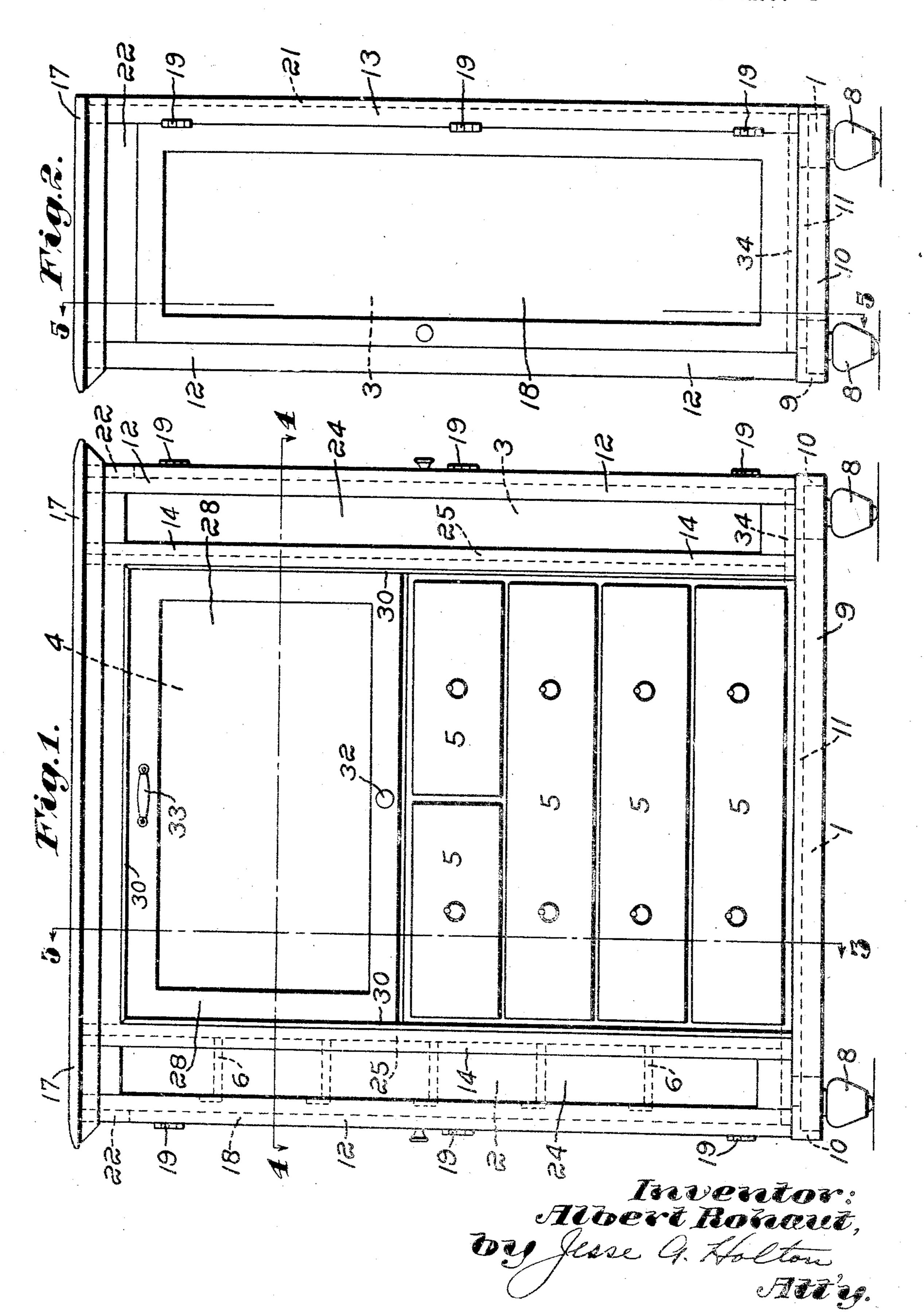
ARTICLE OF FURNITURE

Filed May 7, 1931

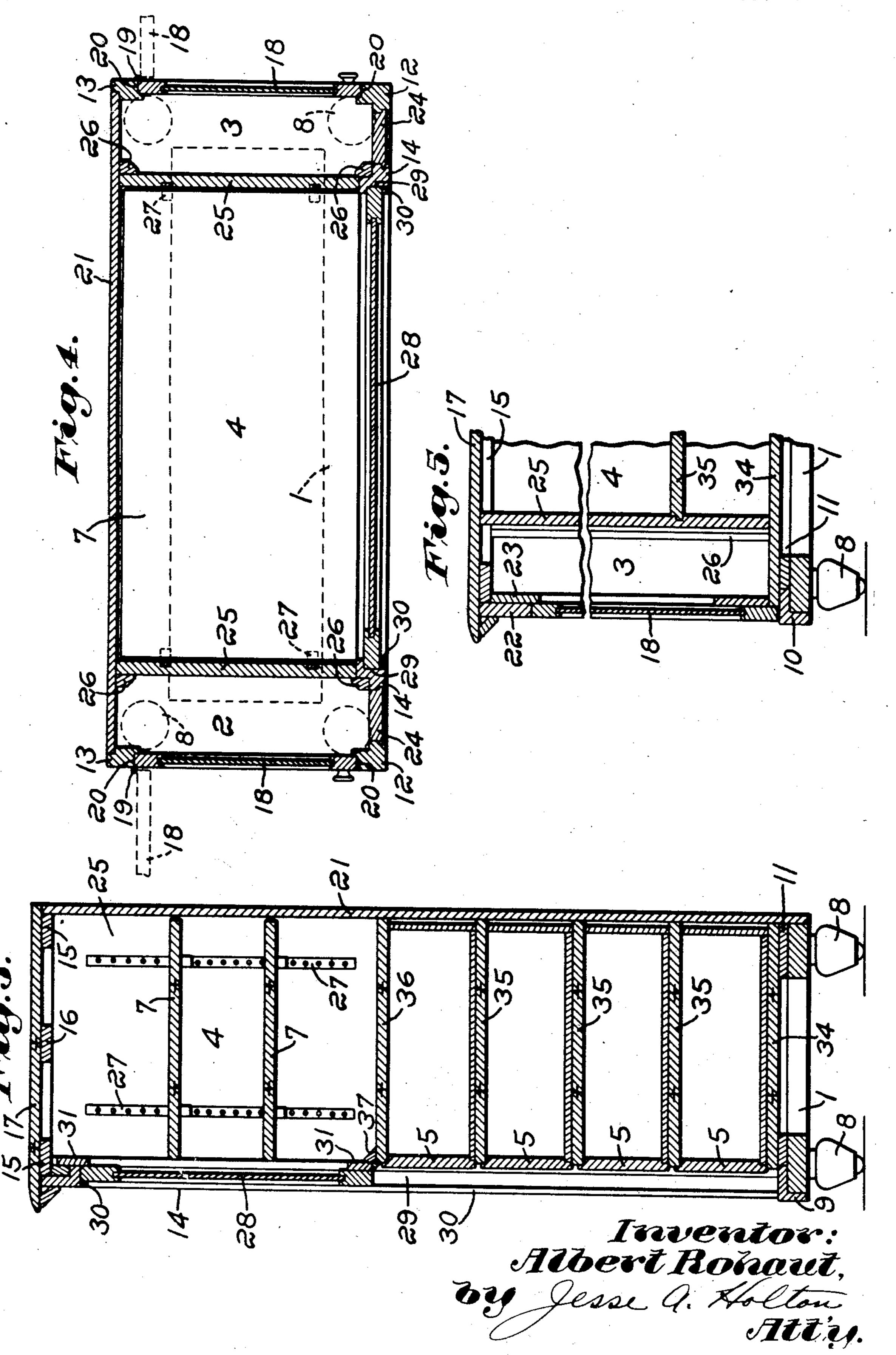
2 Sheets-Sheet 1



ARTICLE OF FURNITURE

Filed May 7, 1931

2 Sheets-Sheet 2



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

ALBERT ROHAUT, OF ALFRED, MAINE

ARTICLE OF FURNITURE

Application filed May 7, 1931. Serial No. 535,607.

This invention relates to improvements in with shelves 6 to receive small articles. The an article of furniture and, with regard to compartment 3 may be without shelves to be certain more specific features thereof, to a used as a wardrobe for suits and coats. The chiffonier comprising a multiplicity of in- chamber 4 may be provided with adjustable ⁵ dividual compartments so constructed and shelves 7 adapted to receive hats or similar 55 arranged as to provide a maximum amount articles of apparel. of storage space for a given base area. An- Referring now to Figures 3, 4 and 5, the other object of the invention is to provide an base frame 1, which is rectangular in form, article of this nature having compartments comprising side and end members may be 10 of various sizes and shapes so arranged that all are accessible substantially from the front of the article. Other objects of the invention will appear from the following description and the accompanying claim. In the draw-15 ings:—

Figure 1 is a front elevation of an article tures, for purposes of illustration only.

Figure 2 is an end view of the same ar-20 ticle as it appears from the right of Figure 1.

Figure 3 is a vertical cross-section thereof on the line 3—3 of Figure 1.

Figure 4 is a horizontal plan section on 25 the line 4-4 of Figure 1, and

Figure 5 is a fragmentary vertical section on the line 5—5 of Figure 2 showing the construction of one of the end compartments, it being understood that the opposite one is substantially similar.

Although the improvements are herein shown as embodied in a chiffonier, they may apply equally as well to other articles of furniture, for example, a china closet. If desired for that purpose, glass panels may be used in place of wood in the closure members and the drawers will afford convenient

storage space for linen.

have shown a construction comprising a se- back thereof as shown by dotted lines in Fig- 90 frame 1, which may consist of several separate units arranged in rectangular form. Upwardly extending end compartments 2 and 3; of substantially the transverse width of the frame, are provided at each end thereof. The space intermediate the end compartments is utilized for an upper storage chamber 4 and a series of drawers 5.

