



(54) **SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR MANAGING
TOKENS AND FILTERING DATA TO
CONTROL DATA ACCESS**

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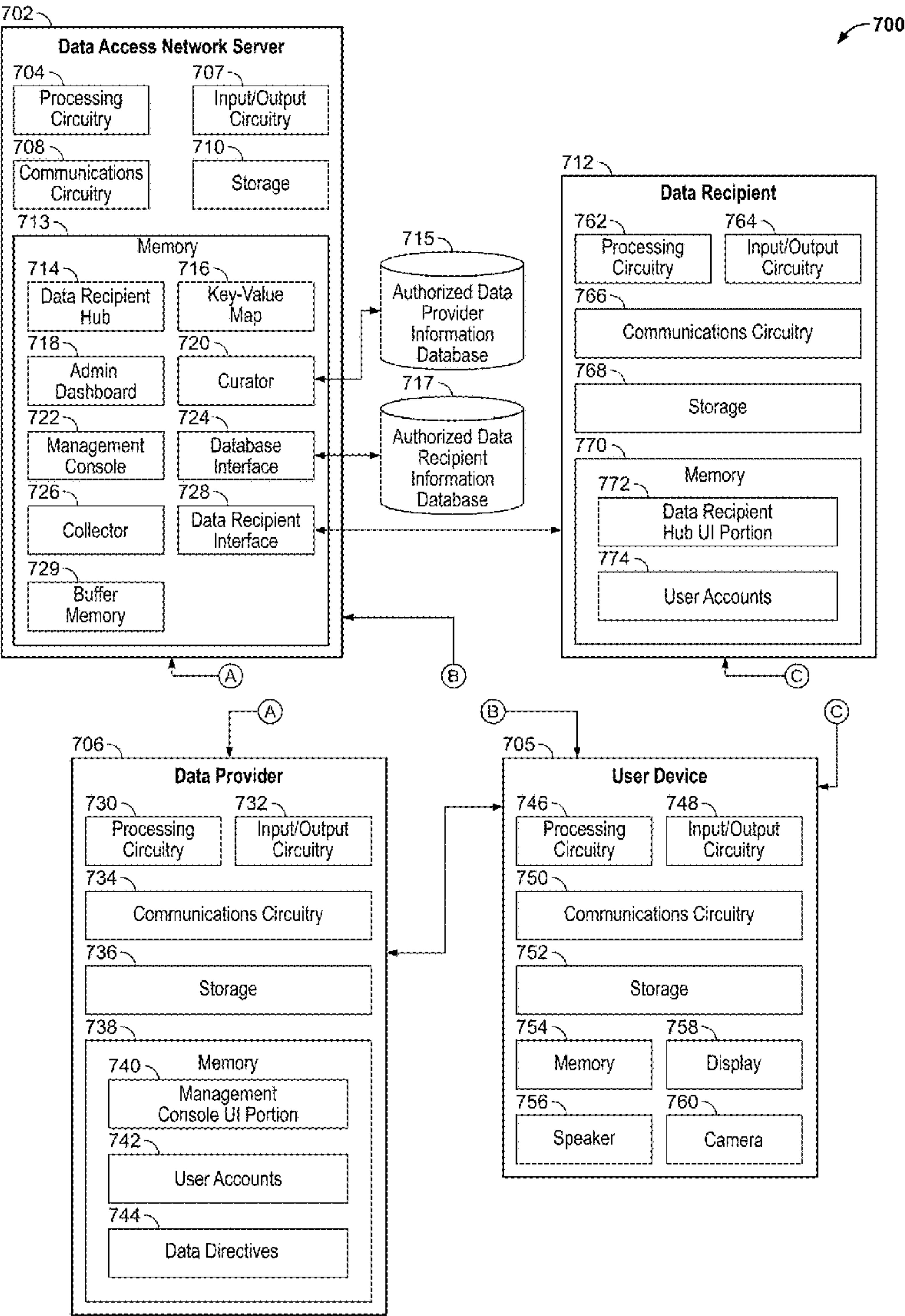
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

Systems and methods are described for receiving a request from a data recipient to access information from a data provider associated with a user, wherein the request comprises a data recipient token. The request is validated and in response to validating the request, a secondary token is transmitted to the data provider. The information is received from the data provider and a package of authorized information is generated based on the information received from the data provider. The package of authorized information is transmitted to the data recipient.



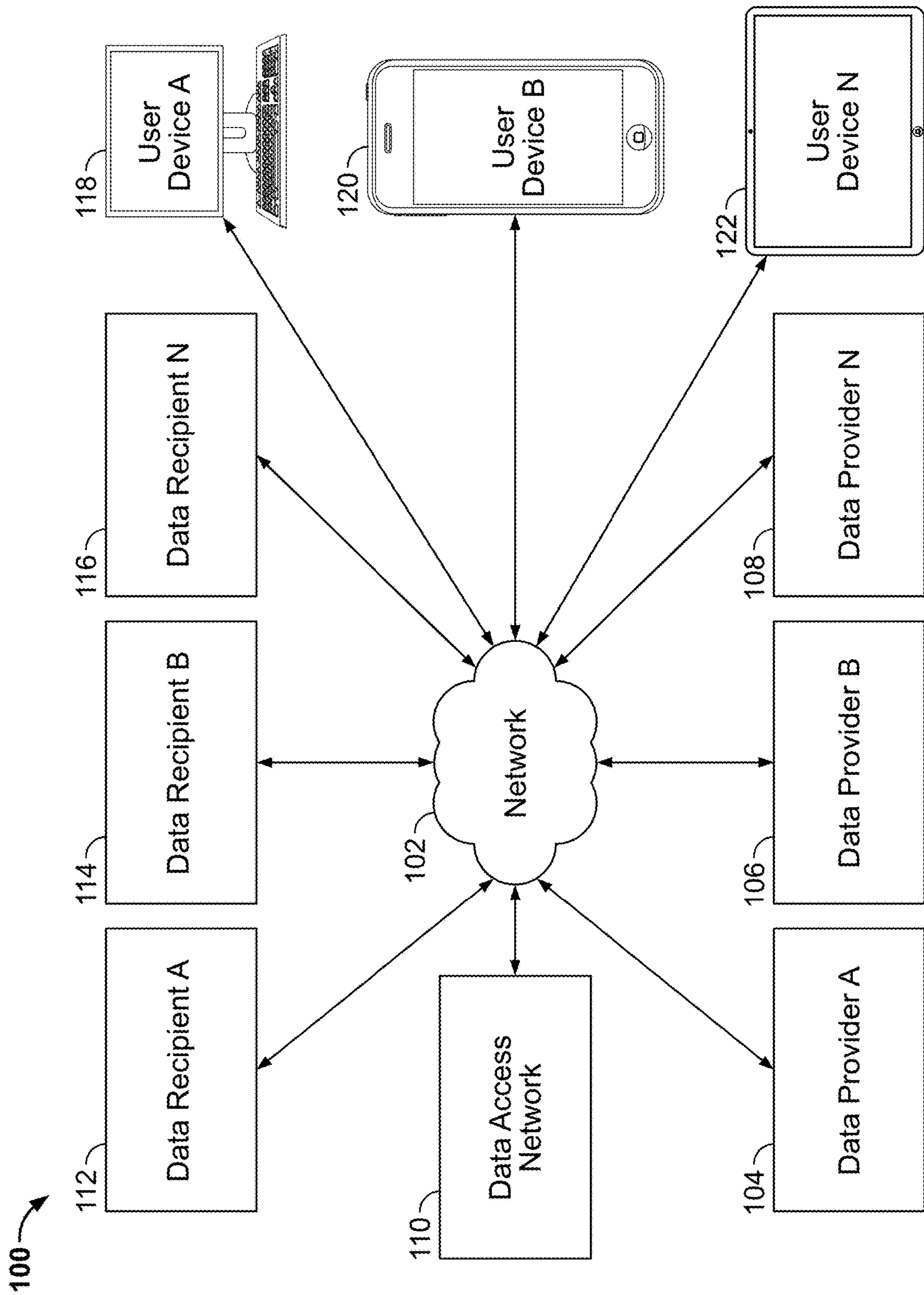


FIG. 1

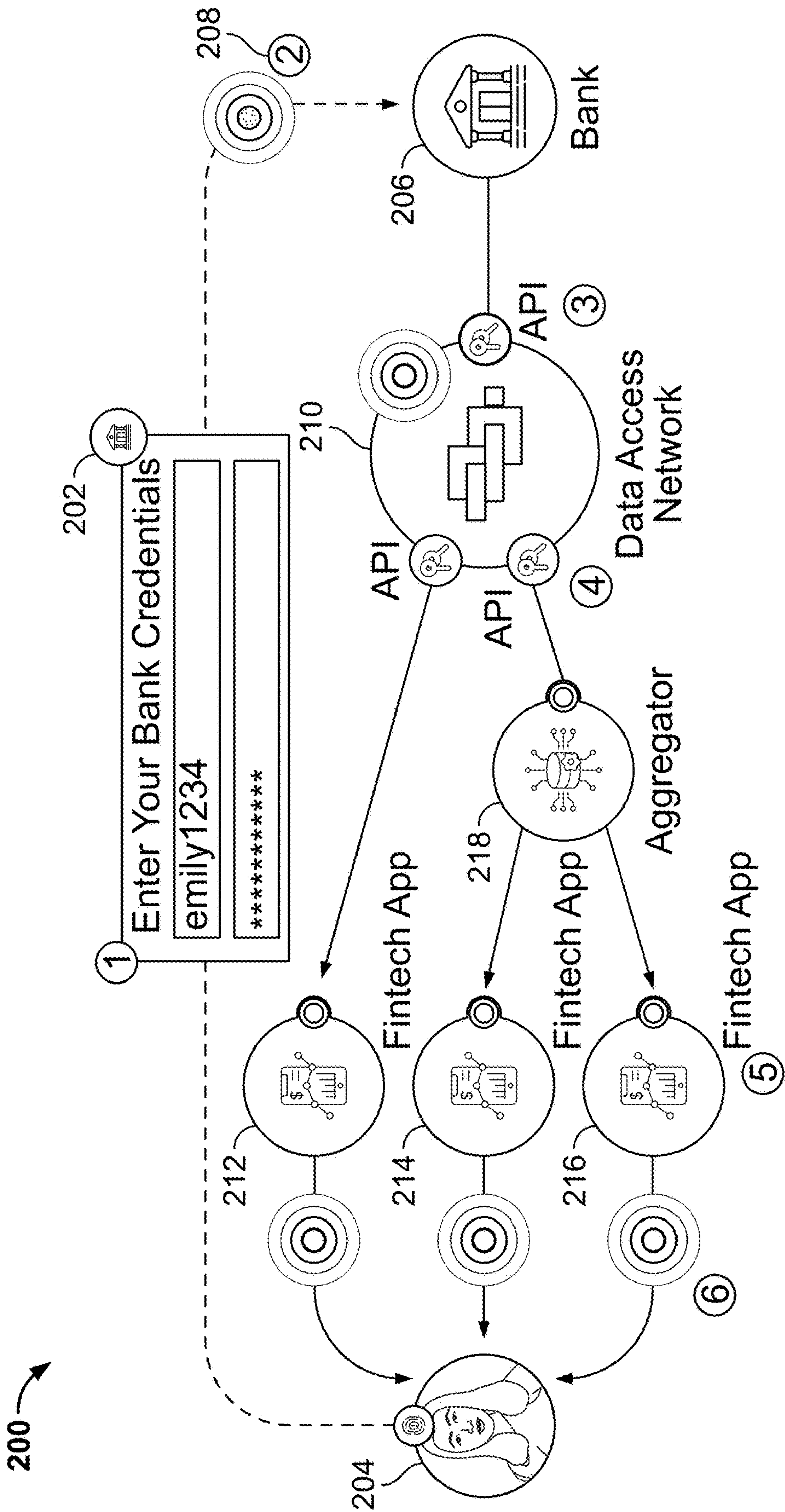


FIG. 2

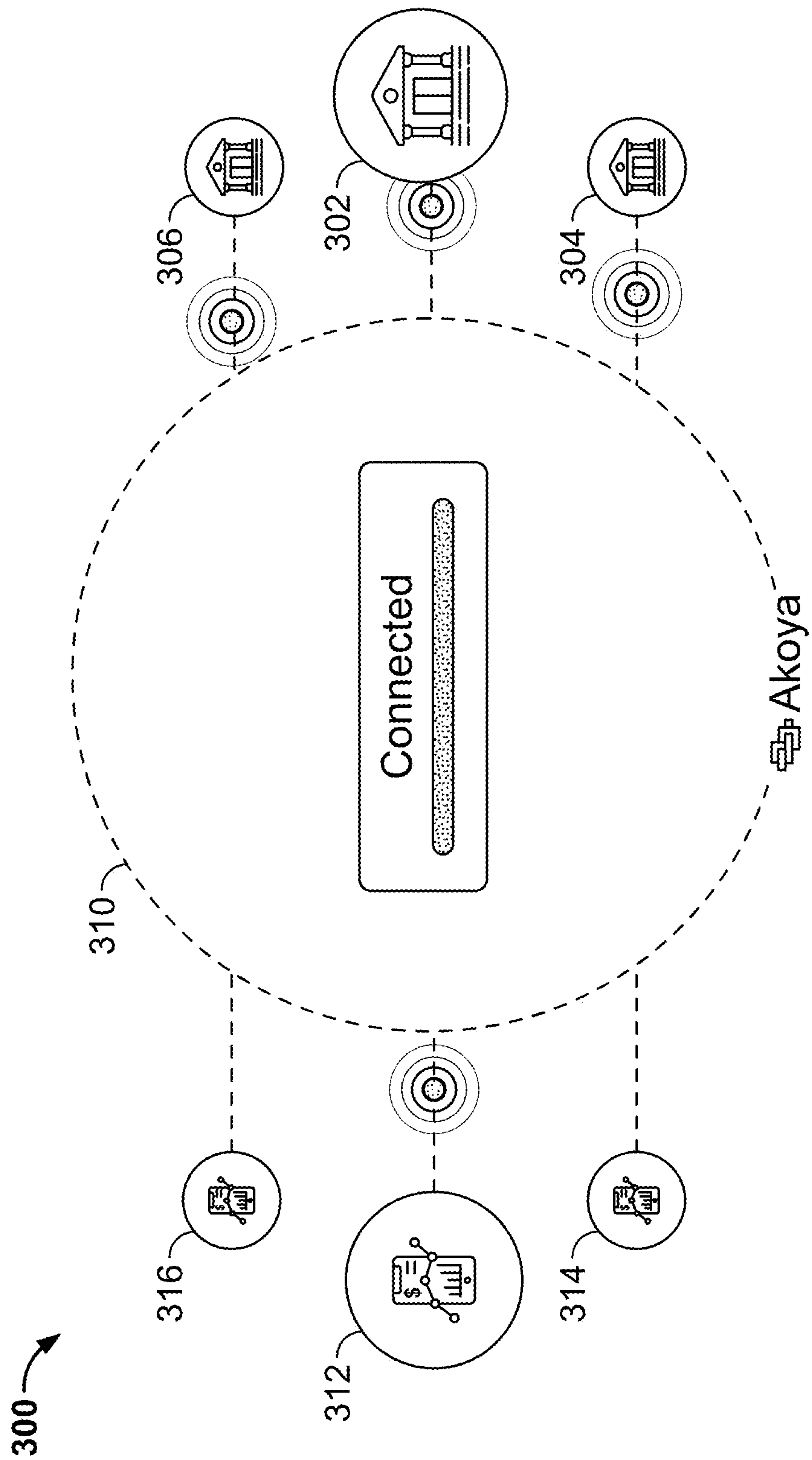


FIG. 3

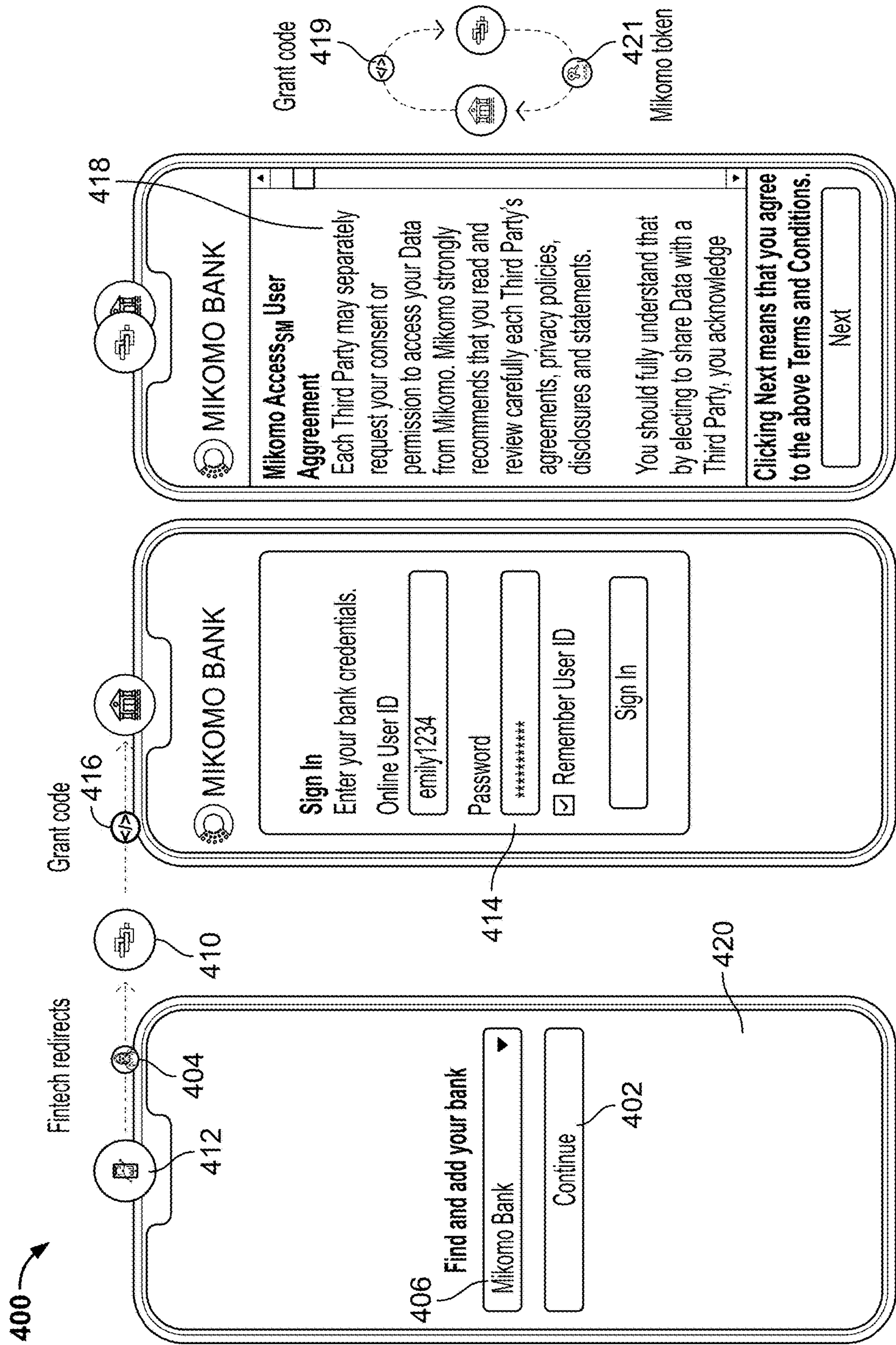


FIG 4

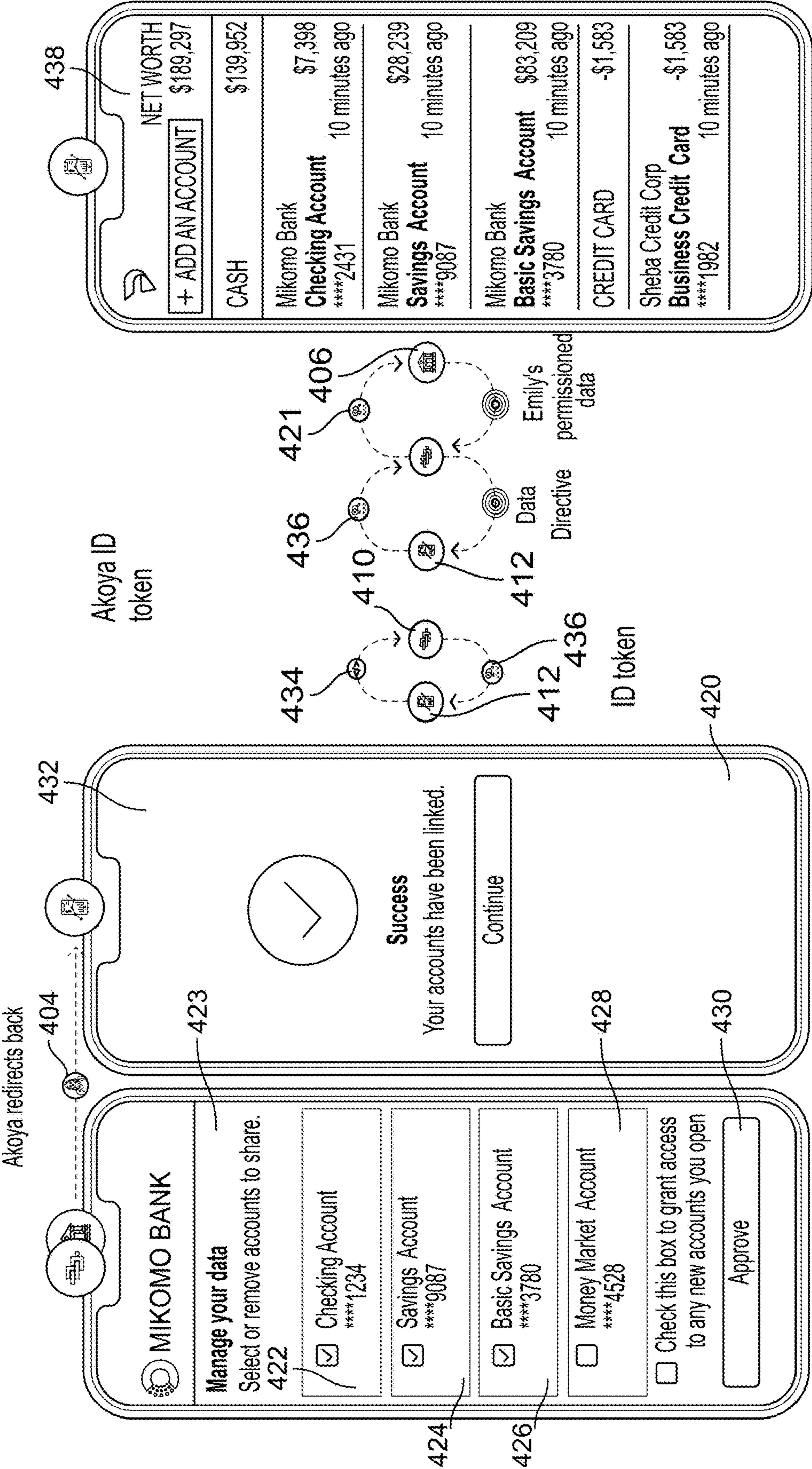


FIG-4 (Cont..)

