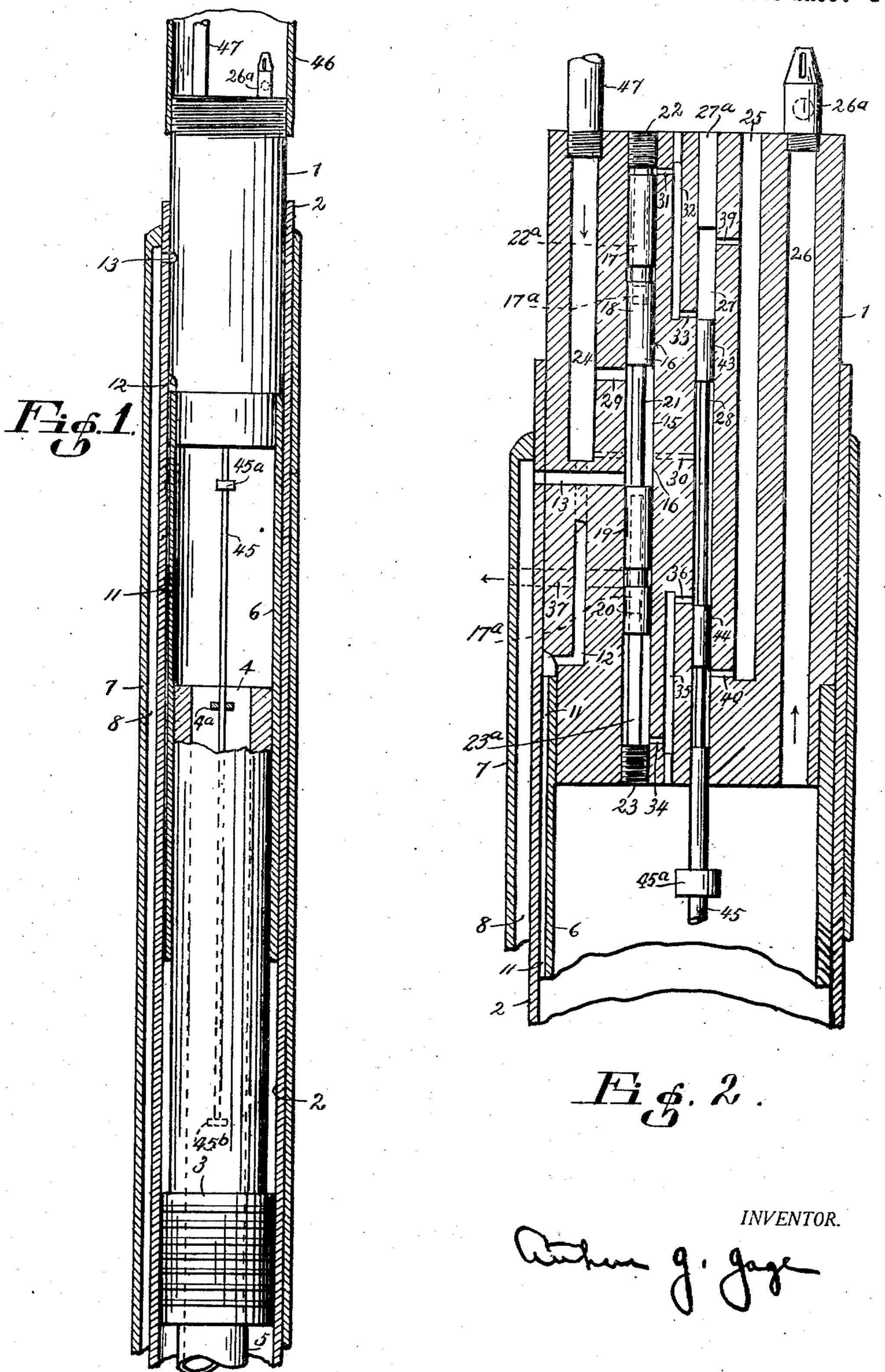
OIL WELL PUMP

Original Filed May 14, 1926

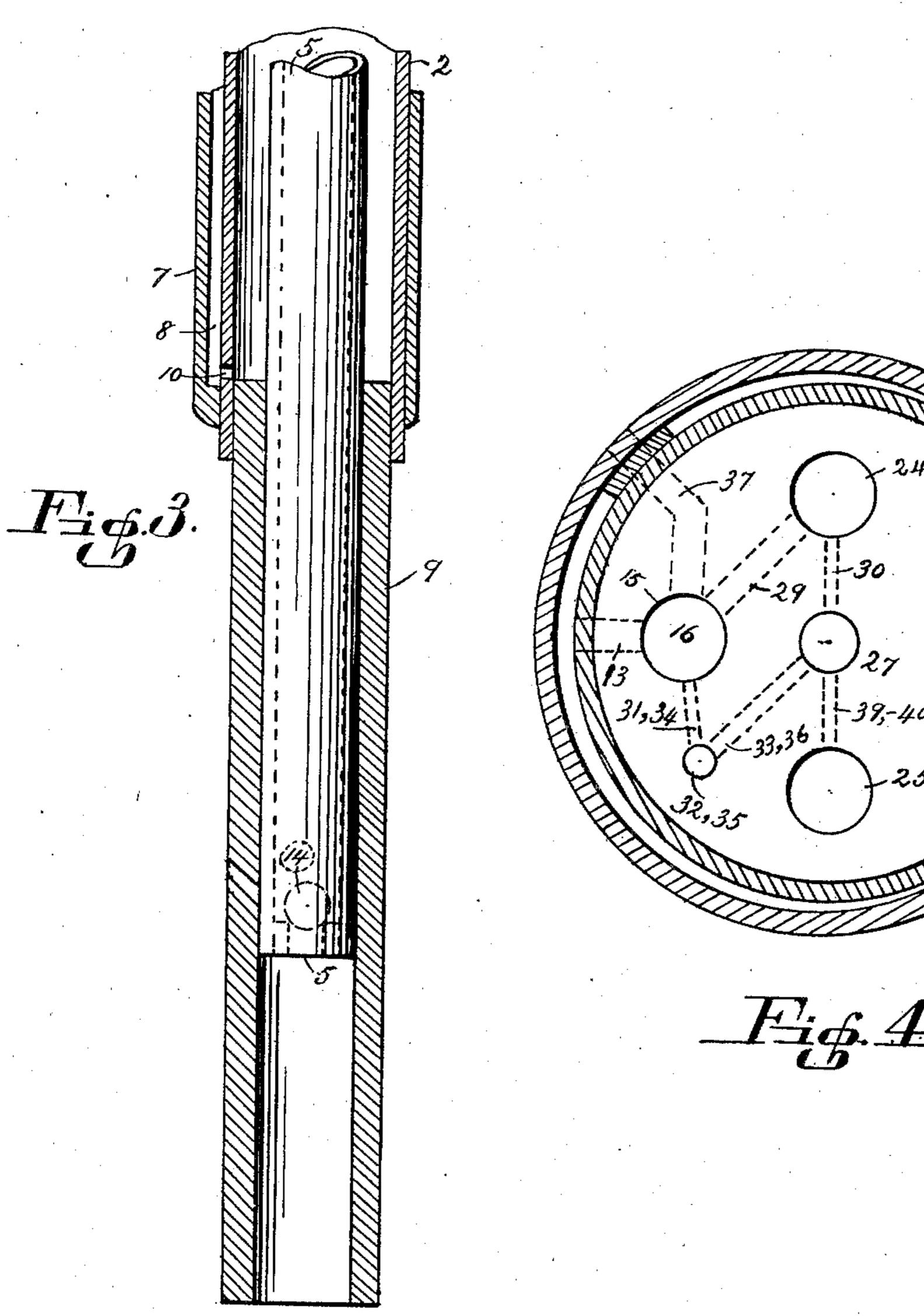
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OIL WELL PUMP

Original Filed May 14, 1926

2 Sheets-Sheet 2



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, ASSIGNOR HYDRAULIC CO., LTD., OF LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, A CORPORATION FORNIA

OIL WELL PUMP

Application filed May 14, 1926, Serial No. 109,098. Renewed October 7, 1932.

My present invention relates to hydrauli- 8 leading from the valve head to the bottom cally operated pumps to be used for raising of cylinder 2. water or oil from deep bored wells, the ob- A second cylinder 9 is seated in the lower is operated by fluid pressure from the sur- carry slidably the plunger 5. The upper 55 actuated by a double acting operating cyl- ing the cylinder 6 and connects an orifice 60 inder.

With reference to the drawings:

Fig. 1 is a sectional elevation of the upper portion of the pump;

a valve head for the pump.

Fig. 3 is a sectional elevation of the lower <sup>20</sup> in Fig. 1.

