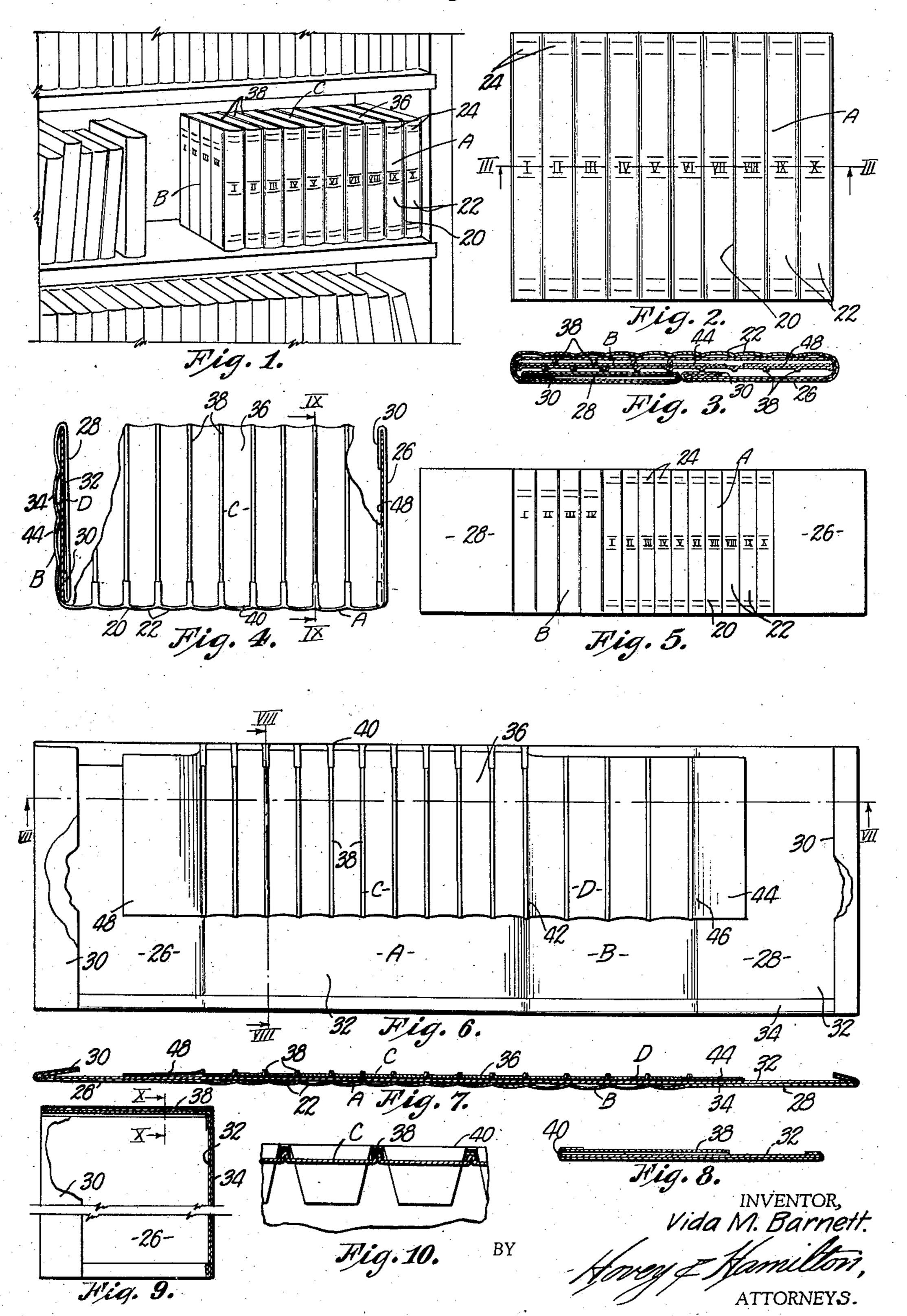
BOOKCASE FILLER

Filed Aug. 28, 1937



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

2,148,676

## **BOOKCASE FILLER**

Vida M. Barnett, Kansas City, Mo., assignor of one-half to Charlotte E. Holmes, Kansas City, Mo.

Application August 28, 1937, Serial No. 161,479

5 Claims. (Cl. 211—43)

This invention relates to improvements in a book shelf filler, and particularly to a book shelf filler that is adjustable lengthwise. Many of the homes today are provided with built-in book shelves, and oftimes the tenant does not have a sufficient number of books to properly fill the shelves and it is desirable to use an inexpensive filler that will lend to the appearance of the the library.

The principal object of the present invention is the provision of a book shelf filler that is adapted to be collapsed for shipping and extensible to be self-supporting to present the appearance of a series of books when positioned on 15 the book shelf.

Another object is the provision of a book shelf filler that is adjustable as to length by rearranging the parts.

20 construction, ease of manipulation and adjustability to fill spaces of different lengths.

In order to clearly disclose the invention, reference will now be had to the drawing, wherein:

Figure 1 is a perspective view showing book 25 shelves with a book shelf filler positioned thereon, embodying this invention.

Fig. 2 is an enlarged, front view of the filler, collapsed.

Fig. 3 is a horizontal section, taken on line 30 III—III of Fig. 2.

Fig. 4 is a plan view of the filler in the operative position, with parts broken away for clearness.

Fig. 5 is a front view of the filler, with the 35 parts extended.

Fig. 6 is a rear elevation of the filler, with the parts extended.

Fig. 7 is a sectional view, taken on line VII—VII of Fig. 6.

40 Fig. 8 is a sectional view, taken on line VIII—VIII of Fig. 6.

IX—IX of Fig. 4, and,

Fig. 10 is an enlarged, fragmentary view, taken 45 on line X—X of Fig. 9.

