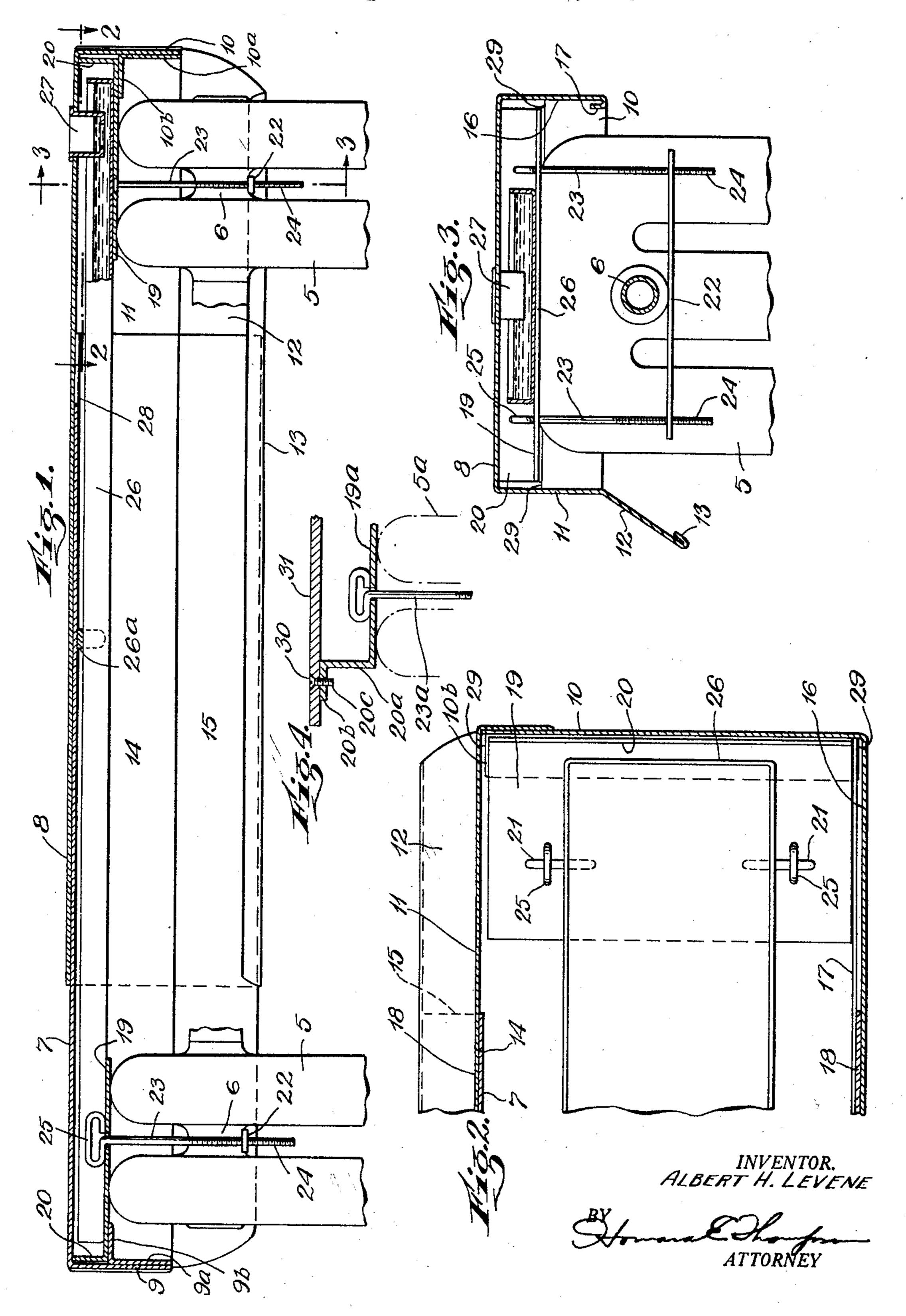
RADIATOR HOOD

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RADIATOR HOOD

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This invention relates to hoods for use in connection with radiators of various kinds 1; and, and classes, for the purpose of deflecting the heat rising therefrom and further to modification. form a shelf or support upon which various. In the drawing 5 represents the coils of 55 articles may be placed; and the object of a radiator of any kind or class, the upper the invention is to provide a device of the ends of the separate coils being placed in class specified, the hood of which consists of communication by couplings 6 which bridge telescoping parts whereby the same may be said coils. In practice, I provide a hood conmounted upon radiators of different length, sisting of two parts 7 and 8 which are U- 60 the width of said telescoping parts being shaped in cross sectional form, the part 8 be-15 ject being to provide a simple and yet strong tively to the end wall 10 of the part 8. and durable means for coupling the hood. The side wall 11 of the part 8 has a downwith the radiator in such manner that the wardly extending and angularly disposed hood can safely support any articles placed deflector 12 terminating in a flange 13 folded thereon and also to provide a space between inwardly upon the deflector. The corre-20 the top of the radiator coils and the top of sponding wall 14 of the part 7 is also pro- 70 in which water may be placed to maintain as in the telescoping movement of the parts. near as possible, a moist rather than dry The other side wall 16 of the part 8 termiatmospheric condition; a still further ob- nates in an inwardly and upwardly directed 75 thereof and to act as a gage to indicate the their telescoping movement. 30 level of water in the pan; and with these The end wall 9 of the part 7 has an exten- 80 and other objects in view, the invention con-sion 9a folded inwardly upon the inner face sists in a device of the class and for the pur- of said wall, which extension terminates betion, efficient in use, and which is constructed directed flange 9b which forms a lock mem-

in is a division of a prior application filed by similar construction and has the extension me November 25, 1929, Serial Number 10a terminating in the flange or lock mem-409,500, and is fully disclosed in the follow-ber 10b. 40 ing specification, of which the accompany- I also employ two mounting plates 19, 90 ing drawing forms a part, in which the sepa- which are of similar construction and the rate parts of my improvement are designated brief description of one will apply to the by suitable reference characters in each of other. Each plate 19 is provided at its outer the views, and in which:

Fig. 1 is a longitudinal sectional view through my improved hood illustrating the end walls 9 or 10 of the hood when mounted manner of coupling the same with the end coils of a radiator.

Fig. 2 is a partial section on the line 2—2 ⁵⁰ of Fig. 1.

Fig. 3 is a section on the line 3—3 of Fig.

Fig. 4 is a sectional detail view showing a