25 1, hereinafter more fully described in de- bores and connecting ports are all shown in 75 der 2. Within the cylinder 2 is a tubular dotted lines. plunger assembly comprising a piston head The bore 15 carries a main valve 16 havthe piston. The advantages of providing for the fluid which operates the pump. A such differential pressure areas at the ends bore 25 is the discharge means for the fluid of the piston section of the plunger will be which is used to operate the master valve. A 90 Plunger section 4 has a smooth sliding fit through the valve head for the oil being within a sleeve 6 attached to the lower end discharged by the pump, and carries a disof the valve head and depending therefrom charge valve 26a at the top end. within the piston cylinder 2, the interior The central bore 27 carries a pilot valve 95 for the well liquid being pumped. An outside sleeve 7 is placed eccentrically about the

jects being to provide a deep well pump that part of the cylinder 2 and is adapted to face of the ground; also to provide a sim- end of this cylinder forms the lower head ple single acting pump having few moving for the driving cylinder 2. A port 10 conparts, and to provide a pump for oil wells nects the port 8 with the lower end of the having a single acting pumping cylinder cylinder 2 and a port 11 is formed by groov-12 of the valve head with the top of the cylinder 2. The sleeve 7 is welded top and bottom to the cylinder 2, and at the top the port 8 connects with the valve head by an Fig. 2 is a view of the valves and parts of orifice 13. In the bottom of the plunger 5 65 is a ball check valve 14.

Regarding the valve head 1, and with portion of the pump, and is intended to be reference to Figs. 2 and 4; the valve head a nether continuation of the portion shown carries a plurality of longitudinal bores, in Fig. 1. Fig. 4 is a transverse view of the valve transverse connecting ports. If all the ports head showing the position of longitudinal and bores were spread out on an elevated bores and transverse connecting parts. plane they would appear as shown in Fig. 2, The pump proper includes a valve head and the relative position of the longitudinal tail, to which is attached a depending cylin- Fig. 4, the connecting ports being shown by

3, a reduced diameter section 4 extending ing pistons 17 and 18 at its upper end and 19 above the piston, and a second section 5, of and 20 at the lower end, the said pistons 18 80 smaller diameter than section 4, extending and 19 being connected by a waist 21. The below the piston head. By virtue of the dif- bore 15 is closed at its upper and lower ends ferential diameters of plunger sections 4 by plugs 22 and 23, respectively, having and 5, there is formed an annular pressure fingers 22a and 23a which extend into end area on the upper end of piston 3 of com- bores 17a and 20a, respectively, of the main 85 paratively smaller area than the downward- valve, thus forming checks to keep the valve ly facing pressure area on the lower end of from pounding. A bore 24 forms an inlet made apparent in the description to follow. bore 26 is used as a discharge conduit

of sleeve 6 forming a displacement chamber 28 adapted to be operated by each stroke of the piston and plungers, the upper end of bore 27 being closed by plug 27a. The inlet cylinder 2, the eccentric positioning of the bore 24 is connected with the main valve sleeve providing a longitudinal fluid passage bore 15 by a port 29 and with the pilot valve 100

and by a port 34 bore 35 and port 36 at the bottom. The main valve bore also carries a port 37 which discharges into the well, and a port 13 connecting into the port 8.

The pilot valve bore is connected with tioned within the top of the plunger 4. The stroke. 20 pilot valve is caused to be moved a short It will be recognized that although the 85

25 screwed into the lower end of a string of under the same pressure, that the essence of 90 30 though not necessarily, may be a clean fairly the same actuating fluid, or by actuating 95 light oil. The fluid that is pumped by the fluids at the same pressure. device is conducted to the surface of the

35 the pumped liquid.

through the valve 26a and conduit 46. Dur-ment of the plungers, the operating oil flows 105 tharged as before into the tubing 46. The elevated position the operating oil then flows 110 50 piston 3; the downward movement of the pilot valve upwardly, thus shutting off the 115 55 under the piston being released by the valve to flow into the upper end of the main valve 120 60 ports 11 and 12.

bore 28 by a port 30. The master valve bore larger volume of oil into the larger space 15 is connected with the pilot valve bore 27 above the plunger 4 which shall be suffiby a port 31 bore 32 and port 33 at the top, cient to show a substantial net volume over the oil discharged from under the piston. Therefore, the upper plunger is the pump- 70 ing plunger and the upper end of the cylinder is the pumping end, while the lower end of the cylinder is the operating end and the bore 25 by a port 39 at its upper end the lower piston is fixed to the plunger and by a port 40 at the lower end. The inlet merely to set up a proper differential in area 75 bore 24 is also connected with the port 11 between the oil pumped and the oil conby a port 12. The pilot valve carries an sumed in the operation of the pump. The upper piston 43, a lower piston 44 and a area on the upper side of the piston 3 which long stem 45 extending down into the plung- is exposed to the high pressure operating oil 15 ers and piston below which are tubular, should be only large enough to force the 80 there being a lug 45b at the bottom and a oil out from under the piston and through second lug 45a near the top of the pilot valve the valve head, and to afford a quick down stem adapted to be engaged by a bar 4a posi-movement of the plunger on the return

