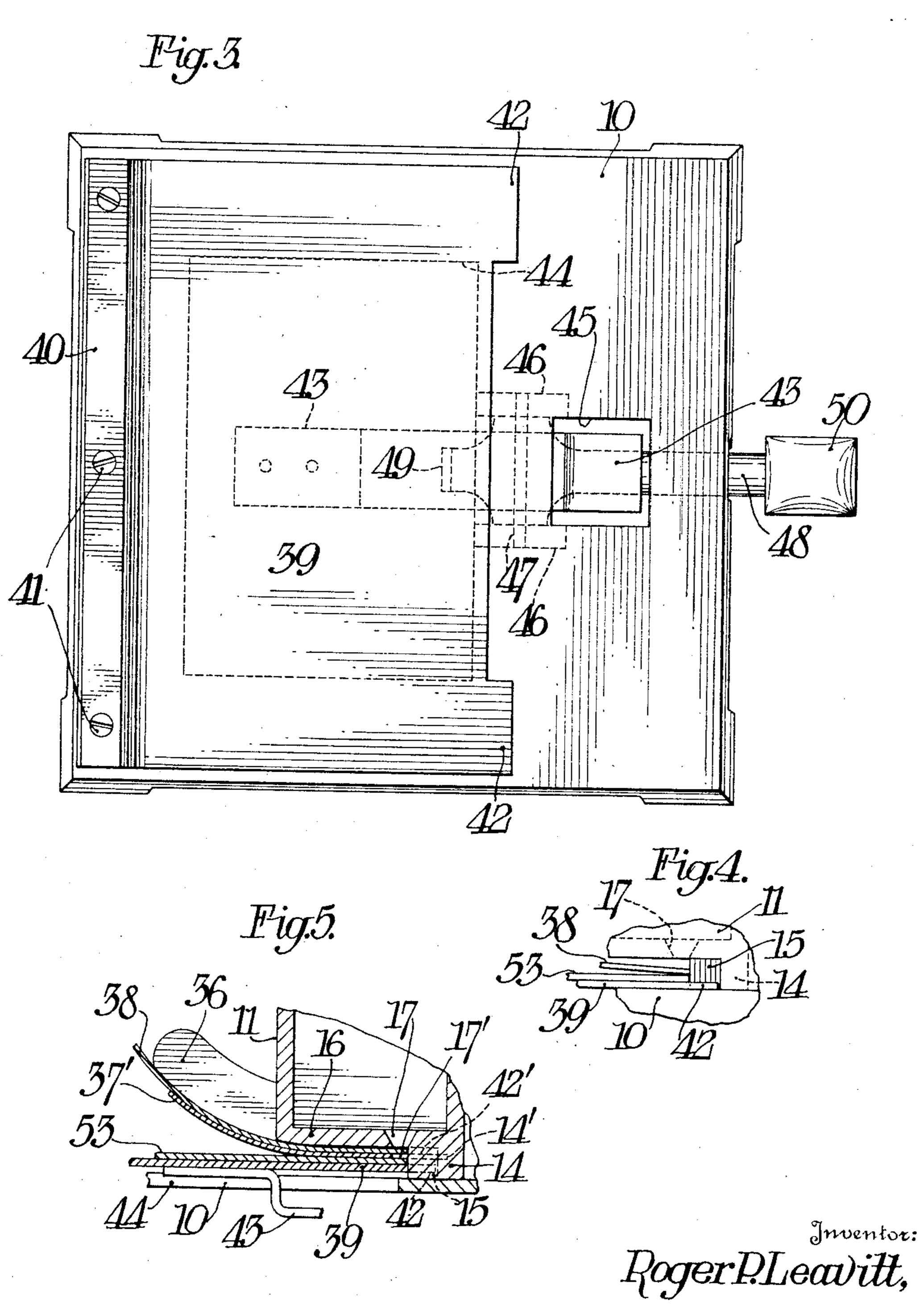
PHOTOGRAPHIC EDGE PRINTING APPARATUS

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

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PHOTOGRAPHIC EDGE PRINTING APPARATUS

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The present invention relates to a photographic printer for creating a latent image of identifying data along the margin of light sensitive material and more particu-5 larly to an edge printer which may be readily

operated in total darkness.

10 fact at the present time emulsions of such identifying data. speed are known that they are liable to be- Still another object of the present invenmatter how dimmed or filtered if exposed to ing a recess for the reception of translucent 15 The increased use of supersensitive emulsions the light sensitive material, said recess being 65 the darkroom during processing. All opera- sensitive material will not be marred or tions should be such that they can be per-scratched. 20 formed by relying solely on the operator's sense of touch.

