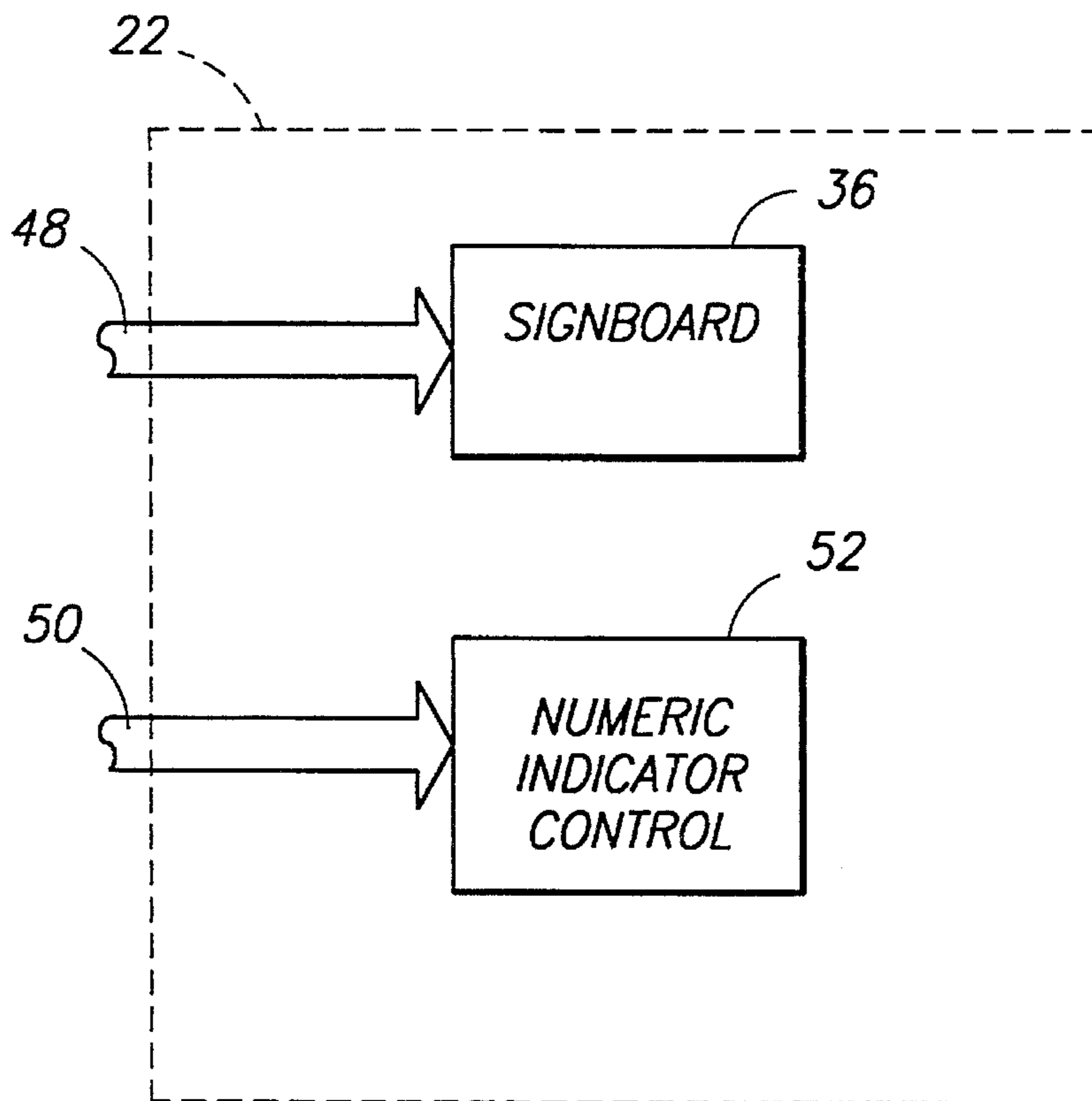
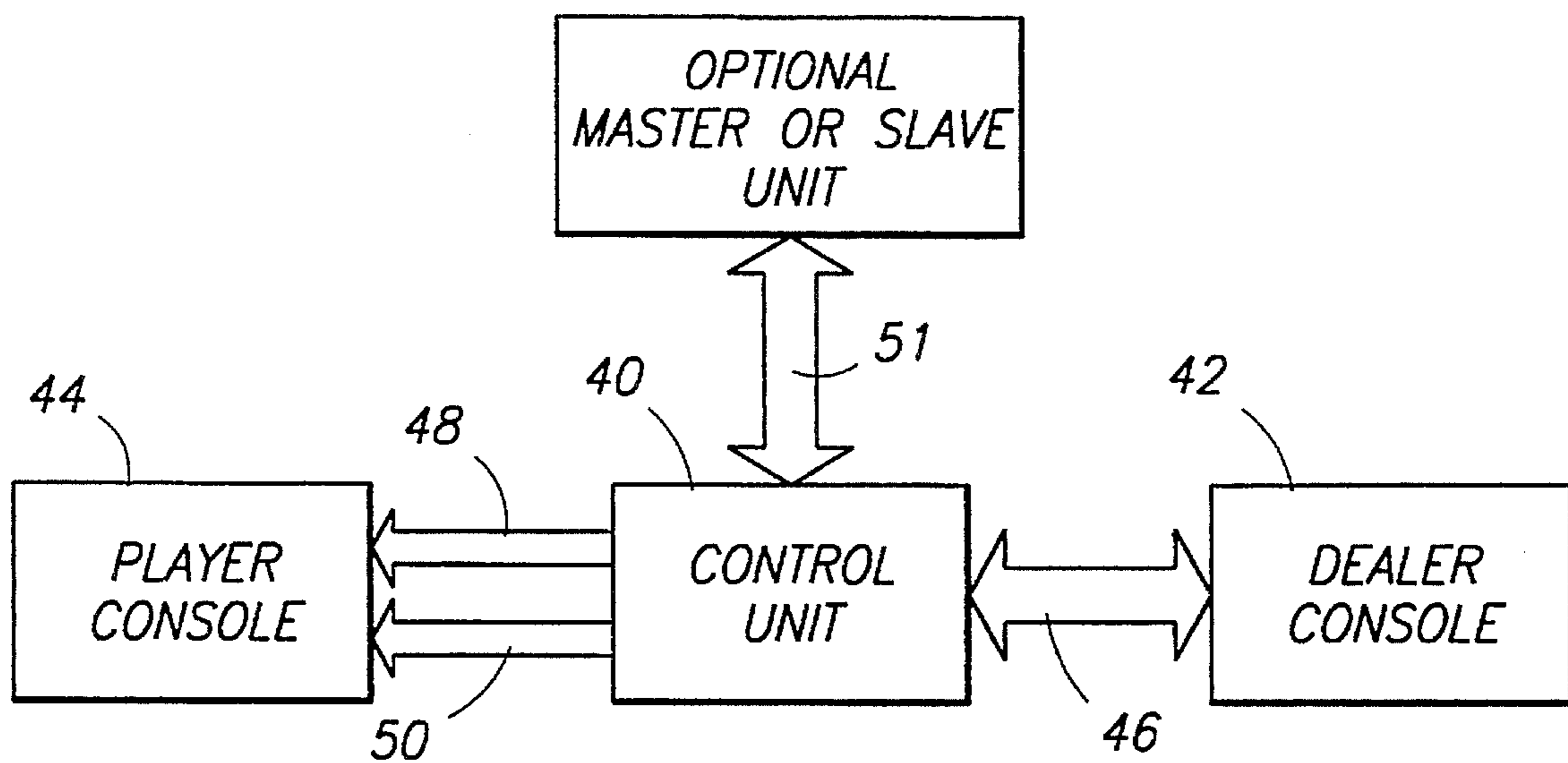
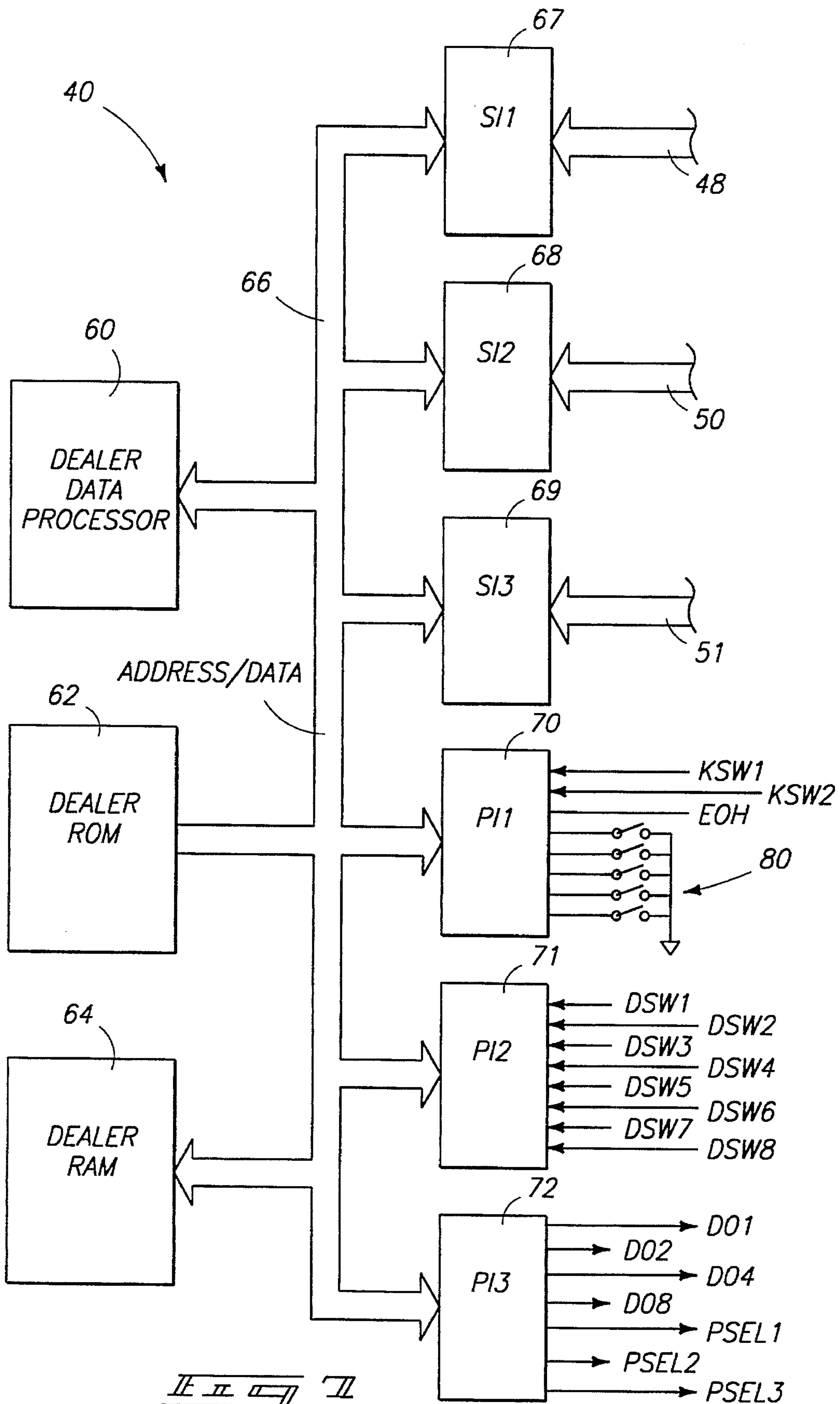