such as to adapt the same for use on sub- ing arranged over the part 7 and the latter stantially any size and style of radiator, part telescoping with the part 8 so that the which is in conventional use; a further ob- end wall 9 of the part 7 may be moved rela-

said hood; a further object being to arrange vided with a deflector 15, the lower end of within the space formed in the hood, a pan which rests in and is guided by the flange 13

ject being to provide means arranged in one flange 17 in which the lower edge of the side part of the hood and adapted to enter said wall 18 of the part 7 operates, thus retaining pan to provide for the filling and refilling the parts 7 and 8 against displacement in

pose specified, which is simple in construction low the top wall of the part 7 in an inwardly 35 as hereinafter described and claimed. ber to retain the part against displacement 85 The invention described and claimed here- as later described. The end wall 10 is of

end with an upwardly extending flange 20 which is normally arranged adjacent the 95 in position as clearly seen in Figs. 1 and 2 of the drawing. Each plate is adapted to rest upon two or more of the coils 5 of the radiator as seen in Fig. 1 and is provided 106 at a predetermined distance from the flange to a point adjacent the end wall 10 of the 20 with two elongated apertures 21 arranged part 8. adjacent the sides of said plate, the aper- From the foregoing, it will be apparent that tures being preferably in alinement and my improved radiator hood may be applica-

ator, I provide a transverse bar 22, the ends of which have threaded holes to receive rods of the simplicity in the structure of the hood 23 or the threaded end portions 24 thereof, 10 the upper ends of said rods having elongated rods may be rotated in adjustably clamping within the reach of all classes of people. the plates 19 in position. It will be understood that the rods 23 will be coupled with 15 ends of the bar 22 and when so coupled, the entire unit will be placed between two of the coils of the radiator beneath the bridge couplings 6 and so as to extend the heads 25 above 20 mounted in position by passing the heads 25 ly and laterally extending part 20b having 85 25 in position in such manner as to arrange the of the coils 5a. The slab 31 may be composed 90 pan 26 is placed upon the plates 19 and not necessarily include side wall members. 30 arranged between the heads 25 of the rods I preferably arrange upon the pan 26 a 95 extend to a point adjacent each of the flanges trally of the hood and which serves to sup-35 position. In this operation, the parts 7 and or more of these devices may be employed if 100 8 are separated to a sufficient degree to permit the free placement of the part 8 upon the adjacent plate 19, it being understood that the flange 10b is passed beneath said plate 40 as clearly seen in Fig. 1, so as to lock the part 8 against displacement from the radiator, after which the part 7 is moved inwardly to bring the flange 9b thereof beneath the plate 19 at the other end of the radiator, the part 45 8 being held against movement in this operation.

