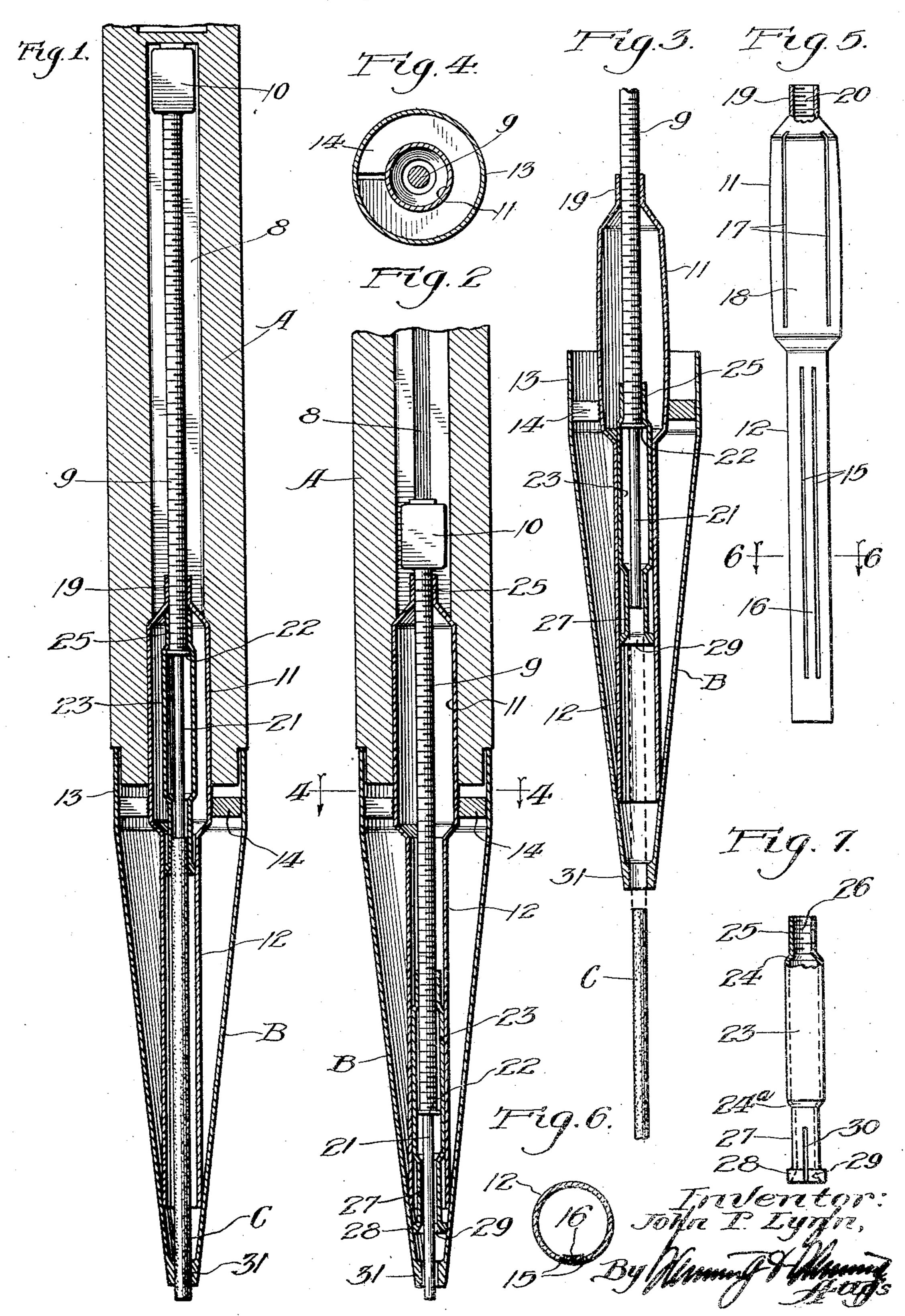
PENCIL

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PENCIL

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part relative to another.

The principal objects realized by this inoperation; expulsion of the lead following the 10 exhaustion of its serviceable portion; and protection to the operating parts against accident or tampering incident to usage. These and other objects of my invention will more clearly hereinafter appear in the specification 15 and claims taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawing which illustrates a suggestive embodiment of the present pencil in the manner following:

Figure 1 is a longitudinal section taken cen-20 trally through the lower portion of a pencil showing in its entirety the operating mechanism which is in one extreme position;

Fig. 2 is a similar view with the propeller advanced to its opposite limit so as to expel 25 a lead from the pencil;

Fig. 3 is a similar view of the pencil tip detached from the pencil body;

Fig. 4 is a transverse section taken on line

4—4 of Fig. 2;

Fig. 5 is a view in elevation of the axial tube detached from the tip with which it normally occupies a fixed relation;

Fig. 6 is an enlarged transverse section,

taken on line 6-6 of Fig. 5; and

Fig. 7 is a view in elevation, and partly in section, of the lead carrier detached from the propeller with which it is inseparably associated.