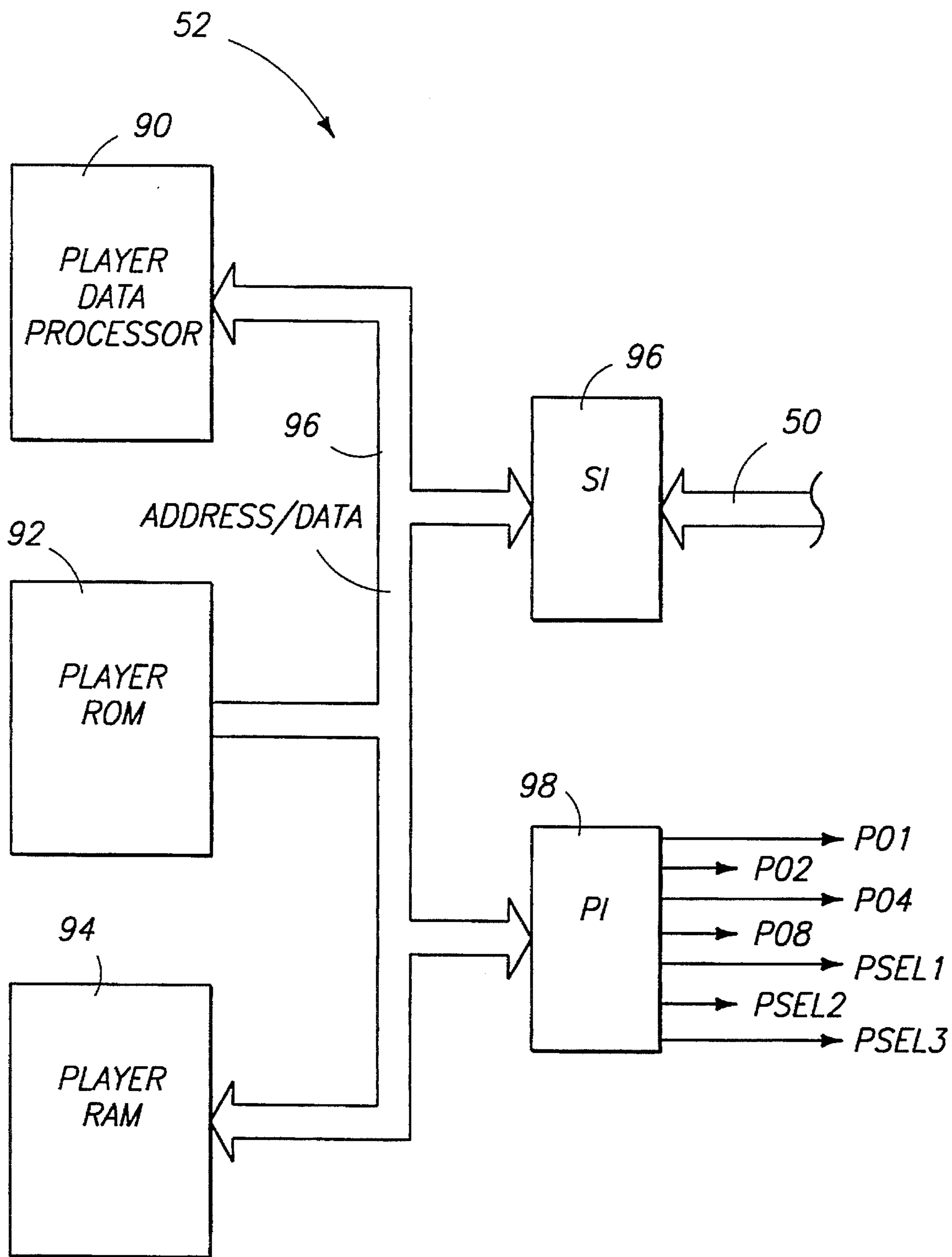
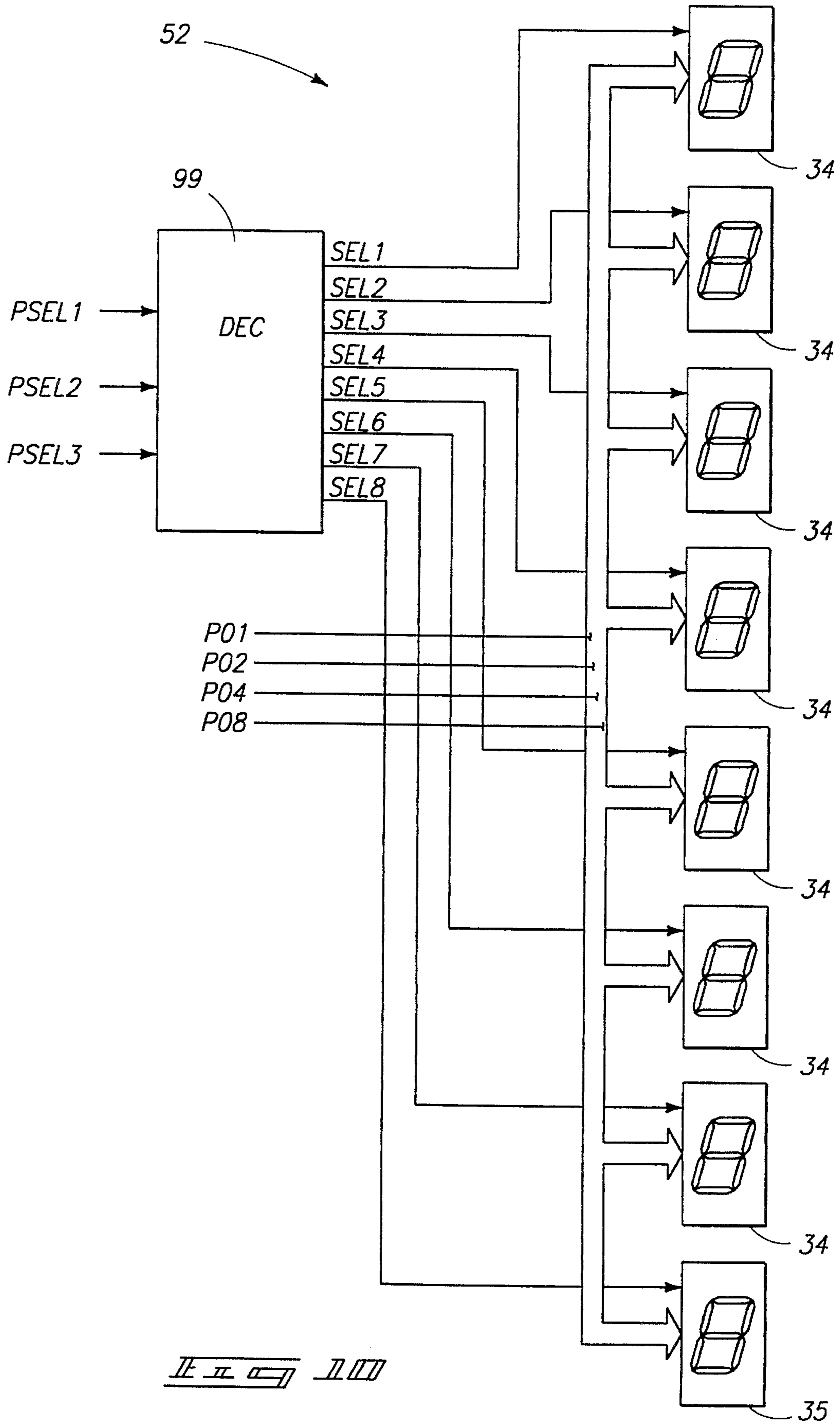


