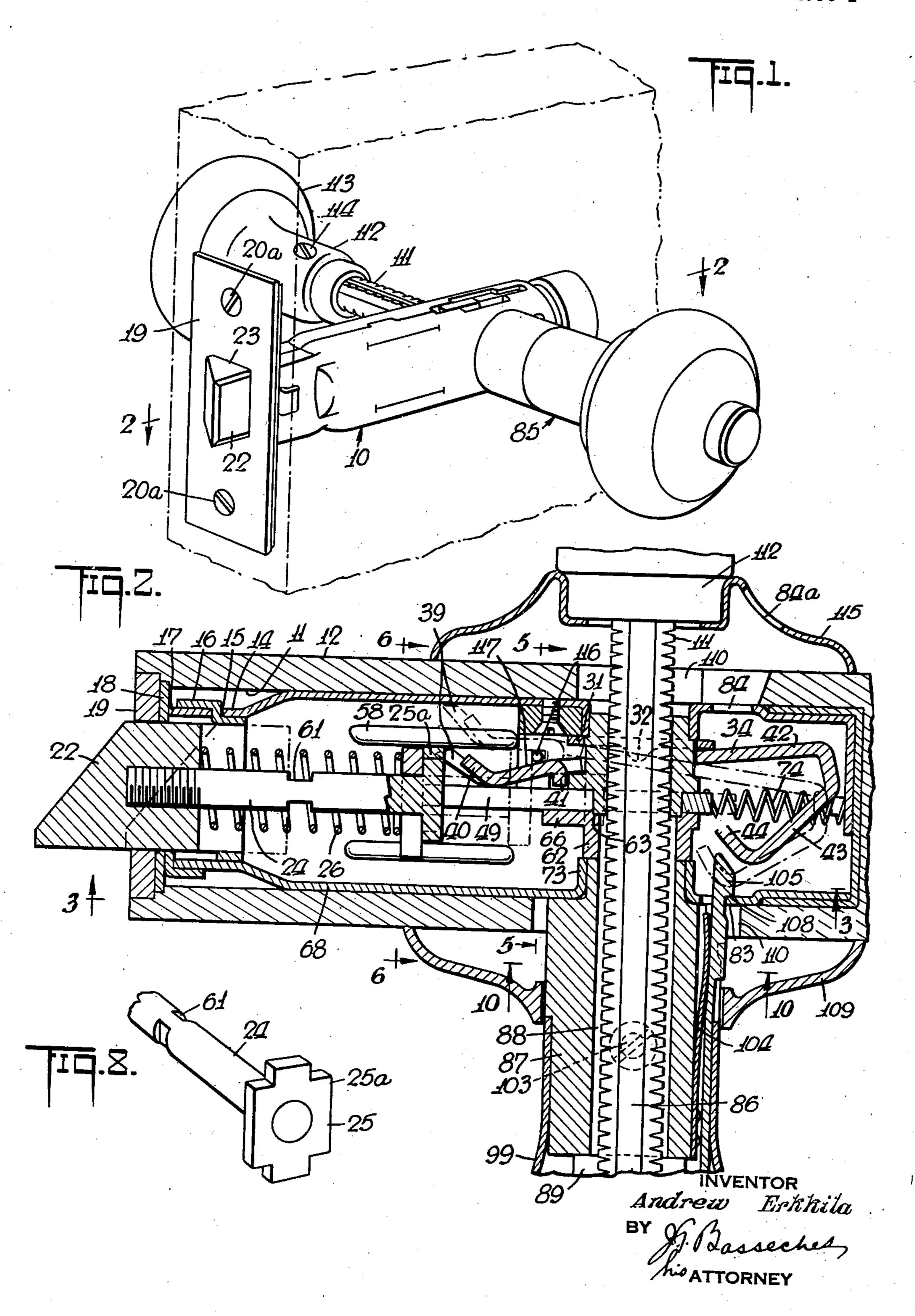
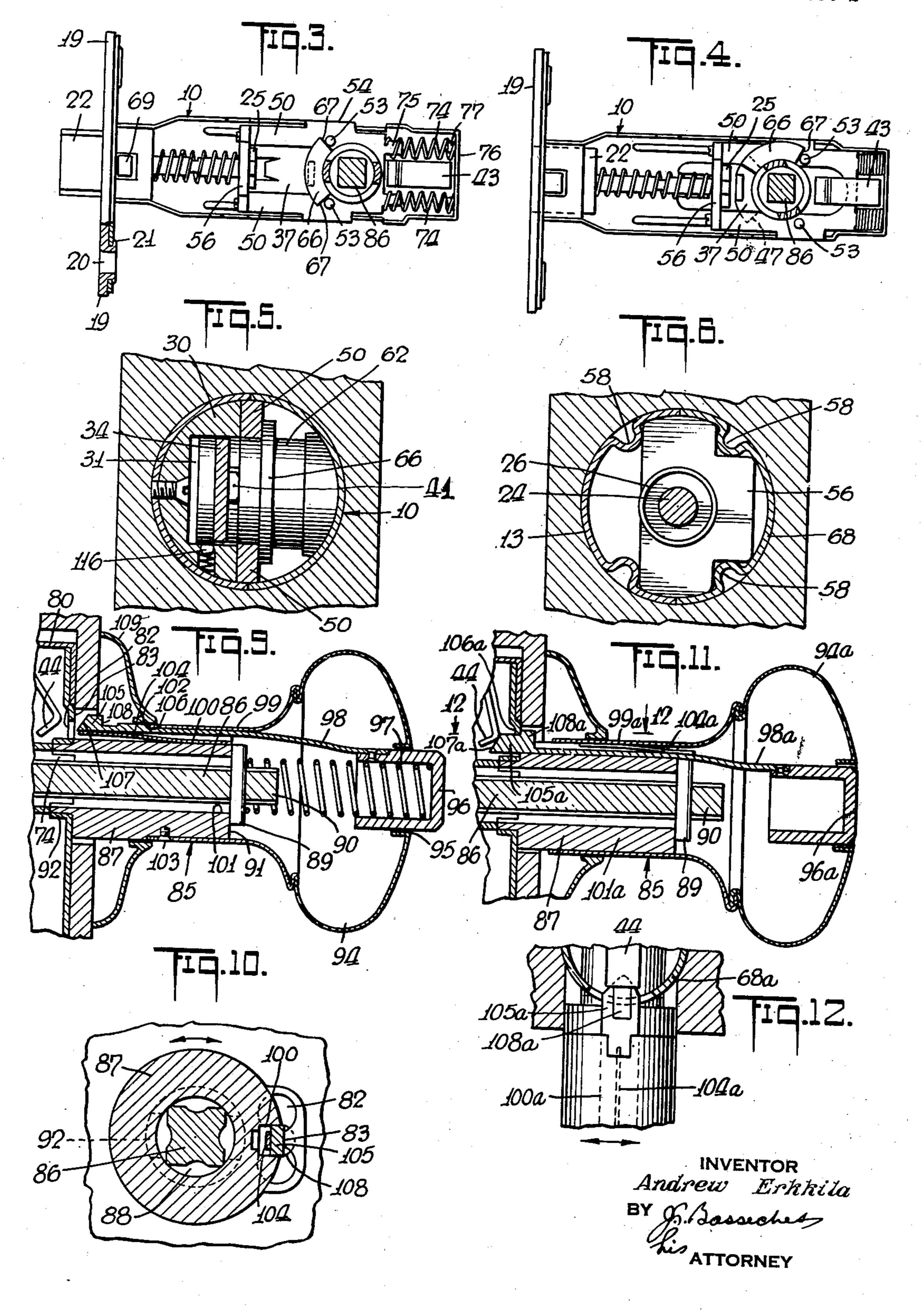
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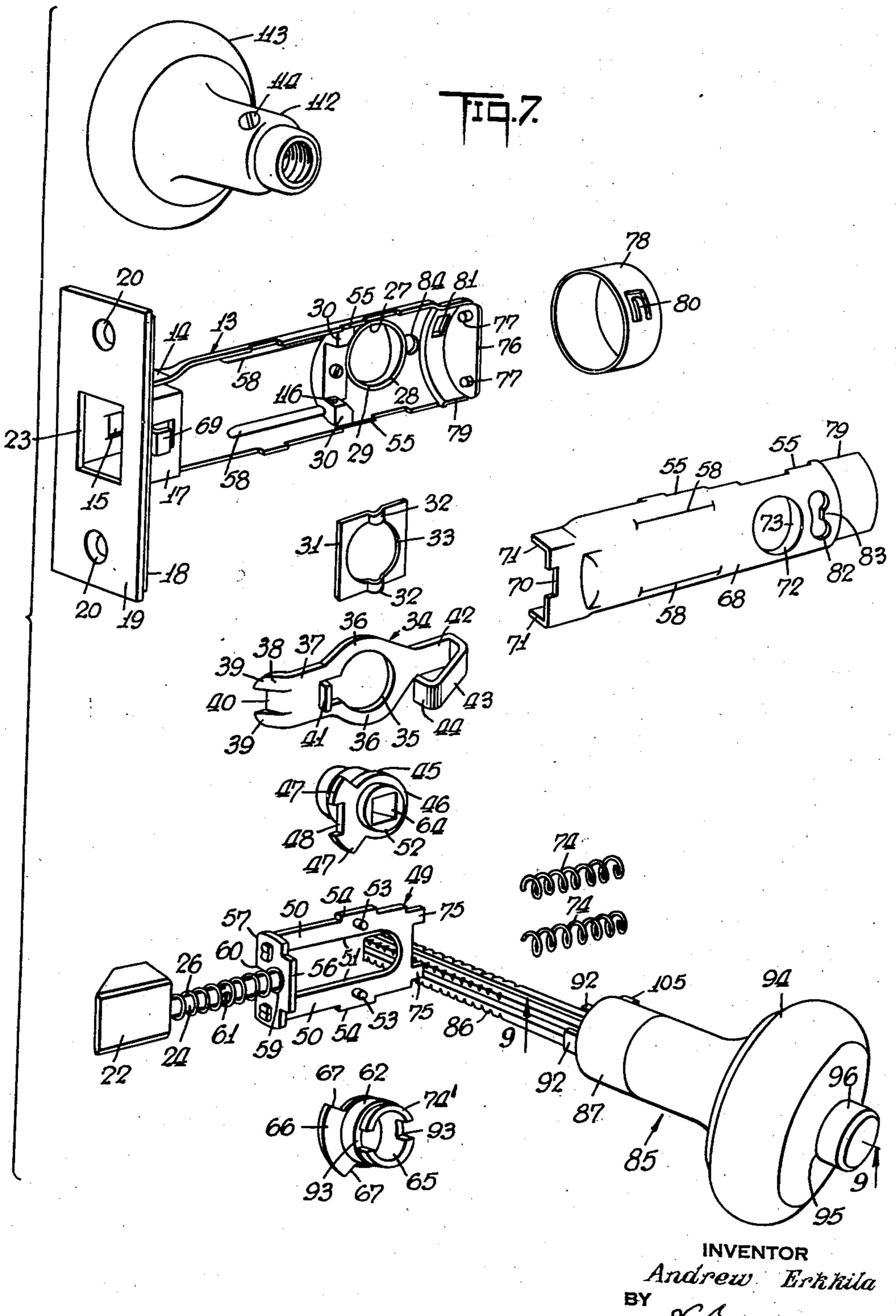
