TIME RECORDING SYSTEM FOR SIGNALS

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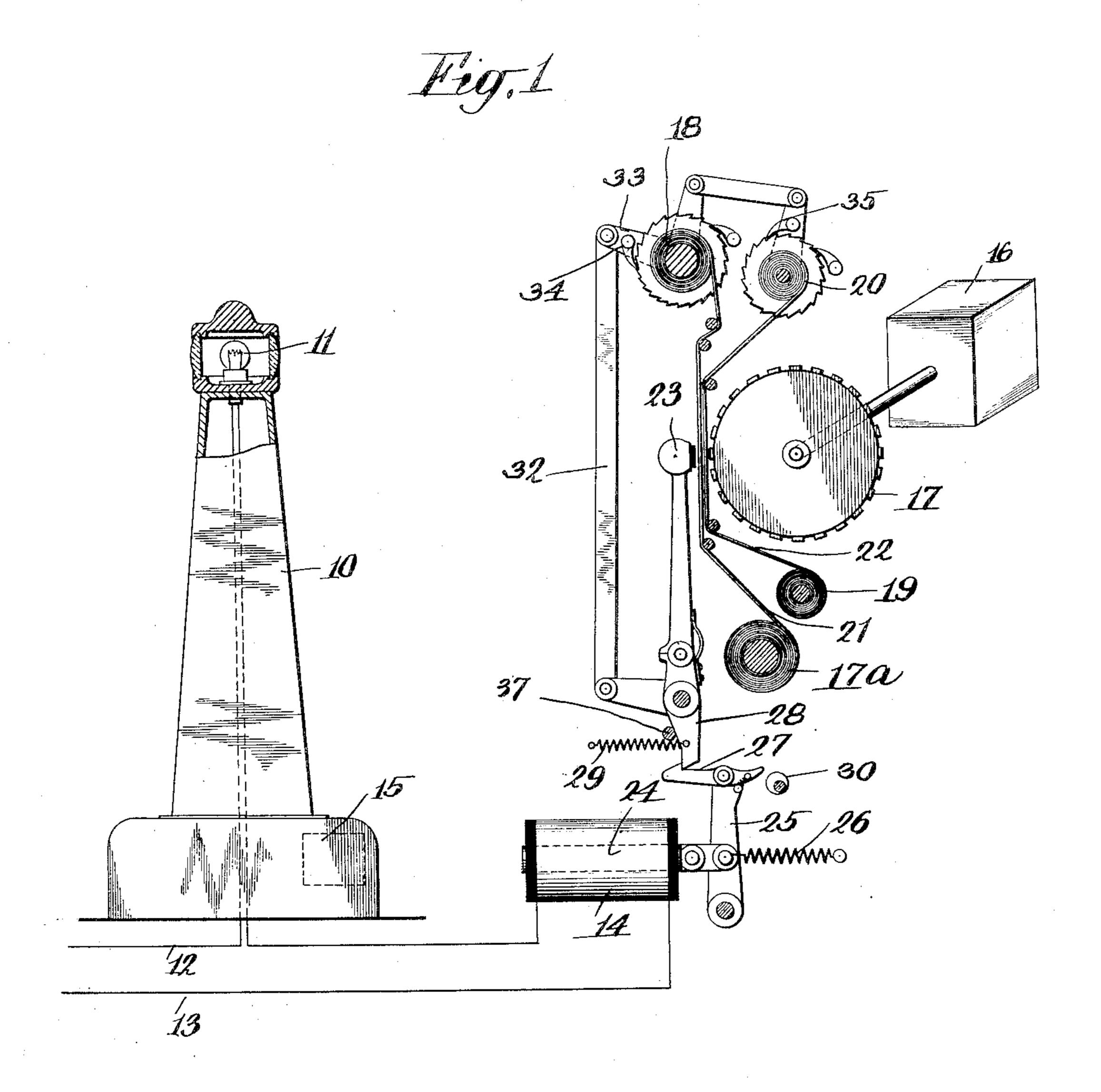


Fig. 2. 38
5621 22

By his attorneys + Dunham

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

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TIME-RECORDING SYSTEM FOR SIGNALS

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The present invention has for its objects the clock mechanism and type wheels driven the improvement of the construction shown, thereby are preferably located in a suitable described and claimed in my copending ap- box such as shown by the dotted line casing 15 plication, Serial No. 749,601, filed Oct. 13, located within the base of pedestal 10. The 5 1924, wherein means is provided for indicat-recording mechanism comprises a clock 16 of 55 ing the time of failure of a signal in a street traffic signalling system. According to the time wheels 17. These time wheels are of the present invention provision is made for effecting a printed record of the time of failure arranged to set up days, hours and minutes. 10 of a signal instead of controlling a clock Inasmuch as the detailed arrangement of 60 mechanism and retaining a visual record such wheels is well known in the art no dewithin the apparatus as in my previous ap-tailed illustration of their drive is here given. plication.