Fig. 4

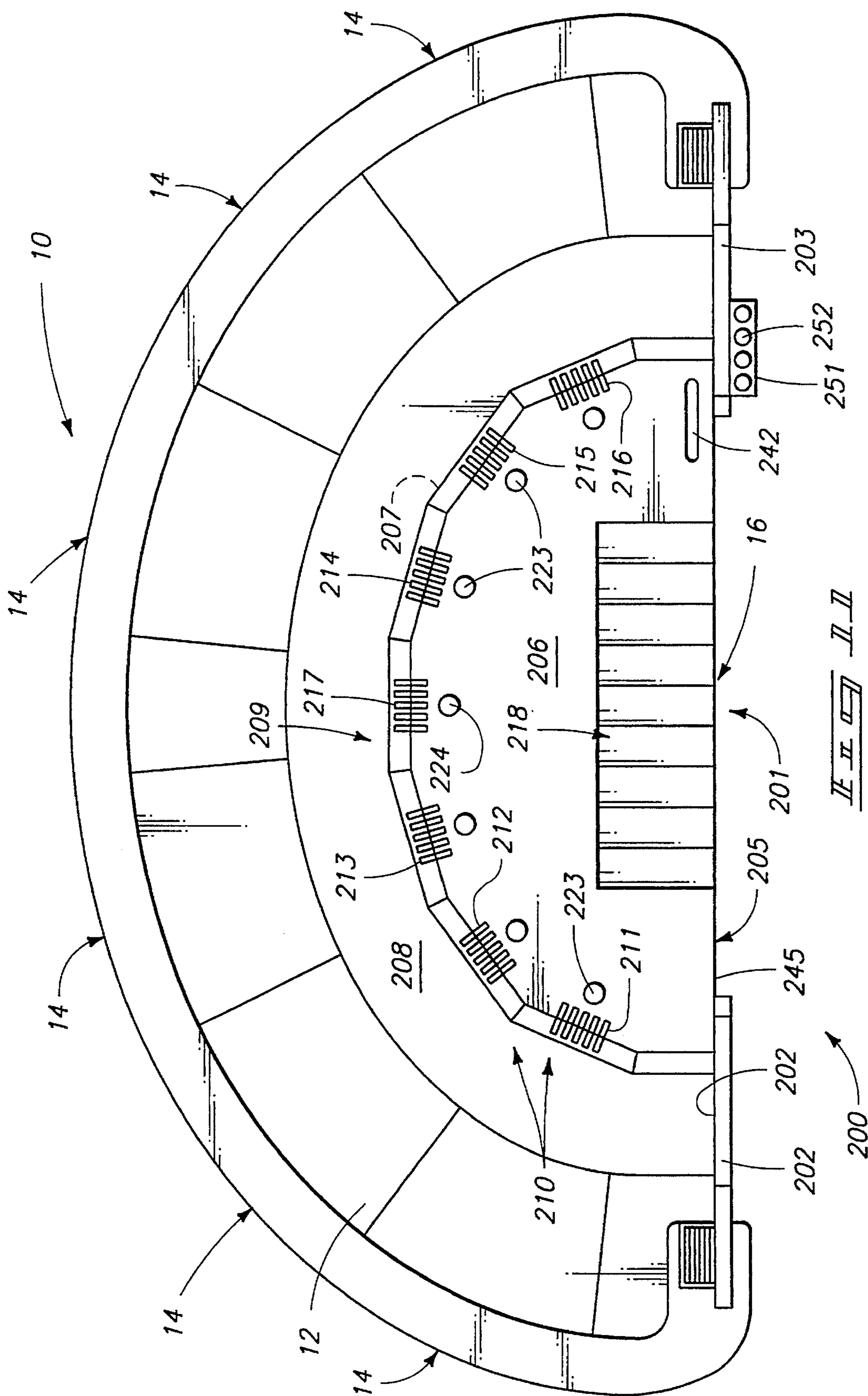


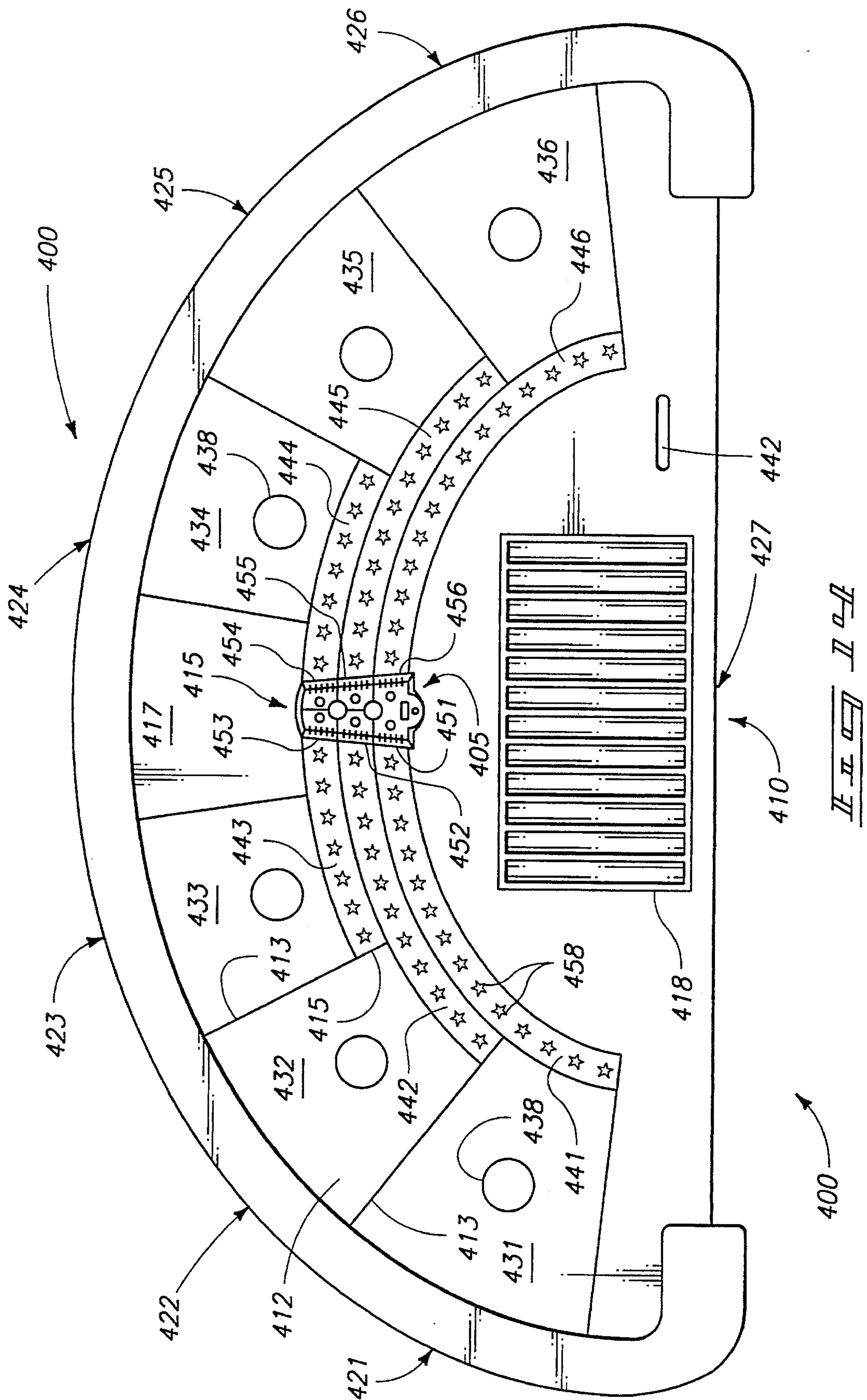


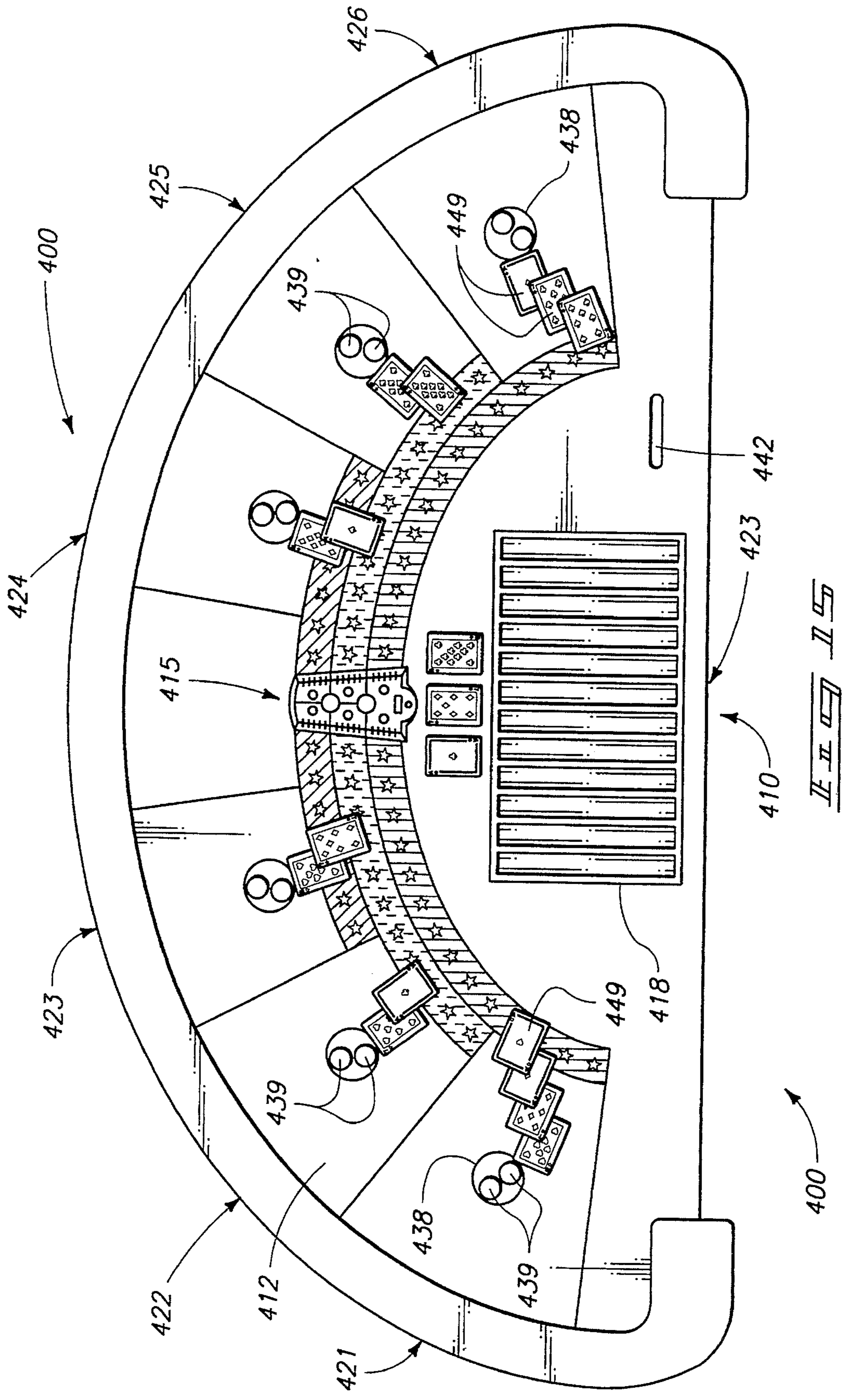




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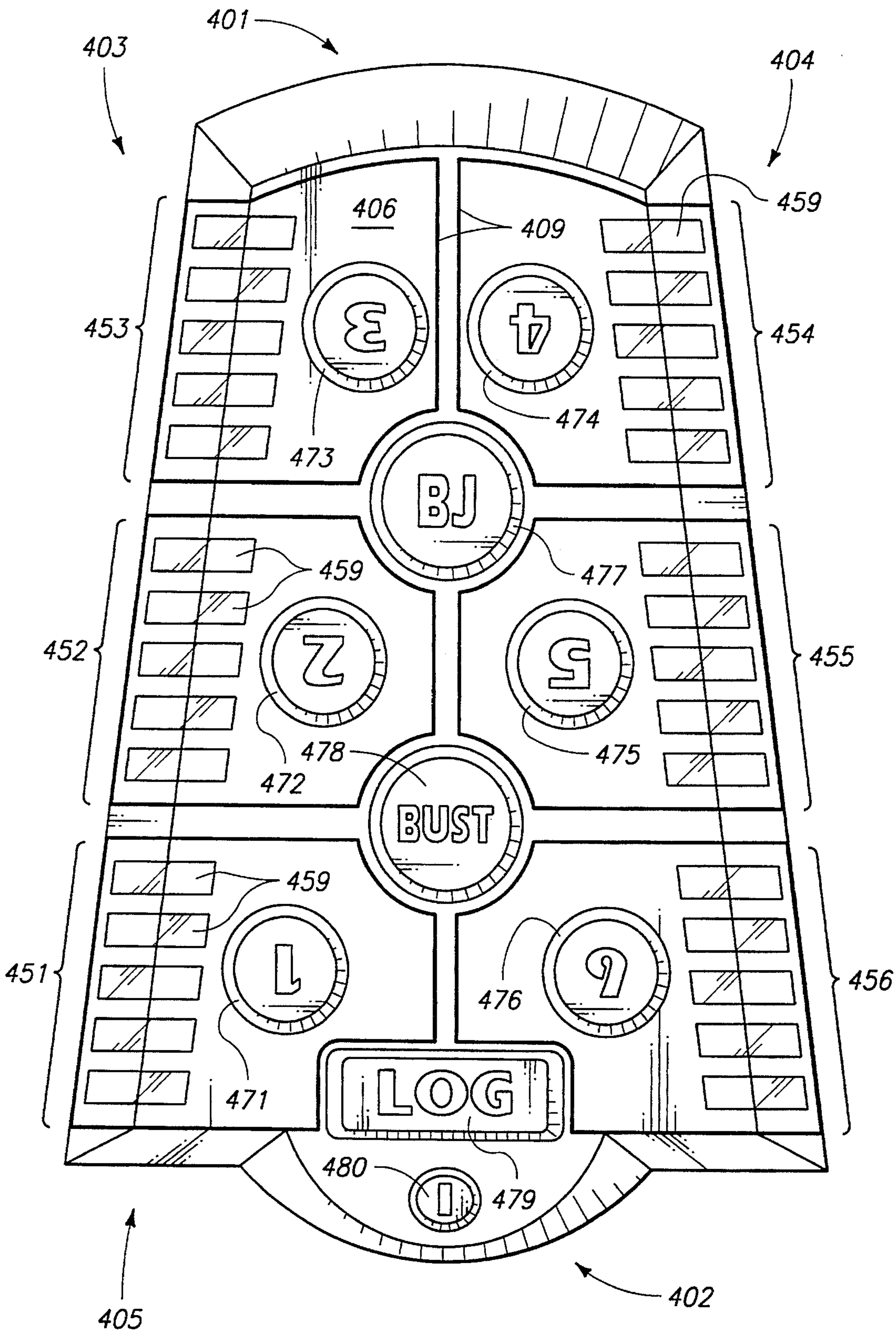
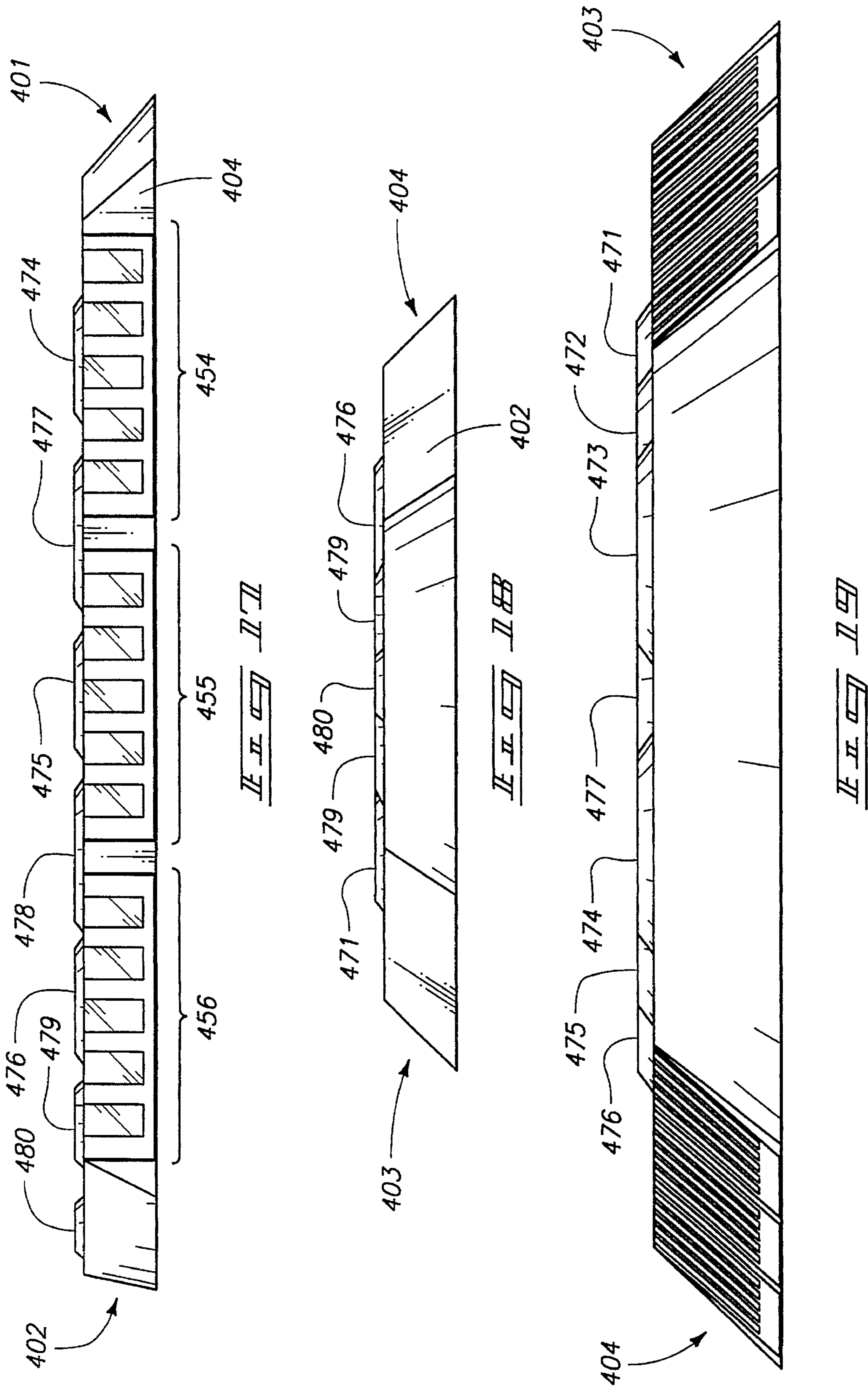
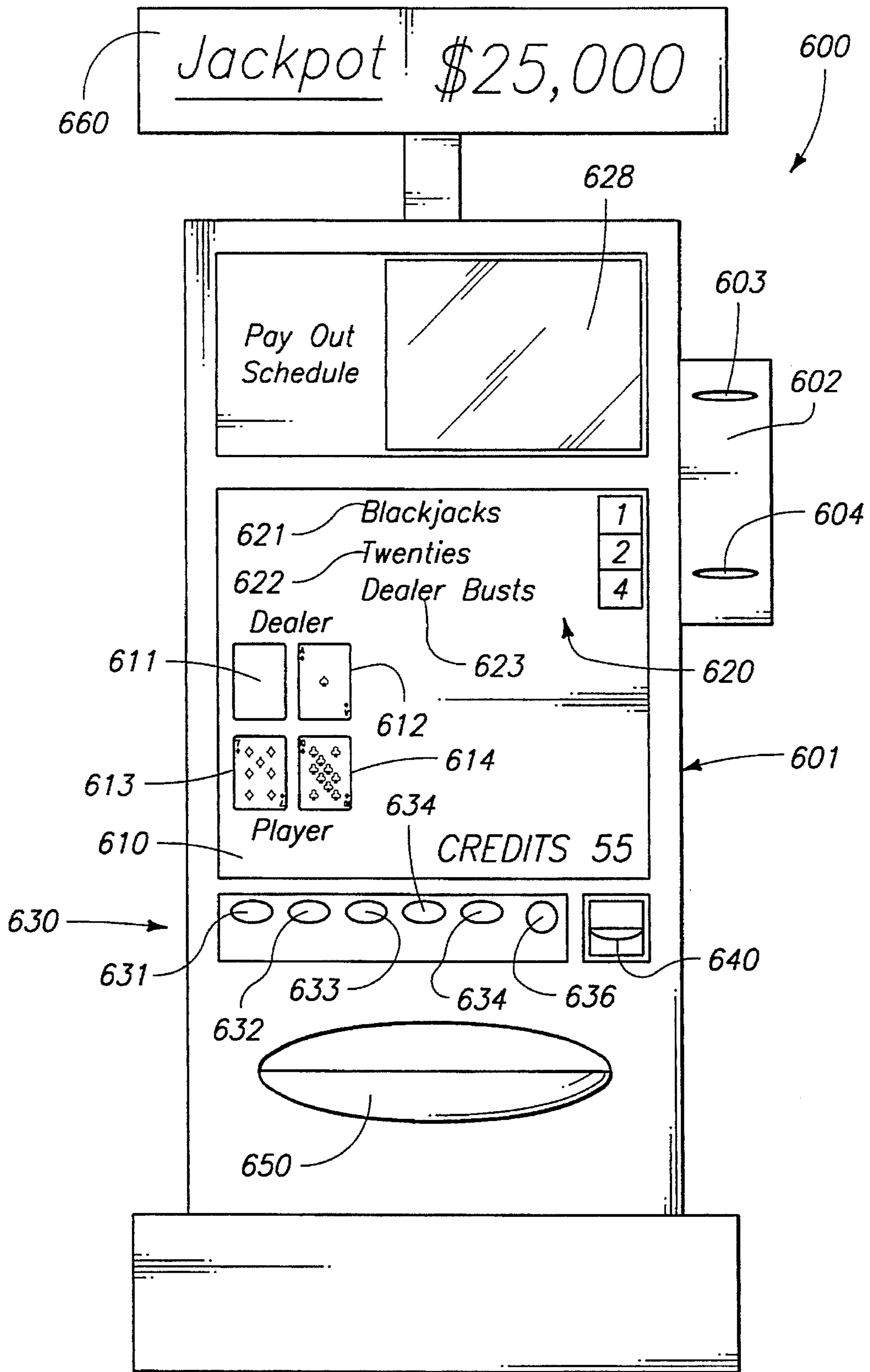


FIG. 14





BLACKJACK GAME SYSTEM AND METHODS

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This is a continuation-in-part of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 08/242,229 filed May 13, 1994, abandoned.

TECHNICAL FIELD

This invention relates to game systems and methods for playing the casino card game alternatively called blackjack, casino twenty-one, or simply twenty-one.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The card game twenty-one or blackjack is a very popular card game. It is particularly popular as a casino card game involving betting. In casinos the house holds the dealer hand. In cardrooms, the house often by law is prohibited from holding the dealer hand, and one of the other players is dealer. The basic object of the game is to obtain a combined card count which beats the count of the dealer without going over twenty-one. The game is played with a common card deck or multiple decks having fifty two cards in four suits. Each suit has an ace, numerically indexed cards from two to ten, and the face cards. The face cards are jacks, queens and kings. Multiple decks can be combined together.

In the play of blackjack the dealer initially deals two cards to each player and the dealer. The cards are dealt one at a time around the table. The initial two cards to the players are either dealt both facedown or both faceup, depending upon the rules of the particular casino or cardroom involved.

The dealer receives one card faceup and the other initial card facedown. The faceup card is also called the "upcard". The face-down card is also called the "hole card". An initial wager is placed before dealing the first two cards. After the first two cards are dealt to all players, each player is offered a variety of options including: standing, hitting, splitting and doubling down. The player directs the dealer to deal zero, one or more additional cards to that particular player. Limits of betting, rules, and play vary between gaming establishments. If the player's total hand count exceeds twenty-one, then the player loses and this is often called a "bust". If the player stands with cards which count a total of twenty-one or less, then he is still in and the next player makes similar decisions about betting and additional cards. The dealer plays last and is instructed by the house to hold when a certain count is achieved, typically 17 or higher.

The best possible hand occurs when a player or dealer has a ten-count card and an ace after receiving the first two cards. This hand is referred to alternatively as a "blackjack" or "natural". A natural hand is a winning hand unless the opposing dealer or player also has a natural, in which case the play is called a push and neither the player or dealer involved lose their bet or collect from the other. A player who is dealt a natural hand is typically entitled to a bonus, such as equal to one and a half times the player's bet. All players lose if the dealer is initially dealt a natural hand, unless a player also has a natural. This is true except in the case when the player has taken what is called "insurance" (an amount usually equal to half the player's original bet).