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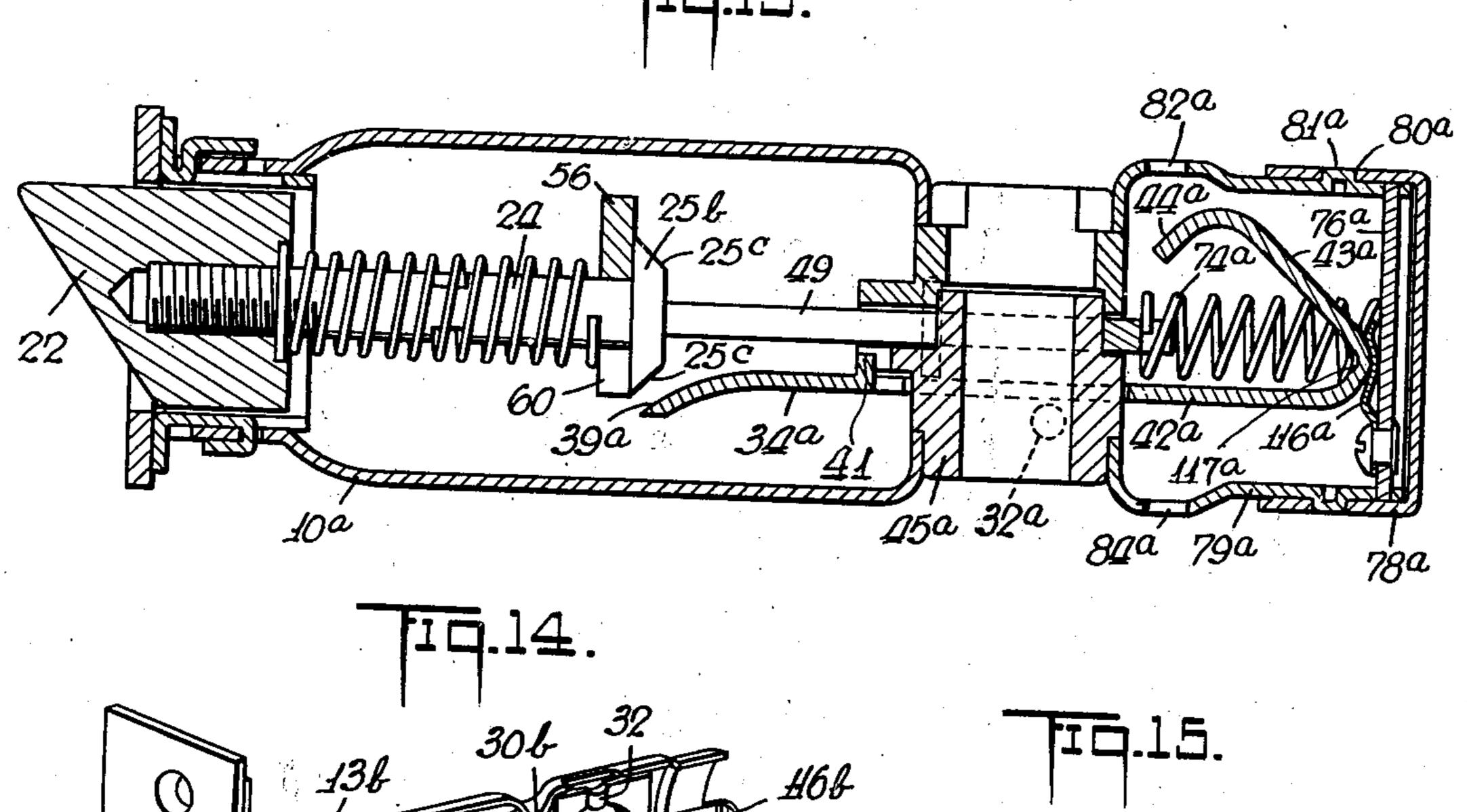
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