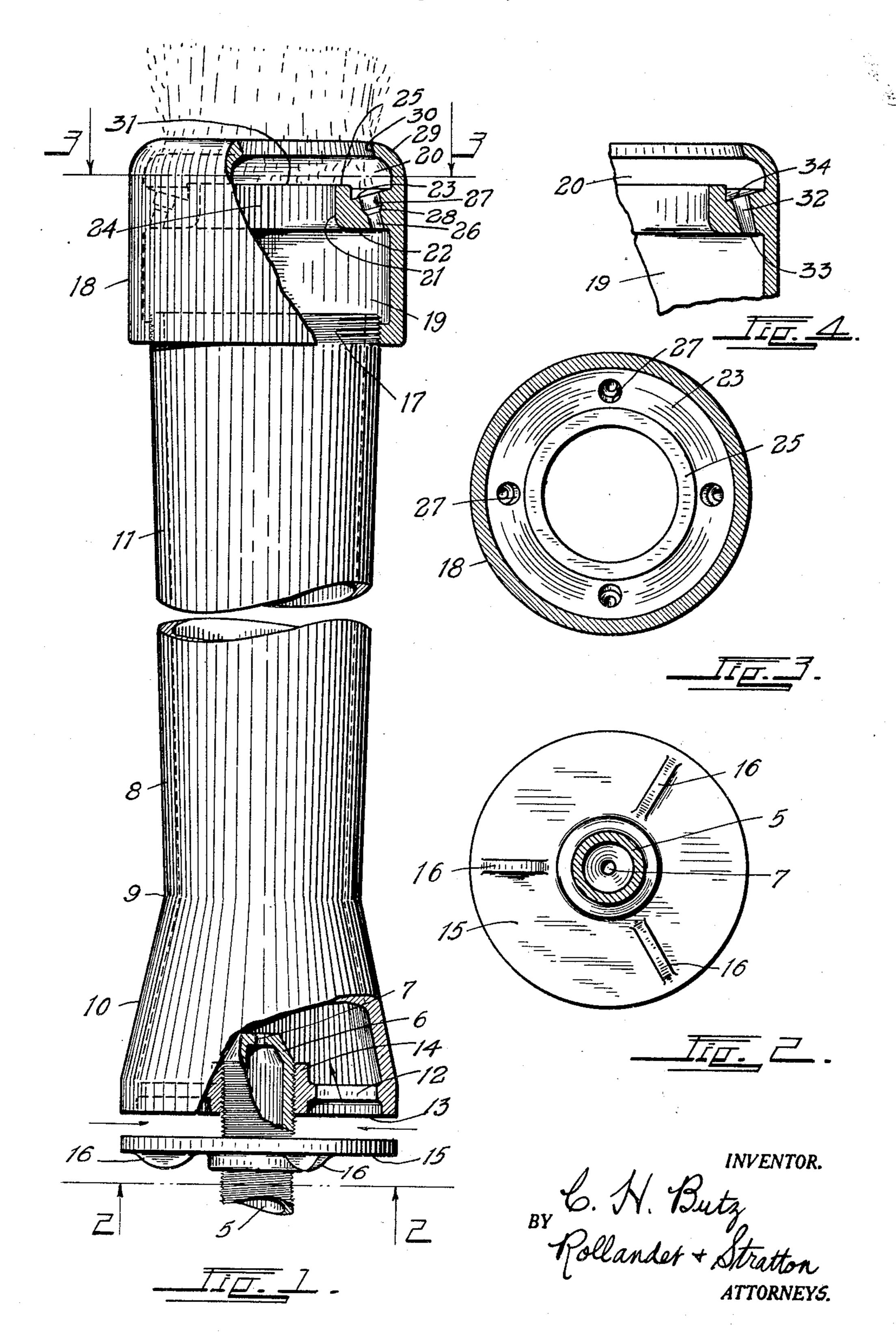
GAS BURNER

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

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My invention relates to gas burners. The portion 11 of the mixing chamber is a nozzle principal object of the invention is to provide 18. The nozzle provides a conduit comprisout by gas pressure passing through the larged internal rib 21 providing a restricted burner, and which will continue to burn and passage 24 therethrough. The rib has non-55 re-ignite the main supply of gas, if the flame parallel faces 22 and $2\overline{3}$. The face 22 is subthereof is blown out.

