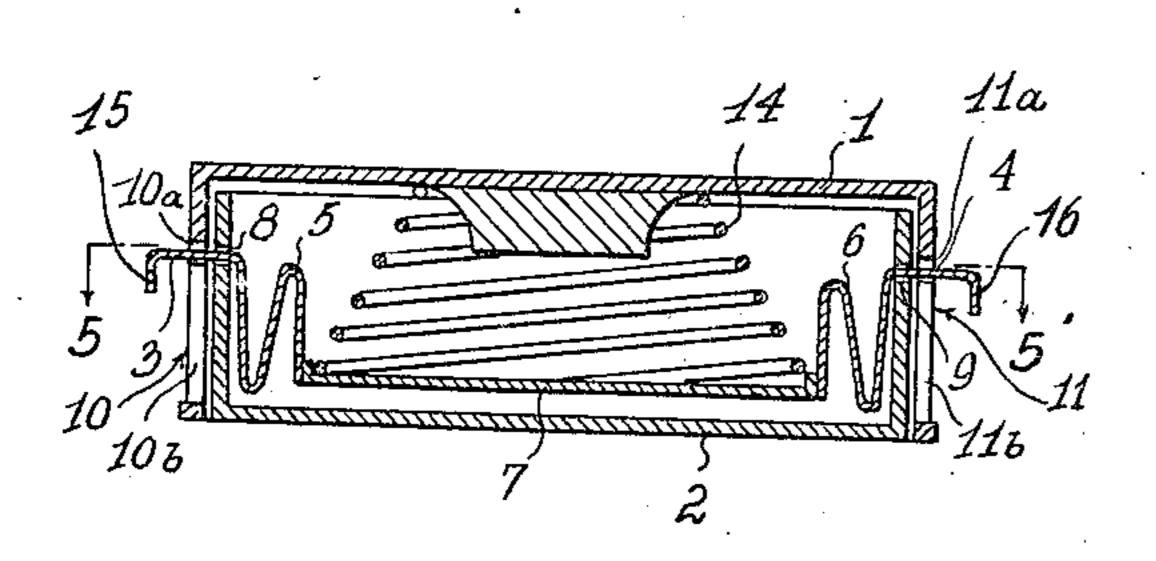
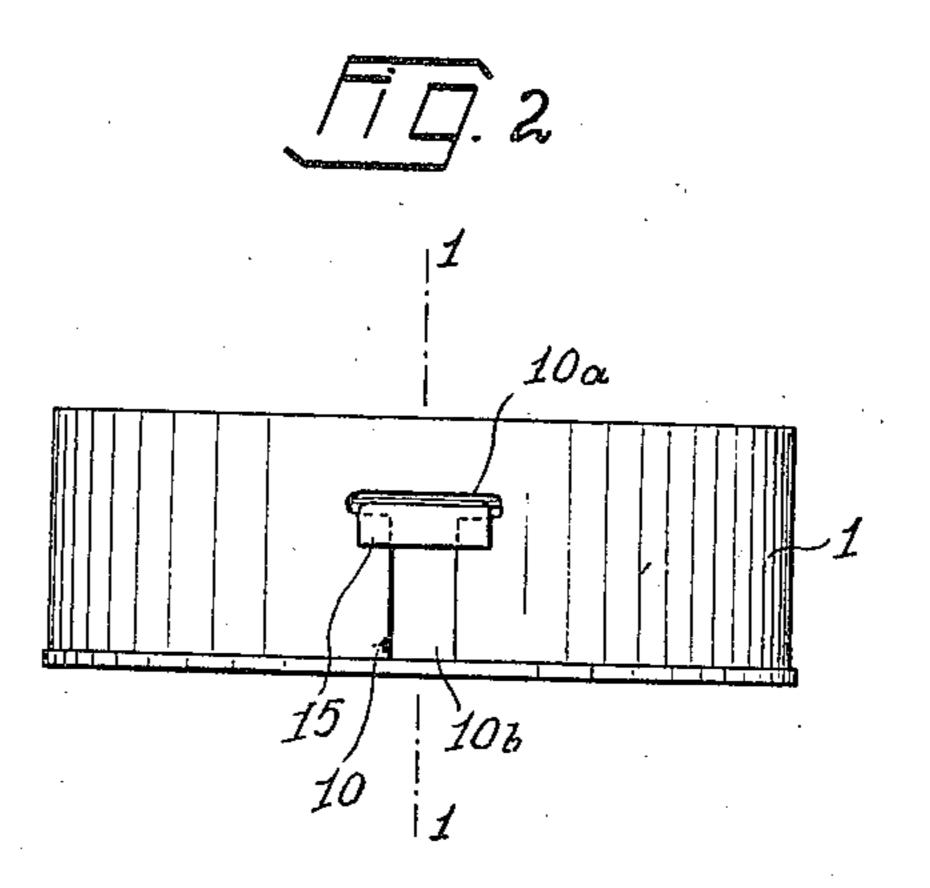
PLAYING PIECE