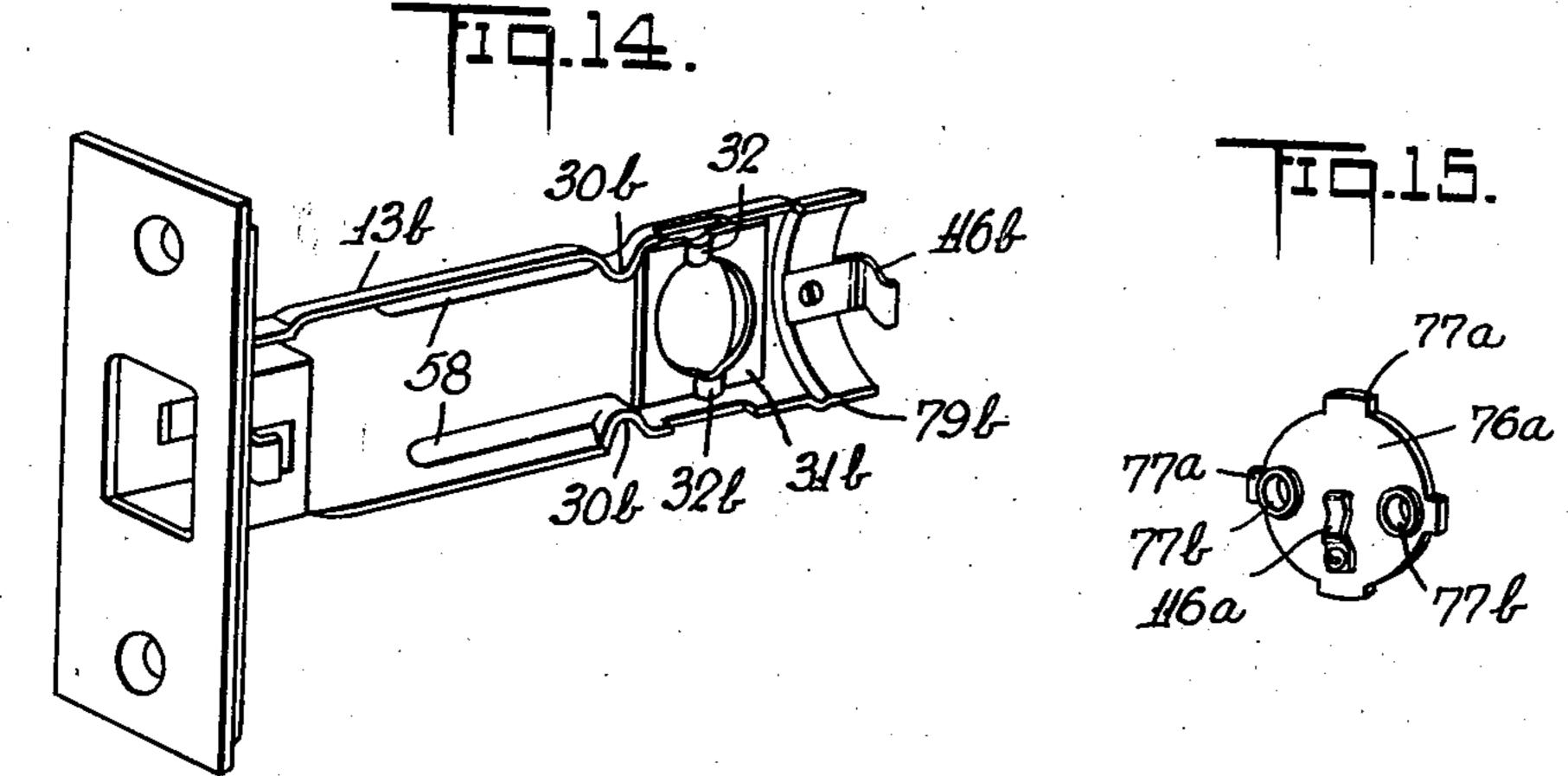
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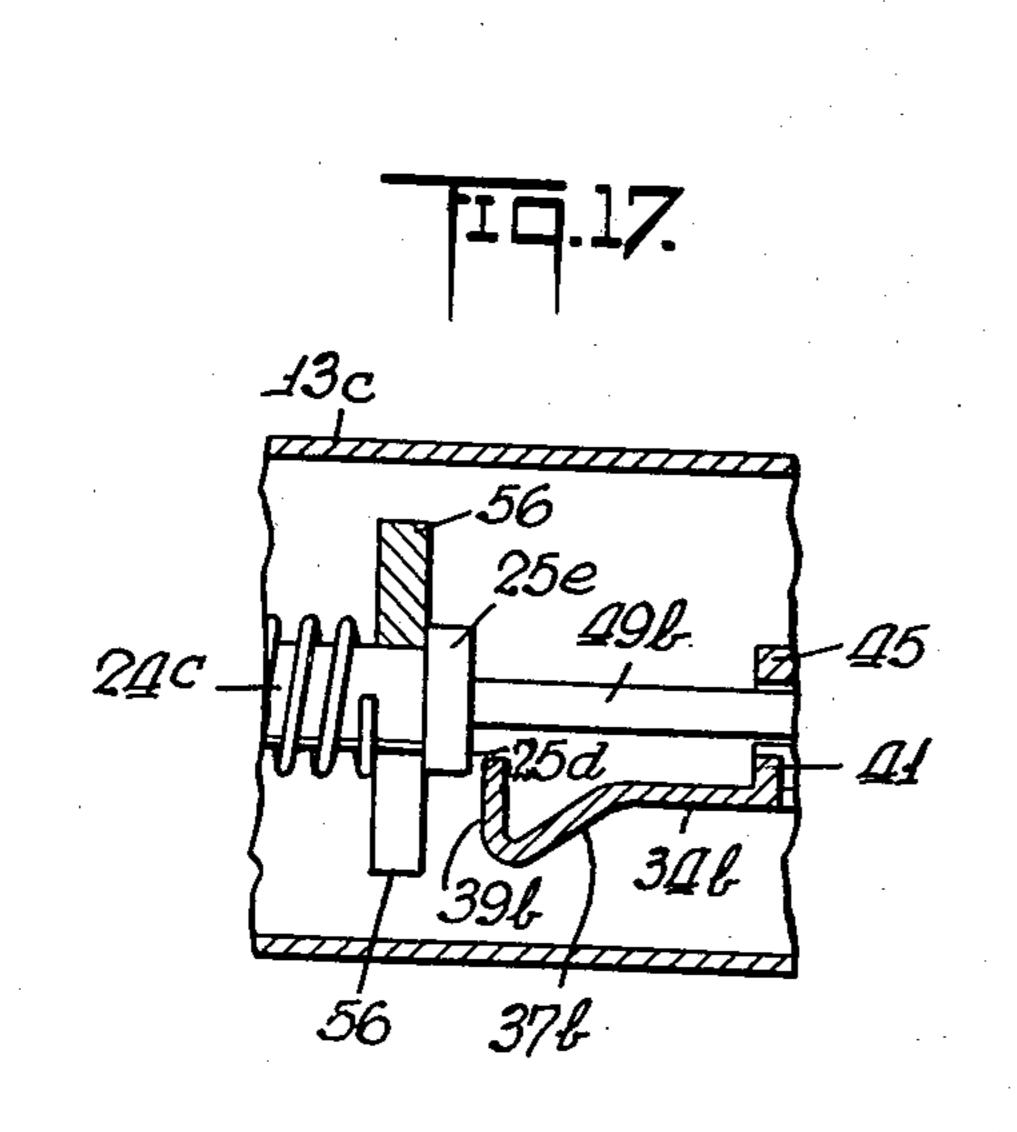


