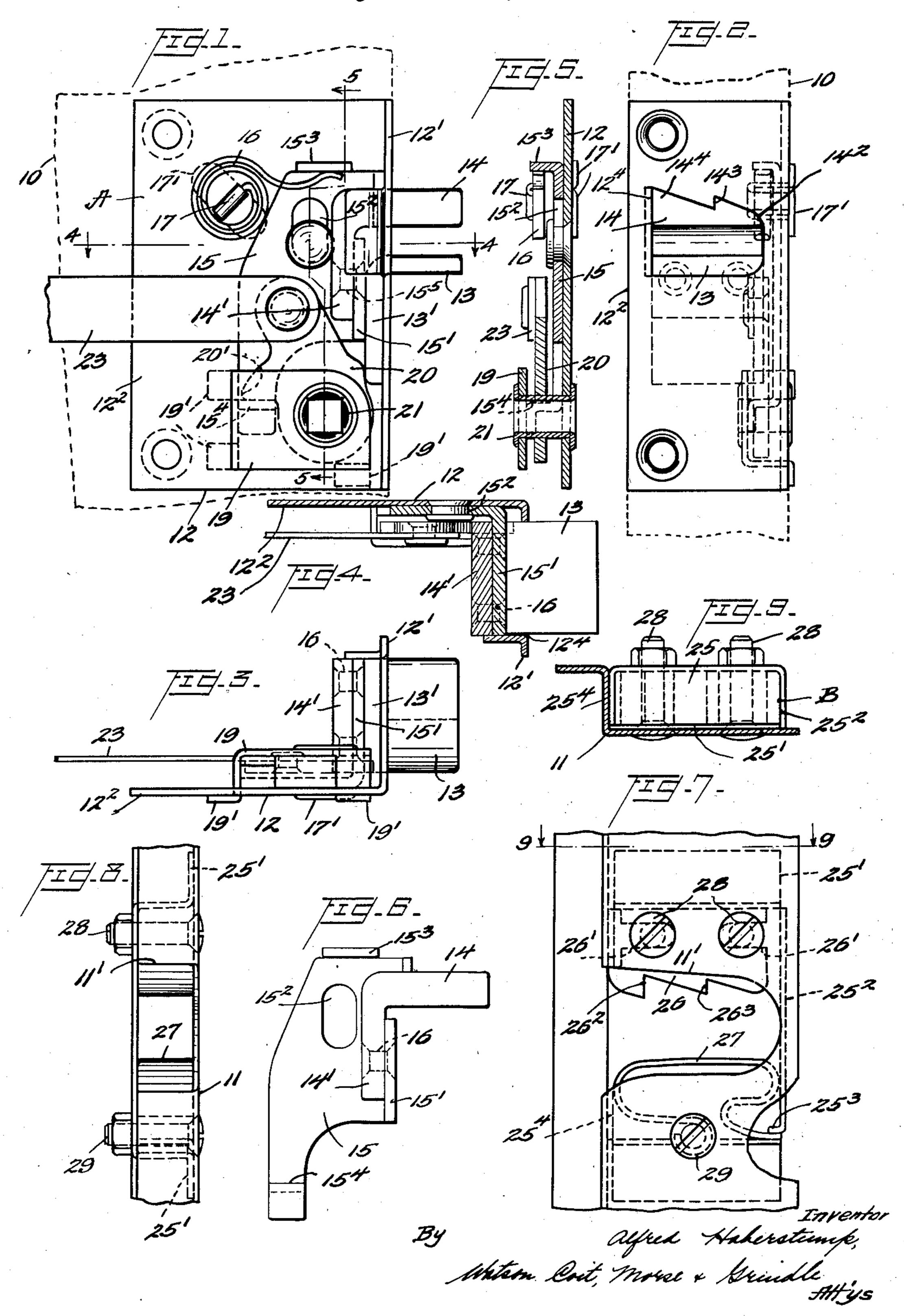
COMBINED DOOR LOCK AND RETAINER

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for doors, particularly vehicle doors, as for by way of example. instance the passenger doors of automobiles In the drawing: and trucks.