distance at the end of each stroke of the differential of total applied force to raise plungers and piston by the engagement of the plunger has been obtained in the presbar 4a with lugs 45a and 45b. ent embodiment by a differential of oppo-It is intended that the pump shall be sitely facing areas exposed to the same fluid tubing 46, and that there shall be a smaller the system resides not necessarily in a difstring of tubing 47 within the tubing 46 ferential of areas, but in a differential of adapted to conduct to the pump a high pres- oppositely applied total effective forces, sure operating fluid which preferably, whether or not these forces are caused by

In the operation of the valve head 1, high ground by the larger tubing 46. The operat- pressure operating oil is admitted into the ing fluid should be of a higher pressure than bore 24 from which it flows to the pilot valve bore 27 by port 30. With the pilot 100 The operation of the device is as follows: valve in the position shown in Fig. 2, which During the up stroke of the plunger 4, pis- position has been obtained by being pulled ton 3 and plunger 5, any oil filling the cyl-down due to the engagement of bar 4a with inder above the plunger 4 will be discharged lug 45b toward the end of downward moveing the downward movement of the plunger, from the pilot valve bore through ports 34, oil from the well is drawn in through the 35 and 36 into the bottom of the main valve, bottom valve 14, and through the tubular bore 16, forcing the main valve up to the top plunger into the space above to be dis- of its bore. With the main valve in this upward movement of the plunger is obtained from the inlet bore 24 through ports 29, 13, by admitting high pressure oil from the 8 and 10 into the bottom of the cylinder 2, valve head through the port 8 and port 10 forcing the plunger up. When the plunger into the bottom of the cylinder 2 below the reaches the top of its stroke it moves the plunger is obtained or accelerated by the flow of oil to the bottom of the main valve constant pressure of oil, for example the bore, and opening it, through ports 34, 35 high pressure operating fluid upon the small and 36 and 40, to the discharge bore 25, and exposed area of the top of the piston, the oil at the same time allowing the operating oil head out into the well. This small volume bore through ports 31, 32 and 33, thus movof fluid acting upon the smaller upper area ing the main valve down to the bottom of its of the piston, surges back and forth from bore. With the main valve in this position, the inlet bore 24, of the valve head through the high pressure operating oil is cut off from the cylinder 2, and the oil which en-This present pump is designed to operate tered under the piston then flows back out on a small volume of high pressure oil en- through ports 10, 8, 13 and 37 and into the tering under the piston 3 which is subse- well. When the plunger reaches the bottom quently discharged into the well, and to of its stroke the pilot valve is pulled down 130 draw in at each stroke from the well a and the main valve is again reversed.

The oil discharged from the main valve bore is discharged across the pilot valve bore and into the bore 25, and this bore 25 is connected into the tubing 46 in order that the static pressure of the oil in that tubing shall in part balance the pressure of the high pressure operating oil on the valves, there being sufficient difference between the two

pressures to operate the master valve. It will be noticed that the upper end of the plunger is exposed to dirty well oil, end of the plunger is subjected always to means for admitting a high pressure fluid clean high pressure oil applied to the up- of the piston, a second tubular plunger per end of the piston head is then at a pres- part extending from the other end of the any leakage taking place is leakage of clean thereof to a determined extent less than the times, thus continually washing the plung-valve for the pump mounted in said tubular er and maintaining it clean of sand parti- piston and plungers, and a valve head for cles. A part of the plunger above the lower the pump adapted to conduct a high presternating pressures of high pressure and the larger exposed area of the piston wherewell pressure, so that, whenever leakage takes by the piston and plungers may be operated place at that zone, clean oil is traveling down through a discharging stroke. toward the dirty well oil zone at the lower 3. In combination, in an oil well pump, end of the plunger, and thus also cleaning the plunger at its lower end.

myself to the exact arrangement of the the area of the piston to provide an area of valves and ports in the valve head and that relatively small extent against which a high many changes might be made in the inven- pressure fluid may operate to move the pis- 100

spirit thereof, as claimed.