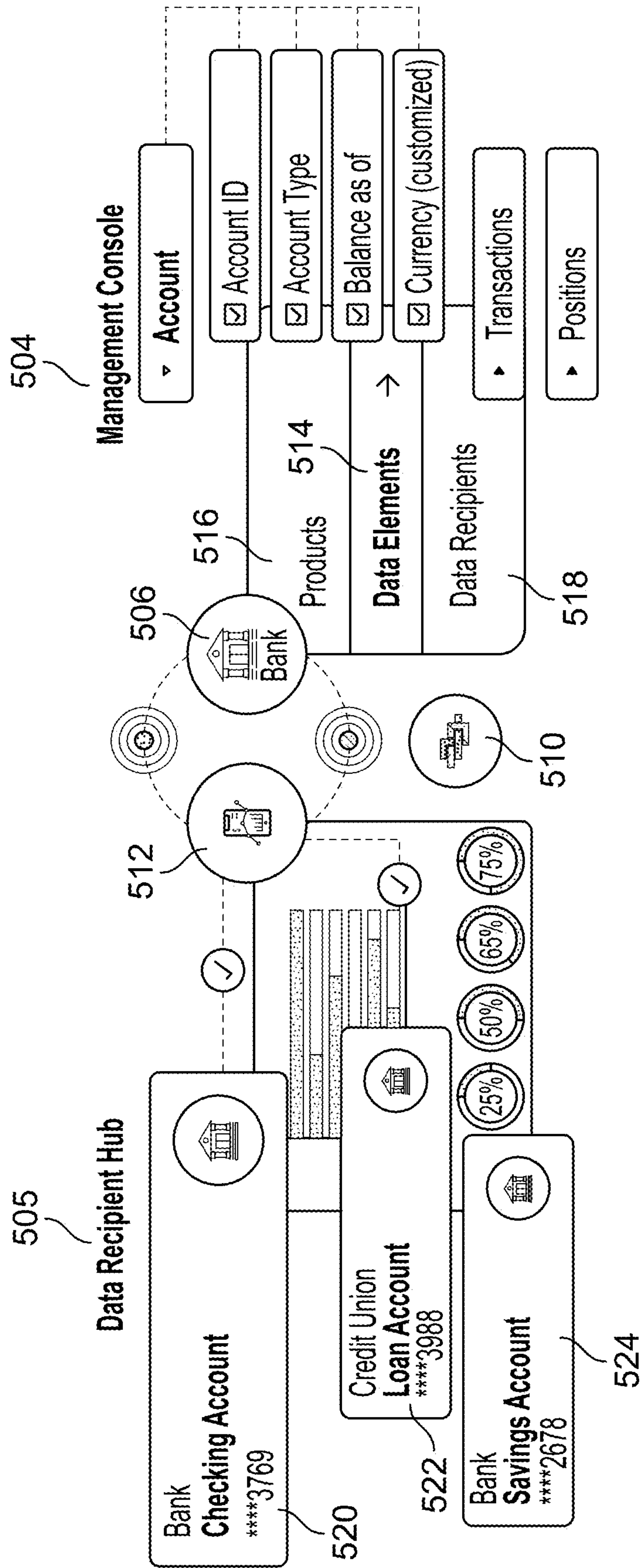


FIG. 5

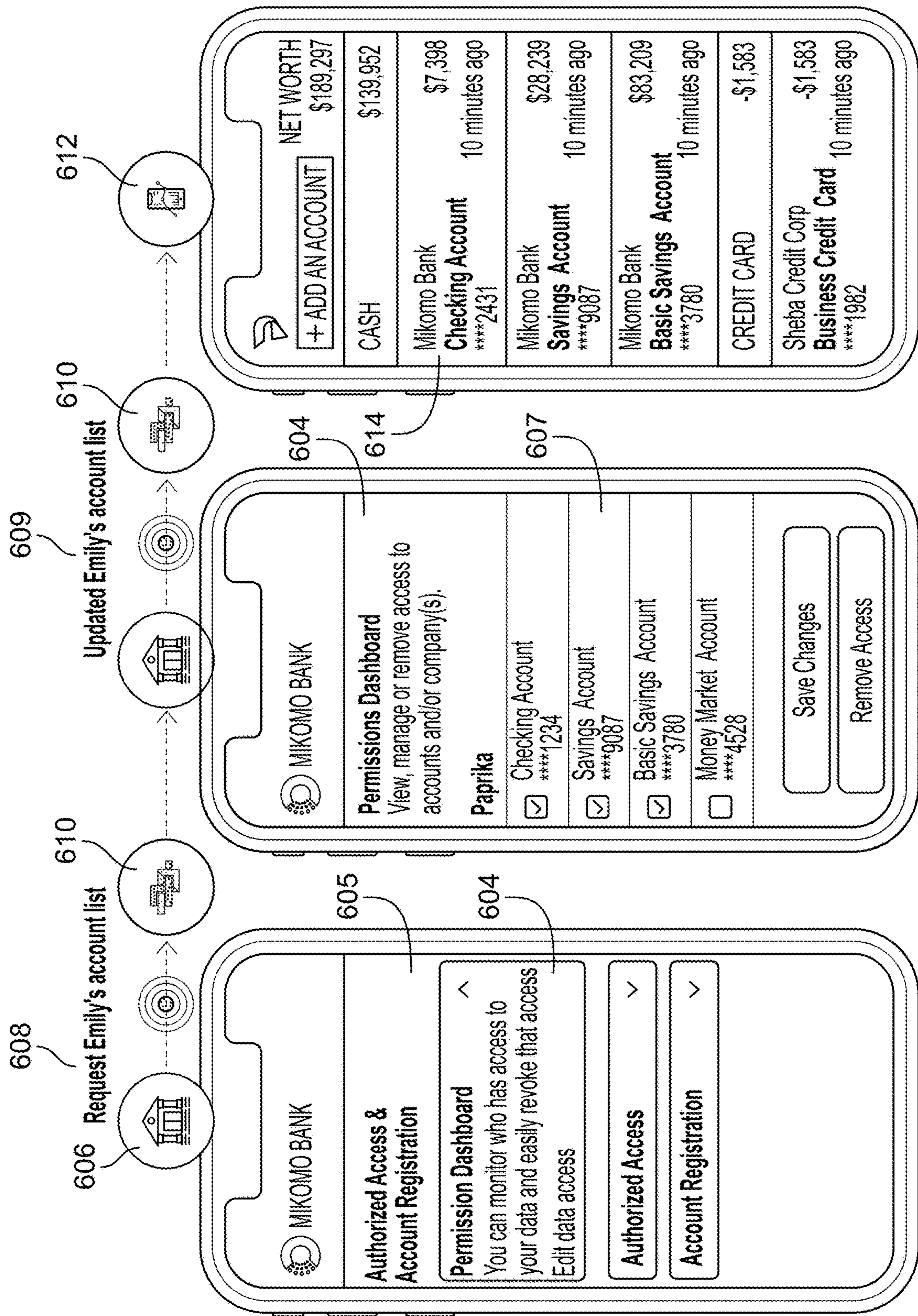
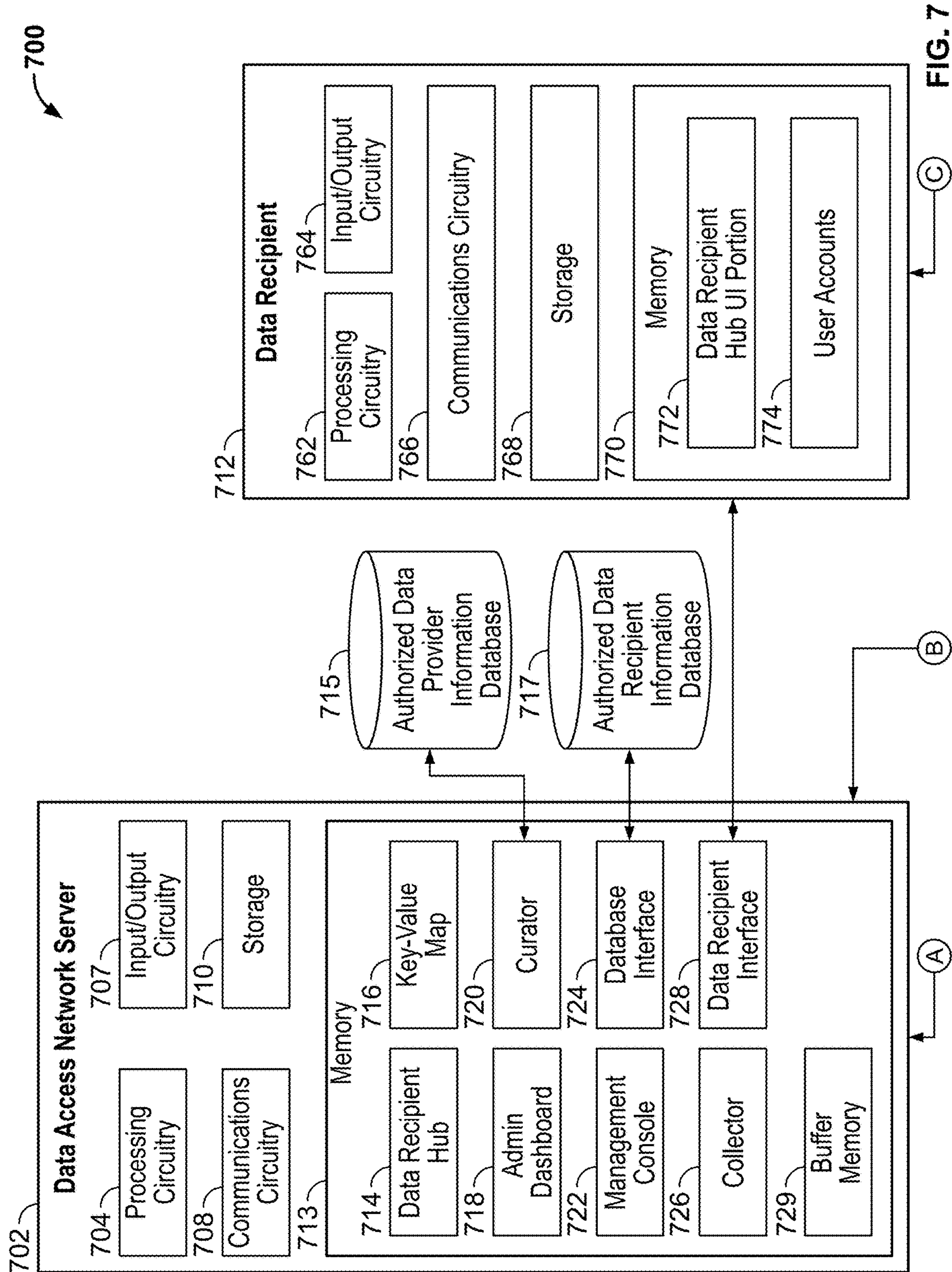


FIG. 6



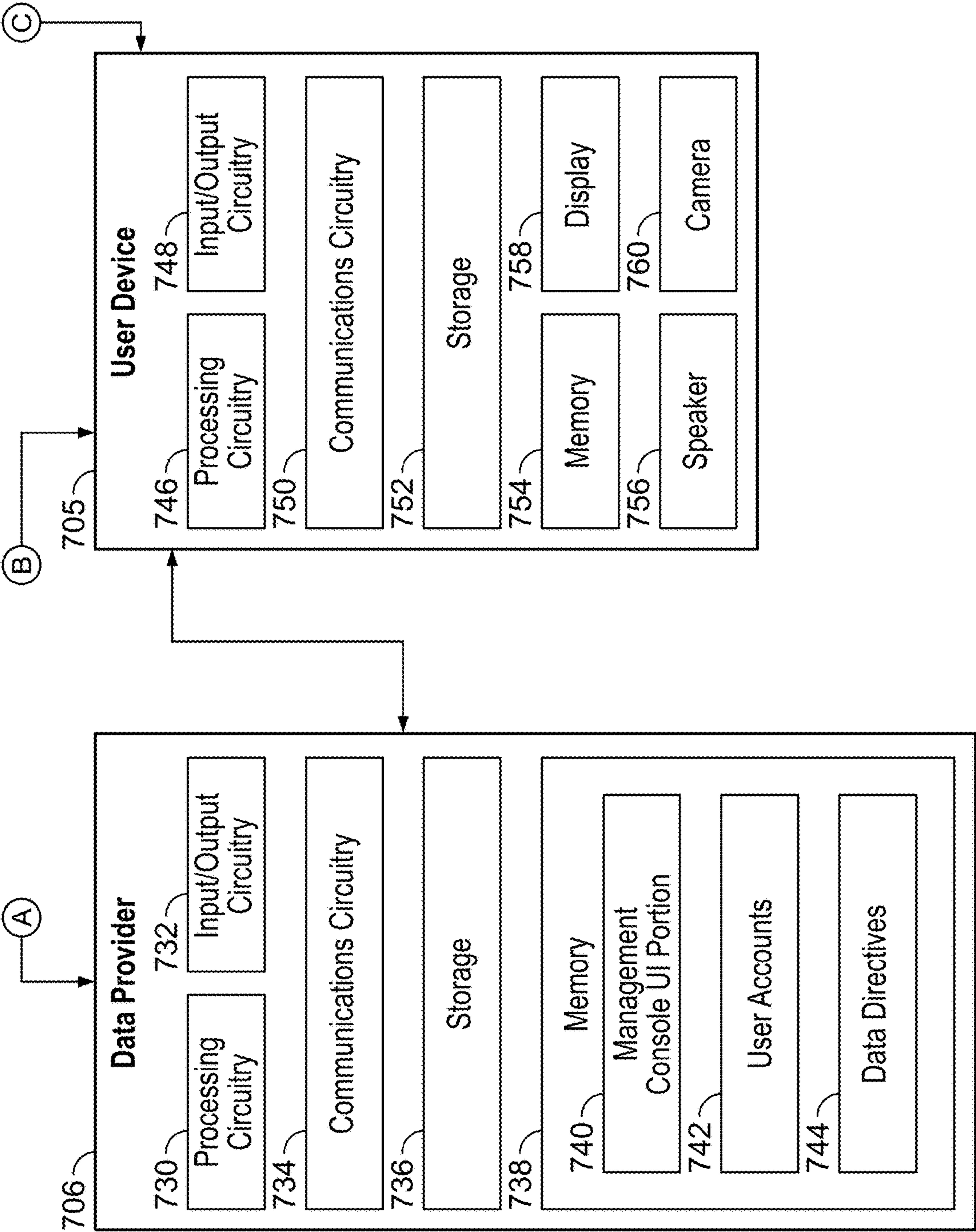


FIG. 7 (Cont.)

