



US 20230227947A1

(19) **United States**

(12) **Patent Application Publication**  
**Jou et al.**

(10) **Pub. No.: US 2023/0227947 A1**

(43) **Pub. Date: Jul. 20, 2023**

(54) **ALUMINUM ALLOYS WITH HIGH STRENGTH AND COSMETIC APPEAL**

(71) Applicant: **Apple Inc.**, Cupertino, CA (US)

(72) Inventors: **Herng-Jeng Jou**, San Jose, CA (US); **Isabel Yang**, San Jose, CA (US); **Sonja R. Postak**, Newark, CA (US); **Tyler J. Harrington**, Cupertino, CA (US); **James A. Curran**, Sunnyvale, CA (US); **Todd S. Mintz**, San Jose, CA (US); **Abhijeet Misra**, Mountain View, CA (US)

(21) Appl. No.: **18/082,980**

(22) Filed: **Dec. 16, 2022**

**Related U.S. Application Data**

(60) Provisional application No. 63/290,956, filed on Dec. 17, 2021, provisional application No. 63/343,443, filed on May 18, 2022.

**Publication Classification**

(51) **Int. Cl.**  
**C22C 21/10** (2006.01)  
**C22C 1/02** (2006.01)  
**C22F 1/053** (2006.01)  
(52) **U.S. Cl.**  
CPC ..... **C22C 21/10** (2013.01); **C22C 1/02** (2013.01); **C22F 1/053** (2013.01)

(57) **ABSTRACT**

The disclosure provides aluminum alloys having varying ranges of alloying elements and properties.

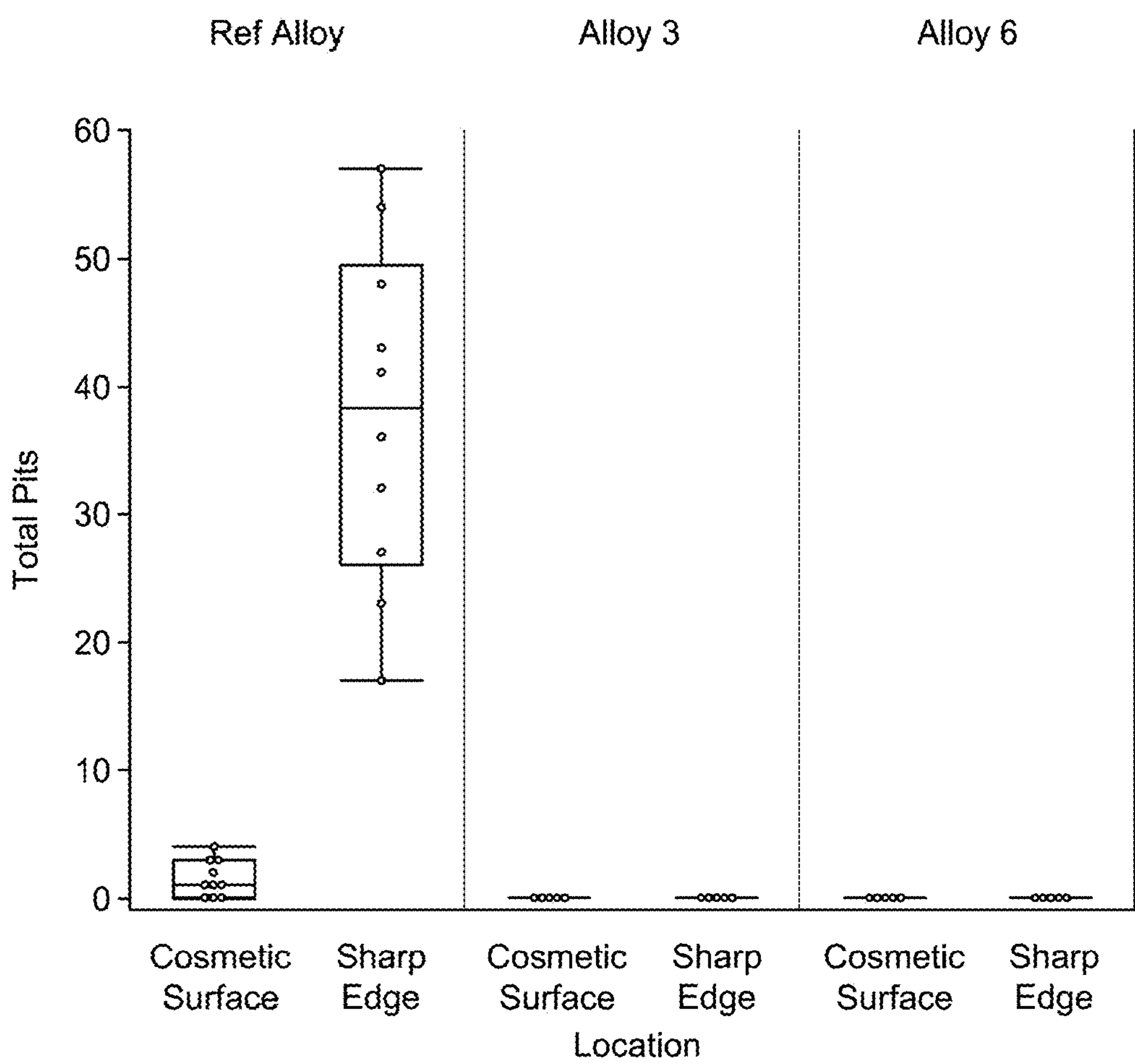
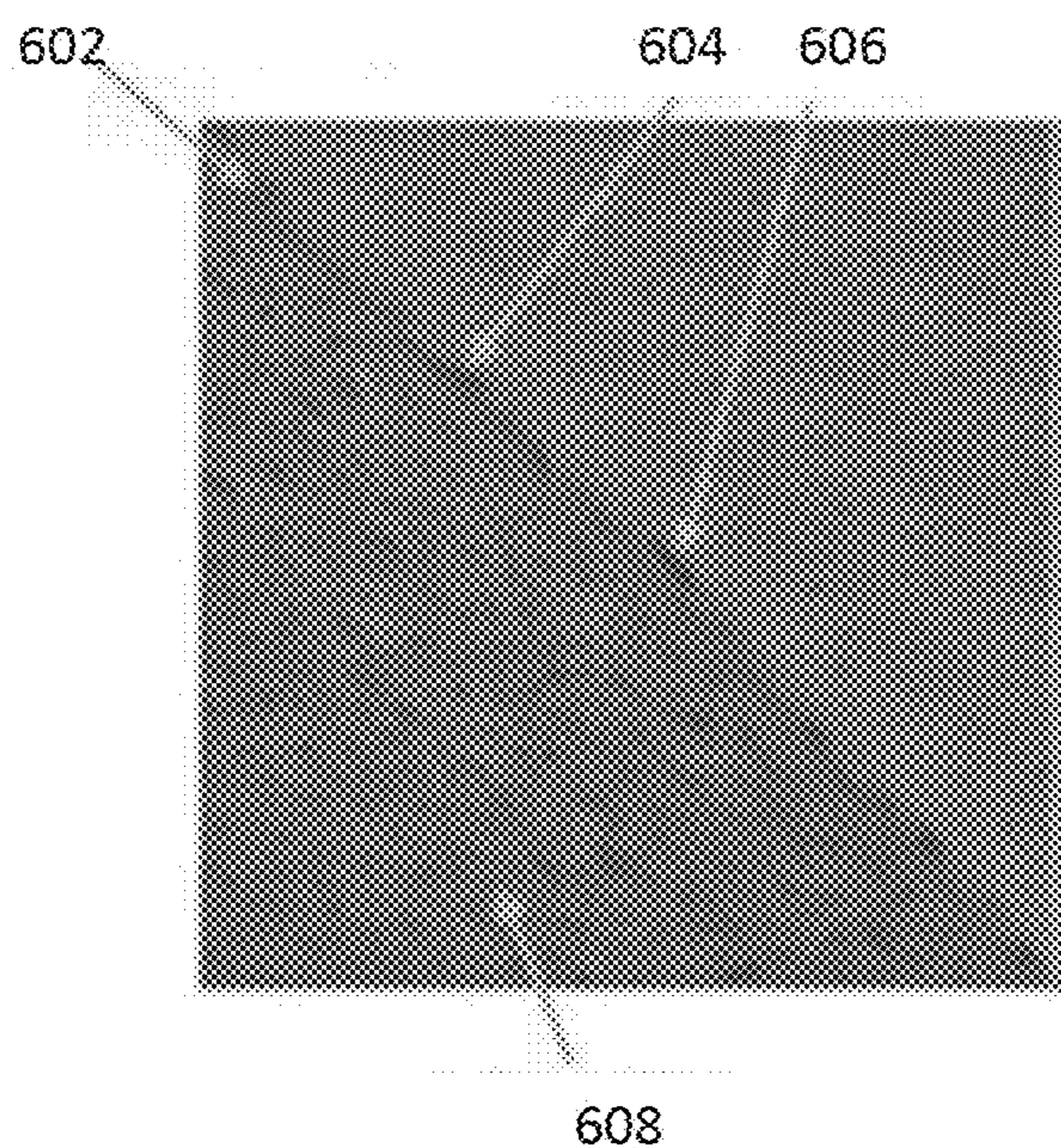