claim: 1. In an oil well pump in combination, a fluid constantly against the small exposed 105 cylinder, a tubular piston for the cylinder, area of the piston, a second tubular plunga tubular plunger part extending from one er part extending from the other end of the end of the piston and adapted to decrease piston and adapted to decrease the area the area of the piston to provide an area of thereof to a determined extent less than the 45 small extent against which a high pressure the area of the first mentioned plunger, a 110 fluid may operate to move the piston and cylinder for the second plunger, an inlet plunger through a filling stroke of the valve for the pump mounted in said tubucharge valve for the plunger cylinder, a ducting a high pressure operating fluid to port adapted to conduct a high pressure and from the larger exposed area of the 115 fluid constantly against the small exposed piston whereby the piston and plungers may area of the piston, a second hollowed plung- be operated through a discharging stroke er part extending from the other end of the of the pump. piston and adapted to decrease the area 4. In a pump of the kind described, the thereof to a determined extent less than the combination of a pump barrel having a bore 120 area of the first mentioned plunger, a cylin- of relatively small diameter above and a relder for the second plunger, an inlet valve atively large bore below, a valve-head at the for controlling flow of operating fluid to the upper end of the barrel, a plunger having piston and plungers, a valve head for the a tubular body with its upper portion mount-pump, a port connecting with the valve head ed to reciprocate in the said small bore of 125 and adapted to conduct the high pressure the barrel below the valve-head, said plungoperating fluid to and from the larger ex- er having a medial piston-head mounted to posed area of the piston, and valves mount- reciprocate in the bore of larger diameter, ed in the valve head for alternately admit- the tubular body of said plunger above the ting into and discharging the operating piston-head being of larger diameter than 130

fluid from said second named port whereby the piston and plungers may be operated

through a discharging stroke.

2. In combination, in an oil well pump, a cylinder, a tubular piston for the cylinder, a 70 tubular plunger part extending from one end of the piston and adapted to decrease the area of the piston to provide an area of relatively small extent against which a high pressure fluid may operate to move the pis- 75 ton and plunger through a filling stroke of and is subjected alternately to well pressure the pump, a cylinder for the plunger, a disand column pressure, and that the lower charge valve for the plunger cylinder, 15 dirty well oil under well pressure. The constantly against the small exposed area 80 sure higher than column pressure so that piston and adapted to decrease the area 20 oil traveling from the high pressure oil zone area of the first mentioned plunger, a cyl- 85 to the dirty oil end of the plunger at all inder for the second plunger part, an inlet <sup>25</sup> end is subjected to clean oil under the al- sure operating fluid against and away from 90

a cylinder, a tubular piston for the cylinder, 95 a tubular plunger part extending from one It is to be understood that I do not limit end of the piston and adapted to decrease tion as shown without departing from the ton and plunger part through a filling stroke of the pump, a cylinder for the plung-Having thus described my invention, I er, a discharge valve for the plunger cylinder, means for admitting a high pressure pump, a cylinder for the plunger, a dis- lar piston and plungers, and means for con-

head whereby an effective annular area is formed on the under side of the piston-head of greater area than the annular area on the 5 upper side of the piston-head, a check-valve in the tubular body of the plunger, means for admitting fluid under high pressure to the barrel below the said piston-head to raise the plunger, means for admitting fluid 10 under pressure to the interior of the barrel above the piston-head and below the bore of reduced diameter, and a valve in the valve-head operating to pass the pumped on the down-stroke of the plunger, said fluid fluid upwardly through the valve-head on actuated valve also operating to control the 15 each up-stroke of the plunger, a pipe confining a well liquid discharge column above said valve head, and a second pipe confining a high pressure fluid column above the valve head, one of said pipes being within the 20 other.

combination of a pump barrel having a bore well on said pipe, a fluid pressure actuated of relatively small diameter above and a plunger within said barrel, means for mainrelatively large bore below, a valve-head at taining a relatively small effective fluid pres-25 the upper end of the barrel, a plunger hav- sure force constantly on the plunger to press 1 ing a tubular body with its upper portion it in one direction of its movement, and mounted to reciprocate in the said small bore means for intermittently applying a relaof the barrel below the valve-head, said tively larger opposing fluid pressure force plunger having a medial piston head mount-30 ed to reciprocate in the bore of larger diameter, the tubular body of said plunger above the piston-head being of larger diameter than the body of the plunger below the piston-head whereby an effective annular area 35 is formed on the under side of the piston- plunger within said barrel, a pressure area head of greater area than the annular area on said plunger facing in one direction, on the upper side of the piston head, a checkvalve in the tubular body of the plunger, means for periodically admitting fluid under 40 higher pressure than the pressure in the pumped column of liquid to the barrel below the said piston-head to raise the plunger, means for constantly admitting fluid under pressure to the interior of the barrel above 45 the piston head and below the bore of reduced diameter, to actuate the plunger in its down-stroke, and a valve in the valvehead operating to pass the pumped liquid upwardly through the valve-head on each 50 up-stroke of the plunger.