In the present pencil I combine with a 40 body A a relatively rotatable part, such as the tip B. The body is provided with a slotted axial bore 8 through which may slide non-rotatably a screw-threaded propeller 9 having a head 10 at one end thereof. This 45 bore in the body extends upwardly from its lower end for a distance sufficient to accom-⁵⁰ 11 of a tube 12 which extends down within the provide a cylindrical guideway which aligns ¹⁰⁰

This invention relates to a pencil having tip close to its lower end. The walls of the mechanical means for propelling, retracting, tip are preferably tapered, as shown, except or expelling a lead through its tip portion. at the upper end 13 where they are straight-The mechanism employed is of the screw- ened up to loosely surround the adjacent end 5 operated type actuated by rotation of one of the body. The tube 12 is supported fixedly 55 within the tip as by having its lower end engaged with the tapering walls thereof vention are simplicity in construction and and having a connection between its head 11 and the cylindrical tip walls 13 in the form of a split ring 14 which is frictionally fitted 60

in place.

The walls of the tube are longitudinally slitted at 15 or in two or more places to provide spring sections 16 which normally bow inwardly (see Figs. 5 and 6). In like man- 65 ner the tube head 11 is slitted at 17 to provide spring sections 18 which are normally bowed outwardly, as shown in Fig. 5. The tip in which this tube is secured may then be connected frictionally with the pencil body and 70 held in place by the spring force which is outwardly exerted by the sections 18 against the walls of the bore in which the same is received. At the upper extremity of the tube I provide a constricted neck 19 having in- 75 ternal threads 20 with which the screw threads of the propeller may co-operate. At its lower end the propeller is of reduced diameter to provide a pin 21. At the juncture of the pin with the propeller I provide 30 a lateral projection 22 which is disposed within a lead carrier in the form of a sleeve 23 having its opposite end portions of slightly reduced diameter. Adjacent these reduced end portions the sleeve walls are con- 85 figured to provide upper and lower shoulders 24 and 24a, respectively. The constricted upper sleeve end 25 is provided with internal threads 26 adapted to co-operate with the screw threads of the propeller. The lower 30 sleeve end 27 terminates by preference in a head 28 having a beveled throat 29 upon the interior thereof. Also in the reduced lower sleeve end, I provide one or more slits 30 which define spring sections adapted to grip 95 between them one end of a lead C which is modate the propeller, as suggested in Fig. 1. insertable through the tip for connection In its lower region the bore may be slightly with the carrier. At its lower extremity the widened to receive an enlarged end or head walls of the tip are thickened as at 31 to

rier. 10 tudinal travel of the propeller which also ably relative to the propeller. The lower 75 15 lead C which is held in the carrier so that rier which at all times is afforded complete so the latter is required also to turn with the protection within the axial tube. propeller. Near the lower limit of its move-

45 new lead C may be inserted through the tip means for applying to the sleeve a light fric- 110

action. ticulars as follows: The propeller is movable scribed. 55 which permits the propeller to turn relative and having guide ways, a tip, an axial tube 220 60 propeller relative to the carrier, but when guide ways in the bore of the body for non-65 movement with a consequent dislodgment of and a lead carrier mounted for limited travel

a lead co-axially with the pencil when in- the lead. Between the propeller and carrier serted for connection with the carrier. The there is accordingly a slip connection which securement of the lead in place is further is normally inoperative whenever a lead is facilitated by the beveled throat 29 which is positioned in the latter. The extent of pos-5 provided at the lower extremity of the car-sible slippage is determined by the spacing 70 between the upper and lower shoulders 24. In operation the pencil mechanism per- There is also this further characteristic, forms as follows: A rotation of the pencil namely, that the lead, during its travel body relative to its tip will produce a longi- through the pencil, is advanced non-rotatis rotated with the body by reason of the tip end furnishes a loose guide or support sliding non-rotative engagement of its head for the lead and may be strongly fashioned 10 within the slotted bore 3. The end of the so as to be durable in service. The actual propeller pin 21 is normally abutting the retention of the lead is performed by the car-

