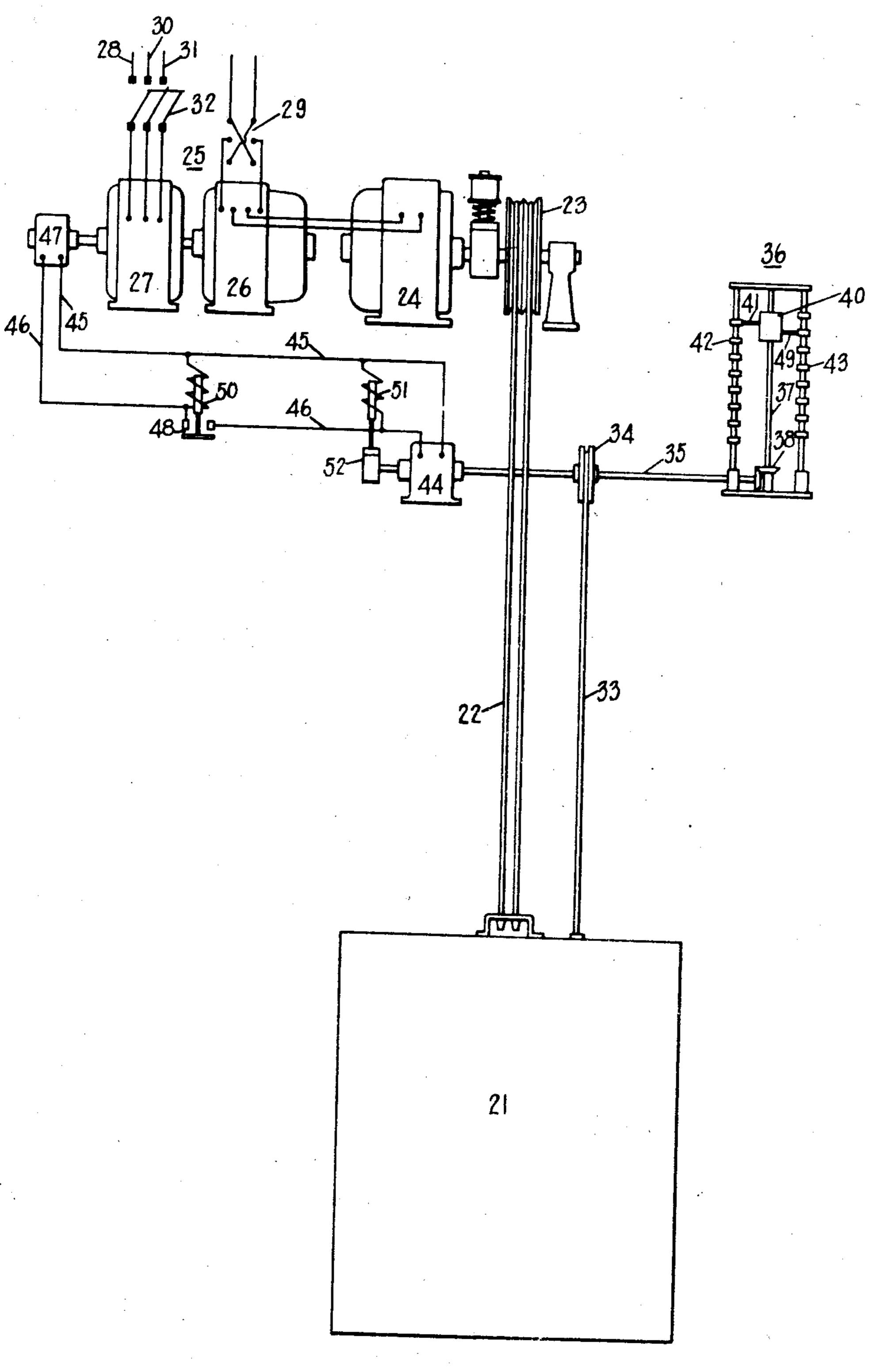
## D. L. LINDQUIST

ELEVATOR CONTROL APPARATUS

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## ELEVATOR CONTROL APPARATUS

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This invention relates to elevators and particularly to control apparatus therefor.

