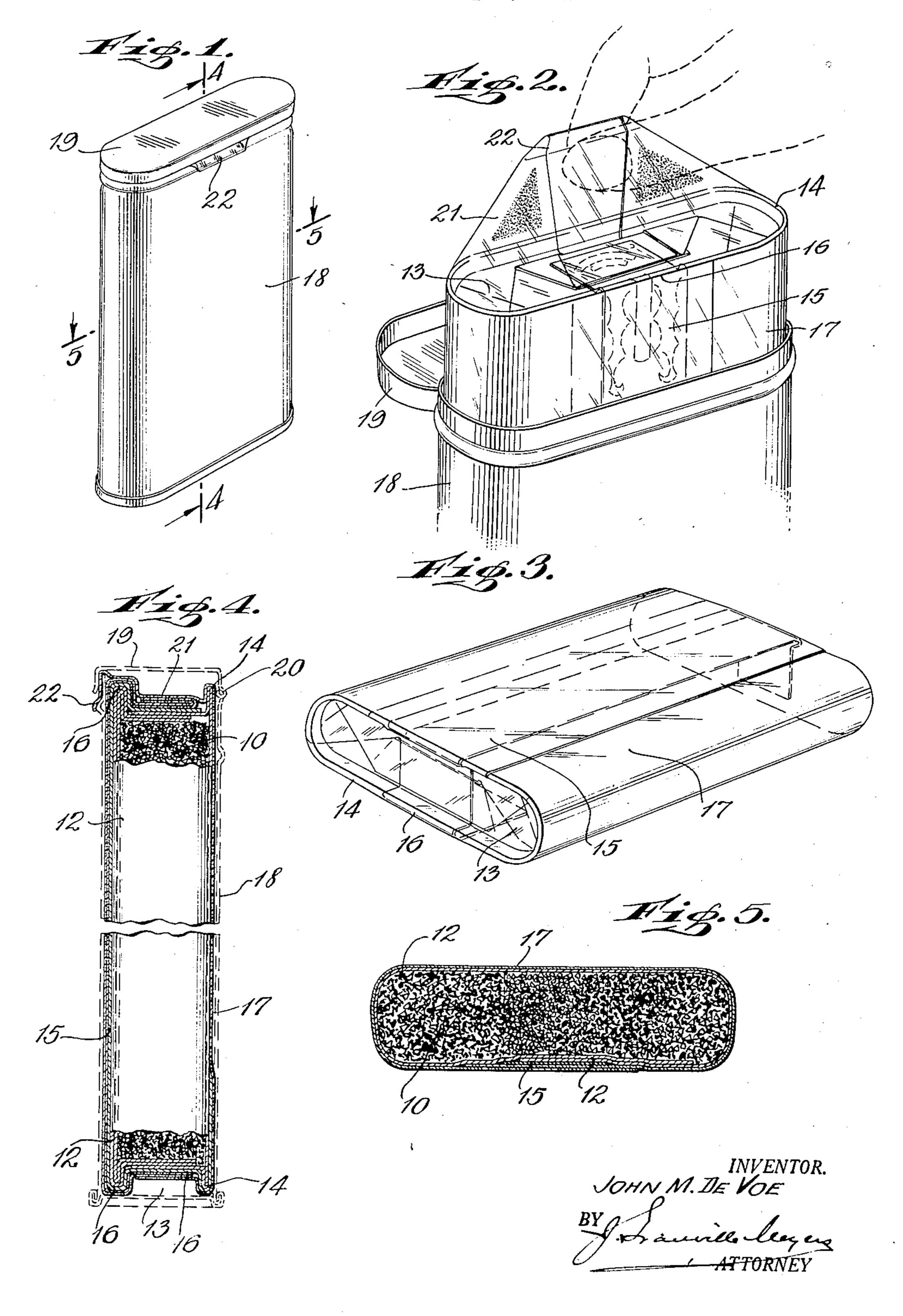
COMMODITY PACKAGE

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

JOHN M. DE VOE, OF GREENWICH, CONNECTICUT, ASSIGNOR TO UNITED STATES TOBACCO COMPANY, OF NEW YORK, N. Y., A CORPORATION OF NEW JERSEY

COMMODITY PACKAGE

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proved commodity package, and more particularly to a commodity package of the class that requires a revenue stamp, such for in-5 stance as a package of tobacco.

An object of the present invention is to provide a package of the class stated that will keep the commodity in a fresh condition for a considerable length of time, and one 10 that may be produced entirely by machinery and at relatively low cost.

Another object of the invention is to provide a package that is not only attractive in appearance but is moisture-repellant, and the 15 seal of which may be easily broken when ac-

cess thereto is desired. A still further object is to enclose such a package within an outer container or enclosure having a slip or hinged cover, with a 20 free end of a fold of the outer wrapper positioned between the walls of the enclosure and the slip cover and with a portion projecting and so located that it may be readily grasped when the cover is removed to aid in raising 25 or removing the package from the enclosure and in breaking the seal and opening the same.

A still further object of the invention is to provide a package of the class described wherein the revenue stamp is at all times visible and so applied as to assist in maintaining the package in closed condition, but which cannot be opened without breaking the stamp, laws.

So far as I am aware, I am the first to provide a tobacco package of the character stated, and wherein the stamped package is wholly enclosed within an outer container. In all previous enclosed packages of this class, the 40 revenue stamp has invariably been attached to the outer container, and not to the package itself.

In order to enable others to understand and construct my improved package, I will now proceed to describe the same in detail, reference being had for this purpose to the accompanying drawing, wherein:

Fig. 1 is a perspective view illustrating one form of my new commodity package.

Fig. 2 is a perspective view of the upper

My present invention relates to an im- portion of the package with the lid of the outer container thrown open and the package partially withdrawn from the container and showing also the outer folds of the outer wrapper at the upper end of the package 55 broken open.

