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METAL DIGESTER HAVING A CORROSION RESISTANT METAL LINING

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Our present invention relates to linings for di-
gesters used in the pulp industry particularly
those employed in the so-called monosulfite proc-
ess. In this process the wood or other cellulosic
material is cooked with a liquor consisting of a
solution of sodium or calcium sulfite. This liquor
while neutral or even on the slightly alkaline side
at the start of the cook nevertheless has proved
corrosive to the metal containers due presumably
to the fact that wood contains acid forming sub-
stances which are liberated during the cook.

We have now discovered that sprayed coatings
of certain metals resist the effect of the liquor
and satisfactorily protect the metal of the di-
gester from corrosion. In view of the somewhat
porous nature of such coating as well as the
stresses set up incident to expansion and contrac-
tion due to temperature changes, this result was
not to have been expected. Of the various metals
we have found cadmium, Monel, stainless steel,
tin, lead and various bronzes to give a coating of
the desired properties. Of these metals we pre-
fer cadmium which in addition to its own prop-
erties as a protecting agent forms a layer of yel-
low cadmium sulfide with the cooking liquor
which further acts as a protective coating.

One great advantage of the improved metal
coating is that it can be applied in situ by the
use of known means as for example a so-called
pistol which operates by feeding a wire of the
metal to be sprayed into a flame produced by con-
current streams of a combustible gas and oxygen,
the liquefied metal being atomized by a stream of
air or non-oxidizing gas. Before the coating is
sprayed, the interior steel surface of the digester
is suitably roughened preferably by scrubbing
with steel grit or by sand blasting, whereupon
the metal is sprayed in known manner. After
the coating has been applied, the same is pref-
erably gone over with a wire brush which tends
to close up any porous spots on the surface and
renders the same bright and smooth. The thick-
ness of the coating may vary from .005 to .040

inch. If desired, a second coating of the same
or a different metal may be sprayed over the
first one.

While of particular utility for monosulfite di-
gesters, the improved coating especially of
cadmium, is also useful for ordinary acid sulfite
cooks, i. e. using sodium or calcium or other sul-
fite salt with an excess of sulphurous acid. Ac-
cordingly, in the claims by sulfite pulp digester
we intend to include those used both for monosul-
fite liquors and acid sulfite liquors.

We claim:

1. A sulfite pulp digester composed of a steel
shell and having a firmly adherent, impervious,
sprayed lining of a corrosion resisting metal.
2. A sulfite pulp digester composed of a steel
shell and having a firmly adherent, impervious,
sprayed lining of a metal composed of at least
one of the following corrosion resisting metals:
cadmium, Monel, stainless steel, tin, lead and
bronze.
3. A sulfite pulp digester composed of a steel
shell having a protective interior coating of
sprayed cadmium.
4. A monosulfite pulp digester composed of a
steel shell and having a firmly adherent, im-
pervious, sprayed lining of a metal composed of
at least one of the following corrosion resisting
metals: cadmium, Monel, stainless steel, tin, lead
and bronze.
5. A sulfite pulp digester composed of a steel
shell and having a firmly adherent, impervious,
sprayed lining of a corrosion resisting metal, said
digester being capable of resisting the corrosive
effects of the acid cooking liquors.
6. A sulfite pulp digester composed of a steel
shell having a protective interior coating of
sprayed cadmium of from .005 to .040 inch thick-
ness.

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