6. In a pump of the kind described, the combination of a pump barrel having a bore of relatively small diameter above and a relatively large bore below, a valve-head at 55 the upper end of the barrel, a plunger having a tubular body with its upper portion under pressure on said pressure area, a relamounted to reciprocate in the said small tively larger pressure area on said plunger 60 ciprocate in the bore of larger diameter, pressure to the last mentioned pressure area, the tubular body of said plunger above whereby the plunger is alternately raised the piston-head being of larger diameter and lowered. than the body of the plunger below 10. In a pump of the character described, the piston-head whereby an effective annu- the combination of a pump barrel, a plunger

the body of the plunger below the piston- piston-head of greater area than the annular area on the upper side of the piston-head, there being a fluid passage extending through said valve head and barrel to the upper side of the piston, a check-valve in the tubular 70 body of the plunger, a fluid-actuated valve for admitting fluid under high pressure to the interior of the barrel below the pistonhead to raise the plunger, and for opening communication from the interior of the bar- 7 rel below the piston-head to the exterior, to permit exhaust of the fluid under pressure application of high pressure fluid to the 8 upper face of the piston, and an automatic valve for controlling the flow of the operating fluid to the fluid-operated valve.

7. In a well pump of the character described, the combinations comprising a well & 5. In a pump of the kind described, the pipe, a pump barrel suspended within the on the plunger to move it in the other direc-

tion.

8. In a well pump of the character described, the combination comprising a well pipe, a pump barrel suspended within the well on said pipe, a fluid pressure actuated means for constantly maintaining a fluid under pressure on said pressure area to press the plunger in one direction of its movement, a second pressure area on said plunger facing in the opposite direction to the first said area, and means for intermittently applying fluid under pressure to the said last mentioned pressure area, the total effective pressure applied to said last mentioned area being greater than the total effective pressure on said oppositely facing first mentioned area.

9. In a well pump of the character described, the combination comprising a well pipe, a pump barrel suspended within the well on said pipe, a fluid pressure actuated plunger within said barrel, a pressure area on said plunger facing in one direction, means for constantly maintaining a fluid bore of the barrel below the valve-head, said facing in the opposite direction, and means plunger having a medial piston-head to re- for intermittently applying a fluid under

65 lar area is formed on the under side of the mounted to be reciprocated therein, a pres-

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sure area on said plunger facing in one di- wardly facing annular area is provided on rection, means for constantly maintaining a the upper end of the said piston-head, a fluid under pressure on said pressure area, lower plunger part of reduced diameter exa relatively larger pressure area on said tending downwardly from said piston-head <sup>5</sup> plunger facing in the opposite direction, and and adapted to work in the said reduced 70 means for intermittently applying the same lower bore, whereby a downwardly facing fluid under pressure to the last mentioned pressure area, whereby the plunger is al-

ternately raised and lowered.

10 11. In a pump of the character described, the combination of a pump barrel, a plunger ly admitting fluid under pressure to the memounted to be reciprocated therein, means for constantly maintaining an effective fluid pressure downwardly on the plunger for 15 downward movement thereof, and means for intermittently applying an effective fluid pressure upwardly on the plunger sufficient to overbalance the weight of the plunger plus the effective downwardly acting fluid 20 pressure, whereby the plunger is alternately raised and lowered.

the combination of a pump barrel, a plunger mounted to be reciprocated therein, an up-25 wardly facing effective area on said plunger, adapted to work in the said medial bore of 90 pressed downward, a downwardly facing reduced upper bore, whereby an upwardly 30 effective area on said plunger, and means for facing annular area is provided on the up- 95 intermittently applying an effective fluid per end of the said piston-head, a lower pressed upward, the total effective pressure 35 on said downwardly facing area being greater than the total effective pressure on said upwardly facing area.