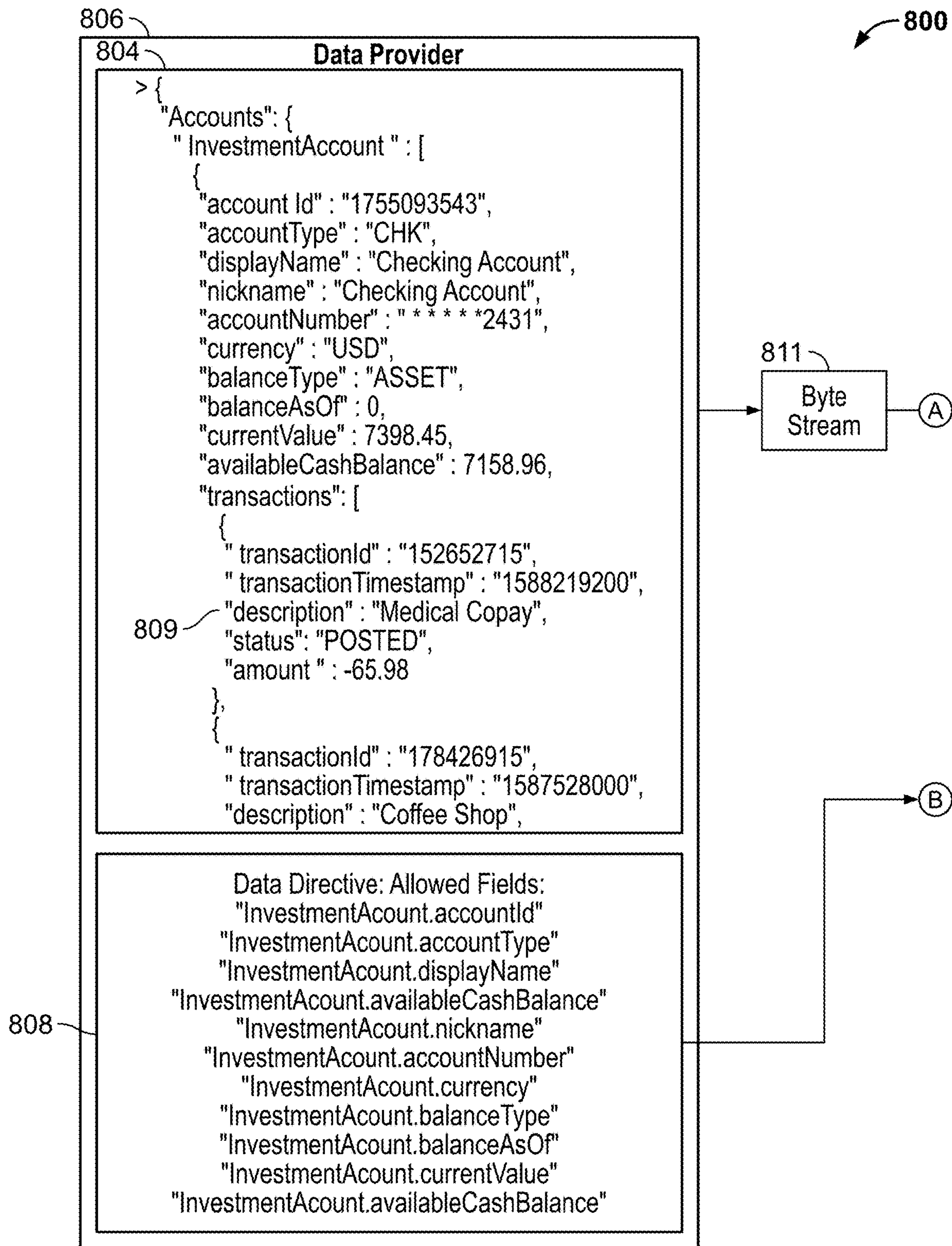


FIG. 8

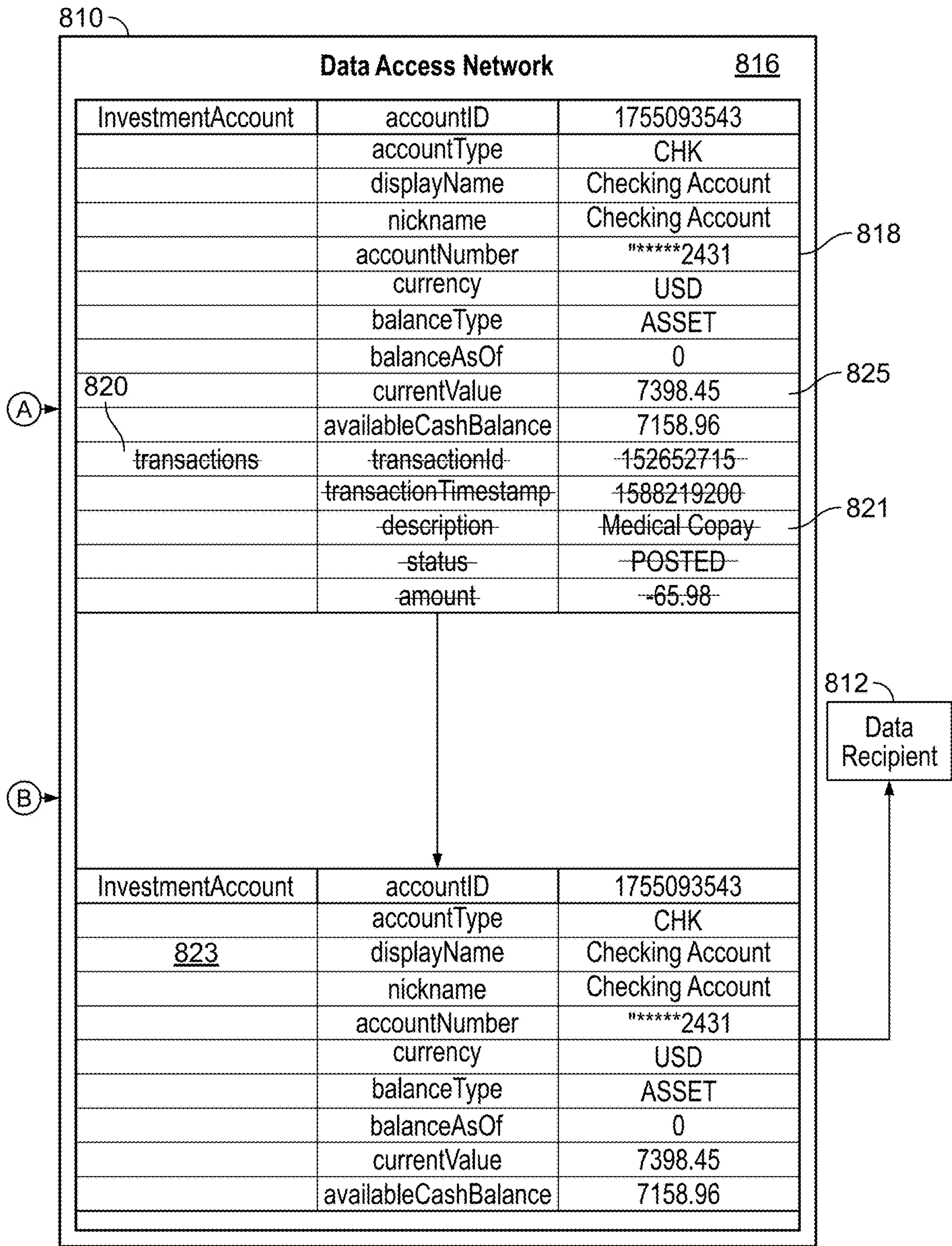
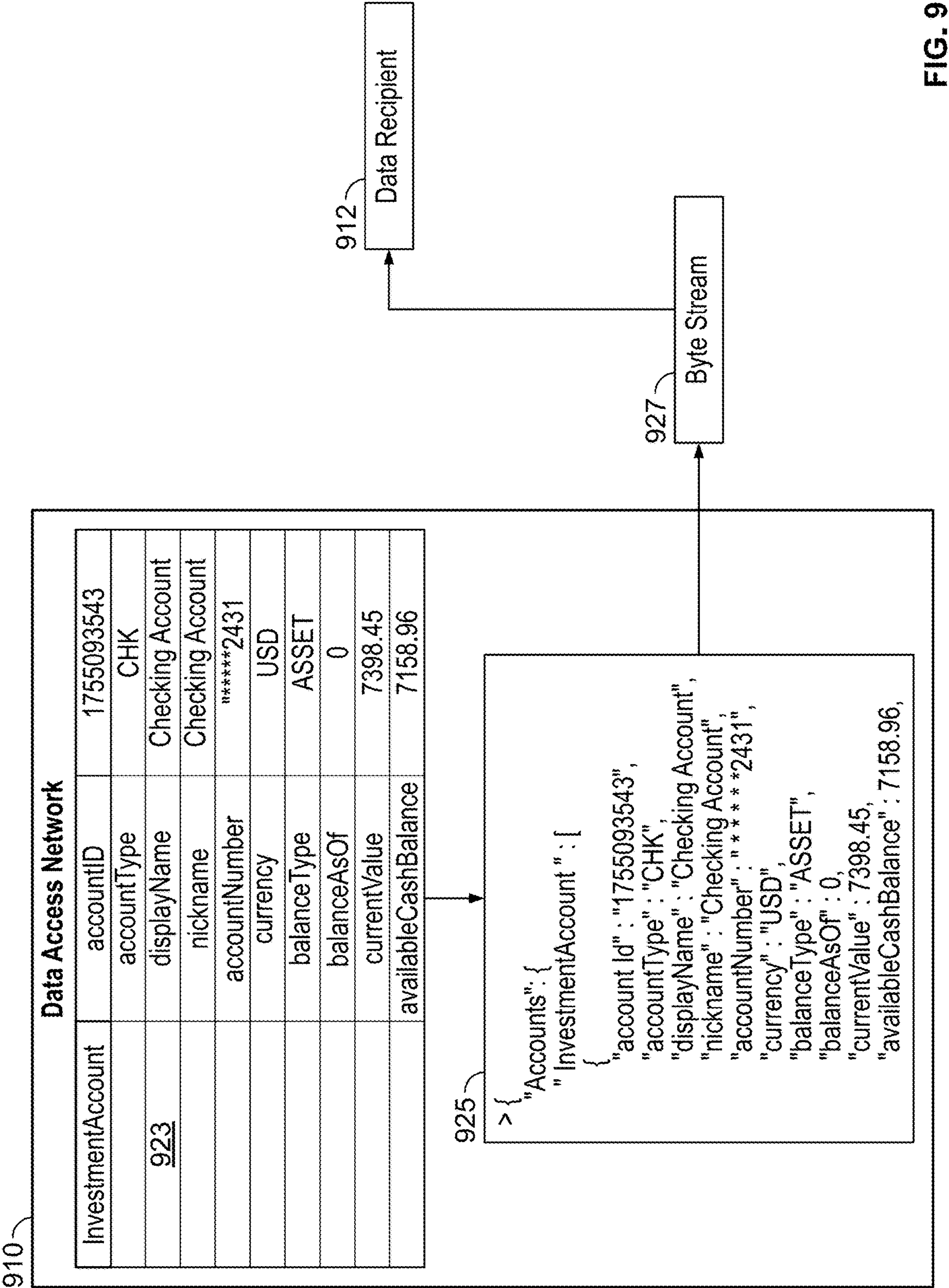


FIG. 8(Cont.)



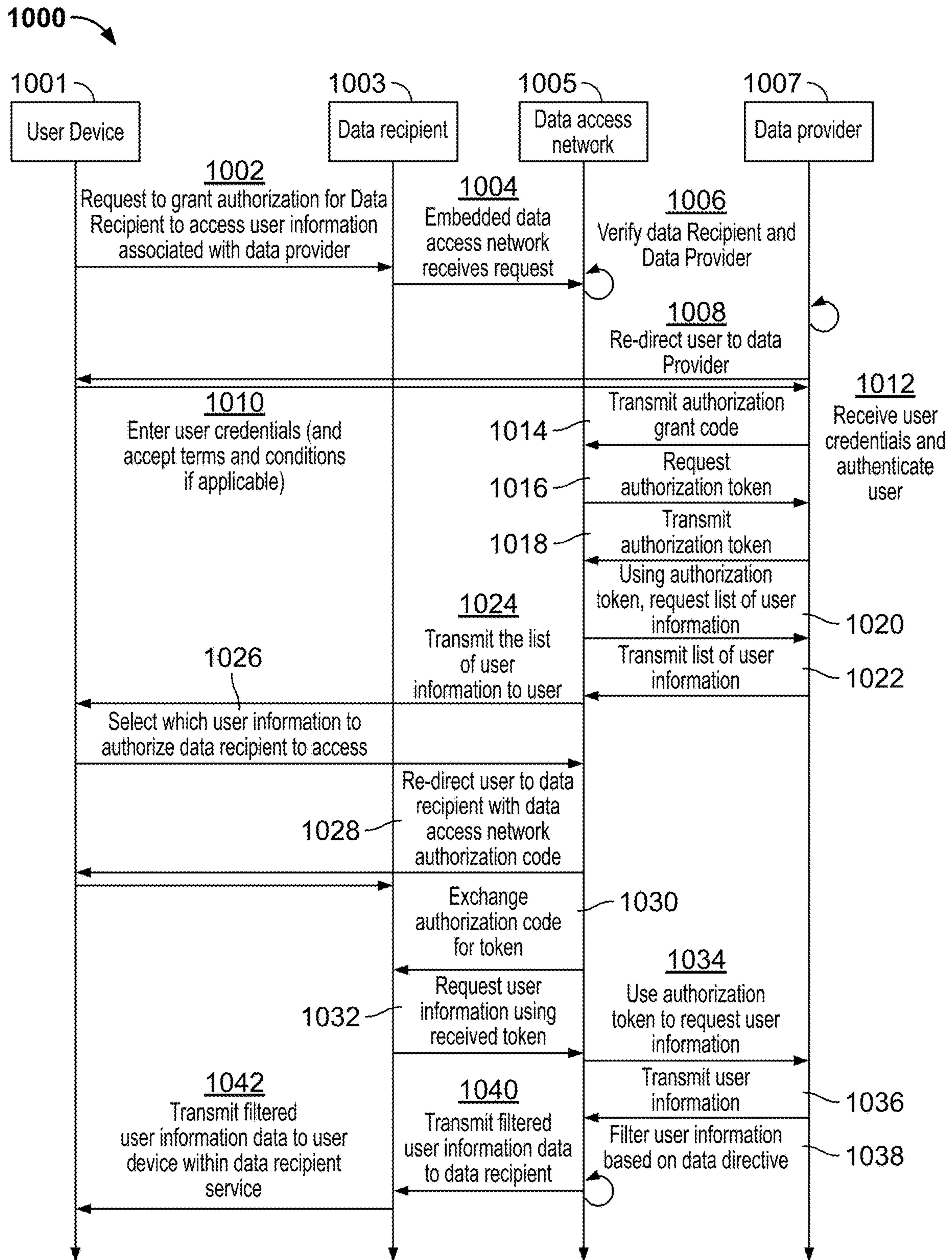


FIG. 10

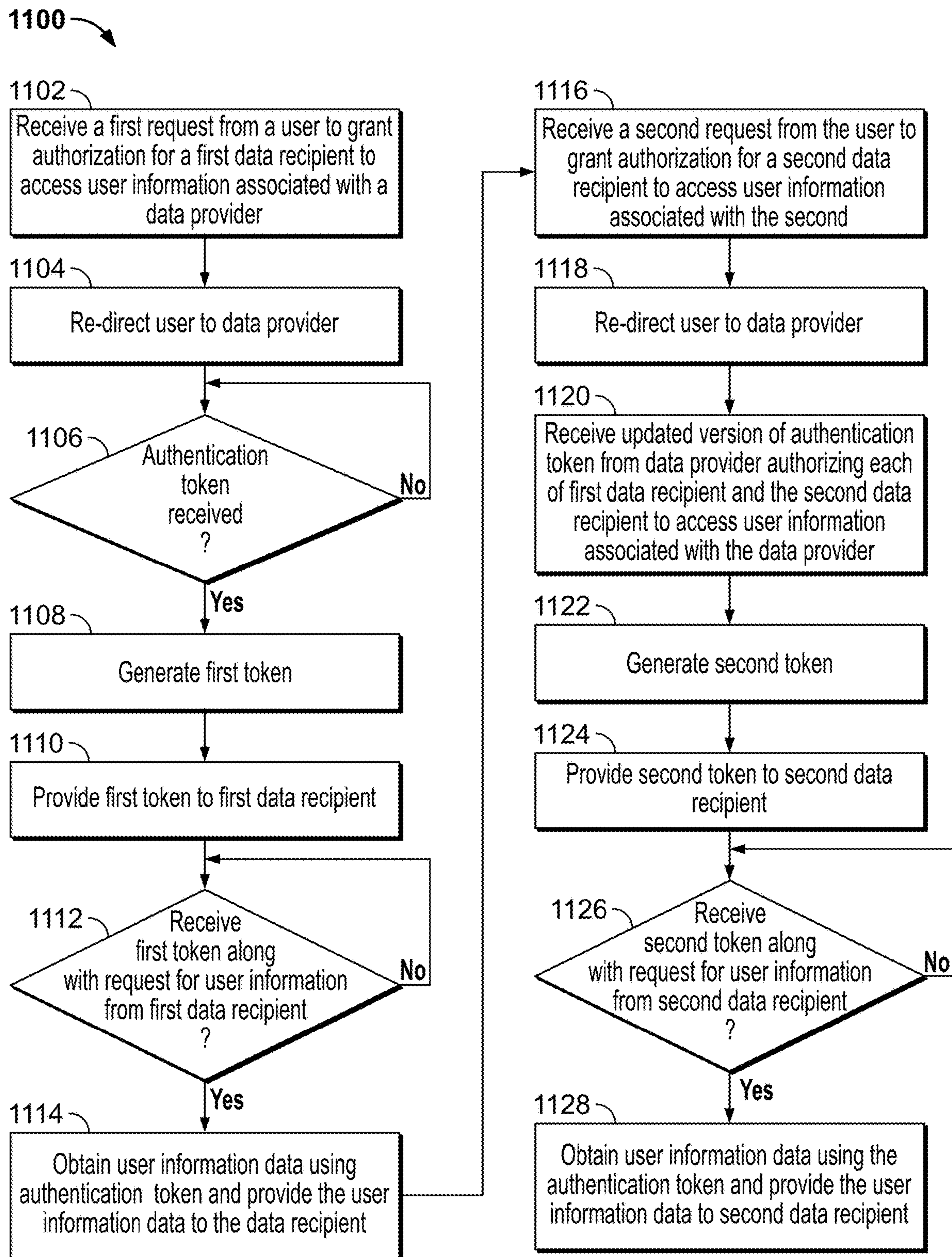


FIG. 11

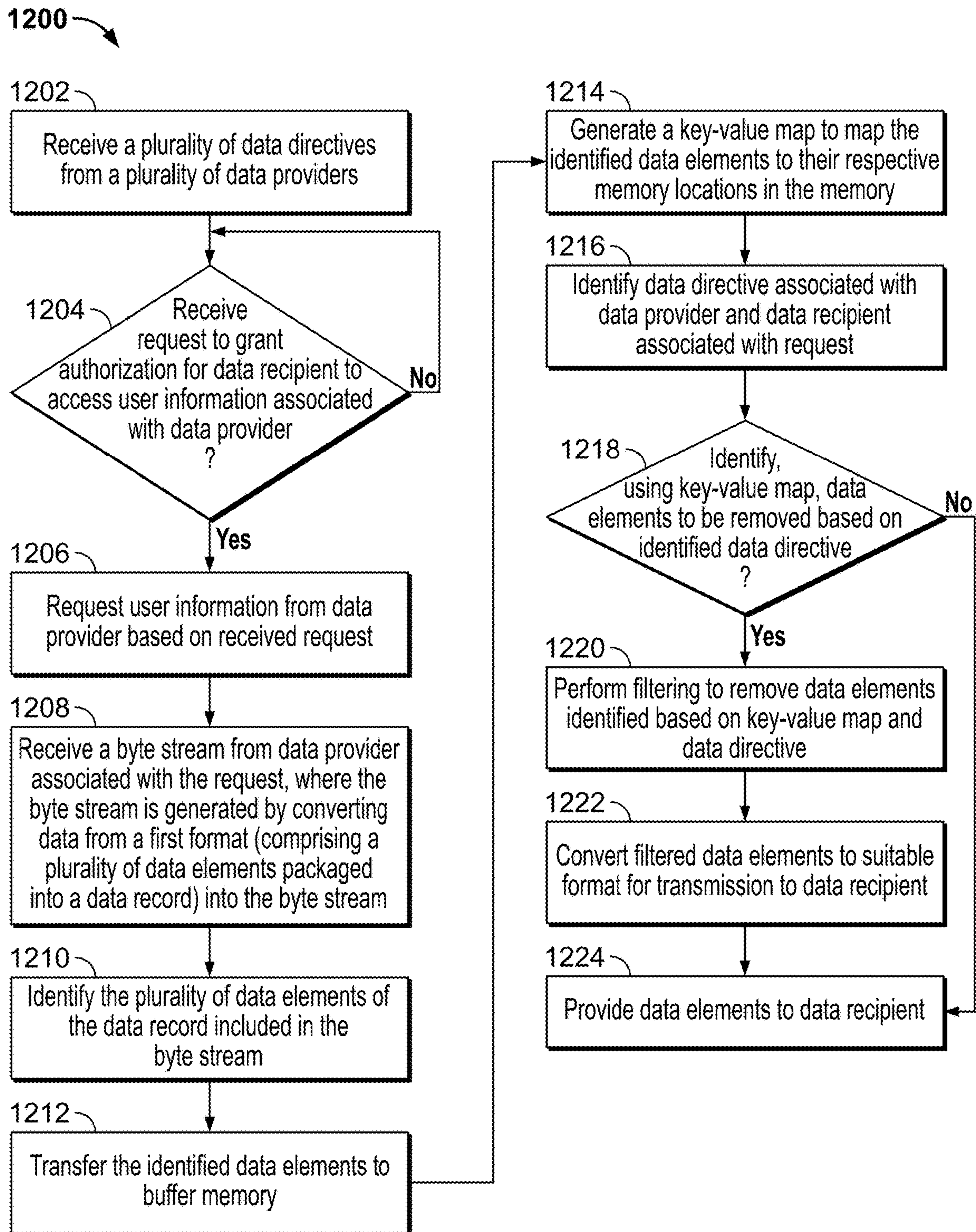
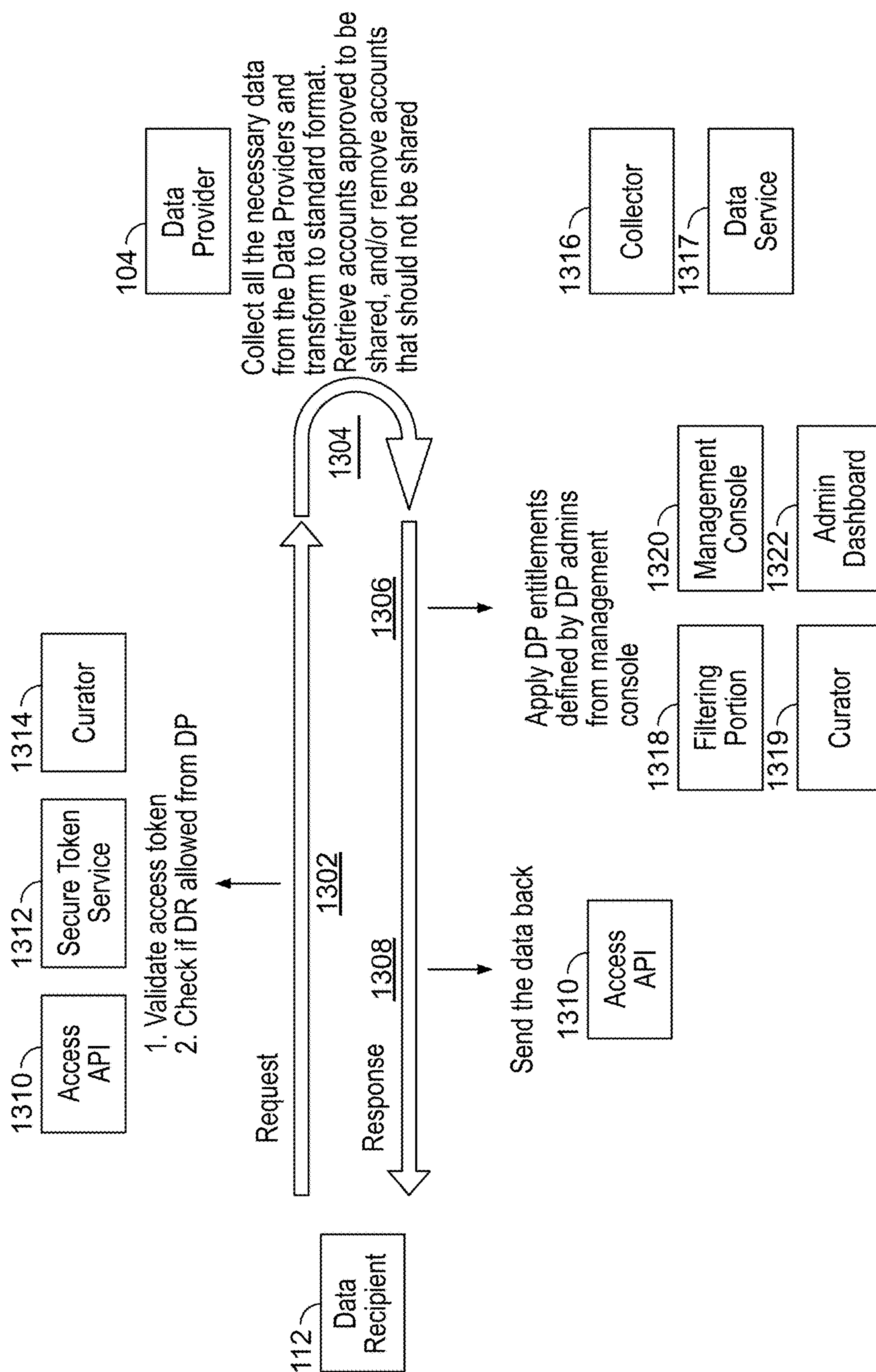