Filed April 2, 1946

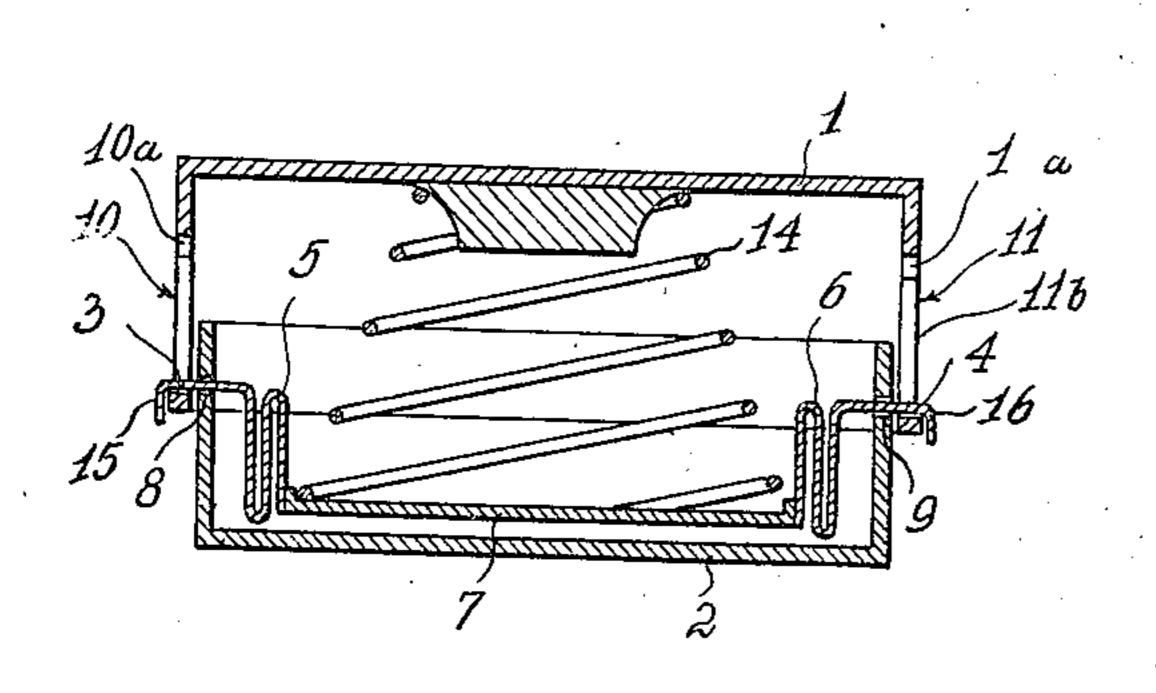
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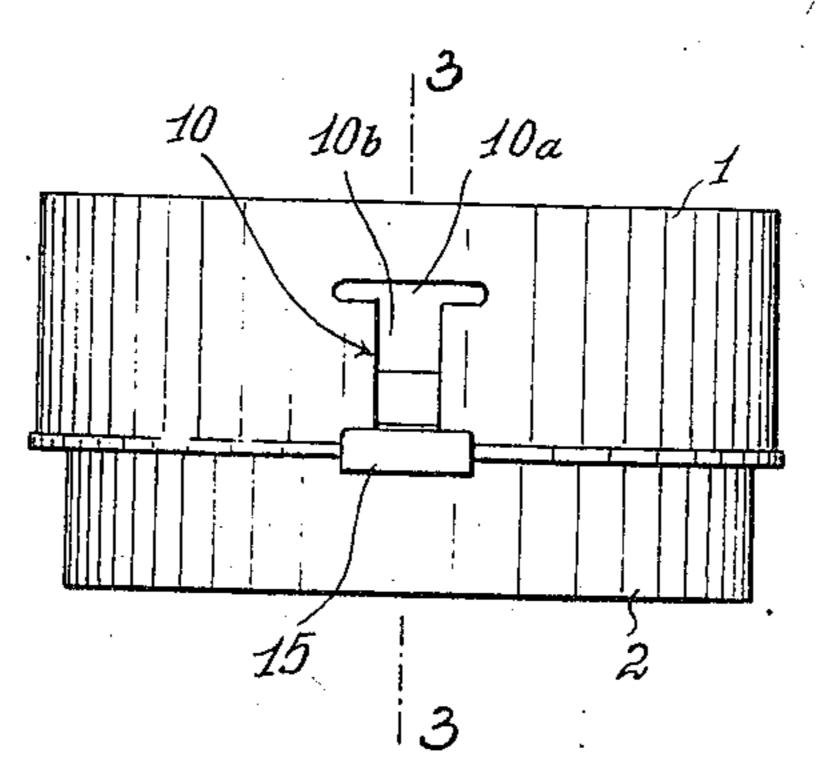