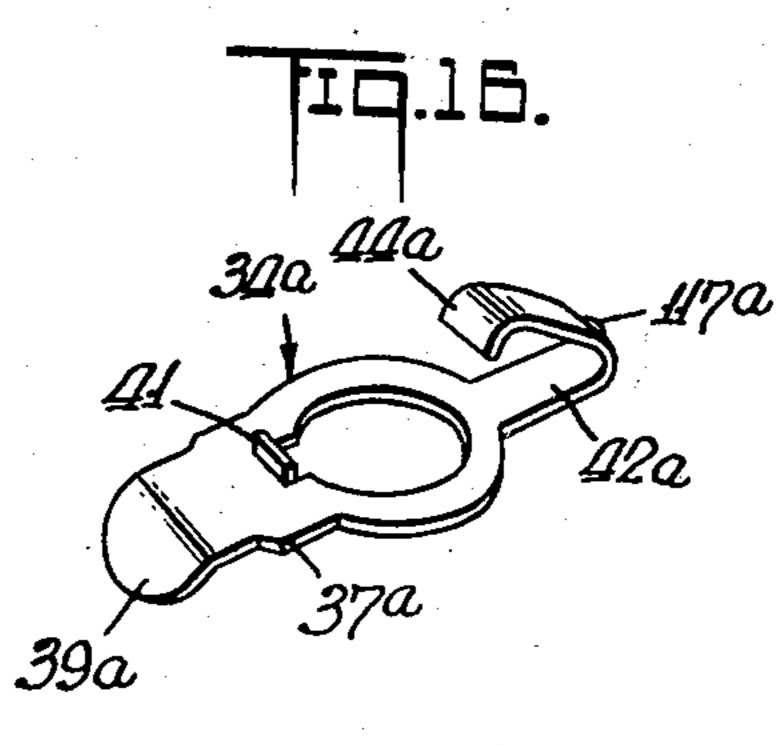
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4 Sheets-Sheet 4