FIG. 12



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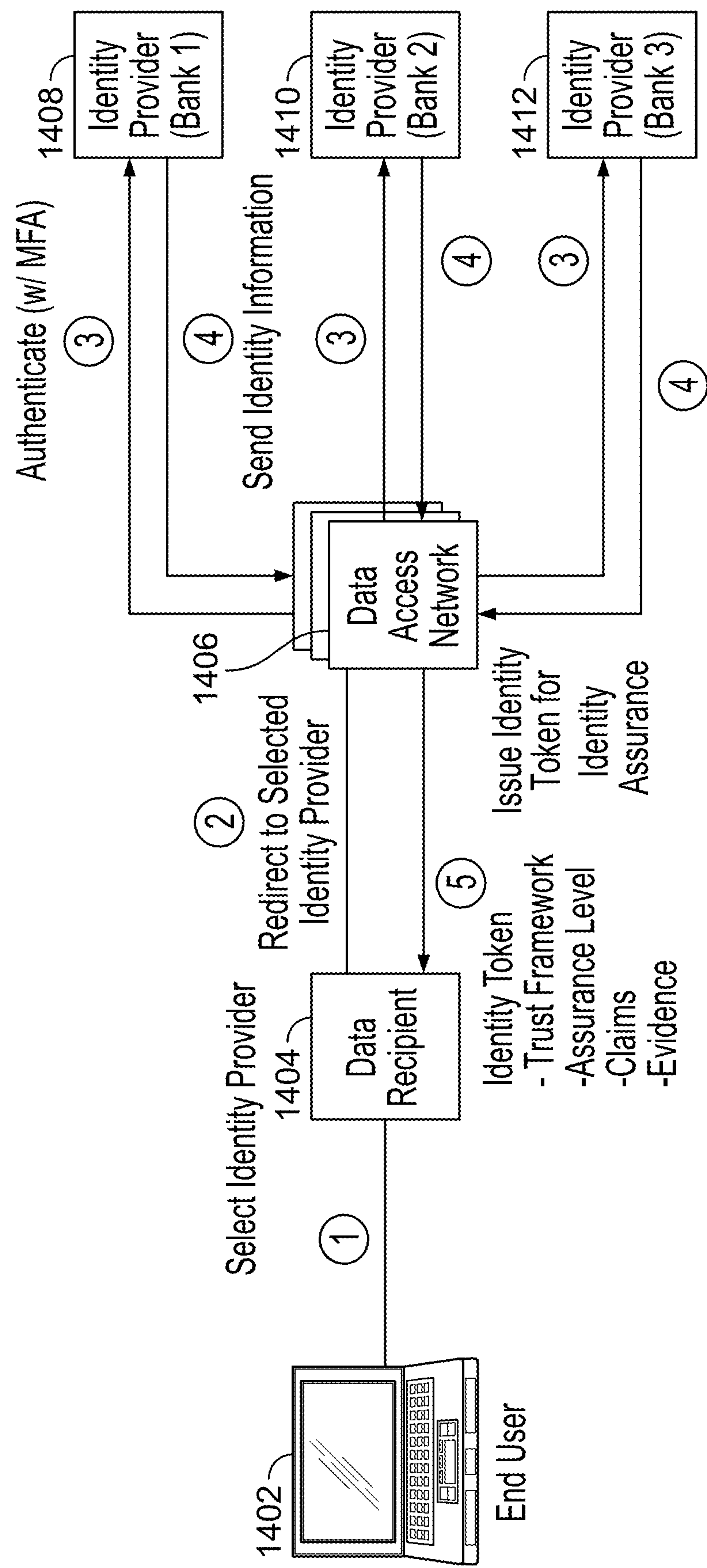


FIG. 14

SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR MANAGING TOKENS AND FILTERING DATA TO CONTROL DATA ACCESS

INTRODUCTION

[0001] This disclosure is directed to systems and methods for managing tokens and filtering data to selectively control access to data. Specifically, techniques are provided for providing a token to a data recipient to enable the data recipient to request user information, and obtaining user information to be sent to the data recipient based on a token received from a data provider. In addition, techniques are provided for filtering data and providing the filtered data to a data recipient based on a data directive associated with a data provider.

SUMMARY

[0002] Technological advances in the transmission, storage and processing of digital information has had a profound impact on almost every aspect of life (e.g., commerce, social interactions, internet of things (IOT) technology, etc.). For example, many organizations desire to obtain a consumer's electronic data for a variety of reasons, e.g., to tailor product and service recommendations to the consumer based on the user's interests and past purchases. However, such organizations may provide little or no opportunity for a user to manage his or her data obtained by the organization. In some cases, an organization may, unbeknownst to the user, have an affiliation with a third party that holds information of the user for long periods of time, which may expose the user to security and/or privacy risks with respect to his or her personal information.

[0003] As an example, in the context of consumer financial data accessible over the Internet, the practice of screen scraping has long been utilized in which a data aggregator is compensated by a financial services company (e.g., a fintech) to capture a user's login credentials in plain text. For example, a user may have an online account with a financial institution (e.g., a bank) and when the user selects an option to connect his or her account to a fintech, a data aggregator acting on behalf of the fintech may prompt the user to enter his or her log-in credentials for the financial institution. Upon receiving the user's log-in credentials, the aggregator copies and stores the login credentials and uses the captured login credentials to access the user's online bank account and scrape all available account information and store such information, and may continue to scrape data from the user's account even after the request to connect the bank with the fintech is completed. The data aggregator may then share the user's bank account information with the fintech (and possibly other parties), and the fintech may also store such information and present the information to the user once the user has successfully connected his or her bank account to the fintech. In addition to the above-described data privacy concerns associated with screen scraping, the practice of screen scraping may require significant computing resources. For example, screen scraping is computationally intensive and requires significant bandwidth and storage resources for the storage of the scraped data for a large number of users.

[0004] In one approach, Application Programming Interfaces (APIs) may be employed as an alternative to screen scraping for financial data access. For example, the bank

may receive a user's login credentials and use APIs to provide the required data to an aggregator or directly to the fintech. However, APIs may be difficult to scale; while many financial institutions have negotiated "bilateral" agreements with aggregators and fintechs to use APIs for data access, there are over 10,000 financial institutions in North America and thousands of fintechs. Moreover, APIs face technical challenges (e.g., limited standardization across API specifications and formats), security challenges (e.g., multiple security assessments and scoring methodologies may result in lost time compared to a common vetting and registration process) and legal challenges (e.g., individual bilateral agreements with differing terms may cause expensive and prolonged negotiations). Thus, there is a need for a convenient and secure mechanism for providing a data recipient access to user data associated with a data provider in a manner that avoids one or more intermediary parties having access to and storing the data.

[0005] Moreover, while it is often desirable for a data provider (e.g., a bank) to limit how much user data is provided to a data recipient (e.g., a fintech) in response to a user request to share data with the data recipient, it may be difficult or time-consuming for the data provider or other entity to filter through the user data and extract only the data suitable for the request. In one approach, an intermediary entity, upon receiving incoming data, may operate on the entire payload of the data at the byte level to determine which data should be filtered. However, such approach is time-consuming when considered in the context of a number of operations on data such an entity is required to perform. In addition, the intermediary entity often retains any of the information operated on in persistent storage, including confidential and/or personal data of a user. Thus, there is a need for a better technique for filtering user data to ensure that no more data than necessary flows to a data recipient, while at the same time avoiding the practice of permitting unauthorized parties to maintain confidential or personally identifiable information data of a user, e.g., via the practice of screen scraping, and to avoid the aforementioned significant usage of computing resources associated with the widespread practice of screen scraping.

[0006] To overcome the above-mentioned problems, systems and methods are provided herein for, in response to receiving a user request to share certain information of the user that is associated with a data provider with a data recipient, employing one or more tokens to ensure each data recipient or data provider is authorized to access and/or provide access to user information data, without providing user credentials to unauthorized or unnecessary parties. In some embodiments, a token may be updated based on additional data recipients being granted access to the user information. In some embodiments, a key-value map data structure may be employed to filter data in accordance with a data directive received from a data provider, to efficiently analyze data received from the data provider and provide only data permitted by the data directive to a data recipient.

[0007] In some embodiments, processing circuitry may be configured to receive a request to grant authorization for a data recipient to access user information associated with a data provider, where the request is initiated by a user interacting with a service associated with the data recipient, and in response to receiving the request, re-direct the user from the service associated with the data recipient to an authenticator associated with the data provider, where the

re-directing notifies the data provider of the request. The processing circuitry may be configured to receive a first token from the data provider indicating the user has been successfully authenticated by the authenticator, and provide a second token to the data recipient. In response to receiving the second token along with a request for user information from the data recipient, user information data may be obtained from the data provider using the first token and provided to the data recipient.

[0008] In some embodiments, the service associated with the data recipient is a web page or application, and the request to grant authorization is received by an intermediary entity, where executable instructions of the intermediary entity are executable to re-direct the user to the authenticator of the data provider. In some embodiments, receiving the first token from the data provider indicating the user has been successfully authenticated by the authenticator comprises: receiving an authorization grant code from the data provider, and in response to receiving the authorization grant code from the data provider, requesting the first token from the data provider. In some embodiments, prior to performing the re-directing, the processing circuitry may be configured to verify the data provider, and determine whether the data recipient, associated with the request to grant authorization, has been authorized by the data provider to access the user information, determine whether the data provider is authorized to provide access to the user information data. In some embodiments, the processing circuitry may be further configured to request, using the first token, a list of accounts or products that the user has with the data provider and receive the list of accounts or products from the data provider. The processing circuitry may be further configured to cause a graphical user interface to be generated for display, where the graphical user interface comprises the list of accounts or products that the user has with the data provider, and a selectable option, for each of the accounts or products, to selectively share with the data recipient information associated with respective accounts or products of the user with the data provider.

[0009] In some embodiments, the processing circuitry may be further configured to request, using the first token, a list of accounts or products that the user has with the data provider, and receive the list of accounts or products from the data provider, where the list of accounts or products specifies which accounts or products the data recipient is to be granted access to (which may be different from a list of accounts or products of the user with the data provider that other entities are to be granted access to). In some embodiments, providing the second token to the data recipient comprises generating the second token, wherein the second token is associated with a list of accounts or products that the user has with the data provider to which the data recipient is granted access, generating an authorization grant code associated with the second token, re-directing the user to the data recipient and transmitting the authorization grant code to the first data recipient, and in response to receiving the authorization grant code back from the data recipient, transmitting the second token to the data recipient. In some embodiments, the second token is generated by an intermediary entity and is stored by the intermediary entity without any personally identifiable information of the user, where re-directing the user from the service associated with the data recipient to the authenticator associated with the data provider may comprise providing an indication to the data

provider that the intermediary entity is re-directing the user to the data provider on behalf of the data recipient, and the intermediary entity may be transparent to the user within user interfaces provided by the data recipient and the data provider.

[0010] In some embodiments, processing circuitry may be configured to receive a first request from a user to grant authorization for a first data recipient to access user information associated with a data provider and a second request from the user to grant authorization for a second data recipient to access user information associated with the data provider. The processing circuitry may be configured to receive an authentication token from the data provider, where the authentication token enables access to user information associated with the data provider, generate a first token for the first data recipient and a second token (e.g., different from the first token) for the second data recipient, and provide the first token to the first data recipient and providing the second token to the second data recipient. In response to receiving the first token along with a request for user information from the first data recipient, the processing circuitry may be configured to obtain user information data using the authentication token and providing the user information data to the first data recipient, and in response to receiving the second token along with a request for user information from the second data recipient, obtain user information data using the authentication token and providing the user information data to the second data recipient.

[0011] In some embodiments, processing circuitry may be configured to receive the first request prior to the second request, where the authentication token is received after the first request and prior to the second request, and the authentication token indicates that the first data recipient is granted access to user information associated with the data provider. In addition, an updated version of the authentication token may be received after the second request, where the updated version of the authentication token indicates that each of the first data recipient and the second data recipient is granted access to user information associated with the data provider. In some embodiments, the first data recipient or the second data recipient also acts as a data provider. In some embodiments, an identity token comprising personally identifiable information of the user may be generated and embedded in the first token and the second token.

[0012] In some embodiments, the provided systems and methods further comprise identifying, based on an indication from the data provider, that an account or product that the user has with the data provider should not be shared with the first data recipient and the second data recipient, and causing the identified account or product to be omitted from a list of accounts or products provided via the graphical user interface.

[0013] In some embodiments, the provided systems and methods further comprise, for each time a new request is received from the user to grant authorization to a new candidate data recipient to access user information associated with the data provider: generating an updated version of the authentication token, wherein the updated authentication token indicates that each of the first data recipient, the second data recipient, and the new candidate data recipient is granted access to user information associated with the data provider; generating a third token for the new candidate data recipient; and in response to receiving the third token along with a request for user information from the new candidate

data recipient, obtaining user information data using the authentication token and providing the user information data to the new candidate data recipient.

[0014] In some embodiments, processing circuitry may be configured to receive a byte stream from a data provider, and identifying a plurality of data elements of a data record included in the byte stream. The processing circuitry may be configured to transfer the identified data elements to buffer memory, and generate a key-value map to map the identified data elements to their respective memory locations in the buffer memory. The processing circuitry may be further configured to perform, based on a data directive (e.g., received from the data provider) and using the key-value map, filtering of the data elements, and provide the filtered data elements to a data recipient. In some embodiments, the byte stream is generated by converting data from a first format into the byte stream, wherein the first format comprises a plurality of data elements packaged into a data record.

[0015] In some embodiments, the buffer memory is a temporary memory to which the filtered data elements are transferred for processing; and the filtered data elements are deleted from the temporary memory in response to performing the filtering. The filtered data elements may not include any personally identifiable information of a user. In some embodiments, the processing circuitry may receive the data directive from the data provider in advance, where the data directive specifies which data elements of the plurality of data elements are permitted to be provided to the data recipient. In some embodiments, the processing circuitry may be configured to receive a plurality of data directives from the data provider for respective data recipients, where each of the plurality of data directives specifies a different combination of data elements that are permitted to be provided to a respective data recipient. In some embodiments, the processing circuitry is further configured to receive user selection of an account of the data provider to provide the data recipient access to, wherein the filtered data elements provided to the data recipient comprise data from the user selected account.

[0016] In some embodiments, the processing circuitry may be configured to perform the filtering of the data elements by identifying, using the key-value map, locations in memory of data elements of the data record that match (and locations of data elements of the data record that do not match) permissible data elements specified in the data directive, and delete from memory the data elements of the data record that do not match permissible data elements specified in the data directive. In some embodiments, prior to providing the filtered data elements to the data recipient, the processing circuitry may be configured to convert the data elements to a format suitable for providing the data to the data recipient, which may match the first format from which the data is converted into the byte stream. In some embodiments, filtering of the data elements comprises masking a predefined number of characters of a data element of the identified data elements such that only a subset of the characters of the data element are readable.

[0017] In some embodiments, input/output circuitry may be configured to receive at an intermediary entity a token from a data provider that enables access to a user's data at a data provider, where the token is received without the intermediary entity receiving user credentials, and receive a request from a data recipient to receive data from the data

provider, where the token is required to access the data. Processing may be configured to receive data from the data provider using the token, filter the received data, based on a data directive associated with the data provider, to identify which data the data recipient is permitted to access, and provide the identified data to the data recipient. Executable code of the intermediary entity may be executable to re-direct the user from respective web pages or applications associated with the data recipient to the provider.

[0018] In some embodiments, the processing circuitry may be configured to receive a request from a data recipient to access information from a data provider associated with a user, wherein the request comprises a data recipient token. The processing circuitry may be further configured to validate the request, and in response to validating the request, transmit a secondary token to the data provider. The processing circuitry may be further configured to receive the information from the data provider, generate a package of authorized information based on the information received from the data provider, and transmit the package of authorized information to the data recipient.

[0019] In some embodiments, the processing circuitry may be configured to validate the request by: validating the data recipient token; and determining whether the data recipient is authorized by the data provider. In some embodiments, the processing circuitry is configured to transmit the package of authorized information to the data recipient further by: transmitting as the package of authorized information only information from accounts or products of the user with the data provider having been previously authorized by the user for the data recipient. In some embodiments, the processing circuitry is further configured to: identify, based on the information received from the data provider, certain categories of data not permitted to be shared with the data recipient; and remove the identified categories of data from the package of authorized information. In some embodiments, the data recipient token is generated by an intermediary entity; and the secondary token is generated by the data provider in response to authenticating the user. In some embodiments, the processing circuitry is further configured to receive the secondary token from the data provider after the user is authenticated, where the data provider authenticates the user in response to executable instructions of the intermediary entity being executed to re-direct the user from a web page or application associated with the data recipient to the data provider.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0020] The above and other objects and advantages of the present disclosure will be apparent upon consideration of the following detailed description, taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which like reference characters refer to like parts throughout, and in which:

[0021] FIG. 1 shows a block diagram of an illustrative system for selectively providing data to a data recipient, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure;

[0022] FIG. 2 shows a block diagram of an illustrative system for selectively providing data to a data recipient, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure;

[0023] FIG. 3 shows a block diagram of an illustrative system for enabling a data provider to connect to multiple data recipients, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure;

[0024] FIG. 4 shows a block diagram of token management system for selectively providing data to a data recipient, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure;

[0025] FIG. 5 shows exemplary interfaces provided to data recipients and data providers, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure;

[0026] FIG. 6 shows exemplary interfaces provided to users, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure;

[0027] FIG. 7 shows a block diagram of an illustrative system for token management and selectively providing data to a data recipient, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure;

[0028] FIG. 8 shows a block diagram of an illustrative system for selectively providing data to a data recipient, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure;

[0029] FIG. 9 shows a block diagram of an illustrative system for selectively providing data to a data recipient, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure;

[0030] FIG. 10 is a flowchart of a detailed illustrative process for managing tokens for selectively providing data to a data recipient, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure;

[0031] FIG. 11 is a flowchart of a detailed illustrative process for managing tokens for selectively providing data to multiple data recipients, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure;

[0032] FIG. 12 is a flowchart of a detailed illustrative process for filtering data based on a data directive to selectively provide data to a data recipient, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure;

[0033] FIG. 13 is a flowchart of a detailed illustrative process for transmitting a package of authorized information to a data recipient, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure; and

[0034] FIG. 14 is a flowchart of a detailed illustrative process for generating an identity token, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0035] FIG. 1 shows a block diagram of an illustrative system 100 for selectively providing data to a data recipient, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure. System 100 includes one or more data providers 104, 106, 108 which may comprise servers and/or databases associated with a particular entity (e.g., a financial institution such as, for example, a bank). User devices 118, 120, 122 may be associated with a user (e.g., user 204 of FIG. 2) having an account with, or having purchased products associated with or offered by, one or more of data provider 104, 106, 108. For example, data provider 104 may store information related to a bank account of user 204, that user 204 previously subscribed to with data provider 104. Data access network 110 may be configured to act as an intermediary between data providers 104, 106, 108 and data recipients 112, 114, 116 (e.g., servers and/or databases associated with a financial services company, such as a fintech, an aggregator, RIA platform, payroll processing entity, credit card entity, other banking entity, etc.). Network 102 may comprise any suitable network (e.g., the

[0036] Internet, including a WAN and/or a LAN) over which data access network 110, data providers 104, 106, 108, data recipients 112, 114, 116 and user devices 118, 120,

122 may communicate. In some embodiments, a particular entity may be capable of taking on a role as both a data provider and a data recipient, depending on the circumstances of a particular transaction or the entities involved in the particular instance. For example, in one instance, data provider 104 may act as a data provider, but in another instance data provider 104 may be configured to act as a data recipient.