Figure 1



*Figure 2A*

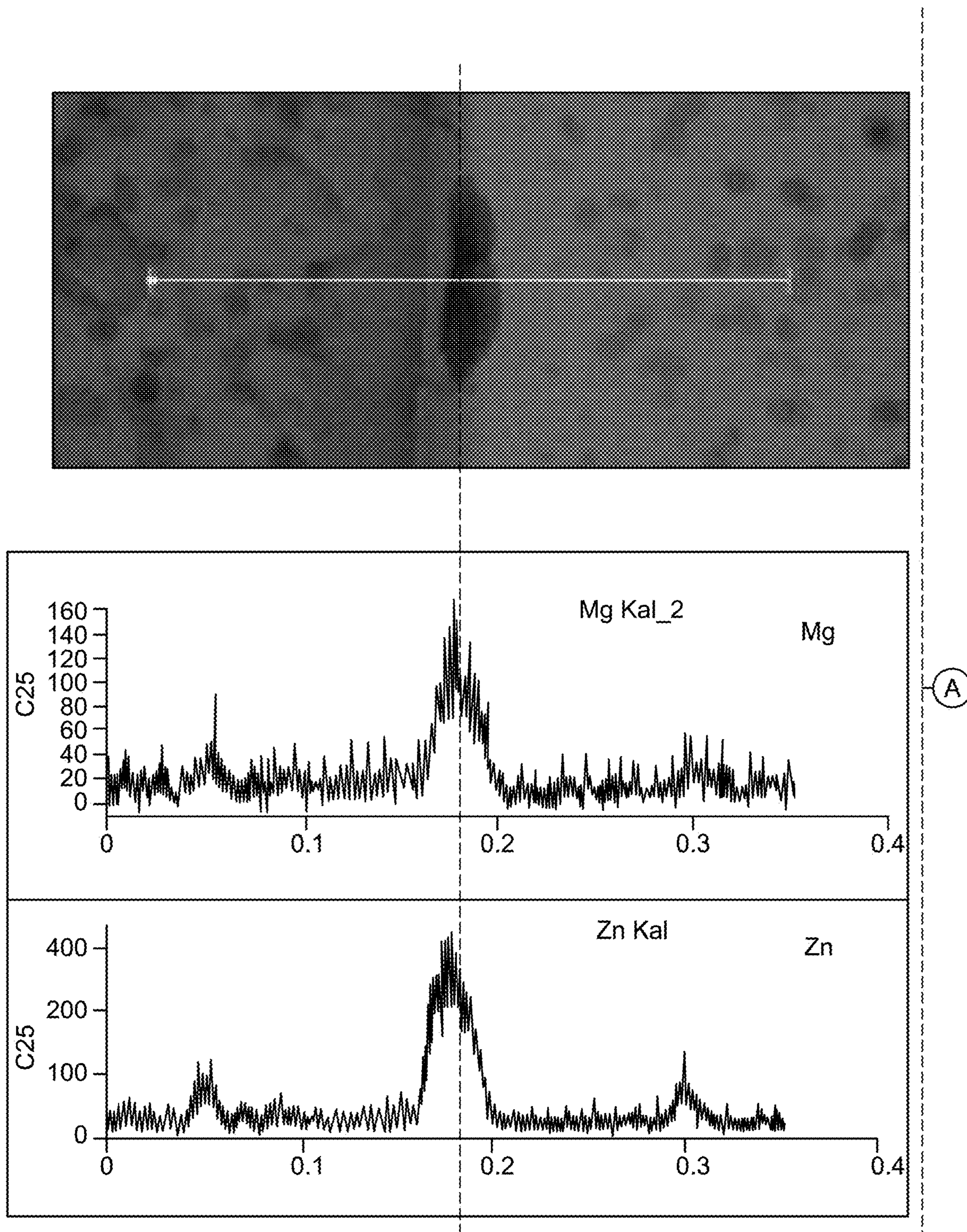


Figure 2B

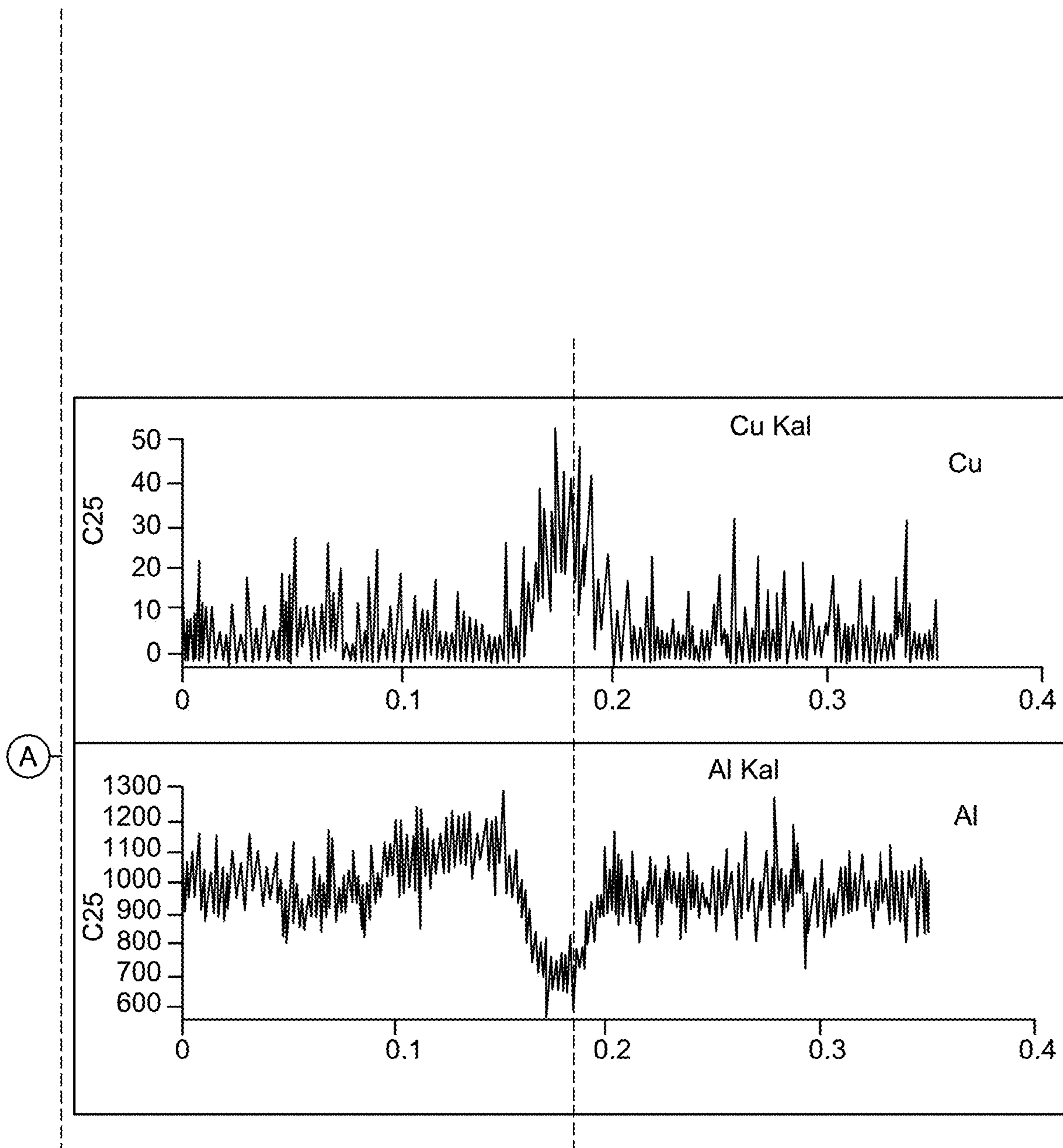


Figure 2B Continued

