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[54] FIBER REINFORCED PLASTIC PRODUCT AND AN INDICATION METHOD THEREOF

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257, 258, 259, 40, 913

[56] References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

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2-92756 4/1990 Japan.

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[57] ABSTRACT

A fiber reinforced plastic product such as a bumper having a label with information that preferably provides recycling information concerning the product. The product is formed by applying a mold release agent to a fiber reinforced plastic mold and then applying a gel coating over the release agent. A first resin impregnated fiber mat is place on the gel coating and a second resin impregnated fiber mat is placed over the first. The mats are pushed into contact with one another by a roller or brush or the like to adhere the two mats to one another. The label is placed in contact with one of the fiber mats while the mat is in an unhardened state. A transparent surface mat is positioned over the label so as to cover and protect the label and such that the label is easily viewed.

7 Claims, 1 Drawing Sheet

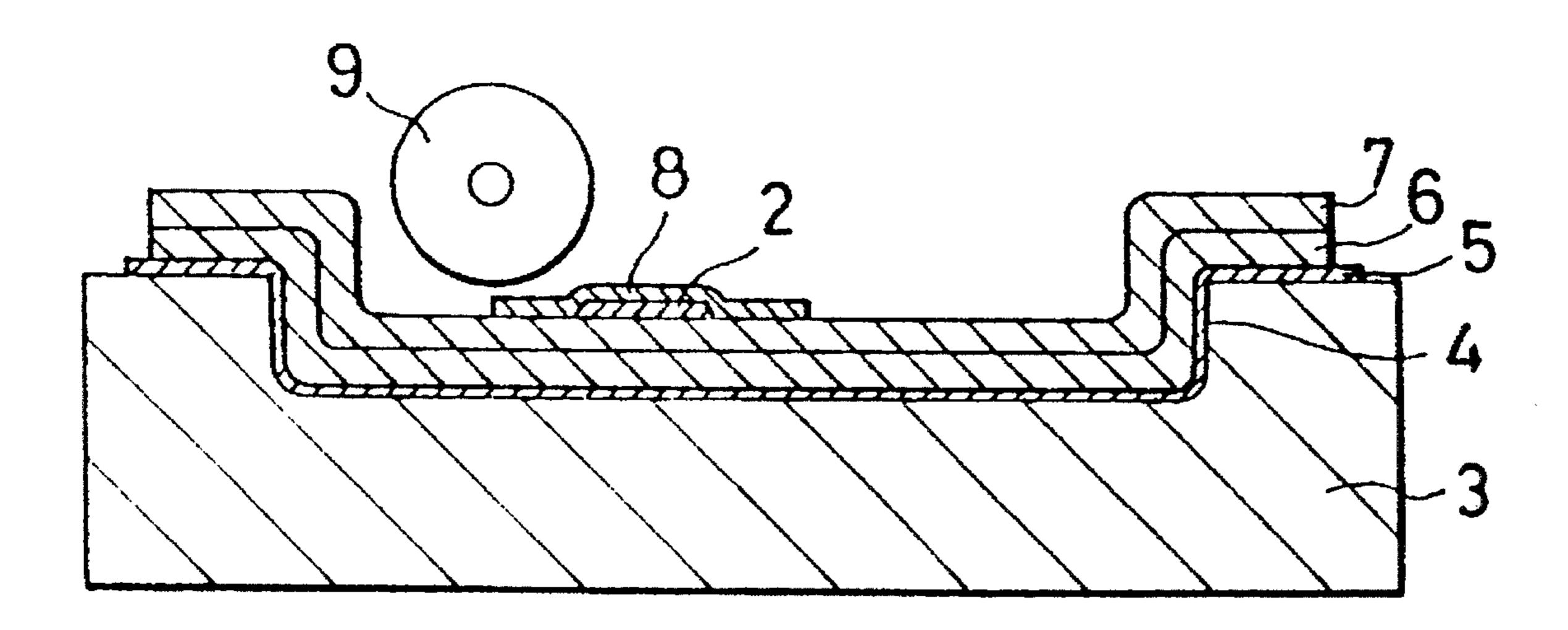
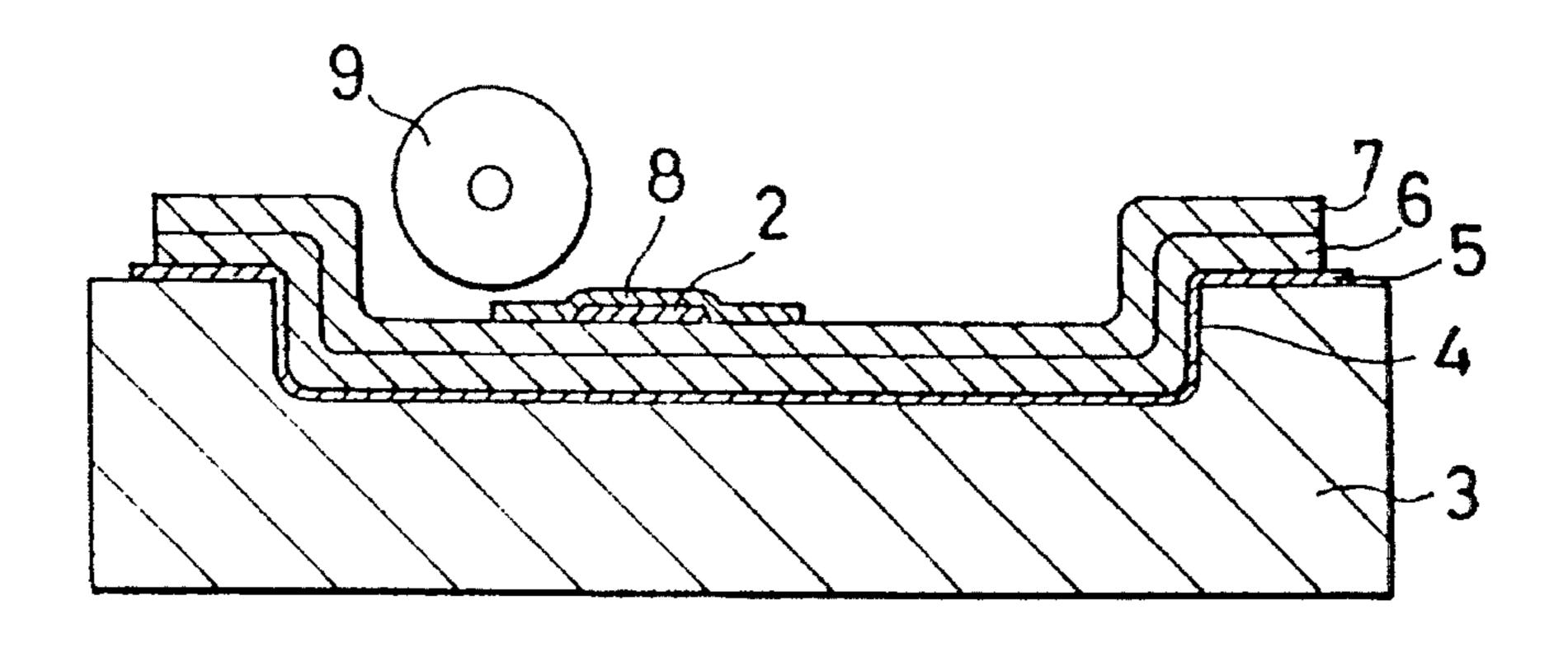
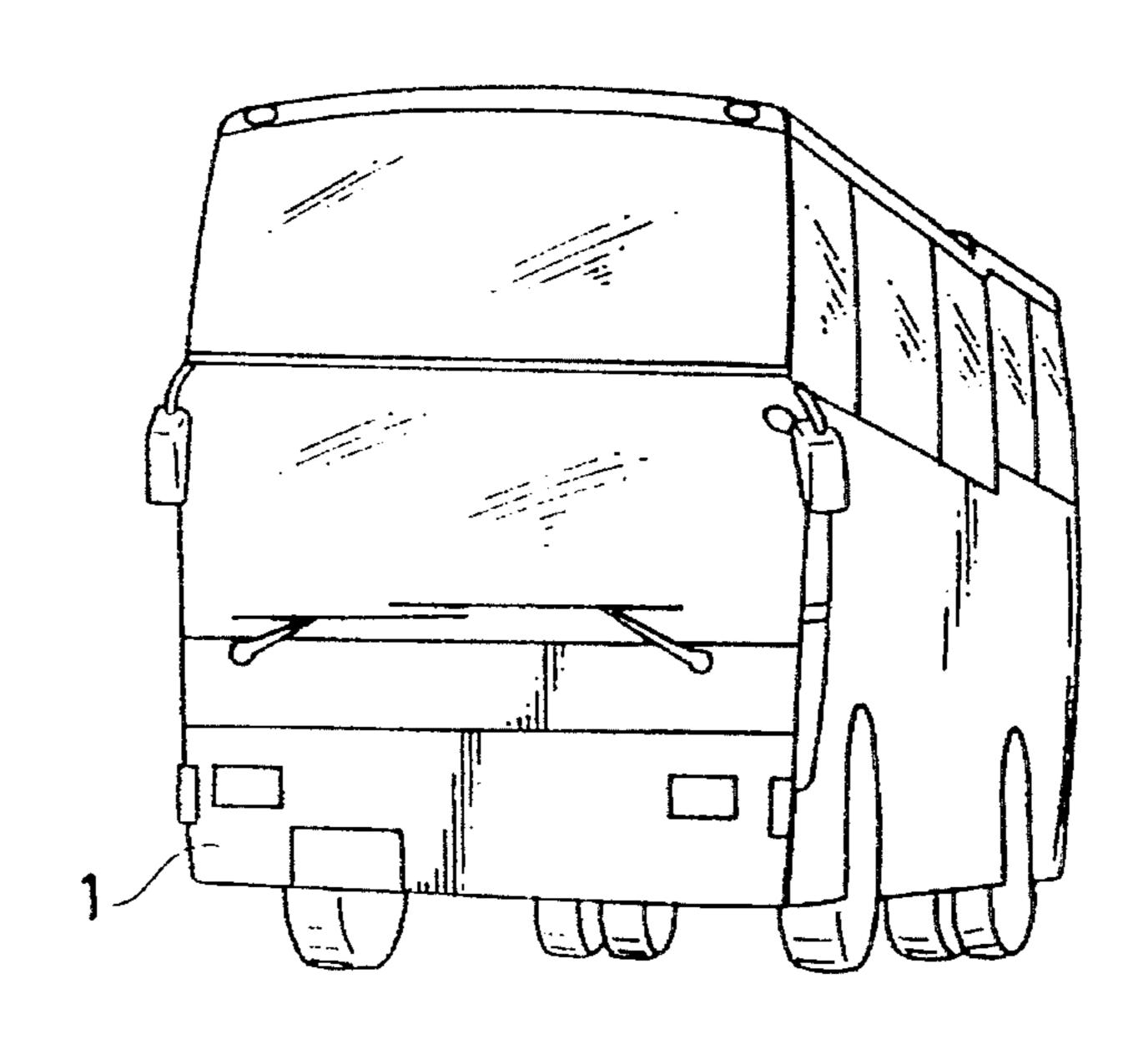
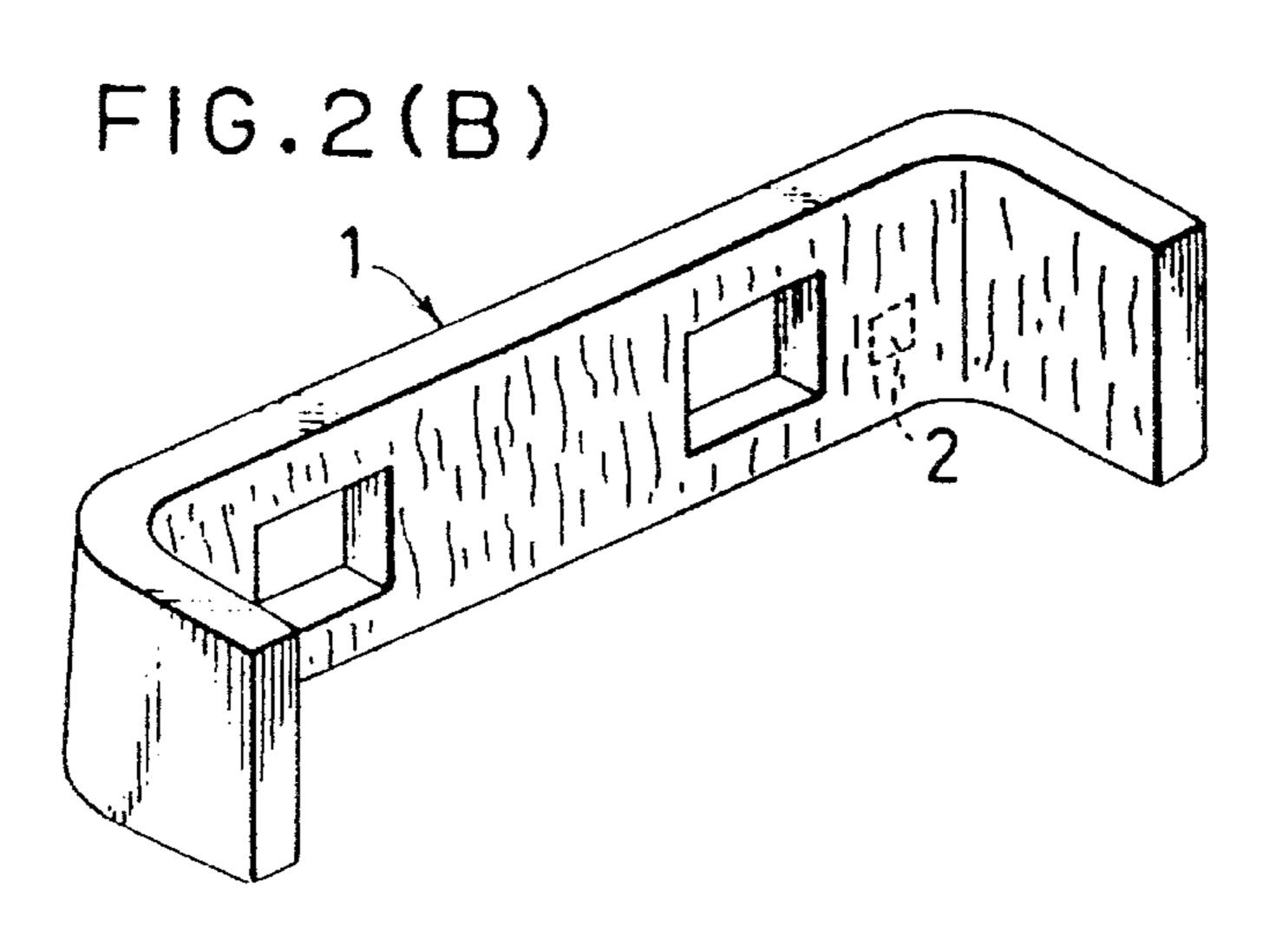