The end compartment 2 may be equipped

supported in the usual way by a series of 60 caster containing legs 8. An angle shaped finishing strip 9 extends along the front of the frame 1 cooperating with similar end strips 10 to provide simple construction and yet neat appearance at that portion of the 65 cabinet. I prefer to employ a sub-base frame of furniture embodying the improved fea- 11, the front and end members of which are narrower in order to meet the inner edge of the horizontal flange on the finishing strips 9 and 10. This also provides a surface which 70 is flush with the upper faces of the strips.

A series of upright frame members 12, 13 and 14 suitably mounted upon the frame 1 cooperate with a top frame 15, of substantially the same proportions as the base frame 75 1, to complete the frame structure of the cabinet. The top frame is preferably provided with intermediate cross members 16 to add rigidity to that portion thereof and is adapted to receive and support the cabinet 80 top member 17 which may consist of several individual boards as shown.

The upright frame members 12 and 13, already mentioned, are arranged and designed to serve also as door frames for compart- 85 ments 2 and 3. Doors 18 are shown as hinged at 19 to the upright members 13. It should be noted that the doors open at or near the Referring to Figure 1 of the drawings, I front of the cabinet and swing toward the ries of compartments supported by a base ure 4. The uprights are rabbeted at 20 to provide a door jamb and are therefore designed to perform the double function of support and door frame.

> The members 13 may also be rabbeted to 95 receive the back panel 21 of the cabinet as clearly shown in Figure 4. Narrow panels. 22, suitably attached to members 12 and 13, serve to close the spaces between the upper edges of the doors 18 and the top 17. These 100

panels may be provided with strips 23 on and compartments. The vertically slidable their inner surfaces to form a door stop. A pair of long, narrow panels 24 are suitably the drawers to provide access to the compartsupported by the uprights 12 and 14, ex- ment 4 permits easy access to the entire depth 5 tending from the base frame 11 to the top 17, of the compartment. thereby completing the outside closure means What I claim is: for compartments 2 and 3.

10 drawers and compartment 4 above referred define opposite end frames; a rear wall, front 75 15 to all three members. That portion of their ly to rear vertical frame members, a horizon-80

ing the shelves 7 therein. 20 comprises a vertically slidable panel 28 ers and slidable mountings therefor in the 85 the uprights 14 and is held in position by narrow guide strips 30 secured to the uprights in any suitable manner. Backing day of April, A. D. 1931. 25 strips 31 provided at the upper and lower inner edges of the slidable panel 28 cooperate with the flanges on the uprights 14 to form the outline of the opening to compartment 4. Any common type of spring-30 pressed plunger 32 may be mounted in the lower edge of the panel 28, adapted to cooperate with a socket (not shown) supported by the lower strip 31, to retain the panel in closed position as shown in Figure 1. A 35 handle 33 is provided at the upper edge of

the panel 28 to facilitate operation thereof. It will be clear, that by withdrawing the plunger 32 from its socket, the panel 28 may then be lowered to a position adjacent the 40 strip 9 and in front of the drawers 5 thereby

affording access to compartment 4.

A floor portion 34 adjacent the sub-base 11 occupies the longitudinal space between the doors 18 and transversely substantially the 45. width of the sub-base. This construction not only forms a support for the lower drawer 5, but also provides a bottom or floor, for compartments 2 and 3.

A series of drawer supporting shelves 35 50 are supported by the partitions 25, preferably by a tongue and groove construction as shown in Figure 5. Another similar shelflike member 36 separates the drawer section from the compartment 4 and serves as a floor 55 for the latter. A finishing strip 37 is applied lengthwise of the floor 36 adjacent the strip 31.

The construction herein disclosed provides a maximum amount of individual storage 60 compartments of different shapes and styles for a given base area. A minimum amount of labor and material are required by the foregoing method of assembly and a further characterizing feature of the invention re-65 sides in the balanced arrangement of frame

panel 28 arranged for movement in front of

An article of furniture comprising spaced Upright transverse partitions 25 serve to vertical frame members and top and bottom separate the compartments 2 and 3 from the frames cooperatively associated therewith to to. These partitions are attached at their paneling, and transverse partitions secured front edges, to the uprights 14 and at the to said frame members to define opposite end rear edges thereof to the back panel 21 by compartments, swinging doors for the opmeans of backing strips 26 suitably secured posite end compartments hinged respectivesurfaces adjacent the compartment 4 is pro- tal dividing partition for the central comvided with bracket members 27 for support- partment fixedly mounted between the transverse partitions which define the opposite The closure means for the compartment 4 end compartments, and a plurality of drawmounted in rabbeted guideways 29 formed in central compartment below said dividing partition.

Signed by me at Sanford, Maine, this 18th

ALBERT ROHAUT.

100

105

110

115

120

125

130