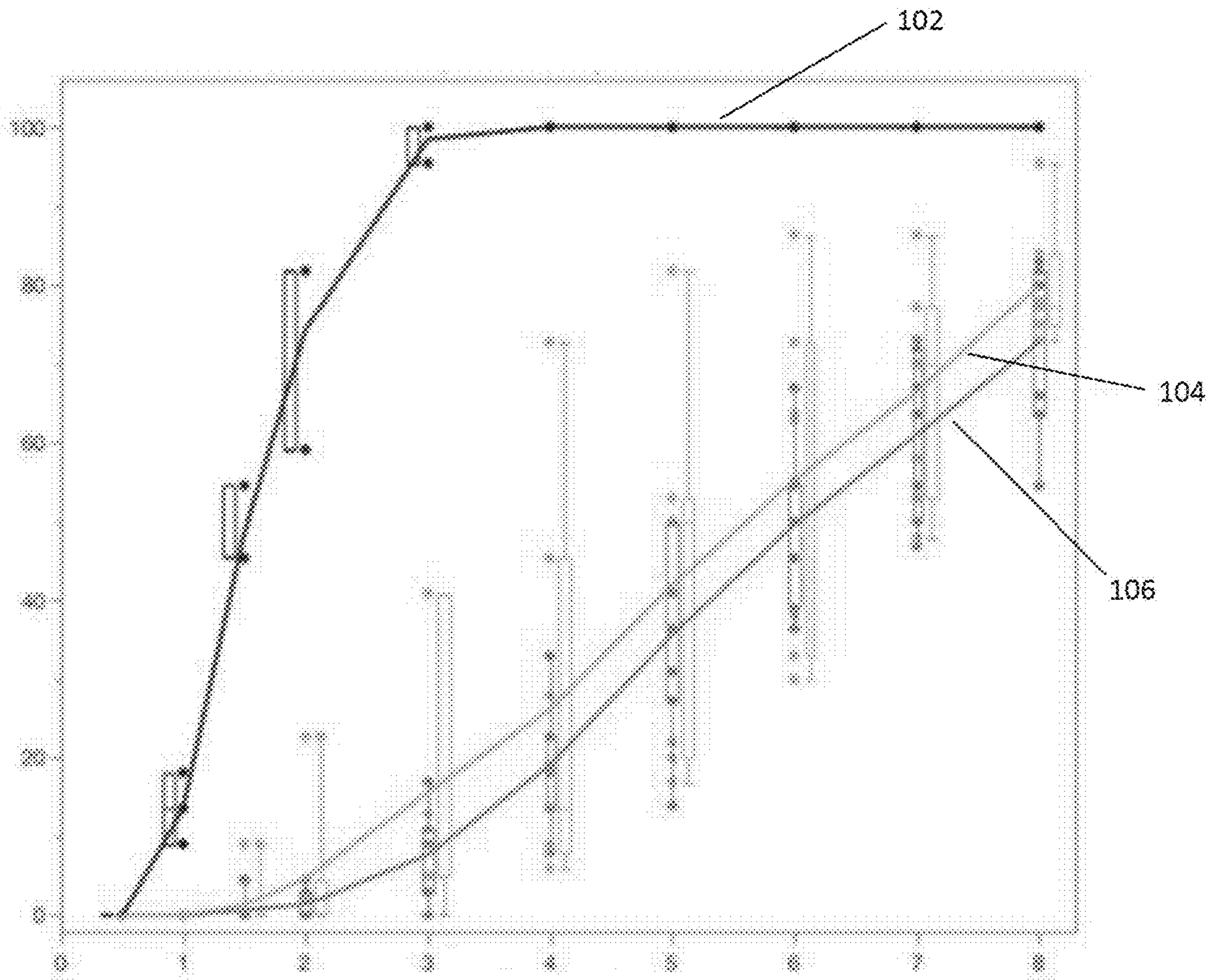


Figure 3

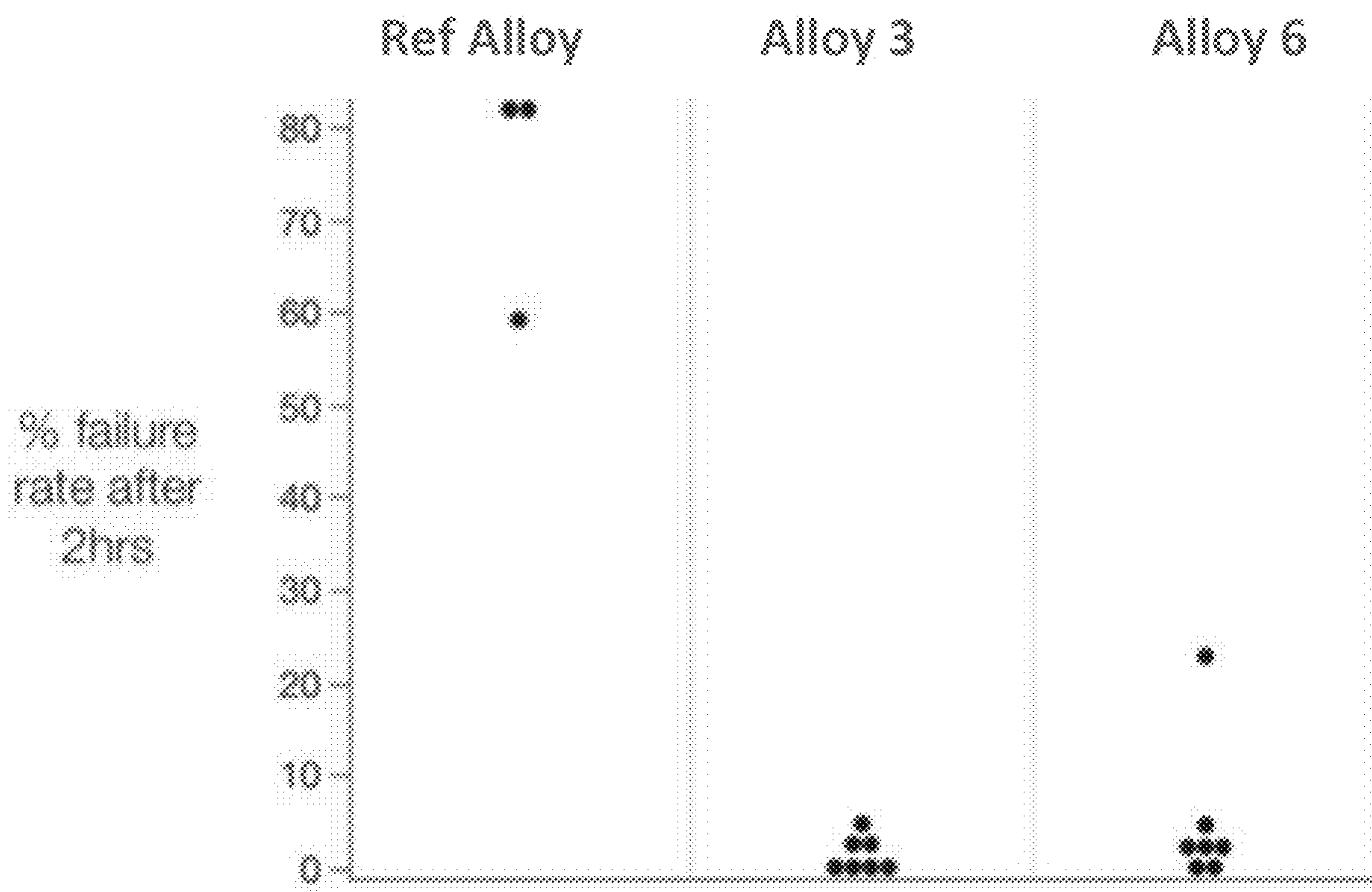


Figure 4

Charpy Impact Test at Room Temperature