5 chronism with the car. It may be desired to tric motor when the car moves in one di- 55 functions of the elevator system by the op- a selector machine, or other control mecha-10 eration of this scalar reproduction. One nism, through appropriate gearing. form of these scalar reproductions is the so- The single figure is a schematic view of ment movable in simulation of the movement the invention. of the car in the hatchway. One manner of Referring to the drawing, an elevator car 15 simulating the movement of the car is to op- designated 21 is raised and lowered in the 65 erate such a selector machine by means of a elevator hatchway by means of hoisting ropflexible transmission member, such as a ca- ing 22 passing over a sheave 23 driven by an ble or tape, connected to the elevator car and electric motor 24. Current is supplied to the suitable reduction gearing, thereby causing elevator motor 24 by a motor-generator set 20 the movable element of the selector machine designated as a whole by 25. The generator 70 to reproduce the movement of the car on a 26 of motor-generator set 25 supplies curreduced scale. The movable element of the rent to the elevator motor 24 and is driven selector machine should accurately reproduce by a motor 27 whose windings are connected the movement of the elevator car and to this to the wires 28, 30 and 31 of suitable power 25 end it is desirable that the cable or tape con-source by means of a line switch 32. A re- 75 nected to the car be kept under tension to versing switch 29 is provided to control the avoid inaccurate operation of the selector operation of motor 24 to raise or lower the machine arising from slack in the cable or car. tape or stretching thereof. It is also de- For the sake of simplicity of illustration

35 of a drive for control mechanisms in which tion of motor 24 through switch 29 to raise 85 the moving elements are accurately synchro- and lower the car in the hatchway. nized with the movement of the car over long A flexible cable or tape 33 is connected at justment or correction.

hatchway.

provision of a tape drive for a selector ma- tape 33 is adapted to be spirally coiled in a chine, or other control mechanism, in which circumferential groove on reel 34. a minimum amount of tape is required.

A third feature of the invention is the provision of a tensioning device for the selector drive which is economical of space in the elevator hatchway and which is of simple construction and reliable in operation.

The invention contemplates the provision of a reel located at one end of the hatchway

on which reel a metallic tape, attached at one end to the car, is wound and unwound as It is frequently desirable in elevator sys- the car moves up and down the hatchway. tems to drive various mechanisms in syn- The tape is wound on the reel by an elecreproduce the elevator hatchway and the rection and is unwound against the torque movement of the car therein on a convenient- of the electric motor by the car as it moves ly reduced scale and then to control certain in the opposite direction. The reel drives

called selector machine embodying an ele- a portion of an elevator system embodying

30 sirable that the tape drive for the selector and description, the counterweight and the 80 machine and the tensioning devices for the devices for controlling the starting and stoptape shall not unduly encumber the elevator ping of the elevator car are not shown. However, it is to be understood that suitable de-A feature of the invention is the provision vices are provided for controlling the opera-

periods of time without the necessity of ad- one end to the elevator car and at its other end is connected to a reel 34 secured to a A second feature of the invention is the shaft 35. In the arrangement shown the 90

A suitable motor 44 connected to shaft 35 is provided to maintain tape 33 under tension to insure proper operation of the selector 36 95 as the elevator car is operated, motor 44 being also adapted to wind the tape upon reel 34 as the car is raised by motor 24. Current to operate motor 44 is supplied through wires 45 and 46 connected to the terminals of an 100

generator set 25. Exciter 47 may also be hatchway, tape 33 will be unwound from reel employed to supply current for other pur- 34 against the torque of motor 44 thereby poses, such as energizing the field windings turning shaft 35. The energization of the 5 of generator 26 and motor 24. An electro- windings of motor 44 tends to turn the mov- 70 magnetically operated switch 48 is provided able element thereof and consequently reel in the wire 46 supplying current to motor 34 in the direction opposed to the movement 44. The operating coil 50 for switch 48 is of the reel by car 21 through tape 33, thereby connected across wires 45 and 46 and is so maintaining tape 33 taut. Thus, slack can-10 designed that energization of the coil will not not develop in tape 33 during the operation 75 be effective to close switch 48 until the ter- of the car nor by continued rotation of drum minal voltage of exciter 47 is adequate to in- 34 as a result of momentum when the car sure proper energization of motor 44. A stops. Motor 44 tending to winding tape 33 brake release coil 51 is also connected across on reel 34 also prevents the weight of the 15 wires 45 and 46 and is adapted upon ener- tape depending from reel 34 unwinding the 80 gization to release a brake 52 to permit oper- remaining portion and causing inaccurate op-

ation of motor 44.

