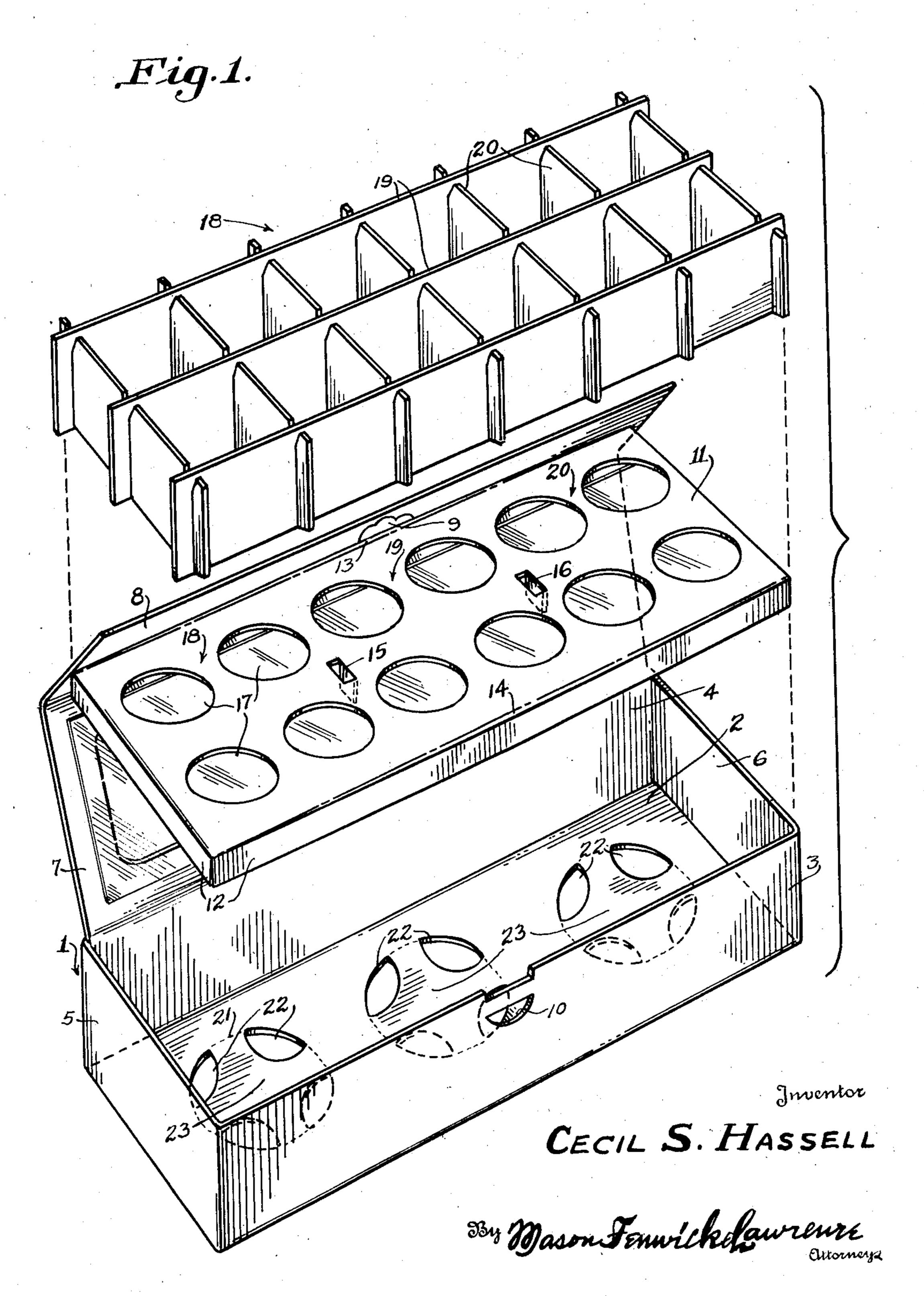
CANDLING EGG CARTON

Filed Nov. 29, 1932