Throughout the several views, like reference characters refer to similar parts, and the numeral 20 designates a front member designed to represent the title edges 22 of a series of books. 50 This front member may be of any desired length or height to represent books suitable for shelves of any particular height. The title 24 of each book may be printed or otherwise indicated thereon.

Front member 20 is preferably composed of

two rectangular panels A and B, each representing a series of book edges, and vertically scored or otherwise constructed to permit of relative hinging movement. At each end of the front member 20 is an end member 26 and 28, which 5 are respectively hingedly secured to panels A and B and are of a width corresponding to the width of the book to be represented. These end members are each provided with an inturned flange 30 which normally retains a position sub- 10 stantially parallel with the end members. The end member 28 and panel B are of substantially the same width so that the panel B will serve as the end of the filler when it is desired to make the filler the width of the section A only, as 18 shown in Figs. 1 and 4.

The front member and ends are preferably made of sheet material that is sufficiently rigid Other objects are simplicity and economy of to maintain its shape and position when in use on the book shelves. The body 32 of these mem- 20 bers may be made of laminated paper, covered with a cloth 34; however, it is very apparent that a single piece of scored material might be used or many other similar sheet materials, such as Bakelite, metal, etc., might be substituted 25 therefor.

For the purpose of improving the appearance of the filler and to provide means for securing the ends in proper spaced apart relation, a top member 36, comprising sections C and D, which 30 respectively correspond in length with panels A and B of the front member is adapted to register therewith so that the upstanding ribs 38 thereon will correspond with the division lines between adjacent books. Section C is hinged- 35 ly secured at 40 to the upper edge of panel A to permit it to be moved to and from a perpendicular position thereto. Section D is hingedly attached at 42 to section C, and is free to move relative to panel B. A tongue 44 is secured to the free end 40 of section D by means of the hinge connection Fig. 9 is a foreshortened view, taken on line 46. The opposite end of member 36 is provided with a hingedly mounted tongue 48. The width of the top sections and their associated parts is substantially the width of end sections 26 and 45 28.

Referring to Fig. 3, it will be noted that the filler is adapted to be folded into a compact mass for shipping and storing.

When it is desired to use only the front panel 50 A for filling a vacant place in a book shelf, the parts are positioned as shown in Fig. 1, with tongue 44 between panel B and end member 28, while the tongue 48 is located between end member 26 and flange 30. When so positioned, the 55

front, sides and top will be closed to represent a series of books, while the bottom and back will be open. With this construction, the filler may be positioned on the shelf over other articles, such as worn books, etc.

When it is desired to extend the filler to include both panels A and B as a continuous filler, the top section D is raised and the tongue 44 is inserted between end member 28 and flange 30. 10 Top sections C and D are so ribbed and constructed as to maintain a position substantially perpendicular to the major plane of the front panels.

The invention as described is easily formed and 15 collapsed, presents a very good imitation of the actual books, and is open at the rear and bottom to permit positioning over other articles.

What I claim is:

1. A book shelf filler comprising a rectangular 20 front member hinged vertically intermediate its ends to form two panels; end members hingedly carried at opposite ends respectively of said front member, each of said end members having an inturned flange along its outer free edge; a top 25 member hingedly carried by said front member and having a downturned hinged tongue at each of its opposite ends to engage between its adjacent end member and associated flange to secure the filler in the extended operative position.

2. A book shelf filler comprising a rectangular front member hinged vertically intermediate its ends to form two panels; end members hingedly carried at opposite ends respectively of said front member, each of said end members having an in-35 turned flange along its outer free edge; a top member of like length as said front member and similarly hinged to form two sections corresponding in length to said front panels, the longitudinal edge of one of said top sections being an hingedly connected with the edge of the corresponding front panel; a downturned tongue at each end of said top member adapted to be inserted between the adjacent end member and flange whereby the filler is secured in the ex-45 tended operative position.

3. A book shelf filler comprising a rectangular front member hinged vertically intermediate its ends to form two panels; end members hingedly carried at opposite ends respectively of said front 50 member, each of said end members having an inturned flange along its outer free edge; a top member of like length as said front member and similarly hinged to form two sections corresponding in length to said front panels, the longitudinal edge of one of said top sections being hingedly connected with the edge of the corresponding front panel, the other of said top sections being free to move relative to its adjacent front panel, whereby it is positioned at right angles to said hinged top section and between the 10 adjacent folded front panel and end member; and a tongue at the other end of said hinged top section adapted to be inserted behind the flange on the adjacent end member.

4. A book shelf filler comprising a rectangular 15 front member hinged transversely intermediate its ends to form two relatively movable panels; an end member hingedly carried at each end respectively of said front member, each of said end members having an inturned flange along its 20 outer free edge; a vertically ridged top member having two hingedly connected sections corresponding in length to said front panels, the longitudinal edge of one of said top sections being hingedly connected to the edge of the corre- 25 sponding front panel and a relatively movable tongue at each end of said top member, adapted to co-operate with said end members and their associated flanges to secure the filler in the extended operative position.

5. A book shelf filler comprising a rectangular front member hinged transversely intermediate its ends to form two relatively movable panels; an end member hingedly carried at each end respectively of said front member, each of said 35 end members having an inturned flange along its outer free edge; a vertically ridged top member having two hingedly connected sections corresponding in length to said front panels, the longitudinal edge of one of said top sections being 40 hingedly connected to the edge of the corresponding front panel and a relatively movable tongue at each end of said top member, adapted to co-operate with said end members and their associated flanges to secure the filler in the ex- 45 tended operative position; and all the front, end and top elements of said filler being adapted to be moved to substantially parallel relation whereby the filler is collapsed.

VIDA M. BARNETT. 50

30