It has generally heretofore been considered necessary to provide an automobile door not only with means for releasably securing the same in closed position, i. e., a suitable latch, but also with separate means 10 for supporting the door relatively to the frame, when in closed position, at a point remote from the hinges. The door sup- ure 1; porting means now and heretofore in practically universal use comprises essentially a 15 tongue or flange rigid with the door, which is received between two opposed resilient plate to which the latch bolt is secured; members secured to the door frame when weight of the door when the door is closed, thereto; its correct theoretical position relative to ure 7. 25 distortions to which the body of the car is Figures 1 and 2, and the door frame pillar 75 subject.

the latch and support are combined into one erally at A, and the letter B indicates genstructure which performs the functions of erally that portion of the device which both, thus facilitating manufacture and re- houses the catch and the support. The plate 80 ducing the number of operations which 12 is adapted to be secured to the edge of must be performed in assembling the lock the door remote from the hinges, in the usual and support with the door structure and manner, the portion 12' of this plate being lowering the cost by the elimination of cer- intended to lie flush with the edge surface 35 tain parts and certain assembling opera- of the door, and portion 122 to lie flush with 85 tions. Furthermore, by means of the im- the side surface. The plate is secured firmproved construction, door opening and clos- ly in position by screws, bolts, or any other ing operations are rendered easier, less suitable means. noisy, and more dependable.

thermore, is the provision of resilient mem- ber being horizontally disposed when the bers, or a resilient member, of metal to door is hinged to swing about a vertical axis. form part of the door support, eliminating Member 13 has a vertically disposed portion the use of rubber blocks with their various 13' which lies closely against portion 12' 45 attendant disadvantages. Many other ad- of the plate 12, on the inside of this plate, 95 vantageous features of the invention will and which is secured to the plate rigidly, be observed by one skilled in the art, and preferably by a welding operation. Dispossible modifications to fit varying condi- posed parallel to the tongue 13 and immeditions of use, the invention not being limited ately above the same is the latch bolt 14, to that form hereinafter described in detail this latch bolt also having a down-turned

The present invention relates to latches and shown in the accompanying drawing

Figure 1 is a side elevation of that portion of the mechanism which supports the 56 latch bolt, i. e., the portion which is secured

to the swinging door, a fragment of the

door being illustrated in dotted lines; Figure 2 is an end elevation of the same; Figure 3 is a top plan view;

Figure 4 is a section on line 4—4 of Fig-

Figure 5 is a section on line 5—5 of Figure 1; Figure 6 is a side elevation of the sliding 65

Figure 7 is a side elevation of a portion the door is closed. This support relieves, of a door frame pillar cover panel, showto a large extent, the door hinges from the ing the improved catch and support affixed

prevents rattling of the door relatively to Figure 8 is an end view of the same; and the frame, and in general holds the door in Figure 9 is a section on line 9-9 of Fig-

the frame regardless of the ordinary small A portion of a door is indicated at 10 in cover panel at 11. The portion of the device In accordance with the present invention, which carries the latch is indicated gen-

oisy, and more dependable.

Projecting laterally from the latch supporting means A is a tongue 13, this mem-

portion indicated at 14' which is rigidly secured to a flange struck up from and integral with a sliding plate 15. The latch bolt may be welded to this flange, which is indi-5 cated at 15', or may be secured thereto by rivets, such as indicated at 30. Both the tongue 13 and the latch bolt 14 project laterally through an aperture, indicated at 124, formed in the portion 12' of plate 12, and 10 the upper edge of this aperture constitutes a limiting stop for the upward movement of the latch bolt 14, the latch bolt being mov-sliding plate 15 is depressed against the acable vertically from the position in which it is shown in Figures 1 and 2 to a position 15 in which its lower face is in contact with the upper face of tongue 13, the tongue 13 constituting its lower limiting stop.

The sliding plate 15 is irregular in shape, as can be more clearly seen upon an inspec-20 tion of Figure 6, and is adapted to be moved downwardly by manually applied force to effect release of the latch and opening of the door, and to be automatically moved upwardly by means of a spring 16 secured to plate 12 by means of a clip 17 within which one end of the spring is secured. The clip itself comprises a metallic member having a loop within the plate 12 to receive the end of spring 16 and outwardly projecting porover to lie flat against the portion 12' of the plate 12.