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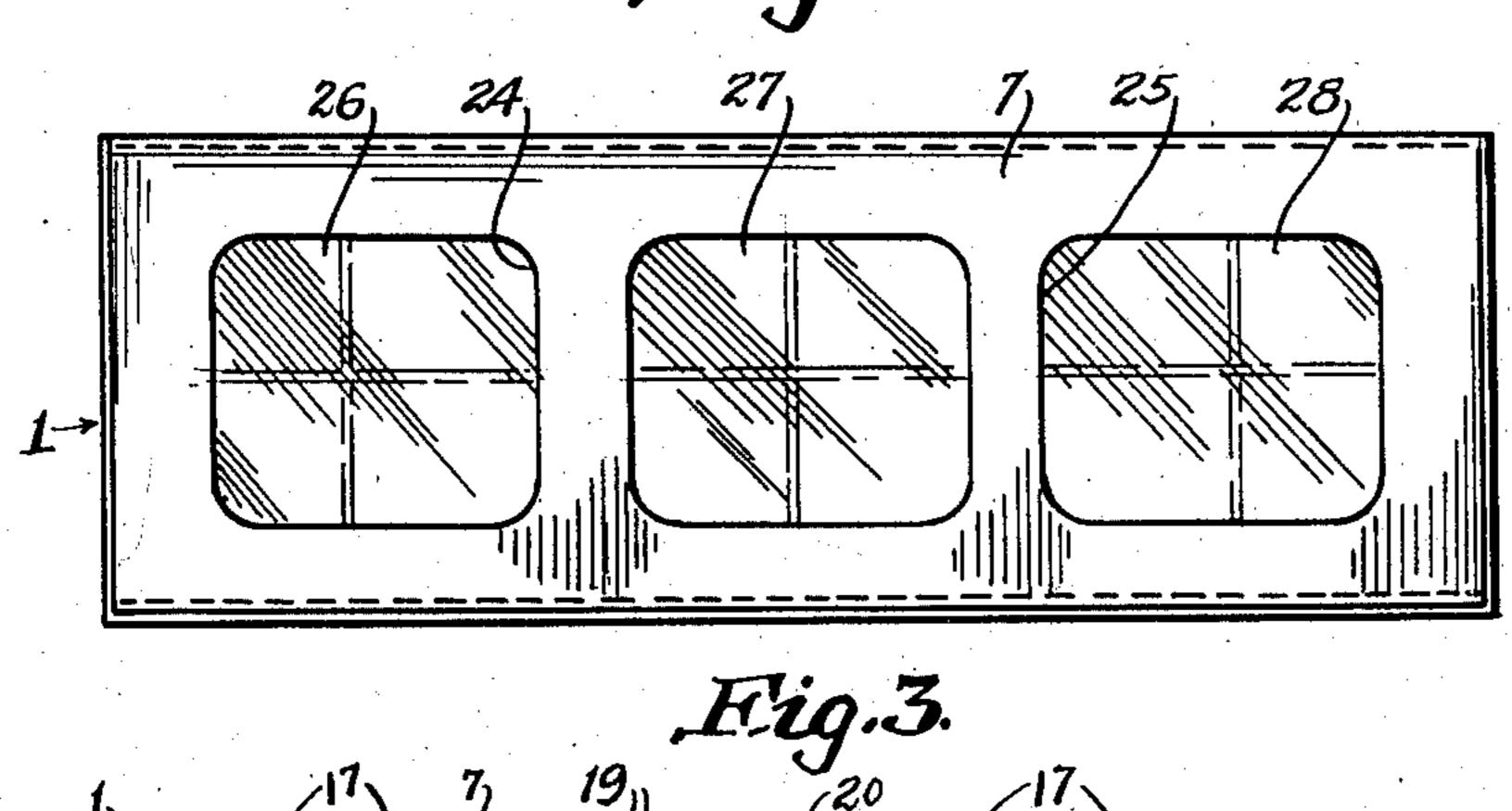