machine, designated as a whole by 36, in re- is driven, threaded shaft 37 of selector 36 20 sponse to the movement of the elevator car. will be rotated moving traveller 40 there- 85 The selector machine illustrated is provided along, causing contact 41 to engage contacts with a vertically arranged threaded shaft 37 driven from shaft 35 through bevel gearing 38. A traveller 40 is mounted on threaded motor 24, motor 44 drives reel 34 to wind tape 25 shaft 37 and upon rotation thereof is moved 33 thereon preventing slack developing in 90 upwardly or downwardly therealong in sim- tape 33 between the reel and the car. Rotaulation of the movement of the elevator car. tion of reel 34 by motor 44 results in the op-A contact 41 carried by traveller 40 is adapt- eration of selector 36 to move contact 49 into ed to engage a series of contacts 42 in suc- engagement with contacts 43 in succession. 30 cession as the tape is unwound from reel 34. The rate of operation of selector 36 by mo- 95 as car 21 descends and a similar contact 49 tor 44 is determined by the rate at which the on traveller 40 is adapted to engage a series movement of the car permits motor 44 to of contacts 43 in succession as the tape 33 is wind tape 33 on reel 34 thereby insuring that wound upon reel 34 as the car ascends. As the operation of selector 36 will accurately 35 the selector machine 36 is driven to reproduce the movement of the elevator car on a reduced scale, it may be employed to control any function of the elevator system which is dependent upon the position or movement of 40 the elevator car in the hatchway, such as the operation of signals, the automatic stopping of the car or the levelling of the car.

The operation is as follows: When line line switch 32 is closed, current is supplied to as motor 27 of the motor-generator set to effect operation thereof to drive generator 26 and exciter 47. Generator 26 when driven is adapted to supply current to the windings of elevator motor 24 when suitable controls are 50 operated to cause the car 21 to ascend or descend in the hatchway. When exciter 47 is set in operation, its terminal voltage builds up. When this voltage is sufficient to effect the operation of switch 48 through coil 50, switch 48 closes completing a circuit from exciter 47 through wire 46, switch 48, coil 51 and wire 45 to the exciter to effect the energization of coil 51 to release the brake 52 of motor 44. Current is also supplied to the 60 windings of motor 44 upon the closing of switch 48.

When motor 44 is energized the movable element thereof tends to turn shaft 35 and reel 34 to wind tape 33 spirally in the groove 65 on the reel. Thus, tape 33 is put under ten-

exciter 47 driven by the motor 27 of motor- sion. When the elevator car descends in the eration of selector 36 when car 21 is near the Shaft 35 is adapted to drive a selector lower end of the hatchway. When shaft 35 42 in succession as above set forth.

When the car is raised in the hatchway by

reproduce the movement of car 21.

Motor 44 is so designed that it may be continuously energized during the operating period of the elevator car and yet permit the movable element thereof to be held stationary when the elevator car is at rest, or the mov- 105 able element may be turned by tape 33, in the direction opposed to that in which energization of the motor windings tends to rotate the movable element, without deleterious results to the motor. Motor 44 is preferably 110 a series wound or torque motor but other types of motors either direct or alternating current may be employed if desired.

In the event that the power fails while the car is in operation, motor 44 will be main- 115 tained in operation by the dying out voltage of exciter 47 while the voltage across coil 50 is sufficient to keep switch 48 closed. Thus, motor 44 will be maintained in operation for an interval after the power fails and the car 120 stops to prevent slack developing in tape 33. When the exciter terminal voltage is no longer sufficient to keep switch 48 closed, the switch opens deenergizing motor 44 and brake release coil 51. As coil 51 is deener- 125 gized brake 52 becomes effective to stop the rotation of motor 44 and reel 34 and hold them stationary.

It is to be noted that in accordance with the invention the portion of the selector driv- 130

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ing tape extending between the car and the reel is always maintained under tension, thereby insuring that the selector or other mechanism will be operated to accurately re-5 produce the movement of the car.

It is to be further noted that as but a single tape is employed to effect the operation of the selector, a minimum amount of tape is

required.

It is also noted that as but a single tape is employed and as this tape may be arranged to extend from the top of the car to the top of the hatchway, the portion of the hatchway below the car is completely unobstructed tor; a reversible reel for driving said sefor the selector machine.

As many changes could be made in the above construction and many apparently reel adapted to be energized to keep said widely different embodiments of this inven- tape under tension to insure accurate opera-20 tion could be made without departing from tion of said selector in simulation of the SS the scope thereof, it is intended that all matter contained in the above description or shown in the accompanying drawing circuit for said torque motor and brake reshall be interpreted as illustrative and not lease magnet; a switch in said circuit; an 25 in a limiting sense.