I claim:

ment the carrier will abut the tapered walls 1. In combination, a pencil having a body of the tip whereupon its advance will be ar- in which is an axial bore, a tapered tip at 20 rested. The propeller, however, may con- the lower body end, a tube arranged axially 85 tinue to advance with the result that its pin within the tip and extending into the bore end 21 will expel the lead C from the carrier, of the body for frictional connection thereand eject the same from the pencil tip. In with, means connecting the tube fixedly with this position the parts are related as in Fig. 2. the tip whereby the tube serves as a medium To reload the pencil a new lead is inserted for securing the tip removably to the pencil 90 through the tip. Preliminary to this op-body, a screw-threaded propeller adapted for eration the propeller should first be retracted, longitudinal travel within the bore of the and this may be done by a reversal of the body and through the tube of the tip, threads turning movements just described. By de-formed at the upper tube end for co-opera-30 taching the tip from the pencil body and tion with the screw threads of the propeller, 95 applying a turning force to the propeller means for preventing rotation of the propelhead 10 which is then exposed for manipula- ler during longitudinal travel thereof withtion, this screwing back operation may be in the bore, an extension of reduced diameter expedited. During the return movement of at the lower propeller end, means projecting 35 the propeller the carrier will initially remain laterally from the propeller at a point adja- 300 stationary, due to the light friction applied cent its juncture with the extension at the thereto by the spring sections 16 until the lower end thereof, a sleeve having screw projection 22 on the propeller has backed up threads for co-operation with the threads of to the upper shoulder 24 of the carrier, the propeller and mounted at the lower end 40 Further retraction of the propeller will thereof to surround the reduced extension 165 thereupon cause a corresponding travel of aforesaid, means at the lower sleeve end for the carrier until the parts are backed up to gripping one end of a lead, means at the their limit, as shown in Fig. 1. At any de-lower tip end for guiding a lead during its sired point in this propeller retraction, a in and out movements through the tip, spring and receive guidance from the wall 31 there-tion such that it tends to oppose rotation with of so as to enter the throated end of the car- the propeller, and means on the sleeve corier by which it is then gripped with a spring operating with the projection of the propeller for preventing separation of the sleeve The action of the parts is peculiar in par- from the propeller, substantially as de- 115

both with and independently of the carrier.

2. In combination, a pencil in which is This results from the fact that between these comprised a body having an axial bore exparts there is a screw-threaded connection tending inward from the lower end thereof to the carrier only when the lead U is being connected fast with the tip and receivable or has been expelled from the latter. Nor- within the bore for estblishing a frictional mally the carrier engages the lead with suf- connection therewith, a screw threaded proficient friction to oppose any advance of the peller having a head cooperating with the progress of the carrier is positively arrested rotatable travel therethrough, screw threads by its abutting the tapering walls of the tip, on the tube for co-operating with those of then further actuation of the parts can only the propeller for advancing the latter when result in the propeller continuing its forward the tip is rotated relative to the pencil body,

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with the propeller at the lower end thereof in response to a greater endwise travel of the having means for engaging with a lead latter, substantially as described. whereby to propel or retract the same, sub- 8. A pencil in which is comprised a body

3. In combination, a pencil in which is end, a tube enlarged at one end for reception 70 comprised a body having an axial slotted within the lower end of the body bore, a tip bore, a tip provided with an axial tube re- wherein the tube is extended having a fast ceivable in part within the bore of the body connection therewith and adapted thereby to and adapted to engage frictionally therewith be separably secured to the pencil body, a carwherby to secure the tip removably to the rier movable through the tube and into the 75 ing a guiding head longitudinally slidable curing one end of a lead to the carrier, guidthrough the slotted bore, screw means in ing means at the tip extremity through which the tube for co-operating with the threads the lead may be freely moved, a pin within of the propeller for advancing the same the carrier in abutting relation to the proxi- so when the tip is rotated relative to the pencil mate end of the lead, a screw-threaded probody, and means having threaded engage- peller from one end of which the pin is exment with the propeller adapted to grip a tended, screw means on both the tube and lead to advance or retract the same through carrier adapted to co-operate with the

is comprised a body and a tip, frictionally therewithin, substantially as described. secured together and one rotatable relative to 9. A pencil in which is comprised a tip the other, screw means operatively associ- having an axial tube, a guide at the lower tip 25 ated with the tip and body and movable end through which the lead may move, a 90 through the body and tip in response to sleeve movable through the tube having relative rotation therebetween, and a lead means for gripping the inner end of a lead, carrier having threaded engagement with the the entrance to the sleeve being throated screw means for propelling or retracting a whereby to facilitate positioning of the lead

scribed.

body and tip in relatively rotatable relation, tube, and a pencil body with which the tip is means providing a removable connection be-35 tween the tip and body, means at the lower tip end forming a guide through which a lead may be freely moved, a carrier having means to grip the inner end of a lead, and screw means threaded into said carrier and 40 having operative connection with the body and tip whereby to advance the carrier through a predetermined distance and then continue a further movement relative to the carrier, substantially as described.