10 passage that supplies gas to the pilot-light. over the face 23 and thereby provides a recess. 60 In other words, to retard the velocity to such an extent that it is within the limits of the rate of flame propagation of the gas.

A further object is to provide a nozzle of simple and practical construction that will connect the two sections. The smaller section 65 carrying out the foregoing objects.

Still other objects reside in details of construction and in novel combinations and arrangements of parts, which will appear in the course of the following description.

In the drawing, like reference characters designate similar parts in the several views. Figure 1 is a broken plan of an embodiment of my invention, partly in section.

Figure 2 is a section taken on the line 2—2 of Figure 1.

Figure 3 is a section taken on the line 3—3 of Figure 1.

Figure 4 is a broken, sectional view of a 30 modified construction.

Referring more in detail to the drawing, the reference character 5 designates a threaded gas supply pipe connected with a source of combustible gas. The tip of the pipe tapers, as shown at 6, to provide a jet 7. A Figure 4 shows a pilot-light passage 32 85

mixing chamber for the gas and air is gener- of somewhat different shape. In this modially designated by the numeral 8. The fied construction, the passage tapers from a chamber has a restricted throat portion 9, smaller port 33 in the chamber 19 to a larger and flares outwardly at 10 and 11 at either port 34 in the chamber 20. Otherwise, the side of the throat. A spider 12 at the mouth construction and arrangement of parts in the 13 of the mixing chamber concentrically sup-modification are substantially the same as ports an internally threaded collar 14. The already described.

from the mouth 13 of the mixing chamber to with the gas supply, is regulated by the roadmit air to the mixing chamber. The shut- tary shutter 15. The chamber 8, as suggestter plate has lugs 16 for manipulation there-ed heretofore, is provided for mixing the air ot.

means for a pilot-light that will not be blown ing chambers 19 and 20 separated by an enstantially at right angles to the interior of Another object of the invention is to pro- the chamber 19, and the face 23 converges vide means to retard the velocity of gas in a toward the other face. A lip 25 projects

> The pilot-light passage, mentioned in the foregoing objects, preferably has two sections 26 and 27, the latter section being larger in diameter. The passage tapers at 28 to is nearer the chamber 19 and hence nearer the source of gas supply. The section 27 is adjacent the burning chamber 20 for the pilot lights.

There is a plurality of such pilot-light pas- 70 sages or by-passes, which are preferably, though not necessarily, at quadrant points, as shown in Figure 3. The passages converge toward the axis of the chamber 20. In practice, these passages are drilled at right 75 angles to the face 23.

The chamber 20 is defined by the rib 21 and an inwardly curved flange 29 having a beveled edge 30 substantially parallel with the axis of the pilot-light passages. The 80 edge is so positioned that drills for the passages are allowed to pass by said edge unhindered. The burning point of the nozzle 1s at 31.

supply pipe 5 is screwed through this collar. In the use of the present invention, the A rotary shutter plate 15 is mounted upon pipe 5 is connected with a suitable source the pipe 5. In practice, the shutter is spaced of gas supply. The air supply, to be mixed f. and gas. The shape of the chamber 8, which Screwed on a threaded end 17 of the flaring has been described hereinbefore, produces a 100

Venturi effect by the inrush of gas, thereby drawing in the air supply through the mouth 13.

When the mixed air and gas reach the 5 chamber 19, the mixture is separated. By far the greater proportion of the mixture sage 24. The remainder of the mixture passes through the pilot-light passages. The means for retarding the velocity of the gas protect a pilot light at said outlet.

mixture traversing the passages. This re
4. A gas burner comprising a nozzle havtardation causes the velocity to be within the ing an internal rib, which, together with a

pressure of gas in the burner is low, other- having a pilot light passage, extending into the chamber 20 and toward the main passage, to reduce the velocity of gas by gas supply. The curved flange 29 and lip the time it reaches the chamber. for eddies of gas from the main supply. Gas ²⁵ in this chamber 20 is comparatively quiet, which furnishes a supply for the pilot-lights to ignite, which in turn ignites the main supply when the flame of the latter is extinguished.