[0037] FIG. 2 shows a block diagram of an illustrative system 200 for selectively providing data to a data recipient, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure. At 202, user device 118, 120 or 122 of FIG. 1, being operated by user 204, may be accessing a website or application associated with data recipient 112 of FIG. 1 (which may correspond to data recipient 212). User 204 may request to link one or more accounts he or she has with data provider 206 to data recipient 212. In some embodiments, data access network 210 (e.g., running at least in part on one or more of data access network servers 702; and/or data provider server 706; and/or user device 705; and/or data recipient server 712 of FIG. 7) may be configured to cause such user request received by data recipient 212 to be forwarded to data provider 206 (which may correspond to data provider 106 of FIG. 1). For example, one or more executable instructions may be provided by data access network 210 to data recipient 212 in order to facilitate re-directing user 204 from the service associated with data recipient 112 to a service associated with data provider 206. For example, data access network 210 (which may correspond to data access network 110 of FIG. 1) may provide code (e.g., contained a URL address) to instruct data recipient 112 how to perform re-directing (e.g., by way of an HTTP instruction to a specified location) of a browser or application being accessed by user 204 to an authenticator service provided by data provider 206. In some embodiments, data access network 210 may perform the re-directing of the user request to data provider 206, upon receiving an indication of the user request from data recipient 212, or data access network 210 may cause data recipient 212 to forward the user request to data provider 206 (e.g., to a particular URL address of data provider 206 specified by data access network 210). In some embodiments, the one or more executable instructions provided by data access network 210 may be running in the background, embedded or otherwise integrated in such data recipient 112 website or application.

[0038] Data access network 210 may determine that the user request received by data recipient 212 comprises a request from user device 118 indicating that user 204 desires to share information associated with a user account at data provider 104, which may correspond to a website or an application associated with bank 206) with data recipient 212. In some embodiments, data access network 210 may be transparent to user 204, e.g., from the user experience perspective, the websites or applications user 204 is interacting with remain associated with the data recipient 112 or data provider 104), and such websites or applications may not include an indication of the data access network 210. For example, respective user interfaces provided by data recipient 112 and data provider 104 may not include an indication (e.g., a logo or text or other indicia) of data access network 210.

[0039] In response to receiving the request from user device 118 indicating that user 204 desires to share information associated with a user account at bank 206 with data

recipient **212**, data access network **210** may re-direct user **204** (e.g., accessing the service of data recipient **112** by way of user device **118**) to a website or application associated with data provider **206**, which may be an authenticator application that prompts user **204** to enter his or her account credentials for the account or profile of user **204** with data provider **104**. In some embodiments, the re-directing may be performed by data access network **210** based on a Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) determined by data access network **210** and/or provided by data provider **104** to data access network **210**. In some embodiments, prior to re-directing user **204** operating user device **118** (e.g., running a browser or application of data recipient **212**) to the website or application associated with data provider **104**, data access network **210** may perform a check to ensure that data provider **104** has authorized its users to share information with data recipient **112**, and/or a check to ensure that data provider **104** is a recognized data provider of data access network **210**. For example, data access network **210** may reference one or more databases (e.g., authorized data provider information database **715** of FIG. 7 and/or authorized data recipient information database **717** of FIG. 7) of authorized data recipients and/or data providers in order to perform this determination. In some embodiments, data access network **210** may generate an intermediary header to be placed at a beginning portion of the re-direct request communicated to data provider **104**, to indicate to data provider **104** that data access network **210** is re-directing a user from data recipient **112** to data provider **104**, and that there is a user requesting to share his or her data stored at data provider **104** with data recipient **112**. In some embodiments, the re-directing performed by data access network **210** to a domain of data provider **206** may be over a front channel (e.g., communicated via a browser or user-facing application at user device **118**).

[0040] In some embodiments, at **208**, the authenticator application of data provider **104** (e.g., bank **206**) may perform the authentication of user **204** (e.g., without the involvement of data access network **210**), and thus the credentials of user **204** need not be copied or stored externally by data access network **210** or other third parties. Once user **204** is authenticated, permissioned data may be passed by data provider **206** to data access network **210**, where data access network **210** and data provider **206** may have previously been configured to accept communications from each other. In some embodiments, data provider **206** and data access network **210** may communicate via an Application Programming Interface (API). As referred to herein, an API should be understood as protocols for defining interactions between, and integrating, two pieces of software (which may have distinct functions) by providing expected requests, conventions, and data formats, enabling entities to interact without requiring knowledge of implementation details. In some embodiments, the Financial Data Exchange (FDX) specifications may be utilized to define the above-mentioned APIs. In some embodiments, the APIs may be RESTful APIs which may request and send data in various formats (e.g., JSON, XML, HTML, etc.). The

[0041] FDX-based API may be commonly operable amongst a variety of entities. In some embodiments, data access network **210** may determine whether bank **206** is utilizing the FDX API, and the if data access network **210** determines bank **206** is not utilizing the FDX-based API,

data access network **210** may convert data received from bank **206** into a format that is compatible with the FDX API.

[0042] Data access network **210** may communicate the permissioned data received from bank **206** to one or more data recipients (e.g., one of fintech app **212**, fintech app **214**, fintech app **216** and aggregator **218**). In some embodiments, data access network **210** may filter the data prior to transmitting the data to a data recipient, such as, for example, in accordance with a data directive (e.g., data directive **808** of FIG. 8) received from, or otherwise generated by data access network **210** at the direction of, bank **206**, as discussed in more detail above and below. The data directive may be generated in any suitable manner, e.g., received by data access network **210** from data provider **206**; established by data provider **206** by way of management console **504** of FIG. 5 provided by data access network **210**; and/or data access network **210** may generate the data directive based on instructions and/or a written agreement between data access network **210** and data provider **206**. Thus, in some embodiments, data access network **210** may handle all third-party connections on behalf of bank **206**, to enable the data recipient **212** service (e.g., a website or application) to provide the data received from data access network **210** for presentation to user **204**. For example, if the information relates to a user's bank account with bank **206**, data access network **210** may filter out certain portions of the user's bank account information, and fintech app **212** may present the filtered user information data to the user to enable the user to perform desired actions with his or her information on fintech app **212**.

[0043] FIG. 3 shows a block diagram of an illustrative system **300** for enabling a data provider to connect to multiple data recipients, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure. Data access network **310** may enable each of data providers **302**, **304**, **306** (e.g., a financial institution such as a bank) to connect to one or more of multiple data recipients **312**, **314**, **316** based on a single integration and implementation of data access network **310**. For example, such integration enables data access network **310** to utilize API connections and act as an intermediary between data providers **302** and data recipients **312**, **314**, **316**, to enable data access network **310** to handle all downstream data recipient relationships on behalf of data providers **302**, **304**, **306**, thereby providing reliable and secure FDX-compatible API connections for controlled data sharing between entities. In some embodiments, data access network **310** may provide to data provider **302** communications, e.g., notifications and updates concerning maintenance, data recipient onboarding, and enhancements.

[0044] FIG. 4 shows a block diagram of token management system **400** for selectively providing data to a data recipient, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure. At **402**, user device **420** (e.g., a mobile device, such as, for example, user device **120** of FIG. 1) of user **404** accessing a web site or application of data recipient **412** transmits a request to grant data recipient **412** access to a data provider **406** (e.g., Mikomo Bank) with which user **404** has one or more accounts, e.g., checking account **422**, savings account **424**, basic savings account **426**, money market account **428**. In some embodiments, the request may contain information regarding the scope of access data recipient **412** is requesting (e.g., specify which accounts of the user's with data provider **406**) and/or data access network **410** may store information indicating information

typically required by data recipient **412** in connection with users accounts. In some embodiments, the request may contain information regarding a redirect URI (e.g., where to redirect the browser or application being accessed by user **404** to link his or her account with data provider **406** with his or her account with data recipient **412**, after the user is authenticated at data provider **406**).

[0045] In some embodiments, one or more executable instructions may be provided by data access network **410** (e.g., in an address URL) to be executable to redirect user **404** associated with user device **420** to a login interface **414** of a website or application associated with data provider **406**. In some embodiments, fintech service **412** may notify data access network **410** of the request to link the accounts of user **404** associated with data provider **406**, to enable data access network **410** to process the request. In some embodiments, prior to performing the re-directing, data access network **410** may perform a check to ensure that each of data provider **406** and fintech app **412** is associated with an identifier indicating that such services are validated with data access network **410**. Such re-directing may be performed over a front channel, e.g., a browser or application being accessed by user **404** may be re-directed to a domain of data provider **406**. In some embodiments, data recipients verified by data access network **410** may by default be permitted to request user information from data provider **406** via data access network **410**, e.g., data provider **406** may be provided with an interface (e.g., management console **504** of FIG. 5) to disable certain data recipients that data provider **406** may not desire to provide user information to. Alternatively, data recipients may not be permitted to request user information associated with data provider **406** absent receiving affirmative permission to do so from data provider **406** by way of management console **504** of FIG. 5.

[0046] Data provider **406** may authenticate user **404** based on login credentials received from user device **420**. In some embodiments, OIDC, OAuth 2.0 alone or in conjunction with Open ID Connect protocols, cookies, and/or SAML protocols may be implemented for authorization and/or authentication. In some embodiments, data access network **410** may be configured to standardize multiple types of the authentication techniques used by multiple data providers into a common format, to enable data recipient **412** (and all other data recipients) to communicate with data access network **410** using a single technique. That is, regardless of an authentication format being employed by a particular data provider that a data recipient is requesting authorization to access user data at, the data recipient may be provided with a standard token format by data access network **410**, with which to communicate with data access network **410**. In some embodiments, collector **726** may be utilized to perform this standardization, as discussed in more detail below.

[0047] Once user **404** is authenticated by data provider **406**, data provider **406** may present a user agreement of terms and conditions at interface **418**, and data access network **410** may receive from data provider **406** authorization grant code **419** indicating that user **404** has been authenticated and consented to terms and conditions of data provider **406**. Such terms and conditions may indicate to user **404** the consequences of permitting a third party (e.g., data recipient **412**) access to his or her data with data provider **406**. In some embodiments, access network **410** does not receive, along with the indication that user **404** has been authenticated, information regarding the login creden-

tials (e.g., user name and password) entered by user **404** at log-in interface **414** of data provider **406**, e.g., data access network **410** is not able to determine personally identifiable information or an identity of user **404**. Data access network **410** may transmit authorization grant code **419** back to data provider **406** in order to initiate a request for authentication token **421** from data provider **406**. Authentication token **421** may be usable by data access network **410** to obtain a list of products or accounts purchased or subscribed to by authenticated user **404** with data provider **406**. Data provider **406** may transmit authentication token **421** to data access network **410** in exchange for authorization grant code **419**. In some embodiments, the exchange of authorization grant code **419** and authentication token **421** may occur over a backchannel, e.g., a secure communication channel enabling direct communication between one or more servers (e.g., server **702** of FIG. 7) of data access network **410** to and one or more servers (e.g., server **706** of FIG. 7) of data provider **406**, without being transmitted through a browser or user-facing application of user device **420**.

[0048] In some embodiments, using the received authentication token **421** of data provider **406**, data access network **410** may request a product and/or account list of user **404** for selection and transmission to data recipient **412**, and cause the product and/or account list of user **404** to be generated for display at graphical user interface (GUI) **423**. GUI **423** may be provided by data access network **410** and/or data provider **406** and may permit user **404** to selectively indicate which accounts or products to share with data recipient **412** (e.g., checking account **422**, savings account **424** and basic savings account **426**) and which accounts or products not to share with data recipient **412** to access (e.g., money market account **428**). For example, each account or product may be associated with a selectable option (e.g., check mark) to specify whether a data recipient should be granted access to information associated with that account or product. In some embodiments, in presenting GUI **423**, the look and feel, and/or formatting style of data provider **406** may be employed, e.g., even if being hosted by data access network **410**. For example, data access network **410** may store stylistic information (e.g., a logo and color scheme for each data provider), and cause display of GUI **423** based on the identified stylistic information of the data provider.

[0049] In some embodiments, the website or application associated with data provider **406** may query data access network **410** through APIs to receive and/or transmit information regarding how many and which accounts are selected. For example, data access network **410** may cause, based on receiving an API call from data provider **406**, GUI **423** to be generated for display by enabling data provider **406** to generate for display GUI **423** in connection with a webpage or application associated with data provider **406**. For example, data provider **406** may provide GUI **423**, to enable user **404** to control which or how much data to share with data recipient **412**. In some embodiments, GUI **423** may reflect each account user **404** has with data provider **406**, e.g., user **404** may have four total accounts with data provider **406** from among each of the accounts or products offered by data provider **406** (e.g., 100 total accounts or products). In some embodiments, GUI **423** may provide an option that enables a user to sign up or purchase new accounts or products from data provider **406**, e.g., where selection of such option causes user **404** to be re-directed to an application or website of data provider **406** to subscribe

to or purchase new accounts or products offered by data provider **406**. For example, upon selecting such option, data provider **406** may present additional account offerings, e.g., a college savings account, that the user does not currently have with data provider **406**.

[0050] In some embodiments, data provider **406** may determine that information related to certain accounts or products should not be provided to any data recipient. For example, if data provider **406** determines that information related a particular product or account (e.g., an escrow account) should not be provided to any data recipients, an icon associated with such product or account may not be displayed at GUI **423** (or may be displayed as grayed out icon that is not selectable). In some embodiments, data provider **406** may determine that information related to certain accounts or products should not be provided to a particular data recipient. For example, if data provider **406** determines that a particular product account type (e.g., a health savings account) should not be provided to a particular data recipient (e.g., Venmo), an icon associated with such product or account may not be displayed at GUI **423** (or may be displayed as grayed out icon that is not selectable) if user **404** is attempting to link his or her products or accounts with data provider **406** with such particular data recipient. In some embodiments, upon receiving selection at GUI **423** of a particular account from which information may be shared with data recipient **412**, such selections may be stored at any suitable data structure (e.g., an authorized accounts selection database), such as, for example, in connection with an account ID.

[0051] Once data access network **410** and/or data provider **406** receives selection by user **404** of option **430** of GUI **423** to submit the selected products or accounts, data access network **410** may redirect user **404** back to data recipient **412** e.g., as shown at interface **432** indicating that the user's request to link his or her accounts with data provider **406** with data recipient **412** has been successfully completed. Data access network **410** may additionally generate and transmit to data recipient **412** authorization grant code **434**. Authorization grant code **434** may be associated with the indicated accounts and/or products **422, 424, 426** of user **404** with data provider **406** that data recipient **412** has been authorized to access data from. Data recipient **412** may transmit authorization grant code **434** back to data access network **410**, e.g., to call the APIs of data access network **410**, causing data access network **410** to provide a token **436** (e.g., a first data access identifier token) to data recipient **412** in exchange for authorization grant code **434**. In some embodiments, first data access identifier token **436** may be unique to the particular user, data provider and data recipient combination, e.g., a different data recipients linked to the user's accounts with the same data provider may be provided with a different data access identifier token. In some embodiments, authorization grant code **434** may be transmitted to data recipient **412** together when the user is re-directed back to data recipient **412**.

[0052] In some embodiments, the exchange of authorization grant code **434** and token **436** may occur over a backchannel, e.g., a secure communication channel enabling direct communication between a server (e.g., server **702** of FIG. 7) of data access network **410** and a server (e.g., server **706** of FIG. 7) of data provider **406**, without being transmitted through a browser or user-facing application. In some embodiments, one or more of authorization grant code **434**

and token **436** may indicate which data categories that data recipient **412** has been permitted by user **404** to access and/or an information regarding when code **434** or token **436** expires. In some embodiments, no personally identifiable information of user **404** is stored in association with, or is represented by, token **436**. In some embodiments, data access network **410** may generate an identifier or hash value associated with user **404**, without any identifying information. Data access network **410** may cause token **436**, and other tokens issued by data access network **410** and/or other entities, to be stored (e.g., at storage **710** of FIG. 7). In some embodiments, token **436** is valid only for data recipient **412** and is recognized by data provider **406** only if received from data access network **410**, e.g., if token **436** were to be received by data provider **406** directly from data recipient **412**, data provider **406** may refrain from providing user information data to data recipient **412**.

[0053] Data recipient **412** may use token **436** received from data access network **410** to request from data access network **410** account and/or product details of user **404** with data provider **406** (e.g., by appending or otherwise attaching token **436** to the request). In some embodiments, data recipient **412** may include with the request a re-direct URI indicating a resource location at which data access network **410** may transmit permissioned data to data recipient **412**. Data access network **410** may use authentication token **421**, received from data provider **406**, to request permissioned data associated with accounts and/or products of user **404** with data provider **406**. Upon receiving such permissioned data, data access network **410** may reference a data entitlements directive associated with data provider **406**, which specifies which data from the permissioned data is permissible to grant data recipient **412** access to. The data directive may have been previously generated by data provider **406** and provided to data access network **410**, and/or an updated version of the data directive may be transmitted from data provider **406** to data access network **410** along with the requested permissioned data. Additionally or alternatively, data access network **410** may generate the data directive based on instructions provided by data provider **406**.

[0054] Data access network **410** may perform filtering of the received data based on the data directive, as discussed in more detail above and below. In some embodiments, the filtered data may be stored in a buffer (e.g., buffer memory **729** of FIG. 7), and deleted from the buffer after being transmitted to data recipient **412** (or in response to determining a data element is not authorized to be sent to a particular data recipient). For example, a particular data recipient may be determined by data access network **410** as unauthorized to receive certain data elements (e.g., based on a data directive associated with data provider **406**) and such data elements may be deleted from buffer memory **729** prior to transmitting the filtered data to data recipient **412**. In some embodiments, deleting data from buffer memory **729** may correspond to overwriting the data with new incoming data so as to permanently remove, purge, or flush the filtered or unauthorized data from buffer **729** and render the filtered or unauthorized data inaccessible. In some embodiments, the filtered data elements may be deleted immediately after transmission to data recipient **412** or within a predefined period of time after transmission (e.g., any appropriate or suitable amount of time, such as, for example, less than one second; less than thirty seconds; or less than one minute). In some embodiments, deleting the filtered data from buffer

memory 729 may correspond to replacing the filtered data with a value indicating the particular data field is eligible to be reallocated for other purposes.

[0055] Data access network 410 may transmit the filtered data (e.g., user information data) to data recipient 412 to enable data recipient 412 to present such data via interface 438 at user device 420 of user 404. As discussed, the system of FIG. 4 may enable users to authenticate, select accounts, and permission data to flow from their data provider through the data access network and to a third-party data recipient (e.g., a fintech app), while avoiding sharing with third parties the login information of the user. In some embodiments, upon expiration of one or more of token 421 and 436, user 404 may be required to log-in and/or agree to terms and services at interface 418 to continue sharing permissioned information with data recipient 412.

[0056] In some embodiments, data access network 410 may determine that user 404 desires to link his or her account or product information associated with data provider 406 to an additional data recipient (e.g., data recipient 314 of FIG. 3), in addition to data recipient 412. For example, data access network 410 may provide one or more executable instructions (e.g., in a URL address) to an application, website or other service associated with data recipient 314, which may be executable to re-direct user 404 to data access network 410 and/or data provider 406, which may receive a request to share with data recipient 314 account information of user 404 with data provider 406. In some embodiments, data recipient 314 may notify data access network 410 of this request. Data access network 410 may redirect user 404 accessing the website or application of data recipient 314 to log-in at interface 414 provided by data provider 406, and receive an indication from data provider 406 once data recipient 314 has been successfully authenticated and agreed to terms and services of data provider 406 at interface 418. In some embodiments, interface 418 may not be provided to user 404 since user 404 may have previously agreed to the terms and conditions of the user agreement provided by data provider 406.