in 4 Orientations

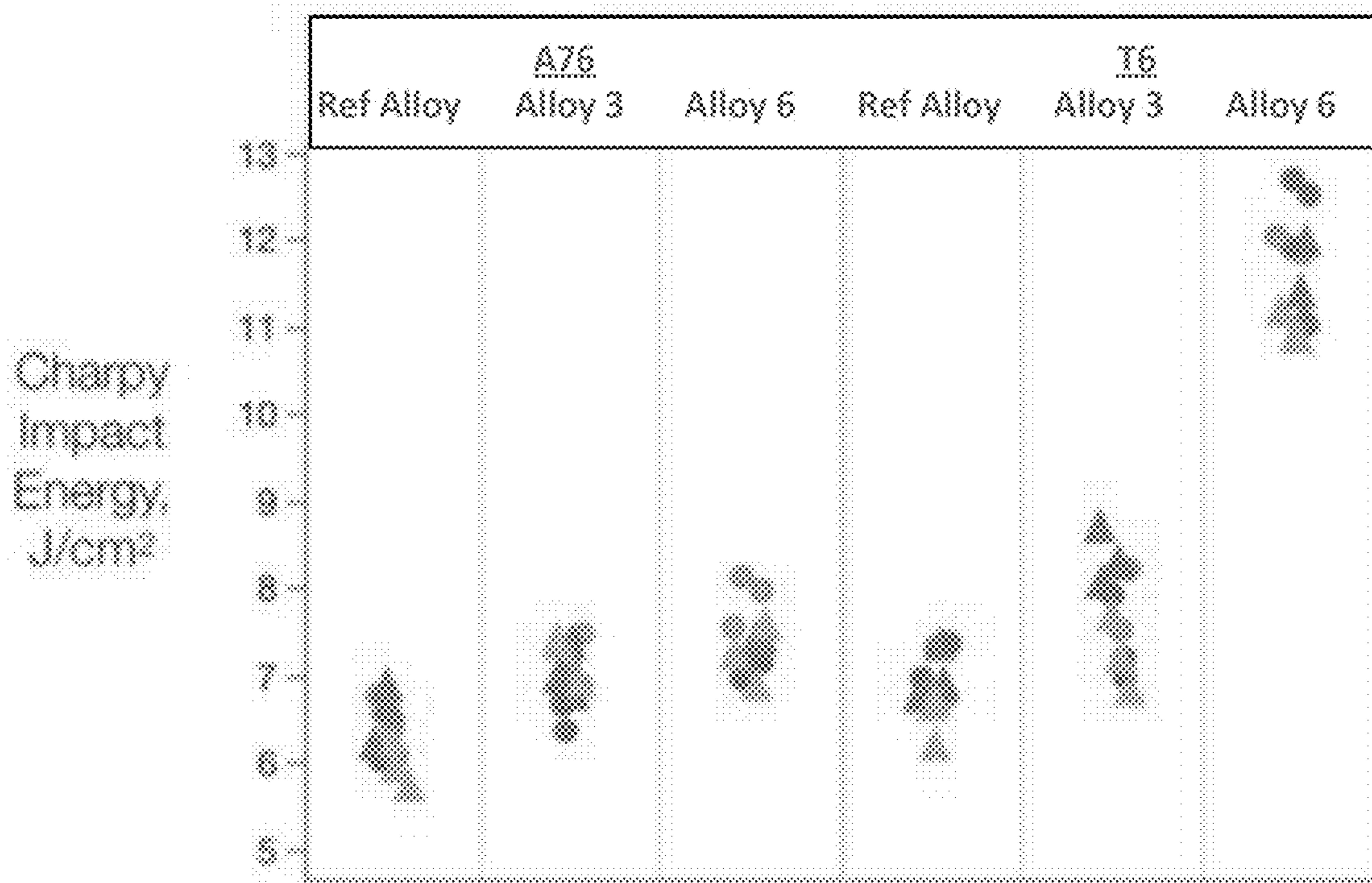


Figure 5



Extrusion Grain Microstructure

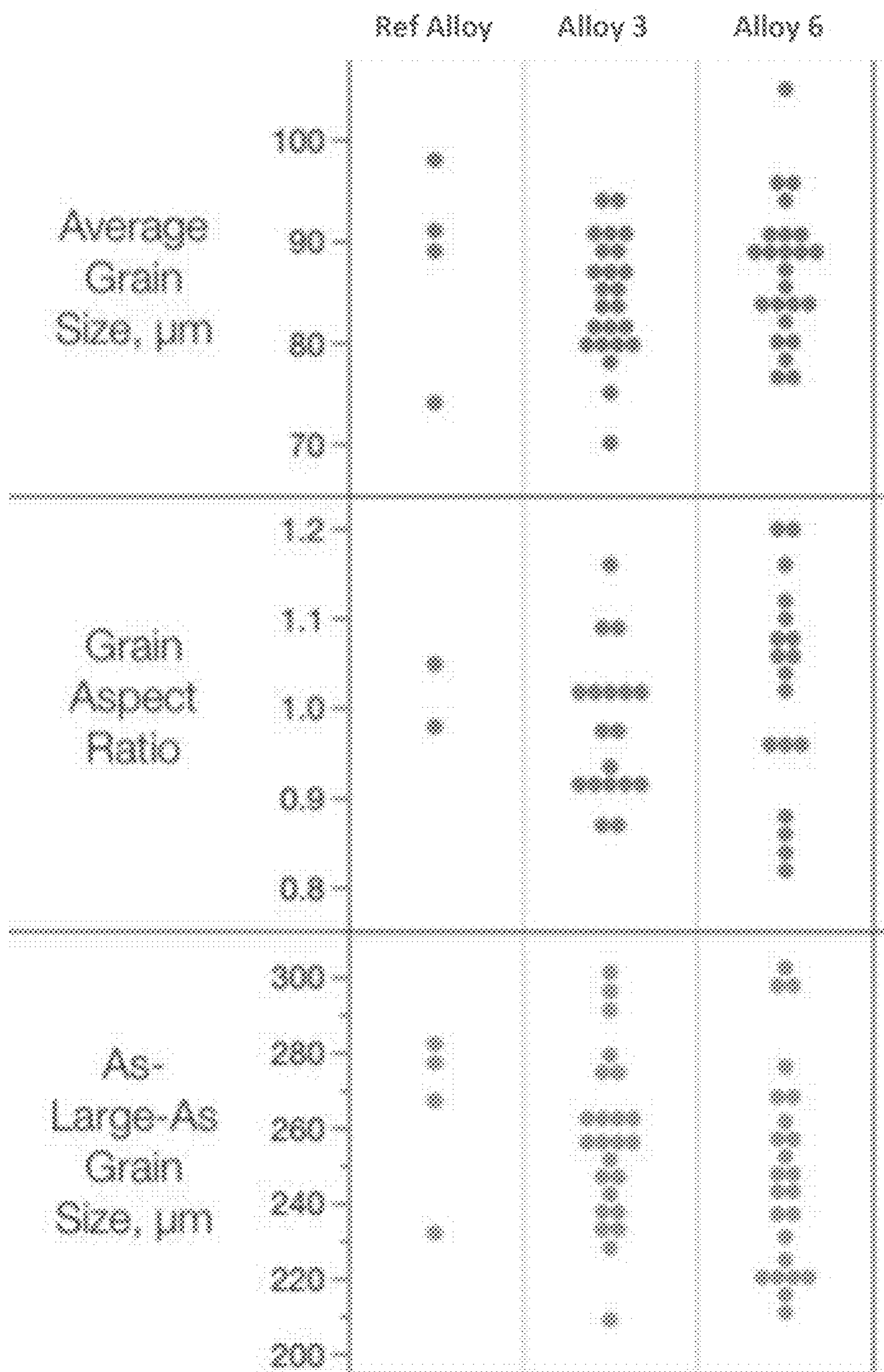