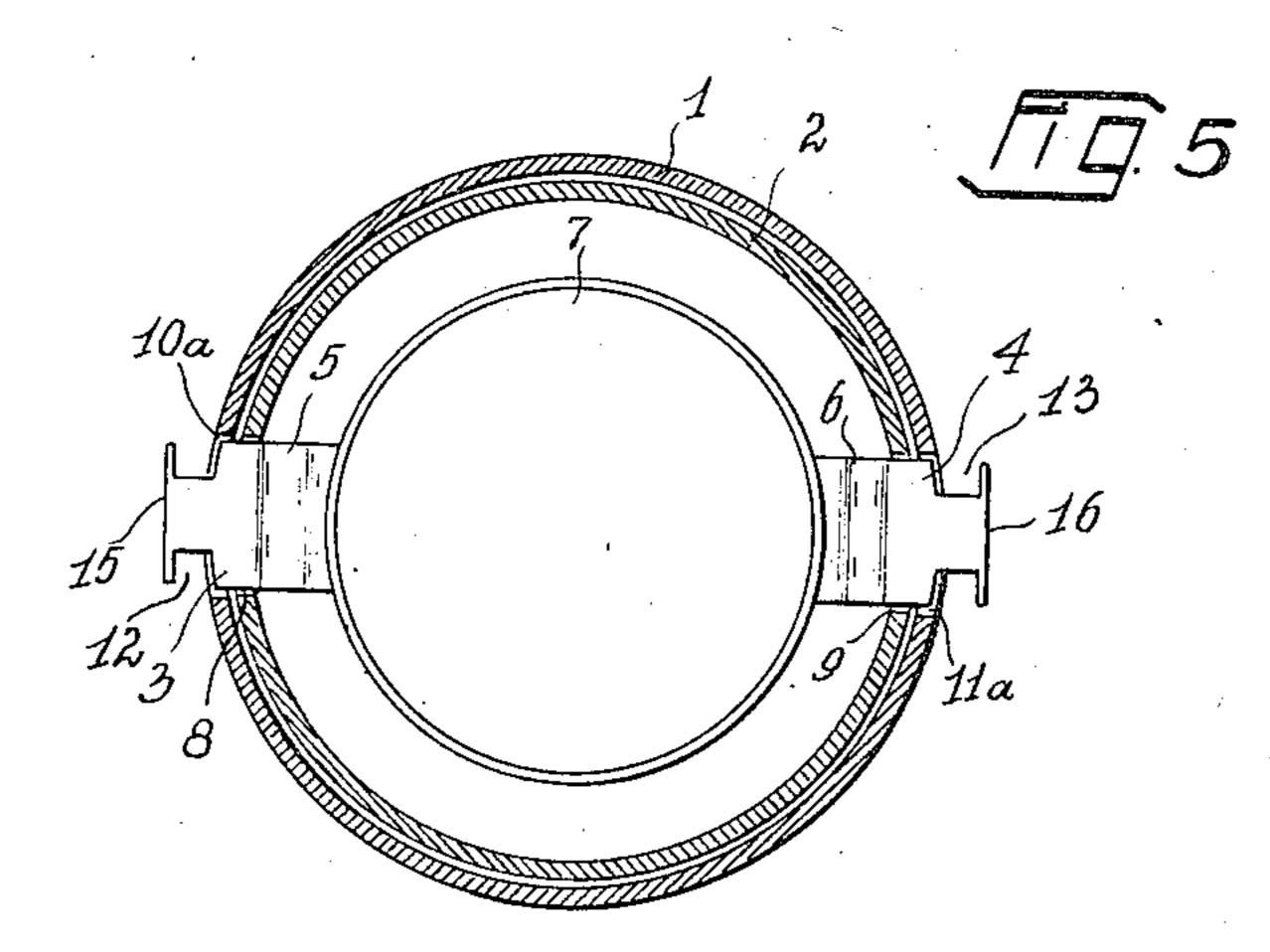


T. 3





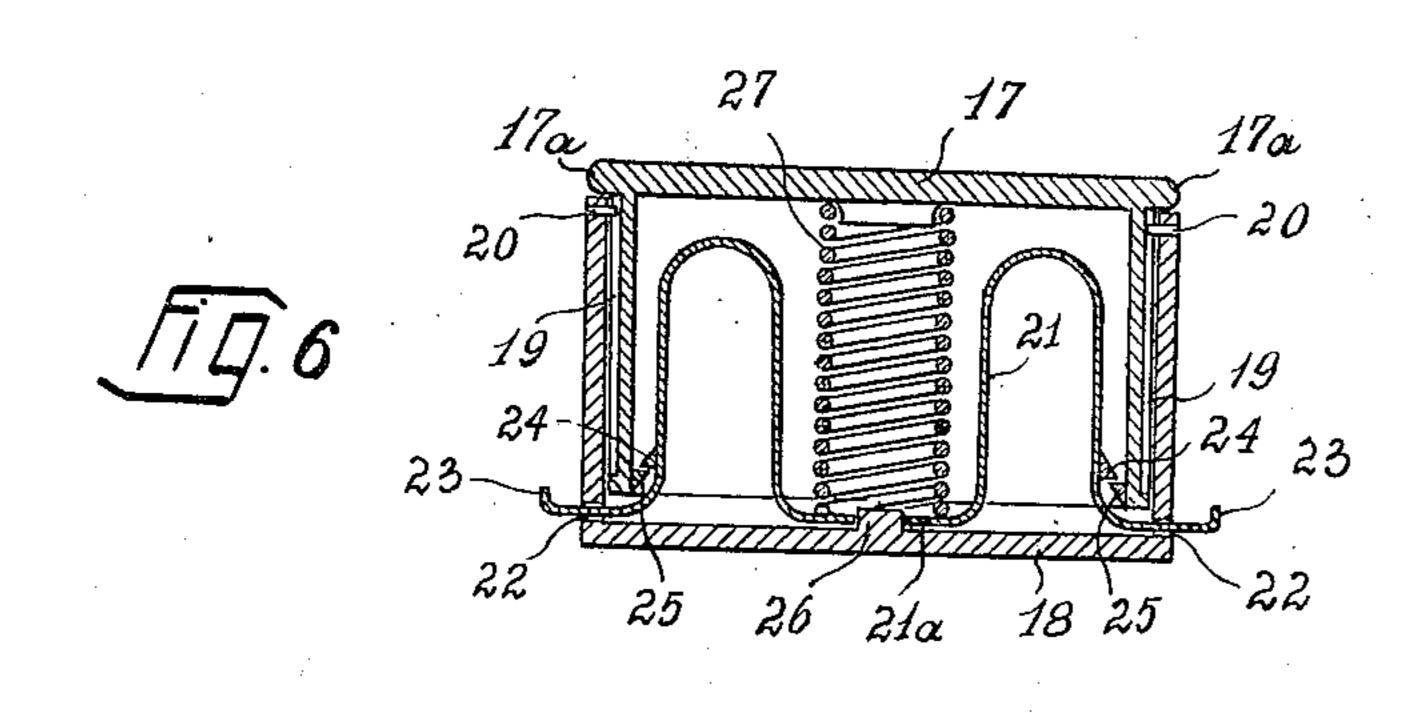


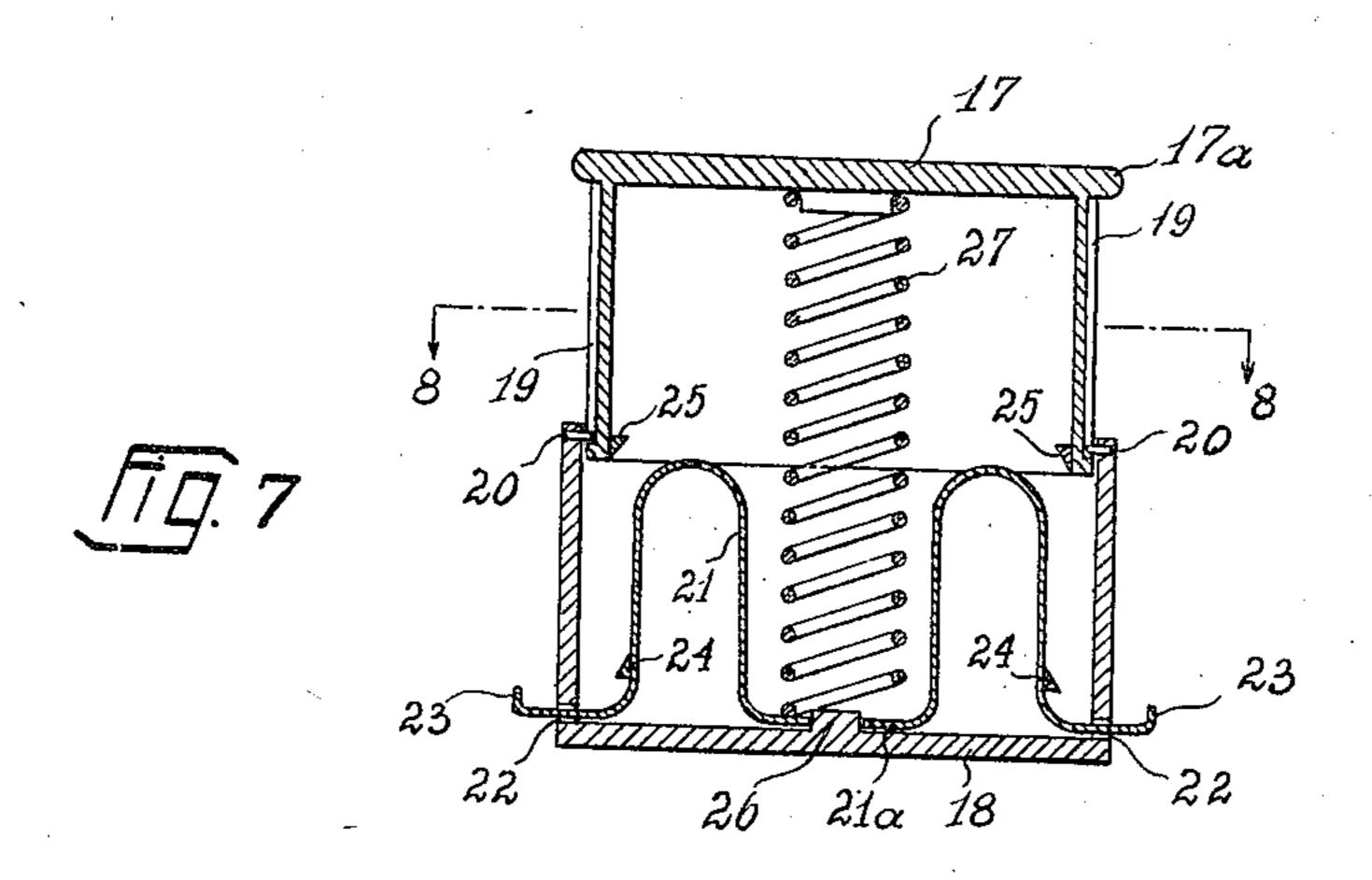


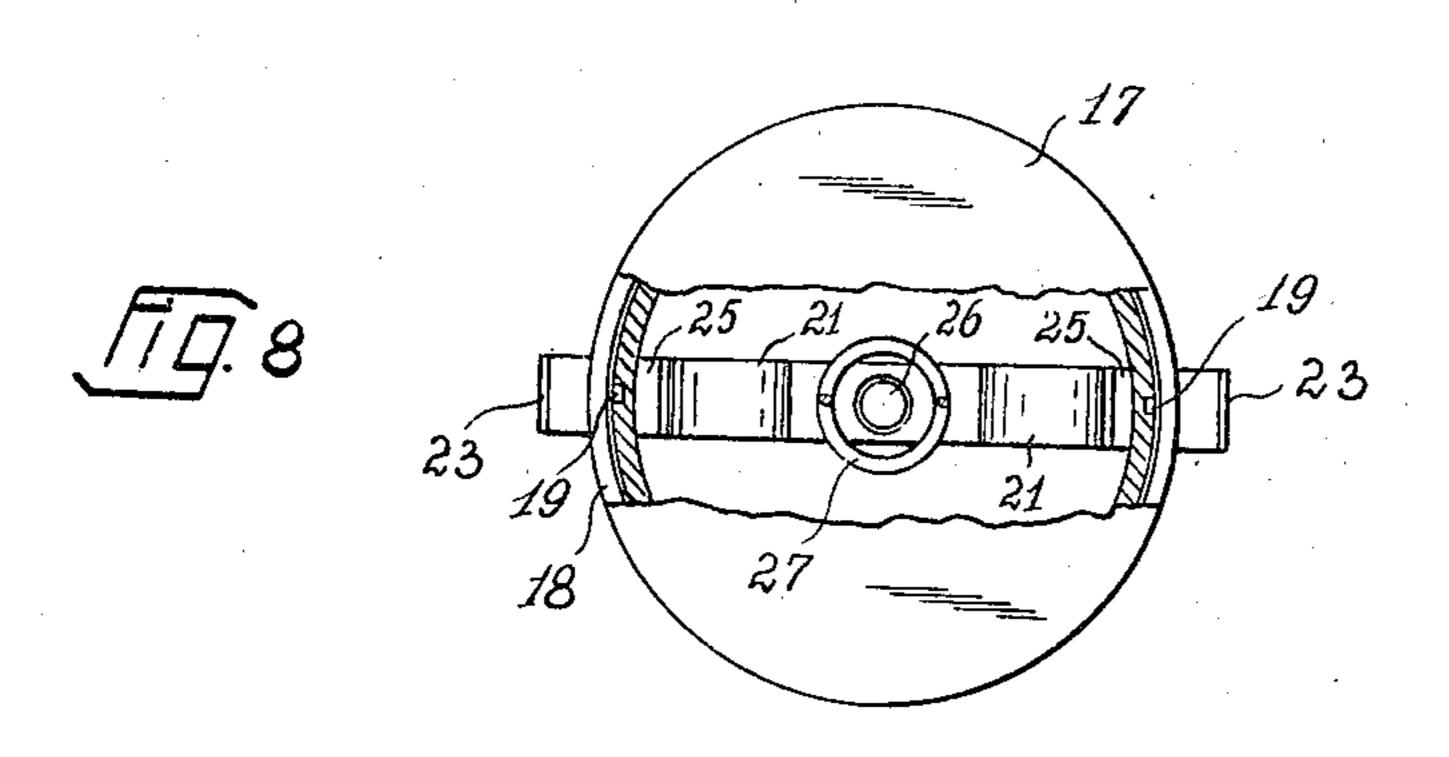
Paul Levy By Armand E. Mestery, ATTORNEY PLAYING PIECE

Filed April 2, 1946

2 Sheets-Sheet 2







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STATES PATENT OFFICE

2,444,517

Paul Levy, New York, N. Y.

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6 Claims. (Cl. 273—137).

This invention relates to a game element, such as checker men and the like, and particularly to a structure permitting the change of height of the game element during the game, thereby changing the value or the character of said game element.

An object of the invention is to change the height of the game element by varying the relative position of two parts constituting said element.

hold the parts constituting the game element in different relative positions.

It is a further object of the invention to provide an automatic locking device to be operated by two fingers of one hand of the player.

