## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

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## TREATING OF ANIMAL-SKIN PRODUCTS

No Drawing. Original application filed May 24, 1929, Serial No. 365,780, and in Italy July 14, 1928. Divided and this application filed July 15, 1930. Serial No. 468,122.

This invention relates to a process of treat- containing a water insoluble binder and in ment of wool, hair, etc., and has for one of 5 its objects the provision of a process adapted for utilizing scraps and cuttings from tanned hides, whereby such materials may be con- such as sumac is added to the slurry. verted into a useful and valuable product which in appearance, fibrous texture and 10 flexibility resembles natural leather.

It will at once be apparent that my invention is of great economical value in that it salvages or utilizes materials which heretofore have generally been converted into glues 15 or fertilizers or simply thrown away.

In the practice of my invention the matefrom chrome tanned leather for instance, is add to the slurry a material such as commer-20 tion if the acid has not yet been eliminated nesium and calcium chloride and other im- 70 from the material, by treatment with a neutralizing agent such for example, as an alka-25 soda and one-third sodium sulphate, borate I have found also that sodium chloride or 75 temperature between 30° and 60° C., for ex- improves the process and the product. ample.

The material is then washed and mechanin suspension is obtained.

To this slurry I add a grease or oil of such 35 a nature as to be capable of emulsifying when added to the slurry, an example of a suitable grease or oil being chromine, this material being added at a temperature between 30° 40 material ultimately may be bonded or united nal steps of the process as well as the prop- 90 45 binder; this binder may be indiarrubber ing material. latex, gutta percha latex, balata latex or the This application is a division of my colike as obtained from the trees and which may have been preserved by ammonia or any other suitable alkaline preserving material. 50 A synthetic latex or other binding material

ing animal skin materials or animal skin suitable condition for incorporation in the products, as distinguished from the treat-slurry may be substituted for the latices above mentioned.

As a preservative for the latex, when latex 55 is employed as a binder, a vegetable tannage

The slurry is now deposited upon a suitable perforated support such as a wire gauze and the liquid of the slurry abstracted so 60 that a sheet of fibers is obtained containing a water insoluble binder. The material may then be rolled and pressed and subjected to the usual finishing operations employed in the finishing of natural leathers.

Inasmuch as the liquid of the slurry is rial to be treated, such as cuttings and scraps finally abstracted, as above pointed out, I may first subjected to a preliminary neutraliza- cial sodium chloride which contains magpurities, the addition of this material promoting the abstracting of the liquid of the line salt of a weak acid, neutrol for example, slurry and being of material advantage in a composition two-thirds bicarbonate of the making of sheets of substantial thickness.

of sodium, sodium hyposulfite, bicarbonate an equivalent thereof added directly after of soda, either separately or combined, at a the latex and before abstracting the liquid

It will be understood that the amount of sodium chloride, or the like, employed will 80 ically and intimately admixed with water vary depending upon the material being until a slurry with the fibers of the material treated and upon the separation or abstracting of the liquid of the slurry that is desired.

I find that in the practice of my-invention some care must be exercised so as not to al- 85 low coagulation of the binder employed to proceed to a detrimental degree before the liquid of the slurry is abstracted, inasmuch as and 60° C. In order that the fibers of the such detrimental coagulation renders the fito each other I add a suitable binding mate- erties of the finished product unsatisfactory. rial containing a water insoluble binder to When employing latex as a binding material the slurry, the binding material being misci- I prefer to abstract the liquid of the slurry ble with water prior to coagulation of the within an hour of the addition of the bind-

pending application Serial No. 365,780, filed May 24, 1929.

What I claim is:—

1. The process which comprises treating 100

mineral tanned animal skin products with a mal skin products in suspension is obtained, neutralizing agent, washing, effecting an in- adding a grease, a water insoluble binder, a timate admixture of the material thus ob- preservative therefor and sodium chloride tained and an aqueous medium until a flow- to the slurry, and abstracting the liquid of ing slurry with the tanned fibers of the ani- the slurry. mal skin products in suspension is obtained, 8. The process which comprises treating adding a grease and thereupon a water in- mineral tanned animal skin products with a soluble binder and a preservative therefor, composition \( \frac{2}{3} \) bicarbonate of soda and \( \frac{1}{3} \) and then abstracting the liquid from the sodium sulphate, washing, effecting an inti-10 slurry.

a neutralizing agent, washing, effecting an products in suspension is obtained, adding a intimate admixture of the material thus obtained and an aqueous medium until a flowing slurry with the tanned fibers of the animal skin products in suspension is obtained, adding a grease, vegetable tannin and latex. and abstracting the liquid of the slurry.

3. The process which comprises treating ing a grease, a water insoluble binder and a ing the liquid from the slurry. the liquid from the slurry.

and an aqueous medium until a flowing slurry adding a grease at a temperature between 30 100 a grease, a vegetable tannin and latex, and abstracting the liquid of the slurry.

5. The process which comprises treating mineral tanned animal skin products with a neutralizing agent, washing, effecting an intimate admixture of the material thus obtained and an aqueous medium until a flow-45 ing slurry with the tanned fibers of the animal skin products in suspension is obtained, adding a grease, sodium chloride, a water insoluble binder and a preservative therefor, and abstracting the liquid from the slurry.

6. The process which comprises treating mineral tanned animal skin products with a neutralizing agent, washing, effecting an intimate admixture of the material thus obtained and an aqueous medium until a flow-55 ing slurry with the tanned fibers of the animal skin products, in suspension is obtained, adding a grease, vegetable tannin, latex and sodium chloride to the slurry, and abstracting the liquid of the slurry.

7. The process which comprises treating mineral tanned animal skin products with an alkaline salt of a weak acid, effecting an intimate admixture of the material thus obtained and an aqueous medium until a flow-65 ing slurry with the tanned fibers of the ani-

mate admixture of the material thus obtained 75 2. The process which comprises treating and an aqueous medium until a flowing slurry mineral tanned animal skin products with with the tanned fibers of the animal skin grease, vegetable tannin, latex and sodium chloride to the slurry, and abstracting the liq-80 uid of the slurry.

9. The process which comprises treating mineral tanned animal skin products with a neutralizing agent at a temperature between 30 and 60° C., washing, effecting an intimate 85 mineral tanned animal skin products with admixture of the material thus obtained and an alkaline salt of a weak acid, effecting an an aqueous medium until a flowing slurry intimate admixture of the material thus ob- with the tanned fibers of the animal skin tained and an aqueous medium until a flowing products in suspension is obtained, adding a slurry with the tanned fibers of the animal grease, a water insoluble binder and a preskin products in suspension is obtained, add- servative for the binder, and then abstract-

preservative therefor, and then abstracting 10. The process which comprises treating mineral tanned animal skin products with a 4. The process which comprises treating neutralizing agent, washing, effecting an in- 95 mineral tanned animal skin products with a timate admixture of the material thus obcomposition % bicarbonate of soda and 1/3 tained and an aqueous medium until a flowsodium sulphate, washing, effecting an inti- ing slurry with the tanned fibers of the animate admixture of the material thus obtained mal skin products in suspension is obtained, with the tanned fibers of the animal skin and 60° C. and thereupon a water insoluble products in suspension is obtained, adding binder and a preservative therefor, and then abstracting the liquid from the slurry.

This specification signed this 21st day of June, 1930.

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