> Fig. 3 is a perspective view of the completed package removed from the outer container.

Fig. 4 is a vertical sectional view of the package, the outer container being shown in 60 dotted lines.

Fig. 5 is a transverse sectional view taken on the line 5—5 of Fig. 1.

I have illustrated and will describe the invention as applied to a relatively flat or 65 oval-shaped package, such as a package of tobacco adapted to fit into the pocket of the user although it will be apparent that the invention may be embodied in packages of other shapes and sizes.

In constructing the package, the commodity, such as tobacco, indicated by the reference number 10, is enclosed within an inner wrapper sheet 12, the free ends of which are overlapped on one of the flat walls of the 75 package, as more clearly shown in Figs. 3 and 5. The inner wrapper-sheet 12, is preferably composed of flexible paper or other material which may or may not be moistureproofed in any approved way. The free 80 edges of the inner wrapper at the ends of the package are folded inwardly in any apthus complying with the internal revenue proved way, as by the usual gusset folds, and said ends are then countersunk as shown at 13, to provide an annular outstanding ridge 85 14, at each end of the package. When the ends of the package are countersunk as shown and described, it is not necessary to adhesively unite the infolded portions of the wrapper because the countersinking operation and the 90 formation of the annular ridges tend to so crease and crimp the material of the sheet that the ends of the package will remain closed until opened up by hand.

> In order to seal the package as required 95 by the internal revenue laws, I adhesively apply a long revenue stamp 15, longitudinally of the package, said stamp extending over the overlapping ends of the wrapper, on a flat wall of the package as shown, and the 100

opposite ends 16 of the stamp being crimped provision of the finger-grasping tongue over a portion of the annular ridge and adhe- which projects from between the cover and sively united to the infolded countersunk the upper end of the outer container for the ends of the package. This construction not 5 only seals the folds but makes it necessary to break the stamp and the seal before the package can be opened, all as required by the revenue laws.

In order to make the package moisture-10 repellant and to retain the enclosed com- age is enclosed within an outer wrapper of 75 modity in a fresh moist condition for a con-transparent material which is also countersiderable length of time, I apply thereto an sunk at the ends of the package for the purouter wrapper sheet 17, of a transparent mois-poses stated, and also wherein the outer ture-proof material such as that known on wrapper is provided with a tongue which 15 the market as "cellophane". This outer wrap-projects from between the walls of the 80 per is applied over the revenue stamp, but flanged cover and an outer container to acthe latter is readily visible therethrough be- complish the decidedly new results herein decause of its transparency. The folded por-scribed. tions of the outer wrapper at the ends of the 20 package are also countersunk as shown, and the overlapping unfolded portions are sealed or united by a method or composition suitable for the purpose. Due to the fact that the act of countersinking the infolded portions of the 25 outer wrapper crimps or creases the same, the countersinks remain permanently until the package is opened by lifting the folds and breaking the seal.

When placed upon the market the pack-30 age is preferably enclosed within an outer outer wrapper of transparent moisture-re- 95

as shown at 20. In order to facilitate the removal of the posite ends of the package with the said in- 100 40 extension or tongue 22, which extends over to the free end of the outer fold at one end 105 45 the upper edge of the container at that flat ing the union between the adhesively united 110 wall opposite the hinge 20, so that when the folded portions of the outer wrapper at said cover is closed down as shown in Figs. 1 and end of the package. 4, the tongue 22 will not only be held between 2. The commodity package as defined in the wall of the container and flange of the claim 1 enclosed within an outer container 50 cover, but will project below the cover flange, having a movable flanged cover, and where- 115 so that when the cover is raised to open posi- in the free end of the outer wrapper of the tion the tongue may be readily grasped by package extends over the upper edge of the

modity, such as tobacco. The package of the present invention has August, A. D. 1932. 60 proved to be a great commercial success since placed upon the market, and is unique because of its inner and outer wrappers, both of which are countersunk at both ends of the package; because of the manner of ap-65 plying the revenue stamp, and because of the

purposes described.

I am aware of the fact that a wrapped 70 package having its ends countersunk, is not new, but I believe I am the first to provide such a package with a revenue stamp applied as described, and wherein the said pack-

What I claim is:

1. A wrapped commodity package, includ- 85 ing a quantity of the commodity enclosed within an inner wrapper, the opposite ends of which are folded inwardly at the ends of the package and said ends countersunk to provide an annular marginal ridge, a reve- 90 nue stamp extending lengthwise of the package and having its opposite ends overlying and sealing the said infolded ends of the wrapper at the ends of the package, and an container 18, usually of tin, said container sistant material completely enclosing the having a flanged or slip cover 19, which is outer wrapper including the revenue stamp generally hinged along one of its flat sides which is visible therethrough, said outer wrapper having its ends infolded at the opwrapped package from the outer container folded portions pressed into the counter-18, and to assist in breaking the seal of the sunk ends and the overlapping folded porouter wrapper, I provide the outer fold 21 tions of the countersunk ends of the outer thereof at one end of the package with an wrapper being adhesively united except as and beyond a portion of the annular ridge of the package which free end extends over at that end of the package, and when the the ridge surrounding the countersunk end latter is inserted into the outer container, and projects beyond the ridge providing a this extension or tongue 22, is brought over finger-grasping portion to assist in break-

the fingers to lift the package from the con- outer container and under the flanged cover tainer, and to assist in breaking the seal that with the said free end projecting to be 55 unites the folds thereof in order to get at grasped by the fingers for the purposes 120 the folded portions of the inner wrapper and stated.

open them up to gain access to the com- Signed at New York in the county of New York and State of New York this 8th day of

JOHN M. DE VOE.