A hand exceeding twenty-one is referred to as a "bust" or "bust hand" for both players and dealers. Players who are still in play win the hand when a dealer goes bust. The dealer wins when a player busts.

Blackjack has become one of the most popular casino card games. However, in many casinos it does not have the same popularity as gambling attractions which offer large jackpots, for example slot machines. In blackjack, winnings for each hand are limited to the amount wagered or a small multiple of the players' bets. This is in contrast to slot machines which can often be played for a chance of winning very large jackpots.

Some casinos have implemented jackpots in the game of blackjack. For instance, one blackjack variation awards a jackpot to players receiving four like value cards in the same hand. Another variation offers a jackpot for players receiving, in a single hand, seven cards which total twenty-one. These approaches have not been commercially significant. The lack of response has apparently been due to the absence of any logical relationship between the game of blackjack as it is normally played and the events which trigger such a jackpot. The lack of response may also be due to the infrequency of such jackpot events which is needed by the casino to make it possible to offer the jackpot.

Jackpots for blackjack have also been impeded by the difficulty in finding a jackpot event which is of sufficient interest to players and of a sufficiently low probability that the casino can afford to pay a jackpot on that event.

A related problem is that prior art card games offering jackpots are limited in their flexibility to offer different types of jackpots. In order to attract players, it is desirable to display large jackpot dollar amounts. However, these large jackpots are by necessity relatively infrequent events. Thus if a card game picks four seven cards as a jackpot hand, they have used an infrequent event which does not hold player attention. Thus there is a need for a card game system which can offer both large infrequent jackpots and smaller more frequent jackpots which will better hold the player's desire to continue playing the game.

The inventive game system and methods described below are revolutionary in providing a blackjack or other card game which allows both large infrequent jackpots and smaller more frequent jackpots to be offered. It further allows a casino to offer liberalized blackjack rules. This is accomplished without sacrificing the desirable aspects of playing blackjack which have made the game so popular.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a top view of a game system in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 2 is a front view of the game system shown in FIG. 1.