INVENTOR Andrew Erkhila BY Hassehus

# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

2,486,268

### TUBULAR KNOB LATCH

Andrew Erkkila, Fitchburg, Mass., assignor to Independent Lock Company, Fitchburg, Mass., a corporation of Massachusetts

Application February 7, 1946, Serial No. 646,019

18 Claims. (Cl. 292—169)

This invention relates to a tubular knob latch; more particularly to knob button control locks

and latches.

It is an object of my invention to provide a lock including a spring projected latch bolt which is spindle knob operated and includes push button means on the knob for restraining the opposite knob from actuation to retract the latch bolt.

Still more particularly, it is an object of my invention to provide a latching device which is 10 knob spindle operated, including push button means for dogging the latch bolt against spindle

operation by an exterior knob spindle.

Still more particularly, it is an object of my invention to provide a tubular latch characterized 15 by one or more of the features involving compactness of assembly; rigidity of construction in employing a novel unitary spindle installation; push button operation of an interior knob spindle for dogging the latch bolt by exterior knob spindle 20 operation; which is inertia-proof, i. e. the inertia of moving parts, as in swinging or slamming of the door, does not set the dogging means in operation; in which dogging means for the knob spindle may not be accidentally set into position characterized by resetting of the latch bolt dogging means when the latch bolt is retracted; the provision of a tubular latch having push button dogging features which are readily reset; the provision of a lock having a spring projected latch 30 bolt dogged by a spindle knob push button in which a unitary spindle may be employed.

It is a further object of my invention to provide a tubular latch casing construction which may be economically produced and assembled, 35 yet which satisfies all the requirements of unfailing performance and rigidity of construction.

It is an object generally of my invention to provide a tubular latch which includes the features of dogging the latch bolt by spindle knob push button actuation and which is compact in construction and readily installed.

To attain these objects and such further objects as may appear herein or be hereinafter pointed out, I make reference to the accompanying drawings, forming a part hereof, in which—

Figure 1 is a perspective view of my installation, shown in connection with a fragmentary portion of a door;

Figure 2 is a section taken on the line 2—2 of Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a section taken on the line 3—3 of Figure 2, with the latch bolt in the projected position;

Figure 4 is a view similar to Figure 3, with the

latch bolt and roll back mechanism retracting the latch bolt:

Figure 5 is a section taken on the line 5—5 of Figure 2:

Figure 6 is a section taken on the line 6—6 of Figure 2:

Figure 7 is an exploded perspective view of my latch bolt assembly shown in Figure 1;

Figure 8 is a fragmentary perspective view of the latch bolt shank heel;

Figure 9 is a section taken on the line 9—9 of Figure 7;

Figure 10 is a section taken on the line 10-10 of Figure 2;

Figure 11 is a view corresponding to Figure 9, of another embodiment of my invention with the knob push button in the depressed position;

Figure 12 is a fragmentary section taken on the line 12—12 of Figure 11.

Figure 13 is a longitudinal sectional view of another embodiment of my invention;

Figure 14 is a perspective view of a casing in accordance with still another embodiment of my invention:

Figure 15 is a perspective view of a detail;

Figure 16 is a perspective view of the dogging lever in accordance with another embodiment of my invention;

Figure 17 is a fragmentary perspective view of still another embodiment of my invention.

Making reference to the drawings, I show a casing 10, of generally tubular cross-section, arranged to be fitted within a boring 11 of a door 12. The casing comprises a section 13, which includes a rectangular portion 14, having a locking slot 15 to receive the tongue 16 of the channel 17 formed on the inner lamination 18 of the end plate 19. In this construction, the end plate 19 may be of brass and the inner lamination 18 of iron. Screw holes 20 to receive the attaching screws 20a (Figure 1) are defined by material spun from the body of the plate 19, entering a complemental drill hole 21 in the lamination 18 (Figure 3) and headed thereover to unite plate 19 and lamination 18.

The channel 17 forms a guide for the latch bolt 22, which channel is aligned with the aperture 23 in the end plate 19. The latch bolt 22 has screwthreadedly connected thereto a latch bolt shank 24 which is formed with a heel portion 25, in which the end of the shank 24 is rigidly headed. A coiled spring 26 is distended between the latch bolt 22 and the heel 25.

Rearwardly of the casing 13, a spindle hub aperture 27 is formed by spinning the flange 28

therefrom inwardly directed, to form a bearing, and an inner seat 29 for the rollback hub herein-

after described.

Guide fingers 30—30 are positioned forwardly of the flange 28 and serve as an abutment for the. 5 disk 31, formed with pivots 32, 32 and orificed at 33 to receive the rollback hub heretofore described.

The dogging lever 34 is orificed at 35, at its medial portion. This orifice corresponds to the ori- 10 fice 28 to receive the rollback hub hereafter to be described.

The dogging lever 34 has its side flanges 36, 36 arranged to rock on the pivots 32 and is formed at its forward portion with a tongue 37, guided be- 15 tween the guides 30, 30. The extremity of the tongue 37 is formed with a camming edge 38, and may include spaced fingers 39, 39 outlining a depressed lug 40. A lug 41 is struck up from the tongue 37, for purposes which will appear as this 20 description proceeds.

The rearmost portion of the dogging lever 34 includes an extension arm 42, bent laterally into a branch 43, carrying a camming edge 44. The outside spindle rollback hub 45 is thereupon po- 25 sitioned to be journaled in the bearing portion 28, centering the dogging lever 34. The flange 46 carries the rollback camming arms 47, 47 between which there is formed a slot 48, arranged to re-

ceive the lug 41 of the dogging lever.

With this assembly there is then provided the retractor link 49 comprising spaced branches 58, 50, having guides on their inner edges 51, 51 arranged to span the extension 52 of the hub 45. Spaced pins 53, 53 extend for a length to lie in 35 the path of the rollback cams through each face of the branches 50, 50. The link 49 is formed with extensions 54, 54 comprising bearing shoes entering into the slides 55, 55, at the edge of the casing section 13. The link branches 50, 50 are headed in the plate 56, formed with a bearing edge 57 for engaging the guides 58, 58 by inwardly indenting the metal of the casing section 13 to form longitudinally directed, embossed protuberances.

The plate 56 is formed with a keyhole slot 59, having a restricted entrance portion 60 which may span the slot or neck 61 of the shank 24. By spanning the neck 61 between the rearmost end of the spring 26, upon its compression the plate 56 may be made to span the cylindrical part of the shank 24 for slidable engagement thereupon. Upon the plate 56 passing through the neck 61, and a quarter turn being made expansion of the spring 26 will normally direct the latch bolt 22 55 to the limit, to engage the heel 25 as the limiting position, yet permitting independent movement of the latch bolt head 22 with respect to the link

49. Under these conditions, the inside rollback and hub assembly 62 may now be placed in position. This latter hub has a seat 63 (see Figure 2) providing a bearing which may be journaled on the extension 52 of the hub 45. The hub 45 is formed with a keying orifice 64 of square cross-section, to receive in keying engagement the knob spindle hereinafter to be described. The hub 62, however, is orificed at 65 to receive and encircle the square spindle for free rotation in relation thereto.