[0057] Data access network 410 may receive from data provider 406 an updated version of token 421 previously received from data provider 406 in connection with granting data recipient 412 access to information of user 404. For example, token 421 may be updated to include an indication that data recipient 314 is now being granted access to at least some of the user information, in addition to data recipient 412. In some embodiments, either data access network 410 or data provider 406 may perform the updating of the tokens. Data access network 410 and/or data provider 406 may use such updated version of token 421 to request user information and present a screen similar to GUI 423, to permit user 404 to specify which accounts or products data recipient 314 is to be granted access to. In some embodiments, data provider 406 may provide GUI 423 to user 404 at user device 420. In some embodiments, data access network 410 may perform the updating of authentication token 421, based on information or instructions received from data provider 406. Such updating of authentication token 421 may be performed by data provider 406 and/or data access network 410 each time a new request is received from user 404 to grant authorization to a new candidate data recipient to access user information associated with data provider 406. That is, authentication token 421 may comprise an indication of each data recipient previously authorized by

the user to access user data at a particular data provider 406 (e.g., first data recipient 412, second data recipient 314, any previously authorized candidate data recipients, and the new candidate data recipient). In some embodiments, authentication token 421 may further comprise an identity token associated with a particular user, as discussed in more detail in connection with FIG. 14, which may be employed to transmit PII data to one or more data recipients.

[0058] Data access network 410 may receive selections of certain products and/or accounts displayed at GUI 423, and may generate a second data access identifier token associated with data recipient 314 that is distinct from first data access identifier token 436 associated with data recipient 412. That is, data access network 410 may, based on instructions received from data provider 406, maintain and issue separate data access identifier tokens for each of data recipient 412 and data recipient 314, although each of such data access identifier tokens may be associated with requesting access to data of user 404 stored in association with data provider 406. In some embodiments, authentication token 421 is associated only with data provider 406, e.g., a different data provider may be provided with a different authentication token in the event a user desires to link his or her account with such different data provider to a data recipient. In some embodiments, user 404 may specify at GUI 423 that a different set of accounts or products should be provided to data recipient 314 as compared to data recipient 412, and data access network 410 may separately track such differing accounts or products of user 404 with data provider 406 that the respective data recipients have been granted access to.

[0059] Data access network 410 may provide the second data access identifier token from data recipient 314, e.g., in exchange for a grant authorization grant code previously transmitted to data recipient 314, and may use the second data access identifier token to request user information of user 404 and associated with data provider 406. In some embodiments, data provider 406 may provide a data directive for data recipient 314 that differs from the data directive for data recipient 412, which may result in data access network 410 performing filtering of user information in a different manner depending on the data recipient. Thus, interface 438 provided by data recipient 314 may provide different information (e.g., user information data) from interface 438 for data recipient 314 (e.g., based on differing use selections at GUI 423 and/or differing data directives for the data recipients). It should be appreciated that data access control network 410 may provide connections between any number of users, data providers and data recipients. In some embodiments, if a data recipient receives an indication from user 404 that its access to user information associated with data provider 406 is being terminated or revoked, the data recipient may notify data access network 410, which in turn may notify data provider 406.

[0060] Data access network 410 may employ a data access API based on Financial Data Exchange (FDX) specifications, to enable data recipients to request consumer-permissioned data to flow from a data provider through data access network 410. In some embodiments, through data mapping and API integration, data access network 410 may translate responses from data providers (even those with proprietary APIs) into a common format, enabling expected and standard API responses which may mitigate the need for proprietary APIs, thereby reducing development costs. Exem-

play code which may be utilized by the data access API is shown below (e.g., corresponding to interface 438 of FIG. 4):

```
> curl --request GET \
  --url https://akoya.com/akoya/access/filId/accountsdetails/t1/v1 \
  --header 'akoyaId: akoyaid-test'
> {
  "Accounts": {
    "InvestmentAccount": [
      {
        "accountId": "1755093543",
        "accountType": "CHK",
        "displayName": "Checking Account",
        "nickname": "Checking Account",
        "accountNumber": "*****2431",
        "currency": "USD",
        "balanceType": "ASSET",
        "balanceAsOf": 0,
        "currentValue": 7398.45,
        "availableCashBalance": 7158.96,
        "transactions": [
          {
            "transactionId": "152652715",
            "transactionTimestamp": "1588219200",
            "description": "Megastore",
            "status": "POSTED",
            "amount": -65.98
          },
          {
            "transactionId": "178426915",
            "transactionTimestamp": "1587528000",
            "description": "Coffee Shop",
```

[0061] FIG. 5 shows exemplary interfaces provided to data recipients and data providers, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure. Data access network 510 may be configured to provide (e.g., via data access network server 110 of FIG. 1, and/or installed at least in part on data provider server 104 of FIG. 1) management console 504 to enable data providers to self-manage their connections and configure their settings in data access network 510, e.g., to review and approve data recipients as well as determine which use cases to present to a given recipient. Management console 504 may include products portion 516 where data provider 506 can manage information (e.g., Account ID, Account Type, Balance as of a certain date, Currency) related to a particular user account that data recipient 512 has been granted access to, a portion 518 regarding data recipients having been granted access to user accounts associated with data provider 506, and products portion 516 identifying products of data provider 506 that one or more data recipients 512 have been granted access to. Data access network 510 may additionally or alternatively be configured to provide (e.g., via data access network server 110 of FIG. 1, and/or installed at least in part on data recipient 112 of FIG. 1) data recipient hub 505 to provide data recipients (e.g., aggregators and/or fintechs) the ability to manage their connection to data providers, such as, for example, data provider 506. For example, data recipient 512 may view information regarding checking account 520, loan account 522, and savings account 524 that data recipient 512 may have been granted access to by a user having such accounts with data provider 406.

[0062] In some embodiments, management console 504 may enable data provider 506 and/or data access network 510 to revoke access to a data recipient on-the-fly, e.g., upon determining the particular data recipient has been compromised. In some embodiments, management console 504 may

enable data provider 506 to specify, or otherwise instruct data access network 510, that data (or requests to access user data stored at data provider 506) should not be sent to data provider 506 (or data recipient 512) at certain times, or only certain data should be sent at certain times. For example, a particular data provider may prefer not to be flooded with data traffic from the hours of 9 AM EST-10 AM EST of a business day, since many users may log into data provider 506 at this time to manage their stock portfolio, and the data provider may communicate this preference to data access network 510. In some embodiments, data

[0063] FIG. 6 shows exemplary interfaces provided to users, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure. In some embodiments, data provider 606 may provide user interface 605 comprising permissions dashboard 604 to an authorized user (e.g., user 204 of FIG. 2) to enable the user to manage which of his or her accounts or providers to grant data recipients access to. In response to receiving a request from the user to access permissions dashboard 604, data provider 606 may, at 608, utilize a permission API (e.g., FDX API) associated with data access network 610 to request permission data from data access network 610, and data access network 610 may in response provide information allowing the user or consumer of data provider 606 to see which data recipients have access to their permissioned data, add new accounts, remove accounts, or remove access overall. For example, permissions dashboard 604 at interface 607 may enable the user to make changes to account selections, e.g., as adding new accounts or removing access to other accounts. In some embodiments, data provider 606 may send, at 609, the updated account information of the user to data access network 610, and data access network 610 may provide the updated information to data recipient 612 having been given permission by the user to access the products or services of the user with data provider 606, e.g., granting or revoking access to certain products or services of the user with data provider 606 based on the user's selections at interface 607.

[0064] FIG. 7 shows a block diagram of an illustrative system 700 for token management and selectively providing data to a data recipient, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure. System 700 may comprise one or more of data access network server 702 (which may correspond to data access network 110 of FIG. 1), one or more of data provider server 706 (which may correspond to data provider server 104, 106, 108 of FIG. 1), one or more of user device 705 (which may correspond to user device 118, 120, 122 of FIG. 1), and one or more of data recipient server 712 (which may correspond to, e.g., data recipient server 112, 114, 116 of FIG. 1). Data access network server 702 may comprise processing circuitry 704 which may comprise hardware, software or any combination thereof, such as, for example, one or more central processing units (CPUs), e.g., a processor, configured to execute non-transitory instructions stored (e.g., encoded) in computer-readable media (e.g., non-transitory memory 713 and/or non-transitory storage 710) to implement operating system(s) and applications of data access network server 702 and perform and/or control various operations on data and other computations. For example, processing circuitry 704 may be configured to execute instructions to implement data access network 110, 210, 310, 410, 510, 610, 810, 910, of FIGS. 1-6 and 8-10. Data access network server 702 may further comprise input/output circuitry 707 and/or communications circuitry 708

configured to receive input (e.g., from an operator or network administrator of data access network server **702**), receive communications or requests from, e.g., data provider **706**, user device **705**, data recipient **712**), transmit requests to, e.g., data provider **706**, user device **705**, data recipient **712**, database **715**, database **717**, and/or output information, e.g., to an operator of network operator or network administrator of data access network server **702**. Storage **710** and/or memory **713** of data access network server **702** may comprise one or more of, for example, Random Access Memory (RAM), Read Only Memory (ROM), EEPROM, ASIC, optical storage, magnetic storage, flash memory, solid state memory, or any combination thereof, or any other suitable medium used to store data.

[0065] Memory **713** may be configured to store one or more applications executable by processing circuitry **704** to provide one or more of data recipient hub **714**, key-value map **716**, admin dashboard **718**, curator **720**, management console **722**, database interface **724**, collector **726**, and data recipient interface **728**. Any suitable programming languages may be employed to implement such applications at the backend and/or the frontend, e.g., Java, C, Python, Go, JavaScript (e.g., React library), Typescript, Handlebar, React, etc. Data recipient hub **714** may correspond to data recipient hub **505** of FIG. **5**, and may be configured to provide a portal for a data recipient associated with data recipient server **712**, such as, for example, by way of data recipient user interface portion **772**, to enable data recipients to manage credentials and data access. Key-value map **716**, e.g., an associative array or hash table, may generate (based on identified data elements having been transferred to buffer memory **729** by data access network **702**) a plurality of key-value pairs, where the key and the value are linked such that the key may be a unique identifier indicative of a location of a data item, and the value corresponds to such data item. In some embodiments, data received from a data provider may be converted into the form of a key-value map to enable efficient retrieval and filtering of data, as is discussed in more detail below. Curator **720** may, in association with authorized data provider information database **715**, store authorized data providers (e.g., financial institutions), store products and account offerings associated with the authorized data providers, and manage data recipient subscriptions to data provider products and account offerings. In some embodiments, data recipient **712** may utilize and FDX API call to access elements stored in association with curator **720** and authorized data provider information database **715**. Databases **715** and **717** may be implemented using any suitable combination of hardware and software to store and organize data in a structured format, and provide data in response to receiving a query, e.g., from data access network server **702**.

[0066] Admin dashboard **718** may be configured to enable an operator or administrator of data access network server **702** to monitor elements of system **700** and/or configure settings of data access network server **702**. For example, admin dashboard **718** permits logging, auditability, and traceability of data flows within system **700**, and admin dashboard **718** permits management of data recipients, data providers and data directives received from data providers, e.g., authorize or remove certain data providers or data recipients, update data directives associated with data providers, manage user accounts and/or user permissions granted. Management console **722** may be configured to

provide management console **504** of FIG. **5**, which may correspond to management console UI portion **740** of FIG. **7**, and may be configured to provide one or more interfaces for data providers to manage which data is made available to which data recipients, e.g., which data directives apply to which use cases and/or users and/or data recipients for a particular data provider.

[0067] Database interface **724** may be configured to interface with authorized data recipient information database **717**, which may store a record of which accounts each consumer has authorized each data recipient to access. Collector **726** may be configured to be communicatively coupled to authorized data provider information database **715** storing information related to users having accounts or products with the data provider. In some embodiments, each data provider may be respectively associated with one or more databases. Collector **726** may be configured to communicate with data providers, e.g., translate requests or responses received from data providers to an FDX compatible format, e.g., in the event that such requests or responses are received in a format that is not FDX-compliant. In some embodiments, collector **726** may comprise a plurality of collector modules which may be respectively configured for specific data providers, e.g., to convert authentication standards of the respective data providers into a standardized format. In some embodiments, each collector module may contain software specific to a particular data provider (e.g., settings, authentication protocol, and/or other specific software). In some embodiments, each data provider may be associated with a data flow and an authentication flow through a corresponding collector module of collector **726**. The respective collector module may utilize whatever APIs the particular data provider is employing to collect data on the fly, and transform the data to the FDX format if the data is not in such format. In some embodiments, collector **726** may be configured to route data through a particular path for a specific data provider, and parallel processing and load balancing techniques may be employed, e.g., if multiple data recipients are requesting data from a particular data provider.

[0068] Data recipient interface **728** may comprise an externally facing API for use by data recipients to access permissioned consumer data (e.g., financial data). Memory **713** may include a buffer memory **729** configured to store data in a transitory manner, e.g., to store byte stream **811** and/or user data **804** for a temporary period of time in order to operate and filter user data **804** of FIG. **8**. In some embodiments, data access network server **702** may employ an identity provider (IdP) to handle user authentication for data providers and admin dashboard **718**. In some embodiments, a third party service may be utilized (e.g., data recipients may utilize Amazon Web Services (AWS) Cognito for their IdP). In some embodiments, an abstraction layer may be provided by data access network server **702** for interaction with the data recipient user accounts (e.g., at AWS Cognito), roles, and/or email sending via a third party service (e.g., AWS SES). In some embodiments, data access network server **702** may provide a permissions API, which may be an externally facing API for data providers to build their own consumer permission management dashboards against. In some embodiments, access network server **702** may provide an interface to handle end user authentication workflows (e.g., to perform a handoff to the correct data provider for authentication). In some embodiments, role based permissions may be utilized, e.g., to restrict access by

data recipients to unauthorized information. In some embodiments, data access network server **702** may employ security provisions, e.g., a Least Privilege Zero-Trust Model, secure application development implementing DevSecOps, NIST and FFIEC frameworks, to ensure data is secure, and data access network server **702** may employ each of in-flight and at-rest encryption to ensure data is secure.

[0069] Data provider server **706** may comprise processing circuitry **730**, input/output circuitry **732**, communications circuitry **734**, storage **736** and memory **738**, which may be implemented in a similar manner as processing circuitry **704**, input/output circuitry **707**, communications circuitry **708**, storage **710** and memory **713**, respectively, of data access network server **702**. Data provider server **706** may be communicatively coupled to data access network server **702**, user device **705** and data recipient **712**. For example, data provider server **706** may be associated with a financial institution such as, for example, a bank, that permits users to access their accounts to view information related to their account and subscribe to new products (e.g., a checking account). Processing circuitry **730** may be configured to execute instructions stored in memory **738** and/or storage **736** to provide management console UI portion **740**, user accounts **742** and directives **744**. Management console UI portion **740** may be installed at, or otherwise provided to, data provider server **706**, which may correspond to management console **504** of FIG. 5, and which may be configured to provide data providers with the ability to view information related to products to self-manage their connections and configure their settings in connection with data access network **702**, e.g., to review and approve data recipients as well as determine which use cases to present to a given recipient. In some embodiments, management console UI portion **740** may enable data providers to specify which data directives **744** are to be applied to certain use cases and/or certain users and/or certain data recipients, and may enable data providers to monitor which data recipients have been granted access to which user information stored in association with data provider **706**. For example, management console UI portion **740** may permit an operator or administrator of the data provider to log in and configure data elements to be sent to certain data recipients. In some embodiments, management console UI portion **740** may allow a provider to view data transmission in real time, including system logs and flow volumes. As used herein, data elements may be understood as any suitable combination of products (e.g., offered by data providers) and/or accounts (e.g., which may be products subscribed to by a user, and may be viewed by and selectable at GUI **423** of FIG. 4). For example, a product may be a mortgage, a checking account, a savings account, etc., and data elements related to the product may comprise an account number, an account balance, an interest rate, etc.

[0070] In some embodiments, data provider server **706** may provide information to, and update information stored at, authorized data provider information database **715**. Data provider server **706** may store information related to user accounts **742**, such as, for example, which accounts or products of the data provider that a particular user is subscribed to or has with the data provider. In some embodiments, data provider server **706** may be configured to provide to user device **705** a permissions dashboard **604** and receive an indication from user device **705** of which

accounts or products that a data recipient is to be granted access. In some embodiments, the data access network application is transparent to a user accessing a website or application provided by data provider server **706** (e.g., logos or other indicia of the data access network application may be omitted from user interfaces provided by data provider server **706**). Data directives **744** may be set by data provider **706** for a particular data recipient **712**. For example, data provider **706** may indicate that data recipient **712** should not receive account balance information, and data provider **706** may provide a data directive indicating this information to data access network **702**, which may implement the data directive by filtering out certain data, when a user requests data that implicates the data directive, as discussed in more detail below.

[0071] User device **705** may comprise processing circuitry **746**, input/output circuitry **748**, communications circuitry **750**, storage **752** and memory **754**, which may be implemented in a similar manner as processing circuitry **704**, input/output circuitry **707**, communications circuitry **708**, storage **710** and memory **713**, respectively, of data access network server **702**. User device **705** may be communicatively coupled to data access network server **702**, data provider server **706** and data recipient server **712**. In some embodiments, user device **705** may correspond to a device of user **204** of FIG. 2, having requested to link a data provider to a data recipient, and may be used by user **204** to communicate which accounts or products that the user has with data provider **706** which data recipient **712** is to be granted access. User device **705** may also be an example of a device used by an administrator or operator of data provider **706** to configure settings or view which data recipients have been granted access to which users of data provider **706**, and/or by an administrator or operator of data recipient **712** to configure settings or view which data providers and which users of the data providers data recipient **712** has been granted access. User device **705** may comprise display **758**, e.g., to present information to user **204** or administrators of data provider **706** or data recipient **712**, speaker **756**, e.g., to output audio alerts regarding the data access network to the user, and camera **760**, e.g., to permit the user to capture images of the surrounding environment, or receive login credentials by way of biometric data. Input/output circuitry **748** may be configured to receive login credentials by way of any suitable method, e.g., text, audio, tactile, or any combination thereof.

[0072] Data recipient **712** server may comprise processing circuitry **762**, input/output circuitry **764**, communications circuitry **766**, storage **768** and memory **770**, which may be implemented in a similar manner as processing circuitry **704**, input/output circuitry **707**, communications circuitry **708**, storage **710** and memory **713**, respectively, of data access network server **702**. Data recipient server **712** may be communicatively coupled to data access network server **702**, data provider server **706** and user device **705**. Data recipient **712** may be associated with an entity (e.g., a fintech company) that provides certain services (e.g., mobile payments) which require having access to a user's data (e.g., data related to a bank account of user **204**, in order to obtain funds for the mobile payments). In some embodiments, an application provided by data access network server **702** may provide one or more executable instructions (e.g., contained in a URL address) to data recipient server **712**, to instruct data recipient server **712** to notify data access network

server **702** when a user request is received by way of the URL, e.g., to link a bank account of the user to a website or application associated with data recipient **712**. Data recipient hub UI portion **772**, which may correspond to data recipient hub **505** of FIG. 5, may be installed at, or otherwise provided to, data recipient **712** by data access network server **702**, and may permit an administrator or operator of data recipient server **712** to view data provider and user pairs that data recipient server **712** has been authorized to access. User account portion **774** may store information regarding users having registered with data recipient **712** and data providers associated with the user that data recipient **712** has been granted access to.

[0073] FIG. 8 shows a block diagram of an illustrative system **800** for selectively providing data to a data recipient, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure. Data access network **810** may receive from data provider **806** user data elements or data record **804** associated with a user (e.g., user **204** of FIG. 2) and data directive **808**, which may correspond to which data items are permissible to provide to a particular data recipient **812** for this particular user (or any particular user) of data having one or more accounts or products with data provider **806**. In some embodiments, data directive **808** may be received by data access network **810** in advance, e.g., prior to receiving user data **804**, or data directive **808** may be received concurrently with user data **804**. In some embodiments, data access network **810** may be configured to generate data directive **808** based on instructions received from data provider **806**. In the example of FIG. 8, data elements **804** may relate to a checking account of a user with data provider **806**, and more particularly to a medical copay made by a user, as indicated at data item **809**. In some embodiments, data directive **808** may be provided in the format of parentelement.childdelement, e.g., FieldA.FieldA1, where Field A1 is a child of parent field A.