FIG. 3 is an enlarged view of a dealer console in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 4 is an enlarged view of a player console in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 5 is a simplified block diagram of a preferred control system for the game system of FIG. 1.

FIG. 6 is a simplified block diagram of a player console control circuit in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 7 is a block diagram of a preferred control unit in accordance with the invention.

FIG. 8 is a block diagram of a preferred dealer console control circuit in accordance with the invention.

FIGS. 9 and 10 are block diagrams showing a preferred player console control circuit in accordance with the invention.

FIG. 11 is a top plan view of an alternative game system according to this invention.

FIG. 12 is a front elevational view of a blackjack table fitted with the alternative game system shown in FIG. 11.

FIG. 13 is a top plan view of a further alternative embodiment game system of this invention mounted upon a blackjack table.

FIG. 14 is a top plan view of a still further alternative embodiment game system module according to this invention mounted upon a blackjack table.

FIG. 15 is a top plan view similar to FIG. 14 also showing cards, betting chips, and colored tabletop markings which aid in player interpretation of the game system module in combination with the table covering design.

FIG. 16 is an enlarged top plan view of the game system module shown in FIGS. 14 and 15 in isolation from other parts of the game system.

FIG. 17 is a side elevational view of the game system module shown in FIG. 16. The opposite side view is a mirror image of this view.

FIG. 18 is a rear elevational view of the game system module shown in FIG. 16.

FIG. 19 is a front elevational view of the game system module shown in FIG. 17.

FIG. 20 is a schematic block diagram illustrating a preferred electronic construction used in the circuitry included as part of the game system module of FIG. 16.

FIG. 21 is a front elevational view of a preferred video card game apparatus incorporating a novel game system according to this invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

This disclosure of the invention is submitted in furtherance of the constitutional purposes of the U.S. Patent Laws "to promote the progress of science and useful arts." U.S. Constitution, Article 1, Section 8.

The inventions described herein define novel card games and methods. The card game is most preferably blackjack. The novel games can pay attractive jackpots based upon sequential occurrences of jackpot triggering events. These jackpot triggering or jackpot tally events are counted to provide player and dealer count values which must achieve a threshold value to result in a jackpot award. The jackpot tally events are most preferably required to occur in a sequence of consecutive hands. The typical consecutive jackpot tally events are dealer busts and consecutive non-dealer player natural hands (blackjack hands). The natural hands of the player are winning hands. The busts of the dealer are losing hands.

The invention can further include having several blackjack tables which share a common jackpot, thereby increasing the size of available jackpots.

As in conventional blackjack, a game played in accordance with the invention involves a dealer and at least one non-dealer player. A plurality of non-dealer players are typically involved but only one nondealer player is necessary. One preferred embodiment of the invention described herein accommodates up to seven players, in addition to the dealer.

The game includes dealing a series of card hands to each player and to the dealer in accordance with common blackjack playing procedures. The hands are dealt by initially

dealing two rounds of single cards to the dealer and each non-dealer player, thus giving each player two cards.

The game includes counting and maintaining a player count value for the players. The player count values indicate the current number of player jackpot tally events which the player has to his credit. The jackpot tally events or jackpot hands are preferably credited in serially consecutive runs, such as serially consecutive occurrences of a natural or blackjack hand. Other events can alternatively count toward a jackpot count sufficient to produce a jackpot award. Two ten cards might be an alternative jackpot tally event hand, which when obtained consecutively lead to a jackpot award. Alternatively, the non-dealer players may be given a jackpot tally count when the dealer has a natural hand. This could be preceded or followed by one or more player natural or naturals leading to a jackpot award. A further possible player jackpot tally event might be attributable to a player's jackpot count when the player obtains a total card count of twenty or twenty-one, even though more than the initial two cards were required to produce the twenty-one hand count.

The game also includes counting or otherwise maintaining a dealer count value which indicates the number of consecutive bust or other dealer event jackpot hands dealt to the dealer. These dealer jackpot tally events can include a dealer bust hand or a dealer natural hand. Other dealer jackpot tally events are also possible. Alternatively, dealer events such as busts can be credited to the counts of players or used to offer increased jackpots for non-dealer players during the next consecutive hand or other subsequent play.

The counting steps are preferably accomplished by providing at least one player counter and a dealer counter. The counters are preferably electronic counters capable of registering multiple jackpot count values for multiple players and the dealer.

After dealing the initial two cards to himself and each player, the dealer identifies all players who have been dealt natural or other jackpot hands in the current hand being played. The dealer then increments the player count values of all players identified as having been dealt natural or other jackpot-count hands. In another embodiment the dealer increments after all hands are fully played out. The hand is played out with the remaining players, and the dealer increments the dealer count value if the dealer is dealt a bust hand or other dealer tally jackpot hands.

The game also preferably includes zeroing the player count values of all players not identified as having been dealt natural or other player jackpot count hands in the current hand. Additionally the game includes zeroing the dealer count value if the dealer has not been dealt a bust or other dealer jackpot count hand in the current hand. An end-of-hand device is advantageously operated by the dealer at the end of each hand to automatically initiate the zeroing steps.

The preferred methods according to this invention further include awarding a bonus or jackpot, referred to as a player bonus, to any player whose player count value meets or exceeds a predefined player count value threshold. For instance, a first natural bonus of perhaps \$50 is awarded to any player whose player count value meets or exceeds a first predefined player count value threshold of three. For example, this count indicates that the player has been dealt at least three consecutive natural card hands. A second natural bonus of perhaps \$500 is awarded to any player whose player count value meets or exceeds a second predefined player count value threshold of four. This indicates that the player has been dealt four consecutive natural card hands. Progressively increasing player bonuses are awarded for correspondingly increasing player count values.

In a similar manner, the preferred methods of the invention include awarding a bonus or jackpot, referred to as a "bust" or dealer jackpot bonus, to all the players at a particular table when the dealer jackpot tally event count exceeds a predefined dealer jackpot count value threshold. For instance, a first bust bonus of \$50 is awarded to all players when the dealer jackpot count value meets or exceeds a first predefined dealer count value of five. This indicates that the dealer has been dealt five consecutive bust card hands. A second bust bonus of \$100 is awarded to all active players when the dealer jackpot count value meets or exceeds a second predefined dealer count value of six. This indicates that the dealer has been dealt six consecutive bust card hands. Progressively increasing bust bonuses are awarded for correspondingly increasing dealer count values.

Because of the statistically low probability of any player being dealt consecutive natural hands, or of the dealer being dealt consecutive bust hands, relatively large bonuses or jackpots can be provided. It is believed that jackpots of up to a million dollars could be offered in conjunction with a game played in accordance with the invention. Furthermore, it is believed that the presence of large jackpots, in addition to the normal winnings of blackjack, will be attractive enough to allow casino operators to collect a small per hand surcharge or "ante" for each hand of blackjack played in accordance with the methods of this invention. Such an ante could be used to fund the jackpots and can also allow more liberalized blackjack rules during each hand. Alternatively, the predetermined bonus count amounts can be set to assure a suitable improved margin for the casino.

FIGS. 1 and 2 show an improved blackjack table in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention, generally designated by the reference numeral 10. Table 10 includes a tabletop 12 having a conventional felt playing surface. Table top playing surface 12 can be provided with conventional markings corresponding to seven player positions 14 arranged in an arc about a dealer position 16. Table 10 also includes a chip tray 18 for storing gaming chips. The table is supported by a pedestal 17.

Table 10 includes two status displays which are connected to display player jackpot count values and the dealer jackpot count values. In a preferred version, the player count values correspond to the number of consecutive natural hands dealt to the players. The dealer count values corresponding to the number of consecutive bust hands dealt to the dealer. One of the displays is positioned for viewing by the dealer, preferably in the form of a dealer console 20. The other display is advantageously positioned for viewing by the players, such as in the form of player console 22. Both of the status displays are advantageously mounted to playing surface 12. Dealer and player consoles 20 and 22 are provided to monitor and display the current status of the game. Specifically, the consoles display the current number of consecutive natural hands which have been dealt to each player and the current number of consecutive bust hands which have been dealt to the dealer. Dealer console 20 additionally provides input functions to allow the dealer or operator to signal the occurrence of natural or bust hands.

FIG. 3 shows dealer console 20 in detail. It is mounted flush with playing surface 12, facing upwardly, preferably at a position adjacent to the dealer. It includes a diagrammatic representation of a blackjack table, including a plurality of numeric indicators corresponding to the dealer and maximum number of players. Seven indicators 24 are arranged in an arc to correspond to the seven player positions at the blackjack table. An eighth indicator 25, positioned at or near the centerpoint of the arc, corresponds to the dealer's

position. The indicators are positioned on the face of console 20 in a layout simulating the arrangement of the actual dealer and players relative to table 10. Each numeric indicator is advantageously a seven-segment LED (light emitting diode), capable of displaying a single digit in the range of zero through nine.

Dealer console 20 further comprises a player key 26 for each player. Each player key 26 is manually operable to indicate or signal that the player has been dealt a natural or other jackpot hand. More specifically, each player key 26 is a membrane-type switch which is depressible by the dealer to increment an individual player's count value when said individual player has been dealt a natural hand. Each player key is positioned adjacent a numeric indicator. A numeric indicator 24 and a player key 26 are thus positioned to correspond to each player. Dealer console 20 also includes a dealer key 28 which is depressible or otherwise manually operable to indicate or signal that the dealer has been dealt a bust hand, and to increment the dealer's count value when the dealer has been dealt a bust hand. Dealer key 28 is positioned adjacent numeric indicator 25. Appropriate legends are printed on the keys. For instance, the player keys are labelled "1" through "7". The dealer key is labelled "D". The player keys and, dealer key 28 are preferably membrane-type switches. Capacitive or other types of keys or switches can also be used to allow the dealer to signal the occurrence of player jackpot and dealer jackpot hands.

Finally, dealer console 20 includes a pair of locking keyswitches 30 and 32. The functions of these keyswitches will be explained in more detail below. In general, keyswitches 30 and 32 are operable by a floor manager and by a pit boss, respectively, to reset the game control circuits or to implement other system control functions.

FIG. 4 shows player console 22. Console 22 is advantageously adapted for mounting to table 10 by a pair of mounting struts 27. It is positioned to face away from the dealer and, toward the players. Player console 22 includes a numeric indicator 34 for each player, arranged in an arc similarly to indicators 24 of dealer console 20. Player console 22 also includes a numeric indicator 35 for the dealer, positioned centrally within of the arc formed by numeric indicators 34. Console 22 does not include player keys or a dealer key. The numeric indicators of player console 22 are preferably similar or identical to the indicators used in dealer console 20. However, the dealer and player displays are oriented oppositely with regard the arc direction to reflect the different perspectives of the table as viewed by players and the dealer. Because the indicators are arranged like the players about table 10, players can immediately associate each of the indicators with a specific player or dealer position.

Player console 22 also preferably includes a programmable signboard or textual display 36. Programmable signboard 36 is of a type which can be controlled through a digital communications port. It is preferably a matrix-type display, having individual pixels which are illuminated or activated to present selected messages across the top of player console 22. Signboard 36 is capable of forming scrolling or flashing messages for added visual impact and to serve as an attraction to draw players to the game system.