The hub 62 is formed with a rollback cam 66, having shoulders 67, 67 which may fall behind the pins 53, 53 on the upper face of the link 49. The assembly, in this condition, may have applied to it the casing section 68. This is provided with in- $^{75}$ 

dentations 58, 58 as described in connection with the casing section 13, cooperating with the indentations 58 on the other casing to form a guide for the plate 56.

The forward end of the square channel 17 is provided with an offset finger 69, cooperating with the slot 70 in the forward edge of the casing section 68, to maintain the casing sections 13 and 68 in alignment at the forward end, the edge 71 abutting the lamination 18 previously described.

The casing section 68 is likewise slotted with the slot 55 for the shoes 54, 54 on the link 50.

A boring 72, with an inwardly spun flange 73 provides a bearing for the extension 74', to maintain the hub 62 journalled therein for rotation. In this position, coiled springs 74, 74 are mounted upon the lugs 75, 75 at the rear of the link 49 and the spacer 76 fixed thereover, to have the lugs 77, 77 pressed therefrom nest over the opposite free ends of the coiled spring 74. A cap 78 fits over the sleeve sections 79, 79 of the casing 13 and 68, respectively, to hold the casing sections together. An offset friction finger 80 is cut out from the side wall of the cap 78, to fall into the seat 81 in the rear sleeve portion 79 and the casing section 13, thus preventing displacement of the cap but being readily removable upon partial rotation to move the finger 80 from its position entering the slot 81.

It will be observed that the dogging lever 34 has its camming end 44 accessible through the orifice 32, having an overhanging lip 83 on the casing section 68.

The casing 13 is provided with a boring 84, making the arm 42 accessible for purposes which

will appear as this description proceeds.

With a casing assembled as described, I provide an interior knob assembly 85 which comprises a square knob spindle 86, which is directed through a sleeve 87 in a boring 88, within which the spindle may freely rotate. A cross pin 89 passing transversely through the end 90 of the spindle bears against the shoulder 91 of the sleeve 87, permitting rotation but otherwise holding the spindle against displacement from the sleeve 87. The sleeve 87 is formed with lugs 92, 92, complemental to the slots 93, 93 of the hub 62 for rotation of the hub 62 in a manner which will hereinafter appear.

A knob 94 is axially orificed at 95 to receive a push button 96 comprising a cup shaped member to seat within the same one end of a coiled spring 97. The opposite end of the coil 97 is housed over the head 90 of the spindle 86. The push button 96 carries riveted thereto an elongated normally laterally flexed spring finger 98, extending through the tubular shank 99 in the knob and entering into a slot 100, formed in

the neck 101 of the sleeve 87.

The shank 99 abuts a shoulder 102 on the sleeve 87, to hold the knob and sleeve 87 in the assembled limiting position. A set-screw 103 holds the sleeve and knob in assembled position. The free end of the finger 98 is maintained in an upward tilting position by the leaf spring 104, anchored in the slot 100 and bearing against the latching nose 105. A shoulder 106 on the shank of the nose 105 restrains the escape of the push button 95 by engagement of the said shoulder 106 with the rim of the shank 99. The push button 96 and its finger 98 are inwardly slidable, to direct the nose 105 into engagement with the camming end 44 of the dogging lever 34, entering through the orifice 82.

The latching nose 105 is provided with a cam-

ming edge 107 and a locking lip 108. The action in depressing the push button serves first to depress the latching nose 105 past the lug 83 of the casing, to become depressed in the slot 100, and thereafter to be held in the depressed latched 5 position by engagement of the lip 108 with the lug 83. This thereby latches the push button in the depressed position against the action of the spring 97 to retract the arm 98.

For assembly of the latch in position, I first 10 slip an inside escutcheon 109 over the shank 99 of the inside knob and then project the spindle 86 through the hub 62 and into keying engagement with the square orifice 64 of the hub 45, until the end of the spindle passes through the boring 110 on the outside face of the door. In this position, the end of the spindle !!! is directed into the shank 112 of the outside knob 113 and locked in position by the set screw 114, after seating the shank 112 in the outside escutcheon 115. This outside knob is of conventional design to receive the square spindle in keying engagement.

The operation of the dogging, lever within the

tubular latch will now be described.

Normally, the latch bolt 22 is spring projected and is independently depressible with its shank against the tension of the spring 26, as when the door is closed and the latch bolt strikes the strike plate and thereafter as it enters the 30 usual strike plate orifice (not shown) the latch bolt is again in the projected position.

In the normal position of the dogging member 34, shown in dotted line in Figure 2, the inside knob, upon engaging the rollback 62, may 35 retract the latch bolt 22 by engagement of the rollback 66 with the pins 53 on the front face of the link 50. Thus, clockwise or counter-clockwise rotation of the inside knob will withdraw the latch bolt. Operation of the outside knob 113 may likewise be obtained in this position of the dogging lever as the spindle 86 will rotate the rollback 45. Where it is desired to dog the outside knob 113 to prevent retraction of the latch bolt, the push button 96 is depressed. This 45 action directs the latching nose 105 through the orifice 82, where it engages the camming portion 44 and somewhat slidingly tilts the camming lever about the pivots 32. This action in the normally oriented position of the rollback 45 serves to direct the lug 41 into the slot 48.

The tongue 37, being positioned against rotation between the guides 30, thereby effectively dogs the rollback 45 against rotation. Detent means may be employed to maintain the dog-

ging lever in the tripped position.

In the embodiment illustrated in Figures 2 and 7. a detent 116 comprising a spring loaded ball housed in the guide 30 enters behind the rear face 117 of the tongue 37, as shown in Figure 2, 60 as illustrated in Figure 13, I may provide greater tion. It will be observed that the latching nose ics has been held in the depressed position by the engagement of the shoulder 108 with the extension 83. The inwardly projected position of 65 the nose 105 likewise maintains the tripping lever in the dogged position.

As an occupant rotates the inside knob 94, the action is as follows: The inside rollback 66 of the hub 62 being free to rotate on the 70 square spindle which it encircles rotatably will engage a pin 53 and start the link 49 moving slidingly in the housing, notwithstanding the dogged condition of the hub 45, by reason of the lug 41 entering the slot 48. The slight move- 75

ment of the link 49 draws with it the plate 56 and the latch-shank heel 25. This action serves to bring the heel extension 25a into engagement with the camming portions 39, thereby tripping the dogging lever 34 clockwise (in the position shown in Figure 2, to the position shown in dotted line), thereby retracting the lug 41 from engagement with the slot 48 of the rollback on the hub 45, and releasing the spindle 86 for out-

side knob operation.