The free end of spring 16 bears against a main locking tooth 14⁴ with the main tooth flange 15³ projecting horizontally from plate of the catch on the door frame. 35 15 at its upper edge, and the action of the The door frame may be of any suitable 10 spring is such that plate 15, together with construction or material, and in the present in which it is shown in Figure 1. In its lustrated, this panel being cut away at 11' follow a predetermined path, being confined latch bolt 14 and the tongue 13 when the 10 lying in a slot 152 formed in the plate. The In rear of the aperture 11' is secured a box lower end of plate 15 is likewise slidably or housing 25 having end flanges 25' seconfined by a retainer plate 19. This re- cured to the panel, preferably by welding. tainer plate is permanently secured to plate and a rear flange 252 turned forwardly to 11 12, having three portions 19', or tabs, which meet the panel 11, the lower end of flange extend through slots in plate 12 and are bent 25' having an inturned laterally extending over to lock the retainer plate in position. flange 253, as shown in Figure 7. The The lower end of plate 15 slidably rests flange 25 of the retainer box has its mid-

20 fixed to a sleeve 21, which sleeve is ro- tion 11' of the cover panel 11.

nected a link 23, and the opposite end of this link may be conveniently connected to a second operating handle, such for instance as a handle positioned interiorly of the door for the convenience of occupants of the vehicle. 7

By either such operating means, however, the cam 20 may be rocked in a counterclockwise direction (Figure 1) and the projection 20' thereof caused to act upon a lateral projection 154 of sliding plate 15. 7 In such rocking movement, therefore, the tion of spring 16, and the latch bolt is brought down to a position in contact with, or very close to, the tongue 13. Upon re- 80 lease of the operating handle, the spring 16 acts to return the plate to the position shown in Figure 1. Movement of cam 20 in a clockwise direction may be limited by contact of the cam with the lower portion of 85 member 13', as shown in Figure 1.

The upper surface of the latch bolt 14 is provided with a rounded portion 142, which may be designated the forward portion inasmuch as it is the first to strike the catch in 90 the closing movement of the door, and also provided with a tooth 14⁸ midway of the width of the bolt and on its upper side, which tooth may be designated a safety tions 17 comprising tabs which are bent catch which serves to hold the door in the 95 event that its closing empetus is not sufficiently strong to secure engagement of the

latch bolt 14, normally occupies the position instance a metal pillar cover panel 11 is ilvertical movements the plate is caused to to provide a recess to receive both the by means of a stud secured to plate 12 and door is in closed or partially closed position. against the rear wall of the retainer plate 19. portion cut away to receive the latch bolt 14 11 Downward movement of the slide 15 and and tongue 13, the cut-away portion being latch bolt 14 is effected by means of a cam co-extensive in width with the cut-away por-

tatably supported at one end in the retain- Within the retainer box or housing are er plate 19 and at the other end in the main positioned the catch 26 and the resilient 12 plate 12. The sleeve is apertured to receive, door support 27. The catch 26 is preferwith a close fit, the square shank of a door ably formed of hardened metal and is sehandle of customary type, which is not il- cured in position by means of screw bolts lustrated. Rotation of the door handle in the 28 which pass through slots 26' in the catch. usual manner, however, effects rotation of By loosening the screw bolts, the catch may 12 the sleeve 21 and rocking movement of the be adjusted inwardly or outwardly of the cam 20. In Figure 1 of the drawing the door frame. The door support 27 comprises cam is shown in the position which it nor- a resilient spring formed as shown in Figmally occupies when the door is closed and ure 7 of the drawing, the rear end of the latched. To its upper end is pivotally con-spring projecting beneath flange 253 and be- 130

flange. The forward end of the spring is silient spring 27, and inasmuch as the spring looped, and passing through this looped por- 16 is always active, when the door is in tion is a screw bolt 29. Removal of this closed position, to press the latch upwardly screw bolt renders it possible to easily re- against the catch and the tongue 13 downmove the spring 27, which is highly advan- wardly on spring 27, no rattling of the door tageous inasmuch as the spring is subjected relatively to the frame in a vertical plane to considerable wear and may occasionally can occur. require replacement, as do the rubber blocks The invention provides, therefore, a mech-10 now in common use. If desired, the spring anism by means of which all of the require- 75 27 may be replaced by a rubber block, but ments heretofore imposed upon articles of the spring is to be preferred inasmuch as this kind can be met and in addition has it maintains its full resiliency for longer many further advantages. Thus, by combinperiods of time and is not deteriorated by ing the latching mechanism with the door heat, thus making it entirely practical to supporting mechanism, heretofore formed 80 assemble the resilient member in position separately and designated "dovetails", the prior to the painting or enameling of the cost of original manufacture and the cost of body, which operation generally involves installation of the parts are greatly reduced. passage of the body through a heated oven. The latch bolt, being always projected from

