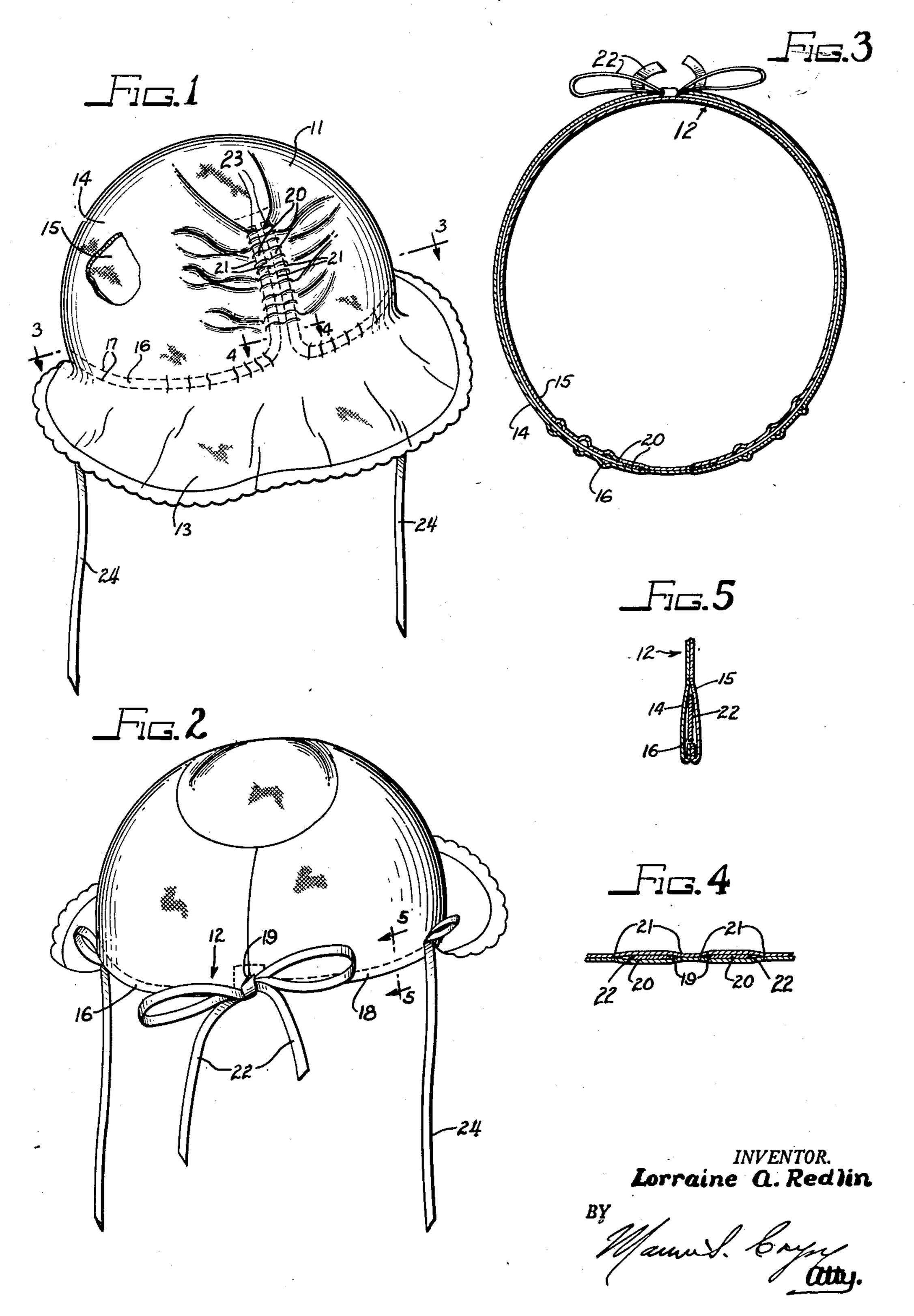
ADJUSTABLE BABY BONNET

Filed Nov. 4, 1949



STATES PATENT OFFICE

2,624,052

Lorraine A. Redlin, Chicago, Ill., assignor of onehalf to Betty Michals, Winnetka, Ill.

Application November 4, 1949, Serial No. 125,610

2 Claims. (Cl. 2-204)

The invention relates to improvements in adjustable baby bonnets and is more particularly concerned with a bonnet having common means to adjust the neck portion, face opening and crown.

Baby bonnets constructed in the conventional manner are quickly outgrown and must be discarded long before the expiration of their useful life. It is, therefore, an object of the present invention to provide a baby bonnet which is easily 10 and quickly adjusted to a wide range of head sizes and in such a manner as not to detract from its appearance.

Another object is to provide an adjustable baby bonnet with novel single means to effect ad- 15 justment of the neck portion, face opening and crown.

Another object is to provide a novelly constructed, adjustable baby bonnet that is not expensive to manufacture but is easy to adjust and 20 very pleasing in appearance.

Other objects of the invention will appear from the following description and accompanying drawing and will be pointed out in the annexed claims.