A still further object of the present invention is the provision of an edge printer contains. sense of touch.

ing latent images of identifying data on the switch means which is operated only when margin of light sensitive material are known, the platen has been moved to a definite posi-

printer in total darkness.

Previously, the illumination required for a predetermined position. viewing the dial or indicator settings could 30 be of such low intensity that the light sensitive material would not be fogged, but with hopper which guides and maintains transluthe advent of supersensitive emulsions even very low illumination intensities are dangerous. The accepted practice is to elim-35 inate all illumination and to operate the processing room in total darkness. Conse- themselves to those skilled in the art as the quently identification apparatus requiring disclosure proceeds hereinafter. even low illumination to set them must be discarded.

tion is the provision of an edge printer for which the chamber is mounted, a platen norcreating a latent image of identifying data on the margin of light sensitive material, said edge printer being readily, although manu-

45 ally, operative in total darkness.

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an edge printer which includes a platen for moving translucent sheet material bearing identifying data and light lucent sheet material bearing identifying sensitive material into light-tight relation data into a recess between the chamber and 100

with a slot provided in the bottom of an internally illuminated chamber.

A further object of the present invention is the provision of an edge printer including a hopper for guiding and maintaining trans- 55 lucent sheet material bearing identifying The modern trend in the photographic in- data into surface contact with the light sensidustry is toward faster or more rapid emul- tive material to be identified only along that sions on the light sensitive materials. In portion of the sheet material bearing the

come fogged upon exposure to any light no tion is the provision of an edge printer havthe same for any considerable length of time. sheet material bearing identifying data and has, for the reason above stated, greatly in- so provided and said sheet material being so creased the difficulty of handling the film in positioned that the emulsion on the light

Several forms of edge printers for creat- taining a light source energized through a 25 most of which have been rendered obsolete tion, said switch means being adjustably 75 by the necessity of manipulating the edge mounted so that the energization of the light source may take place when the platen reaches

Another object of the present invention is the provision of an edge printer including a 80 cent sheet material in a definite position and which masks the image of identifying data formed on light sensitive material.

Other objects of the invention will present 85

The invention broadly comprises a chamber containing a light source and provided The primary object of the present inven- with a slot in the bottom thereof, a base upon 90 mally in spaced relation to the slot in the chamber, and mechanical means for moving the platen toward the slot and for controlling energization of the light source. An import- 95 ant feature of the edge printer, according to the invention, is the provision of a hopper which is adapted to guide and maintain trans-

platen so that only that portion of the sheet other terminal 32 of the switch 20. As a rematerial bearing the identifying data is in contact with the light sensitive material which is adapted to be supported upon the 5 platen. The light for printing the image of the identifying data on the light sensitive material is transmitted through the translucent sheet material leaving the light sensitive emulsion unexposed opposite the char-10 acters of the identifying data.

Reference is hereby made to the accompanying drawings in which similar elements are designated by similar reference numerals

and in which:

Fig. 1 is a vertical longitudinal cross-section of the edge printer, according to the invention, taken on the line 1-1 of Fig. 2.

Fig. 2 is a horizontal cross-section through the edge printer, according to the invention,

20 taken on the line 2-2 of Fig. 1.

Fig. 3 is a plane view of the base, platen mounted thereon and the manually operated mechanical means for moving the platen and for actuating the switch which controls en-25 ergization of the light source in the chamber.

Fig. 4 is a fragmentary side elevation of the edge printer illustrating the abutment for positioning the front edges of the sheet and

light sensitive materials.

Fig. 5 is a fragmentary vertical cross-section of an edge printer according to the invention with a modified form of hopper.

In the illustrated embodiment of the invention, a base 10 supports a chamber 11. The chamber 11 has a cover 12 provided with flanges 13 for the formation of a light-tight joint between chamber 11 and cover 12. A ridge 14 extends longitudinally of chamber 11 along the bottom thereof and is provided 40 with an abutment 15, the purpose of which will be later described. The chamber 11 has a recessed bottom 16 which is provided with a slot 17.