While inexpensive forms of dealer and player consoles are shown and described, variations are of course possible. For instance, it may be desirable in some situations to utilize a single matrix or pixel-type display, such as commonly used in conjunction with personal computers, in place of the discrete numeric indicators of each status display. Such a

display would be controlled by software to display individual count values in the desired arrangement. A display such as this might also incorporate "touch" input features, so that the dealer could signal natural or bust hands by simply touching a designated area of the display rather than discrete keys. A rectangular matrix display could also be programmed to incorporate the textual display or signboard discussed above. Alternatively, some components of the consoles, such as the numeric indicators, might be physically positioned around the table, rather than grouped as described above.

In addition to the status displays, table 10 also advantageously includes an end-of-hand device 38 (FIG. 1) which is positioned for manual operation by the dealer at the end of each hand to signal the end of the hand. End-of-hand device 38 is preferably a conventional poker slide into which the ante chips from the players deposited before each hand. At the end of the hand, the dealer operates the poker slide to accept the deposited chips. The poker slide includes a sensor or switch (not shown) which is connected to the control unit 40 in order to zero the player count values of players who were not dealt natural hands in the previous hand. It also serves to trigger zeroing of the dealer count value if the dealer was not dealt a bust hand in the previous hand.

FIG. 5 shows a simplified block diagram of a preferred control system for the game system described above. It comprises three units: a programmable control unit or controller 40, a dealer console circuit 42, and a player console circuit 44. In actual practice, control unit 40 is physically incorporated with dealer console circuit 42. For purposes of explanation, however, control unit 40 and dealer console circuit 42 are described below as two separate circuits. Either configuration is acceptable.

Control unit 40 is connected to dealer console circuit 42 by a number of individual parallel lines, collectively referenced by the numeral 46. Control unit 40 communicates with player console circuit 44 through first and second serial signals 48 and 50. As shown in FIG. 6, first serial signal 48 is connected from control unit 40 to programmable signboard 36 of player console 22. Second serial signal 50 is connected from control unit 40 to a numeric indicator control circuit 52. Programmable signboard 36 is a conventional commercially available product which can be commanded by control unit 40 to display various textual messages in a variety of formats. Numeric indicator control circuit 52 is a custom circuit, described below, which allows control unit 40 to command player console 22 to display the player count values and the dealer count value. A third, optional serial signal 51 can be used to communicate with a master or slave blackjack table as discussed below.

Control unit 40 is preferably a microprocessor-based logic circuit, programmed to monitor the player and dealer keys and to control the indicators and displays of game table 10. It is connected to command the numeric indicators of dealer console 20 and player console 22, as well as to command programmable signboard 36 through first serial signal. It is also connected to be signalled by the player keys, the dealer key, and the end-of-hand device. More specifically, control unit 40 is programmed to provide and maintain a plurality of counters or counter registers. A player counter is maintained for each player and a dealer counter is maintained for the dealer. Each player counter counts and registers the player count value for a particular player. The dealer counter counts and registers the dealer count value.

As discussed above, the player count values indicate the number of consecutive natural hands dealt to individual

players. The dealer count value indicates the number of consecutive bust hands dealt to the dealer. The counters are preferably maintained in one or more microprocessor registers or in read/write memory associated with a microprocessor. Dealer console 20 and player console 22 are connected to receive information from the player and dealer counters and to display such information to the players and the dealer.

Control unit 40 might alternatively be designed with circuit elements other than microprocessor-related components. For instance, control unit 40 could advantageously be implemented with discrete logic gates or with programmable gate arrays. However, a microprocessor-based system allows a degree of flexibility which is desirable as compared with other types of circuits.

Regardless of the specific means of implementation, control unit 40 forms means for keeping a count and selectively incrementing individual players' player count values in response to operating the player keys corresponding to said individual players. Control unit 40 also forms means for incrementing the dealer count value in response to operating the dealer key. Additionally, control unit 40 forms means for zeroing, at the end of each hand, the count values of players which were not dealt a natural hand in the previous hand. It also serves as a means for zeroing, at the end of each hand, the dealer count value if the dealer was not dealt a bust hand in the previous hand. Said zeroing functions are advantageously performed in response to operating end-of-hand device 38 at the end of each hand.

Furthermore, control unit 40 is programmed and forms means for displaying the dealer count value and the player count values of all the players. In the preferred embodiment of the invention, control unit 40 is further programmed to command programmable signboard 36 of dealer console 22 to indicate the award of the natural and bust bonuses discussed above for consecutive natural or bust hands. Programmable signboard 36 can also be used to display other messages, such as current jackpot amounts, attractions messages, or other useful information.

FIG. 7 shows control unit 40 in more detail. It comprises a programmable data processor or microprocessor 60, associated with program memory 62 and data memory 64. Program memory 62 typically comprises a read-only memory or erasable read-only memory. Data memory 64 typically comprises read/write memory. Data memory 64 is preferably non-volatile memory such as battery-backed memory. The various components of control unit 40 communicate through a conventional address/data bus 66.

Control unit 40 includes three conventional serial port interface chips or integrated circuits, designated in FIG. 7 by the reference numerals 67, 68, and 69. These chips provide three serial ports, corresponding to serial signals 48, 50, and 51 of FIG. 5. First and second serial signals 48 and 50 are connected to player console 22. Third serial signal 51 is intended to be used for communications with a host computer or other blackjack tables as described below.

Control unit 40 also includes three parallel I/O chips, designated in FIG. 7 by the reference numerals 70, 71, and 72. The first two I/O chips 70 and 71 each accept eight inputs. The third I/O chip 72 has eight output lines.

FIG. 8 shows dealer console circuit 42, which includes numeric indicators 24 and 25. Each numeric indicator comprises a conventional LED indicator in combination with a discrete control chip or integrated circuit. The numeric indicators are multiplexed to receive a common four bit binary command signal, comprising the individual signals

D01, D02, D04, and D08. D01, D02, D04, and D08 are produced by I/O chip 72 (FIG. 7), in response to commands from microprocessor 60. Each indicator also accepts one of a set of eight chip select signals designated SEL1-SEL8. SEL1-SEL8 are generated by a three-to-eight decoder 78 which is driven by a set of dealer console select lines DSEL1-DSEL3. DSEL1-DSEL3 are produced by I/O chip 72 (FIG. 7), again in response to commands from microprocessor 60. Microprocessor 60 is programmed to command numeric indicators, through I/O chip 72, to display the player count values and the dealer count value.

FIG. 8 also shows player keys 26, dealer key 28, and keyswitches 30 and 32. Each of these switches has a first terminal connected to ground, and a second terminal connected to an input of I/O chip 70 or 71. The player and dealer keys are connected to I/O chip 71 through signal lines DSW1 through DSW8. Keyswitches 30 and 32 are connected to I/O chip 70 through signal lines KSW1 and KSW2. End-of-hand device 38 (shown only in FIG. 1) is connected to an input of I/O chip 70 through an input signal EOH (FIG. 7).

Keyswitches 30 and 32 are used to alter the operating mode of the system for providing control functions. For instance, one of the keyswitches is operable by a floor manager to allow the floor manager to adjust counter totals. When activated, this keyswitch allows individual counters to be selectively incremented by repeatedly depressing the appropriate player or dealer keys. The other of the keyswitches is operable by a casino pit boss to enable other control functions such as specifying jackpot amounts and display modes. The player and dealer switches are used to input the appropriate information.

In addition to the indicators and switches discussed above, control unit 40 includes five mode switches, labelled 80, connected to inputs of I/O chip 70. These switches are used to select operating characteristics of the gaming system. It is contemplated that mode switches 80 will be used primarily to specify to microprocessor 60 whether game table 10 should operate in a stand-alone, master mode or as a slave to another table or to a master computer. When acting as a slave, jackpot amounts would be controlled by a master table or computer, and table 10 would report game status to the master table or computer. This would allow a plurality of tables to share a common jackpot, and would allow monitoring of game status from a central location. Mode switches 80 are also used to specify the address of game table 10 when it is operating as a slave. Other functions might be associated with mode switches 80 in the future.

FIGS. 9 and 10 show numeric indicator control circuit 52. Numeric indicator control circuit 52 is nearly identical to the combination of control unit 40 and dealer console circuit 42, shown in FIGS. 7 and 8, except that it includes only a single serial interface chip and a single parallel I/O chip, and it does not include any switches. Thus, numeric indicator control circuit 52 comprises a programmable data processor or microprocessor 90, associated with read-only program memory 92 and read/write data memory 94. The components of numeric indicator control circuit 52 communicate through a conventional address/data bus 96. Numeric indicator control circuit 52 furthermore includes a conventional serial port interface chip or integrated circuit 96, and a parallel I/O chip 98. I/O chip 98 has eight output lines.

As shown in FIG. 10, numeric indicator control circuit 52 also includes numeric indicators 34 and 35. Each numeric indicator comprises a conventional LED indicator in combination with a discrete control chip or integrated circuit.

The numeric indicators are multiplexed to receive a common four bit binary command signal, comprising the individual signals P01, P02, P04, and P08. P01, P02, P04, and P08 are produced by I/O chip 98 (FIG. 9), in response to commands from microprocessor 90. Each indicator also accepts one of a set of eight chip select signals designated SEL1 through SEL8. SEL1 through SEL8 are generated by a three-to-eight decoder 99 which is driven by a set of player select lines PSEL1 through PSEL3. PSEL1 through PSEL3 are produced by I/O chip 98 (FIG. 9), again in response to commands from microprocessor 90. Microprocessor 90 is programmed to command numeric indicators 34 and 35, through I/O chip 98, to display the player count values and the dealer count value in response to serial commands from control unit 40 through serial signal 50.

The game system described retains all the features of conventional casino blackjack. In addition, it provides variety jackpot features or different jackpot possibilities. The game system, as a result, is more exciting to play than conventional blackjack. When playing in accordance with the methods of the invention, players have the hope not only of winning individual hands, but of also winning jackpots based on consecutive hands or other sequential jackpot tally events. The increase in potential winnings is likely to make the game even more popular than conventional forms of blackjack. Furthermore, the added desirability of potential jackpot winnings should make it possible to collect hand surcharges or antes and to thus increase revenues of gaming establishments. Additionally, the procedures may allow more liberalized rules of play.

FIGS. 11 and 12 show an alternative gaming system 200 according to this invention. Gaming system 200 is an electronic retrofit tabletop game system constructed to be mounted upon a standard blackjack table 10. Table 10 is as described above in connection with the embodiment shown in FIG. 1, including six player positions 14 and playing surface 12. Gaming system 200 includes a first or central module 201 and two side modules 202 and 203. Central module 201 has a low profile and is positioned in a central location upon the blackjack table adjacent to the dealer's position 16. The port side module 202 is at the dealer's left and the starboard side module 203 is at the dealer's right. Central module 201 includes a chip tray 218 adjacent the dealer position which has a plurality of receiving troughs for holding gaming chips (not shown).

The central module 201 preferably includes a central module housing 205. Housing 205 has a top member with an upper surface 206. Housing 205 also has a lower or bottom member 207 which rests upon the upper playing surface 12 of gaming table 10. The top and bottom members are joined by a perimeter embankment or curb wall 209. The leading or front edge 208 of curb wall 209 rests upon the upper playing surface of gaming table 10. The curb is preferably constructed so as to provide a front wall which is sloped at a suitable angle, such as in the range of 30°-60° from horizontal. This inclined or sloped construction provides improved utility for handling of cards by the dealer, reduced risk of injury to the dealer's hands and arms when working over the curb, and improved visibility for the displays mounted thereon. As shown in FIGS. 11 and 12, the top edge of the curb is preferably flush with the upper surface of the central module top member 206.