6. In combination with a pencil in which is comprised a body and a tip, frictionally secured together and one rotatable relative to the other, a lead carrier mounted in the 50 tip, screw means co-operating with the carrier and the body adapted upon relative rotation between the two parts to advance the carrier in either direction, and means providing a screw threaded connection between 55 the carrier and said screw means, substan-

tially as described.

7. A pencil in which is comprised two separable relatively rotatable parts, a lead carrier having limited movement in one part, co propelling means for the lead carrier co-operating with the other part, and means providing a screw threaded connection between rier movable axially of one part, and threaded the carrier and the propeller adapted on con- means operable by the other part and slidable tinued rotation of the parts to produce a relatively thereto connected directly with the

stantially as described. having an axial bore extending to its lower pencil body, a screw threaded propeller hav- enlarged upper end thereof, means for sethe tip, substantially as described. threads of the propeller, and means in the 85 4. In combination with a pencil in which tube for retarding rotation of the carrier

30 lead through the tip, substantially as de- therewithin, screw means co-operating with 95 the sleeve and abutting the end of the lead 5. In combination with a pencil having a therein for advancing the sleeve through the separably connected having means co-operating with the screw means whereby upon ro- 100 tation of the tip relative to the body the screw means is operated to move the sleeve in either of two directions, substantially as described.

10. A pencil in which is comprised two relatively rotatable parts in end to end relation, 105 a tube connected fast with one of said parts, a tubular lead carrier slidable within the tube, and means operable by the other of said parts and slidable relative thereto, adapted to engage a lead in the carrier, said means 110 having a screw-threaded connection with the tube and the carrier to propel the carrier

therewithin, substantially as described. 11. A pencil in which is comprised two relatively rotatable parts, means slidable 115 axially of one part and operable thereby having a screw-threaded connection with the other part, and a tubular lead carrier having a threaded connection with said means and 120 adapted to abut the lead of the carrier whereby to advance the carrier a distance less than the travel limit of said slidable means, substantially as described.

12. A pencil in which is comprised two 125 relatively rotatable parts, a tubular lead car-65 lesser longitudinal movement of the former carrier and abutting the lead therein for 130

movement serially therewith and there-relatively rotatable parts, a lead carrier carthrough, substantially as described. ried by and movable through one part, means

separably connected relatively rotatable parts, a tube connected fast with one part and extended partly into the second part, screw means operable by the second part and slidable relative thereto and into the tube, and a tubular lead carrier slidably confined within the tube and movable in response to actuation of said screw means, substantially as described.

14. A pencil in which is comprised two relatively rotatable parts, a tubular lead carrier movable axially through one part, spring means for applying friction to the carrier during movements thereof, screw means operable by the other part slidable relative thereto, and adapted to abut the lead therein to transmit motion to the carrier, substantially as described.

15. In combination, in a pencil, a movable lead carrier, propelling means operatively connected therewith for relative movement to advance a lead therethrough, and means for preventing relative movement therebetween in both directions, whereby said carrier is moved with said propelling means as a unit.

16. In combination, in a pencil, a movable 30 lead carrier, propelling means threaded in said carrier and movable therein, and stops on said carrier and propelling means to limit said relative movement in both directions.

17. In combination, in a pencil, a movable lead carrier having contracted ends and an intermediate portion of larger diameter, a propeller threaded into said carrier and relatively adjustable therein, and a projection on said propeller adapted to contact with the contracted ends of said carrier to limit said relative movement in both directions.

18. In combination with a pencil having a body and tip in relatively rotatable relation, means providing a removable connection between the tip and body, means at the lower tip end forming a guide through which a lead may be freely moved, a carrier adapted to grip the inner end of a lead, and screw means actuated by relative rotation between the body and tip adapted to advance the carrier through a predetermined distance, said screw means being threaded to said carrier to permit a further movement relative to the carrier, substantially as described.

19. In combination with a pencil in which is comprised a body and a tip, frictionally secured together and one rotatable relative to the other, a lead carrier mounted in the tip, screw means co-operating with the carrier and the body adapted upon relative rotation between the two parts to advance the carrier in either direction, and means providing a threaded connection between the carrier and said screw means, substantially as described.

20. A pencil comprising two separable

relatively rotatable parts, a lead carrier carried by and movable through one part, means limiting movement of said carrier, propelling means for the lead carrier operatively associated with the other part and movable endwise through both parts, and means providing a threaded connection between the carrier and the propeller, whereby upon continued rotation of one part relative to the other a longitudinal movement of the carrier is produced in response to a portion only of the endwise travel of the latter, substantially as described.

21. A pencil in which is comprised two relatively rotatable parts, means slidable so axially of one part and operable thereby having a screw-threaded connection with the other part, and a lead carrier mounted for limited movement with said means and having a threaded connection therewith whereby to be advanced a distance less than the travel limit of said slidable means, substantially as described.

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