13. In a pump of the character described, the combination of a pump barrel, a plung-40 er mounted to be reciprocated therein, an upwardly facing effective area on said plunger, means for constantly maintaining a fluid un- and connected to the barrel below the medial der pressure on said upwardly facing area bore thereof at its lower end, there being a whereby said plunger is constantly pressed conduit in the valve head for admission to 45 downward, a downwardly facing effective the pump of high-pressure operating fluid, 110 area on said plunger, said downwardly fac- said conduit being communicable with the ing effective area being relatively larger medial bore of the barrel above the pistonthan said upwardly facing effective area, head, and valvular mechanism in the piston and means for intermittently applying the head for intermittently admitting high pres-50 same fluid under pressure on said downward- sure fluid from the said conduit to the clear- 115

is alternately raised and lowered.

the combination of a pump barrel having a bore providing communication between the 55 medial bore, an upper bore of reduced di- said clearance space and the medial bore 120 bore of still further reduced diameter be- high pressure fluid. low said medial bore, a hollow plunger 60 said hollow plunger comprising a piston medial bore, an upper bore of reduced di- 125 said piston-head and adapted to work in the mounted to reciprocate in the pump barrel, said reduced upper bore, whereby an up- said hollow plunger comprising a piston 180

annular area is provided on the lower end of the piston-head of greater extent than the upwardly facing annular area on the upper end of the piston-head, means for constant- 75 dial bore of the barrel above the piston-head, and valvular means for intermittently admitting fluid under pressure to the medial bore of the barrel below the piston-head.

15. In a pump of the character described, the combination of a pump barrel having a medial bore, an upper bore of reduced diameter above said medial bore, and a lower bore of still further reduced diameter below 85 said medial bore, a valve head at the upper 12. In a pump of the character described, end of the barrel, a hollow plunger mounted to reciprocate in the pump barrel, said hollow plunger comprising a piston head means for constantly maintaining an effec- the barrel, an upper plunger part of reduced tive fluid pressure on said upwardly facing diameter extending upwardly from said area whereby said plunger is constantly piston-head and adapted to work in the said pressure on said downwardly facing area plunger part of reduced diameter extendwhereby said plunger is intermittently ing downwardly from said piston-head and adapted to work in the said reduced lower bore, whereby a downwardly facing annu- 100 lar area is provided on the lower end of the piston-head of greater extent than the upwardly facing annular area on the upper end of the piston-head, a shell surrounding the pump barrel with clearance, and being 105 connected to the valve head at its upper end ly facing area, whereby the said plunger ance space between the pump barrel and surrounding shell, there being a port in the wall 14. In a pump of the character described, of the barrel at the lower end of its medial ameter above said medial bore, and a lower below the piston-head for the passage of

16. In a pump of the character described, mounted to reciprocate in the pump barrel, the combination of a pump barrel having a head adapted to work in the said medial ameter above said medial bore, and a lower bore of the barrel, an upper plunger part of bore of still further reduced diameter bereduced diameter extending upwardly from low said medial bore, a hollow plunger

bore of the barrel, an upper plunger part cations of fluid pressure, said clean oil being of reduced diameter extending upwardly applied to a medial portion of the plunger from said piston-head and adapted to work s in the said reduced upper bore, whereby an upwardly facing annular area is provided on the upper end of the said piston-head, a . lower plunger part of reduced diameter extending downwardly from said piston-head 10 and adapted to work in the said reduced lower bore, whereby a downwardly facing annular area is provided on the lower end means for applying a relatively larger fluid of the piston-head of greater extent than the pressure force on the plunger to move it upwardly facing annular area on the upper 15 end of the piston-head, means for admitting clean high-pressure oil to the barrel and to a medial portion of the plunger above the upwardly facing annular area thereof, the said clean high-pressure oil acting to 20 press the plunger downward and to maintain the plunger clean by virtue of leakage, means for intermittently admitting clean high-pressure oil to the barrel and to a medial portion of the plunger below the down-25 wardly facing annular area thereof, the said clean high-pressure oil acting intermittently to press the plunger upward and to maintain the plunger clean by virtue of leakage.

17. In a pump of the character described, 30 the combination of a pump barrel, a plunger mounted to be reciprocated therein, an upwardly facing effective area on said plunger and intermediate the ends thereof, a downwardly facing effective area on said plunger as and intermediate the ends thereof, means for constantly admitting clean high-pressure oil to the barrel and to a medial portion of the plunger above the said upwardly facing area, said clean high-pressure oil act-40 ing to exert pressure downward on the plunger and to maintain the plunger clean by virtue of leakage, means for intermittently admitting clean high-pressure oil to the barrel and to a medial portion of the plung-45 er below the said downwardly facing area, the total pressure of the high-pressure oil against the said downwardly facing area being sufficiently large to overbalance the total downward pressure due to the weight of the 50 plunger plus the said first mentioned effective oil pressure, whereby the said last mentioned clean-high-pressure oil acts intermittently to raise the plunger and to maintain the plunger clean by virtue of leakage.

fluid pressure upward on the said plunger barrel below the piston-head. 60 for upward movement thereof, means for constantly maintaining an effective pressure ing an operating piston and a pumping pisof clean oil downward on said plunger, the ton, means confining a hydraulic column in last mentioned effective downward pressure communication with the upper side of the

head adapted to work in the said medial pressed downward between upward appliwhereby the said plunger is maintained

clean by virtue of leakage.