Figure 6

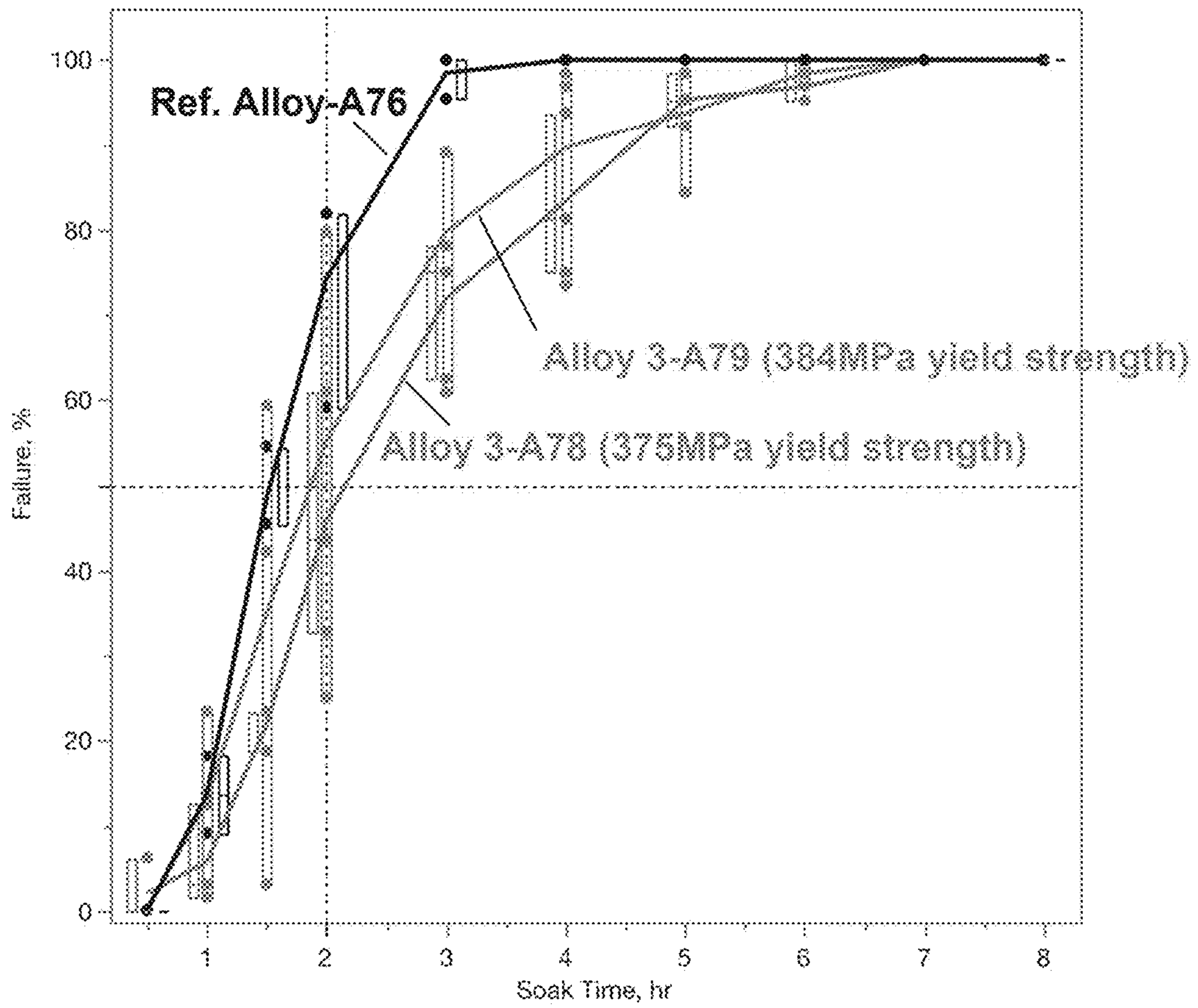


Figure 7

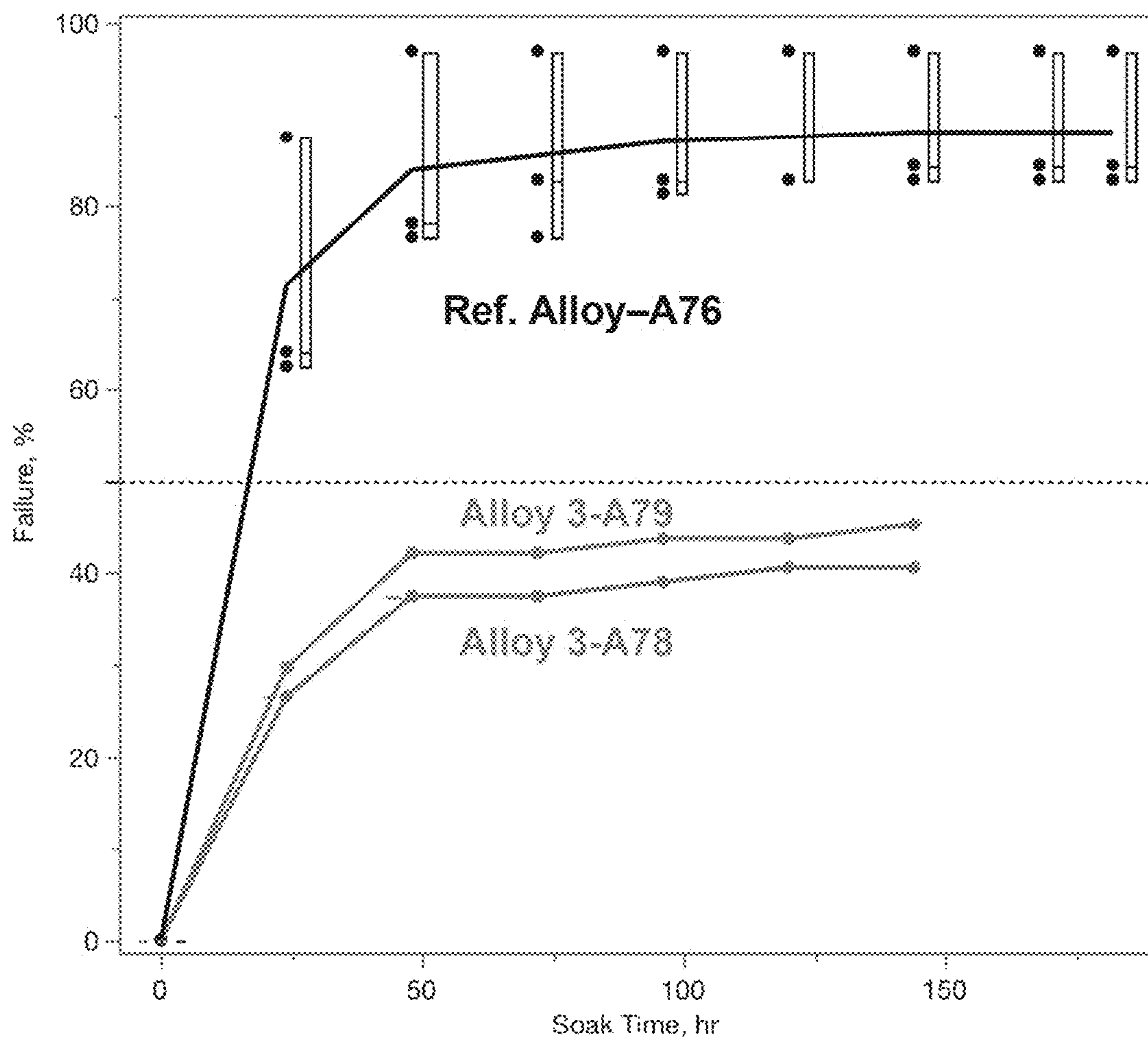
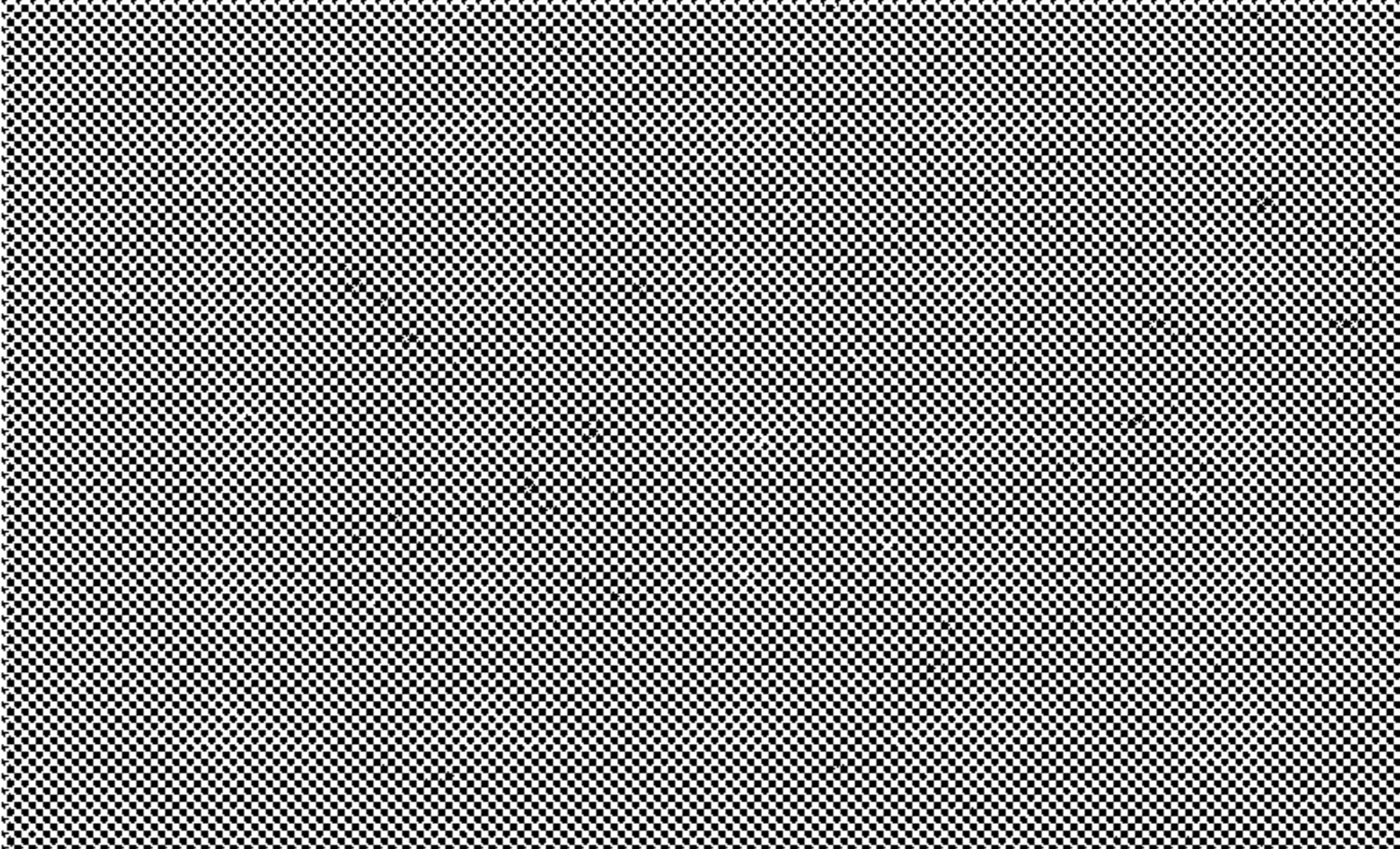