Should the inside push button 36 be depressed to have tripped the dogging lever 34 into the dogging position shown in Figure 2, for emergency purposes the escutcheon 115 is provided with an aperture 84a, aligned opposite the aperture 84 of the casing, whereby some instrument or a key operated member may enter the casing to trip the dogging lever 34, from the position shown in full lines in Figure 2, to that shown in dotted lines in Figure 2. Likewise, should accidental operation of the push button 96 occur to move the same to the dogging position with the door ajar the slamming of the door will serve to inwardly retract the latch bolt 22, as it strikes the strike plate of the door, depressing it and directing the heel 25 into engagement with the camming portion 40 of the tongue 37. This action accordingly resets the dogging lever 34, whereby outside knob rotation may be effected.

While I have described in connection with the embodiment of Figures 1 to 10 a push button dogging element actuating a spring 97, I may operate the dogging trigger by a frictionally urged and positively returned camming nose without

spring action in either movement.

In Figure 11, a knob sleeve 87 is employed, as previously described. In this case, the push button 96a carries riveted thereto a finger piece 98a, guided in the groove 100a. No spring means are employed between the head 90 of the spindle 86 and the push button 96 $\alpha$ . The finger 98 $\alpha$  has a nose 105a, with a camming portion 107a arranged upon rotation to engage the camming edge of the dogging trigger 44, as in the prior embodiment. A shoulder 108a engages the lip 106aof the casing, to limit the inward projection of the nose 105a, to trip the dogging trigger by engagement with the portion 44.

Upon rotation of the knob 94a, the retractor link 49 will draw the plate 55 with it, to cam the dogging lever 34 back to its initial position shown in dotted line in Figure 11. This serves to press the nose 105a outwardly to reset the push button \$6a. It is understood that a rectilinear spring 194a warped outwardly engages the shank 99a of the knob, to frictionally hold the push button and its actuating assembly in either the dog-

ging position or re-set position.

tolerances in the operation of the dogging lever. This I accomplish by making the dogging lever 34a with the camming nose 39a simply by deflecting the nose thereof from the branch  $37\alpha$ . In this construction, the shank 24 is provided with a heel 25b, having angularly directed camming faces 25c. In this way, appropriate deflection of the dogging lever 34a may be secured. Lateral guidance, such as by providing the spaced fingers 39, 39 in the previous embodiment need not be here employed.

The dogging lever in this particular case extends rearwardly, to have its branch 42a extend adjacent the casing ends 79a, at which point it contacts a curved leaf detent spring 116a, riveted

on the capping plate 76a. The plate 76a has tongues 17a entering into complemental orifices in the front and rear casing, acting as abutments for the springs 74a. Seats 77b retain the springs 74a against lateral displacement.

The fold of the branch 42a at its extreme point is provided with an embossing, bead-like construction 117a, cooperating with the detent spring 116a to retain the dogging lever tripped in the

dogged or undogged position.

The casing in this particular case is closed by a cap 78a formed with bayonet slots 80a engaging the extruded bosses 31a. In this embodiment a separate pivot plate need not be employed but the sheet metal casing has embossed thereon the 15 protuberances 32a about which the dogging lever tilts or rocks.

Another embodiment of my invention is illustrated in Figure 14 wherein one half of the casing 13b is shown. Longitudinal guides 58, 58 are 20 pressed inwardly or embossed in the sheet metal of the casing and terminate in embossings 30b, 30b, acting as abutments for the disks 31b carrying the pivots 32b as in the prior embodiment. In all other respects, the casing segment 13b may 25 be formed as in the prior embodiments.

In accordance with this embodiment, a detent spring 116b of general L-shape has one branch attached to the sleeve sections 19b, serving to bear against a dogging trigger, as illustrated in 30 Figures 13 and 16, cooperating with the bead 117a thereof to restrain the lever 34a in either of the tripped positions, i. e. dogging or freeing the rollback hub 45a.

In all other respects, the function of the parts 35 is in accordance with the prior embodiments

illustrated in Figures 1 to 10.

In Figure 17 there is exemplified a form of latch bolt operation whereby the latch bolt is positively dogged, as well as to dog the outside knob and 40 the spindle controlled thereby. Here the latch bolt shank 24c is provided with a heel portion 25e of rectangular contour, exposing an abutting end

**25***d*. In this embodiment, the dogging lever 34b is 45 actuated as in the prior embodiments. However, the branch 37b terminates in a dogging finger 39b. This dogging finger is extended so that normally it lies outside of the path of movement of the shank heel 25e as well as the plate 56. When 50 the dogging lever 34b is tripped into dogging position, the dogging finger 39b lies in the path of the heel 25e to engage the abutting surface 25d. Under these circumstances, the possibility of "jimmying" or prying of the latch bolt carried 55 by the shank 24c to the retracted position is minimized, although the automatic re-setting feature heretofore described is not obtained in this form of construction.

latch which may be employed to latch communicating doors, such as bathroom doors, as well as for exterior entrance doors which may require key operation for the exterior knob.

It will be observed that I have described a latch bolt assembly which may be made economically and by simple assembly means, satisfying all the requirements of rigidity of construction and positiveness of operation for its 70 intended purpose, all combined with a push button control located in the knob and employing, in its preferred form, a one-piece spindle, assuring simplicity of installation and long life in operation.

Having thus described my invention and illustrated its use, what I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent is:

1. In a spring projected latch, a retractor, inside and outside hubs in aligned relationship, each independently operable upon said retractor, a single spindle for said hubs, the outside hub being keyed to said spindle, the inside hub having keying engagement with a knob journaled on said spindle.

2. In a spring projected latch, an inside and an outside hub operatively connected to retract the latch, a single spindle for said hubs, the outside hub being keyed to said spindle, the inside hub having keying engagement with a knob journaled on said spindle, means for dogging the outside hub and operating means for said dogging means on said knob journaled on said spindle.

3. In a spring projected latch, means for retracting said latch comprising aligned inside and outside hubs, each independently operable to retract said latch, a single spindle for said hubs, means for keying the outside hub to said spindle, means for journaling the inside knob on said spindle, means for operatively keying said inside knob to said inside hub and dogging means for said outside hub operable on said inside knob, said dogging means being movable to the released position upon movement of said in-

side hub. 4. In a spring projected latch, a casing, aligned inside and outside hubs journaled in said casing, a retractor operable by said hubs for said latch, a spindle keyed to said outside hub, a knob journaled on said spindle, having means keying the same to said inside hub, dogging means for said outside hub and means on said retractor for disengaging said dogging means upon actuation by said inside hub.