19. In a pump of the character described, the combination comprising a pump barrel, a fluid pressure actuated plunger within said barrel, means for applying a relatively small effective fluid pressure force on the plunger 75 to press it in one direction of its movement, in an opposite direction, the first mentioned means comprising means for applying clean 80 oil to a medial portion of the plunger whereby said plunger is maintained clean by virtue of leakage.

20. In a pump of the character described, the combination comprising a pump barrel, 85 a fluid pressure actuated plunger within said barrel, a pressure area on said plunger facing in one direction, a relatively larger pressure area on said plunger facing in the opposite direction, and means for applying 90 fluid pressure to said areas to operate the plunger, said means comprising means for applying clean oil to a medial portion of the plunger whereby said plunger is maintained clean by virtue of fluid leakage.

21. In a well pump of the character described, the combination of a pump barrel having a medial bore, an upper bore of reduced diameter above said medial bore, and a lower bore of still further reduced diame- 100 ter below said medial bore, a hollow plunger mounted to reciprocate in the pump barrel, said hollow plunger comprising a piston head adapted to work in said medial bore of the barrel, an upper plunger part of re- 105 duced diameter extending upwardly from said piston-head and adapted to work in the said reduced upper bore, whereby an upwardly facing annular area is provided on the upper end of the said piston-head, a 110 lower plunger part of reduced diameter extending downwardly from said piston-head and adapted to work in the said reduced lower bore, whereby a downwardly facing annular area is provided on the lower end 115 of the piston-head of greater extent than the upwardly facing annular area on the upper end of the piston-head, means for admitting fluid under pressure to the medial 18. In a pump of the character described, bore of the barrel above the piston-head, 120 the combination of a pump barrel, a plung-valvular means above said pump barrel er mounted to be reciprocated therein, means and operable to intermittently admit fluid for intermittently applying an effective under pressure to the medial bore of the

22. In a pump, a hollow plunger carry- 125 being less than the first mentioned effective operating piston, means including a tube upward pressure, whereby the plunger is surrounding the plunger and the said means, 130

confining a hydraulic column and conveying pressure therefrom to the lower side of the operating piston, means confining a third hydraulic column, means automatically op-5 erated by movement of the plunger to intermittently superimpose the third column on the last mentioned column, and a pump barrel containing the pumping piston.

23. In a pump, a well casing and a pump 10 mechanism suspended from the casing and insertable through the casing and withdrawable therefrom, the pump mechanism comprising the following, a head suspended from the casing, a well tubing coaxially 15 connected to and pendent from the head, concentric pump barrels within the tubing, a pump plunger having an operating piston and a pumping piston, the operating piston working in the larger barrel, the pumping 20 piston working in the smaller barrel, means including the tubing and the larger barrel for confining two hydraulic columns, one communicating pressure to the lower side of the operating piston and the other to the 25 upper side thereof, means confining a third hydraulic column, and means for superimposing the third column on the other two columns including means for intermittently applying the third column to at least one 30 of the other two columns.

24. In a well pump, a plunger, a tube to contain a hydraulic column, the said column operating against a portion of the lower side of the plunger, a tube to contain a hydrau-35 lic column, the said column operating against a portion of the upper side of the plunger and a conduit to contain the column of fluid to be lifted by the plunger, the latter column being sustained by the re-40 mainder of the upper surface of the plunger, the first portion having a larger area than the second portion, and the said plung-

er operating in one of the tubes.

25. In a well pump, a plunger, a tube to 45 contain a hydraulic column, the said column operating against an annulus on the lower side of the plunger, a tube to contain a hydraulic column, the said column operating against an annulus on the upper side of the so plunger, and a conduit to contain the column of fluid to be lifted by the plunger, the latter column being sustained by the remainder of the upper surface of the plunger, the first annulus having a larger area 55 than the second annulus, and the said plunger operating in one of the tubes.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto signed my name to this specification.

ARTHUR G. GAGE.