What is claimed is: car movable therein; a selector operable to net to release said brake and to energize said simulate the movement of said car in said torque motor; and a magnet responsive to a 30 hatchway; a shaft for operating said selector; a reversible reel on said shaft; a tape citer for closing said switch, said switch connected at one end to said car adapted to opening upon the terminal voltage of said be wound and unwound on said reel, said tape exciter falling to a predetermined value when 35 ment of said car in one direction in said ing motor is discontinued to cause the ap- 180 hatchway to drive said reel in one direction; an electric motor operatively connected to said reel to oppose the unwinding of said tape from said reel and to drive said reel in 40 the opposite direction to wind said tape thereon upon movement of said car in the other direction in said hatchway; means for energizing said electric motor continuously during operation of the car; a brake for pre-45 venting unwinding of said tape; and means for causing the application of said brake upon deenergization of said motor.

2. In an elevator system; a hatchway; a car therein; an electric elevator motor for 50 moving said car in said hatchway; a motorgenerator set comprising a generator for supplying energy to said elevator motor and a motor for driving said generator; a reversible reel; a flexible transmission member con-55 nected to said car and adapted to wind and unwind on said reel; a torque motor operatively connected to said reel adapted to keep said flexible transmission member under tension; a brake for said torque motor; a mag-60 net for releasing said brake; a circuit for said torque motor and brake release magnet; a switch in said circuit; an exciter driven by said generator-driving motor for supplying energy to said circuit; and a magnet respon-65 sive to a predetermined terminal voltage of

said exciter for closing said switch to energize said brake release magnet and torque motor only when the terminal voltage of said exciter is adequate to operate said torque motor to keep said flexible transmission mem- 70 ber under tension during the operation of

said motor-generator set.

3. In an elevator system; a hatchway; an elevator car therein; an elevator motor for moving said car in said hatchway; a motor- 75 generator set comprising a generator for supplying energy to said elevator motor and a motor for driving said generator; a selec-15 by any apparatus connected with the drive lector; a tape connected to said car adapted 80 to be wound and unwound on said reel; a torque motor operatively connected to said movement of said car; a brake for said torque motor; a magnet for releasing said brake; a exciter driven by the motor of said motor- 90 generator set for supplying energy to said 1. In an elevator system, a hatchway; a circuit to energize said brake release magpredetermined terminal voltage of said ex- 95 being unwound from said reel upon move- the supply of power to the generator-drivplication of the brake and deenergization of the torque motor.

4. In an elevator system; a hatchway; an elevator car therein; means for supplying power to raise and lower the car in the hatch- 105 way: control mechanism; a reversible reel operatively connected to said control mechanism; a single tape connected at one end to said car and at the other end to said reel and adapted to be wound and unwound on said 110 reel, said reel being driven in one direction by movement of said car to unwind said tape from said reel; an electric motor operatively connected to said reel and adapted upon energization to oppose the unwinding of said lis tape from said reel and to drive said reel in the opposite direction to wind said tape thereon upon movement of the car in the other direction, whereby said reel is driven in accordance with the car movement to cause said con- 120 trol mechanism to operate in synchronism with the movement of the car; and means controlled by said power supply means for controlling the energization of said electric motor.

5. In an elevator installation; a hatchway; an elevator car therein; an elevator hoisting motor for raising and lowering said elevator car; a Ward-Leonard system of control for controlling said elevator hoisting motor, said 130

system comprising a generator for furnishing power to said elevator hoisting motor and a driving motor mechanically connected to said generator for operating said gen-& erator; power-connecting switching mechanism for connecting said driving motor to a source of supply to effect the operation of said driving motor, and thus the rotation of said generator, so that said elevator car may 10 be operated and controlled by appropriate car operating switching mechanisms while said driving motor is in operation; a selector machine for said elevator car; a reversible reel operatively connected to the movable 15 element of said selector machine; a single flexible transmission member connected at one end to said elevator car and at the other end to said reel and adapted to wind and unwind on said reel, said reel being rotated 20 by movement of said car in one direction to unwind said flexible transmission member from said reel; an electric reel motor operatively connected to said reel and adapted, when energized, to keep said flexible trans-25 mission member under tension while said reel is being rotated by said car to unwind said sexible transmission member from said reel, and to rotate said reel in the opposite direction to wind said flexible transmission mem-30 ber thereon upon movement of the car in the other direction, whereby said reel is driven so as to cause said movable element of said selector machine to operate synchronously with the movement of said elevator car; a 35 brake for preventing movement of said flexible transmission member; and means, responsive to said power-connecting switching mechanism when operated to shut down the Ward-Leonard motor-generator set, for efse fecting the deenergization of said electric reel motor and the application of the brake for said flexible transmission member. In testimony whereof, I have signed my name to this specification.

DAVID LEONARD LINDQUIST.

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