Housing 205 defines an interior cavity within which are mounted various electronic components and wiring associated with the control system 40 and displays, switches and other components which are described more specifically elsewhere herein. The housing of central module 205 is

constructed so as to provide a mechanically integrated unit containing such internal components. Such a central module can be easily moved to a gaming table and placed in the position shown in FIG. 11.

A series of indicator displays **210** are arranged along curb **209**. Displays **210** include six player displays **211–216**. A dealer display **217** is located in the center. Displays **210** preferably include an array of individually controllable light bars. The light bars for displays **210** preferably extend along the front face of curb **209** and also along the upper surface **206** to thereby provide good visibility for the dealer from above and players from the front. As shown, each display light bar can be individually lit to indicate from one to five consecutive jackpot hands. The display is unlit when there has not been a jackpot hand in the preceding play for which the player still has credit. In the case of dealer display **217** the light bars can be lit to indicate one to five consecutive dealer bust hands.

Central module **205** also preferably includes player keys **223** and dealer key **224**. Keys **223** and **224** are similar in function to keys **26** and **28** described above. Keys **223** and **224** are conveniently positioned for activation by the dealer just after handling cards to and from the players.

Central module **205** is also preferably provided with a deposit slot **242** which allows the dealer to deposit cash used by players to purchase gaming chips. Deposit slot **242** communicates through the central module to provide money pass through into a corresponding deposit slot (not shown) formed through the blackjack table **10**.

As shown, the preferred gaming system **200** further includes a port side module **202**. Port side module **202** is adapted to connect with a back wall **245** of the central module **205**. Side module **202** connects with the central module in a manner which places the side module in an upstanding orientation. This is advantageously accomplished using fasteners (not shown). Side module **202** is also supported upon the surface of gaming table **10**. The outboard end of the side module can also be attached to the table using a suitable clip (not shown) which slides under the padded perimeter of the blackjack table.

Gaming system **200** also preferably includes a starboard side module **203**. Starboard side module **203** is similar in construction to port side module **202** in several respects. It is preferably fastened to the central module and is supported upon the gaming table in similar fashions. It additionally includes a dealer control panel **251** having a series of dealer controls **252**. Dealer controls **252** include the key switches, similar to switches **30** and **32** described above. Additional controls are shown merely to suggest possible controls used to operate the preferred side panel displays described below.

Side modules **202** and **203** also preferably include side panel displays **254** mounted upon the front faces **246** of the side modules. Side panel displays can be printed material or electronic displays of fixed or alterable display capabilities. One embodiment includes variable electronic displays which can be scrolled to present a moving message. Another embodiment shows fixed information indicating betting ranges for the blackjack table. A still further embodiment allows a combination of fixed information on table betting ranges coupled with a scrolling or flashing display sign which presents an attracting message designed to bring players to the table. Other alternative display modes are also possible. The details of particular displays **254** will vary dependent upon the particular commercially available display chosen.

The front faces **246** of side modules **202** and **203** are also advantageously provided with printed material dispensers

260 which hold printed rule pamphlets **261**. Rule pamphlets **261** advantageously present information about the particular jackpot amounts and sequential event combinations which pay jackpots at the particular blackjack table involved.

Gaming system **200** is particularly advantageous in providing a add-on or retrofit gaming system which can be brought to an existing blackjack table and be fitted thereon with minimal expense. Once fitted, the blackjack table can then be used to perform the novel gaming methods according to this invention.

FIG. **13** shows a further alternative embodiment of gaming system **300** similar to system **200**. In the embodiment of FIG. **13** the central module is configured as an annular embankment or curb **301** which extends partially around the dealer position. The central module is constructed as an annular curb band or ring. An infield area **302** is within the curb, and is open to expose the blackjack tabletop surface **12**. The light bar displays **210** are mounted upon the annular curb-shaped central module. This construction does not require a slot **242** but instead allows a similar slot, **343** already formed through the tabletop to function without impedance. Otherwise system **300** is similar to system **200** and similar reference numbers have been used in both embodiments for similar features.

FIG. **14** shows a preferred game system **400** according to this invention. Game system **400** has numerous components which are similar to other systems described above, specifically game systems **10**, **200**, and **300**.

Table **410** is similar to table **10** but is provided with a tabletop playing surface **412** which has a special design and marking arrangement which works in conjunction with a game system central module **405** which is centrally located upon the playing surface at a central module rest location **415**. Table **410** has six non-dealer player positions **421–426** and a dealer position **427**. Other numbers of players are possible. Tabletop **412** has player zones **431–436** which are associated with player positions **421–426**, respectively. Each player zone is demarcated by player zone boundary markings **413**. The space **417** immediately in front of central module **405** is left open or can be used for prominent presentation of the game name or other information.

Adjacent to each player zone are visual leader designs or markings **441–446** which act as a direct visual tabletop indicators between the player position and associated player zone, and the corresponding player count displays **451–456** which are arranged along the sides of module **405**. As shown, the visual leader markings **451–456** comprising arcuate bands which extend from the heads of each player zone toward the central module. The visual leader markings **451–456** are most preferably colored in contrast to the other portions of the player surface, and in manners which are different from the adjacent visual leader marking bands. FIG. **15** shows the visual leader bands shaded for a specific color combination, but numerous alternative color schemes are possible. Visual leader markings **451–456** also preferably include leader symbols **458** which as shown are star designs which help to direct the viewer's attention along the leader bands toward the player count displays.

Each player zone **431–436** is preferably provided with a chip betting area **438**. Betting areas **438** are used to specifically provide an area of the playing surface upon which chips being bet must be placed.

Table **410** also includes a chip rack **418** and bill deposit slot **442**.

FIG. **15** is similar to FIG. **14** with the additional presentation of betting chips **439** within chip betting areas **438**.

Also shown are playing cards **449**. The visual leader markings **451** and **456** are shown shaded for the color red, markings **452** and **455** are shown shaded for the color purple, and markings **453** and **454** are shown shaded for the color green. This provides additional visual contrast between the different players' markings.

FIGS. **16–19** show the preferred central game system module **405** in greater detail. Game system module **405** has a front **401** which is oriented toward the player side of table **410** during normal use. Module **405** also has a rear **402** which is normally oriented toward the dealer position **427**. A first side **403** and second side **404** extend between the front and rear of the module. A top surface **406** is advantageously provided with player keys **471–476** which correspond to player positions **421–426**, respectively. Player keys **471–476** are used to increment the player count value stored in the associated player counter. As shown there is one player key which is depressed to increment one player counter. Alternatively, more than one player counter may be used in particular circumstances to count differing types of player jackpot tally events. However, for purposes of operational simplicity, the single counter, single player key construction is most preferred. Player jackpot tally events are subject to various rules of play but will typically include a player blackjack or similar winning hand; a dealer blackjack hand may be used as an equivalent, as indicated below; or a player receiving a pair of ten-count cards may also result in a player jackpot tally event.

Module **405** also preferably includes a first dealer key **477**. As shown, the first dealer key **477** is used to increment the player counters. This action causes the dealer playing event, such as a dealer natural or blackjack hand, to function as a player jackpot tally event. Thus each player in the hand receives an incremental addition to his or her player count value due to the dealer having received a blackjack hand or other triggering event as determined by the rules of play. Alternatively, the dealer tally event can be used to increment a separate dealer blackjack counter (second dealer counter) which is distinct from the individual player counters.

Module **405** further preferably includes a second dealer key **478**. As shown, the second dealer key **478** is used to increment the dealer bust counter (first dealer counter) which registers the dealer jackpot tally event count. The dealer receives an incremental addition to his or her dealer jackpot count value due to the dealer having received a bust hand or other triggering dealer jackpot tally event as determined by the rules of play.

Module **405** still further includes a log key **479** which functions as an end-of-hand device which is depressed or otherwise activated at the end of each hand. Under typical play the activation of the end-of-hand log key **479** will result in the zeroing processes described above being effected to reset the counters which should be reset to zero under the conditions present in that game and given the specifics of play. Log key **479** also translates temporary events to cause the appropriate player counters to be incremented in preparation for the hand.

Module **405** also includes a control key switch **480** which is adapted to receive a security key used by a dealer, pit boss or floor manager to reset or backup play of the module.

Module **405** further includes the player count displays **451–456** along the sides of the module. The player count displays shown are advantageously discrete LED (light emitting diode) elements **459** which light up as individually controlled. The player count displays indicate player jackpot count values of 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 as shown by turning on the

same number of elements. Each player count display is advantageously rendered more recognizable by an optional player count display border **409**. When module **405** is placed on the table, the player count display borders **409** preferably are positioned to align with the borders between the adjacent visual leader bands **441–446** to further aid in the easy interpretation of play by all viewers.

FIG. **20** shows an electronic schematic block diagram of a preferred electronics circuitry **500** used in module **405**. The preferred electronics include a main power supply **501** which is connected to a supply of alternating current power, such as a typical 110 volt AC power source. Alternatively, the AC line electrical power source and power supply **501** can be replaced by a suitable battery power source.

The output from power supply **501** preferably produces a -12 volt direct current (DC) output. This output is used to power other portions of the circuit as indicated at the symbol A. The output of power supply **501** is advantageously coupled to a second power supply **502** which produces an output which is preferably a -5 volt direct current power source indicated by the symbol B. The output of power supply **501** is also preferably coupled to a third power circuit **503** which provides integration of a battery backup circuit powered by battery **504** to preserve data during periods of power interruption. Uninterruptable 5 volt DC power is supplied to a micro-controller **510** via circuit **503**. Circuit **503** also provides a reset signal to micro-controller **510** in response to a reset switch (not shown).

Micro-controller **510** is provided with a clock crystal **511** which allows the micro-controller to maintain an internal clock. Micro-controller **510** has an audio output signal which is electrically connected to an audio effects subcircuit **520**. Audio effects subcircuit **520** provides audio output to a speaker **522** which provides chimes or other desired audio effects to attract patrons, signal a winning jackpot, or provide other sounds as desired.

Micro-controller **510** is connected to two serial-to-parallel LED driver circuits **531** and **532**. The outputs from circuits **531** and **532** are connected to the player count indicators **459** for displays **451–456**.

Micro-controller **510** receives signals from a key pad shift register **540**. Key pad shift register **540** is connected to the key switches **471–480**. Signals from shift register **540** are processed in micro-controller to provide the indicated counting and zeroing functions indicated hereinabove.

Micro-controller **510** is also advantageously connected to a serial port **550** which can be used to interface the central module **405** with an ancillary display sign (not shown) but similar in construction and function to displays **22**, **202**, and **203** explained above.

FIG. **21** shows a further card gaming system **600** which functions in accordance with this invention. Gaming system **600** is adapted to perform the novel methods for playing card games, such as blackjack, as described herein. Gaming system **600** includes a video card game machine **601**. Machine **601** includes a side unit **602** which includes a bill validator **603** and a player account and identification card reader **604**. Bill validator **603** reads monetary bills and upon validation accepts the bills and posts credits to the player's account in the gaming machine. Player account and identification card reader **604** is a card reading device, such as an automated magnetically coded credit or bus-ticket-type card reader, well known in the art. Reader **604** is used to either provide an account balance to the gaming machine against which a player can charge bets, and/or provide user identification for verification and user tracking information used

by the casino to monitor against gaming fraud and to better understand customer behavior and desires. Video gaming machine **600** also includes a coin insert or feed **640** which is used to insert coins in lieu of the bill validator **603** or an account card read by reader **604**.