A receptacle 18 is mounted upon one end of 45 chamber 11 and supports a light source, such as an incandescent lamp 19. A switch 20 has a threaded sleeve 21 which is adjustably mounted in a ledge 22 of chamber 11 by means of internally threaded nuts 23 and 24, abut-50 ting opposite surfaces of ledge 22. The internal construction of switch 20 is well known and need not be here described but is of the normally open type adapted to be closed upon the actuation of a plunger 25 sliding within to receive a finger piece 50 so that crank 48 55 threaded sleeve 21. It should be noted that may be readily located and moved by the op- 120 switch 20, threaded sleeve 21, and plunger 25 erator. may be raised by loosening nut 24 and tightening nut 23 or may be lowered by loosening abnormal or objectionable diffusing charnut 23 and tightening nut 24.

One post 26 of receptacle 18 is connected to a suitable source of electrical energy by a wire 27, and one terminal 28 of switch 20 is connected to the source of electrical energy by a wire 29. The other post 30 of receptacle 65 18 is connected by a conductor 31 to the

sult, the light source 19 is normally deenergized but upon actuation or elevation of plunger 25, the switch 20 is closed and the light source 19 is energized by the source of 70 electrical energy through wire 27 and through wire 29, switch 20 and conductor 31.

The bottom of chamber 11 is provided with a depression 33 surrounding the slot 17 and containing strip material 34 of graded den- 75 sity and a glass plate 35 which is cemented or held in position by any suitable means. The material 34 of graded density is for the purpose of making the illumination along the slot 17 uniform and to compensate for the so uneven illumination provided by the incan-

descent lamp 19.

An arcuate hopper includes arcuate sides 36 and an arcuate plate 37 therebetween, sides 36 of the hopper being attached to the 35 ends of chamber 11 by means of bolts 36'. The lower surface of the recessed chamber bottom 16 is curved as shown in Fig. 1 to form a channel with the plate 37 of the hopper for the reception and guidance of sheet 50 material 38 bearing identifying data, indicated by dotted lines within the slot 17 of

Fig. 2.

A platen 39 is composed of a resilient plate which is covered with plush or other soft 95 material to minimize the possibility of scratching the light sensitive material placed on the platen 39. A strip 40 lays over one edge of platen 39 and is fastened to base 10 by a plurality of bolts 41. The other end 100 of platen 39 is provided with projections 42 which are on each side of and extended beyond the abutment 15 on chamber 11 to decrease the light leakage from slot 17 during raised position of platen 39 and energization 105 of the light source. An arm 43 has one end attached to the under-surface of platen 39 and has the other end in contact with plunger 25 of switch 20, said arm 43 having an offset intermediate portion and said base 10 being 110 apertured at 44 and 45 to permit passage of the arm 43 therethrough.

A pair of trunnions 46 extend downwardly from base 10 and form bearings for an axle 47 which rotatably supports a crank 48. 115 One end of crank 48 has a ridge 49 engaging the intermediate portion of arm 43, while the other end of crank 48 is curved upwardly

The translucent sheet material 38 may have acterisities so that the image of the slot 17 on the light sensitive material has a ragged 125 outline. In such event the hopper for the translucent sheet material 38 can be formed so as to form a mask for the identifying data as well as a guide and holder for the sheet material.

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ly masks the light sensitive material is shown ment. It should be noted that in the prein Fig. 5. The hopper, as in the preferred form comprises the arcuate sides 36 attached 5 to the exterior of chamber 11. The curved bottom plate 37' of the hopper, however, is co-extensive and in parallel spaced relation to the lower surface of the recessed bottom portion 16 of chamber 11. The lower or in-19 ner edge of plate 37' is spaced from abutment 15 a distance equal to the width of slot 17 or is directly beneath the forward edge of slot 17. Integral tongues 42' on the curved ployed only his sense of touch. Lateral locaabutment 15 and are inserted into slots 14' in ridge 14. Consequently when the platen 39 is moved upward the light sensitive material 53 makes light tight contact with the bottom plate 37' of the hopper and the latent 20 image of the identifying data is bordered with sharp or distinct lines.

Since all of the operations must be performed in the dark certain indicators must be provided on the translucent sheet mate-25 rial 38 and on the light sensitive material 53. It is standard practice to provide photographic films with a notch so that, when the film plish the light-tight positioning of light senis held in the right hand with the forefinger sitive material 53, then the outer end of arm on the notch, the emulsion surface of the film 43 has moved plunger 25 so that the switch 30 is face up. Such a notch 52 is shown provided 20 is closed and the light source 19 is ener- 95 in the light sensitive material 53. In order gized. to utilize this training of dark room operators, the translucent sheet material 38 has a cut-off corner 51 located so that, when the piece 50, but if more than one piece of light 35 sheet material 38 is held in the right hand sensitive material is to contain the same 100 with the fore-finger on cut-off corner 51, the identification data, then sheet material 38 identifying data on material 38 is face up. may be left in position and will be held accuinverted so that the written or printed data position during repeated printing operations 195

terial 53. 45 erably provided in the form of cards, such ate formation of plate 37 or 37'. 50 be readily handled by the operator for de- be raised in the manner previously described, 115 the darkness.