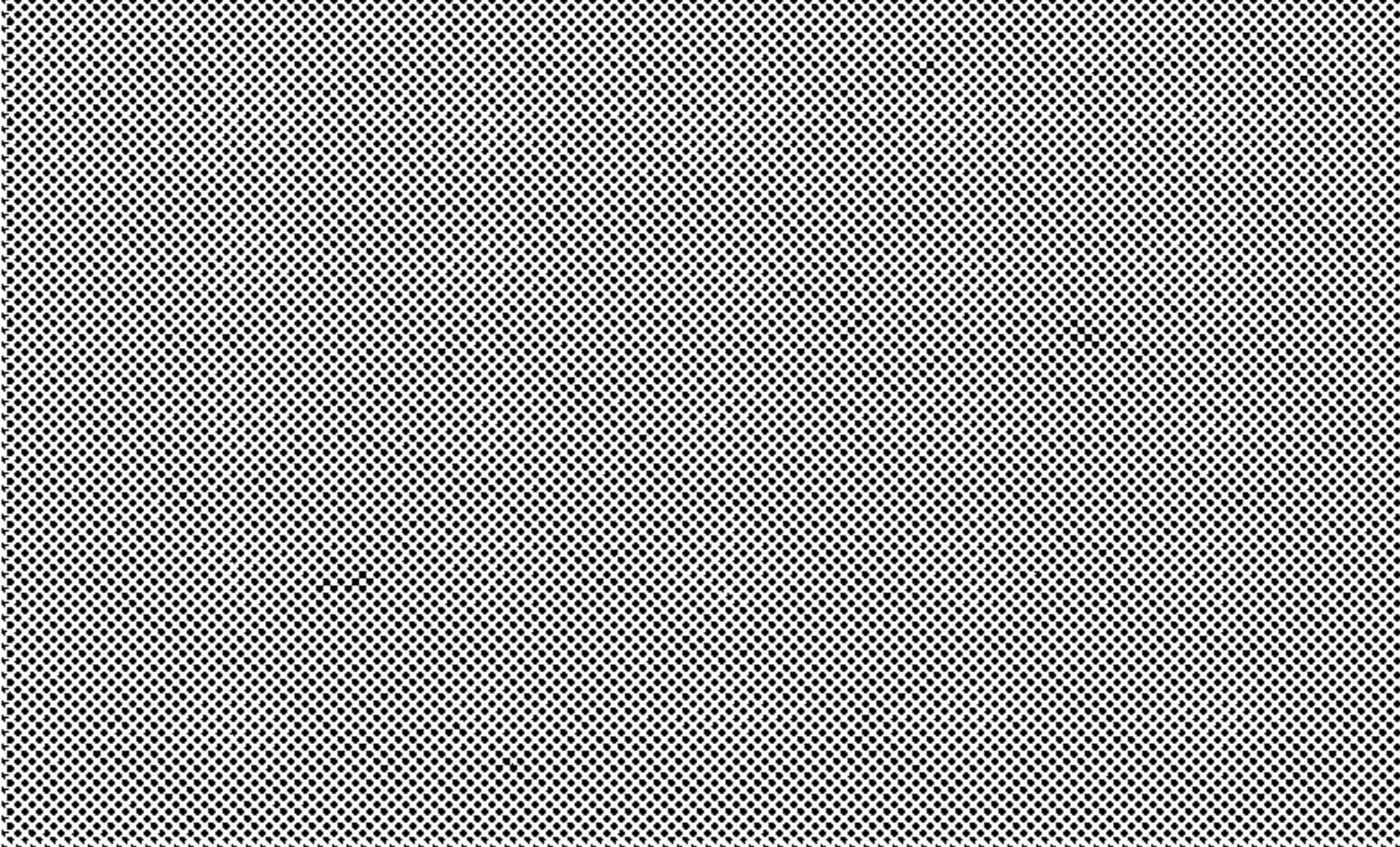
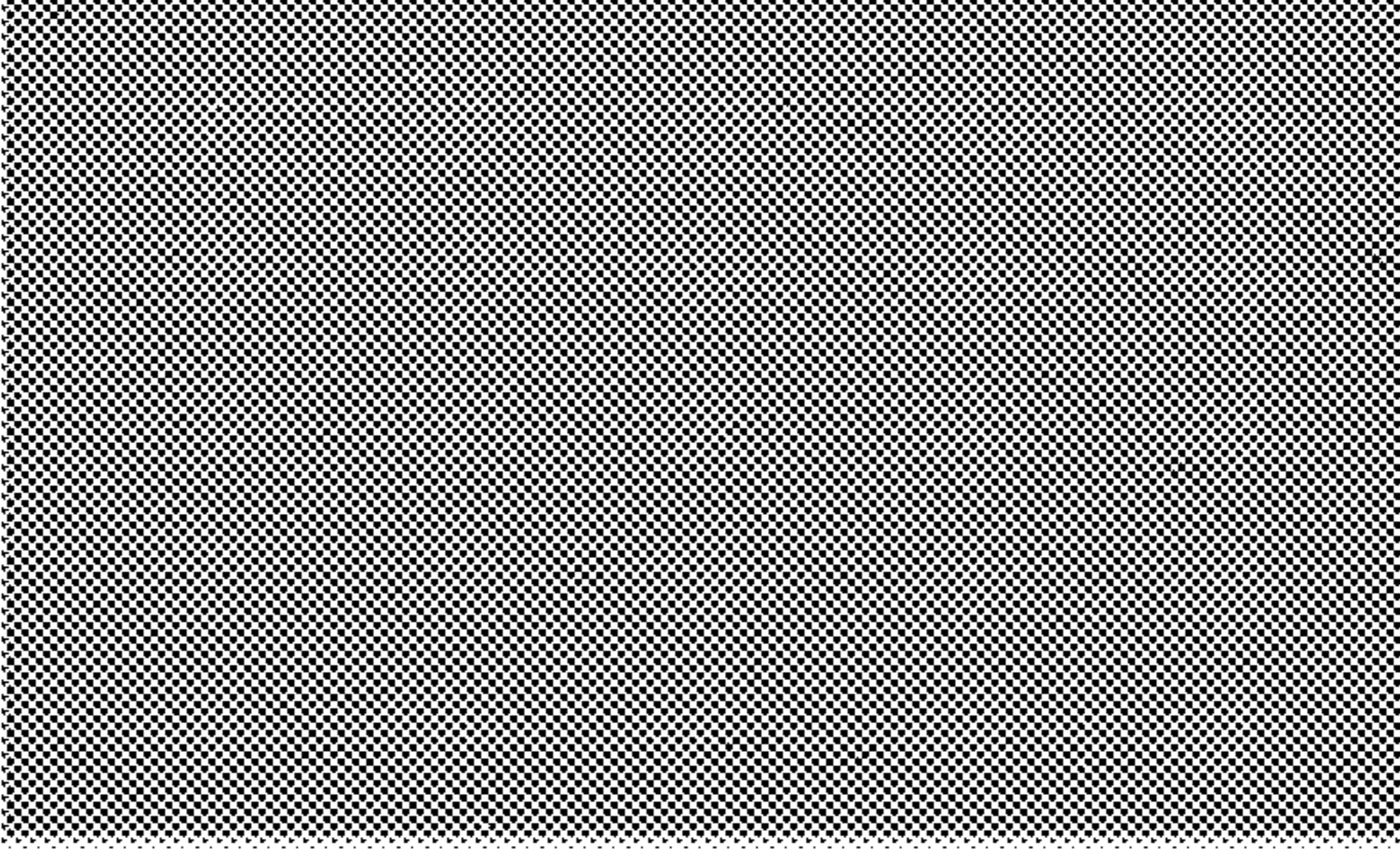
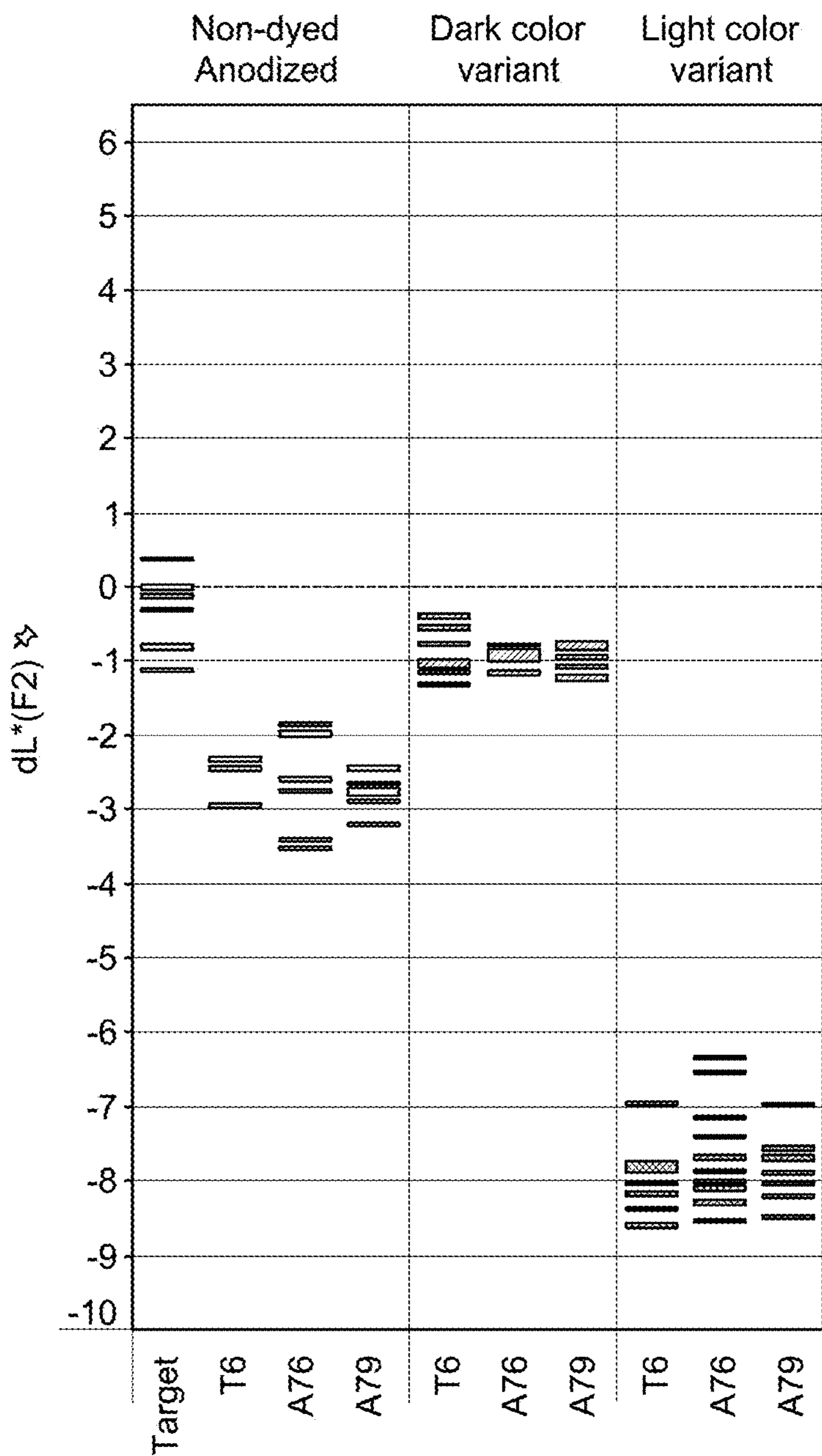