FIG.1



F1G.2(A)





1

FIBER REINFORCED PLASTIC PRODUCT AND AN INDICATION METHOD THEREOF

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to a fiber reinforced plastic (FRP) product and an indication method thereof.

A policy for improving fuel consumption of a vehicle by a reduction in its weight by replacing metal with plastic of components of the vehicle has been heretofore employed. 10 An FRP product is used for a component which needs a predetermined strength such as a bumper for the vehicle (e.g., Japanese Patent Laid-Open Publication No. 92756/1990).

On the other hand, in order to economize resources of the earth, a recycling of an FRP product has been conducted. To recycle the FRP product, it is necessary to clearly indicate the material of the FRP product so as to be seen from outside. Heretofore, a method for bonding a printed label printed with the material of the FRP product to the back ²⁰ surface of the FRP product or molding characters for indicating the material of the FRP product in a mold has been employed.

However, when an indication method for a material of an FRP product which has been heretofore conducted is intended to be applied to a hand-lay-up FRP product, the following various problems arise.

More specifically, since the hand-lay-up FRP product is molded by alternately hand laying a synthetic resin on a resin-impregnated FRP mat by using only one mold of a front surface side and hardening the back surface of the FRP product by pressure of a roller or a brush, the back surface of the FRP product is rugged which is improper to bond a label or the like, and there arises a problem that, even if a printed label is adhered, the label is frequently peeled.

Furthermore, since a method for molding characters on a back surface of an FRP product in a mold must prepare a special purpose character die, its cost increases, and yet the molded characters are scarcely read by the use for a long 40 period. Thus, in the case of recycling, it is frequently difficult to read the molded characters.

In addition, there also arise problems that both a method for bonding the printed label and a method for molding characters in a mold are difficult to be applied to a curved 45 surface and limited to a flat surface.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention has for its object to provide an FRP and an indication method thereof which overcome various drawbacks of a conventional indication method for a material of the hand-lay-up FRP.

In order to achieve the above object, this invention provides an FRP and an indication method thereof comprising the steps of alternatively overlaying an FRP mat on a resin-impregnated FRP mat in a mold, laying a printed material on said FRP product, impregnating a synthetic resin into a transparent surface mat, covering said printed material with said transparent surface mat, and hardening said FRP 60 product by pressure in said mold.

According to the arrangement as described above, the printed material laid on the FRP product integrally covered with the transparent surface mat is not absolutely peeled for a long period of time and is not difficult to read upon 65 exposure to water and dust, and in the case of recycling the FRP product, the material of the FRP product can be

2

positively visually recognized from the exterior.

The nature, utility, and further features of this invention will be more clearly apparent from the following detailed description with respect to preferred embodiments of the invention when read in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, briefly described below.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In the accompanying drawings:

FIG. 1 is a sectional view showing an embodiment of the present invention for describing an example of a hand laying procedure of an FRP hand-lay-up product;

FIG. 2A is a perspective view showing an example of an FRP hand-lay-up product to be applied by the present invention, illustrating an external appearance of a front part of a bus; and

FIG. 2B is a perspective view of a bumper for a bus.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The embodiment of this invention will be explained with reference to the accompanying drawings.

In this embodiment, an example of the case where a bumper 1 of a bus shown in FIGS. 2(A) and 2(B), respectively is made of a hand-lay-up FRP product will be described.

In FIG. 1, numeral 3 indicates a mold having a mold surface coincident with a shape of a product to be molded, i.e., a bumper 1 for a bus at the side of its outer surface. The surface of the mold 3 is uniformly coated with mold release agent 4, and further coated by a sprayer with gel coating 5 about 0.3 to 0.5 mm thick to become an outer surface of the bumper 1. Then, a glass mat 6 of unsaturated polyester resin-impregnated reinforced fiber is laid on the gel coating 5, and hardened by pressure of a presser 9 such as a roller or a brush to be draped with the mold surface of the mold 3. Further, a glass mat 7 of unsaturated polyester resin-impregnated reinforced fiber is overlaid on the glass mat 6, and hardened sufficiently by pressure of the presser 9 such as the roller or the brush to the mold surface, and air residue and excessive resin are extruded. Immediately thereafter, a printed material 2 for indicating the material of the FRP product (the material of synthetic resin, the material and the state of the reinforced fiber, the content of the reinforced fiber and the like) is laid at a suitable place (which is not limited to a flat surface but may be a curved surface) while the product is half-hardened in the mold, and a thin and transparent surface mat 8 of unsaturated polyester resinimpregnated glass fiber is, for example, laid by pressure of the presser 9 such as the roller or the brush on the printed material 2. Then, a bumper constituting a layer of the gel coating 5, the glass mat 6 of the first layer and the glass mat 7 of the second layer and the surface mat 8 are simultaneously hardened by pressure to obtain the bumper 1.