The sheet material 38 is introduced into the arcuate hopper and is guided thereby into a position having one edge against abutment 60 15. The light sensitive material 53 is introduced into the recess between the chamber 11 and platen 39 with the emulsion side up. The light sensitive material 53 is moved into the recess until it also strikes against the abutes ment 15 so that the edges of sheet material

A modified form of hopper which effective- 38 and light sensitive material 53 are in alineferred form of the edge printer there is no possibility of the emulsion on light sensitive material 53 becoming scratched because it 70 makes contact with only the sheet material bearing the identifying data and then only with the portion of the sheet material which bears the identifying data. The sheet material 38 and light sensitive material 53 have 75 both been accurately placed in position within the printer by the operator who has embottom plate 37' extend along each side of tion of the light sensitive material 53 is not necessary because the location of the latent 80 image of the identifying data along the margin of the light sensitive material is immaterial.

The finger piece 50 of the crank 48 is depressed and platen 39 is moved toward slot 85 17 until the sheet material 38 and light sensitive material 53 make surface contact with each other and the recessed bottom portion 16 of chamber 11, or until light sensitive material makes contact with plate 37'. When 90 arm 43 has been moved sufficiently to accom-

The light sensitive material 53 may be readily withdrawn after the release of finger Before insertion of translucent sheet mate- rately in position by the hopper. The accurial 38 into the hopper, however, it must be racy with which sheet material 38 is held in will be in contact with or adjacent to the may be attributed to either the frictional conemulsion surface of the light sensitive ma- tact with the plate 37 or 37' and bottom portion 16 of chamber 11 or the curvature in-The translucent sheet material 38 is pref- troduced into the sheet material by the arcu-

as catalogue or library cards, which may If the light source is being energized behave already been in the files of the photog- fore light sensitive material 53 has been rapher. Such cards are easily provided with moved into light-tight relation with the sheet the required identifying data and may also material 38 or plate 37', then switch 20 may termination of the face containing the data, whereupon platen 39 must be moved verticalfor inversion and for insertion into the hop- ly through a greater distance before arm 43 per of the edge printer, all accomplished in has moved plunger 25 a sufficient distance to close switch 20. On the other hand, if the The operation of the edge printer, accord- light source is not being energized, even 120 ing to the invention, will now be described: though sheet material 38 and light sensitive material 53 are in position, the switch 20 should be lowered in the manner already described.

Since many modifications, of the edge 125 printer here disclosed, are possible without departing from the spirit of the invention, the present description is to be construed in an illustrative and not in a limiting sense.

Having now particularly described my in- 130

vention what I desire to secure by Letters cessed bottom portion in spaced relation to

5 of identifying data on light sensitive mate- an arm on said platen and a crank adapted 70 ed with a slot and a platen normally in ward said slot. spaced relation to said slot, adapted to sup- 6. A printer for creating latent images of to move said light sensitive material comprising a base, a chamber having a re- 75 into exposure position with respect to said 15 material into a position between the slot and the light sensitive material with said identifying data in registry with said slot.

2. In a printer for creating latent images of identifying data on light sensitive mate-20 rial, the combination with a chamber provided with a slot and a platen normally in spaced relation to said slot, adapted to sup-25 posure position with respect to said slot, of a material bearing identifying data and adapted to maintain said translucent sheet material in a position between the slot and the 20 light sensitive material with said identifying

data in registry with said slot. spaced relation to said slot, adapted to sup- switch. port the light sensitive material and adapted to move said light sensitive material into exposure position with respect to said slot, 43 of a hopper adapted to receive translucent sheet material bearing identifying data and adapted to guide and maintain said translucent sheet material into and in, respectively, a position between the slot and the light sen-45 sitive material with said identifying data

in registry with said slot. 4. In a printer for creating latent images of identifying data on light sensitive material, the combination with a chamber provided in the bottom thereof with a slot, and an arcuate hopper attached to said chamber and adapted to guide and maintain translucent material bearing identifying data in definite relation to said slot, of a resilient relation to the bottom of said chamber, adapt- moved a pre-determined distance. ed to support said light sensitive material and adapted to move said light sensitive material and said translucent material up-69 wardly into light-tight relation with each other and the bottom of said chamber adjacent said slot.