[0074] The transfer of user data **804** from data provider **806** to data access network **810** may be caused in response to receiving an indication from a user desiring to share his or her data (e.g., stored in association with data provider **806**) with data recipient **812**. Based on such request, a data access API, which may be externally facing for use by data recipients to access user data, may communicate with data provider **806** to facilitate user data elements for a particular product (e.g., checking account or VISA account) to be sent to collector **726** of FIG. 7, where the data and its format may vary based on bank and product type. Such user data elements may be filtered by data access network **810** based on data directive **808**, prior to being provided to data recipient **812**. In some embodiments, data access network **810** may define and configure the attributes and fields of various accounts and account types from the various data providers **806**, based on information received from data provider **806**, in order to implement rules and entitlements of each data provider when providing data to data recipient **812**. In some embodiments, data **804** may be stored in any suitable structured or semi-structured data format (e.g., JSON, XML).

[0075] User data **804** and/or data directive **808** may be transmitted from data provider **806** to data access network **810** in the form of a byte stream **811** over a communication channel (e.g., a wired or wireless connection), and byte stream **811** may correspond to a sequence of 8-bit portions of data flowing through the communication channel. In byte

stream **811**, plain text may be represented by a string of alphanumeric digits (e.g., 54 46 82 of aa a5 db b7 47 2e b2 50 61 75 4d 6d d8 b8 32).

[0076] Data access network **810**, upon receiving byte stream **811**, may convert byte stream **811** into objects of the data elements for transfer into buffer memory **729**, in order to perform certain data operations, e.g., to facilitate and speed up filtering of user data. In some embodiments, the data objects transferred to transient buffer memory **729** may comprise a unique identifier and metadata in addition to the data elements themselves. Data access network **810** may generate, based on the data objects of such converted byte stream **811**, key-value map structure **816** in buffer memory **729**, where key-value map **816** may correspond to key-value map **716** of FIG. 7. Key-value map **816**, e.g., an associative array or hash table, may be generated to hold, on a temporary or transient basis at buffer **729** of FIG. 7, a plurality of key-value pairs, where the key and the value may be linked such that the key may be a unique identifier indicative of a pointer to a location of a data item, and the value may correspond to such data item. While data item values **818** are shown as part of key-value map **816** in the example of FIG. 8, this is merely illustrative and key-value map **816** may store pointers to locations of data item values **818** in buffer memory **729**.

[0077] Key-value map **816** may temporarily store user data elements in a hierarchical manner to store certain data fields at predefined memory locations (e.g., corresponding to a memory address of buffer memory **729**) such that a memory location of certain data fields may be known and indexed. Thus, user data that complies with data directive **808**, and user data that does not comply with data directive **808**, may be identified using index key identifiers in key-value map **816** without having to process the entirety of the received chunk of user data, thereby reducing the time and processing power required to perform filtering of data. In some embodiments, processing time may be reduced from around 1 second to process an entire chunk of data in identifying unauthorized data items, to around 10 ms by employing key-value map **816** in identifying unauthorized data items. Data may be stored in key-value map **816** in any suitable format, e.g., JSON, XML, etc. In some embodiments, a particular data field (e.g., accountType) may consistently be stored in the same memory location (e.g., for a particular data provider) to enable the particular data field to be quickly identified or retrieved. Additionally or alternatively, data access network **810** may use information from various data providers **806** to optimize key-value map **816**, e.g., data access network **810** may store data from different data providers in different ways based on how data access network **810** typically receives data from the data providers.

[0078] Data access network **810** may determine based on data directive **808** that certain data associated with transaction **820** is not permitted to be provided to data recipient for this particular data provider and/or user and/or product combination. For example, data directive **808** may only include permitted data fields and omit restricted data fields, or may specify only restricted data fields or only permitted data fields. In response to determining that data associated with unauthorized data elements (e.g., transactions **820**) is present in the data received from data provider **806** but is not permitted by data directive **808**, data access network **810** may delete (e.g., purge or remove or flush) data not permitted by data directive **808** by, e.g., clearing values of the data

associated with transactions **820** (e.g., zeroing both the value and the key of the entries associated with transactions data **820**). In some embodiments, data indicative of an unauthorized field may be used to replace and overwrite the data fields associated with transactions **820**. In addition, filtered data elements (e.g., determined as permissive to transmit to data recipient **812**) may be deleted immediately after transmission to data recipient **412** or within a predefined period of time after transmission (e.g., any appropriate or suitable amount of time, such as, for example, less than one second; less than thirty seconds; or less than one minute). Incoming data, e.g., for a next transaction, may be used to overwrite the filtered data in buffer memory **729**, thereby permanently deleting (e.g., removing, purging, flushing) the filtered data and rendering it inaccessible. In some embodiments, a technique may be employed to reallocate the memory associated with the unauthorized fields to be used for other purposes, once the reference to a particular memory location is removed, deleted and/or purged.

[0079] In some embodiments, data directive **808** associated with data provider **806** may exclude certain data elements (e.g., transactions **820**), based on such data element (e.g., transactions **820**) including information **821** related to a medical copay made by a user. For example, such data element may be excluded due to being related to sensitive personal health information not suitable to be provided to, and potentially stored by, data recipient **812**. Thus, data provider may be provided with balance information **825** but not transactions information **820** related to medical copay **821**. In this way, data access network **810** may not only provide for filtering of data received from data provider **806** based on data directive **808**, but may additionally provide for data security for the user by withholding certain sensitive personal information. In some embodiments, data provider **806** may not have provided data access network **810** a data directive for each potential scenario or use case of the user data. Data access network **810** may nonetheless store information indicating that for a particular data provider **806** and data recipient **812** combination, data recipient **812** is permitted access to certain information (e.g., bank account number) in all instances, but may never be permitted access to other information, and data access network **810** may take this information into account when providing user data to data recipient **812**.

[0080] Data **823** may correspond to the remaining data fields that may be present after filtering is performed. In some embodiments, once the filtered data is obtained, data access network **810** may perform a check to ensure that no other data directives have been received from data provider **806**, and may perform filtering if an intervening data directive is detected. Data access network **810** may convert data **823** into a format (e.g., JSON or XML) that is suitable for data recipient **812**. In some embodiments, data access network **810** may consume data in any format, perform any suitable filtering on the data, and provide data in a suitable format to data recipient **812** on the downstream side. In some embodiments, data of byte stream **811** may flow encrypted into data access network **810**, and data may be provided to data recipient **812** in an encrypted manner, where data may be encrypted and decrypted by respective parties using any suitable method (e.g., using private-public key pairs). In some embodiments, a header portion of data may indicate a type of data included in the payload, while the payload may be encrypted. In some embodiments, once

data is transmitted to data recipient **812**, data **823** may be removed from buffer memory **729** after a predefined period of time, and data access network **810** may only store identifiers or hash values for the data provider and the user (e.g., in order to log a transaction), where an identity of the user is not discernable based on the identifier or hash value. Data provided to data recipient **812** may be provided in the same format, or a different format, from a format of data **804**. In some embodiments, rules and data directives received from data provider **806** may be dynamically applied to received user data one or more times per day (e.g., four times a day, based on how often a data provider provides updates to data directives).

[0081] In some embodiments, data access network **810** may perform filtering based on a specific product type (e.g., health savings accounts) for a particular data provider. For example, each data recipient desiring to obtain user information from data provider **806** may not be permitted to access any information related to the specific account, e.g., based on a global data directive associated with a data provider. In some embodiments, data recipient-specific data directives associated with a data provider may prohibit specific data recipients from accessing information for certain types of products or accounts of data provider **806**. In some embodiments, data elements may be pre-filtered (e.g., based on the global data directive and/or the data recipient specific data directive and/or user selections associated with an authorized accounts selection database) by other components of data access network **810** and/or the associated data provider, prior to the generation of key-value map **816**. In some embodiments, data access network **810** may request that data provided by data providers be in a specific format (e.g., account type and account ID in payload). In some embodiments, byte stream **811** may contain personally identifiable information, and such PII may be filtered out by data access network **810**, e.g., based on data directive **808**.

[0082] In some embodiments, data access network **810** may be configured to perform one or more of a variety of masking operations on data elements **804** received from data provider **806**.

[0083] For example, data provider **806** may instruct data access network (e.g., by way of data directive **808**) to mask certain data elements, e.g., based on the identify of data recipient **812**. For example, a predefined number of digits or characters of an account number may be masked (e.g., replaced with an asterisk or star character) such that only a subset of the digits are readable. In some embodiments, masking may be performed on data elements received in a particular format (e.g. JSON) to mask private information (e.g., social security numbers of a user). Such masking operation may be used by data access network **810** to perform the filtering operation. For example, any suitable syntax (*.accountId) may be used to specify that a particular data element (e.g., accountId) should be returned regardless of a parent element in which it is contained (e.g., InvestmentAccount). As another example, the masking operation may define the number of characters that should be exposed in the output, the masking character to be used, and the position within the data element where the masking should start (e.g., 4 digits from start or end of string). For example, the command of investmentAccount.accountNumber::mask(4,*,s) may mask all but the last four digits (e.g., *****2431) of the account number (12342431), and the command investmentAccount.accountNumber::mask(4,*,e)

may mask all but the first four digits (e.g., 1234****) of the account number (12342431). In some embodiments, an allow operation filter may be employed to filter out a parent element based on a value of the child element, e.g., the allow operation may accept a list of strings as parameters, and if the value of the child_element is not one of the values in the list passed to allow operation, parent_element may be removed from the payload. Such allow operation may be used for product filtering such that the allow list may contain the products or accounts allowed by a particular data provider, and if an account type is not an allowed product code, the whole account may be removed from the payload. For example, for the command: investmentAccount.account-Type::allow(I, checking) if a user has any account that does not belong to the list of products (I, checking), such accounts may be removed from the data.

[0084] FIG. 9 shows a block diagram of an illustrative system for selectively providing data to a data recipient, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure. Data access network 910 may convert filtered data 923, e.g., filtered based on data directive 808 of FIG. 8 received from data provider 806, into a data format 925 (e.g., JSON, XML, or other structured or semi-structured data format) suitable for data recipient 912. Converted filtered data associated with format 925 may be packaged into byte stream 927 for transmission to data recipient 912. Upon receiving byte stream 927, data recipient 912 may use convert byte stream 927 into a readable format and present user data represented by byte stream 927 to the user having requested to link his or her products or account with data provider 806 with data recipient 912.

[0085] FIG. 10 is a flowchart of a detailed illustrative process 1000 for managing tokens for selectively providing data to a data recipient, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure. In various embodiments, the individual steps of process 1000 may be implemented by one or more components of the devices and systems of FIGS. 1-9. Although the present disclosure may describe certain steps of process 1000 (and of other processes described herein) as being implemented by certain components of the devices and systems of FIGS. 1-9, this is for purposes of illustration only, and it should be understood that other components of the devices and systems of FIGS. 1-9 may implement those steps instead.

[0086] At 1002, user device 1001 may transmit, based on an indication from a user (e.g., user 204 of FIG. 2) a request to grant authorization for data recipient 1003 to access user information (e.g., user information 804) associated with data provider 1007. In some embodiments, the user information may correspond to financial information of user 204. User device 1001 may correspond to, e.g., one of computing device 118, 120, 122 of FIG. 1 of user 204.

[0087] At 1004, data access network 1005 may receive such request. In some embodiments, data access network 1005 may provide executable instructions (e.g., by way of a URL address) to instruct data recipient 1003 of a location to which to forward the request, or may otherwise receive the request from data recipient 1003. In some embodiments, data recipient 1003 may be, for example, a fintech organization that user 204 is interested in creating an account with or purchasing a product from, and data provider 1007 may be, for example, a financial institution (e.g., a bank) at which user 204 has an existing account, where certain information

from the account of user 204 with data provider 1007 may be required to establish the account with data recipient 1003.

[0088] At 1006, data access network 1005 may perform a verification of each of data recipient 1003 and data provider 1007, e.g., to ensure that each of data recipient 1003 and data provider 1007 previously registered with data access network and that data recipient 1003 is authorized to receive data from data provider 1007. For example, data access network 1005 may reference one or more of databases 715, 717 to compare identifiers of data recipient 1003 and data provider 1007 to a list of authorized entities in performing such verifications.

[0089] At 1008, if data access network 1005 determines that each of data recipient 1003 and data provider 1007 is a verified entity with data access network 1005, data access network 1005 may re-direct the user operating user device 1001 to data provider 1007. For example, if user device 1001 is accessing data recipient 1003 via a web browser, data access network 1005 may cause the web browser to be re-directed to a website of data provider 1007, or if user device 1001 is accessing data recipient 1003 by way of a mobile application, data access network 1005 may cause the mobile application to launch the mobile application of data provider 1007 in place of (or within) the mobile application of data recipient 1003.

[0090] At 1010, user 204 operating user device 1001 may be prompted by an authenticator portion of a service (e.g., website or application) of data provider 706 to enter his or her credentials for his or her account with data provider 1007. User device 1001 may be configured to receive input of the user credentials in any suitable format (e.g., text, voice, tactile, biometric, or any combination thereof). In some embodiments, the user may be required to agree to certain terms and conditions associated with data provider 1007 and/or data access network 1005.

[0091] At 1012, data provider 1007 may receive the user credentials entered at user device 1010 and transmitted to data provider 1007, and determine whether the user credentials correspond to an authorized user of data provider 1012.

[0092] At 1014, in response to authenticating user 204 operating user device 1001, data provider 1007 may transmit an authorization grant code (e.g., authorization grant code 419 of FIG. 4) to data access network 1005. At 1016, data access network 1005 may use such authorization grant code received from data provider 1007 having authenticated user 204 in requesting an authentication token (e.g., authentication token 421 of FIG. 4) from data provider 1007. At 1018, data provider 1007 may provide the authorization token to data access network 1005, responsive to the request of 1016, and data access network 1005, at 1020, may request user information of the authenticated user 204 using such authentication token 421.

[0093] At 1022, data provider 1007 may transmit the requested list of user information (e.g., information related to checking account 422, savings account 424, basic savings account 426, money market account 428 of FIG. 4) to data access network 1005, which may in turn transmit such user information to user device 1001. At 1026, data access network may receive an indication from user device 1001 that user 204 desires to share certain user data (e.g., information related to checking account 422, savings account 424, basic savings account 426) with data recipient 1003, but does not wish to share other user data (e.g., information related to money market account 428) with data recipient

1003. Such indications may be received in the form of user selection (e.g., checking or unchecking respective boxes of the accounts of products included in the user information). In some embodiments, data access network may recommend which accounts to share, e.g., to help the user share no more than necessary with data recipient **1003**. In some embodiments, data provider **1007** may directly transmit the user information to user device **1001**, and receive user selection of one or more accounts or products to share with data recipient **1003** from user **204** of user device **1001**.

[0094] At **1028**, data access network **1005** may re-direct user device **1001** to the website or application associated with data recipient **1003** along with a data access network authorization grant code (e.g., grant code **434** of FIG. **4**). In some embodiments, an indication may be presented (e.g., at interface **432**) to the user by data recipient **1003** that the accounts or products specified at **1026** have been successfully linked. While the accounts may have been successfully linked, data recipient may nonetheless be required to request access to the user information by transmitting data access network authorization grant code (e.g., code **434** of FIG. **4**) to data access network **1005**.

[0095] At **1030**, data access network **1005** may, responsive to receiving data access network authorization grant code from data recipient **1003**, provide a token (e.g., a first data access identifier token **436**) to data recipient **412**. At **1032**, data recipient **1003** may use the received token **436** to request permissioned user information (e.g., information related to checking account **422**, savings account **424**, basic savings account **426**) of user **204** with data provider **1007**.

[0096] At **1034**, data access network **1005** may use authentication token **421**, previously received from data provider **1007**, to request the permissioned data of user **204** with data provider **1007** and having been requested by data recipient **1003** at **1032**. At **1036**, data access network **1005** may receive the permissioned user data from data provider **1007**, after data provider verifies authentication token **421** received from data access network **1005**.

[0097] At **1038**, data access network **1005** may perform filtering of the permissioned user information of user **204** based on a data directive (e.g., data directive **808** of FIG. **8**) of data provider **1007**, as discussed in more detail in connection with FIG. **12**. For example, based on data directive **808**, data access network **1005** may convert user information received in the form of byte stream **811** into a key-value map data structure **816**, and may remove data (e.g., related to transactions **820** and medical copay **821** of FIG. **8**) that is not permitted to be sent to data recipient **1003** based on data directive **808**.

[0098] At **1040**, data access network **1005** may transmit filtered user information **823** to data recipient **1003**, and at **1042**, data recipient may in turn provide filtered user information **823** to user device **1001** for presentation within the service (e.g., application or website) of data recipient **1003**.

[0099] FIG. **11** is a flowchart of a detailed illustrative process **1100** for managing tokens for selectively providing data to multiple data recipients, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure. In various embodiments, the individual steps of process **1100** may be implemented by one or more components of the devices and systems of FIGS. **1-9**. Although the present disclosure may describe certain steps of process **1100** (and of other processes described herein) as being implemented by certain components of the devices and systems of FIGS. **1-9**, this is for purposes of

illustration only, and it should be understood that other components of the devices and systems of FIGS. **1-9** may implement those steps instead.

[0100] At **1102**, the data access network (e.g., data access network **310** of FIG. **3**) may receive a first request from user **204** of FIG. **2** to grant authorization for data recipient **312** of FIG. **3** to access user information (e.g., data elements **804** of FIG. **8**) associated with a data provider **302** of FIG. **3**. For example, user device **118** may be operated by user **204** to transmit the first request to data recipient **302**, and data access network **310** may be configured to detect such request (e.g., by receiving an indication from data recipient **302**, such as via a URL address provided by data access network **310** to data recipient **302**) or otherwise notified or forwarded the first request. The first request may be based on a desire of user **204** to link his or her accounts or products with data provider **302** with a new or existing account with data recipient **302**.

[0101] At **1104**, data access network **310** may re-direct user **204** operating user device **118** to a service provided over network **102** by data provider **302**, where data provider may prompt user **204** to enter his or her log-in credentials. In response to authenticating user **204** based on the received log-in credentials, data provider may transmit authentication token **421** of FIG. **4** to data access network **310**.

[0102] At **1106**, if authentication token **421** is received, data access network **310** may further receive user selection of which user data is to be shared with data recipient **302**, and at **1008**, generate first token **436** for data recipient **302** which may be indicative of the permissioned user data for data recipient **302**.

[0103] At **1110**, data access network **310** may provide first token **436** to data recipient **312**, where data recipient **312** at **1112** may transmit first token **436** along with a request for the permissioned user information to data access network **310**.

[0104] At **1114**, data access network **310** may obtain the requested permissioned user information from data provider **302** using authentication token **421** previously received from data provider **302**, perform filtering on such data as described in further detail in connection with FIG. **12**, and provide such filtered user data to data recipient **312**.

[0105] At **1116**, data access network **310** may receive a second request from user **204**, e.g., operating one of user device **118**, **120**, **122** to grant authorization for data recipient **314** to access user information associated with data provider **302**. In some embodiments, the user information requested to be shared with data recipient **314** may be the same or different from the user information requested to be shared with data recipient **312**.

[0106] At **1118**, data access network **310** may re-direct user **204** operating one of user device **118**, **120**, **122** from the website or application of data recipient **314** (e.g., at which user **204** initiated the second request) to a website or application associated with data provider **302**.

[0107] At **1120**, in response to data provider **302** authenticating user **204**, an updated version of authentication token **421** may be received by data access network **310** from data provider **302**. For example, the updated version of authentication token **421** may be modified to include an indication that each of data recipient **312** and **314** are permitted to access certain user data associated with data provider **302**.

[0108] At **1122**, data access network **310** may generate a second token, based on data recipient **314** having been

authorized to access user data of accounts or products of user **204** with data provider **302**. The second token may be generated in response to data access network **310** receiving an indication that certain accounts or products have been selected that data recipient **314** is permitted to access (e.g., one or more of checking account **422**, savings account **424**, basic savings account **426**, money market **428**). In some embodiments, even if each of data recipient **312** and data recipient **314** is granted access to the same accounts or products, data access network **310** may nonetheless generate separate tokens for each of data recipient **312** and data recipient **314**.

[0109] At **1124**, data access network **310** may provide the generated second token to data recipient **314**, and data recipient **314** may transmit such second token along with a request for user information back to data access network **310**.

[0110] At **1126**, if data access network **310** receives the second token along with the request for user information from data recipient **314**, processing may proceed to **1128**. At **1128**, data access network **310** may obtain user information data using the authentication token and provide the user information data to data recipient **314**. In some embodiments, data access network **310** may perform filtering of data based on a data directive of data provider **302** prior to providing such user information data to data recipient **314**.