Other objects and advantages of my invention will be apparent from the detailed description to follow, taken with the accompanying drawing in which:

Figure 1 is an axial section taken on the line 20 of Fig. 2, showing an embodiment of the invention with the parts in the position corresponding to the normal height of the game element.

Fig. 2 is a side elevation of the game element shown in Fig. 1.

Fig. 3 shows an axial section of the same structure as Fig. 1, with the parts in position after the height of the game element has been increased.

Fig. 4 shows the game element in side elevation with the parts in the same position as in Fig. 3.

Fig. 5 is a section taken on line 5-5 in Fig. 1, the spiral spring between the two parts of the game element being omitted.

Fig. 6 is an axial section through another embodiment of the invention.

Fig. 7 is an axial section similar to Fig. 6, showing the position of the parts after the height of the game element has been increased.

Fig. 8 is a section taken on line 8—8 in Fig. 7. game element composed of two cup-shaped parts, 1 and 2, the part 2 fitting into the part 1. The bottoms of the cups ! and 2 are situated at opposite sides of the side walls so that the bottom of each cup is at the same time a cover of the other cup. The two parts are therefore telescopically displaceable toward each other and the height of the disc formed by said parts may be varied by such a displacement. In the hollow space enclosed by the cups! and 2 is arranged the mechanism for holding and locking the said parts in the desired relative position. Said mechanism comprises two locking bolts or plates, 3 and 4, attached to two springs 5 and 6, carried by a bridge or disc, 7. The plates 3 and 4 pass 55

through slots 8 and 9 in the wall of the inner cup 2 and through T-shaped slots 10 and 11 in the wall of the outer cup 1. The width of the larger parts 10a and 11a of the slots 10 and 11 corresponds to the width of the plates 3 and 4, whereas the width of the smaller parts 10b and b of said slots corresponds to the distance between the bottom of two notches 12 and 13 respectively provided in each of the plates 3 and 4. It is another object of the invention to lock or 10. The height of the slots 10 and 11 corresponds to the maximum increase of the height of the game element. The width of the notches 12 and 13 corresponds to the difference in size between the outer diameter of the outer cup I and the inner diameter of the inner cup 2.

Between the bridge or disc 7 and the bottom of the cup I a spring 14 is arranged, said spring pressing the cups I and 2 outwardly in opposite directions.

The outer ends of the locking bolts or plates 3 and 4 are shaped so as to form handles 15 and 16 adapted to actuate the locking mechanism by exercising a pressure on said handles by two fingers of one hand of the player.

With the parts in the position in Figs. 1, 2, the plates 3 and 4 passing through the slots 8 and 9 of the inner cup 2 and the larger parts 10aand 11a of the slots 10 and 11 of the outer cup prevent any relative movement of the cups 30 and 2. If, however, a pressure is exerted on the handles 15 and 16 the plates 3 and 4 are moved inwardly from the position shown in Fig. 1 to the position shown in Fig. 3, compressing the springs 5 and 6. In this position the notches 12 35 and 13 are situated in front of the borders of the slots 8, 9, 10 and 11, thereby allowing the plates 3 and 4 to enter the smaller parts 10b and 11b of the slots 10 and 11 under the pressure of spring 14. The plates 3 and 4 sliding down until they The drawing illustrates the construction of a 40 reach the lower borders of slots 10 and 11 carry the cup 2 down to the position shown in Figs. 1 and 2, whereby the increase of the height of the game element corresponding to the length of the slot 10 is obtained.

In order to reduce the height of the game element, it is necessary only to exert a pressure on the bottom of cups I and 2 by two fingers of one hand, or to exert a pressure on the top of the upper cup when the game element is resting on a checker board or the like, whereby the cup 2 assumes the position shown in Figs. 1 and 2, at the same time compressing the spring 14. When the position shown in Figs. 1 and 2 is reached the plates 3 and 4 are at the same level as the larger parts 10a and 11a of the slots 10 and 11 in the

cup I and are therefore allowed to slide outwardly under the pressure of springs 5 and 6, thereby locking the parts in the position shown in Figs. 1 and 2.