Gaming system **600** further preferably includes a main display **610** which is preferably a cathode ray tube, liquid crystal display, or similar electronically controlled display. Display **610** is used to display various information either to attract a player or for use during the play of the game. In particular for the playing of blackjack, the main display is used to show dealer cards **611** and **612** and player cards **613** and **614**. Card **611** is the dealer down card and is shown blackened to indicate it is face-down. Card **612** is the dealer's up card and is shown face-up. Both player cards **613** and **614** are shown face-up.

In the upper portion is a jackpot counter display section **620** forming a part of the main display **610**. Jackpot counter display has three counters pictured. The upper line **621** indicates the number of player first jackpot tally events are credited. In this case the upper line indicates the number of blackjack hands which the player has either received or been credited due to blackjack by the player or the dealer. The second line **622** of the jackpot display indicates the number of twenty-count hands received by the player which qualify as second jackpot tally events. The third line **623** indicates the number of dealer busts which are included in the dealer first jackpot tally events. In the preferred form the jackpot tally events which led to the indicated counts shown in lines **621-623** are due to qualifying events occurring in a sequential manner, most preferably in consecutively sequentially hands. Alternatively, the rules of play may make various sequential patterns qualifying events for purposes of being counted in one or more of the jackpot tally event counters. For example, consecutive sequences of any particular card hands may lead to events being tallied in the jackpot tally counters. Consecutive 20-count hands, consecutive 19-count hands, consecutive 18-count hands, multi-card (more than 2 card) 21-count hands, blackjacks of a specific suit, red-suit blackjacks, black-suit blackjacks, and many other combinations of cards which when they occur in a defined sequential pattern over a series of played hands can lead to a jackpot threshold being met and the player receiving a jackpot payout. The sequential occurrence allows the gaming establishment to adjust the payout schedule to include both extremely high payouts for very infrequent events, and when desired or in the alternative relatively smaller jackpot payouts with greater frequency. This greatly enhances the appeal of the game to the player.

Gaming machine **600** also preferably includes a payout schedule **628**. Payout schedule **628** is advantageously positioned upon the front of gaming machine **600** above the main display **610**. Payout schedule **628** can either be a printed posting or can be information displayed upon a second electronic display, similar to main display **610**. It is alternatively possible for the payout schedule and other information to be provided upon a portion of the main display. The main display may be made larger to accommodate the various information presented thereon.

In the preferred video blackjack machine **600** there is typically a single non-dealer player. Machine **600** is equipped with a series of option keys **630** which are advantageously arranged beneath the main display. Alternatively, the option keys can be provided in the form of a touch screen display having touch control options which are activated by bring a person's finger into proximity or contact at the appropriate location upon the display screen. As shown, the

card gaming machine **600** is provided with key switches **631-636** which have specific functions. As shown, key **631** is used to hit the player so that another card is dealt to the player. Key **632** is used to indicate the player's choice to stand and not receive further cards. Key **633** is used to indicate the player's choice to double. Key **634** is used to split the players initial two cards and play two hands simultaneously. Key **635** is used to instruct the machine to payout any accumulated winnings. Key **636** is used to start the deal of another card hand.

Video card machine **600** also preferably includes a payout tray **650** into which is deposited coins or other winnings in response to the player's choice to payout, as indicated by activating key **635**.

Video card gaming machine **600** also advantageously includes an attraction display **660**. Display **660** is used to indicate a jackpot amount which can be machine-specific and determined in part by rules of play which are also specific to the particular machine being used.

Gaming machine **600** is constructed using previously known video card gaming machine technology adapted as needed to achieve the features and functions indicated herein. Such gaming machines are known from prior development and are commonly used in connection with video poker, video blackjack, and other games. Such machines are suitably programmed according to this invention so as to provide the features described herein and to perform the novel methods and related processes used in this invention. Current machines have programming capability which will allow the novel games of this invention to be played thereon. Such play can be scheduled either with an ante by the player, or without an ante depending upon the desires of the gaming establishment. It is also possible to have the jackpot features of this invention apply during some games and not during others depending upon the bet placed by the player or by other optional choice.

In compliance with the statute, the invention has been described in language more or less specific as to structural and methodical features. It is to be understood, however, that the invention is not limited to the specific features shown and described, since the means herein disclosed comprise preferred forms of putting the invention into effect. The invention is, therefore, claimed in any of its forms or modifications within the proper scope of the appended claims appropriately interpreted in accordance with the doctrine of equivalents.

What is claimed is:

1. An electronic retrofit tabletop game system for mounting upon a blackjack table to allow playing an enhanced blackjack or casino twenty-one card gambling game, comprising:

a central module which rests upon an upper surface of said blackjack table;

a plurality of electronic player counters for registering multiple player count values including at least one player count value for each player, the player count values indicating a number of player jackpot tally events experienced by a particular player; said player jackpot tally events being an event defined by rules of a particular blackjack game and are countable for purposes of awarding one or more player jackpot bonuses;

a plurality of player keys mounted upon the central module for selectively incrementing the player counters to change player count values for players who have experienced a player jackpot tally event;

means for zeroing the player count values of players who have not experienced a player jackpot tally event;

an electronic dealer counter for registering a dealer count value indicating the number of dealer jackpot tally events experienced by the dealer; said dealer jackpot tally events being an event defined by rules of a particular blackjack game and are countable for purposes of awarding one or more bonuses;

means for selectively incrementing the dealer counter to change the dealer count value if the dealer has experienced a dealer jackpot tally event;

means for zeroing the dealer counter to a zero dealer count value if the dealer has not experienced a dealer jackpot tally event;

a plurality of player status displays which are connected to receive information from the plurality of electronic player counters to display the player count values;

at least one dealer status display which is connected to receive information from the electronic dealer counter to display the dealer count value;

wherein the game system includes a table-top unit having an array of display lights along side edges thereof.

2. A game system as recited in claim 1 and further comprising a tabletop markings which associate different portions of said array of display lights with associated player table positions.

3. An electronic retrofit tabletop game system for mounting upon a blackjack table to allow playing an enhanced blackjack or casino twenty-one card gambling game, comprising:

a central module which rests upon an upper surface of said blackjack table;

a plurality of electronic player counters for registering multiple player count values including at least one player count value for each player, the player count values indicating a number of player jackpot tally events experienced by a particular player; said player jackpot tally events being an event defined by rules of a particular blackjack game and are countable for purposes of awarding one or more player jackpot bonuses;

a plurality of player keys mounted upon the central module for selectively incrementing the player counters to change player count values for players who have experienced a player jackpot tally event;

means for zeroing the player count values of players who have not experienced a player jackpot tally event;

an electronic dealer counter for registering a dealer count value indicating the number of dealer jackpot tally events experienced by the dealer; said dealer jackpot tally events being an event defined by rules of a particular blackjack game and are countable for purposes of awarding one or more bonuses;

means for selectively incrementing the dealer counter to change the dealer count value if the dealer has experienced a dealer jackpot tally event;

means for zeroing the dealer counter to a zero dealer count value if the dealer has not experienced a dealer jackpot tally event;

a plurality of player status displays which are connected to receive information from the plurality of electronic player counters to display the player count values;

at least one dealer status display which is connected to receive information from the electronic dealer counter to display the dealer count value;

a video display which displays the cards being played and at least one player count value.

4. An electronic retrofit tabletop game system for mounting upon a blackjack table to allow playing an enhanced blackjack or casino twenty-one card gambling game, comprising:

a central module which rests upon an upper surface of said blackjack table;

a plurality of electronic player counters for registering multiple player count values including at least one player count value for each player, the player count values indicating a number of player jackpot tally events experienced by a particular player; said player jackpot tally events being an event defined by rules of a particular blackjack game and are countable for purposes of awarding one or more player jackpot bonuses;

a plurality of player keys mounted upon the central module for selectively incrementing the player counters to change player count values for players who have experienced a player jackpot tally event;

means for zeroing the player count values of players who have not experienced a player jackpot tally event;

an electronic dealer counter for registering a dealer count value indicating the number of dealer jackpot tally events experienced by the dealer; said dealer jackpot tally events being an event defined by rules of a particular blackjack game and are countable for purposes of awarding one or more bonuses;

means for selectively incrementing the dealer counter to change the dealer count value if the dealer has experienced a dealer jackpot tally event;

means for zeroing the dealer counter to a zero dealer count value if the dealer has not experienced a dealer jackpot tally event;

a plurality of player status displays which are connected to receive information from the plurality of electronic player counters to display the player count values;

at least one dealer status display which is connected to receive information from the electronic dealer counter to display the dealer count value;

an embankment wall forming part of the central module which is arranged partially around the dealer position; said status displays being positioned at least partially upon said embankment wall.

5. An electronic retrofit tabletop game system for mounting upon a blackjack table to allow playing an enhanced blackjack or casino twenty-one card gambling game, comprising:

a central module which rests upon an upper surface of said blackjack table;

a plurality of electronic player counters for registering multiple player count values including at least one player count value for each player, the player count values indicating a number of player jackpot tally events experienced by a particular player; said player jackpot tally events being an event defined by rules of a particular blackjack game and are countable for purposes of awarding one or more player jackpot bonuses;

a plurality of player keys mounted upon the central module for selectively incrementing the player counters to change player count values for players who have experienced a player jackpot tally event;

means for zeroing the player count values of players who have not experienced a player jackpot tally event;

an electronic dealer counter for registering a dealer count value indicating the number of dealer jackpot tally events experienced by the dealer; said dealer jackpot tally events being an event defined by rules of a particular blackjack game and are countable for purposes of awarding one or more bonuses;

means for selectively incrementing the dealer counter to change the dealer count value if the dealer has experienced a dealer jackpot tally event;

means for zeroing the dealer counter to a zero dealer count value if the dealer has not experienced a dealer jackpot tally event;

a plurality of player status display which are connected to receive information from the plurality of electronic player counters to display the player count values;

at least one dealer status display which is connected to receive information from the electronic dealer counter to display the dealer count value;

wherein said player keys are mounted upon the central module in positions adjacent to player seating locations.

6. An electronic retrofit tabletop game system for mounting upon a blackjack table to allow playing an enhanced blackjack or casino twenty-one card gambling game, comprising:

a central module which rests upon an upper surface of said blackjack table;

a plurality of electronic player counters for registering multiple player count values including at least one player count value for each player the player count values indicating a number of player jackpot tally events experienced by a particular player; said player jackpot tally events being an event defined by rules of a particular blackjack game and are countable for purposes of awarding one or more player jackpot bonuses;

a plurality of player keys mounted upon the central module for selectively incrementing the player

counters to change player count values for players who have experienced a player jackpot tally event;

means for zeroing the player count values of players who have not experienced a player jackpot tally event;

an electronic dealer counter for registering a dealer count value indicating the number of dealer jackpot tally events experienced by the dealer; said dealer jackpot tally events being an event defined by rules of a particular blackjack game and are countable for purposes of awarding one or more bonuses;

means for selectively incrementing the dealer counter to change the dealer count value if the dealer has experienced a dealer jackpot tally event;

means for zeroing the dealer counter to a zero dealer count value if the dealer has not experienced a dealer jackpot tally event;

a plurality of player status displays which are connected to receive information from the plurality of electronic player counters to display the player count values;

at least one dealer status display which is connected to receive information from the electronic dealer counter to display the dealer count value;

at least one side module having displayed information thereon.

7. A game system according to claim 6 wherein said at least one side module includes an electronic display along a front surface thereof.

8. A game system according to claim 6 wherein said at least one side module includes port and starboard side modules connected to the central module and having displayed information thereon.

9. A game system according to claim 6 wherein said at least one side module includes port and starboard side modules connected to the central module; said port and starboard side modules having electronic displays along front surfaces thereof.

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