[0111] FIG. **12** is a flowchart of a detailed illustrative process for filtering data based on a data directive to selectively provide data to a data recipient, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure. In various embodiments, the individual steps of process **1200** may be implemented by one or more components of the devices and systems of FIGS. **1-9**. Although the present disclosure may describe certain steps of process **1200** (and of other processes described herein) as being implemented by certain components of the devices and systems of FIGS. **1-9**, this is for purposes of illustration only, and it should be understood that other components of the devices and systems of FIGS. **1-9** may implement those steps instead.

[0112] At **1202**, data access network **810** may receive from one or more data providers **806** one or more data directives **808**. In some embodiments, each data directive **808** may correspond to a particular use case or circumstance for a particular type of user with a particular data recipient. Additionally or alternatively, a data provider **806** may provide a generic data directive for each transaction with a particular data recipient.

[0113] At **1204**, data access network **810** may receive a request to grant authorization for a data recipient **812** to access user information associated with data provider. For example, a user (e.g., user **204** of FIG. **2**) accessing a website or application of data recipient **812** via a user device **118**, **120**, **122** may transmit a request to link his or her accounts with data provider **806** with data recipient **812**.

[0114] At **1206**, data access network **810** may request user information from data provider **806** based on received request. For example, such request may be transmitted after authenticating user **204** and receiving an authorization token from data provider **806**.

[0115] At **1208**, data access network **810**, in response to transmitting the request to data provider **806** for the user information, may receive byte stream **811** from data provider **806**. In some embodiments, byte stream **811** is generated by converting data from a first format (e.g., JSON or

XML, format) into byte stream **811**. Such first format may comprise a plurality of data elements (e.g., the fields of “balanceType”, “availableCashBalance” and corresponding values) packaged into data record **804** of FIG. **8**.

[0116] At **1210**, data access network **810** may identify the plurality of data elements of the data record included in byte stream **811**. For example, data access network **810** may convert byte stream **811** into a set of objects (e.g., by parsing a JSON string corresponding to byte stream **811**) and analyze the set of objects to identify (e.g., by way of processing circuitry **704**) the various data elements (e.g., the fields of “balanceType”, “availableCashBalance” and corresponding values) of data record **804**. At **1212**, data access network **810** may store the identified data elements converted to objects in buffer memory **729** of FIG. **7**. In some embodiments, the data objects may be stored in a transitory manner in buffer memory **729** and may comprise a unique identifier and metadata in addition to the data itself.

[0117] At **1214**, data access network **810** may generate a key-value map **816** to map the identified data elements to their respective memory locations in buffer memory **729**. Such key-value map **816** may temporarily store user data in a hierarchical manner to store certain data fields at predefined memory locations (e.g., corresponding to a memory address of buffer memory **729**) such that a memory location of certain data fields is known and indexed. In some embodiments, key-value map **816** may itself be a data object that holds key-value pairs, where the set of objects corresponding to the identified data elements may correspond to a key or value of key-value map **816**.

[0118] At **1216**, data access network **810** may identify data directive **808** associated with data provider **806** and data recipient **812** associated with the request received at **1204**. For example, data access network **810** may determine that, based on the products or accounts selected by the user at GUI **423**, and based on one or more attributes of data recipient **812** and how it intends to use the data, that data directive **808** is appropriate for this particular transaction.

[0119] At **1218**, data access network **810** may determine, using key-value map **816**, whether certain data elements are to be removed from the data record based on the identified data directive **808**. For example, data access network **810** may determine that none of the data elements associated with transaction **820** are included in data directive **808** and thus are not permitted to be provided to data recipient **812**. Key-value map **816** enables data access network **810** to ascertain the memory location of each of the prohibited data elements and perform filtering at **1220** to delete (e.g., purge and/or flush and/or remove) the prohibited data elements associated with transaction **820**, thereby leaving only the permitted data elements in buffer memory **729**. Data access network **810** may perform filtering in any suitable manner. In some embodiments, filtering may be performed based on storing data received from data provider **806** in a defined and structured manner, generating key-value map **816**, comparing fields of key value map **816** to the permitted fields of data directive **808** to extract only permissible data, and packaging the extracted permissible data for transmission as up and sending as byte stream **927** of FIG. **9**. In some embodiments, data access network **810** may perform filtering by removing or deleting or purging data fields, e.g., associated with transactions **820**, from key-value map **816** that do not comply with data directive **808**, such that the memory location of the unauthorized data is not identifiable. In some

embodiments, data access network may, based on comparing fields of key value map **816** to the permitted fields of data directive **808**, delete and/or overwrite the unauthorized data in memory.

[0120] At **1222**, data access network **810** may convert filtered data elements **923** to a format **925** that is suitable for data recipient **912**. For example, filtered data elements **923** may be converted to JSON or XML, format and subsequently converted into byte stream **927** for transmission to data recipient **912**.

[0121] At **1224**, data access network **810** may provide the filtered data elements **923** converted into the suitable format to data recipient **812**. Data recipient **912** may present to user **204** the permissioned data elements, e.g., as shown at interface **438** of FIG. 4. In some embodiments, the filtered data elements may be stored for less than a predetermined period of time after transmission to data recipient **912** (e.g., one hour, 10 minutes, 5 minutes, 1 minute, 10 seconds, or 1 second) or may be immediately deleted (e.g., purged from memory, so as to render the data inaccessible) once the filtered data elements **823** are provided to data recipient **812**. In some embodiments, the identified data elements may be stored without any personally identifiable information of user **204**. For example, an identifier or hash may be assigned to the user and/or transaction.

[0122] FIG. 13 is a flowchart of a detailed illustrative process **1300** for transmitting a package of authorized information to a data recipient, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure. In various embodiments, the individual steps of process **1300** may be implemented by one or more components of the devices and systems of FIGS. 1-9. Although the present disclosure may describe certain steps of process **1300** (and of other processes described herein) as being implemented by certain components of the devices and systems of FIGS. 1-9, this is for purposes of illustration only, and it should be understood that other components of the devices and systems of FIGS. 1-9 may implement those steps instead.

[0123] At **1302**, data access network (e.g., data access network **810** of FIG. 8) may receive a request from a data recipient **112** to access information from data provider **104** associated with user **204** of FIG. 2. Such request may comprise a data recipient token (e.g., first data access identifier token **436** of FIG. 4). In some embodiments, data recipient **112** may have previously been authorized by the user, data provider **104** and data access network **810** to receive user information associated with data provider **104**. In some embodiments, the request from data recipient **112** may be received by way of Access API **1310**, e.g., an externally facing API used by data recipients to access user data (e.g., consumer financial data). In some embodiments, secure token service **1312** may be used to validate the data recipient token, and check whether data recipient **112** is permitted by data provider **104** to access user data, e.g., by querying curator **1319**, which may store records of data providers, data provider products and accounts, and manage data recipient subscriptions to such provider products and accounts. Curator **1319** may correspond to curator **720** of FIG. 7.

[0124] At **1304**, data access network **810** may collect the requested data from one or more data providers **106**. In some embodiments, collector **1316** (which may correspond to collector **726**) may be employed to standardize data from data provider **106** into a common format (e.g., FDX). In

some embodiments, only accounts approved to be shared (e.g., by way of GUI **423** by user selection and permitted by data provider **106** to be shared for a particular data recipient product) may be retrieved, whereas accounts not permitted to be shared may be ignored for the purposes of the request received from data recipient **112**. In some embodiments, data access network **810** may query data service **1317** (e.g., authorized accounts database), which may store a record of which accounts each user has authorized each data recipient to access.

[0125] At **1306**, filtering portion **1318** (e.g., of data access network **810** described in connection with FIG. 8) may apply data provider directives, e.g., defined by data provider administrators by way of management console **1320**, which may correspond to management console UI portion **740** of FIG. 7, to generate a package of authorized information based on the information received from data provider **106**. In some embodiments, filtering portion **1318** may be employed in conjunction with curator **1319** and admin tool **1322** (which may correspond to admin dashboard **718** of FIG. 7) to apply the data provider directives. In some embodiments, admin tool **1322** may correspond to a tool to enable data access network **810** to specify data attributes that a data provider can provide to data access network **810**, and may be used as an onboarding tool for data providers and/or to facilitate the connection of data providers and data recipients.

[0126] At **1308**, data access network **810** may be configured to transmit the package of authorized information to data recipient **112**, e.g., by way of Access API **1310**. Such information may be usable by data recipient **112** to provide the user access to desired accounts, products or services provided by the data recipient **112** platform.

[0127] FIG. 14 is a flowchart of a detailed illustrative process **1400** for generating an identity token, in accordance with some embodiments of this disclosure. In various embodiments, the individual steps of process **1400** may be implemented by one or more components of the devices and systems of FIGS. 1-9. Although the present disclosure may describe certain steps of process **1400** (and of other processes described herein) as being implemented by certain components of the devices and systems of FIGS. 1-9, this is for purposes of illustration only, and it should be understood that other components of the devices and systems of FIGS. 1-9 may implement those steps instead.

[0128] As shown in FIG. 14, end user **1402** may request to share his or her account or product information from one or more of data provider **1408**, **1410**, **1412** (e.g., banks, which may play a role as an identity provider to enable generation of an identity token of a user) with data recipient **1404**. Data recipient may desire detailed personal information (e.g., social security number, full name, address, date of birth, etc.) of end user **1402** in order to set up an account for end user **1402** (e.g., associated with a mortgage application).

[0129] Data access network **1406** may receive the request initiated by end user **1402**, to link his or her account data with data provider **1408** with data recipient **1404**. In some embodiments, data access network **1406** may provide executable code to data recipient **1404** (e.g., contained in a URL address) that is executable to re-direct a browser or application of data recipient **1404** being access by user **1402** to data access network **1406**, which may in turn cause the user session to be forwarded to data provider **1408**. Data provider may perform an authentication process to authen-

ticate end user **1402**. In some embodiments, multi-factor authentication techniques may be utilized (e.g., requiring entry of a password associated with data provider **1408**, as well as entry of a pin code received via SMS or email associated with the user account with data provider **1408**).

[0130] If end user **1402** is successfully authenticated at data provider **1408**, data access network **1406** may be provided with a token (e.g., indicative of identifying information of end user **1402**), and data access network **1406** may generate an identity token comprising the identifying information of end user **1402**. In some embodiments, token **436** (e.g., a first data access identifier token associated with a first data recipient) and/or a second data access identifier token associated with a second data recipient, as discussed in connection with FIG. 4, may be updated or enriched to include such identity token embedded therein. In some embodiments, the identity token may be generated in advance by data access network **1406** and persistently stored (e.g., in storage **710** of data access network server **702**), based on information received from data provider **1408**, e.g., prior to receiving user request to share user information with data recipient **1404** from the user's account with data provider **1408**. In some embodiments, the generating of the identity token may be performed in response to receiving the user request to share user information with data recipient **1404** from the user's account with data provider **1408**.

[0131] Once the identity token is generated by data access network **1406**, the identity token may be forwarded to data recipient **1404**, which may in turn validate end user **1402** on its platform. In some embodiments, the identity token may be usable by data recipient **1404** to automatically populate information fields of one or more sign up screens of a desired product or account of data recipient **1404**, and validate end user **1402**. The identity token may provide assurance and evidence for data recipient **1404**, as part of a trust framework with data access network **1406** and data provider **1408**, of the authenticity of the user's identifying information, and proof of the identity of end user **1402**.

[0132] In some embodiments, the generated identity token may be transmitted to other data recipients requesting identifying information of end user **1402** in connection with products or accounts of end user **1402** with data provider **1408**. In some embodiments, the identifying information of end user **1402** may be received by data access network **1406** in masked or encrypted form. In some embodiments, since identifying information of user **1402** may differ from data provider to data provider (e.g., data provider **1408** may have on record different information for user **1402** than does data provider **1410**), each data provider may request data access network **1406** to generate a respective identity token for the corresponding data provider. In some embodiments, identifying information of user **1402** in the generated identity token may be deleted or removed by data access network **1406** once the user is verified at data recipient **1404**.

[0133] While the examples of above have been described with reference to filtering data to be provided from a financial institution (e.g., a bank) to a fintech service, it should be appreciated that the described systems and methods can be employed in any number of contexts or scenarios. For example, the described data access network may be employed to make decisions on whether an individual should be approved for a mortgage, based on criteria provided by a mortgage lender and mortgage loan applicant information provided by a mortgage loan applicant, without

requiring the mortgage loan applicant to provide the mortgage lender with personally identifiable information, and the data access network may remove data related to the transaction after a predetermined period of time (e.g., a 90 day time window, or a one day time window). For example, data provided to the mortgage lender may be filtered to only provide relevant data to the transaction, e.g., the mortgage lender may only need information regarding large cash inflows or outflows into or out of an applicant's bank account within a predefined time period prior to the transaction (e.g., one month), but information related to the applicant's mutual fund positions may be deemed unnecessary and filtered out of the information provided to the mortgage lender. That is, the data access network may provide to the mortgage lender only the information that is needed to process the application of the loan applicant.

[0134] It should be appreciated that the above-described systems and methods may be used in different contexts and for different types of information. For example, the described data access network may be employed in healthcare, education, government, etc., or any other context where it may be beneficial to withhold certain information (e.g., a social security number included in a particular document) and provide a subset of such information (e.g., a GPA of a student included in the particular document) to a data recipient.

[0135] The processes discussed above are intended to be illustrative and not limiting. One skilled in the art would appreciate that the steps of the processes discussed herein may be omitted, modified, combined and/or rearranged, and any additional steps may be performed without departing from the scope of the invention. More generally, the above disclosure is meant to be exemplary and not limiting. Only the claims that follow are meant to set bounds as to what the present invention includes. Furthermore, it should be noted that the features and limitations described in any one embodiment may be applied to any other embodiment herein, and flowcharts or examples relating to one embodiment may be combined with any other embodiment in a suitable manner, done in different orders, or done in parallel. In addition, the systems and methods described herein may be performed in real time. It should also be noted that the systems and/or methods described above may be applied to, or used in accordance with, other systems and/or methods.

1. A method comprising:

receiving, at an intermediary entity, a request from a data recipient to access information from a data provider associated with a user, wherein the request comprises a data recipient token;

validating, by the intermediary entity, the request;

in response to validating the request, transmitting, by the intermediary entity, a secondary token to the data provider;

receiving, at the intermediary entity and via a network, the information from the data provider;

in response to receiving the information at the intermediary entity and via the network, transferring the received information to a temporary buffer memory at the intermediary entity;

generating, by the intermediary entity, a package of authorized information from the information by removing, from the temporary buffer memory at the intermediary entity, information that is not permitted to be shared with the data recipient; and

transmitting, by the intermediary entity, the package of authorized information to the data recipient.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein validating, by the intermediary entity, the request comprises:

- validating the data recipient token; and
- determining whether the data recipient is authorized by the data provider.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein transmitting, by the intermediary entity, the package of authorized information to the data recipient further comprises:

- transmitting as the package of authorized information only information from accounts or products of the user with the data provider having been previously authorized by the user for the data recipient.

4. The method of claim 3, further comprising:

- requesting, by the intermediary entity and using the secondary token, a list of accounts or products that the user has with the data provider;
- receiving, at the intermediary entity, the list of accounts or products from the data provider; and
- causing a graphical user interface to be generated for display, wherein the graphical user interface comprises:
 - the list of accounts or products that the user has with the data provider; and
 - a selectable option, for each of the accounts or products, to selectively share with the data recipient data associated with respective accounts or products of the user with the data provider; and
- receiving user selection of accounts or products authorized to be shared with the data recipient.

5. The method of claim 1, wherein generating, by the intermediary entity, the package of authorized information from the information received from the data provider comprises:

- identifying, from the information received from the data provider, certain categories of data not permitted to be shared with the data recipient; and
- removing the identified categories of data from the temporary buffer memory.

6. The method of claim 1, wherein:

- the data recipient token is generated by the intermediary entity; and
- the secondary token is generated by the data provider in response to authenticating the user.

7. The method of claim 6, further comprising:

- receiving, by the intermediary entity, the secondary token from the data provider after the user is authenticated, wherein the data provider authenticates the user in response to executable instructions of the intermediary entity being executed to re-direct the user from a web page or application associated with the data recipient to the data provider.

8. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

- determining a data directive based on:
 - a global data directive associated with the data provider that is applicable to any data recipient that requests information from the data provider via the intermediary entity; and
 - a data recipient data directive that is specific to the data recipient or a user selection indicating information that is permitted to be shared with the data recipient,
- wherein the removing is performed by the intermediary entity based on the determined data directive.

9. The method of claim 8, further comprising:

- in response to transmitting the package of authorized information to the data recipient, removing, by the intermediary entity, the package of authorized information from the temporary buffer memory.)

10. The method of claim 9, wherein the removing comprises deleting, by the intermediary entity, the transferred information from the temporary buffer memory.

11. A system comprising:

- memory;
- processing circuitry configured to:
 - receive, at an intermediary entity, a request from a data recipient to access information from a data provider associated with a user, wherein the request comprises a data recipient token;
 - validate, by the intermediary entity, the request;
 - in response to validating the request, transmit at the intermediary entity, a secondary token to the data provider, wherein the secondary token is stored in the memory;
 - receive, at the intermediary entity and via a network, the information from the data provider;
 - in response to receiving the information at the intermediary entity and via the network, transfer the received information to a temporary buffer memory at the intermediary entity;
 - generate, by the intermediary entity, a package of authorized information from the information by removing, from the temporary buffer memory at the intermediary entity, information that is not permitted to be shared with the data recipient; and
 - transmit, by the intermediary entity, the package of authorized information to the data recipient.

12. The system of claim 11, wherein the processing circuitry is configured to validate, by the intermediary entity, the request by:

- validating the data recipient token; and
- determining whether the data recipient is authorized by the data provider.

13. The system of claim 11, wherein the processing circuitry is configured to transmit, by the intermediary entity, the package of authorized information to the data recipient by:

- transmitting as the package of authorized information only information from accounts or products of the user with the data provider having been previously authorized by the user for the data recipient.

14. The system of claim 13, wherein the processing circuitry is further configured to:

- request, by the intermediary entity and using the secondary token, a list of accounts or products that the user has with the data provider;
- receive, at the intermediary entity, the list of accounts or products from the data provider; and
- cause a graphical user interface to be generated for display, wherein the graphical user interface comprises:
 - the list of accounts or products that the user has with the data provider; and
 - a selectable option, for each of the accounts or products, to selectively share with the data recipient data associated with respective accounts or products of the user with the data provider; and
- receive user selection of accounts or products authorized to be shared with the data recipient.

15. The system of claim **11**, wherein the processing circuitry is configured to generate, by the intermediary entity, the package of authorized information from the information received from the data provider by:

identifying, from the information received from the data provider, certain categories of data not permitted to be shared with the data recipient; and
removing the identified categories of data from the temporary buffer memory.

16. The system of claim **11**, wherein:
the data recipient token is generated by the intermediary entity; and
the secondary token is generated by the data provider in response to authenticating the user.

17. The system of claim **16**, wherein the processing circuitry is further configured to:

receive, by the intermediary entity, the secondary token from the data provider after the user is authenticated, wherein the data provider authenticates the user in response to executable instructions of the intermediary entity being executed to re-direct the user from a web page or application associated with the data recipient to the data provider.

18. The system of claim **11**, wherein the processing circuitry is further configured to:

determine a data directive based on:
a global data directive associated with the data provider that is applicable to any data recipient that requests information from the data provider via the intermediary entity; and
a data recipient data directive that is specific to the data recipient or a user selection indicating information that is permitted to be shared with the data recipient, and

perform the removing by the intermediary entity based on the determined data directive.

19. The system of claim **18**, wherein the processing circuitry is further configured to:

in response to transmitting the package of authorized information to the data recipient, remove, by the intermediary entity, the package of authorized information from the temporary buffer memory.

20. A non-transitory computer-readable medium having non-transitory computer-readable instructions encoded thereon that, when executed by a processor, causes the processor to:

receive, at an intermediary entity, a request from a data recipient to access information from a data provider associated with a user, wherein the request comprises a data recipient token;

validate, by the intermediary entity, the request;

in response to validating the request, transmit, by the intermediary entity, a secondary token to the data provider;

receive, at the intermediary entity and via a network, the information from the data provider;

in response to receiving the information at the intermediary entity and via the network, transfer the received information to a temporary buffer memory at the intermediary entity;

generate, by the intermediary entity, a package of authorized information from the information by removing, from the temporary buffer memory at the intermediary entity, information that is not permitted to be shared with the data recipient; and

transmit, by the intermediary entity, the package of authorized information to the data recipient.

21. The method of claim **1**, further comprising:

determining that a predefined period of time has elapsed since the transmitting of the package of authorized information to the data recipient; and

in response to determining that the predefined period of time has elapsed, removing the package of authorized information from the temporary buffer memory.

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