Figure 8

Temper	Delam
T6	
0 vertices with delam (2 samples)	
A76	
0 vertices with delam (2 samples)	
A79	
0 vertices with delam (2 samples)	

*Figure 9*



A

Figure 10

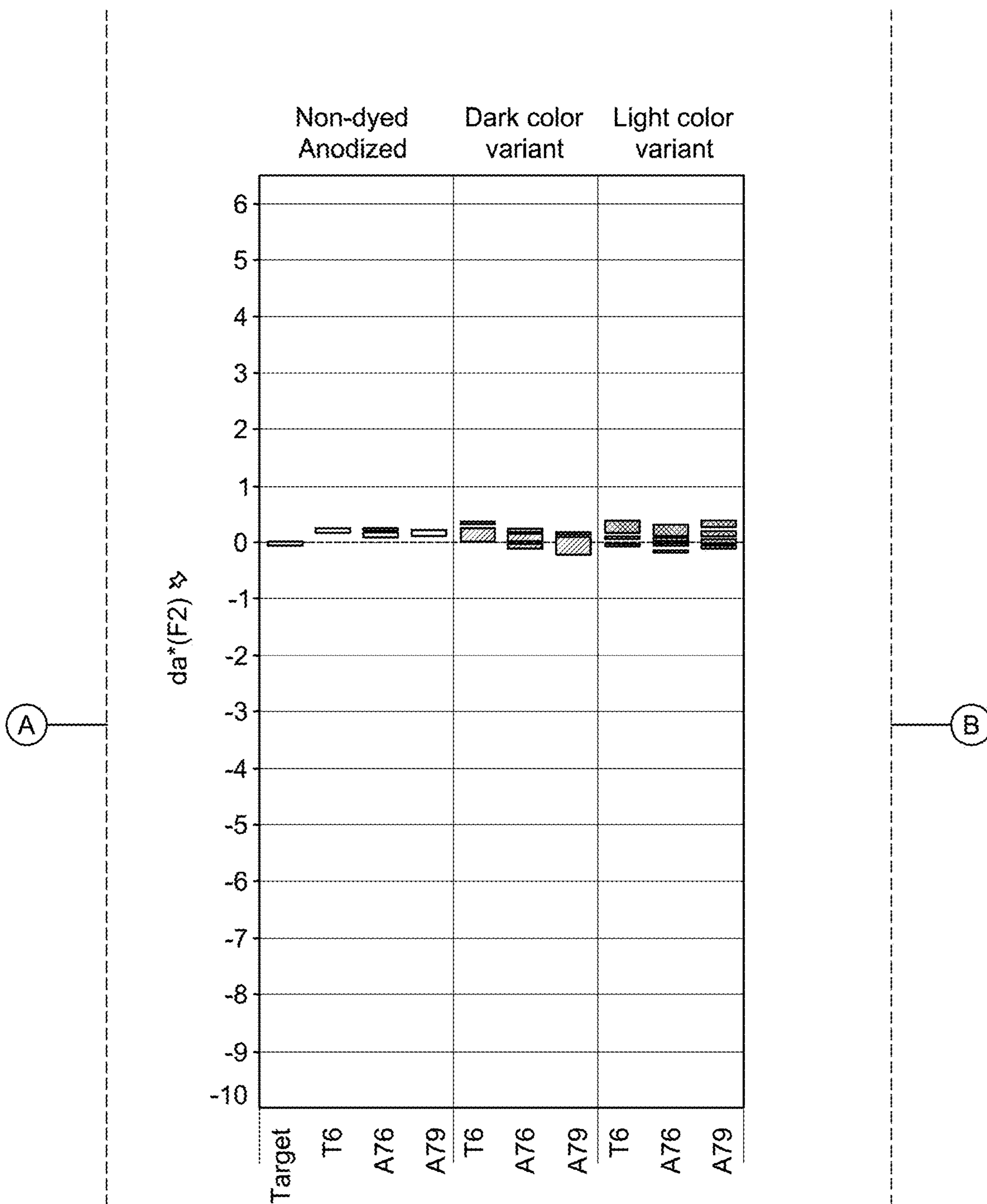


Figure 10 Continued

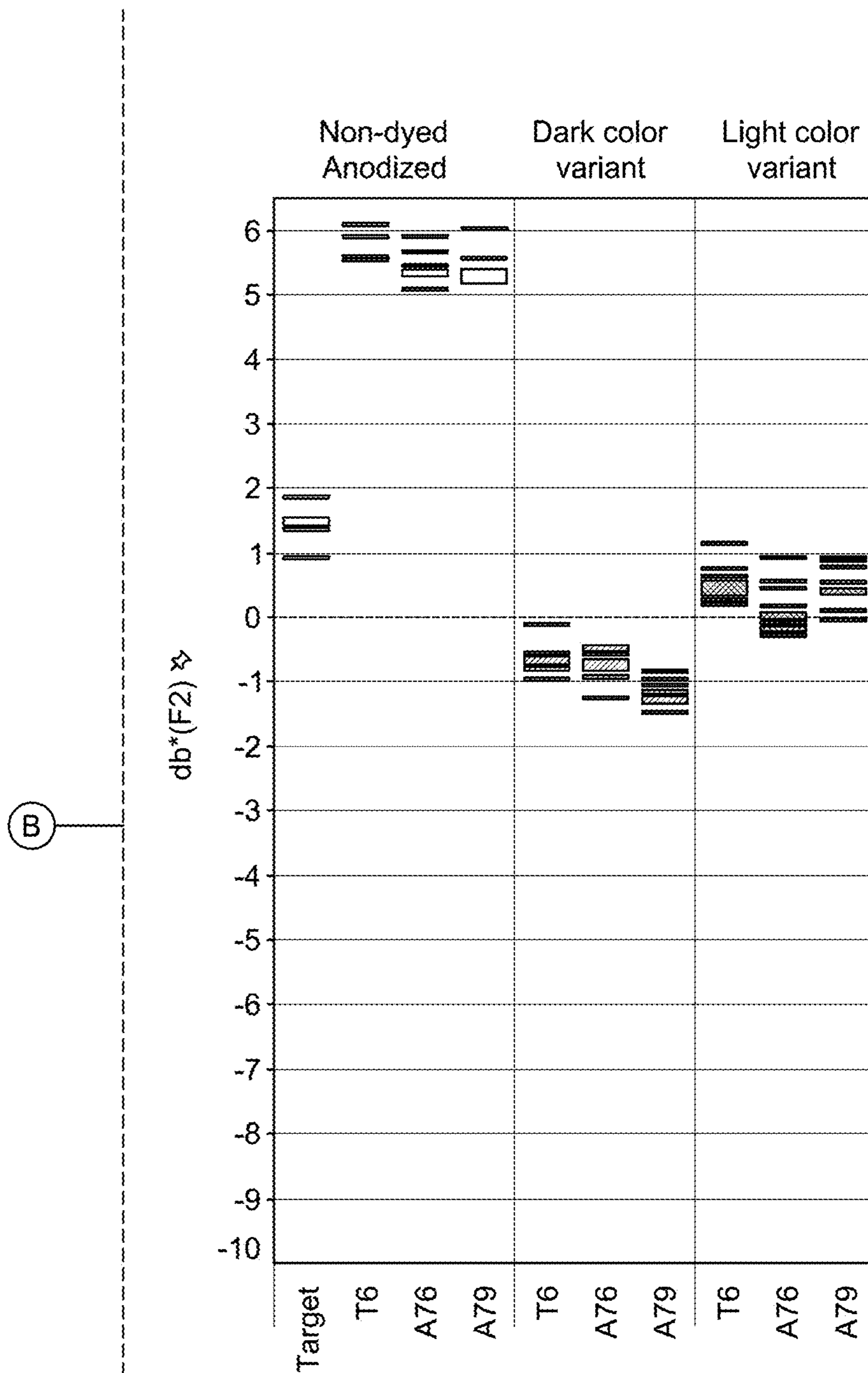


Figure 10 Continued

## ALUMINUM ALLOYS WITH HIGH STRENGTH AND COSMETIC APPEAL

### PRIORITY

**[0001]** This patent application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 63/290,956, entitled "ALUMINUM ALLOYS WITH HIGH STRENGTH AND COSMETIC APPEAL," filed on Dec. 17, 2021, and U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 63/343,443, entitled "ALUMINUM ALLOYS WITH HIGH STRENGTH AND COSMETIC APPEAL," filed on May 18, 2022, both of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

### TECHNICAL FIELD

**[0002]** The disclosure generally relates to aluminum alloys with improved material properties and cosmetic appeal for applications that include enclosures for electronic devices.

### BACKGROUND

**[0003]** Many commercial 7000 series aluminum alloys have been developed for aerospace applications. Commercial 7000 series aluminum alloys are not cosmetically appealing when in consumer products. Even alloys designed for cosmetic purposes can result in chipping of the anodized surface, stress corrosion cracking (SCC), and mechanical failure.

### SUMMARY

**[0004]** Additional embodiments and features are set forth in part in the description that follows, and in part will become apparent to those skilled in the art upon examination of the specification, or may be learned by the practice of the embodiments discussed herein. A further understanding of the nature and advantages of certain embodiments may be realized by reference to the remaining portions of the specification and the drawings, which forms a part of this disclosure.

**[0005]** In some aspects, the disclosure is directed to an aluminum alloy comprising 3.4 to 5.5 wt % Zn, 1.3 to 2.1 wt % Mg, at least 0.07 wt % Cu, no greater than 0.08 wt % Zr, and 0.04 to 0.20 wt % Fe, wherein the balance is aluminum and incidental impurities. In various aspects, the alloy has no greater than 0.05 wt % Si, Mn, Cr, Ti, Ga, Sn, V, B, Li, Cd, Pb, Ni, P, Na, and Ca. The alloy can have no greater than 0.03 wt % total of Mn and Cr. The alloy can include no greater than 0.02 wt % of any one additional element, and no greater than 0.10 wt % total of additional elements.