The present invention has for its object the 15 provision of an apparatus arranged to be roll and 20 the take-up roll. 21 is the record 65 controlled by a signal device such as is used in strip and 22 the inking ribbon. 23 is a printstreet signalling so that a record will be made ing platen arranged to be impelled against within the apparatus upon a suitable tape of the record strip to effect a record thereon of the time at which the signal device fails to the amount of time standing on the type 20 function properly.

A further object of the present invention resides in the provision of a construction in noid type and is provided with a core 24 conwhich a plurality of such records may be nected with a pivoted arm 25 which is normade so that a record may be secured of suc- mally drawn to the right by the tension 25 cessive failures of the signal device.

A further object of the present invention resides in the provision of automatic record burn. Should this signal lamp fail to burn taking devices for making a record of the time for any reason either on account of failure of signal failures in which means is provided of the current supply, burning out of the 30 for automatically restoring the record taking lamp or the breakage of the supply mains, 80 means to a condition for taking a subsequent solenoid 14 will be deenergized. Spring 26 record upon the re-establishment of the sig- will thereupon draw arm 25 to the right renal which had previously failed.

In the drawings,

embodiment of an apparatus for carrying out the platen spring 29. Spring 26 is prefermy invention.

tape.

one of the mains 13 is a magnet 14 preferably rection and make a record upon the record- 95 arranged to be energized at all times when tape of the time then standing on the type the lamp 11 is illuminated. The magnet 14 wheels. The movement of the part 28 is also is intended to control the record taking op- utilized to control the advancing of the eration and this magnet together with its as-paper feed and ink ribbon devices. These

any suitable form adapted to drive a group of form commonly used in recorders and are 17^a designates a paper strip supply roll and 18 a take-up roll. 19 is an ink ribbon supply wheels.

The magnet 14 is preferably of the solespring 26. Solenoid 14 remains energized 75 so long as the signal lamp 11 continues to tracting a pawl member 27 to the right and rocking a platen setting arm 28 in a counter-Fig. 1 illustrates diagrammatically one clockwise direction against the tension of ably of sufficient strength to overpower Fig. 2 illustrates a detail view of the record spring 29. Upon continued movement of the pawl 27 to the right the tail of the pawl In more detail in the drawings, 10 desig-contacts with a stop or camming pin 30 and 90 nates the pedestal of a silent policeman or rocks the pawl counterclockwise so as to other signal tower which carries the usual release it from engagement with the part signal lamp 11. Current is supplied to the 28. Thereupon spring 29 comes into action lamp by the usual mains 12, 13. Disposed in to swing the platen 23 in a clockwise di-50 sociated and controlled parts together with operations are preferably effected by means

of a link 32 which extends to an arm 33 carrying suitable pawls 34 and 35 which cooperate with the ratchet wheels on the ink ribbon take-up roll 20 and the paper feed take-up roll 18. The arrangement of the parts is preferably such that paper feed and ink ribbon feed is effected during the setting of the platen 23. The platen 23 is preferably spring-connected to the member 28 so that the actual striking operation is effected by the inertia of the platen hammer 23 after member 28 contacts with a fixed stop 37.

The foregoing has described the operation of the device for taking a record upon 15 the failure of the signal to function. After one record has been taken the device is so arranged that upon the reenergization of the solenoid 14 due for example to the reestablishment of current in mains 12 and 13, this 20 reenergization of the solenoid and reestablishment of the signal will reset the parts so that a subsequent record can again be taken upon the next subsequent failure of the signal. Reenergization of the solenoid 25 14 will draw part 25 to the left against the tension of spring 26. Pawl 27 will be drawn to the left and will finally be cammed downwardly and latched under the end of part 28. The parts are now in condition for a sub-30 sequent recording operation upon the next failure of the signal 11 to function properly.

The use of the apparatus will be readily understood. Inspections can be made of the various signal devices from time to time.

35 The record strip may be observed and if this record strip shows time imprints such as 38 thereon each time imprint will designate the exact time when the signal apparatus failed to function in a proper manner.

What I claim is— In a device for recording the time of failure of a traffic signal operated continuously by an electric circuit; time-operated printing wheels, a hammer coacting with said 45 wheels for making an impression on a record sheet, a spring for actuating the hammer, a latch coperating with said hammer for restraining actuation thereof, an armature to which said latch is pivoted, a magnet in 50 series with said signal in said circuit for controlling said armature, and a fixed element for engaging said latch upon release of said armature by said magnet upon signal failure to rock said latch out of cooperation 55 with said hammer thereby permitting the lat-

ter to perform a printing operation.
In testimony whereof I hereto affix my signature.