In the embodiment of the invention illustrated in Figs. 6 to 8 the upper cup 17 is deplaceable within the lower cup 18 and is provided with grooves 19 which are parallel to the geometrical axis of the cups. Pins 20 inserted in radial holes in the wall of the lower cup 18 are projecting into said grooves 19 in order to form a guide for the relative movement of the cups. The bottom of the cup 17 projects over the side wall of said cup, the diameter of the projection 17a corresponding about to the outer diameter of the side wall of 15 the cup 18.

The lower cup 18 is adapted to receive a flat spring 21 whose ends penetrate through radial slots 22 in the side wall of said cup 13, and provided at the outside of the cup with handles 23. 20 The spring 21 is bent so as to form two upwardly extending arcs which carry at their outside wedgelike members 24, which cooperate with similar member 25 provided at the inside of the side wall of the upper cup 17 at the lower border of of said cup 17. In order to prevent undesirable movements of the spring 21 a boss 26 is provided at the bottom of the lower cup 18, which penetrates through a hole in the central part 21a of spring 21. The spring 27, which acts against the 30 bottoms of the cups 17, 13 is arranged between the arcs of the spring 21.

In the position shown in Fig. 6, the cup 17 assumes its lowermost position within the cup 18, the spring 27 being compressed, and the wedges 25 prevent any increase of the distance between the bottoms of cups 17 and 18. In order to bring the parts to the position shown in Fig. 7 the spring 21 is compressed by moving the handles 23 toward each other, which movement may be effected by the thumb and another finger of one hand. The wedges 24 and 25 are thereby brought out of contact, allowing the cup 17 to move out of the cup 18 under the influence of the expanding spring 27 until the 45 pins 20 again reach the lower ends of the grooves 19.

In order to reduce again the height of the game element a pressure is exerted on the bottoms of the cups 17 and 18 in opposite directions or on 50 the bottom of the cup 17 when the cup 18 is resting on a checker board or table, whereby the cup 17 is moved into the cup 18 until the wedges 24 and 25 are in contact. The inclined faces of wedges 24 are then sliding along the inclined faces of wedges 25, compressing the arcs of the spring 21 by wedge action until the edges of wedges 24 pass the edges of wedges 25, whereupon the spring 21 expands, thereby causing the wedges 25 to overlap the wedges 24 and to lock the cups 60 in the position shown in Fig. 6.

The embodiment of the invention shown in Figs. 6 to 8 has the advantage over the structure shown in Figs. 1 to 5 that only the outer cup has to be provided with slots in the wall, and that these slots may correspond to the cross section of the spring whose ends penetrate the side walls of said cup. A better closure of the hollow game element is thereby obtained.

Although I have described and shown a checker man provided with a construction permitting a change of height according to my invention, I wish to state that my invention is not confined to the structure of a checker man or to the structures described in the foregoing specification and shown in the annexed drawings. It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that the structures shown and described may undergo various changes or modifications without departing from the principles of my invention. For instance, the cups may be screwed together and may be held in the desired position without using a spring. I reserve the right to all such changes and modifications that come within the scope of my appended claims.

I claim:

1. A game element comprising two parts adapted to be moved towards each other or in opposite directions, a spring interposed between said parts and a locking device for holding said parts in depressed position when moved toward each other, the actuating means of said locking device passing through slots in the walls of said pieces.

2. A game element comprising two cup-shaped parts telescopically displaceable and spaced apart by a spring, and spring actuated locking bolts passing through slots in the side walls of said parts.

3. A game element as defined in claim 2, the springs actuating the locking bolts being attached to a bridge provided in the hollow space between the cups.

4. A game element comprising two cup shaped parts telescopically displaceable and spaced apart by a spring, and a spring actuated locking device arranged between said parts to be operated by handles passing through slots provided in the walls of said cup shaped parts.

5. A game element comprising two cup shaped parts telescopically displaceable and spaced apart by a spring, and a spring actuated catch arranged between said parts, the ends of the spring actuating said catch passing through slots in the wall of one of said cup shaped parts.

6. In a game element as defined in claim 2, T-shaped slots provided in the side walls of one of the cups; two notches provided in each of the spring actuated locking bolts passing through the slots in the side walls of the two cup-shaped parts; the shape and the width of the larger parts of said T-shaped slots corresponding to the shape and width of the locking bolts, whereas the smaller part of said T-shaped slots corresponds to the distance of the bottom of the two notches provided in the locking bolts.

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