In the bumper 1 arranged as described above, a size of the printed material 2 is normally formed in the degree of a size of a calling name card (about 55 mm×91 mm). Normal paper can be applied to the material of the printed material 2, which reduces its cost and provides a simple operation. The bumper 1 for the bus has a mass of about 20 kg., and even if paper (printed material) in the degree of card size is mixed as a foreign matter with the bumper 1, recycling of the FRP product is not affected by adverse influence. In addition to the normal paper as the material of the printed material 2, a

3

plastic thin film and the like may be available.

It is desirable to reduce in thickness the surface mat 8 so as not to impair its transparency for a long period of time.

After the surface mat 8 is laid on the bumper constituting layer by pressure of the presser 9, when the surface mat 8 is hardened at a so-called ambient temperature (about 10° to 35° C.), the surface mat 8 is left to stand for about 4 to 16 hours in the mold 3. When the surface mat 8 is hardened at 40° to 60° C., the surface mat 8 is left to stand for about 2 hours in the mold 3.

In the bumper 1 obtained as described above, the printed material 2 printed with the material at an arbitrary position of its back surface is integrally laid on the transparent surface mat 8. Thus, the printed material 2 is not peeled and not to be unable to be read. In the case of recycling, the material of the bumper 1 can be sufficiently clearly confirmed.

Incidentally, if the surface mat is laid on the glass mat which has already been hardened and hardened by pressure 20 to be bonded, when the mat is dipped in water for about 2 days, it is confirmed that peeling occurs between the glass mat and the surface mat. As in the embodiment described above, indication of the material which is not apprehended to be peeled for a long period of time can be conducted by 25 molding and hardening together the bumper constituting layer and the surface mat.

The above-described embodiment has been described with respect to the bumper for the bus as the hand-lay-up FRP product. However, the present invention is not limited 30 to the particular embodiment.

According to the present invention as described above, the printed material of paper for indicating the material of the hand-lay-up FRP product is so laid on the FRP product as to be sufficiently read from outside. Therefore, the printed ³⁵ material is not peeled to be removed. The display is not scarcely read upon exposure with water or dusts. In the case of recycling, the material can be firmly visually confirmed. The printed material can be easily provided not only on a flat

4

surface but also on a curved surface to be reduced in cost and simplified in an operation, thereby providing large effect in practice.

While the presently preferred embodiments of the present invention have been shown and described, it is to be understood that the disclosure is for the purpose of illustration and that various changes and modifications may be made without departing from the scope of the invention as set forth in the appended claims.

What is claimed is:

- 1. A fiber reinforced plastic product, comprising:
- a fiber mat and a resin impregnated fiber mat with one of said mats alternatively overlaid with respect to the other of said mats;
- a label containing information thereon, said label being in contact with said one of said fiber mats based on the laying of said label on said one of said fiber mats while said one of said fiber mats is in a non-completely hardened state;
- a transparent surface fiber mat impregnated with a resin and overlaying said label such that the printed information on said label is viewable.
- 2. A product as recited in claim 1, wherein said transparent surface mat is in contact with said one of said fiber mats based on a laying of said transparent surface mat while said one of said fiber mats is in a non-completely hardened state.
- 3. A product as recited in claim 1, wherein said label includes a thin plastic film.
- 4. A product as recited in claim 1, wherein said label included a piece of paper.
- 5. A product as recited in claim 1, wherein said information includes indica setting forth a name of a resin that forms said fiber mats and a fiber material indication.
- 6. A product as recited in claim 1, wherein the label is positioned on a curved surface of said one of said fiber mats.
- 7. A product as recited in claim 1, wherein the information is printed information.

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