5. A printer for creating latent images of identifying data on light sensitive material, comprising a base, a chamber having a re-

Patent of the United States and what I claim said base and provided with a slot, a resilient platen extending beneath the recessed por-1. In a printer for creating latent images tion of said chamber and beneath said slot, rial, the combination with a chamber provid- to actuate said arm to move said platen to-

port the light sensitive material and adapted identifying data on light sensitive material, cessed bottom portion in spaced relation to slot, of a hopper adapted to receive translu- said base and provided with a slot, an arcucent sheet material bearing identifying data ate hopper attached to said chamber and and adapted to guide said translucent sheet adapted to guide the material adjacent the recessed bottom portion of said chamber and so said slot, a resilient platen extending beneath the recessed bottom portion of said chamber and beneath said slot, an arm on said platen and a crank adapted to actuate said arm to move said platen toward said 85 slot.

7. In a printer for creating latent images port the light sensitive material and adapted of identifying data on light sensitive mateto move said light sensitive material into ex- rial, the combination with a chamber provided with a slot, a light source within said 90 hopper adapted to receive translucent sheet chamber, and a normally open switch including a plunger adapted to close said switch and to control the energization of said light source, of a platen normally located and resiliently maintained in spaced relation to 95 said slot, an arm on said platen, adapted to 3. In a printer for creating latent images move said plunger and to close said switch of identifying data on light sensitive mate- when said platen is adjacent said slot, and rial, the combination with a chamber pro- a crank for actuating said arm to move said so vided with a slot and a platen normally in platen adjacent to said slot and to close said 100

8. In a printer for creating latent images of identifying data on light sensitive material, the combination with a chamber provided with a slot, a light source within said 105 chamber, and a normally open switch including a plunger adapted to close said switch and to control the energization of said light source, of a platen normally located and resiliently maintained in spaced relation to 110 said slot, an arm on said platen, adapted to move said plunger and to close said switch when said platen is adjacent said slot, an adjustable mounting for said switch to permit variation of the movement of said arm 115 of the plunger necessary to close said switch, and a crank for actuating said arm to move said platen adjacent to said slot and to close said switch whereby the switch may be adplaten located below and normally in spaced justed to close only when a platen has been 120

9. In a printer for creating latent images of identifying data on light sensitive material, the combination with a chamber containing a source of illumination and pro- 125 vided with a slot, and a platen located in spaced relation to said slot, adapted to support the light sensitive material and adapted to be moved adjacent said slot, of a hopper adapted to receive translucent sheet mate- 130

rial bearing identifying data along one edge thereof, and adapted to guide into and hold in surface contact the data bearing portion only of said sheet material and the margin of the light sensitive material on said platen.

of identifying data on light sensitive material, the combination with a chamber containing a source of illumination and provided with a slot, and a platen located in spaced relation to said slot, adapted to support the light sensitive material and adapted to be moved adjacent said slot, of a hopper adapted to receive translucent sheet material bearing identifying data along one edge thereof and adapted to guide said translucent sheet material into position with the data bearing portion only in surface contact with the light sensitive material on said platen.

of identifying data on light sensitive material, the combination with a chamber containing a source of illumination and provided with a slot, and a platen located in spaced relation to said slot, adapted to support the light sensitive material and adapted to be moved adjacent said slot, of a hopper adapted to receive translucent sheet material bearing identifying data along one edge thereof and adapted to maintain said translucent sheet material in position with the data bearing portion only in surface contact with the light sensitive material on said platen.

of identifying data on light sensitive material, the combination with a chamber containing a source of illumination and provided with a slot, and a platen located in spaced relation to said slot, adapted to support the light sensitive material and adapted to be moved adjacent said slot, of a hopper adapted to receive translucent sheet material bearing identifying data along one edge thereof and adapted to mask off all but the data bearing portion of said sheet material.

13. In a printer for creating latent images of identifying data on light sensitive material, the combination with a chamber containing a source of illumination and provided with a slot, and a platen located in spaced relation to said slot, adapted to support the light sensitive material and adapted to be moved adjacent said slot, of a hopper adapted to receive translucent sheet material bearing identifying data along one edge thereof and provided with a recess registering with said slot to permit transmission of light through the data bearing portion only of said translucent sheet material.

Signed at Rochester, New York, this 11 day of March 1932.

ROGER P. LEAVITT.