improved combination lock and support is sition unless, of course, it should for any applied, and assuming that the cam 20 is reason stick in its lowermost position. Benot operated by either of the operating han- ing visible and accessible from the outside, dles, the tongue 13 will strike the forward however, such sticking can be readily de-25 edge of spring 27 practically at the same tected and overcome. The use of rubber 90 time that the rounded nose 142 of the latch blocks is preferably avoided, and the parts bolt 14 strikes the rounded forward end of may therefore be completely assembled with the catch 26. Due to the shape of the con- the body prior to painting, with no danger tacting faces of the catch and latch bolt, of deterioration thereof by reason of heat 30 the latch bolt will be downwardly deflected used in paint drying processes. so that the tooth 14° of the latch bolt will By the consolidation of the latch and door pass to the rear of the first tooth 26° of the support in a single mechanism, simplicity of catch. If a sufficient impetus has not been construction and application of the lock to a given the door to effect complete closing, door and door frame is promoted, and the 35 the teeth 14° and 26° will remain in en- final appearance of the assembly is neater 106° gagement, thus locking the door in nearly and more attractive than those generally closed position.

given the door, the tooth 14° of the latch bolt pillar cover panel for the reception of the 40 will pass beyond and lockingly engage the latch bolt and tongue, reinforces the cover 105 tooth 26° of the catch, and the tooth 14° of the latch bolt will lockingly engage the tooth 26² of the catch. The door is then in fully tion. latched position, and in such position the 45 lower surface of the tongue 13 has full contact with the upper surface of the resilient appreciated that, in adapting the invention supporting spring 27.

Not only is the door securely latched, but it is in part resiliently supported, the weight the component elements thereof may be va-50 of the door being taken, to a considerable ried very considerably without departure 115 extent, off of the hinges and transferred to from the spirit and scope of the invention. the door frame through the resilient sup- Having thus described the invention, what port 27. Upon operation of either operating is claimed as new and desired to be secured handle and actuation of cam 20, the latch by Letters Patent is: 55 bolt will be drawn downwardly and the teeth on its upper surface totally disengaged from the teeth of catch 26. The door may be opened, therefore, by a slight push.

If wear occurs between the edge of the 60 door and the door frame, or between the latch bolt and the catch, the catch 26 may be laterally adjusted slightly to compensate so that there will never be at any time any rat- latch bolt and the second a tongue, said memtling of the door laterally by reason of wear- bers being relatively movable toward and 65 ing of the parts. As the weight of the door away from each other, and resilient means

ing retained in the position shown by this is transmitted to the frame through the re-

20 In the closing of the door to which the the door frame, is always in operative po-

heretofore employed. The retainer box, If a sufficient impetus has, however, been bridging as it does the gap formed in the panel at the point where it has been weakened and results in a very strong construc-

Other advantages will be apparent to one skilled in the art, and it will furthermore be 110 to various types of locks and various types of vehicles, the design and arrangement of

1. In combination, a device adapted to be 120 attached to a door frame and having two spaced mutually facing elements, one comprising a catch and the other a support, and means adapted to be attached to a door to cooperate with said device in locking and supporting the door when in closed position, said means comprising two members, one a

normally urging said members apart, said prising a resilient spring having a curved members contacting with the spaced ele- portion at one end, and a member detachments, respectively, of said device when the ably secured to said means and engaging door is moved toward closed position and the curved portion of said spring, removal ⁵ being thereby caused to approach each other of said member permitting removal of the 70 against the action of said resilient means to spring. permit entrance of said members simultane- 5. The combination with door and door ously into the space between said elements, frame members, the door frame member bethe tongue resting on the supporting ele- ing fabricated of sheet metal and having 10 ment and said resilient means serving to a recess formed therein, a latch bolt on the 75 hold the latch bolt in locking engagement door adapted to enter the said recess when with said catch to thereby hold the door in the door is in closed position, a metallic closed position.