The top wall of the part 8 is provided adjacent the end wall 10 with an aperture in which is mounted a cup-shaped filling cup 50 and gage device 27 which extends well within maintained at a proper level at all times without removing the hood from the radiator.

In order that the two parts 7 and 8 may be telescoped toward each other to the great- I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters est degree, the inner end of the top wall of Patent, is: the part 7 has an elongated aperture 28 suffi-

5 parallel to the flange 20 as shown. ble to a large range in size of radiators, thus 70 In coupling the plates 19 with the radi- eliminating the difficulty of manufacturing these devices in many fixed sizes. By virtue and the manner of its coupling with the radiator, the same may be retailed at a compara- 75 loop-shaped heads 25 by means of which the tively low selling price to bring the same

In Fig. 4 of the drawing, I have shown a slight modification wherein a mounting plate 19a is mounted upon and coupled with the 80 coils 5a of a radiator by coupling rods 23asimilar to the rods 23, the plate having an upwardly extending flange 20a which differs the coils, after which the plates 19 are from the flange 20 in that it has a horizontalof the rods 23 through the elongated aper- one or more threaded holes 20c to receive matures 21 and then rotating said rods to draw chine screws 30 for securing the slab 31 to the bar or bars 22 upwardly and the plates the mounting plate 19a and to arrange the 19 downwardly. The plates 19 are clamped same above and in spaced relation to the top flanges 20 outwardly with respect to the outer of any suitable material such for example as faces of the end coils of the radiator, and wood, marble, metal or the like. While this when secured in position an elongated water slab forms a hood and shelf member, it does

23 and preferably is of such length as to yoke-shaped spacing member 26a located cen-20 in the manner seen in Fig. 1 of the draw-port and reinforce the top walls 7 and 8 of ing; and the hood may now be placed in the hood, and it will be understood that two

desired.

It will be understood that the hood may be painted or otherwise treated to produce the same in any desired colors or color effects to render the device neat and ornamental in 105

appearance.

It will also be understood that by providing comparatively long coupling rods and comparatively long threaded end portions thereon, the plates 19 may be coupled with 110 radiators of any style or construction, and this attachment may be made without the use of tools of any kind. It will be understood that my invention is not necessarily limited to the specific details of construction of the 115 the pan 26. This cup facilitates the filling several parts nor to the specific arrangement of the pan and also serves as a gage to indi- of said parts herein shown, and various cate the level of water therein. By means changes therein and modifications thereof of this device, the water in the pan may be may be made within the scope of the appended claims without departing from the spirit 120 of my invention or sacrificing its advantages.

Having fully described my invention, what

1. A radiator hood of the class described 125 ciently large to clear the cup 27. It is also comprising two telescoping hood parts, each preferred that clearance be provided between of said parts consisting of a top wall, side the flange 10b and the adjacent side walls walls and one end wall, one of the side walls 11 and 16 as seen at 29, note Figs. 2 and 3, of each part having angularly disposed proto permit the side walls 14 and 18 to move jecting members forming deflectors, hood 130 supporting brackets mounted upon each end of the radiator, said hood being adapted to be arranged on said brackets and to cover the top of the radiator, and each of said hood parts having inwardly directed members in spaced relation with respect to the top wall thereof to engage said brackets in the telescoping movement of said hood parts to retain said parts against displacement from the ratio diator.

2. A radiator cover comprising telescoping sections, cover supporting means mounted on the radiator, the outer ends of the sections of the cover having members interlocking with said supporting means by longitudinal sliding movement of the cover sections with respect to each other and to the radiator to retain the cover against displacement from the radiator, said members comprising interval wardly extending parts on the end portions

of the separate sections of the cover.

3. A radiator hood for detachable mounting upon the upper end of a radiator comprising telescoping hood parts for increasing and decreasing the length of the hood to compensate it to radiators of different sizes, said hood parts including depending walls, cover supporting means mounted on the radiator within the depending walls adjacent the outer ends of said hood parts, and inwardly extending members at the ends of said hood parts engaging said means for retaining said parts against displacement from the radiator. In testimony that I claim the foregoing as

35 my invention I have signed my name.

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