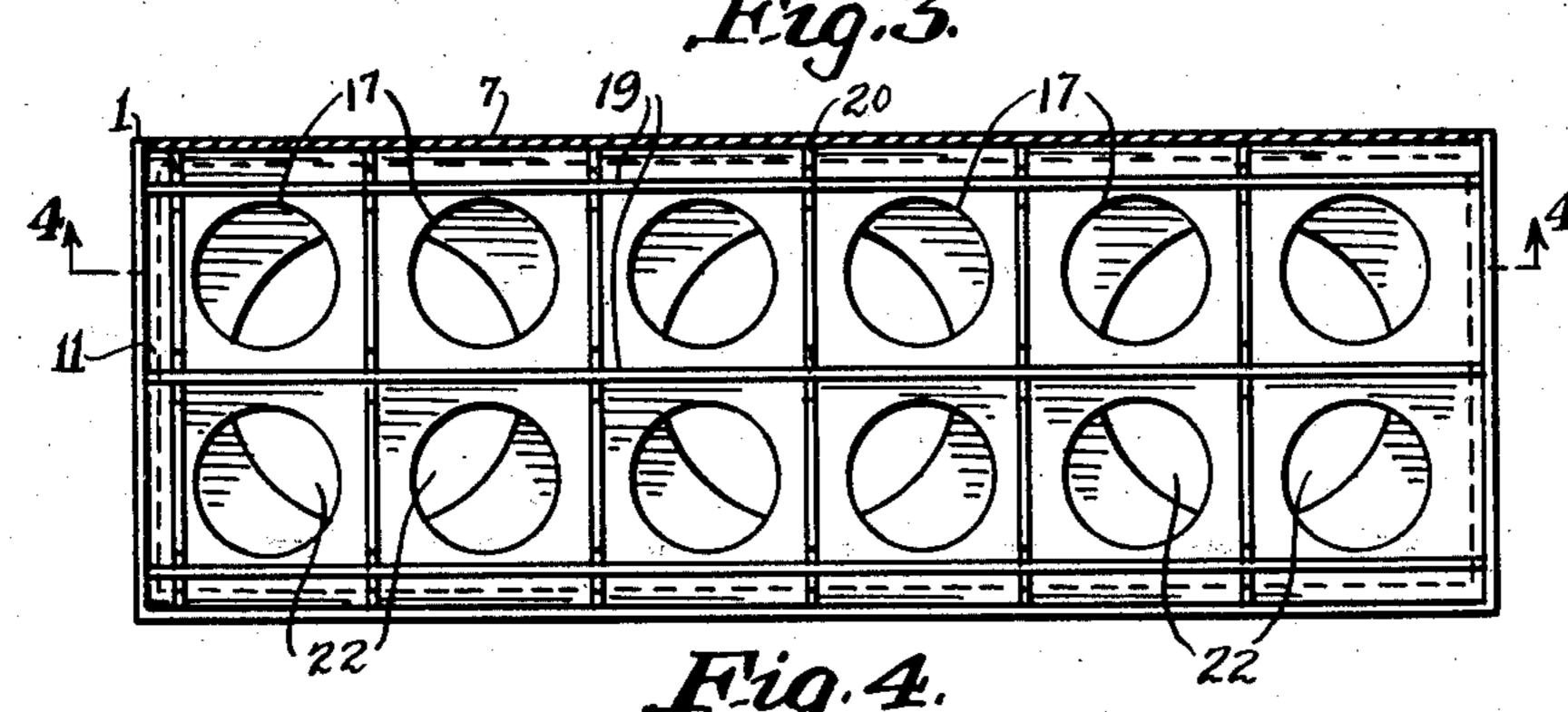
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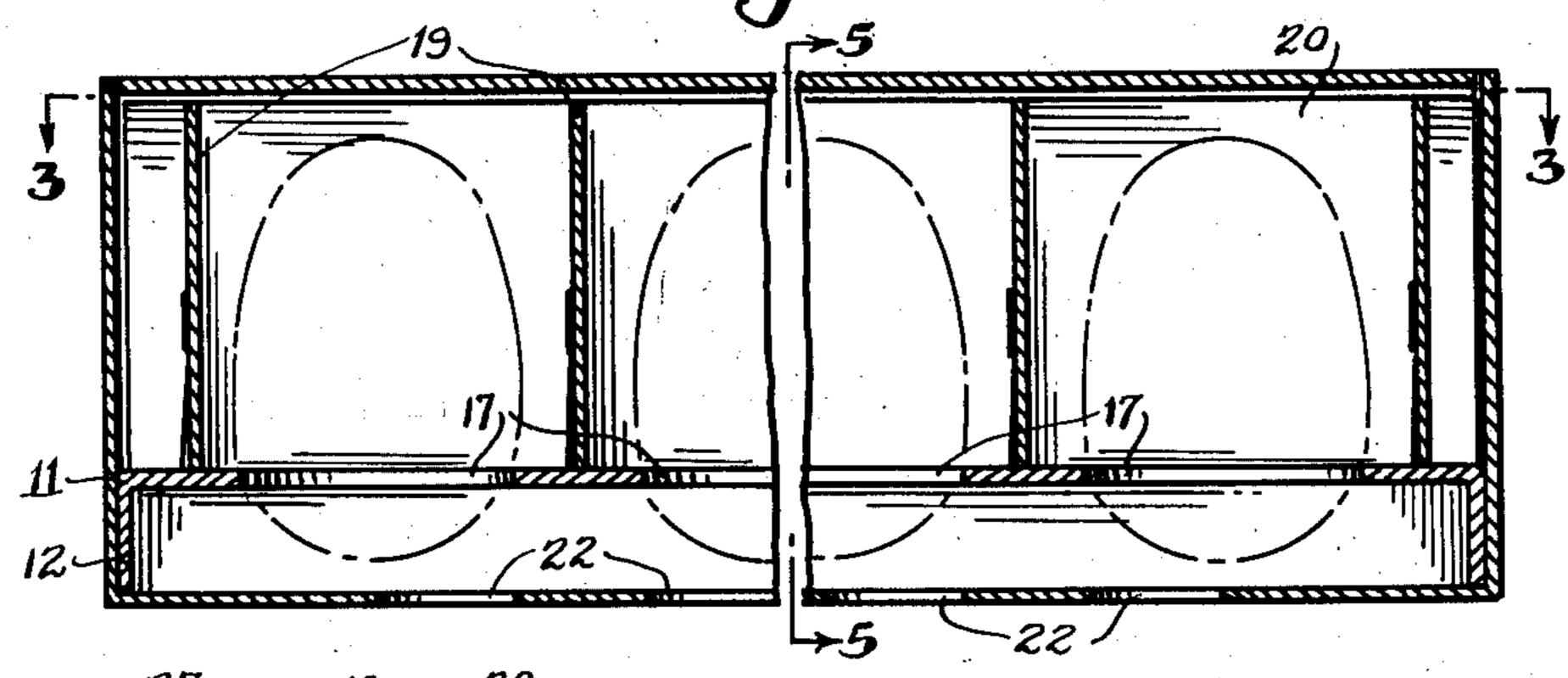