**[0006]** In another aspect, the aluminum alloy includes at least 0.12 wt % Cu.

**[0007]** In another aspect, the aluminum alloy includes at least 0.28 wt % Cu.

**[0008]** In another aspect, the aluminum alloy includes at least 4.5-5.5 wt % Zn and 1.5-2.1 wt % Mg.

**[0009]** In another aspect, the aluminum alloy includes at least 4.0-4.8 wt % Zn and 1.2-1.8 wt % Mg.

**[0010]** In another aspect, the aluminum alloy has a wt % ratio of Zn to Mg from 1.8-3.5.

**[0011]** In various aspects, the aluminum alloy can be tempered under T6, A79, or A76 conditions.

**[0012]** In various aspects, the alloy can be tempered under A 78 or A79 conditions.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

**[0013]** Further non-limiting aspects of the disclosure are described by reference to the drawings and descriptions.

**[0014]** FIG. 1 depicts the anodic chipping stress test for Alloy 3 and Alloy 6 as compared to the Reference Alloy combined T6 and A76 temper conditions, according to illustrative embodiments;

**[0015]** FIG. 2A depicts a TEM showing the grain boundary of Alloy 3 after A76 tempering, according to illustrative embodiments;

**[0016]** FIG. 2B depicts EDS line scan and chemical composition of precipitates at a grain boundary of Alloy 3 after A76 tempering, according to illustrative embodiments;

**[0017]** FIG. 3 depicts the SCC test for Alloy 3 and Alloy 6 as compared to the Reference Alloy for A76 temper in a ASTM G30 U-bend test at 85° C. and in a 15% NaCl solution emersion, according to illustrative embodiments;

**[0018]** FIG. 4 depicts the percent failure rate after two hours for Alloy 3 and Alloy 6 as compared to the Reference Alloy after A76 tempering, according to illustrative embodiments;

**[0019]** FIG. 5 depicts the Charpy Impact Energy for Alloy 3 and Alloy 6 as compared to a Reference Alloy in four orientations at T6 and A76 temper conditions, according to illustrative embodiments;

**[0020]** FIG. 6 depicts the extrusion grain microstructure including average grain size, grain aspect ratio, and as-large-as grain size for Alloy 3 and Alloy 6 as compared to the Reference Alloy, according to illustrative embodiments;

**[0021]** FIG. 7 depicts the SCC test for Alloy 3 at A78 and A79 temper conditions as compared to the Reference Alloy at the A76 temper condition, according to illustrative embodiments;

**[0022]** FIG. 8 depicts the percent failure as a function of soak time for Alloy 3 at A78 and A79 temper conditions as compared to the Reference Alloy at A76 temper conditions in a heat soak ASTM G30 U-bend test at 90% relative humidity (RH) at 65° C., according to illustrative embodiments;

**[0023]** FIG. 9 depicts de-laminization performance for Alloy 3 under T6, A76, and A79 temper conditions, according to illustrative embodiments; and

**[0024]** FIG. 10 depicts the consistency of a color difference from a target value for L\*, a\*, and b\* for Alloy 3 under temper conditions T6, A76, and A79, according to illustrative embodiments.

### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

**[0025]** The disclosure may be understood by reference to the following detailed description, taken in conjunction with the drawings as described below. It is noted that, for purposes of illustrative clarity, certain elements in various drawings may not be drawn to scale, may be represented schematically or conceptually, or otherwise may not correspond exactly to certain physical configurations of embodiments.

**[0026]** The disclosure provides for 7xxx series aluminum alloys that have improved abilities over known alloys. In certain variations, the alloys disclosed herein can meet one or more properties and/or processing variables simultaneously. These properties include a surprising reduction in anodized surface chipping, a reduction in SCC, a substantial reduction in time to failure, and/or an equal or improved

















ments of the scope of the method and system, which, as a matter of language, might be said to fall there between.

1. An aluminum alloy comprising:
  - 3.4 to 5.5 wt % Zn;
  - 1.3 to 2.1 wt % Mg;
  - at least 0.07 wt % Cu;
  - no greater than 0.08 wt % Zr; and
  - 0.04 to 0.20 wt % Fe;
  - no greater than 0.05 wt % Ti;
  - wherein the balance is aluminum and incidental impurities.
2. The aluminum alloy of claim 1, comprising:
  - no greater than 0.05 wt % Si;
  - no greater than 0.05 wt % Mn;
  - no greater than 0.05 wt % Cr;
  - no greater than 0.05 wt % Ga;
  - no greater than 0.05 wt % Sn;
  - no greater than 0.05 wt % V;
  - no greater than 0.05 wt % B;
  - no greater than 0.05 wt % Li;
  - no greater than 0.05 wt % Cd;
  - no greater than 0.05 wt % Pb;
  - no greater than 0.05 wt % Ni;
  - no greater than 0.05 wt % P;
  - no greater than 0.05 wt % Na;
  - no greater than 0.05 wt % Ca;
  - no greater than 0.03 wt % total of Mn and Cr;
  - no greater than 0.02 wt % of any one additional element;
  - and
  - no greater than 0.10 wt % total of additional elements.
3. The aluminum alloy according to claim 1, comprising at least 0.24 wt % Cu.
4. The aluminum alloy according to claim 1, comprising at least 0.28 wt % Cu.
5. The aluminum alloy according to claim 1, comprising 4.5-5.5 wt % Zn and 1.5-2.1 wt % Mg.
6. The aluminum alloy according to claim 1, comprising 4.0-4.8 wt % Zn and 1.2-1.8 wt % Mg.
7. The aluminum alloy according to claim 1, wherein the alloy having a wt % ratio of Zn to Mg from 1.8-3.5.
8. The aluminum alloy according to claim 1, wherein the alloy is tempered under a T6, A79, or A76 condition.
9. The aluminum alloy according to claim 1, wherein the alloy is tempered under an A78 or an A79 condition.
10. The aluminum alloy according to claim 1, wherein the alloy has a yield strength of at least 370 MPa.
11. The aluminum alloy according to claim 1, wherein the alloy has less than 50% failure rate at 1.5 hours in an immersion ASTM G30 U-bend test in a 15% NaCl solution at 85° C.
12. The aluminum alloy according to claim 1, wherein the alloy has less than 50% failure rate in a heat soak ASTM G30 U-bend test at 90% relative humidity (RH) at 65° C. at 50 hours.
13. A method for producing an aluminum alloy, the method comprising:
  - forming a melt that comprises:
    - 3.4 to 5.5 wt % Zn;
    - 1.3 to 2.1 wt % Mg;
    - at least 0.07 wt % Cu;

- no greater than 0.08 wt % Zr;
  - 0.04 to 0.20 wt % Fe;
  - wherein the balance is aluminum and incidental impurities;
  - cooling the melt to room temperature to from a cooled melt;
  - homogenizing the cooled melt by heating to a first elevated temperature to form a homogenized alloy;
  - hot-working the homogenized alloy to form a hot-worked alloy;
  - solution-treating the hot-worked alloy at a second elevated temperature to form a solution treated alloy;
  - and
  - tempering the solution treated alloy at a third elevated temperature for a period of time to produce the aluminum alloy.
14. The method of claim 13, wherein the melt comprises:
    - no greater than 0.05 wt % Si;
    - no greater than 0.05 wt % Mn;
    - no greater than 0.05 wt % Cr;
    - no greater than 0.05 wt % Ti;
    - no greater than 0.05 wt % Ga;
    - no greater than 0.05 wt % Sn;
    - no greater than 0.05 wt % V;
    - no greater than 0.05 wt % B;
    - no greater than 0.05 wt % Li;
    - no greater than 0.05 wt % Cd;
    - no greater than 0.05 wt % Pb;
    - no greater than 0.05 wt % Ni;
    - no greater than 0.05 wt % P;
    - no greater than 0.05 wt % Na;
    - no greater than 0.05 wt % Ca;
    - no greater than 0.03 wt % total of Mn and Cr;
    - no greater than 0.02 wt % of any one additional element;
    - and
    - no greater than 0.10 wt % total of additional elements.
  15. The method according to claim 13, comprising at least 0.28 wt % Cu.
  16. The method according to claim 13, wherein the tempering is under a T6, A79, or A76 condition.
  17. The method according to claim 13, wherein the tempering is under an A78 or an A79 condition.
  18. The method according to claim 13, wherein the alloy has a yield strength of at least 370 MPa.
  19. The method according to claim 13, wherein the alloy has less than 50% failure rate at 1.5 hours in an immersion ASTM G30 U-bend test in a 15% NaCl solution at 85° C.
  20. The method according to claim 13, wherein the alloy has less than 50% failure rate in a heat soak ASTM G30 U-bend test at 90% relative humidity (RH) at 65° C. at 50 hours.
  21. An article comprising an alloy comprising:
    - 3.4 to 5.5 wt % Zn;
    - 1.3 to 2.1 wt % Mg;
    - at least 0.07 wt % Cu;
    - no greater than 0.08 wt % Zr; and
    - 0.04 to 0.20 wt % Fe;
    - wherein the balance is aluminum and incidental impurities.

\* \* \* \* \*