In the accompanying drawing there has been disclosed a structure designed to carry out the various objects of the invention, but it is to be understood that the invention is not confined to the exact features shown as various changes may be made within the scope of the claims which follow.

In the drawing:

Fig. 1 is a front perspective view of a baby bonnet, embodying the features of the present in- 35 vention.

Fig. 2 is a rear perspective view of the bonnet. Fig. 3 is a horizontal sectional view of the bonnet, taken substantially in the plane of line 3-3 of Fig. 1.

Fig. 4 is a transverse detail sectional view, taken substantially on line 4-4 of Fig. 1.

Fig. 5 is a sectional detail view, taken substantially on line 5—5 of Fig. 2.

Referring to the drawings, the bonnet includes a crown 11, a neck portion indicated at 12, and a visor 13 integral with the crown and surrounding the face opening. The bonnet is fabricated from two thicknesses of material defining an outer layer 14 and a lining 15 suitably 50 secured together by stitching. A drawtape passage 16 is provided at the juncture of the visor 13 with the crown | | and it extends around the back of the bonnet along the margin of the neck portion 12, as best shown in Fig. 3. This draw- 55 the foregoing specification, it should be under-

tape passage preferably is defined in part by two parallel rows of stitches 17 extending along the face opening of the bonnet, which rows of stitches terminate in alignment with the top and bottom edges of a hem 18 and coextensive with the marginal edge of the neck portion 12. As shown in Fig. 2, the hem 18 in the neck portion is suitably slit, as at 19, to provide an entrance opening for a purpose to be described presently.

The front center portion of the crown is provided with parallel drawtape passages generally indicated at 20, which passages extend downwardly from substantially the upper center of the crown at the front thereof and merge with the drawtape passage 16 adjacent the visor 13. Upon reference to Fig. 1, it will be noted that the drawtape passage 16 is not continuous across the front of the bonnet but instead is interrupted and each end merges with one of the parallel drawtape passages 20. The drawtape passages 20 are, like the passage 16, formed by stitching parallel rows of stitches 21 through the outer material 14 and lining 15. Thus, two distinct drawtape passages are provided; each consisting of a passage 20 and connecting portions of passage 16 and hem 18.

A pair of drawtapes 22 is threaded in the drawtape passages 16 and 20 and in the hem 18. The drawtapes preferably are inserted through the hem opening 19 with one extending in either direction through the margin hem 18, through the connecting passage 16, and upwardly through the respective drawtape passageway 20. The ends of the drawtapes terminating at the upper ends of the drawtape passages 20 are firmly secured at said passageway ends preferably as by means of stitches 23.

It should be quite apparent that when the extending ends of the drawtapes 22 are pulled the neck perimeter of the bonnet and the margin surrounding the face opening are shirred in proportion to the extent of the pulling. At the same time, the front area of the crown is likewise shirred to reduce the overall size thereof. This shirring of the crown and of the bonnet perimeter adjusts said bonnet to various head sizes and, when so adjusted, the extending ends of the drawtapes may be tied into a bow or otherwise secured together. If desired, tapes 24 may be attached, as by stitching, to the base of the crown rearwardly of each end of the visor 13 for tying beneath the chin of the wearer to hold the bonnet in place.

Although an exemplary form of the invention has been shown in the drawing and described in

portion passage.

stood that the invention is capable of embodying a variety of modifications in structure and may be embodied in bonnets constructed other than as illustrated without departing from the spirit of the invention or the scope of the appended 5 claims.

I claim:

1. In a bonnet having a crown and visor, a pair of drawtape passages extending from the top of said crown downwardly in substantially parallel 10 relation to each other and to adjacent points located at the juncture of said visor and crown adjacent the front edge thereof and thence along the edge of said crown in opposite directions to terminate in an opening in the back of the crown, 15 and a drawtape in each passage, each secured at one end at the top end of its respective passage and having its other end extend through the opening for tying.

2. In a bonnet having a crown the lower or 20 outer edge thereof defining a face opening and a neck portion, and a visor connected to the crown and surrounding the face opening, a pair of substantially parallel drawtape crown passages extending downwardly from adjacent the 25 top of the crown to substantially the juncture of the crown with the visor, midway between

the visor ends, two drawtape passages along said juncture one in communication with each crown passage, said juncture passages extending in opposite directions along said juncture and terminating in a drawtape passage in the neck portion, said neck portion passage having an opening therein so as to define two series of passages each including a part of the neck portion passage, a juncture drawtape passage and a crown passage, and a drawtape in each series of passages, each secured at one end to the crown of the bonnet and emerging through the opening of the neck

LORRAINE A. REDLIN.

REFERENCES CITED

The following references are of record in the file of this patent:

UNITED STATES PATENTS

Number	Name	Date
663,670	Wiswall	Dec. 11, 1900
1,051,229	Hoeflich	Jan. 21, 1913
1,082,144		Dec. 23, 1913
1,350,712	Dupont	Aug. 24, 1920
2,172,510	Jaccard	Sept. 12, 1939