35 the operation is as described.

It is to be understood that changes may said chamber. be made in the construction and arrange- 6. A gas burner comprising a nozzle havdeparting from the spirit and scope of the invention.

What I claim and desire to secure by Let-

ters Patent is: 1. A gas burner comprising a mixing chamber and a nozzle having a restricted pas-45 sage provided with a lip projecting in the direction of the travel of gas through the burner, the lip providing a recess thereun-

tected outlet port in said recess.

ing a restricted conduit, a pilot light cham- through the burner, the burner having a pilot ber beyond the restricted portion of the con- light passage provided with an inlet and an duit in the direction of the travel of gas outlet connecting with the conduit at oppothrough the burner, the burner having a pilot site sides of the restriction, the passage hav-120 of the pilot light passage being appreciably they pass through the pilot light passage, larger than its inlet, and the passage being said outlet emptying into said chamber. progressively larger than the inlet to the 8. A gas burner according to claim 6, in outlet, permitting reduction of velocity and which the pilot light passage is substantialthe pilot light passage, said outlet empty- back from the end of the lip mentioned in 65 ing directly into said chamber.

3. A gas burner comprising a nozzle having an internal rib, which, together with a wall of the nozzle, defines a pilot light chamber for the burner, a lip on the rib forming another wall for said chamber, the burner 70 having a pilot light passage, extending passes through the slightly restricted pas- through the rib and having an outlet in said chamber, said outlet being on the opposite side of the lip from the main supply of 10 enlarged sections of the passages provide gas passing through the burner, whereby to 75

rate of flame propagation. wall of the nozzle, defines a pilot light cham-The burning point of each pilot-light is ber for the burner, a lip on the rib forming 80 within the recess under the lip 25, if the another wall for said chamber, the burner

wise this point is within the chamber 20. through the rib and having an outlet in said The pressure coming through the pilot-light chamber, said outlet being protected by the 20 passages projects the flame of the pilot-light lip and being larger than the inlet of the 85

25 provide a protected space therebetween 5. A gas burner comprising a nozzle having a restricted conduit, a pilot light chamber beyond the restricted portion of the con- 90 duit in the direction of the travel of gas through the burner, the burner having a pilot light passage provided with an inlet and an outlet connecting directly with the conduit at It is believed clear that the modification opposite sides of the restriction, the passage 95 shown in Figure 4 operates in a similar man-continuously tapering from its inlet to a ner. The velocity of the gas that enters the comparatively larger outlet, whereby to perpassage 32 is progressively retarded as the mit reduction of velocity and expansion of passage continuously enlarges. Otherwise the gases as they pass through the pilot light passage, said outlet emptying directly into 100

ment of the parts of the invention, without ing an internal rib providing a restriction within the nozzle, a lip on the rib extending longitudinal of the burner in the direction of 105 the flow of gas therethrough, the burner having a pilot light passage extending through the rib, the outlet of the passage being behind the lip with regard to the main flow of gas through the burner and being set back 110 from that end of the lip nearest the burning

point of the nozzle.

der, and an open-ended pilot-light by-pass 7. A gas burner comprising a nozzle havaround the restricted passage, having a pro- ing a restricted conduit, a pilot light chamber beyond the restricted portion of the con-111; 2. A gas burner comprising a nozzle hav- duit in the direction of the travel of gas light passage provided with an inlet and an ing successively larger sections from its inoutlet connecting directly with the conduit let to its outlet, whereby to permit reduction at opposite sides of the restriction, the outlet of velocity and expansion of the gases as

expansion of the gases as they pass through ly at right angles to a surface behind and set said former claim, said surface being at 130

other than right angles to the axis of the burner.

9. A gas burner comprising a conduit providing a nozzle, and a pilot light passage having an outlet and an inlet connecting directly with the conduit, the passage by-passing a portion of the conduit, converging toward the axis of the conduit and having a larger outlet there in let larger outlet than inlet.
In testimony whereof I hereunto affix my

signature.

CHARLES H. BUTZ.