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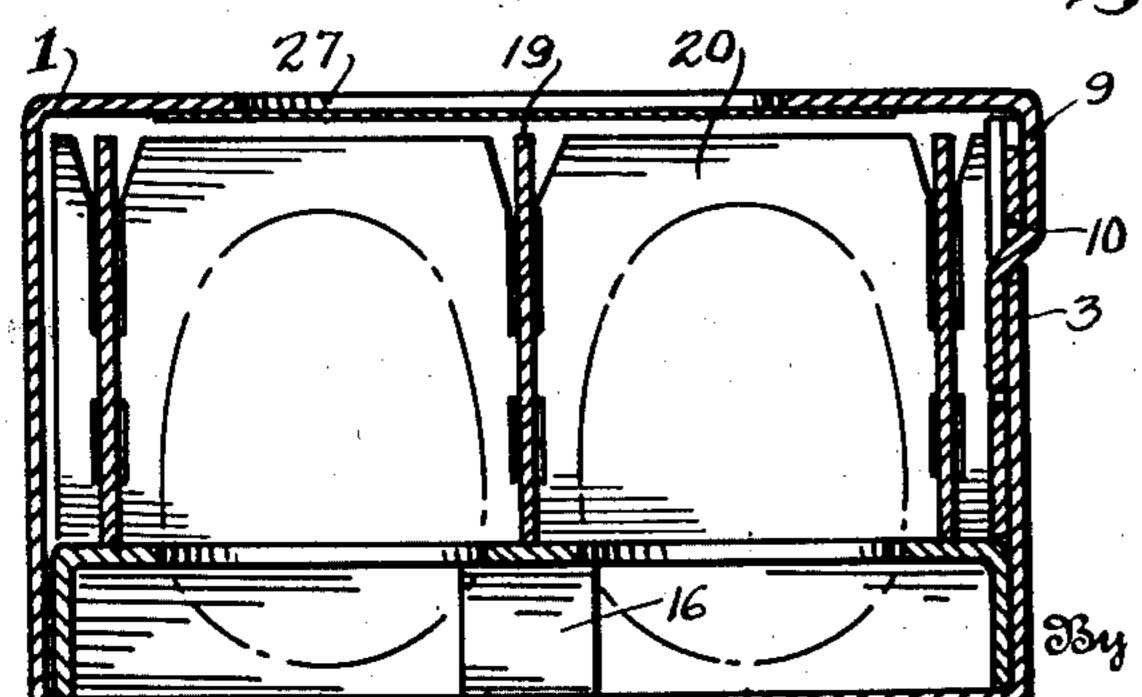
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Ottomers

## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

1,961,293

## CANDLING EGG CARTON

Cecil S. Hassell, Miami, Fla.

Application November 29, 1932, Serial No. 644,864

2 Claims. (Cl. 229—29)

5 Serial No. 538,804, filed May 20, 1931.

of the carton disclosed in said application, and adding other novel features thereto for the pur-10 pose of strengthening the carton as a whole and 17 form seats for the eggs which are only great 65 increasing the protection of the eggs therein against breakage without impairing those characteristics which adapt the carton for use in a candling machine.

15 Other objects of the invention will become apparent as the detailed description thereof proceeds.

In the drawings:

20 carton, illustrating the several parts thereof in aforesaid pending application, each opening of 75 position for assembling;

Figure 2 is a top plan view of the carton; line 3-3 of Figure 4:

on the line 4-4 of Figure 3; and

line 5—5 of Figure 4.

30 generally the body of the carton having a bot-stituting four smaller openings lying within the 85 tom wall 2 suitably connected or formed in- circle 21 for one large circular opening. Actegral with the front wall 3, rear wall 4 and cordingly, in this case, the circle 21 has four opposite end walls 5 and 6. The rear wall 4 arcuate apertures 22 formed therein, and equihas the cover 7 hinged thereto and adapted to angularly spaced around the circle. This ar-35 extend across the open top of the body 1 to rangement leaves a central substantially X-90 form a closure for the same. The cover 7 is, shaped member 23 which materially stiffens the provided with a flap 8 adapted to be tucked into bottom 2 of the carton. Each aperture 22 is the body of the container and against the front therefore located so that its inner arcuate edge wall 3 thereof. The flap 8 is provided with lies directly below and registers with a diameter 40 a tab 9 adapted to be inserted in a slot 10 of one of the holes 17 formed in the tray 11. formed centrally in the front wall 3.

A tray 11 is shaped to form supporting flanges 12 extending downwardly from the edges thereof. This tray is adapted to fit snugly between 45 the end walls 5 and 6 and the center portion of the tray is made somewhat wider than the ends in order that these center portions may contact with the front and rear walls 3 and 4 and effect an arching of this center portion of 50 the tray when the carton is closed. This additional width at the center of the tray is indicated by the spaces 13 and 14 between the edges of the tray itself and the broken lines which are spaced apart a distance equal to the 55 width of the ends of said tray.