2. In combination, a device attached to a 15 door frame and having two spaced mutually facing elements, one comprising a catch and the other a support, and means attached to a door to cooperate with said device in locking and supporting the door when in closed 20 position, said means comprising two members, one a tongue rigid with the door and the second a latch bolt bodily movable toward or away from said tongue, and resilient means normally urging said latch bolt 25 away from the tongue, said members contacting, respectively, with the spaced elements of said device when the door is moved toward closed position and the latch bolt being thereby caused to approach the tongue, 30 against the action of said resilient means, to permit entry of said members simultaneously into the space between said elements, the tongue resting on the supporting element and the resilient means serving to hold the 35 latch bolt in locking engagement with the latch and thereby secure the door in closed position.

3. The combination with a door and door frame of a door lock and support compris-40 ing a catch and support mounted on the frame in fixed spaced relationship with an open space therebetween, and a latch bolt, tongue, and resilient means mounted on the door, the tongue being rigid with the door 45 and the latch bolt movable bodily toward and away from the tongue, the resilient means normally resisting movement of the latch bolt toward the tongue, said members contacting, respectively, with the spaced ele-50 ments of said device when the door is moved toward closed position and the latch bolt being thereby caused to approach the tongue, against the action of said resilient means, to permit entry of said members simultaneous-55 ly into the space between said elements, the tongue resting on the supporting element and the resilient means serving to hold the latch bolt in locking engagement with the latch and thereby secure the door in closed 60 position.

4. For use in a combined locking and supporting means for doors, means adapted to be rigidly secured to a door frame, said means having mutually facing catch and 65 support members, the support member com-

retainer box bridging the recess formed in the door frame member and welded to said frame member at points on opposite sides 80 of said recess, and a catch in said retainer box.

6. In a combined lock and support for doors, the combination with a latch bolt and tongue on the door, of a catch and support 85 on the door frame, the support comprising a resilient spring.

7. For use in a combined locking and supporting means for doors, means adapted to be rigidly secured to a door frame, said 90 means having mutually facing catch and support members, the catch being adjustable.

8. For use in a combined locking and supporting means for doors, means adapted to be rigidly secured to a door frame, said 45 means having mutually facing catch and support members, the catch comprising a separately formed toothed member provided with slots, and bolts passing through said slots being provided to detachably and ad- 100 justably secure the catch in position.

9. The combination with door and door frame members of a combined door lock and support comprising a catch and support mounted on one member in fixed spaced relationship with an open space therebetween, and a latch bolt, tongue and resilient means mounted on the other member, the tongue being rigid with said member and the latch bolt movable bodily toward and away from 110 the tongue, the resilient means normally resisting movement of the latch bolt toward the tongue, the latch bolt and tongue entering the space between the catch and support when the door is moved toward closed posi-115 tion, the tongue engaging the support and the resilient means maintaining the latch bolt in locking engagement with the latch when the door is in closed position.

10. The combination set forth in claim 9 120 in which the support comprises a resilient spring.

11. The combination set forth in claim 9 in which the latch bolt is mounted on a slide and the resilient means acts on the slide, movement of the slide under the action of the spring being limited by a positive stop.

12. A combined lock and retainer for doors comprising a latch bolt and a tongue adapted to be mounted on a door and means adapt-

ed to be mounted on a door frame to cooperate with said latch bolt and tongue in holding the door closed and in fixed position relatively to the frame, the latch bolt ⁵ and tongue being relatively movable toward and away from each other and the door being provided with resilient means normally urging relative movement of said members in one direction, and means to limit such 10 movement, the means on the door frame having a catch to deflect and thereafter lockingly engage the latch bolt and a member to engage the tongue to support the same.

13. A combined locking and supporting 15 means for doors including a plate adapted to be secured to a door, a tongue rigidly secured to said plate and projecting therefrom, a slide, means for attaching the slide to the plate in such manner that it may 20 have a limited movement relatively thereto in a direction transverse to the direction of projection of the tongue, a spring for normally urging the plate in one direction, and a latch bolt rigidly secured to the slide.

In testimony whereof I hereunto affix my

signature.

ALFRED HABERSTUMP.