5. In a lock having a spring projected latch bolt, a tubular casing therefor, aligned inside and outside hubs independently operable to retract the latch bolt, spindle means for actuating said hubs, a dogging lever spanning said hubs pivoted in said casing, a tongue on said dogging lever for engaging the outside hub, means on said inside hub for engaging an inside knob for actuation, said knob carrying means for camming said dogging lever to dogging position.

6. In a lock having a spring projected latch bolt encased within a substantially tubular casing, aligned inside and outside hubs independently operable, journaled in said casing, each hub having camming means to retract the latch bolt, keying means on said outside hub to receive a spindle for outside knob actuation of said hub, means on said spindle cooperating with said inside hub for rotationally mounting said spindle The feature just described indicates the ver- 60 with respect to said inside hub, a dogging lever satility of my construction to obtain a tubular spanning said hubs and tiltable with respect to the same, a dogging tongue on said dogging lever for engaging said outside hub and camming means accessible to said inside knob and means carried thereby for tripping said dogging lever to the dogging position.

7. In a lock having a spring projected latch bolt encased within a substantially tubular casing, aligned inside and outside hubs independently operable, journaled in said casing, each hub having camming means to retract the latch bolt, keying means on said outside hub to receive a spindle for outside knob actuation of said hub, means on said spindle cooperating with said 75 inside hub for rotationally mounting said spindle with respect to said inside hub, a dogging lever spanning said hubs and tiltable with respect to the same, a dogging tongue on said dogging lever for engaging said outside hub and camming means accessible to said inside knob and a plunger element carried by said knob for tripping said dogging lever to the dogging position, said plunger being slidably mounted within said inside knob and a push button axially disposed on said knob for the same.

8. In a lock having a spring projected latch bolt encased within a substantially tubular casing, the combination comprising aligned inside and outside hubs journaled in the casing and independently operable, guides in the casing, a retractor slidably mounted and bearing on said guides, including spring means to urge the same to a normal position, a coupling between said retractor and said latch bolt whereby said latch bolt is depressible independently of said retractor, means on said outside hub to receive the spindle in keying relationship, a dogging lever spanning said hub and tiltable with respect to the same, having a dogging tongue, an inside knob having a shank journaled on said spindle 25 including keying means for said inside hub, push button means having an extension finger for tripping said dogging lever to the dogging position.

9. In a lock in accordance with claim 8 wherein said extension finger is provided with means to hold the same in the tripped position of said dogging lever.

10. In a lock in accordance with claim 8 wherein said push button is spring retracted and the extension finger connected therewith includes latching means to hold said push button in the depressed position.

11. In a lock in accordance with claim 8 wherein said extension finger is carried by an axially depressed spring retracted push button and said casing includes a latching lip to hold said finger in the depressed position whereby, upon rotation of said inside knob, the latching finger is released.

12. In a lock having a substantially tubular 45 casing the combination comprising a spring projected latch bolt protruding through one end thereof, the other end whereof includes a headed shank operatively connected to a retractor, slidable on said shank in one direction for independ- 50 ent depression of said latch bolt, inside and outside hubs journaled in the casing, including camming flanges connected to said retractor, a dogging lever spanning said hubs, tiltable transversely of the hubs, having adjacent one end a 55 branch including a dogging tongue for engaging the outside hub and having at the opposite end an extension arm carrying a camming face, a single spindle passing through said hubs, keyed to said outside hub and rotatable in respect of 60 said inside hub, a knob journaled on said spindle including means for keying the same with said inside hub, an operating member for said dogging lever on said knob including an extension portion for engaging said camming face of said 65 dogging lever, said portion including means to hold said operating member in the effective posi10

tion, and push button means on said knob for directing said member through said casing into the dogging lever operating position.

13. A lock in accordance with claim 12 wherein said dogging lever includes a camming lip lying in the path of the shank heel of the latch bolt in the dogged position of the lever whereby, upon independent depression of said latch bolt or actuation of the retractor, the dogging lever will be tripped to the undogged position of the outside hub.

14. In a lock in accordance with claim 12, wherein said branch of said dogging lever includes a dogging finger extended to lie in the path of the shank when the dogging lever is in the dogging position, whereby also to dog the latch bolt.

15. In a lock having a substantially tubular casing, the combination comprising a spring projected latch bolt protruding through one end thereof, a retractor, inside and outside hubs including camming means operatively connected to said retractor for independently actuating said retractor, a spindle for said outside hub extending through said inside hub, a dogging lever for said outside hub tiltable transversely of said hubs and spanning the same, said lever having an extension arm accessible through the casing for actuation, an actuating finger carried by an inside knob journaled on the spindle for said hubs, said inside knob being operatively connected to said inside hub whereby retraction of the latch bolt is effected to restore said dogging means to the normal position upon rotation of the inside knob to withdraw said latch bolt.

16. In a tubular lock having a spring projected latch bolt protruding through one opening of the casing and independently operable inside and outside retractor hubs including push button means on the inside knob for the inside hub, the combination therewith of a dogging lever spanning said hubs including extension arms, one of which dogs the outside hub and the other of which includes camming means for tilting the same to the dogging position.

17. In a lock in accordance with claim 16 wherein said dogging lever includes a camming edge lying in the path of the latch bolt whereby independent depression of said latch bolt will trip the dogging lever to the undogged position.

18. A lock in accordance with claim 16 wherein said dogging lever includes a camming edge lying in the path of the retractor, whereby independent withdrawal of the retractor by the inside knob will trip the dogging lever to the undogged position.

ANDREW ERKKILA.

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### Certificate of Correction

Patent No. 2,486,268

October 25, 1949

### ANDREW ERKKILA

It is hereby certified that errors appear in the above numbered patent requiring correction as follows:

In the heading to the drawings, Sheets 1 to 4 inclusive, line 2, for "TUBULAR KNOT LATCH" read TUBULAR KNOB LATCH;

and that the said Letters Patent should be read with these corrections therein that the same may conform to the record of the case in the Patent Office. Signed and sealed this 11th day of April, A. D. 1950.

THOMAS F. MURPHY, Assistant Commissioner of Patents.