The invention forming the subject matter of As an additional supporting means for the this application is a candling egg carton form- center part of the tray, the latter is provided ing an improvement on the egg carton disclosed with tabs 15 and 16 extending downwardly from in the pending application of Hassell et al., the body of the tray and adapted to contact with the bottom 2 of the carton. The tray 60. The main object of the present invention is is provided with a plurality of more or less unito provide a carton retaining all the advantages formly spaced openings 17 each of which has a diameter substantially less than the small diameter of eggs of average size. The orenings enough in diameter to receive the terminal portions of the eggs, so that when the tray is properly positioned in the bottom of the carton the eggs will be supported above and in spaced relation to the bottom 2.

The carton illustrated herein is designed to package a dozen eggs. For convenience, the twelve openings 17 may be considered as ar-Figure 1 is an exploded perspective of the ranged in three groups 18, 19 and 20. In the a group overlapped a large opening formed in the bottom of the carton and designed to trans-Figure 3 is a horizontal section taken on the mit light from a suitable source to the eggs seated in the openings 17. For example, in the Figure 4 is a vertical transverse section taken prior case, the four openings of group 18 would 80 overlap an opening defined by the circle 21.

Figure 5 is a vertical section taken on the It was found that this large opening unnecessarily weakened the bottom of the carton, as the In the drawings, the numeral 1 designates same candling effect could be obtained by sub-

The cover 7 is divided by partitions 24 and 25 into three openings closed by transparent material to form windows 26, 27 and 28, made as large as possible consistent with the strength of the cover, and located directly over the groups 100 18, 19 and 20, respectively.

The slight increase in width at the center of the tray 11 causes the tray at the center part thereof to bulge upwardly when the carton is folded with the flap 8 tucked in between the 105 filler 18 and the front wall 3 of the carton. This bulging serves to stiffen the tray and prevents it from sagging downwardly, the tabs 15 and 16 limiting the downward movement in order that, when pressure is applied to the opposite 110 sides of the tray 11 at the center thereof, the tray must bulge upwardly instead of downwardly. This slight bulging of the tray also has the effect of causing the front wall of the carton to cooperate with the tab 9 in holding the carton securely closed thereby presenting a neat appearing and effectively sealed package in which the eggs may be candled without disturbing them in the carton.

As in the aforesaid pending application, Serial No. 538,804, the tray, in addition to raising, nesting and protecting the eggs, also serves another and still greater purpose; it causes to be sealed out all light passing through the carton 15 from below except that transmitted through the eggs. When light passes through the carton in places other than through the eggs, the effectiveness of candling is lost and efficient determination of the quality of the eggs cannot be accurately accomplished. All light must be sealed out except that coming through the eggs. The sealing out of all sunlight or other extraneous light, which, if brought into contact with the light which passes through the egg will cause the eye to see an image of the eggs which is markedly dimmed and with consequent loss of proper determination as to quality.

It is thought that the invention and numerous of its attendant advantages will be understood from the foregoing description and it is obvious that numerous changes may be made in the form, construction and arrangement of the sev-

eral parts without departing from the spirit or scope of my invention, or sacrificing any of its attendant advantages; the form herein described being a preferred embodiment for the purpose of illustrating my invention.

What I claim is:

1. In a carton for eggs, a substantially rectangular container having a bottom and a cover, a tray removably mounted within the container and provided with openings defining seats for 85 eggs, the bottom being formed with spaced apart openings each of which is overlapped by ony one of the openings in said tray and is formed at one side of the axis of said opening, said tray fitting snugly within the container and being wider at 90 the center part thereof to cause an upward bulge in said center part by the lateral pressure of the front and rear walls of the container.

2. In a carton for eggs, a container having a bottom and a cover, a tray removably mounted within the container and having a plurality of openings forming seats for eggs, said bottom being formed with a plurality of spaced apart openings each of which is overlapped by only one of the openings in the tray and is formed 100 at one side of the axis of said opening thereby leaving unbroken portions of said bottom directly below the major portion of each of said seats, said portions forming X-shaped reinforcing strips directly below similar strips separating 105 groups of openings in the tray.

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